

ability ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 **能力** Your ability to do something is the fact that you can do it.

The public never had faith in his ability to handle the job...

公众从来不相信他有能力胜任这一职位。

He has the ability to bring out the best in others.
他能够做到扬人之长。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **才能；技能；本领** Your ability is the quality or skill that you have which makes it possible for you to do something.

Her drama teacher spotted her ability...

她的戏剧老师发现了她的才能。

I have confidence in the ability of the players...

我对于球员们的能力充满信心。

They repeatedly questioned his leadership abilities...

他们一再质疑他的领导才能。

Does the school cater for all abilities?

学校能够做到因材施教吗？

3 PHRASE 短语 **尽...所能地；竭尽全力地** If you do something to the best of your abilities or to the best of your ability, you do it as well as you can.

I take care of them to the best of my abilities...

我尽我所能地照顾他们。

They tackled them to the best of their ability.

他们竭尽全力给予解决。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **ability** with **capability** and **capacity**. You often use **ability** to say that someone can do something well. *He had remarkable ability as a musician. ...the ability to bear hardship.* A person's **capability** is the amount of work they can do and how well they can do it. *...a job that was beyond the capability of one man. ...the director's ideas of the capability of the actor.* If someone has a particular **capacity**, a **capacity** for something, or a **capacity** to do something, they have the qualities required to do it. **Capacity** is a more formal word than **ability**. *...their capacity for hard work. ...his capacity to see the other person's point of view.*

不要混淆 **ability**, **capability** 和 **capacity**。**ability** 常用于表示某人将某件事做好的能力：He had remarkable ability as a musician (他拥有杰出的音乐才华)，the ability to bear hardship (承受苦难的能力)。**capability** 指某人所能完成的工作量以及所能达到的工作质量：a job that was beyond the capability of one man (个人力所不及的工作)，the director's ideas of the capability of the actor (导演对于这个演员演技的看法)。**capacity** 指做成某件事所需的素质，用法比 **ability** 更加正式，例如 their capacity for hard work (他们能吃苦耐劳)，his capacity to see the other person's point of view (他领会他人观点的能力)。

above ★★★★★

1 PREP 介词 **在...上方；高于** If one thing is above another one, it is directly over it or higher than it.

He lifted his hands above his head...

他将双手举过头顶。

Apartment 46 was a quiet apartment, unlike the one above it...

和它楼上的那间不同，46号公寓很安静。

He was staring into the mirror above him.

他盯着在他上方的镜子。

Above is also an adverb.

A long scream sounded from somewhere above.

从上面什么地方传来一声长长的尖叫。

...a picture of the new plane as seen from above...

这架新飞机的俯视图

There are five bedrooms, a large attic above, and wine cellars below.

有5间卧室，顶层是一个宽敞的阁楼，底下是酒窖。

2 ADV 副词 **上述；在上文** In writing, you use above to refer to something that has already been mentioned or discussed.

Several conclusions could be drawn from the results described above...

从上文描述的结果中可以得出几个结论。

Full details are in the table above.

详细信息请见上文表格。

Above is also a noun.

For additional information, contact any of the above.

如需更多信息，可与以上任何一处联系。

Above is also an adjective.

For a copy of their brochure, write to the above address.

欲索取其宣传册，请写信至以上地址。

3 PREP 介词 **(数量或度量)在...以上，超过** If an amount or measurement is above a particular level, it is greater than that level.

The temperature crept up to just above 40 degrees...

温度攀升至40度出头。

Victoria Falls has had above average levels of rainfall this year...

维多利亚瀑布今年的降雨量超过了平均水平。

These plants must be stored in the light at above freezing temperature...

这些植物必须放置于零度以上光照充足的地方。

Government spending is planned to rise 3 per cent above inflation.

政府开支拟订高出通货膨胀3个百分点。

Above is also an adverb.

Banks have been charging 25 percent and above for unsecured loans.

银行对于没有担保的贷款一直收取25%或更高的费用。

4 PREP 介词 **(声音)比...更响亮，盖过** If you hear one sound above another, it is louder or clearer than the second one.

...trying to talk above the noise...

努力使说话声高过噪音

Then there was a woman's voice, rising shrilly above the barking.

接着，一个女人的尖厉声音盖过了犬吠声。

5 PREP 介词 **(社会地位或权威)高于** If someone is above you, they are in a higher social position than you or in a position of authority over you.

I know you're above me socially, but I must say I find your attitude offensive...

我明白你的社会地位比我高，但我得说我觉得你的态度很粗鲁。

I married above myself — rich county people...

我高攀了一门亲事，是县里的富有人家。

Look at the people above you in the positions of power and see what type of characters they are.

审视一下权位高于你的那些人，看他们具有哪种类型的性格。

Above is also an adverb.

The policemen admitted beating the student, but said they were acting on orders from above.

警察承认打过这名学生，但说他们只是奉命行事。

6 PHRASE 短语 **自视过高；妄自尊大** If you say that someone is getting above themselves, you disapprove of them because they think they are better than everyone else.

I just think you're getting a little bit above yourself.

我只是觉得你变得有点自视过高。

7 PREP 介词 **(因自视甚高)不属于** If you say that someone thinks they are above something, you mean that they act as if they are too good or important for it.

This was clearly a failure by someone who thought he was above failure...

这显然是认为自己根本不会失败的人所遭遇的一次失败。

I'm not above doing my own cleaning.

我很乐意自己做扫除。

8 PREP 介词 **不会受到(批评或怀疑)；超乎...之所及** If someone is above criticism or suspicion, they cannot be criticized or suspected because of their good qualities or their position.

The Queen remains above criticism, apart from the issue of her tax liability...

抛开她的纳税义务不谈，女王一直无可指摘。

He was a respected academic and above suspicion.

他是位受人尊敬的学者，根本没有嫌疑。

9 PREP 介词 **比...更重要；胜过；优于** If you value one person or thing above any other, you value them more or consider that they are more important.

...his tendency to put the team above everything...

他倾向于把团队置于一切之上。

他把这个团队看得比什么都重要的倾向

I want to be honest, honest **above** everything else.

我想要做到诚实，一切以诚实为上。

10 **over and above** → see: [over](#) ;

above the law → see: [law](#) ;

above board → see: [board](#) ;

Usage Note :

Above and over are both used to talk about position and height. If something is higher than something else and the two things are imagined as being positioned along a vertical line, you can use either **above** or **over**. *He opened a cupboard above the sink... She leaned forward until her face was over the basin.* However, if something is higher than something else but the two things are regarded as being wide or horizontal rather than tall or vertical, you have to use **above**. *The trees rose above the row of houses.* **Above and over** are both used to talk about measurements, for example, when you are talking about a point that is higher than another point on a scale. *Any money earned over that level is taxed. ...everybody above five feet eight inches in height.* You use **over** to say that a distance or period of time is longer than the one mentioned. *...a height of over twelve thousand feet... Our relationship lasted for over a year.* **Above and over** are also both used to talk about people's rank or importance. You use **above** to talk about people who are more important and in a higher position than other people. *...behaving as if she was in a position above the other staff.* If someone is **over** you, they give orders or instructions to you. *...an officer in authority over him.*

above和**over**均可表示位置和高度。若一物高于另一物，且两者可设想成处于同一垂直线上，则两词都可用：He opened a cupboard above the sink（他打开水池上方的碗柜），She leaned forward until her face was over the basin（她俯身向前，把脸凑到了脸盆上方）。当一物高于另一物，但两者宽而不高，或存在水平而非垂直关系，则须用**above**：The trees rose above the row of houses（树木矗立在那排房屋的边上）。**above**和**over**都可表示度量，例如表示一点在标度上高于另一点：Any money earned over that level is taxed（超过这一标准的收入都要纳税），everybody above five feet eight inches in height（所有身高超过5英尺8英寸的人）。**over**可用于距离、时间的比较：a height of over twelve thousand feet（超过1.2万英尺的高度），Our relationship lasted for over a year（我们的关系持续了一年多）。

above和**over**都可指人的级别和重要性。**above**用于表示比他人重要和地位较高者：behaving as if she was in a position above the other staff（表现得好像她比其他员工职位高似的）。**over**用于表示某人有权下命令或指令：an officer in authority over him（一位军阶在他之上的军官）。

absolutely ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **完全地；彻底地** **Absolutely** means totally and completely.

Jill is **absolutely** right...

吉尔完全正确。

I **absolutely** refuse to get married...

我决不结婚。

There is **absolutely** no difference!

这绝对没有任何不同！

2 ADV 副词（用于强调）**确实地，绝对地** Some people say **absolutely** as an emphatic way of saying yes or of agreeing with someone. They say **absolutely not** as an emphatic way of saying no or of disagreeing with someone.

'It's worrying, isn't it?' - 'Absolutely.'...

“这让人担忧，不是吗？”——“确实是。”

'Did they approach you?' - 'No, **absolutely not**.'

“他们找过你了吗？”——“没有，绝对没有。”

abuse ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /ə'bjʊ:s/. The verb is pronounced /ə'bjʊ:z/. 名词读作 /ə'bjʊ:s/。动词读作 /ə'bjʊ:z/。

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **虐待；凌辱** Abuse of someone is cruel and violent treatment of them.

...investigation of alleged child **abuse**.

对涉嫌虐童案的调查

...victims of sexual and physical **abuse**.

遭受性虐待及肉体摧残的受害者

...controversy over human rights **abuses**.

关于践踏人权的争议

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **辱骂；恶语** Abuse is extremely rude and insulting things that people say when they are angry.

I was left shouting **abuse** as the car sped off...

汽车飞驰而去，留下我在那里大声咒骂。

Raft repeatedly hurled verbal **abuse** at his co-star.

拉夫特不断地破口大骂和他联合主演的演员。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 **滥用；妄用** Abuse of something is the use of it in a wrong way or for a bad purpose.

What went on here was an **abuse** of power.

这里所发生的事是一种滥用职权的行为。

...drug and alcohol **abuse**.

嗜毒和酗酒

4 VERB 动词 **虐待；凌辱；伤害** If someone is **abused**, they are treated cruelly and violently.

Janet had been **abused** by her father since she was eleven.

珍妮特从11岁起就遭受父亲虐待。

...parents who feel they cannot cope or might **abuse** their children.

认为自己应付不来或可能会虐待孩子的父母

...those who work with **abused** children.

从事帮助受虐儿童的工作的人们

abuser

...a convicted child **abuser**.

已定罪的虐童犯

5 VERB 动词 **辱骂；侮辱** You can say that someone is **abused** if extremely rude and insulting things are said to them.

He alleged that he was verbally **abused** by other soldiers.

他宣称自己遭到其他士兵的辱骂。

6 VERB 动词 **滥用；妄用** If you **abuse** something, you use it in a wrong way or for a bad purpose.

He showed how the rich and powerful can **abuse** their position.

他让我们看到有钱有势的人是如何滥用其地位的。

abuser

...the treatment of alcohol and drug **abusers**.

对酗酒和嗜毒者的治疗

accepted ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 See also: [accept](#) ; **为公众所接受的；公认的** Accepted ideas are agreed by most people to be correct or reasonable.

There is no generally **accepted** definition of life...

关于生活的定义不一而足。

It is **accepted** wisdom that science has been partly responsible for the decline of religion.

人们普遍认为，科学的兴起是宗教衰落的部分原因。

accuse ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **指责；责难** If you **accuse** someone of doing something wrong or dishonest, you say or tell them that you believe that they did it.

He was accusing my mum of having an affair with another man...

他指责我妈妈与另一个男人有染。

Talk things through in stages. Do not **accuse** or apportion blame.

把事情按部就班地讲清楚。不要责难或归罪于人。

2 VERB 动词 **指控；控告** If you are **accused** of a crime, a witness or someone in authority states or claims that you did it, and you may be formally charged with it and put on trial.

Her assistant was **accused** of theft and fraud by the police...

她的助手被警方指控犯有盗窃和欺诈罪。

All seven charges **accused** him of lying in his testimony...

七项罪名都指控他作伪证。

The **accused** men have been given relatively light sentences.

被控告的这些男子受到相对较轻的判决。

3 See also: [accused](#) ; [accusing](#) ;

4 PHRASE 短语 **遭指责；受指控** If someone **stands accused** of something, they have been accused of it.

The candidate stands **accused** of breaking promises even before he's in office...

该候选人还未上任就遭指责违背诺言。

Today, Rostov stands **accused** of extortion and racketeering.

今天罗斯托夫被控勒索和诈骗。

achieve ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 (经努力) 完成, 达到, 获得 If you **achieve** a particular aim or effect, you succeed in doing it or causing it to happen, usually after a lot of effort.

There are many who will work hard to **achieve** these goals...

有志之士将会共同为实现这些目标而努力。

We have **achieved** what we set out to do.

我们已经达成了原初的目标。

active ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **忙碌的; 活跃的** Someone who is **active** moves around a lot or does a lot of things.

Having an **active** youngster about the house can be quite wearing.

家里有个好动的小孩会是相当累人的。

...a long and **active** life.

漫长而忙碌的一生

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (思想等) **活跃的** If you have an **active** mind or imagination, you are always thinking of new things.

...the tragedy of an **active** mind trapped by failing physical health.

因为健康状况衰退而思维受阻的悲剧

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **积极(参与)的** If someone is **active** in an organization, cause, or campaign, they do things for it rather than just giving it their support.

...a chance for fathers to play a more **active** role in childcare...

让父亲们更积极地参与育婴的机会

I am an **active** member of the Conservative Party...

我是保守党的积极分子。

He is **active** on Tyler's behalf.

他为泰勒积极奔忙。

actively

They **actively** campaigned for the vote.

他们积极参加竞选运动。

4 ADJ 形容词 **积极的; 主动的** Active is used to emphasize that someone is taking action in order to achieve something, rather than just hoping for it or achieving it in an indirect way.

Companies need to take **active** steps to increase exports.

各公司需要采取积极措施增加出口。

...**active** discouragement from teachers.

教师们的竭力阻挠

actively

They have never been **actively** encouraged to take such risks.

他们从未被撺掇去冒这样的风险。

...the White House says the president is not **actively** considering such a move.

白宫说总统对这样的举措并不作积极考虑。

5 ADJ 形容词 **定期进行的; 活动的** If you say that a person or animal is **active** in a particular place or at a particular time, you mean that they are performing their usual activities or performing a particular activity.

Guerrilla groups are **active** in the province.

游击队在该省很活跃。

...animals which are **active** at night.

夜行动物

...men who are sexually **active**.

性欲旺盛的男人们

6 ADJ 形容词 (火山) **活的** An **active** volcano has erupted recently or is expected to erupt quite soon.

...molten lava from an **active** volcano.

活火山喷出的熔岩

7 ADJ 形容词 **起化学(或生物)作用的; 活性的; 有效的** An **active** substance has a chemical or biological effect on things.

The **active** ingredient in some of the mouthwashes was simply detergent.

某些漱口剂中的有效成分只不过是洗涤剂而已。

8 N-SING 单数名词 (语法中的) **主动语态** In grammar, **the active** or **the active voice** means the forms of a verb which are used when the subject refers to a person or thing that does something. For example, in 'I saw her yesterday', the verb is in the active.

activity ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **热闹状况; 活跃** Activity is a situation in which a lot of things are happening or being done.

...an extraordinary level of **activity** in the government bonds market.

政府公债市场异常活跃

...the electrical **activity** of the brain.

脑电波的活动

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **活动** An **activity** is something that you spend time doing.

You can take part in activities from canoeing to bird watching.

你可以参与从划独木舟到观鸟等各种活动。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (团体为达到某种目的而采取的) **活动, 行动** The **activities** of a group are the things that they do in order to achieve their aims.

...a jail term for terrorist **activities**...

因参与恐怖活动而被判的刑期

On April 29, the activities of the company were suspended on the orders of the Bank of England.

4月29日, 奉英国银行之命, 该公司的各项活动被暂停。

addition ★★★★★

1 PHRASE 短语 **另外; 加之; 除...之外** You use **in addition** when you want to mention another item connected with the subject you are discussing.

Part-time English classes are offered. In **addition**, students can take classes in word-processing and computing...

开设了非全日制的英语班。另外, 学生可以修读文字处理和计算机课程。

There's a postage and packing fee in **addition** to the repair charge.

除修理费之外还有邮费和包装费。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **增加物; 添加物** An **addition** to something is a thing which is added to it.

This is a fine book; a worthy **addition** to the Cambridge Encyclopedia series...

这是一本好书, 对剑桥百科全书系列是一个很好的补充。

This plywood **addition** helps to strengthen the structure.

多层胶合板有助于加固结构。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **增加; 添加** The **addition** of something is the fact that it is added to something else.

It was completely refurbished in 1987, with the **addition** of a picnic site.

它在1987年经过了彻底翻修, 加盖了一个野餐点。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **加; 算总数** **Addition** is the process of calculating the total of two or more numbers.

...simple **addition** and subtraction problems.

简单的加减题

address ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **住址; 地址** Your **address** is the number of the house, flat, or apartment and the name of the street and the town where you live or work.

The **address** is 2025 M Street, Northwest, Washington, DC, 20036...

地址为华盛顿特区, 西北区, M大街2025号, 邮政编码20036。

We require details of your name and **address**.

我们需要你的姓名和地址的详细信息。

2 VERB 动词 **寄往; 寄给** If a letter, envelope, or parcel is **addressed** to you, your name and address have been written on it.

Applications should be **addressed** to: The business affairs editor.

申请表应寄给; 商务编辑。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **网址** The **address** of a website is its location on the Internet, for example <http://www.eobuild.collins.co.uk>.

Internet addresses are also known as URLs.

网址也被称作URL。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (电子表格中某个单元格的) 位置 The **address** of a cell on a computer spreadsheet refers to the particular row and column number where it is located, for example 'C2' or 'N63'.

5 VERB 动词 向...作正式讲话；对...发表演说 If you **address** a group of people, you give a speech to them.

He is due to **address** a conference on human rights next week.

他下星期将在一个大会上发表关于人权的演说。

Address is also a noun.

The President gave an **address** to the American people.

总统向美国民众发表了演说。

6 VERB 动词 向...说话 If you **address** someone or **address** a remark to them, you say something to them.

The two foreign ministers did not **address** each other directly when they last met...

这两位外交部长在上次会面时并没有直接的言语交流。

He **addressed** his remarks to Eleanor, ignoring Maria.

他和埃莉诺聊了聊，而没搭理玛丽亚。

7 VERB 动词 称呼(某人)；给...冠以(某种称呼) If you **address** someone by a name or a title such as 'sir', you call them that name or title when you talk or write to them.

I heard him **address** her as darling...

我听见他称她为“亲爱的”。

The Duchess should be **addressed** as Your Grace.

公爵夫人应被称为“大人”。

8 VERB 动词 对付；处理；设法了解并解决 If you **address** a problem or task or if you **address** yourself to it, you try to understand it or deal with it.

Mr King sought to **address** those fears when he spoke at the meeting...

金先生在会上讲话时试图消除那些恐惧。

Throughout the book we have **addressed** ourselves to the problem of ethics.

整本书中我们都在探讨伦理观的问题。

Usage Note :

Be careful with the spelling of this word.

注意该词拼写。

administration ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 管理；经营；行政事务

Administration is the range of activities connected with organizing and supervising the way that an organization or institution functions.

Too much time is spent on **administration**.

在管理上花费了太多时间。

...a master's degree in business **administration**.

工商管理的硕士学位

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 实施；执行；监管 The **administration** of something is the process of organizing and supervising it.

Standards in the **administration** of justice have degenerated...

执法标准下降了。

The cost of **administration** is around £500.

监管费约为500英镑。

3 N-SING 单数名词 (公司或机构的) 管理部门，行政部门 The **administration** of a company or institution is the group of people who organize and supervise it.

... a member of the college **administration**.

学院行政部门的成员

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指美国) 政府 You can refer to a country's government as **the administration**; used especially in the United States. →see usage note at: [government](#)

O'Leary served in federal energy posts in both the Ford and Carter **administrations**...

在福特和卡特两届政府执政期间，奥利里都在联邦能源机构中任职。

He urged the **administration** and Congress to come up with a credible package to reduce the budget deficit.

他敦促政府和国会出台一整套切实可行的方案，以缩减预算赤字。

admit ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 (常指不情愿地) 承认，供认 If you **admit** that something bad, unpleasant, or embarrassing is true, you agree, often unwillingly, that it is true.

I am willing to **admit** that I do make mistakes...

我愿意承认我确实会犯错。

Up to two thirds of 14 to 16 year olds **admit** to buying drink illegally...

14到16岁的青少年中多达2/3的人承认非法买过酒。

I'd be ashamed to **admit** feeling jealous...

我不愿意承认自己的嫉妒之心。

None of these people will **admit** responsibility for their actions...

这些人都不愿意为自己的行为负责。

'Actually, most of my tennis is at club level,' he **admitted**.

“说实话，我的网球基本上属于业余水平，”他承认说。

2 VERB 动词 接受(入院)；收治 If someone is **admitted** to hospital, they are taken into hospital for treatment and kept there until they are well enough to go home.

She was **admitted** to hospital with a soaring temperature...

她因发高烧被送进医院。

He was **admitted** yesterday for treatment of blood clots in his lungs.

他昨天入院治疗肺部的血块。

3 VERB 动词 准许...加入；接纳；招收 If someone is **admitted** to an organization or group, they are allowed to join it.

He was **admitted** to the Academie Culinaire de France...

他获准加入法兰西厨艺学会。

The Parachute Regiment could be forced to **admit** women.

伞兵团可能会被迫招收女性。

4 VERB 动词 准许...进入 To **admit** someone to a place means to allow them to enter it.

Embassy security personnel refused to **admit** him or his wife...

使馆保安人员不允许他和夫人进入。

Journalists are rarely **admitted** to the region.

新闻记者很少获准进入该地区。

adopt ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 采取；采纳；采用 If you **adopt** a new attitude, plan, or way of behaving, you begin to have it.

Parliament **adopted** a resolution calling for the complete withdrawal of troops...

议会采纳了要求全部撤军的决议。

Pupils should be helped to **adopt** a positive approach to the environment.

应帮助学生对环境采取积极的态度。

adoption

...the **adoption** of Japanese management practices by British manufacturing.

英国制造业采取日本的管理方法

2 VERB 动词 收养；领养 If you **adopt** someone else's child, you take it into your own family and make it legally your son or daughter.

There are hundreds of people desperate to **adopt** a child...

有数以百计的人渴望领养孩子。

The **adopted** child has the right to see his birth certificate.

被收养的孩子有权看自己的出生证明。

adopter

A social worker is appointed to interview the prospective **adopters**.

一名社工被任命对有意收养者进行面试。

adoption

They gave their babies up for **adoption**...

他们放弃自己的婴儿，让别人领养。

The majority of **adoptions** are successful.

大多数的收养都是成功的。

3 VERB 动词 采用，保持(姿势) If you **adopt** a physical position, you move yourself into it.

I tried to **adopt** a curled-up position to avoid damaging my limbs.

我努力保持蜷曲的姿势以免四肢受伤。

4 VERB 动词 移居 (某国) ; 选择 (某国) 定居 If you **adopt** a country, you choose it as a place to live.

Podulski had joined the U.S. Navy as an aviator, **adopting** a new country and a new profession.

波度尔斯基加入美国海军当上了飞行员，不仅改了国籍还换了行当。

...their **adopted** home in England.

他们移居英国的家

5 VERB 动词 采用 (语气、口音等) If you **adopt** an accent or a particular tone of voice, you speak differently from normal, especially to create an effect in a particular situation.

He has **adopted** the accent of a Second World War newscaster...

他承袭了二战时期播音员的口音。

The girl was uncertain what to do, or what tone of voice to **adopt**.

女孩不知道该做什么，也不知道该用什么口气说。

adult ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (法律意义上的) 成年人 An **adult** is a mature, fully developed person. An adult has reached the age when they are legally responsible for their actions.

Becoming a father signified that he was now an **adult**...

当了父亲意味着他已是个成年人了。

Children under 14 must be accompanied by an **adult**.

14岁以下的儿童必须由成人陪同。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 成年动物 An **adult** is a fully developed animal.

...a pair of **adult** birds.

一对成年鸟

3 ADJ 形容词 成年的 ; 属于成人的 **Adult** means relating to the time when you are an adult, or typical of adult people.

I've lived most of my **adult** life in London.

我成年之后的大部分时间都是在伦敦度过的。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 成熟的 ; 老成的 If you say that someone is **adult** about something, you think that they act in a mature, intelligent way, especially when faced with a difficult situation.

We were very **adult** about it. We discussed it rationally over a drink.

在这件事上我们表现得很成熟。我们一边喝酒一边心平气和地谈了谈。

...dealing with emerging sexuality in an **adult** way.

平静对待出现的性征

5 ADJ 形容词 (涉及性内容的电影或书籍) 仅限于成人的 You can describe things such as films or books as **adult** when they deal with sex in a very clear and open way.

...an **adult** movie.

成人电影

advance ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 (常指为攻击而) 前进 , 推进 To **advance** means to move forward, often in order to attack someone.

Reports from Chad suggest that rebel forces are **advancing** on the capital...

来自乍得的报告显示叛军正向首都推进。

The water is **advancing** at a rate of 5cm a day...

水位正以每天5厘米的速度上升。

...a picture of a man throwing himself before an **advancing** tank.

一名男子冲向迎面开来的坦克的一幅照片

2 VERB 动词 See also: [advanced](#) ; (尤指知识) 发展 , 进步 To **advance** means to make progress, especially in your knowledge of something.

Medical technology has **advanced** considerably...

医学技术突飞猛进。

Japan has **advanced** from a rural, feudal society to an urban, industrial power.

日本已从封建农业社会发展成一个城市化工业强国。

3 VERB 动词 贷给 ; 预付 ; 预支 If you **advance** someone a sum of money, you lend it to them, or pay it to them earlier than arranged.

I **advanced** him some money, which he would repay on our way home...

我先借给他一些钱，在我们回家的路上他会还给我的。

The bank **advanced** \$1.2 billion to help the country with debt repayments.

银行预支12亿美元帮助该国偿还债务。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 贷款 ; 预付款 An **advance** is money which is lent or paid to someone before they would normally receive it.

She was paid a £100,000 **advance** for her next two novels.

她接下来的两部小说得到了10万英镑的预付稿费。

5 VERB 动词 提前 (未来事件的日期) ; 使 (未来事件) 提前发生 To **advance** an event, or the time or date of an event, means to bring it forward to an earlier time or date.

Too much protein in the diet may **advance** the ageing process...

饮食中摄入过量蛋白质可能会加速衰老。

The country's election commission has **advanced** the date of parliamentary elections by three days.

该国的选举委员会将议会选举日期提前了3天。

6 VERB 动词 促进 , 推动 (事业、利益或主张) ; 使加速 If you **advance** a cause, interest, or claim, you support it and help to make it successful.

When not producing art of his own, Oliver was busy **advancing** the work of others.

奥利弗在不搞自己的艺术创作时，就会忙着帮助别人完成作品。

7 VERB 动词 提出 (理论、论点) When a theory or argument is **advanced**, it is put forward for discussion.

Many theories have been **advanced** as to why some women suffer from depression...

就一些女性患抑郁症的原因，各种说法纷至沓来。

An important set of ideas have been **advanced** by the biologist Rupert Sheldrake.

生物学家鲁伯特·谢尔德雷克已提出了一整套重要的观点。

8 N-VAR 可变名词 (常指军事行动中的) 前进 , 行进 , 推进 An **advance** is a forward movement of people or vehicles, usually as part of a military operation.

...an **advance** on enemy positions...

向敌方阵地推进

The defences are intended to obstruct any **advance** by tanks and other vehicles.

这些防御工事用于阻止坦克等车辆前进。

9 N-PLURAL 复数名词 挑逗 ; 勾引 If you make **advances** to someone, you try to start a sexual relationship with them.

Mark had for some time been making **advances** towards her...

马克追她已经有一段时间了。

She rejected his **advances** during the trip to Cannes.

在去往戛纳的途中，她拒绝了他的挑逗。

10 N-VAR 可变名词 进步 ; 进展 An **advance** in a particular subject or activity is progress in understanding it or in doing it well.

Air safety has not improved since the dramatic **advances** of the 1970s...

航空安全自从20世纪70年代得到显著提高之后，至今再没有任何改善。

Their progress at work was mirrored by their children's educational **advance**.

子女在学业上有所进步，他们在工作上也会有所起色。

11 N-SING 单数名词 改进 ; 改善 If something is an **advance on** what was previously available or done, it is better in some way.

This could be an **advance on** the present situation.

这样可能会改善当前状况。

12 ADJ 形容词 预先的 ; 事先的 **Advance** booking, notice, or warning is done or given before an event happens.

They don't normally give any **advance** notice about which building they're going to inspect...

他们一般不会预先通知检查哪座大楼。

The event received little **advance** publicity.

关于该事件事先几乎没有报道。

13 ADJ 形容词 先行的 ; 先遣的 An **advance** party or group is a small group of people who go on ahead of the main group.

The 20-strong **advance party** will be followed by another 600 soldiers as part of UN relief efforts.

作为联合国救援行动的一部分，在这支由20多人组成的先头部队之后还将增派600名士兵。

14 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 在...的前面；在...之前

If one thing happens or is done **in advance of** another, it happens or is done before the other thing.

I had asked everyone to submit questions **in advance of** the meeting.

我已请每个人在会议之前提交问题。

15 PHRASE 短语 提前；事先 If you do something **in advance**, you do it before a particular date or event.

The subject of the talk is announced a week **in advance**.

会谈的主题已提前一周宣布。

advantage ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 有利条件；有利因素；优势

An **advantage** is something that puts you in a better position than other people.

They are deliberately flouting the law in order to obtain an **advantage** over their competitors...

他们为了和竞争对手抢夺先机而公然无视法律。

A good crowd will be a definite **advantage** to me and the rest of the team.

大批观众无疑将成为我和其他队员的一大优势。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 优势；有利地位

Advantage is the state of being in a better position than others who are competing against you.

Men have created a social and economic position of **advantage** for themselves over women.

男性已经为自己创造了优于女性的社会和经济上的有利地位。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 好处；益处；优点 An **advantage** is a way in which one thing is better than another.

The great **advantage** of home-grown oranges is their magnificent flavour...

家产柑橘的一大好处是口感极佳。

This custom-built kitchen has many **advantages** over a standard one.

这间定制的厨房与标准厨房相比存在诸多优点。

4 PHRASE 短语 利用 If you **take advantage of** something, you make good use of it while you can.

I intend to take full **advantage** of this trip to buy the things we need.

我打算充分利用这次旅行来购买我们所需的物品。

5 PHRASE 短语 占...的便宜；欺骗；捉弄 If someone **takes advantage of** you, they treat you unfairly for their own benefit, especially when you are trying to be kind or to help them.

She took **advantage** of him even after they were divorced.

甚至在他们离婚后，她还在占他的便宜。

6 PHRASE 短语 (尤指转变不利情况使之)对...有利 If you use or turn something to your **advantage**, you use it in order to benefit from it, especially when it might be expected to harm or damage you.

The government have not been able to turn today's demonstration to their **advantage**.

政府未能把今天的游行示威转为己用。

7 PHRASE 短语 最有利地；最有效地；使优点突出 If something is shown to **good advantage** or to **best advantage**, it is shown in a way that reveals its best features.

The walls were painted in muted tones to show the pictures to **good advantage**.

墙面被漆成了淡色调，以突出照片。

advice ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 劝告；忠告；意见 If you give someone **advice**, you tell them what you think they should do in a particular situation.

Don't be afraid to ask for **advice** about ordering the meal...

点餐时可以大胆征求意见。

Your community officer can give you **advice** on how to prevent crime in your area...

社区工作人员能就如何预防社区内犯罪提供一些忠告。

Take my **advice** and stay away from him!...

听我的，离他远远的！

Most foreign nationals have now left the country on the **advice** of their governments.

大多数外国人听从本国政府的建议离开了该国。

2 PHRASE 短语 听取律师的意见；咨询律师 If you **take advice** or **take legal advice**, you ask a lawyer for his or her professional opinion on a situation.

We are taking **advice** on legal steps to recover the money...

我们正在就追回该款项所需的法律程序咨询律师。

If you are prosecuted by the police, then it is essential that you take specialist legal **advice**.

如果你受到警方起诉，至关重要的是你要听取专业律师的意见。

Usage Note :

Note that **advice** is an uncount noun. You can say a **piece of advice** or **some advice**, but you cannot say 'an advice' or 'advices'. Do not confuse **advice** and **advise**. **Advise** is the verb that is connected with **advice**.

注意，**advice**为不可数名词。可以说 a piece of advice 或 some advice，但不能说 an advice 或 advices。请勿混淆 **advice** 和 **advise**。advise 是 **advice** 的动词形式。

affair ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 事情；事件 If an event or a series of events has been mentioned and you want to talk about it again, you can refer to it as **the affair**.

The government has mishandled the whole **affair**...

政府对整个事件处理不当。

The **affair** began when customs officials inspected a convoy of 60 tankers...

就在海关官员检查一个60艘油轮的船队时，事情发生了。

The industry minister described the **affair** as 'an absolute scandal'.

工业部长将此事件形容为“绝对的丑闻”。

2 N-SING 单数名词 ...事件 (指重要或有趣的事件或情况) You can refer to an important or interesting event or situation as '**the ... affair**'.

...the damage caused to the CIA and FBI in the aftermath of the Watergate **affair**.

水门事件发生后给美国中央情报局和联邦调查局造成的不良影响

...confidential Bank of England documents relating to the BCCI **affair**.

与国际信贷商业银行事务相关的英格兰银行的机密文件

3 N-SING 单数名词 ...事 (指具有某种特点的事情) You can describe the main quality of an event by saying that it is a particular kind of **affair**.

Michael said that his planned 10-day visit would be a purely private **affair**...

迈克尔说他计划的10天访问纯属个人私事。

Breakfast will be a cheerless **affair** for the Prime Minister this morning.

今天的早餐会让首相感觉全然无味。

4 N-SING 单数名词 (不寻常的或具有某种特点的) 东西 You can describe an object as a particular kind of **affair** when you want to draw attention to a particular feature, or indicate that it is unusual.

All their beds were distinctive; Mac's was an iron **affair** with brass knobs...

他们的床都各具特色；马克的床是张带球形黄铜柱头的铁家伙。

He tried dividing it into two bundles, tying them to his walking stick, and slinging the whole **affair** across his back.

他试着将它分成两包绑在他的拐棍上，然后把所有东西都挂在后背上。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [love affair](#); 风流的事；私通 If two people who are not married to each other have an **affair**, they have a sexual relationship.

She was having an **affair** with someone at work.

她跟某一同事有染。

6 N-PLURAL 复数名词 See also: [current affairs](#); [state of affairs](#); (关于某个主题所有的) 事务 You can use **affairs** to refer to all the important facts or activities that are connected with a particular subject.

He does not want to interfere in the internal **affairs** of another country...

他不想干涉别国内政。

With more details, here's our foreign **affairs**

correspondent.

详细情况，请听我们外交事务记者的报道。

7 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **私事；个人事务** Your affairs are all the matters connected with your life which you consider to be private and normally deal with yourself.

He was rational and consistent in the conduct of his affairs...

他处理私事时头脑清楚，始终如一。

The unexpectedness of my father's death meant that his affairs were not entirely in order.

家父的猝然离世留下了尚未完全安排妥当的身后事。

8 N-SING 单数名词 **(不容别人干涉的) 事务** If you say that a decision or situation is someone's affair, you mean that it is their responsibility, and other people should not interfere.

If you wish to make a fool of yourself, that is your affair...

如果你想让自己出丑，那是你自己的事。

If they want to stay and fight, then I guess that's their affair.

如果他们想留下来打架，我想那是他们自己的事。

affect ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **影响；使改变** If something affects a person or thing, it influences them or causes them to change in some way.

Nicotine adversely affects the functioning of the heart and arteries...

尼古丁会对心脏及动脉功能造成损害。

More than seven million people have been affected by drought.

已有超过700万的民众受到旱灾的影响。

...the worst-affected areas of Somalia.

索马里受影响最为严重的地区

2 VERB 动词 **(疾病) 侵袭，感染** If a disease affects someone, it causes them to become ill.

Arthritis is a crippling disease which affects people all over the world.

关节炎是一种会危害全人类健康的致残性疾病。

3 VERB 动词 **(感情上) 打动，震动，使悲伤(或怜悯)** If something or someone affects you, they make you feel a strong emotion, especially sadness or pity.

The divorce affected Jim deeply...

离婚对吉姆打击很大。

Gregor loved his sister, and her loss clearly still affects him.

格雷戈尔爱他的姐姐，她的去世显然仍令他悲伤不已。

4 VERB 动词 **假装；佯装；装出...的样子** If you affect a particular characteristic or way of behaving, you pretend that it is genuine, or natural for you.

He listened to them, affecting an amused interest...

他装作饶有兴致地听他们说话。

Ms. Redgrave affects a heavy Italian accent.

雷德格雷夫女士假装带有浓重的意大利口音。

Usage Note :

Note that the noun that comes from affect is effect. You can say that something affects you, or that it has an effect on you. ...the effect that noise has on people in factories. You can also talk about the effect of something. ...the effect of the anaesthetic. Effect can also be a verb. If you effect something such as a change or a repair, you make it happen or do it. This is a fairly formal word. She had effected a few hasty repairs.

注意，与affect相对应的名词是effect。可以说something affects you，也可以说it has an effect on you。例如：the effect that noise has on people in factories (噪音对工厂里的人们产生的影响)。谈论某事物的效果也可用effect: the effect of the anaesthetic (麻醉药的作用)。

effect也可用作动词，后接change, repair等词，意为使发生或进行，该用法较为正式。例如：She had effected a few hasty repairs (她已经做了一些匆忙的修补)。

afternoon ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **下午；午后** The afternoon is the part of each day which begins at lunchtime and ends at about six o'clock.

He's arriving in the afternoon...

他下午会到。

He had stayed in his room all afternoon.

他整个下午都呆在房间里。

...an afternoon news conference.

午后的新闻发布会

agency ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [advertising agency](#); [employment agency](#); [press agency](#); [travel agency](#); **经销；代理；经销店；代理公司** An agency is a business which provides a service on behalf of other businesses.

We had to hire maids through an agency.

我们得通过中介雇用女佣。

...a successful advertising agency.

一家成功的广告代理公司

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(政府的) 局，处，署，专业行政部门** An agency is a government organization responsible for a certain area of administration.

...the government agency which monitors health and safety at work in Britain...

英国负责劳工医疗和安全的部门

Webster is retiring as head of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

韦伯斯特即将从中央情报局局长的位子上辞职。

agent ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [estate agent](#); [press agent](#); [travel agent](#); **代理人；代理商** An agent is a person who looks after someone else's business affairs or does business on their behalf.

You are buying direct, rather than through an agent.

你这是直接购买，而不是通过代理人。

...a written declaration by someone, authorizing another person to act as his agent.

一份某人授权他人为其代理人的书面申明

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(艺术领域的) 代理人，经纪人** An agent in the arts world is a person who gets work for an actor or musician, or who sells the work of a writer to publishers.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **间谍；特务** An agent is a person who works for a country's secret service.

All these years he's been an agent for the East.

这些年来他一直是为东方国家效力的一位间谍。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **动力；媒介；因素；工具** If you refer to someone or something as the agent of a particular effect, you mean that they cause this effect.

In many societies young men regard themselves as highly active, the agents of change, shapers of the world.

在许多社会中，年轻人将自己看成是高度活跃分子，是变革的推动者和世界的塑造者。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(化学) 剂；作用剂** A chemical that has a particular effect or is used for a particular purpose can be referred to as a particular kind of agent.

...the bleaching agent in white flour.

白面粉中的漂白剂

...fibrinogen, a blood clotting agent.

血纤维蛋白原，一种凝血剂

agreement ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **协议；协定；协约** An agreement is a formal decision about future action which is made by two or more countries, groups, or people.

It looks as though a compromise agreement has now been reached...

看起来好像现已达成一个妥协协定。

The two countries signed an agreement to jointly launch satellites.

两国曾签订了联合发射人造卫星的协议。

...a new defence agreement between Greece and the United States.

希腊和美国最新达成的一项国防协议

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **达成协议** Agreement on something is a joint decision that a particular course of action should be taken.

The two men had not reached agreement on any issues...

两人还未就任何议题达成协议。

But instead of ending in agreement, the talks broke up in acrimony at the end of the week.

但是到这个周末，谈判非但没有达成协议反而在唇枪舌剑中不欢而散。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **意见一致；看法相同** Agreement with someone means having the same opinion as they have.

The judge kept nodding in **agreement**...

法官不停地点头表示同意。

There was general **agreement** that every effort should be made to prevent the war from spreading.

人们一致认为应该竭尽全力阻止战事扩大。

If you are **in agreement with someone**, you have the same opinion as they have. **与...意见一致**

Not all scholars are in **agreement** with her, however...

然而，不是所有的学者都与她意见一致。

We were in basic **agreement** on this point.

在这点上我们的意见基本一致。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **赞成；赞同** Agreement to a course of action means allowing it to happen or giving it your approval.

The clinic doctor will then write to your GP to get his **agreement**.

然后门诊医生将会写信给你的全科医生以取得他的同意。

If you are **in agreement with a plan or proposal**, you approve of it. **对...赞成；对...赞同**

The president was in full **agreement** with the proposal.

总统完全赞同该提议。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(叙述、数据的)一致，相符** If there is **agreement** between two accounts of an event or two sets of figures, they are the same or are consistent with each other.

Many other surveys have produced results essentially in **agreement** with these figures.

许多其他调查已经得出了与这些数据基本一致的结果。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(与搭配名词或代词在数或性上的一致，呼应)** In grammar, **agreement** refers to the way that a word has a form appropriate to the number or gender of the noun or pronoun it relates to.

ahead ★★★★★

[1. ADVERB USES 副词用法](#)

[2. PREPOSITION USES 介词用法](#)

In addition to the uses shown below, **ahead** is used in phrasal verbs such as 'get ahead', 'go ahead', and 'press ahead'.

除下列用法外，ahead还可用于get ahead, go ahead, press ahead等短语动词中。

1 ADV 副词 **在前面；朝前面** Something that is **ahead** is in front of you. If you look **ahead**, you look directly in front of you.

Brett looked straight **ahead**...

布雷特直视前方。

I peered **ahead** through the front screen...

我透过面前的挡风玻璃凝视前方。

The road **ahead** was now blocked solid...

前面的路现已被堵得严严实实。

Ahead, he saw the side railings of First Bridge over Crooked Brook.

他看见了克鲁克德河上第一大桥的桥栏就在前面。

2 ADV 副词 **(与push, move和forge等动词连用表示计划或组织等)进展迅速地** You use **ahead** with verbs such as 'push', 'move', and 'forge' to indicate that a plan, scheme, or organization is making fast progress.

We are moving **ahead** with plans to send financial aid...

我们提供财政援助的计划进展顺利。

Now BBC World Television is forging **ahead** on its own.

现在英国广播公司的全球电视节目正靠自己的力量稳步推进。

3 ADV 副词 **超前地；超出预期地** If you are **ahead** in your work or achievements, you have made more progress than you expected to and are performing well.

The North Korean economy was pretty strong in its time, and was **ahead** until maybe 1970...

朝鲜的经济曾经相当强大，大约在1970年之前都是超前发展。

First half profits have charged **ahead** from £127.6m to £134.2m...

上半年的利润已超过预计的1.276亿英镑达到1.342亿英镑。

Children in small classes are several months **ahead** in reading.

小班的孩子们提前几个月就开始阅读。

4 ADV 副词 **领先地；占优势地** If a person or a team is **ahead** in a competition, they are winning.

Australia were **ahead** throughout the game...

澳大利亚队在整场比赛都处于领先地位。

Scotland were **ahead** in their European championship qualifier in Iceland...

苏格兰队在冰岛举行的欧洲杯预选赛处于领先地位。

A goal would have put Dublin 6-1 **ahead**.

只要再进一球，都柏林队将以6比1领先。

5 ADV 副词 **在将来；今后** **Ahead** also means in the future.

A much bigger battle is **ahead** for the president...

一场更为艰巨的战斗正等待着总统。

Anne Garrels reports there are still difficult times **ahead** for Poland...

安妮·加雷尔斯报道说波兰仍然将面临一段艰苦的时期。

Now I can remember without mourning, and begin to look **ahead**...

如今回首往事我已不再感到悲痛，并且开始展望未来。

There will be many difficult and challenging days **ahead**.

今后将会有很多艰苦和充满挑战性的日子。

The task **ahead** is huge.

眼前的任务很艰巨。

6 ADV 副词 **提前，预先(准备或计划)** If you prepare or plan something **ahead**, you do it some time before a future event so that everything is ready for that event to take place.

The government wants figures that help it to plan **ahead**...

政府需要一些有助于其提前制订计划的数据。

Do book **ahead** as the restaurant is very popular...

该饭店非常受欢迎，请务必提前预订。

Summer weddings need to be arranged months **ahead**.

在夏季举行婚礼需要提前几个月作安排。

7 ADV 副词 **先(走)** If you go **ahead**, or if you go on **ahead**, you go in front of someone who is going to the same place so that you arrive there some time before they do.

I went **ahead** and waited with Sean...

我先走的，和尚恩一起在那儿等。

You just go on **ahead**. I'll come by later...

你只管先往前走。我随后就来。

I'd have to send Tina on **ahead** with Rachael.

我只有让蒂娜和雷切尔一起先行一步。

1 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **在...前面** If someone is **ahead of you**, they are directly in front of you. If someone is moving **ahead of you**, they are in front of you and moving in the same direction.

I saw a man in a blue jacket thirty metres **ahead of me**...

我看见在我前面30米处有一个身穿蓝色夹克的男人。

She walked **ahead of** Helene up the steps into the hotel.

她在海伦妮前面迈上台阶，进了旅馆。

2 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **将要发生；将要来临** If an event or period of time lies **ahead of you**, it is going to happen or take place soon or in the future.

I tried to think about all the problems that were **ahead of me** tomorrow...

我试图考虑明天我将面临的所有问题。

She spent all night thinking about the future that lay **ahead of her**...

她整夜未睡，满脑子都想着她未来的前途。

We have a very busy day **ahead of us** today.

今天迎接我们的将是非常忙碌的一天。

3 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **(竞赛中)领先于，超过** In a competition, if a person or team does something **ahead of** someone else, they do it before the second person or team.

Millar finished 1 minute and 35 seconds **ahead**

of Thierry Claveyrolat.

米勒领先索埃里·克拉韦罗拉1分35秒完成比赛。

4 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **早于；在...之前** If something happens **ahead of** an event or time, it happens before that event or time.

The Prime Minister was speaking **ahead of** today's meeting.

首相在今天的会议开始之前作了发言。

5 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **提前** If something happens **ahead of schedule** or **ahead of time**, it happens earlier than was planned.

The election was held six months **ahead of** schedule...

选举提前了6个月举行。

This dish may be prepared a day **ahead of** time and refrigerated.

这道菜可以提前一天准备好并冷藏起来。

6 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **领先于；比...出色** If someone is **ahead of** someone else, they have made more progress and are more advanced in what they are doing.

Henry generally stayed **ahead of** the others in the academic subjects.

亨利的文化课成绩通常都优于其他学生。

7 **one step ahead of** someone or something → see: **step**; ahead of your time → see: **time**;

AIDS ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **艾滋病；获得性免疫缺陷综合征** AIDS is a disease which destroys the natural system of protection that the body has against other diseases. AIDS is an abbreviation for (缩略=) 'acquired immune deficiency syndrome'.

aim ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **致力于；旨在；以...为目标** If you **aim for** something or **aim to do** something, you plan or hope to achieve it.

He is **aiming for** the 100 metres world record...

他志在打破100米世界纪录。

Businesses will have to **aim at** long-term growth.

企业必须以长期增长为目标。

...an appeal which **aims to** raise funds for children with special needs.

旨在为有特殊需要的孩子筹集资金而发出的呼吁

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **目的；目标** The **aim** of something that you do is the purpose for which you do it or the result that it is intended to achieve.

The **aim** of the festival is to increase awareness of Hindu culture and traditions.

该节庆日的目的在于增强人们对印度文化和传统的认识。

...a research programme that has largely failed to achieve its principal **aims**.

在较大程度上未能实现其主要目标的研究项目

3 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 **旨在；目的是** If an action or plan is **aimed at** achieving something, it is intended or planned to achieve it.

The new measures are **aimed at** tightening existing sanctions.

新措施旨在加强现行的制裁。

...talks **aimed at** ending the war.

旨在结束战争的谈判

4 VERB 动词 **决定；想要** If you **aim to do** something, you decide or want to do it.

Are you **aiming to** visit the gardens?...

你想去逛公园吗？

I didn't **aim to** get caught.

我并不要被抓住。

5 VERB 动词 (行为、言论) **针对，指向** If your actions or remarks are **aimed at** a particular person or group, you intend that the person or group should notice them and be influenced by them.

His message was **aimed at** the undecided middle ground of Israeli politics...

他所传达的信息针对的是以色列政局中尚未表态的中间派。

Advertising **aimed at** children should be curbed.

针对儿童的广告应受到限制。

6 VERB 动词 **瞄准；对准** If you **aim** a weapon or object **at** something or someone, you point it towards them before firing or throwing it.

He was **aiming** the rifle at Wade.

他将步枪瞄准了韦德。

...a missile **aimed at** the arms factory...

瞄准军工厂的导弹

I didn't know I was supposed to **aim at** the same spot all the time.

我不知道自己应该一直瞄准同一目标。

7 N-SING 单数名词 **瞄准，对准 (指技巧或动作)** Your **aim** is your skill or action in pointing a weapon or other object at its target.

He stood with the gun in his right hand and his left hand steadying his **aim**.

他站立着，右手举枪，左手稳住枪对准目标。

8 VERB 动词 **踢向；挥(拳)向** If you **aim** a kick or punch at someone, you try to kick or punch them.

They **aimed** kicks at his shins.

他们踢向他的小腿。

9 PHRASE 短语 **瞄准；对准** When you **take aim**, you point a weapon or object at someone or something, before firing or throwing it.

She had spotted a man with a shotgun taking **aim**.

她发现一个正持猎枪瞄准的男子。

10 PHRASE 短语 **激烈地批评** If you **take aim at** someone or something, you criticize them strongly.

Republican strategists are taking particular **aim** at Democratic senators.

共和党的战略家正尖锐地攻击民主党的参议员。

aircraft ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **飞机；飞行器；航空器** An **aircraft** is a vehicle which can fly, for example an aeroplane or a helicopter.

The return flight of the **aircraft** was delayed...

回程航班被延误了。

At least three military **aircraft** were destroyed.

至少3架军用飞机被毁。

airline ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **航空公司** An **airline** is a company which provides regular services carrying people or goods in aeroplanes.

...the Dutch national **airline** KLM.

荷兰国家航空公司KLM

airport ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **机场** An **airport** is a place where aircraft land and take off, which has buildings and facilities for passengers.

...Heathrow Airport, the busiest international **airport** in the world.

希思罗机场，世界上最繁忙的国际机场

album ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **唱片；唱片集；专辑** An **album** is a record with about 25 minutes of music on each side. You can also refer to a collection of songs that is available on a record, cassette, or CD as an **album**.

Chris likes music and has a large collection of **albums** and cassettes.

克里斯喜欢音乐，收集了大量的唱片和磁带。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (用于保存照片、邮票等的) **专册，专辑簿** An **album** is a book in which you keep things such as photographs or stamps that you have collected.

Theresa showed me her photo **album**.

特雷莎给我看她的相册。

alleged ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **声称的；被断言的；涉嫌的** An **alleged** fact has been stated but has not been proved to be true.

They have begun a hunger strike in protest at the **alleged** beating.

他们开始绝食以抗议有人所宣称的殴打行为。

...a list of **alleged** war criminals.

战争嫌犯名单

allegedly

His van **allegedly** struck the two as they were crossing a street.

据称，他的货车在那两人过马路时撞上了他们。

ally ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /'ælaɪ/. The verb is pronounced /ə'laɪ/. 名词读作/'ælaɪ/，动词读作/ə'laɪ/。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指战时的) 同盟国 A country's **ally** is another country that has an agreement to support it, especially in war.

Washington would not take such a step without its allies' approval...

没有盟国的同意，华盛顿将不会采取这样一种行动。

The United States is a close **ally** of South Korea.
美国是韩国的亲密盟友。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (第二次世界大战时的) 同盟国 The **Allies** were the armed forces that fought against Germany and Japan in the Second World War.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 盟友；支持者 If you describe someone as your **ally**, you mean that they help and support you, especially when other people are opposing you.

He is a close **ally** of the Prime Minister...

他是首相的亲密支持者。

She will regret losing a close political **ally**.

她将为失去一个亲密的政治盟友而懊悔。

4 VERB 动词 与...结盟；支持 If you **ally yourself** with someone or something, you give your support to them.

He will have no choice but to **ally** himself with the new movement.

他除了与新运动结盟别无选择。

5 See also: [allied](#) ;

alone ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 独自的 When you are **alone**, you are not with any other people.

There is nothing so fearful as to be **alone** in a combat situation...

没有比孤身奋战更可怕的了。

He was all **alone** in the middle of the hall.

他独自一人坐在大厅中间。

Alone is also an adverb.

She has lived **alone** in this house for almost five years now...

她已在这所房子里独自住了近5年。

He was sitting **alone** at a table in a wine bar, smoking a big cigar.

他独自一人坐在酒吧的一张桌旁，抽着一支大雪茄。

2 ADJ 形容词 单独的 (无其他人在场的) If one person is **alone with** another person, or if two or more people are **alone**, they are together, without anyone else present.

I couldn't imagine why he would want to be **alone with** me...

我想象不出为什么他会想和我独处。

My brother and I were **alone with** Vincent.

我和弟弟与文森特单独呆着。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 孤苦伶仃的；无依无靠的；孤单的 If you say that you are **alone** or feel **alone**, you mean that nobody who is with you, or nobody at all, cares about you.

Never in her life had she felt so **alone**, so abandoned...

她一生中从来没有感到如此孤单，如此无助。

He found himself **alone** in a hostile world.

他感到自己处在一个充满敌意的环境中，孤立无援。

4 ADV 副词 仅仅；只 You say that one person or thing **alone** does something when you are emphasizing that only one person or thing is involved.

You **alone** should determine what is right for you...

只有你自己才能决定什么适合你。

They were convicted on forensic evidence **alone**.

仅凭着法医证据，他们就被判有罪。

5 ADV 副词 单单 (强调部分或整体的数量) If you say that one person or thing **alone** is responsible for part of an amount, you are emphasizing the size of that part and the size of the total amount.

The BBC **alone** is sending 300 technicians, directors and commentators...

单单英国广播公司就派出技术人员、导演、解说员等一行300人。

Megastars like Jack Nicholson, who made \$500 million from *Batman* **alone**, are unlikely to be affected.

像杰克·尼科尔森这样的巨星，单从《蝙蝠侠》一片子中就赚了5亿美元，是不太可能受影响的。

6 ADJ 形容词 唯一的 If someone is **alone in** doing something, they are the only person doing it, and so are different from other people.

Newcastle is far from **alone**. Colleges around the country have developed programmes of student support...

远不止是纽卡斯尔，全国的许多大学都推出了助学项目。

Am I **alone** in thinking that this scandal should finish his career?

只有我认为这件丑闻会断送他的事业吗？

Alone is also an adverb.

Alone among the major candidates, Gavia expressed a determination to continue the campaign to defeat the drugs cartels...

在主要的候选人中，只有加维里亚一人坚决表示要继续打击药品同业联盟。

I **alone** was sane, I thought, in a world of crazy people.

我认为，在一群疯子的世界里只有我自己是理性的。

7 ADV 副词 独力；单独 When someone does something **alone**, they do it without help from other people.

Bringing up a child **alone** should give you a sense of achievement...

自己一个人带大孩子会给你一种成就感。

He was working **alone** and did not have an accomplice.

他在单干，没有同伙。

8 PHRASE 短语 单独行动；独自干 If you go it **alone**, you do something without any help from other people.

I missed the stimulation of working with others when I tried to go it **alone**.

当我试图单干时，我很怀念与他人一起工作的那股兴奋劲。

9 to leave someone or something **alone**→see: [leave](#) ; let alone→see: [let](#) ;

alternative ★★★★★

The form *alternate* is sometimes used, especially in American English, instead of *alternative* in meanings 3, 4, and 5. 尤其在美国英语中，当 *alternative* 作义项3、4和5解时，有时可用 *alternate* 替代。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 可供选择的；可供替代的 If one thing is an **alternative to** another, the first can be found, used, or done instead of the second.

New ways to treat arthritis may provide an **alternative to** painkillers.

关节炎的新疗法可能是止痛药之外的另一种选择。

2 ADJ 形容词 备选的；备用的；其他的 An **alternative** plan or offer is different from the one that you already have, and can be done or used instead.

There were **alternative** methods of travel available...

还有其他可选的旅行方式。

They had a right to seek **alternative** employment.

他们有权另谋高就。

3 ADJ 形容词 非传统的；另类的 **Alternative** is used to describe something that is different from the usual things of its kind, or the usual ways of doing something, in modern Western society. For example, an **alternative** lifestyle does not follow conventional ways of living and working.

...unconventional parents who embraced the **alternative** lifestyle of the Sixties...

欣然接受60年代另类生活方式而不因循守旧的父母

If you like **alternative** comedy you'll love this book.

如果你喜欢另类喜剧的话，你就会喜欢这本书。

4 ADJ 形容词 (医疗) 传统的，替代的 (如提取植物成分制成药物、按摩和针灸) **Alternative** medicine uses traditional ways of curing people, such as medicines made from plants, massage, and acupuncture.

...**alternative** health care.

传统的医疗保健

5 ADJ 形容词 (能源) 替代的，代用的

Alternative energy uses natural sources of energy such as the sun, wind, or water for power and fuel, rather than oil, coal, or nuclear power.

1 N-VAR 可数名词 **总数；总额** The amount of something is how much there is, or how much you have, need, or get.

He needs that **amount** of money to survive...
他需要那样一笔钱以生存下去。

I still do a certain **amount** of work for them...
我仍然为他们做一些工作。

Postal money orders are available in **amounts** up to \$700.
邮政汇票的金额最高可达700美元。

2 VERB 动词 **合计；共计** If something amounts to a particular total, all the parts of it add up to that total.

Consumer spending on sports-related items **amounted** to £9.75 billion.
消费者在体育相关产品上的花费共计97.5亿英镑。

3 PHRASE 短语 **大量** If you say that there is any amount of something, there is a lot of it. If you say that there are any amount of people or things, there are many people or things.

I'm able to lay my hands on any **amount** of cash at a minute's notice...
多少钱我都可以马上弄到。

There are any **amount** of clubs you could join.
有无数个俱乐部你可以加入。

Usage Note :

You should avoid using a plural noun after **amount of** ; instead you should use **number of** with a plural noun. ...*the number of people out of work*.

amount of后不用复数名词，而**number of**后要用复数名词：the number of people out of work (失业人数)。

相关词组：

[amount to](#)

analyst ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **分析者；分析家** An analyst is a person whose job is to analyse a subject and give opinions about it.

...a political **analyst**.
政治分析家

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **心理分析医师** An analyst is someone, usually a doctor, who examines and treats people who are emotionally disturbed.

animal ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (除鸟、鱼、昆虫或人类之外的) **动物，兽类** An animal is a living creature such as a dog, lion, or rabbit, rather than a bird, fish, insect, or human being.

He was attacked by wild **animals**...
他遭到野兽的袭击。

He had a real knowledge of **animals**, birds and flowers.
他在花鸟走兽方面知之甚多。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **动物 (泛指人类以外的任何生物)** Any living creature other than a human being can be referred to as an **animal** .

Language is something which fundamentally distinguishes humans from **animals**.
语言是将人类与动物区分开来的基本特征。

...a habitat for plants and **animals**.
动植物的栖息地

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **动物 (包括人类在内的任何生物)** Any living creature, including a human being, can be referred to as an **animal** .

Watch any young human being, or any other young **animal**.
注意儿童或其他幼小动物。

4 ADJ 形容词 **动物的；野兽的；取自动物的**

Animal products come from animals rather than from plants.

The illegal trade in **animal** products continues to flourish...
野生动物制品的非法交易仍旧猖獗。

Cut down on **animal** fats found in red meat, hard cheeses and so on.
减少摄入存在于红色肉类、硬干酪等中的动物脂肪。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **禽兽；野蛮的人** If you say that someone is an **animal**, you find their behaviour disgusting or very unpleasant.

This man is an **animal**, a beast...
这人是个畜生，是个野兽。

He was an **animal** in his younger days.
他年轻时，是个衣冠禽兽。

6 ADJ 形容词 **肉体的；肉欲的；动物的；非理性的** **Animal** qualities, feelings, or abilities relate to someone's physical nature and instincts rather than to their mind.

There was no doubting the **animal** magnetism of the man...
这个男人无疑有一种野性的魅力。

You feel an **animal** panic to run and hide.
你会感到一种本能的恐惧而想要去逃避。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **...类型的人；有特殊兴趣的人** You can refer to someone as a particular type of **animal** in order to say what their interests are or what their typical behaviour is.

You're quite a party **animal** aren't you, out there every night...
你就是为派对而生的，不是吗，每天晚上你都去参加派对。

The entrepreneur at twenty-five is a different **animal** from the entrepreneur at fifty.
25岁的企业家和50岁的企业家是两种不同的人。

annual ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **一年一次的；每年的** **Annual** events happen once every year.

...the **annual** conference of Britain's trade union movement...
英国工会运动的年会

In its **annual** report, UNICEF says at least 40,000 children die every day.
在其年度报告中，联合国儿童基金会称每天至少有4万名儿童死亡。

annually

Companies report to their shareholders **annually**.
各公司每年向其股东汇报一次。

2 ADJ 形容词 **年度的；全年的** **Annual** quantities or rates relate to a period of one year.

Annual costs, tuition and fees, £6,600...
每年的花销、学费和各项杂费6,600英镑。

The electronic and printing unit has **annual** sales of about \$80 million.
电子印刷部门每年销售额约为8,000万美元。

annually

El Salvador produces 100,000 tons of refined copper **annually**...
萨尔瓦多每年生产10万吨纯铜。

Holiday World hires 300 new employees **annually**.
假日世界每年雇佣300名新员工。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **年刊；年报；年鉴** An **annual** is a book or magazine that is published once a year.

I looked for Wyman's picture in my high-school **annual**...
我在中学年刊中寻找怀曼的照片。

He tried the various almanacs, **annuals** and gazettes which were held in the library.
他试着在图书馆里找过各种历书、年鉴和报纸。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一年生植物** An **annual** is a plant that grows and dies within one year.

The simplest way to deal with these hardy **annuals** is to sow them where they are to flower.
处理这些一年生耐寒植物最简单的办法是将他们种在能开花的地方。

anyone ★★★★★

1 PRON-INDEF 不定代词 (用于否定句) **任何人** You use **anyone** or **anybody** in statements with negative meaning to indicate in a general way that nobody is present or involved in an action.

I won't tell **anyone** I saw you here...
我不会告诉任何人我在这儿见过你。

You needn't talk to **anyone** if you don't want to...
不想说话的时候，你可以不说。

He was far too scared to tell anybody...
他害怕极了，不敢告诉任何人。

Presidents are not any different from anybody else ; they're human beings.
总统跟一般人没有什么不同；他们也是人。

2 PRON-INDEF 不定代词 (用于疑问句或条件从

3) **任何人** You use **anyone** or **anybody** in questions and conditional clauses to ask or talk about whether someone is present or doing something.

Why would **anyone** want that job?...

为什么会有人想要那份工作呢？

How can **anyone** look sad at an occasion like this?...

在这样的场合怎么会有人显得忧伤呢？

If **anyone** deserves to be happy, you do.

如果有谁应该获得幸福的话，那就是你。

3) **PRON-INDEF 不定代词 (用于描述所谈论的人的词语前)** **...人** You use **anyone** or **anybody** before words which indicate the kind of person you are talking about.

I always had been the person who achieved things before **anyone** else at my age...

我过去总是比同龄人要捷足先登。

It's not a job for **anyone** who is slow with numbers...

这份工作不适合不擅长算术的人。

Anybody interested in pop culture at all should buy 'Pure Cult'.

任何对流行文化有一点兴趣的人都应该买《完全崇拜》这张专辑。

4) **PRON-INDEF 不定代词 (用于强调)** **任何人, 随便哪个人** You use **anyone** or **anybody** to refer to a person when you are emphasizing that it could be any person out of a very large number of people.

Anyone could be doing what I'm doing...

我在做的事, 谁都可能正在做。

Al Smith could make **anybody** laugh.

阿尔·史密斯能把所有人逗乐。

5) **PHRASE 短语 重要人物; 有影响的人物** You use **anyone who is anyone** and **anybody who is anybody** to refer to people who are important or influential.

It seems **anyone** who's **anyone** in business is going to the conference.

似乎商界所有重要人物都将参加那个会议。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **anyone** with **any one**. **Anyone** always refers to people. In the phrase **any one**, 'one' is a pronoun or a determiner that can refer to either a person or a thing, depending on the context. It is often followed by the word **of**. *Parting from any one of you for even a short time is hard... None of us stay in any one place for a very long time.* In these examples, **any one** is a more emphatic way of saying **any**. **Anyone** or **anybody** is mainly used in questions and negative sentences. You use **not anyone** instead of **someone** in negative sentences. *There isn't anyone here... There isn't anybody here.*

切勿混淆**anyone**和**any one**。**anyone**总是指人，而短语**any one**中的**one**可以作代词也可作限定词，根据上下文既可指人也可指物，后面常跟of：Parting from any one of you for even a short time is hard（要离开你们中的任何一人，即使时间很短暂，也是件令人难受的事），None of us stay in any one place for a very long time（我们谁也没有在任何一个地方久留过）。在上述例子中，**any one**是**any**的强调性说法。**anyone**或**anybody**主要用于疑问句或否定句。在否定句中不用**someone**，而用**not anyone**：There isn't anyone here（这儿没有人），There isn't anybody here（这儿没有人）。

anyway ★★★★★

1) **ADV 副词 不管怎么说; 无论如何** You use **anyway** or **anyhow** to indicate that a statement explains or supports a previous point.

I'm certain David's told you his business troubles. **Anyway**, it's no secret that he owes money...

我敢肯定戴维已经告诉过你他生意上有麻烦了。反正他欠钱也不是什么秘密了。

Mother certainly won't let him stay with her and **anyhow** he wouldn't.

母亲当然不会让他和她住在一起，再说他也不愿意。

2) **ADV 副词 尽管如此; 不管怎样** You use **anyway** or **anyhow** to suggest that a statement is true or relevant in spite of other things that have been said.

I don't know why I settled on Aberdeen, but **anyway** I did...

我不知道为什么我定居在阿伯丁，尽管如此，我还是这么做了。

I wasn't qualified to apply for the job really but I got it **anyhow**.

实际上我并不具备申请这份工作的资格，但不管怎样，我还是被录用了。

3) **ADV 副词 至少** You use **anyway** or **anyhow** to correct or modify a statement, for example to limit it to what you definitely know to be true.

Mary Ann doesn't want to have children. Not right now, **anyway**.

玛丽·安不想要孩子，至少现在不想。

4) **ADV 副词 到底; 究竟** You use **anyway** or **anyhow** to indicate that you are asking what the real situation is or what the real reason for something is.

What do you want from me, **anyway**?...

你到底想从我这儿得到什么？

Where the hell was Bud, **anyhow**?

巴德到底在哪儿？

5) **ADV 副词 (表示略去一些细节转到下一个主要话题) 总之** You use **anyway** or **anyhow** to indicate that you are missing out some details in a story and are passing on to the next main point or event.

I was told to go to Reading for this interview. It was a very amusing affair. **Anyhow**, I got the job.

我被通知前往雷丁面试。整个过程很有意思。总之，我被录用了。

6) **ADV 副词 (用于转移话题或回到新话题) 对了, 好吧** You use **anyway** or **anyhow** to change the topic or return to a previous topic.

'I've got a terrible cold.' — 'Have you? Oh dear. **Anyway**, so you're not going to go away this weekend?'

“我得了重感冒。”——“是吗？哦，天啊。对了，那你这个周末就不走了吧？”

7) **ADV 副词 (表示有意结束谈话) 那么** You use **anyway** or **anyhow** to indicate that you want to end the conversation.

'**Anyway**, I'd better let you have your dinner. Give our love to Francis. Bye.'

“那么，我不打扰你用餐了。代我们向弗朗西斯问好。再见。”

'**Anyhow**, thanks a lot. Bye bye.'

“那么，多谢了。再见。”

apparently ★★★★★

1) **ADV 副词 据说; 未必真实地** You use **apparently** to indicate that the information you are giving is something that you have heard, but you are not certain that it is true.

Apparently the girls are not at all amused by the whole business...

据说女孩们觉得整件事情一点也不好笑。

Oil prices fell this week to their lowest level in fourteen months, **apparently** because of over-production.

据说因为产量过剩，这个星期石油价格跌至14个月以来的最低点。

2) **ADV 副词 好像; 似乎; 看来** You use **apparently** to refer to something that seems to be true, although you are not sure whether it is or not.

The recent deterioration has been caused by an **apparently** endless recession...

看似永无止境的经济衰退导致了最近的恶化。

Rudolph said no more. **Apparently** he was a man of few words.

鲁道夫没再说话。看来他是个寡言少语的人。

appeal ★★★★★

1) **VERB 动词 呼吁; 恳请; 恳求** If you **appeal** to someone to do something, you make a serious and urgent request to them.

The Prime Minister **appealed** to young people to use their vote...

首相呼吁年轻人行使他们的投票权。

He will **appeal** to the state for an extension of unemployment benefits...

他将呼吁国家延长领取失业救济金的时限。

The United Nations has **appealed** for help from the international community.

联合国已经呼吁国际社会提供援助。

2) **N-COUNT 可数名词 呼吁; 恳请; 恳求** An **appeal** is a serious and urgent request.

He has a message from King Fahd, believed to be an **appeal** for Arab unity...

法赫德国王传话给他，据信内容是呼吁整个阿拉伯

世界团结起来。

Romania's government issued a last-minute **appeal** to him to call off his trip.

罗马尼亚政府最后一刻恳请他取消行程。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (为慈善或正义事业的)募捐

An **appeal** is an attempt to raise money for a charity or for a good cause.

...an **appeal** to save a library containing priceless manuscripts...

为挽救存有珍贵手稿的图书馆的一次募捐

This is not another **appeal** for famine relief.

这不是为赈济饥荒的又一次募捐。

4 VERB 动词 上诉；申诉 If you **appeal** to someone in authority against a decision, you formally ask them to change it. In British English, you **appeal against** something. In American English, you **appeal** something.

He said they would **appeal** against the decision...

他说他们将对该决议提出申诉。

We intend to **appeal** the verdict...

我们打算对裁决提出上诉。

Maguire has **appealed** to the Supreme Court to stop her extradition.

马圭尔已向最高法院提出上诉，要求停止对她的引渡。

5 N-VAR 可变名词 See also: [Court of Appeal](#)； 上诉；申诉 An **appeal** is a formal request for a decision to be changed.

Heath's **appeal** against the sentence was later successful...

希思对判决不服提出上诉，后来胜诉了。

The jury agreed with her, but she lost the case on **appeal**.

陪审团同意她的说法，但在上诉时她败诉了。

6 VERB 动词 对...有吸引力；使感兴趣 If something **appeals** to you, you find it attractive or interesting.

On the other hand, the idea **appealed** to him...

从另一方面来说，这个想法又使他很感兴趣。

The range has long **appealed** to all tastes.

该系列长期受到各类人士的欢迎。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 See also: [sex appeal](#)； 吸引力；感染力 The **appeal** of something is a quality that it has which people find attractive or interesting.

Its new title was meant to give the party greater public **appeal**...

新的党名意在使该党对公众具有更强的吸引力。

Johnson's **appeal** is to people in all walks of life.

约翰逊广受各界人士欢迎。

8 See also: [appealing](#)；

appearance ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 出席；参加；露面 When someone makes an **appearance** at a public event or in a broadcast, they take part in it.

It was the president's second public **appearance** to date...

这是总统到那时为止的第二次公开露面。

Keegan made 68 **appearances** in two seasons for Southampton, scoring 37 times.

基冈为南安普敦队踢了两个赛季，共上场68次，进球37个。

2 N-SING 单数名词 外貌；外表；外观 Someone's or something's **appearance** is the way that they look.

She used to be so fussy about her **appearance**...

她过去非常在意自己的容貌。

He had the **appearance** of a college student...

他的模样就像个大学生。

A flat-roofed extension will add nothing to the value or **appearance** of the house.

增建一个平顶房既不会使房子增值也不会使其更美观。

3 N-SING 单数名词 (尤指出乎意料的)到来，出现 The **appearance** of someone or something in a place is their arrival there, especially when it is unexpected.

The sudden **appearance** of a few bags of rice could start a riot.

突然出现几袋大米可能会引起骚乱。

...last Christmas, when there'd been the welcome **appearance** of Cousin Fred.

去年圣诞，堂兄弗雷德的现身受到热烈欢迎。

4 N-SING 单数名词 出现；开始使用；问世 The **appearance** of something new is its coming into existence or use.

Flowering plants were making their first **appearance**, but were still a rarity...

显花植物开始出现了，但仍然很少。

Fears are growing of a cholera outbreak following the **appearance** of a number of cases in the city.

该市出现几起霍乱病例之后，人们对霍乱爆发的恐惧越来越强烈。

5 N-SING 单数名词 样子；表现 If something has the **appearance** of a quality, it seems to have that quality.

We tried to meet both children's needs without the **appearance** of favoritism or unfairness...

我们尽力对两个孩子的需要都予以满足，而不显得有所偏向或袒护。

The US president risked giving the **appearance** that the US was taking sides.

美国总统冒险作出美国正在表明立场的姿态。

6 PHRASE 短语 从外表看来；显然 If something is true to **all appearances**, **from all appearances**, or **by all appearances**, it seems from what you observe or know about it that it is true.

He was a small and to **all appearances** an unassuming man.

他个子小，看上去不事张扬。

7 PHRASE 短语 装样子；撑场面；打肿脸充胖子 If you **keep up appearances**, you try to behave and dress in a way that people expect of you, even if you can no longer afford it.

His parents' obsession with keeping up **appearances** haunted his childhood.

父母过于爱面子的做法在他儿时一直困扰着他。

8 PHRASE 短语 露一下面；到场稍作停留 If you **put in an appearance** at an event, you go to it for a short time although you may not really want to, but do not stay.

You must put in an **appearance**, at least, or she'll think you're avoiding her.

至少，你必须露一下面，否则她会认为你在躲避她。

apply ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 申请；请求 If you **apply** for something such as a job or membership of an organization, you write a letter or fill in a form in order to ask formally for it.

I am continuing to **apply** for jobs...

我正在继续找工作。

They may **apply** to join the organization.

他们可以申请加入该组织。

2 VERB 动词 使(自己)全神贯注于；使(注意力等)集中于 If you **apply yourself** to something or **apply your mind** to something, you concentrate hard on doing it or on thinking about it.

Faulks has **applied** himself to this task with considerable energy...

福克斯为这项任务倾注了大量精力。

In spare moments he **applied** his mind to how rockets could be used to make money.

在业余时间他潜心研究如何能用火箭来赚钱。

3 VERB 动词 适用；适合 If something such as a rule or a remark **applies** to a person or in a situation, it is relevant to the person or the situation.

The convention does not **apply** to us...

这条惯例对我们不适用。

The rule **applies** where a person owns stock in a corporation.

该规定适用于持有公司股票的人。

4 VERB 动词 应用；运用 If you **apply** something such as a rule, system, or skill, you use it in a situation or activity.

The Government appears to be **applying** the same principle...

政府似乎是在运用相同的原则。

His project is concerned with **applying** the technology to practical business problems.

他的项目是将这项技术应用于实际的商务问题。

5 VERB 动词 将(名字等)用于 A name that is **applied** to someone or something is used to refer to them.

Connell said a new medical term should be **applied** to Berg's actions. He calls it 'medicide'.

康奈尔说应该用一个新的医学名词描述伯格的行

为。他称之为“医生协助自杀”。

6 VERB 动词 **涂抹；敷用；施用** If you **apply** something to a surface, you put it on or rub it into the surface.

The right thing would be to **apply** direct pressure to the wound...

正确的做法是直接按住伤口。

Applying the dye can be messy, particularly on long hair.

涂抹染发剂可能会搞得一团糟，特别是长发。

7 VERB 动词 **踩（刹车）** When the driver of a vehicle **applies** the brakes, he or she uses them to slow the vehicle down or to stop it from moving.

They forgot to **apply** the handbrake and the car rolled 60ft into the river.

他们忘了拉手刹，汽车翻滚了60英尺，掉进了河里。

8 See also: [applied](#) ;

approach ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **靠近；接近；走近** When you **approach** something, you get closer to it.

He didn't **approach** the front door at once...

他没有马上走向前门。

When I **approached**, they grew silent...

当我走近时，他们就不说话了。

We turned to see the **approaching** car slow down.

我们转身看见驶近的车慢慢停下。

Approach is also a noun.

At their **approach** the little boy ran away and hid.

他们一走近，小男孩就逃走藏了起来。

...the **approach** of a low-flying helicopter.

一架低空飞行的直升机的逼近

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **路径；途径；道路** An **approach** to a place is a road, path, or other route that leads to it.

The path serves as an **approach** to the boat house.

这条小路通往船屋。

3 VERB 动词 **与...接洽；找...商量** If you **approach** someone about something, you speak to them about it for the first time, often making an offer or request.

When Chappel **approached** me about the job, my first reaction was of disbelief...

当查普尔为这份工作找我商量时，我的第一反应是不相信。

He **approached** me to create and design the restaurant...

他请我建造并设计该饭店。

Anna **approached** several builders and was fortunate to come across Eddie.

安娜与几个建筑商有过接洽，并且很幸运地碰到了埃迪。

Approach is also a noun.

There had already been **approaches** from buyers interested in the whole of the group.

已有对整组感兴趣的买家来进行洽谈。

4 VERB 动词 **探讨；处理；对待** When you **approach** a task, problem, or situation in a particular way, you deal with it or think about it in that way.

The Bank has **approached** the issue in a practical way...

银行已经实际解决了这个问题。

Employers are interested in how you **approach** problems.

雇主们对你如何处理问题感兴趣。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **方法；态度；手段** Your **approach** to a task, problem, or situation is the way you deal with it or think about it.

We will be exploring different **approaches** to gathering information.

我们将探索收集信息的不同方法。

...the adversarial **approach** of the British legal system.

英国法律制度采用的辩论式审判模式

6 VERB 动词 **临近；来临** As a future time or event **approaches**, it gradually gets nearer as time passes.

As autumn **approached**, the plants and colours in the garden changed.

秋天临近，花园中的草木和颜色也发生了变化。

...the **approaching** crisis.

步步逼近的危机

Approach is also a noun.

...the festive spirit that permeated the house with the **approach** of Christmas.

随着圣诞节临近房子里洋溢着的节日气氛

7 VERB 动词 **接近（未来时间或事件）** As you **approach** a future time or event, time passes so that you get gradually nearer to it.

We **approach** the end of the year with the economy slowing and little sign of cheer.

接近年末时，我们面临经济迟滞、处处萧条的局面。

8 VERB 动词 **近似；接近于** If something **approaches** a particular level or state, it almost reaches that level or state.

Oil prices have **approached** their highest level for almost ten years...

石油价格已接近近10年中的最高水平。

Mansell will race at average speeds **approaching** 200mph.

曼塞尔将以接近每小时200英里的平均车速参赛。

approve ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **赞成；同意** If you **approve** of an action, event, or suggestion, you like it or are pleased about it.

Not everyone **approves** of the festival...

不是所有人都赞成庆祝该节日。

I **approved** of the proposal.

我赞成该提案。

2 VERB 动词 **赞许；嘉许；喜欢** If you **approve** of someone or something, you like and admire them.

You've never **approved** of Henry, have you?...

你从来没有喜欢过亨利，对吗？

I didn't **approve** of his manner.

我不喜欢他的态度。

3 VERB 动词 **批准；认可；通过** If someone in a position of authority **approves** a plan or idea, they formally agree to it and say that it can happen.

The Russian Parliament has **approved** a program of radical economic reforms...

俄罗斯议会已经通过一项重大经济改革方案。

MPs **approved** the Bill by a majority of 97.

议员们以97票的多数票通过了该议案。

4 VERB 动词 **批准；核准** If a product or person is **approved** by an official organization, they are declared to be of a good enough standard to be used or employed.

We have three suppliers in all who are **approved** by the Organic Farm Food Association.

我们总共有3家获有机农产品协会认可的供货商。

5 See also: [approved](#) ; [approving](#) ;

argue ★★★★★

1 V-RECIP 相互动词 **争吵；争执** If one person **argues** with another, they speak angrily to each other about something that they disagree about. You can also say that two people **argue** .

The committee is concerned about players' behaviour, especially **arguing** with referees...

委员会很关注运动员的行为，特别是与裁判争吵的行为。

They were still **arguing** ; I could hear them down the road.

他们还在争吵；我在马路的那头都能听见他们的声音。

2 VERB 动词 **争论；争辩** If you tell someone not to **argue** with you, you want them to do or believe what you say without protest or disagreement.

Don't **argue** with me...

别和我争辩。

The children go to bed at 10.30. No one dares **argue** .

孩子们10点半上床睡觉。没有人敢说。

3 V-RECIP 相互动词 **辩论；讨论** If you **argue** with someone about something, you discuss it with them, with each of you giving your different opinions.

He was **arguing** with the King about the need to maintain the cavalry at full strength...

他正和国王讨论保留骑兵全部力量的必要性。

They are **arguing** over foreign policy...

他们正就外交政策进行讨论。

The two of them sitting in their office were

arguing this point.

他们两人坐在办公室里讨论这一点。

4 VERB 动词 **主张；认为** If you **argue that** something is true, you state it and give the reasons why you think it is true.

His lawyers are arguing that he is unfit to stand trial...

他的律师正在提出理由说明他不适合出庭受审。

It could be **argued** that the British are not aggressive enough.

可以说英国人不够强势。

5 VERB 动词 **支持/反对** If you **argue for** something, you say why you agree with it, in order to persuade people that it is right. If you **argue against** something, you say why you disagree with it, in order to persuade people that it is wrong.

The report **argues against** tax increases...

报告提出理由反对提高税率。

I **argued** the case for an independent central bank.

我支持设立独立的中央银行。

6 VERB 动词 **论证；说理；争辩** If you **argue**, you support your opinions with evidence in an ordered or logical way.

I've **argued** deductively from the text...

我已依文字作过推理论证。

He **argued** persuasively, and was full of confidence.

他的论证很有说服力，且充满自信。

7 VERB 动词 **不承认；对...有争议** If you say that no-one can **argue with** a particular fact or opinion, you are emphasizing that it is obviously true and so everyone must accept it.

We produced the best soccer of the tournament. Nobody would **argue with** that.

本届比赛中我们踢出了最漂亮的足球，谁都不会否认这一点。

8 to argue the toss → see: [loss](#) ;

相关词组：

[argue out](#)

argument ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **理由；论据；论点** An **argument** is a statement or set of statements that you use in order to try to convince people that your opinion about something is correct.

There's a strong **argument** for lowering the price...

有充分理由要求降低价格。

The doctors have set out their **arguments** against the proposals...

医生们已经陈述了他们反对这些提案的理由。

It is better to convince by **argument** than seduce by example.

以理说服强于举例诱导。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **讨论；辩论** An **argument** is a discussion or debate in which a number of people put forward different or opposing opinions.

The incident has triggered fresh **arguments** about the role of the extreme right in France...

该事件引发了关于极右翼势力在法国所起作用的新一轮讨论。

The issue has caused heated political **argument**.

这个问题已经引发了激烈的政治争论。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **争论；争执；争吵** An **argument** is a conversation in which people disagree with each other angrily or noisily.

Anny described how she got into an **argument** with one of the marchers.

安妮描述了她是如何与其中一位游行参与者发生争执的。

...a heated **argument**.

激烈的争吵

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **异议；质疑** If you accept something without **argument**, you do not question it or disagree with it.

He complied without **argument**...

他二话不说就服从了。

It should of course be given back. There is no **argument** about that.

它当然应该还回去，这是无可争议的。

5 See also: [counter-argument](#) ;

Usage Note :

Be careful with the spelling of this word, and do not confuse **argument** and **dispute**. An **argument** is a disagreement between people who may or may not know each other. A **dispute** is a serious argument that can last for a long time. **Disputes** generally occur between organizations, political parties, or countries. Note that **dispute** can also be a verb.

请注意该词拼写，不要混淆argument和dispute。argument指认识或不认识的人之间的争论。dispute指可延续很长时间的严重纷争，通常发生于组织、政党和国家之间。注意，dispute也可作动词。

armed ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **携带武器（通常为枪支）的** Someone who is **armed** is carrying a weapon, usually a gun.

City police said the man was **armed** with a revolver.

市警方称那名男子携带了一支左轮手枪。

...a barbed-wire fence patrolled by **armed** guards...

有武装警卫巡逻的带刺铁丝网围栏

The rebels are well organised, disciplined and very well **armed**.

叛乱者组织有序，纪律性强，武装精良。

2 ADJ 形容词 **使用武器的** An **armed** attack or conflict involves people fighting with guns or carrying weapons.

I call on everyone to renounce the use of violence and **armed** struggle...

我呼吁每个人都放弃使用暴力和武装斗争。

They had been found guilty of **armed** robbery.

他们被判犯有持械抢劫罪。

3 See also: [arm](#) ; [-armed](#) ;

arrest ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **逮捕；拘捕；拘留** If the police **arrest** you, they take charge of you and take you to a police station, because they believe you may have committed a crime.

Police **arrested** five young men in connection with one of the attacks...

警方逮捕了与其中一次袭击有关的5名青年男子。

The police say seven people were **arrested** for minor offences.

警方称有7人因轻罪被捕。

Arrest is also a noun.

...a substantial reward for information leading to the **arrest** of the bombers...

为抓捕放置炸弹者提供线索的人设置的巨额奖金

Police chased the fleeing terrorists and later made two **arrests**...

警方追踪逃跑的恐怖分子，后来逮捕了其中两人。

Murder squad detectives approached the man and placed him under **arrest**.

凶杀侦破组警探靠近那名男子，将其逮捕。

2 VERB 动词 **阻止；抑制** If something or someone **arrests** a process, they stop it continuing.

The sufferer may have to make major changes in his or her life to **arrest** the disease...

患者可能必须对生活习惯作出重大调整以控制病情。

The law could **arrest** the development of good research if applied prematurely.

如果草率施行，该法律将会阻滞高质量研究的进展。

3 VERB 动词 **吸引（注意）** If something interesting or surprising **arrests** your attention, you suddenly notice it and then continue to look at it or consider it carefully.

The work of an architect of genius always **arrests** the attention no matter how little remains...

天才建筑师的作品无论残留多少都能最大限度地吸引眼球。

As he reached the hall after her, he saw what had **arrested** her.

他跟随她到了大厅，看见了吸引她注意的东西。

arresting

The most **arresting** feature is the painted wall decoration.

最醒目的特点是绘有图画的地面装饰。

4 See also: [house arrest](#) ;

arrive ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 (人或交通工具) 到达, 抵达 When a person or vehicle **arrives** at a place, they come to it at the end of a journey.

Fresh groups of guests **arrived**...

新的客人接踵而来。

...a small group of commuters waiting for their train, which **arrived** on time...

几个通勤者等候的列车按时到达了

The Princess Royal **arrived** at Gatwick this morning from Jamaica.

长公主殿下从牙买加出发, 今天早上抵达盖特威克机场。

2 VERB 动词 初次来到; 初来乍到 When you **arrive** at a place, you come to it for the first time in order to stay, live, or work there.

...in the old days before the European settlers **arrived** in the country.

在欧洲殖民者来到这个国家之前的旧日时光

...a young student newly **arrived** in England from New Zealand.

从新西兰初次来到英格兰的年轻学生

3 VERB 动词 被送达; 被带来 When something such as letter or meal **arrives**, it is brought or delivered to you.

Any entry **arriving** after the closing date will not be considered...

截止日期之后报名参赛的人将不予考虑。

Breakfast **arrived** while he was in the bathroom.

早餐送来时他还在浴室里。

4 VERB 动词 (新产品或发明) 出现, 到来, 问世 When something such as a new product or invention **arrives**, it becomes available.

Several long-awaited videos will finally **arrive** in the shops this month...

几部让人翘首企盼的录像片终于将在这个月到货。

They'll be ready to embrace the new technology when it **arrives**.

他们随时准备迎接新技术的问世。

5 VERB 动词 (尤指经过等待或期盼后) 来临, 到来 When a particular moment or event **arrives**, it happens, especially after you have been waiting for it or expecting it.

The time has **arrived** when I need to give up smoking.

我戒烟的时机已到。

...the belief that the army would be much further forward before winter **arrived**.

认为军队在冬季来临之前将会向前大举推进的看法

6 VERB 动词 作出 (决定) When you **arrive at** something such as a decision, you decide something after thinking about it or discussing it.

...if the jury cannot **arrive at** a unanimous decision...

如果陪审团不能作出一致判决

These figures are **arrived at** on the basis of dentists' receipts for 1991-1992.

这些数字是根据1991至1992年间的牙医收据统计得出的。

7 VERB 动词 (婴儿) 出生, 降生 When a baby **arrives**, it is born.

It's very unlikely that your baby will **arrive** before you get to hospital.

你的孩子不大可能在你到达医院之前就出生。

8 VERB 动词 取得成功; 成名 If you say that someone **has arrived**, you mean that they have become successful or famous.

These are cars which show you've **arrived** and had a good time along the way.

这样的车可以显示你已功成名就, 并且一路顺风顺水。

Usage Note :

You use both **arrive** and **reach** to talk about coming to a particular place. You can use **arrive** to emphasize being in a place rather than travelling to it. *When I arrived in England I was exhausted.* **Reach** is always followed by a noun or pronoun referring to a place, and you can use it to emphasize the effort required to get there. *To reach the capital might not be easy.* **Arrive at** and **reach** can also be used to say that someone eventually makes a decision or finds the answer to something. *It took hours to arrive at a decision...* *They were unable to reach a decision.*

arrive和**reach**都可表示到达某地。**arrive**强调“在某地”, 而非“去某地”: *When I arrived in England I was exhausted* (我到达英格兰的时候已经精疲力竭了)。**reach**后面总是接表示地点的名词或代词, 强调到达某地的不易: *To reach the capital might not be easy* (到达首都可能不太容易)。**arrive at**和**reach**也可以用来表示终于作出决定或是找到答案: *It took hours to arrive at a decision* (作决定花了几个小时的时间), *They were unable to reach a decision* (他们没能达成一项决议)。

article ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (报纸、杂志的) 文章 An **article** is a piece of writing that is published in a newspaper or magazine.

...a newspaper **article**...

一篇报载文章

...a travel **article**...

一篇游记

According to an **article** in *The Economist* the drug could have side effects.

《经济学家》杂志上的一篇文章讲到这种药可能有副作用。

...Canning's **article** about the Buxton Festival.

坎宁的一篇关于巴克斯顿艺术节的文章

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 物品; 物件 You can refer to objects as **articles** of some kind.

...**articles** of clothing...

衣物

He had stripped the house of all **articles** of value.

他把房间里值钱的东西洗劫一空。

...household **articles**.

家居用品

3 PHRASE 短语 正品; 真货 If you describe something as **the genuine article**, you are emphasizing that it is genuine, and often that it is very good.

The vodka was the **genuine article**.

这种伏特加酒是正品。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (契约、文件的) 条款, 条文, 项目 An **article** of a formal agreement or document is a section of it which deals with a particular point.

The country appears to be violating several **articles** of the convention.

这个国家看起来违反了公约中的好几项条款。

...Article 50 of the UN charter.

《联合国宪章》第50条

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 见习契约 Someone who is in **articles** is being trained as a lawyer or accountant by a firm with whom they have a written agreement.

In 1986, 44 per cent of those admitted to **articles** were women.

1986年, 44%的实习生为女性。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 冠词 (a和an是不定冠词, the是定冠词) In grammar, an **article** is a kind of determiner. In English, 'a' and 'an' are called **the indefinite article**, and 'the' is called **the definite article**.

artist ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 画家; 雕塑家; 艺术家 An **artist** is someone who draws or paints pictures or creates sculptures as a job or a hobby.

...the studio of a great **artist**...

一个伟大的艺术家的工作室

Each poster is signed by the **artist**...

每幅海报都有这个艺术家的签名。

I'm not a good **artist**.

我不是优秀的艺术家。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 艺术家 (如小说家、诗人、导演等) An **artist** is a person who creates novels, poems, films, or other things which can be considered as works of art.

His books are enormously easy to read, yet he is a serious **artist**...

虽然他是一个不折不扣的艺术家, 但是他的作品极其通俗易懂。

Engel is quoted as saying that balanced people do not become **artists**.

引用恩格尔的话说就是理性的人是成不了艺术家的。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 表演艺术家; 艺人 An **artist** is a performer such as a musician, actor, or dancer.

...a popular **artist** who has sold millions of records.

唱片销量达到数百万张的当红音乐家

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **能手；高手；大师** If you say that someone is an **artist** at a particular activity, you mean they are very skilled at it.

He is an exceptional footballer — an **artist**.

他是一名出色的足球运动员，一个足球高手。

aspect ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **方面；形态；特性** An **aspect** of something is one of the parts of its character or nature.

Climate and weather affect every **aspect** of our lives...

气候和天气影响着我们生活的方方面面。

He was interested in all **aspects** of the work here...

他对这里工作的所有方面都感兴趣。

Monroe described the financial **aspect** as crucial.

门罗认为金融方面至关重要。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(建筑物或窗的)朝向，方向** The **aspect** of a building or window is the direction in which it faces.

The house had a south-west **aspect**.

这幢房子面向西南。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **(事物的)外观，样子，特征** If something begins to have a new **aspect**, it begins to have a new appearance or quality.

Our journey had taken on a new **aspect**. The countryside was no longer familiar...

我们所到之地呈现出一派新景象。乡村变得不再熟悉。

The snowy street, like the church, assumed a dumb, lifeless **aspect**.

积雪覆盖的街道就像教堂一样，显得沉闷、毫无生气。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(语法中动词的)体** In grammar, **aspect** is the way that a verb group shows whether an activity is continuing, is repeated, or is completed. For example, in 'They were laughing', the verb is in the progressive **aspect** and shows that the action was continuing.

asset ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **有用的物(或人)；财富** Something or someone that is an **asset** is considered useful or helps a person or organization to be successful.

Her leadership qualities were the greatest **asset** of the Conservative Party...

她的领导才能是保守党最宝贵的财富。

His Republican credentials made him an **asset**.

他作为共和党人的资历成了他的一笔财富。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **资产；财产** The **assets** of a company or a person are all the things that they own.

By the end of 1989 the group had **assets** of 3.5 billion francs.

到1989年底该集团拥有的资产达35亿法郎。

association ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [housing association](#) ; **团体；协会；社团** An **association** is an official group of people who have the same job, aim, or interest.

...the British Olympic **Association**...

英国奥林匹克协会

Research **associations** are often linked to a particular industry.

研究协会常与某个特定的行业挂钩。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **关联；交往** Your **association with** a person or a thing such as an organization is the connection that you have with them.

...the company's six-year **association with** retailer J.C. Penney Co...

该公司与零售商 J. C. 彭尼公司6年的业务往来

Blyth's **association with** the sea began in 1966...

布莱思的航海生涯始于1966年。

The **association between** the two companies stretches back thirty years.

这两家公司的往来可以追溯到30年前。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **联想** If something has particular **associations** for you, it is connected in your mind with a particular memory, idea, or feeling.

He has a shelf full of things, each of which has **associations** for him...

他的一个搁架上摆满了东西，每一样都能勾起他许多回忆。

Black was considered inappropriate because of its **associations with** death.

不宜用黑色，因为它让人联想到死亡。

4 PHRASE 短语 **与...联合；与...合作** If you do something **in association with** someone else, you do it together.

Published **in association with** the Council for the Protection of Rural England, the book provides refreshing solutions to the long-term problem of water conservation.

这本书与英格兰乡村保护委员会合作出版，就节约水资源这个长期问题提供了全新的解决方法。

5 PHRASE 短语 **(事物)与...在一起** If one thing is found **in association with** another, they are found together.

assume ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **假定；以为；假设** If you **assume** that something is true, you imagine that it is true, sometimes wrongly.

It is a misconception to **assume** that the two continents are similar...

关于这两块大陆相似的假设是一种误解。

If the package is wrapped well, we **assume** the contents are also wonderful...

如果包装精美，我们就会认为里面装的也是好东西。

If mistakes occurred, they were **assumed** to be the fault of the commander on the spot...

如果出现了错误，就会认为是现场指挥官的失误。

'Today?' — 'I'd **assume** so, yeah.'

“今天？”——“对，我觉得是。”

2 VERB 动词 **掌管，夺取，取得(权力)；承担(责任)** If someone **assumes** power or responsibility, they take power or responsibility.

Mr Cross will **assume** the role of Chief Executive with a team of four directors...

克罗斯先生将出任首席执行官，手下有4位经理。

If there is no president, power will be **assumed** by the most extremist forces.

如果没有主席，权力就会落入最极端的过激分子手中。

3 VERB 动词 **呈现，具有，显露(某种特质)** If something **assumes** a particular quality, it begins to have that quality.

In his dreams, the mountains **assumed** enormous importance.

在他的梦中，山有着至关重要的作用。

4 VERB 动词 **表现出(某种表情)；装出，做出(某种样子)** If you **assume** a particular expression or way of behaving, you start to look or behave in this way.

He contented himself by **assuming** an air of superiority...

他表现出一副高高在上的样子以获得自我满足。

Prue **assumed** a placatory tone of voice.

普吕以一种安慰人的语气说话。

5 PHRASE 短语 See also: [assuming](#) ; **让我们假设；姑且假设** You can use **let us assume** or **let's assume** when you are considering a possible situation or event, so that you can think about the consequences.

Let us **assume** those clubs actually win something. Then players will receive large bonuses...

倘若那些俱乐部真的赢了，那么球员就会获得一大笔奖金。

Let's **assume** for a moment that I am a litigant in your court.

暂且假设我是你的诉讼当事人。

attend ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **出席；参加** If you **attend** a meeting or other event, you are present at it.

Thousands of people **attended** the funeral...

数千人参加了葬礼。

The meeting will be **attended** by finance ministers from many countries...

很多国家的财政部长将出席会议。

We want the maximum number of people to

attend to help us cover our costs.

我们希望有尽量多的人参加，以帮我们平衡支出。

2 VERB 动词 去(学校、教堂等)；上(学) If you attend an institution such as a school, college, or church, you go there regularly.

They attended college together at the University of Pennsylvania.

他们一起就读于宾夕法尼亚大学。

3 VERB 动词 处理，料理(事情)；照顾，护理(受伤的人) If you attend to something, you deal with it. If you attend to someone who is hurt or injured, you care for them.

The staff will helpfully attend to your needs...

工作人员会帮忙满足您的需求。

There are more pressing matters to be attended to today...

今天有更紧急的事情要处理。

The main thing is to attend to the injured.

首要任务是照顾伤者。

attention ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 注意；留心；专注 If you give someone or something your attention, you look at it, listen to it, or think about it carefully.

You have my undivided attention...

我专心听你所讲。

Later he turned his attention to the desperate state of housing in the province.

其后，他将注意力转向了该省形势严峻的住房问题。

...young children with short attention spans.

很难长时间保持注意力集中的小孩子

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (尤指大众的)注意力，关注 Attention is great interest that is shown in someone or something, particularly by the general public.

Volume Two, subtitled 'The Lawyers', will also attract considerable attention...

副标题为“律师”的第二册也将获得广泛关注。

The conference may help to focus attention on the economy.

此次会议可能有助于将关注焦点放在经济上。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 保养；照料；照顾 If someone or something is getting attention, they are being dealt with or cared for.

Each year more than two million household injuries need medical attention.

每年有超过200万起家中受伤事件需要医疗处理。

...a demanding baby who seems to want attention 24 hours a day.

好像一天24小时都要人照看的难缠的宝宝

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (尤指令人讨厌的)关注，殷勤 You can refer to someone's efforts to help you, or the interest they show in you, as their attentions, especially if you dislike or disapprove of them.

The only way to escape the unwanted attentions of the local men was not to go out...

避免被当地人指指点点的唯一办法就是闭门不出。

The meeting was held away from the attentions of the media...

会议的举行避开了媒体的关注。

Some men are flattered by the attentions of a young woman.

年轻女性的倾心会使一些男人飘飘然起来。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 注意；注意力 If you bring something to someone's attention or draw their attention to it, you tell them about it or make them notice it.

If we don't keep bringing this to the attention of the people, nothing will be done...

如果我们无法让群众一直关注此事，那将一事无成。

We conclude by drawing attention to the issues around which the debate should focus.

我们作总结时着重提到了辩论应该关注的一些问题。

6 PHRASE 短语 (突然)吸引...的注意 If someone or something attracts your attention or catches your attention, you suddenly notice them.

A faint aroma of coffee attracted his attention...

淡淡的咖啡香味一下子吸引了他。

He sat at one of the round tables and tried to attract her attention.

他坐在其中一张圆桌旁边，想引起她的注意。

7 PHRASE 短语 关心/不关心；注意/不注意 If you pay attention to someone, you watch them, listen to them, or take notice of them. If you pay no attention to someone, you behave as if you are not aware of them or as if they are not important.

More than ever before, the food industry is paying attention to young consumers...

食品工业比以往任何时候都更加关注年轻消费者。

Other people walk along the beach at night, so I didn't pay any attention at first...

入夜后还有人在沙滩上散步，起先我并没注意到。

I was living just for myself and paying little attention to God.

我过去只为自己活，哪管上帝怎么想。

8 PHRASE 短语 立正 When people stand to attention or stand at attention, they stand straight with their feet together and their arms at their sides.

Soldiers in full combat gear stood at attention...

全副武装的士兵们立正站着。

The waiters stood to attention with napkins folded over their arms.

服务员笔直站立着，餐巾折叠着放在他们的手臂上。

attitude ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 (尤指从行为中表现出来的)态度，看法 Your attitude to something is the way that you think and feel about it, especially when this shows in the way you behave.

...the general change in attitude towards handicapped people...

对残疾人态度的整体转变

Being unemployed produces negative attitudes to work...

失业会产生对工作的消极态度。

His attitude made me angry...

他的态度让我很生气。

I don't think it's fair to accuse me of having an attitude problem.

我觉得指责我有态度问题有失公允。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 个人风格；(尤指)咄咄逼人的作派 If you refer to someone as a person with attitude, you mean that they have a striking and individual style of behaviour, especially a forceful or aggressive one.

Patti Smith and Janis Joplin did it all years ago and they were women with attitude and talent.

帕蒂·史密斯和詹妮斯·乔普林多年前就这样做过，她们当时是两位个性鲜明的才女。

3 PHRASE 短语 思想方法；感情 Your attitude of mind is your general way of thinking and feeling.

Writing calls for a critical attitude of mind that he did not possess.

写作需要有批判性思维，而这正是他所不具备的。

attract ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 吸引 If something attracts people or animals, it has features that cause them to come to it.

The Cardiff Bay project is attracting many visitors...

加的夫海湾项目吸引了众多游客。

Warm weather has attracted the flat fish close to shore...

温暖的气候将比目鱼引到了近海。

Summer attracts visitors to the countryside.

在夏季，多村游很吸引游客。

2 VERB 动词 引起...的注意(或兴趣、赞赏等)；诱惑 If someone or something attracts you, they have particular qualities which cause you to like or admire them. If a particular quality attracts you to a person or thing, it is the reason why you like them.

He wasn't sure he'd got it right, although the theory attracted him by its logic...

该理论的逻辑性吸引了他，但他不能确定自己的理解是否正确。

What first attracted me to her was her incredible experience of life...

她离奇的人生经历最先吸引了我。

More people would be attracted to cycling if conditions were right.

如果天气适宜，会有更多的人被吸引到骑自行车的行列中来。

3 VERB 动词 引起...的好感；吸引；诱惑 If you

re attracted to someone, you are interested in them sexually.

In spite of her hostility, she was attracted to him...

尽管自己心存敌意，她还是为他所吸引。

I was married to a man who had ceased to attract me.

我嫁给了一个我已不再钟情的男人。

attracted

He was nice looking, but I wasn't deeply attracted to him...

他长得很帅，可我对他不是很有感觉。

Men swarmed around her, attracted by her beautiful blonde looks.

男人们被她金发碧眼的美貌迷得团团转。

4 VERB 动词 吸引，招引（支持、关注或金钱） If something attracts support, publicity, or money, it receives support, publicity, or money.

President Mwinyi said his country would also like to attract investment from private companies...

姆维尼总统说他的国家同样愿意吸收来自私营公司的投资。

Opinion polls suggest that the two rebels have attracted a lot of sympathy.

民意测验显示两名反对者获得了大量支持。

5 VERB 动词（物体间）吸引，产生引力 If one object attracts another object, it causes the second object to move towards it.

Anything with strong gravity attracts other things to it.

任何有较强重力的物体都会对其他物体产生引力。

6 to attract someone's attention → see: attention ;

audience ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 观众；听众 The audience at a play, concert, film, or public meeting is the group of people watching or listening to it.

The entire audience broke into loud applause...

全场观众爆发出热烈的掌声。

He was speaking to an audience of students at the Institute for International Affairs.

他在国际事务学院给学生们作演讲。

2 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 See also: studio audience ;

（电视或广播节目的）观众，听众 The audience for a television or radio programme consists of all the people who watch or listen to it.

The concert will be relayed to a worldwide television audience estimated at one thousand million.

这场音乐会将向全球约10亿电视观众转播。

3 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 读者 The audience of a writer or artist is the people who read their books or look at their work.

Say's writings reached a wide audience during his lifetime...

在塞伊有生之年，他的作品拥有大量的读者。

She began to find a receptive audience for her work.

她开始为作品寻找知音。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词（与要人的）接见，会见，拜见 If you have an audience with someone important, you have a formal meeting with them.

The Prime Minister will seek an audience with the Queen later this morning.

今天上午晚些时候首相将会觐见女王陛下。

aunt ★★★★★

1 N-FAMILY ; N-TITLE 家庭成员名词；头衔名词 See also: agony aunt ; 姨妈；姑妈；伯母；舅妈 Someone's aunt is the sister of their mother or father, or the wife of their uncle.

She wrote to her aunt in America...

她给远在美国的姨妈写了封信。

It was a present from Aunt Vera.

这是薇拉姑妈送的礼物。

author ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 作者；著作者 The author of a piece of writing is the person who wrote it.

...Jill Phillips, author of the book 'Give Your Child Music'.

吉尔·菲利普斯，《给孩子音乐》一书的作者

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 作家 An author is a person whose job is writing books.

Haruki Murakami is Japan's best-selling author.

村上春树是日本当红的畅销书作家。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词（计划或建议的）筹划者，制定者 The author of a plan or proposal is the person who thinks of it and works out the details.

The authors of the plan believe they can reach this point within about two years.

该计划的提出者相信他们约在两年内可以达成该目标。

4 VERB 动词 创作；撰写 To author something means to be the author of it.

Then he opened a restaurant, authored a book, and landed his own radio show.

后来他开了个餐馆，写了本书，还制作了自己的广播剧。

...a proposal authored by subcommittee chairman Quentin Burdick.

专门小组委员会主席昆廷·伯迪克提出的建议

5 See also: co-author ;

average ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 平均数；均值 An average is the result that you get when you add two or more numbers together and divide the total by the number of numbers you added together.

Take the average of those ratios and multiply by a hundred.

算出那些比率的平均值再乘以100。

Average is also an adjective.

The average price of goods rose by just 2.2%...

商品平均价格只上涨了2.2%。

Of America's million millionaires in 1985, the average age was 63.

1985年美国上百万的百万富翁的平均年龄是63岁。

2 N-SING 单数名词 约数；平均值 You use average to refer to a number or size that varies but is always approximately the same.

It takes an average of ten weeks for a house sale to be completed.

售出一幢房子平均需要10周的时间。

3 ADJ 形容词 一般的；通常的；普通的 An average person or thing is typical or normal.

The average adult man burns 1,500 to 2,000 calories per day...

普通成年男子每天消耗的热量为1,500到2,000卡路里。

Packaging is about a third of what is found in an average British dustbin.

英国垃圾桶里平均约有1/3是产品包装。

4 N-SING 单数名词 正常数量；一般水平 An amount or quality that is the average is the normal amount or quality for a particular group of things or people.

Most areas suffered more rain than usual, with Northern Ireland getting double the average for the month.

大部分地区降雨超过通常水平，北爱尔兰地区本月的降水量则为平均值的两倍。

Average is also an adjective.

£2.20 for a beer is average.

一杯啤酒价格通常为2.2英镑。

...a woman of average height.

一个中等身材的妇女

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 普通的；寻常的；一般的 Something that is average is neither very good nor very bad, usually when you had hoped it would be better.

I was only average academically.

我的学习成绩一般。

averagely

Most children are not geniuses or stars. They just do averagely well...

大多数孩子既不是天才也不是明星，他们只是表现平平。

The songs are performed averagely, although the band seem to be enjoying themselves.

歌曲演唱得很一般，不过乐队好像很自我陶醉。

6 VERB 动词（一段时间内）平均值为 To average a particular amount means to do, get, or produce that amount as an average over a period of time.

We averaged 42 miles per hour.

我们的平均时速是每小时42英里。

...pay increases averaging 9.75%.

9.75%的工资平均增长幅度

7 PHRASE 短语 平均起来；按平均值 You say on average or on an average to indicate that a number is the average of several numbers.

American shares rose, on average, by 38%...

美国股票价格平均上涨了38%。

On an average we would be spending £300 per day.

平均下来，我们每天要花费300英镑。

8 PHRASE 短语 基本上；大体上 If you say that something is true on average, you mean that it is generally true.

On average, American firms remain the most productive in the world.

总体来讲，美国公司在全球范围内还是产值最高。

9 law of averages → see: law ;

相关词组：

[average out](#)

avoid ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 避免，防止（坏事发生） If you avoid something unpleasant that might happen, you take action in order to prevent it from happening.

The pilots had to take emergency action to avoid a disaster...

飞行员不得不采取紧急措施避免灾难的发生。

Women have to dress modestly, to avoid being harassed by the locals.

女士穿着应当庄重，以免受到当地人的骚扰。

2 VERB 动词 避免（做...） If you avoid doing something, you choose not to do it, or you put yourself in a situation where you do not have to do it.

By borrowing from dozens of banks, he managed to avoid giving any of them an overall picture of what he was up to...

他向许多银行借款，使得任何一家都搞不清楚他到底要做什么。

He was always careful to avoid embarrassment.

他总是小心谨慎地避免尴尬。

3 VERB 动词 躲开（人、事物）；回避（话题） If you avoid a person or thing, you keep away from them. When talking to someone, if you avoid the subject, you keep the conversation away from a particular topic.

She eventually had to lock herself in the toilets to avoid him...

她最后只好把自己锁在厕所里来躲开他。

All through lunch he had carefully avoided the subject of the house.

整个午饭期间，他一直在小心翼翼地回避房子的话题。

4 VERB 动词（人或车改变方向）避让 If a person or vehicle avoids someone or something, they change the direction they are moving in, so that they do not hit them.

The driver had ample time to brake or swerve and avoid the woman.

司机有足够的时间刹车或急转弯，来避开那个女人。

5 to avoid someone or something like the plague → see: plague ;

Usage Note :

When you try not to do something, you say that you **avoid doing it**, not that you 'avoid to do it'. *This leaflet tells you how to avoid getting ill.* If you want to suggest that you cannot stop yourself from doing something, you should use the expression **can't help**. *I'm sorry, I can't help being suspicious...* *Nobody liked her to cough, but she couldn't help it.* If you **prevent** something, you do something to ensure that it does not happen. *They must take urgent action to prevent a famine.* If you **prevent** accidents or diseases, you stop them from happening. If you **avoid** accidents or diseases, you succeed in not having them or catching them. ...*a rope that prevented her from falling.* ...*a sound recommendation for avoiding cancer.* Note that you do not use **prevent** when telling people about danger. The word you use is **warn**, and you can **warn** people about or of a danger. You can also **warn** them that something is happening or **warn** them to do something. *I warned her about the hole in the floor..* *She warned me to stay away.*

当表示避免做某事时，用avoid doing it, 不能用avoid to do it。例如：This leaflet tells you how to avoid getting ill（这个小册子指导人们如何预防疾病）。如果想表示情不自禁地做某事，用短语can't help。例如：I'm sorry, I can't help being suspicious（对不起，我忍不住要表示怀疑），Nobody liked her to cough, but she couldn't help it（大家都不希望她咳嗽，但她忍不住）。prevent意为防止某事发生，例如：They must take urgent action to prevent a famine（他们必须立即采取行动预防饥荒）。prevent后接事故或疾病，表示防止其发生。avoid后接事故或疾病，表示成功地避免受影响或感染。例如：a rope that prevented her from falling（让她不至于摔倒的绳子），a sound recommendation for avoiding cancer（预防癌症的合理建议）。注意，在告诉别人有危险时，不用prevent，而用warn。警告某人某事要发生或告诫某人做某事也可用warn。例如：I warned her about the hole in the floor（我提醒她地上有个洞），She warned me to stay away（她警告我离远点儿）。

award ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 奖；奖品；奖状 An award is a prize or certificate that a person is given for doing something well.

...the Booker prize, Britain's top award for fiction...

布克奖，英国小说界的最高荣誉

She presented a bravery award to schoolgirl Caroline Tucker.

她向女学生卡罗琳·塔克颁发了英勇奖状。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词（赔偿金等的）裁定额 In law, an award is a sum of money that a court decides should be given to someone.

...workmen's compensation awards.

判给工人的赔偿金

3 N-COUNT 可数名词（作为奖励的）加薪 A pay award is an increase in pay for a particular group of workers.

...this year's average pay award for teachers of just under 8%.

今年教师平均加薪幅度将近8%

4 VERB 动词 授予；颁发；给（分） If someone is awarded something such as a prize or an examination mark, it is given to them.

She was awarded the prize for both films...

她的两部电影双双获奖。

For his dedication the Mayor awarded him a medal of merit.

为表彰他的奉献精神，市长授予他荣誉奖章。

5 VERB 动词 给予；判给 To award something to someone means to decide that it will be given to that person.

We have awarded the contract to a British shipyard...

我们将合同给了一家英国造船厂。

A High Court judge had awarded him £6 million damages.

高级法院法官裁定他获得600万英镑的损失赔偿金。

aware ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 知道的；明白的 If you are aware of something, you know about it.

Smokers are well aware of the dangers to their own health...

吸烟的人都知道吸烟对自身健康的危害。

He should have been aware of what his junior officers were doing...

他本应该清楚自己下级们的所作所为。

He must have been aware that my parents' marriage was breaking up.

他一定已经知道我父母的婚姻即将破裂。

awareness

The 1980s brought an awareness of green issues...

20世纪80年代人们开始意识到“绿色问题”。

There has been an increasing awareness that many people are affected by crime.

人们越来越清楚地认识到很多人受到犯罪活动的影响。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 注意到的；察觉到的；意识到的 If you are aware of something, you realize that it is present or is happening because you hear it, see it, smell it, or

feel it.

She was acutely aware of the noise of the city...

她对城市噪音很敏感。

Jane was suddenly aware that she was digging her nails into her thigh.

简突然意识到她正在用指甲抠大腿。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **警觉的；警惕的** Someone who is aware notices what is happening around them or happening in the place where they live.

They are politically very aware.

他们政治上非常警觉。

awareness

He introduced radio to the school to increase the children's awareness.

他在学校开通广播，以提高孩子们的警觉性。

baby ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **婴儿；婴孩** A baby is a very young child, especially one that cannot yet walk or talk.

She used to take care of me when I was a baby...

我还在襁褓中时，她曾经照顾过我。

My wife has just had a baby...

我妻子刚生了孩子。

Claire had to dress her baby sister.

克莱尔得给年幼的妹妹穿衣服。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(动物) 幼崽；幼兽；幼鸟** A baby animal is a very young animal.

...a baby elephant.

幼象

...baby birds.

雏鸟

3 ADJ 形容词 **(蔬菜) 幼嫩的** Baby vegetables are vegetables picked when they are very small.

Serve with baby new potatoes.

配上小个的新土豆。

4 N-VOC；N-COUNT 称呼名词；可数名词 **宝贝儿(昵称，尤用于年轻女性)** Some people use baby as an affectionate way of addressing someone, especially a young woman, or referring to them.

You have to wake up now, baby...

该起床了，宝贝儿。

He was confused, poor baby.

他都懵了，可怜的家伙。

5 PHRASE 短语 **把婴儿和洗澡水一起倒掉；将精华连同糟粕一起丢弃；不分好坏地全盘抛弃** If you throw the baby out with the bath water, you lose the good parts of something as well as the bad parts, because you reject it as a whole instead of just removing what is bad.

6 PHRASE 短语 **替他人擦屁股；替别人干苦差事** If you are left holding the baby, you are put in a situation where you are responsible for something, often in an unfair way because other people fail or refuse to take responsibility for it.

You go off round the world, and leave me to hold the baby.

你满世界地跑，把苦差事都扔给我。

in AM, use 美国英语用 be left holding the bag

bag ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(纸质或塑料) 袋** A bag is a container made of thin paper or plastic, for example one that is used in shops to put things in that a customer has bought.

A bag of things is the amount of things contained in a bag.

一袋之量

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **拎袋；旅行袋** A bag is a strong container with one or two handles, used to carry things in.

She left the hotel carrying a shopping bag.

她提着一个购物袋离开了酒店。

A bag of things is the amount of things contained in a bag.

一拎袋之量；一旅行袋之量

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **同handbag** A bag is the same as a handbag. →see usage note at: [baggage](#)

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **眼袋** If you have bags under your eyes, you have folds of skin there, usually because you have not had enough sleep.

5 QUANT 数量词 **大量；很多** If you say there is bags of something, you mean that there is a large amount of it. If you say that there are bags of things, you mean that there are a large number of them.

...a hotel with bags of character.

很有特色的酒店

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **老娘们；丑老太婆；蠢妇** If someone calls a woman an old bag or a stupid bag, they are insulting her.

7 VERB 动词 **抢先占有** If you bag something that a lot of people want, you get it for yourself before anyone else can get it.

The smart ones will have already bagged their seats by placing cards on them.

聪明人早已在座位上放一张卡片占住了位子。

8 See also: [bum bag](#)；[carrier bag](#)；[mixed bag](#)；[shoulder-bag](#)；[sleeping bag](#)；[tea bag](#)；

9 PHRASE 短语 **囊中之物；稳操胜券；十拿九稳** If you say that something is in the bag, you mean that you are certain that you will get it or achieve it.

'I'll get the Republican nomination,' he assured me. 'It's in the bag.'

“我会得到共和党提名的，”他向我保证，“这是十拿九稳的事。”

10 PHRASE 短语 **背别人甩掉的包袱；背黑锅** If you are left holding the bag, you are put in a situation where you are responsible for something, often in an unfair way because other people fail or refuse to take responsibility for it.

I don't want to be left holding the bag if something goes wrong.

如果出了什么问题，我可不想替人背黑锅。

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 be left holding the baby

11 PHRASE 短语 **收拾行李；打点行装** If you pack your bags, you leave a place where you have been staying or living.

Police arrived at his hotel and ordered him to pack his bags.

警察来到他的酒店，命令他收拾行李走人。

12 to let the cat out of the bag →see: [cat](#)；

相关词组：

[bag up](#)

balance ★★★★★

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使) 保持平衡；(使) 平稳** If you balance something somewhere, or if it balances there, it remains steady and does not fall.

I balanced on the ledge...

我在窗台上站稳。

He balanced a football on his head.

他将一只足球稳稳地顶在头上。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **平衡能力** Balance is the ability to remain steady when you are standing up.

The medicines you are currently taking could be affecting your balance.

你现在服用的药物可能会影响身体的平衡能力。

3 V-RECIP-ERG 使(力量、重要性等)相等；使均衡；使持平 If you balance one thing with something different, each of the things has the same strength or importance.

Balance spicy dishes with mild ones...

做到辛辣菜和清淡菜比重相当。

The state has got to find some way to balance these two needs...

国家必须找出平衡这两种需求的办法。

Supply and demand on the currency market will generally balance.

货币市场上的供求将大致持平。

balanced

This book is a well balanced biography.

此书是一部相当客观的传记。

4 N-SING 单数名词 **(力量、重要性等的) 均衡，均势** A balance is a situation in which all the different parts are equal in strength or importance.

Their marriage is a delicate balance between traditional and contemporary values...

他们的婚姻在传统和现代价值观之间保持着微妙平衡。

There was no other way to ensure that people would get the right balance of foods.

没有其他方法可以确保人们饮食均衡。

...the ecological balance of the forest.

森林的生态平衡

5 N-SING 单数名词 **(尤指冲突或比赛中的) 局面，**

胜利天平 If you say that the **balance** tips in your favour, you start winning or succeeding, especially in a conflict or contest.

...a powerful new gun which could tip the **balance** of the war in their favour...

将使他们在战争中占据优势的威力巨大的新型火炮

The **balance** continues to swing away from final examinations to continuous assessment.

期末考试渐渐被连续性评估所取代。

6 VERB 动词 **权衡；对比；斟酌** If you **balance** one thing against another, you consider its importance in relation to the other one.

She carefully tried to **balance** religious sensitivities against democratic freedom.

她谨慎地试图对宗教情感和民主自由两者作出权衡。

7 VERB 动词 **使（预算、经济等）平衡** If someone **balances** their budget or if a government **balances** the economy of a country, they make sure that the amount of money that is spent is not greater than the amount that is received.

He **balanced** his budgets by rigid control over public expenditure.

他通过严格控制公共开支保持预算平衡。

8 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **结算（账目）；（使）收支相等** If you **balance** your books or make them **balance**, you prove by calculation that the amount of money you have received is equal to the amount that you have spent.

...teaching them to **balance** the books...

教他们结平账目

To make the books **balance**, spending must fall and taxes must rise.

为了使收支相等，必须减少支出，增加税收。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（银行账户的）余额，余数，结存** The **balance** in your bank account is the amount of money you have in it.

I'd like to check the **balance** in my account please.

请查一下我的账户余额。

10 N-SING 单数名词 **（钱款的）剩余部分** The **balance** of an amount of money is what remains to be paid for something or what remains when part of the amount has been spent.

They were due to pay the **balance** on delivery.

他们应该在货到时支付余额。

11 See also: [bank balance](#) ;

12 PHRASE 短语 **悬而未决；待定** If something hangs in the **balance**, it is uncertain whether it will happen or continue.

The fate of a project which could revolutionise the use of computers in hospitals hangs in the **balance**.

可能给医院的计算机使用带来革命的项目仍然前途未明。

13 PHRASE 短语 **保持失去平衡** If you **keep** your **balance**, for example when standing in a moving vehicle, you remain steady and do not fall over. If you **lose** your **balance**, you become unsteady and fall over.

She was holding onto the rail to **keep** her **balance**...

她抓住扶手以保持平衡。

He swung around, almost losing his **balance**.

他蓦地转身，差点失去平衡。

14 PHRASE 短语 **（身体）失去平衡，几近跌倒** If you are **off balance**, you are in an unsteady position and about to fall.

A gust of wind knocked him **off balance** and he fell face down in the mud.

一阵大风刮得他失去平衡，脸朝下摔在泥里。

15 PHRASE 短语 **惊慌失措；迷惑不解** If you are **thrown off balance** by something, you are surprised or confused by it.

She was trying to behave as if his visit hadn't **thrown** her **off balance**.

她尽力装作对他的造访并不吃惊。

16 PHRASE 短语 **权衡之后；全面考虑之后；总的来说** You can say **on balance** to indicate that you are stating an opinion after considering all the relevant facts or arguments.

On balance he agreed with Christine.

总的来说，他同意克里斯蒂娜的意见。

相关词组：

[balance out](#)

ball ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **球** A **ball** is a round object that is used in games such as tennis, baseball, football, basketball, and cricket.

...a golf **ball**.

高尔夫球

...a tennis **ball**.

网球

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **球状物** A **ball** is something or an amount of something that has a round shape.

Thomas screwed the letter up into a **ball**...

托马斯把信揉成一团。

They heard a loud explosion and saw a **ball** of fire go up.

他们听见一声爆炸的巨响，看见一个火球腾空而起。

3 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **（使）成球状（或团块）** When you **ball** something or when it **balls**, it becomes round.

He picked up the sheets of paper, and **balled** them tightly in his fists...

他抓起那几张纸，在手里紧紧攥成团。

His hands **balled** into fists...

他攥起了拳头。

I picked up the **balled** socks.

我把卷成团的袜子拾掇起来。

Ball up means the same as **ball** . [ball up](#)同 [ball](#)

She **balled** the handkerchief up and threw it at his feet...

她把手绢揉成一团，丢在了他的脚边。

Brian's face **balled** up like a fist.

布赖恩的脸鼓得像个拳头。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（脚趾和脚相连或拇指和手相连的）球状部位；脚趾球；拇指球** The **ball** of your foot or the **ball** of your thumb is the rounded part where your toes join your foot or where your thumb joins your hand.

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **舞会** A **ball** is a large formal social event at which people dance.

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **睾丸** A man's **balls** are his testicles.

7 See also: [balls](#) ;

8 PHRASE 短语 **轮到...采取行动（或作出决断）** If you say that **the ball is in** someone's court, you mean that it is his or her responsibility to take the next action or decision in a situation.

The **ball's** now in your court — you have to decide what you're going to do.

轮到你了——你必须决定自己要做什么。

9 PHRASE 短语 **使某事发生；开始某种活动** If you **get the ball rolling**, **set the ball rolling**, or **start the ball rolling**, you start something happening.

He will go to the Middle East next week to **get the ball rolling** again on peace talks...

他下周将前往中东，开始重启和谈。

I just want enough cash to **start the ball rolling**.

我只是想有足够的启动资金。

10 PHRASE 短语 **玩得很开心；尽情欢乐** If you are **having a ball**, you are having a very enjoyable time.

Outside the boys were sitting on the ground and, going by the gales of laughter, they were **having a ball**.

男孩们在户外席地而坐，从阵阵笑声来看，他们玩得很开心。

11 PHRASE 短语 **同时做数件事情** If you **keep several balls in the air**, you try to do several different things at once.

The detective has to discover the motive, the means and the opportunity and has to **keep these three balls in the air**.

那名侦探必须查明动机、手段和时机，而且对这三项的调查必须同步展开。

...unhappy mothers trying to **juggle ten balls in the air**.

同时要处理无数件事情的可怜的母亲

12 PHRASE 短语 **警觉；机警；留心** If someone is **on the ball**, they are very alert and aware of what is happening.

She really is **on the ball** ; she's bought houses at auctions so she knows what she's doing.

她很精明干练；她通过拍卖购过房，所以知道自己在做什么。

13 PHRASE 短语 **愿意合作** If someone refuses to **play ball**, they are unwilling to do what someone wants them to do.

The association has threatened to withdraw its support if the banks and building societies refuse to **play ball**.

该协会威胁说如果银行和建屋互助会不配合的话，它将不再提供支持。

相关词组：

[ball up](#)

ban ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 (明令) 禁止；取缔 To **ban** something means to state officially that it must not be done, shown, or used.

Canada will **ban** smoking in all offices later this year.

加拿大将从今年晚些时候起在办公场所全面禁烟。

Last year arms sales were **banned**.

去年武器遭禁售。

...a **banned** substance.

违禁药物

banning

No reason was given for the **banning** of the magazine...

杂志被无端取缔了。

Opposition groups see the **bannings** as the latest stage of a government clampdown.

反对派将这些查禁事件视为政府压制的一个新阶段。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **禁令** A **ban** is an official ruling that something must not be done, shown, or used.

The General also lifted a **ban** on political parties.

将军同时取消了对政党的禁令。

3 VERB 动词 **禁止 (做某事)** If you are **banned from** doing something, you are officially prevented from doing it.

He was **banned** from driving for three years.

他被吊扣驾照3年。

band ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 See also: [one-man band](#) ; (流行音乐) 乐队，乐团 A **band** is a small group of musicians who play popular music such as jazz, rock, or pop.

He was a drummer in a rock **band**...

他曾是一个摇滚乐队的鼓手。

Local **bands** provide music for dancing.

当地的乐队为跳舞伴奏。

2 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 See also: [brass band](#) ; (演奏铜管和打击乐器的) 乐队，乐团 A **band** is a group of musicians who play brass and percussion instruments.

Bands played German marches.

乐队演奏了德军进行曲。

3 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 (一)群；(一)帮；(一)伙 A **band of** people is a group of people who have joined together because they share an interest or belief.

Bands of government soldiers, rebels and just plain criminals have been roaming some neighborhoods.

成群结队的政府军士兵、反叛分子和彻头彻尾的犯罪分子一直在一些街区游荡。

...a small but growing **band** of Japanese companies taking their first steps into American publishing.

数量不多，但仍在增长的一批初次涉足美国出版业的日本公司

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [armband](#) ; [hatband](#) ; [waistband](#) ; (佩戴用或衣物上的) 带，箍 **band** is a flat, narrow strip of cloth which you wear round your head or wrists, or which forms part of a piece of clothing.

Almost all hospitals use a wrist-**band** of some kind with your name and details on it.

几乎所有的医院都用某种腕带记录名字和详细信息。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 条纹；带状物 A **band** is a strip of something such as colour, light, land, or cloth which contrasts with the areas on either side of it.

...**bands** of natural vegetation between strips of crops...

农作物狭地之间的野生植被带

A **band** of light glowed in the space between floor and door.

一束阳光透过地板和门之间的缝隙照了进来

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [elastic band](#) ; [rubber band](#) ; (用以加固或捆绑的) 圈，箍 A **band** is a strip or loop of metal or other strong material which strengthens something, or which holds several things together.

Surgeons placed a metal **band** around the knee cap to help it knit back together.

外科医生在膝盖骨上套了个金属箍以帮助其愈合。

...a strong **band** of flat muscle tissue.

一圈坚韧的扁平肌肉组织

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [waveband](#) ; (数字、值等的) 范围 A **band** is a range of numbers or values within a system of measurement.

For an initial service, a 10 megahertz-wide **band** of frequencies will be needed.

初始服务需要10兆赫宽的频带。

...a new tax **band** of 20p in the pound on the first £2,000 of taxable income.

对应税收入的头两千英镑每磅征收20便士的新税阶

8 VERB 动词 将...划分范围；把...分段 If something such as a tax is **banded**, it is divided into bands according to the value of the thing being taxed.

They appear to rule out some of the ideas that have been mentioned — **banding** the tax so higher earners would pay more.

他们看来要剔除其中提到的一些想法——如把税率分档，使收入越高，缴得越多。

...a **banding** system based on property values...

基于财产价值的分级制

The choice will be between a flat-rate or a **banded** charge.

将在统一费用和分级费用之间作出选择。

in AM, use 美国英语用 be bracketed

9 See also: [wedding band](#) ;

相关词组：

[band together](#)

bar ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **酒吧** A **bar** is a place where you can buy and drink alcoholic drinks.

...Devil's Herd, the city's most popular country-western **bar**.

“魔鬼之群”——这个城市最火的西部乡村酒吧

...the Brass Nickel **Bar**.

“黄铜镍币”酒吧

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **酒吧间** A **bar** is a room in a pub or hotel where alcoholic drinks are served.

I'll see you in the **bar** later...

一会儿酒吧见。

On the ship there are video lounges, a **bar** and a small duty-free shop.

船上有录像厅、一个酒吧间和一家小型免税商店。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [coffee bar](#) ; [public bar](#) ; [singles bar](#) ; [snack bar](#) ; [wine bar](#) ; 吧台；售酒柜台 A **bar** is a counter on which alcoholic drinks are served.

Michael was standing alone by the **bar** when Brian rejoined him...

布赖恩回到迈克尔身边时，他正一个人站在吧台旁边。

He leaned forward across the **bar**.

他将身子探过吧台。

Usage Note :

A **bar** is a place where you can buy alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks. It can be part of a larger building such as a hotel, nightclub, or theatre, or it can be a separate building. A **pub** is a building where you can buy alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks, especially in Britain and Ireland rather than in America. Pubs usually have two or more **bars**. Both **pubs** and **bars** have a counter where drinks are served and this is also called a **bar**. See also note at [café](#).

bar 是出售酒和其他饮料的地方。它可以是酒店、夜总会、剧院等的一部分，也可以是独立的建筑。pub是出售酒和其他饮料的独立场所，尤其在英国和爱尔兰常用，但在美国不常用。一个pub通常包括两个或以上的bar。pub

和bar都有出售酒和饮料的柜台，这个柜台也称为bar。亦见café词条下的说明。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **金属条；金属棒** A bar is a long, straight, stiff piece of metal.

...a brick building with **bars** across the ground floor windows.
一楼窗户装有铁栅的砖砌建筑

...a crowd throwing stones and iron **bars**.
投掷石块和铁条的人群

5 PHRASE 短语 **在狱中；被囚禁** If you say that someone is **behind bars**, you mean that they are in prison.

Fisher was behind **bars** last night, charged with attempted murder...
费希尔被控谋杀未遂，昨晚入狱。

Nearly 5,000 people a year are put behind **bars** over motoring penalties.
每年有近5,000人因违章驾车而入狱。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **条；棒；长块** A **bar** of something is a piece of it which is roughly rectangular.

What is your favourite chocolate **bar**?
你最喜欢哪种巧克力？

...a **bar** of soap.
一块肥皂

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(电热炉的)电热棒，电热片** A **bar** of an electric fire is a piece of metal with wire wound round it that glows and provides heat when the fire is switched on.

...a two-**bar** electric fire with a frayed flex.
电线已经磨损的双片电热炉

8 VERB 动词 **(用木条，铁条等)闩(门等)** If you **bar** a door, you place something in front of it or a piece of wood or metal across it in order to prevent it from being opened.

For added safety, **bar** the door to the kitchen.
为了确保安全，把厨房的门闩上。

barred

The windows were closed and shuttered, the door was **barred**.
窗户都关紧了，百叶窗都拉下了，门也闩上了。

9 VERB 动词 **阻拦；阻挡** If you **bar** someone's way, you prevent them from going somewhere or entering a place, by blocking their path.

Harry moved to **bar** his way...
哈里走过去挡住了他的路。

He stepped in front of her, **barring** her way.
他走到她前面，挡住了她的去路。

10 VERB 动词 **禁止；不准** If someone is **barred from** a place or **from** doing something, they are officially forbidden to go there or to do it.

Amnesty workers have been **barred from** Sri Lanka since 1982...
从1982年起，大赦国际的工作人员就被禁止进入斯里兰卡。

Many jobs were **barred to** them.
很多工作将他们拒之门外。

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 **障碍；阻碍；妨碍** If something is a **bar** to doing a particular thing, it prevents someone from doing it.

One of the fundamental **bars** to communication is the lack of a universally spoken, common language...
交流的一个基本障碍就是缺少一种大家都说的通用语。

In industry after industry, government bodies have erected **bars** to competition.
政府机构在一个又一个行业中设置了障碍以阻止竞争。

12 PHRASE 短语 **不受任何规则约束；不限任何方式方法；不择手段** If you say that there are **no holds barred** when people are fighting or competing for something, you mean that they are no longer following any rules in their efforts to win.

It is a war with no holds **barred** and we must prepare to resist...
这是一场没有规则的战争，我们必须作好抵抗的准备。

When she'd get angry it was no holds **barred**.
她发起火来什么都干得出。

13 PREP 介词 See also: **barring**; **除了...以外** You can use **bar** when you mean 'except'. For example, all the work **bar** the washing means all the work except the washing.

Bar a plateau in 1989, there has been a rise in inflation ever since the mid-1980's...
除1989年物价稳定之外，从20世纪80年代中期开始，通货膨胀就一直在上升。

The aim of the service was to offer everything the independent investor wanted, **bar** advice.
该项服务的目的就是向独立投资者提供除建议外他们想要的一切。

He is simply the best goalscorer we have ever had, **bar** none.
他绝对是我们从未有过的最佳进球手，无人可及。

14 N-PROPER 专有名词 **(英格兰有资格在任何法庭作辩护的)出庭律师职业；(美国的)律师职业，律师界** The **Bar** is used to refer to the profession of a barrister in England, or of any kind of lawyer in the United States.

Robert was planning to read for the **Bar**.
罗伯特打算学法律。

15 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(乐曲中的)小节** In music, a **bar** is one of the several short parts of the same length into which a piece of music is divided.

in AM, use 美国英语用 measure

basic ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **根本的；首要的；主要的** You use **basic** to describe things, activities, and principles that are very important or necessary, and on which others depend.

One of the most **basic** requirements for any form of angling is a sharp hook.
不管以什么方式钓鱼，有一个锋利的鱼钩都是最基本的要求之一。

...the **basic** skills of reading, writing and communicating.
基本的读写和交流技巧

...the **basic** laws of physics...
基本的物理定律

Access to justice is a **basic** right.
享有司法公正是一项最基本的权利。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **基本的；起码的** **Basic** goods and services are very simple ones which every human being needs. You can also refer to people's **basic** needs for such goods and services.

...shortages of even the most **basic** foodstuffs...
最基本食物的短缺

Hospitals lack even **basic** drugs for surgical operations.
医院连最基本的外科手术药物也没有。

...the **basic** needs of food and water.
对食物和水的基本需求

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **基础的；必要的** If one thing is **basic to** another, it is absolutely necessary to it, and the second thing cannot exist, succeed, or be imagined without it.

...an oily liquid, **basic to** the manufacture of a host of other chemical substances...
制造许多其他化学物质所必需的油性液体

There are certain ethical principles that are **basic to** all the great religions.
某些道德原则在所有主要宗教中都是必不可少的。

4 ADJ 形容词 **根本的；最重要的** You can use **basic** to emphasize that you are referring to what you consider to be the most important aspect of a situation, and that you are not concerned with less important details.

There are three **basic** types of tea...
茶主要分为三种。

The **basic** design changed little from that patented by Edison more than 100 years ago...
其本质设计和100多年前爱迪生的专利设计相差无几。

The **basic** point is that sanctions cannot be counted on to produce a sure result.
最重要的一点是，制裁并不一定能带来一个确定的结果。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **最简单的；最基本的；最朴实的** You can use **basic** to describe something that is very simple in style and has only the most necessary features, without any luxuries.

We provide 2-person tents and **basic** cooking and camping equipment.
我们提供双人帐篷和最基本的炊具以及露营装备。

...the extremely **basic** hotel room.

陈设极简单的旅馆房间

6 ADJ 形容词 (价格、工资等) 基本的 Basic is used to describe a price or someone's income when this does not include any additional amounts.

...an increase of more than twenty per cent on the **basic** pay of a typical coalface worker...

普通采煤工人的底薪上浮超过20%

The **basic** retirement pension will go up by £7.95 a week...

基本退休金每周将增加7.95英镑。

The **basic** price for a 10-minute call is only £2.49.

10分钟的基本通话费只有2.49英镑。

7 ADJ 形容词 (所得税率) 最低标准的, 基本的 The **basic** rate of income tax is the lowest or most common rate, which applies to people who earn average incomes.

All this is to be done without big rises in the **basic** level of taxation.

所有这些都必须在未大幅度提高税收起征点的前提下完成。

...a **basic**-rate taxpayer.

适用最低标准税率的纳税人

basis ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 基本原则; 基本规律 If something is done **on a particular basis**, it is done according to that method, system, or principle.

We're going to be meeting there on a regular **basis**...

我们将定期在那里会面。

The tea is prepared on a **rota basis** by the lady members...

女性成员轮流准备茶水。

They want all groups to be treated on an equal **basis**...

他们希望对待所有的团体都能做到一视同仁。

I've always worked on the **basis** that if I don't know anything technical I shan't be any worse off.

我一贯认为, 即便我对技术一窍不通, 我也不会比现在更穷困潦倒。

2 N-SING 单数名词 (行事的) 理由, 根据 If you say that you are acting **on the basis of** something, you are giving that as the reason for your action.

McGregor must remain confined, **on the basis of** the medical reports we have received...

根据我们收到的病历报告, 麦格雷戈的行动仍然必须受到限制。

On the **basis** that recognising the problem is halfway to a solution, Mulcahy's comments yesterday should be well received.

鉴于认识到问题的存在就相当于把它解决了一半, 马尔卡希昨天的那番话应该会受到欢迎。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 基础; 起点 The **basis** of something is its starting point or an important part of it from which it can be further developed.

Both factions have broadly agreed that the UN plan is a possible **basis** for negotiation.

双方大致同意联合国的计划可能成为谈判的基础。

...the subatomic particles that form the **basis** of nearly all matter on earth.

构成地球上几乎所有物质的基础的亚原子粒子

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 依据; 根据 The **basis** for something is a fact or argument that you can use to prove or justify it.

...Japan's attempt to secure the legal **basis** to send troops overseas...

日本试图找到向海外派兵的法律依据

This is a common fallacy which has no **basis** in fact.

这是一个没有事实依据的常见谬误。

battle ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 战役; 战斗 A **battle** is a violent fight between groups of people, especially one between military forces during a war.

...the victory of King William III at the **Battle of the Boyne**.

国王威廉三世在博因河战役中的胜利

...after a **gun battle** between police and drug traffickers.

在警察和毒贩子一番枪战之后

...men who die in **battle**.

在战斗中阵亡的人们

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (为争取成功或控制权的) 斗争, 冲突 A **battle** is a conflict in which different people or groups compete in order to achieve success or control.

...a renewed political **battle** over Britain's attitude to Europe.

围绕英国对欧洲的态度问题展开的新一轮政治斗争

...the eternal **battle** between good and evil in the world.

世界上正义与邪恶的永恒斗争

...a **macho battle** for supremacy...

男性为争取支配地位而进行的斗争

He was appalled to discover members of the board fighting **damaging personal battles**.

他惊恐地发现董事会成员正在进行你死我活的私人争斗。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (在艰难环境中的) 奋争, 斗争 You can use **battle** to refer to someone's efforts to achieve something in spite of very difficult circumstances.

...the **battle** against crime...

打击犯罪的斗争

She has fought a constant **battle** with her weight...

她一直在竭力控制体重。

Greg lost his brave **battle** against cancer two years ago.

格雷格在与癌症进行了勇敢的斗争之后于两年前去世。

4 V-RECIP 相互动词 与...抗争; 与...搏斗; 同...作战 To **battle with** an opposing group means to take part in a fight or contest against them. In American English, you can also say that one group or person is **battling** another.

Thousands of people **battled** with police and several were reportedly wounded...

数千人与警方发生冲突, 据报道有数人在冲突中受伤。

The sides must **battle** again for a quarter-final place on December 16...

双方将在12月16日再次交锋以争夺进入四分之一决赛的席位。

They're also **battling** the government to win compensation.

他们也在跟政府交涉以争取补偿。

5 VERB 动词 奋战; (与...)搏斗 (在英国英语中用**battle against something**或**with something**, 在美国英语中用**battle something**) To **battle** means to try hard to do something in spite of very difficult circumstances. In British English, you **battle against** something or **with** something. In American English, you **battle** something.

Doctors **battled** throughout the night to save her life.

医生们彻夜奋战来挽救她的生命。

...a lone yachtsman returning from his months of **battling** with the elements...

只身驾驶游艇与恶劣天气搏斗数月后成功归航的人

In Wyoming, firefighters are still **battling** the two blazes.

在怀俄明州, 消防员还在为扑灭这两场大火而奋战。

battler

If anyone can do it, he can. He's a **battler** and has a strong character.

只要有人能做到这一点, 他就能做到。他是一位斗士, 个性坚毅。

6 See also: [pitched battle](#); [running battle](#);

7 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 作战; 交战; 竞争 If one person or group **does battle with** another, they take part in a battle or contest against them. You can also say that two people or groups **do battle**.

...the notorious Montonero guerrilla group who **did battle** with the army during the dirty war...

曾在那场肮脏的战争中与这支部队交战的臭名昭著的蒙特内罗游击队

This March, a British and an American company will **do battle** in the High Court over the right to press compact discs.

今年3月, 一家英国公司和一家美国公司将会在最高法院就光盘压制权展开争夺。

8 PHRASE 短语 成功的一半; 成功的重要条件 If you say that something is **half the battle**, you mean that it is the most important step towards achieving something.

Choosing the right type of paint for the job is **half the battle**.

选对了涂料, 这项工作就成功了一半。

9 PHRASE 短语 **战线已划定；对垒之势已成** If you say that **the battle lines are drawn** between opposing groups or people, you mean that they are ready to start fighting or arguing, and that it has become clear what the main points of conflict or disagreement will be.

The **battle lines** were drawn after the government refused to budge from its final offer.
政府拒绝改变其最后条件之后，双方对立态势趋向明朗。

10 PHRASE 短语 **作无望成功的尝试** If you are **fighting a losing battle**, you are trying to achieve something but are not going to be successful.

The crew fought a **losing battle** to try to restart the engines.
全体船员努力尝试重新启动发动机，但结果徒劳无功。

...on a day when the sun is **fighting a losing battle** against the lowering clouds.
那天，太阳慢慢被低垂的云层遮蔽起来。

11 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 **一决胜负；一决高低** If one group or person **battles it out with** another, they take part in a fight or contest against each other until one of them wins or a definite result is reached. You can also say that two groups or two people **battle it out**.

In the Cup Final, Leeds **battled it out with** the old enemy, Manchester United...
在足总杯决赛中，利兹联队和宿敌曼联队一决胜负。

Barbados could have three new political parties **battling it out** in the next General Election.
在下一届大选中，巴巴多斯可能有三个新的政党参加角逐。

12 PHRASE 短语 **虽败犹胜/虽胜犹败** If you say that someone **has lost the battle, but won the war**, you mean that although they have been defeated in a small conflict they have won a larger, more important one of which it was a part. If you say that someone **has won the battle but lost the war**, you mean that they have won the small conflict but lost the larger one.

The strikers may have won the **battle**, but they lost the war.
罢工者们虽胜犹败。

13 PHRASE 短语 **考验意志的持久战** A **battle of wills** is a situation that involves people who try to defeat each other by refusing to change their own aims or demands and hoping that their opponents will weaken first.

The President offered compromises to parliament to defuse the **battle of wills** over who should wield power.
总统对国会作出让步，以求结束这场旷日持久的权力争斗。

14 PHRASE 短语 **智慧的较量；斗智** If you refer to a situation as a **battle of wits**, you mean that it involves people with opposing aims who compete with each other using their intelligence, rather than force.

With chess you're involved in a **battle of wits** from start to finish.
下国际象棋从头到尾都是在比拼智慧。

beautiful ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **美丽的；漂亮的** A **beautiful** person is very attractive to look at.

She was a very **beautiful** woman...
她是个大美女。

To me he is the most **beautiful** child in the world.
对我来说，他是世界上最美丽的孩子。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **美好的；极好的；美妙的** If you describe something as **beautiful**, you mean that it is very attractive or pleasing.

New England is **beautiful**...
新英格兰很美。

It was a **beautiful** morning...
那是一个美妙的早晨。

He has **beautiful** manners.
他举止优雅。

beautifully
The children behaved **beautifully**.
孩子们很乖。
...a **beautifully** clear, sunny day.
晴好的艳阳天

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **巧妙的；娴熟的；漂亮的** You can describe something that someone does as **beautiful** when they do it very skilfully.

That's a **beautiful** shot!
射得漂亮！

beautifully
Arsenal played **beautifully**.
阿森纳队踢得赏心悦目。

Usage Note :
When you are describing someone's appearance, you usually use **beautiful** and **pretty** to describe women, girls, and babies. **Beautiful** is a much stronger word than **pretty**. The equivalent word for a man is **handsome**. **Good-looking** and **attractive** can be used to describe people of either sex.

在描述人的外貌时，通常用 **beautiful** 和 **pretty** 来形容女人、女孩和婴儿。**beautiful** 语气比 **pretty** 强烈得多。形容男性的对应词是 **handsome**。**good-looking** 和 **attractive** 既可以形容女性，也可以形容男性。

behaviour ★★★★★

in AM, use 美国英语用 behavior

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **行为；举止** People's or animals' **behaviour** is the way that they behave. You can refer to a typical and repeated way of behaving as a **behaviour**.

Make sure that good **behaviour** is rewarded.
确保懿行得到嘉奖。

...human sexual **behaviour**...
人类性行为

These eating patterns are a learned behavior.
这些进食模式是习得性行为。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (科学领域中的) **运动方式，活动方式，性能，特点** In science, the **behaviour** of something is the way that it behaves.

It will be many years before anyone can predict a hurricane's behavior with much accuracy.
要能够相当准确地预测出飓风的特性尚需多年。

3 PHRASE 短语 **极力表现；尽量做到举止得体** If someone is **on their best behaviour**, they are trying very hard to behave well.

below ★★★★★

1 PREP 介词 (位置) **在...下面，低于** If something is **below** something else, it is in a lower position.

He appeared from the apartment directly **below** Leonard's...
他从伦纳德家正下方的公寓里走了出来。

The path runs **below** a long brick wall...
小道位于长砖墙脚下。

The sun had already sunk **below** the horizon...
太阳已经落到了地平线以下。

The boat dipped **below** the surface of the water.
这条船沉入水下。

Below is also an adverb.
We climbed rather perilously down a rope-ladder to the boat **below**.
我们冒着相当大的危险沿着绳梯爬到了下面的船上。

...a view to the street **below**...
可以看到下面的街道

Spread out **below** was a great crowd.
下面是摩肩接踵的人群。

2 PHRASE 短语 **在地下；在地表以下** If something is **below ground** or **below the ground**, it is in the ground.

They have designed a system which pumps up water from 70m **below** ground...
他们设计了一套从地下70米处抽水的系统。

Coils buried in tunnels **below** the ground might soon be used to store large amounts of electricity.
埋在地下隧道里的线圈可能很快就会被用来储存大量的电。

3 ADV 副词 **以下；在下文中** You use **below** in a piece of writing to refer to something that is mentioned later.

Please write to me at the address **below**...
请按照下面的地址给我写信。

The BBC Good Food Show is giving away free

tickets in a competition. For details, see **below**.

美国广播公司“美食秀”正在派送比赛免费券，详情见下文。

4 PREP 介词 (数量、比率或水平) 低于, 小于, 少于 If something is **below** a particular amount, rate, or level, it is less than that amount, rate, or level.

Night temperatures can drop **below** 15 degrees Celsius...

夜间气温会降到15摄氏度以下。

British Telecom agreed to keep overall price increases to 7.5 per cent **below** inflation...

英国电信同意将整体价格增幅控制在低于通货膨胀7.5%的水平。

Rainfall has been **below** average.

降雨量低于平均水平。

Below is also an adverb.

...temperatures at zero or **below**.

零度或零度以下的温度

5 PREP 介词 (职位、官衔等) 低于 If someone is **below** you in an organization, they are lower in rank.

Such people often experience less stress than those in the ranks immediately **below** them.

这些人承受的压力往往小于那些职位仅次于他们的人。

...pay rises awarded to all white-collar staff **below** chief officer level.

所有职位低于首席官员的白领员工的薪酬增长

6 **below par** → see: [par](#) ;

benefit ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 好处；益处；裨益 The **benefit** of something is the help that you get from it or the advantage that results from it.

Each family farms individually and reaps the **benefit** of its labor...

各家经营各自的农场，收获各自的劳动成果。

I'm a great believer in the **benefits** of this form of therapy...

我坚信这种治疗形式非常有益。

For maximum **benefit**, use your treatment every day.

为了达到最佳效果，你每天都要接受治疗。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (对...有) 好处，帮助 If something is **to your benefit** or is **of benefit** to you, it helps you or improves your life.

This could now work to Albania's **benefit**...

这种情况目前对阿尔巴尼亚有利。

I hope what I have written will be of **benefit** to someone else who may feel the same way.

我希望我所写的内容能对其他和我有同感的人有所裨益。

3 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 获益；对...有益；有利于 If you **benefit from** something or if it **benefits** you, it helps you or improves your life.

Both sides have **benefited** from the talks.

双方都从谈判中获益。

...a variety of government programs **benefiting** children.

有益于儿童的各种政府项目

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 有利条件；优势 If you have the **benefit of** some information, knowledge, or equipment, you are able to use it so that you can achieve something.

Steve didn't have the **benefit** of a formal college education...

史蒂夫没能接受正规的大学教育。

With the **benefit** of hindsight, it is clear we ought to have done more...

事后看来，我们显然本该做得更多。

This remarkable achievement took place without the **benefit** of our modern telecommunication industry.

这项非凡成就的取得并没有借助于现代电信业这个有利条件。

5 N-VAR 可变名词 (政府提供给穷人、病人和失业人员的) 救济金，补助金 **Benefit** is money that is given by the government to people who are poor, ill, or unemployed.

...the removal of **benefit** from school-leavers...

取消辍学者的补助金

I was told that in order to get **benefit** payments I would have to answer some questions.

我得知要领补助，就得回答一些问题。

The very poorest parents are not in work, they are living on **benefit**.

正是这些极端贫困的父母没有工作，靠救济金过活。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 慈善活动 A **benefit**, or a **benefit** concert or dinner, is an event that is held in order to raise money for a particular charity or person.

I am organising a **benefit** gig in Bristol to raise these funds.

我要在布里斯托尔组织一场义演来募集这些资金。

7 See also: [fringe benefit](#) ; [unemployment benefit](#) ;

8 PHRASE 短语 暂且相信；姑且信之 If you give someone **the benefit of the doubt**, you treat them as if they are telling the truth or as if they have behaved properly, even though you are not sure that this is the case.

At first I gave him the **benefit of the doubt**...

起初，我姑且相信了他。

Shalford is entitled to the **benefit of the doubt**.

沙尔福德暂且获得了信任。

9 PHRASE 短语 为了...的利益；为...好 If you say that someone is doing something **for the benefit of** a particular person, you mean that they are doing it for that person.

You need people working for the **benefit** of the community...

你们需要为社区谋利益的人。

He doesn't have to go through this elaborate display for my **benefit**!

他不必为了我作这么详细的展示！

beyond ★★★★★

1 PREP 介词 在...的另一边；在...那一边 If something is **beyond** a place or barrier, it is on the other side of it.

They heard footsteps in the main room, **beyond** a door...

他们听见门外的大厅里有脚步声。

On his right was a thriving vegetable garden and **beyond** it a small orchard of apple trees.

他右边是一个生机勃勃的菜园，菜园的另一边是一个小小的苹果园。

Beyond is also an adverb.

The house had a fabulous view out to the Strait of Georgia and the Rockies **beyond**.

在这座房子里能看到乔治亚海峡和海峡那边落基山脉的壮丽风景。

...the need to defend itself against its enemies inside its borders and **beyond**.

抵御国内外敌人的需要

2 PREP 介词 超过，迟于(某个时间)；逾(期) If something happens **beyond** a particular time or date, it continues after that time or date has passed.

Few jockeys continue race-riding **beyond** the age of 40...

很少有职业赛马骑师超过40岁仍继续参加赛马的。

You may be entitled to Child Benefit if a child continues getting full-time education **beyond** the date already notified by you.

如果小孩接受全日制教育的时间超过了您已告知我们的那个期限，您就有权申请儿童补助金。

Beyond is also an adverb.

The financing of home ownership will continue through the 1990s and **beyond**.

购房贷款政策将会延续到20世纪90年代及以后。

3 PREP 介词 影响；涵盖；包括 If something extends **beyond** a particular thing, it affects or includes other things.

His interests extended **beyond** the fine arts to international politics and philosophy.

他兴趣广泛，涵盖了从美术到国际政治乃至哲学的各个领域。

4 PREP 介词 除了...；除...之外 You use **beyond** to introduce an exception to what you are saying.

He appears to have almost no personal staff, **beyond** a secretary who can't make coffee...

除了一个不会冲咖啡的秘书之外，他好像几乎没有有什么随身的工作人员。

I knew nothing **beyond** a few random facts.

除了一些零星的情况外，我什么也不知道。

5 PREP 介词 超出，超过(某个点或阶段) If something goes **beyond** a particular point or stage, it progresses or increases so that it passes that point or stage.

Their five-year relationship was strained **beyond**

breaking point...

他们五年的关系已经紧张到无法维系。

It seems to me he's **beyond** caring about what anybody does.

在我看来，他不关心别人做什么。

6 PREP 介词 **无法 (理解、相信等)** If something is, for example, **beyond** understanding or **beyond** belief, it is so extreme in some way that it cannot be understood or believed.

What Jock had done was **beyond** my comprehension...

我无法理解乔克的所作所为。

Sweden is lovely in summer — cold **beyond** belief in winter...

瑞典的夏天非常宜人——冬天却冷得让人难以置信。

But by the year 2020 business computing will have changed **beyond** recognition.

但是到了2020年，商业计算会变得面目全非。

7 PREP 介词 **非...能力所及；超出...的能力** If you say that something is **beyond** someone, you mean that they cannot deal with it.

Although he could give her sympathy, any practical help would almost certainly be **beyond** him...

虽然他可以对她表示同情，但是他几乎根本无法提供任何实际的帮助。

The situation was **beyond** her control.

局势并非她能控制。

8 **beyond the pale**→see: [pale](#); beyond someone's means→see: [means](#); beyond your wildest dreams→see: [dream](#); beyond a joke→see: [joke](#);

bill ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(商品或服务费用的)账单** A **bill** is a written statement of money that you owe for goods or services. →see usage note at: [account](#)

They couldn't afford to pay the **bills**...

他们无力支付这些账单。

He paid his **bill** for the newspapers promptly.

他立即支付了订报费。

...phone **bills**.

电话账单

2 VERB 动词 **给...开送账单** If you **bill** someone for goods or services you have provided them with, you give or send them a bill stating how much money they owe you for these goods or services.

Are you going to **bill** me for this?

你们会给我开这个的账单吗？

3 N-SING 单数名词 **(餐馆的)账单** The **bill** in a restaurant is a piece of paper on which the price of the meal you have just eaten is written and which you are given before you pay.

in AM, use 美国英语用 [check](#)

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **纸币；钞票** A **bill** is a piece of paper money.

...a large quantity of US dollar **bills**.

大量的美钞

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 [note](#)

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **议案；法案** In government, a **bill** is a formal statement of a proposed new law that is discussed and then voted on.

This is the toughest crime **bill** that Congress has passed in a decade...

这是十年来国会通过的最严厉的一项刑事法案。

The **bill** was approved by a large majority.

这项法案得到了绝大多数人的支持。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **演出人员名单** The **bill** of a show or concert is a list of the entertainers who will take part in it.

7 VERB 动词 **宣传 (某人) 将参加演出** If someone is **billed** to appear in a particular show, it has been advertised that they are going to be in it.

She was **billed** to play the Red Queen in Snow White.

海报宣传她会扮演《白雪公主》中的“红王后”。

billing

...their quarrels over star **billing**.

他们因为海报上排名的先后顺序而发生的争吵

8 VERB 动词 **宣传 (某人或某物有某种特质或能力)** If you **bill** a person or event as a particular thing, you advertise them in a way that makes people think they have particular qualities or abilities.

They **bill** it as Britain's most exciting museum.

他们宣称它是英国最有趣的博物馆。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **鸟嘴；喙** A bird's **bill** is its beak.

10 See also: [Private Member's Bill](#);

11 PHRASE 短语 **适合需要；符合要求** If you say that someone or something **fits the bill** or **fills the bill**, you mean that they are suitable for a particular job or purpose.

If you fit the **bill**, send a CV to Rebecca Rees.

如果你符合要求，就寄一份简历给丽贝卡·里斯。

12 PHRASE 短语 **付账；买单** If you have to **foot the bill** for something, you have to pay for it.

Who is footing the **bill** for her extravagant holiday?

谁会为她奢侈的假日买单？

13 PHRASE 短语 **身体状况良好** If a doctor gives you a **clean bill of health**, they tell you that you are fit and healthy.

President Mitterrand, 75, has been given a clean **bill of health** by doctors in Paris.

巴黎的医生们告诉75岁的密特朗总统，他的身体非常健康。

bird ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **鸟；禽** A **bird** is a creature with feathers and wings. Female birds lay eggs. Most birds can fly.

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **小姐儿 (可能具有冒犯意味)** Some men refer to young women as **birds**. This use could cause offence

3 See also: [early bird](#); [game bird](#);

4 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指对孩子讲的) 性知识** Some people refer to **the birds and the bees** when they are talking about sex, especially to children.

5 PHRASE 短语 **坐牢；蹲班房** Someone who is **doing bird** is in prison.

They warned him that next time he'd find himself **doing bird**.

他们警告他下次他可能就要进监狱了。

6 PHRASE 短语 **志趣相投的人；一路人** If you refer to two people as **birds of a feather**, you mean that they have the same interests or are very similar.

7 PHRASE 短语 **给...喝倒彩；嘘...** If an audience **gives** someone the **bird**, they shout loudly in order to show their disappointment or disapproval.

8 PHRASE 短语 **(表示侮辱) 被竖中指冲...竖中指** If you **get the bird** or if someone **gives** you the **bird**, they make a rude gesture with their middle finger at you.

9 PHRASE 短语 **到手之物** A **bird in the hand** is something that you already have and do not want to risk losing by trying to get something else.

10 PHRASE 短语 **消息灵通的人；某人** If you say that a **little bird** told you about something, you mean that someone has told you about it, but you do not want to say who it was.

11 PHRASE 短语 **(用于对人进行描述) ...的人** Some people use the phrase **old bird** to refer to someone and say what they are like.

As usual, Wheeler, a wise **old bird**, got it right...

和往常一样，惠勒——一个非常聪明的人——又做对了。

She was such a decent **old bird**.

她是一个如此端庄的女人。

12 PHRASE 短语 **少见的人；稀有之物；凤毛麟角** If you say that someone or something is a **rare bird**, you mean that they are very unusual.

13 PHRASE 短语 **一石二鸟；一箭双雕；一举两得**

If you say that doing something will **kill two birds with one stone**, you mean that it will enable you to achieve two things that you want to achieve, rather than just one.

blame ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **责怪；怪罪；归咎于** If you **blame** a person or thing for something bad, you believe or say that they are responsible for it or that they caused it.

The commission is expected to **blame** the army for many of the atrocities...

委员会理应谴责军队的诸多暴行。

Ms Carey appeared to **blame** her breakdown on EMI's punishing work schedule...

凯丽女士似乎将她的精神崩溃归咎于百代唱片公司高度紧张的工作日程安排。

If it wasn't Sam's fault, why was I blaming him?
如果不是萨姆的过错，为什么我要责怪他？

Blame is also a noun.

Nothing could relieve my terrible sense of **blame**.

什么都无法减轻我深深的自责感。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (对坏事应负的) 责任
The **blame** for something bad that has happened is the responsibility for causing it or letting it happen.

Some of the **blame** for the miscarriage of justice must be borne by the solicitors...
律师们应对误判负部分责任。

The president put the **blame** squarely on his opponent.
总统把责任完全推给了他的对手。

3 VERB 动词 怨；怪；责备 If you say that you do not **blame** someone for doing something, you mean that you consider it was a reasonable thing to do in the circumstances.

I do not **blame** them for trying to make some money...
我认为他们想赚一些钱也是情有可原的。

He slammed the door and stormed off. I could hardly **blame** him.
他砰的一声关上门，气呼呼地走了。也难怪他会这么做。

4 PHRASE 短语 ...难辞其咎；应对...负责 If someone is **to blame** for something bad that has happened, they are responsible for causing it.

If their forces were not involved, then who is **to blame**?...
如果他们的部队没有介入，那么谁应该承担责任？

The policy is partly **to blame** for causing the worst unemployment in Europe.
欧洲出现了最严重的失业情况，这应当部分归咎于这项政策。

5 PHRASE 短语 只能怪自己 If you say that someone **has only themselves to blame** or **has no-one but themselves to blame**, you mean that they are responsible for something bad that has happened to them and that you have no sympathy for them.

My life is ruined and I suppose I only have myself **to blame**.
我的一生都毁了，我想这只能怪我自己。

block ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 大楼；大厦 A **block** of flats or offices is a large building containing them.

...**blocks** of council flats.
一栋栋市政公寓大楼

...a white-painted apartment **block**.
一栋漆成白色的公寓大楼

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 街区 A **block** in a town is an area of land with streets on all its sides.

She walked four **blocks** down High Street...
她沿着商业大街走了4个街区。

He walked around the **block** three times.
他绕着这个街区转了3圈。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (长方形) 块，大块 A **block** of a substance is a large rectangular piece of it.

...a **block** of ice.
一大块冰

4 VERB 动词 阻塞，堵塞 (道路、管道等) To **block** a road, channel, or pipe means to put an object across it or in it so that nothing can pass through it or along it.

Some students today **blocked** a highway that cuts through the center of the city...
今天一些学生堵塞了一条贯穿市中心的公路。

When the shrimp farm is built it will **block** the stream...
一旦养虾场建起来，将会截断这条河流。

He can clear **blocked** drains.
他能清理堵塞的排水沟。

5 VERB 动词 挡住，遮住 (视线) If something **blocks** your view, it prevents you from seeing something because it is between you and that thing.

...a row of spruce trees that **blocked** his view of the long north slope of the mountain.
一排云杉挡住了他的视线，使他看不到这座山绵长的北坡

6 VERB 动词 堵住，阻挡，挡住 (去路) If you **block** someone's way, you prevent them from going somewhere or entering a place by standing in front of them.

I started to move round him, but he **blocked** my way...
我准备绕过他，但他挡住了我。

Mr Calder tried to leave the shop but the police officer **blocked** his path.
考尔德先生想离开商店，但是那位警员拦住了他。

7 VERB 动词 阻挠；阻止；妨碍 If you **block** something that is being arranged, you prevent it from being done.

For years the country has tried to **block** imports of various cheap foreign products...
多年来，这个国家一直竭力阻挠各种廉价外国产品的进口。

His persistent attempts to complain to his superiors were **blocked** and ignored.
他一再试图向上级投诉，但都被挡了回来并置之不理。

8 VERB 动词 (体育运动中) 拦截，阻截 (进球、对手等) In some sports, if a player **blocks** a shot or kick, they stop the ball reaching its target. If one player **blocks** another, the first stops the second from reaching or moving with the ball.

In the final seconds, Gunn goalie Kevin Cantwell **blocked** two shots.
在最后的几秒钟，甘恩队的守门员凯文·坎特维尔扑出了两次射门。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指按特定顺序同时售出的) 大量，大批，大套 (票、股票等) A **block** of something such as tickets or shares is a large quantity of them, especially when they are all sold at the same time and are in a particular sequence or order.

Those booking a **block** of seats get them at reduced rates.
团体订座可享受折扣价。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 (短时间的) 思维停滞，思维中断 If you have a **mental block** or a **block**, you are temporarily unable to do something that you can normally do which involves using, thinking about, or remembering something.

11 See also: [breeze-block](#) ; [building block](#) ; [roadblock](#) ; [starting block](#) ; [stumbling block](#) ; [tower block](#), [a chip off the old block](#) ; →see: [chip](#) ;

12 PHRASE 短语 冒着败坏名声的风险；拿名誉 (或地位) 做赌注 If someone **lays their head on the block**, or **puts their head on the block**, they are risking their reputation or position by taking a particular course of action.

The Chancellor, by his unusual statement, has put his head on the **block**.
这位总理冒着丢乌纱帽的风险发表了一份非同寻常的声明。

相关词组：

[block in](#) [block off](#) [block out](#) [block up](#)

blood ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 血；血液 **Blood** is the red liquid that flows inside your body, which you can see if you cut yourself.

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 血统；出身；门第；家世 You can use **blood** to refer to the race or social class of someone's parents or ancestors.

There was Greek **blood** in his veins...
他有希腊血统。

He was of noble **blood**, and an officer.
他出身贵族，是一名军官。

3 PHRASE 短语 仇恨；憎恶感；厌恶感 If you say that there is **bad blood** between people, you mean that they have argued about something and dislike each other.

There is, it seems, some **bad blood** between Mills and the Baldwins.
米尔斯和鲍德温一家人好像有些不和。

4 PHRASE 短语 要求惩罚；要求严惩 If you say that people **are baying for blood**, you mean that they are demanding that someone should be hurt or punished.

And so what will he say to those who have been baying for his **blood**?
那么，他又会对那些一直强烈要求制裁他的人说些什么呢？

5 PHRASE 短语 See also: [blue-blooded](#) ; 出身高

贵：名门出身 If you say that someone has **blue blood**, you mean that they are from a family that has a high social rank.

6 PHRASE 短语 **使怒不可遏；使怒火中烧** If you say that something **makes your blood boil**, you are emphasizing that it makes you very angry.

It makes my **blood boil** to think two thugs decided to pick on an innocent young girl.

一想到两个暴徒要欺负一个天真的小姑娘，我就满腔怒火。

7 PHRASE 短语 See also: [cold-blooded](#)；**冷酷无情地；冷血地；残忍地** If something violent and cruel is done **in cold blood**, it is done deliberately and in an unemotional way.

The crime had been committed in **cold blood**.
这一罪行极为残忍。

8 PHRASE 短语 **使人不寒而栗；令人毛骨悚然** If you say that something **makes your blood run cold** or **makes your blood freeze**, you mean that it makes you feel very frightened.

The rage in his eyes made her **blood run cold**...
他眼中的怒火吓得她汗毛倒竖。

He could hear a sudden roaring. His **blood froze**.
他听到突如其来的一声吼叫，吓得魂不附体。

9 PHRASE 短语 **手上沾了...的血；对...的死难辞其咎** If you say that someone has a person's **blood on their hands**, you mean that they are responsible for that person's death.

He has my son's **blood** on his hands. I hope it haunts him for the rest of his days.
他手上沾了我儿子的血。我咒他余生不得安宁。

10 PHRASE 短语 **天生的；遗传的；生来就有的** If a quality or talent is **in your blood**, it is part of your nature, and other members of your family have it too.

Diplomacy was in his **blood**: his ancestors had been feudal lords...
他天生擅长交际：他的祖先曾是封建领主。

He has adventure in his **blood**.
他天生具备冒险基因。

11 PHRASE 短语 **新鲜血液；新生力量；新成员** You can use the expressions **new blood**, **fresh blood**, or **young blood** to refer to people who are brought into an organization to improve it by thinking of new ideas or new ways of doing things.

There's been a major reshuffle of the cabinet to bring in **new blood**...
内阁进行了重大改组，吸收了一些新鲜血液。

The England selectors must start introducing **young blood**.
英格兰队的人才选拔委员会必须着手引入一些新生力量。

12 PHRASE 短语 **向石取血，缘木求鱼（比喻很难办到或徒劳无功）** If you say that doing something such as getting information or persuading someone to talk to you is like **getting blood out of a stone** or **getting blood from a stone**, you are emphasizing that it is very difficult and that people are not being very helpful. In American English, you can also say that it is like **getting blood out of a turnip**.

13 PHRASE 短语 **竭尽全力；呕心沥血** If you say that someone **sweats blood** trying to do something, you are emphasizing that they try very hard to do it.

I had to sweat **blood** for an M.A.
我得拼命争取获得硕士学位。

14 PHRASE 短语 **取得初步胜利；最先占上风** If you say that someone **draws first blood**, you mean that they have had a success at the beginning of a competition or conflict.

The home side drew **first blood** with a penalty from Murray Strang.
主场球队依靠默里·斯特朗的罚球而旗开得胜。

15 PHRASE 短语 **血汗；艰苦的努力** If you refer to something as involving **blood, sweat, and tears**, you mean that it is a very hard thing to do and requires a lot of effort.

Why do apparently sane people go through all the **blood, sweat, tears and heartache** involved in getting a PhD?

为什么那些看起来神志正常的人会拼了命地要拿到一个博士学位？

16 PHRASE 短语 **血浓于水；家人总比外人亲** People say '**blood is thicker than water**' when they mean that their loyalty to their family is greater than their loyalty to anyone else.

Families have their problems and jealousies, but **blood is thicker than water**.

家家有本难念的经，也都难免互生嫉妒，但总归血浓于水。

17 **flesh and blood**→see: [flesh](#)；**own flesh and blood**→see: [flesh](#)；

board ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词（有特殊用途的）木板，塑料板，板材 A **board** is a flat, thin, rectangular piece of wood or plastic which is used for a particular purpose.

...a chopping **board**.
砧板

2 N-COUNT 可数名词（下棋等用的）木板，硬纸板，棋盘 A **board** is a square piece of wood or stiff cardboard that you use for playing games such as chess.

...a draughts **board**...

Dr Tinsley had five pieces on the **board** against Chinook's four.

廷斯利博士在棋盘上还有5枚棋子，对手钦诺克还有4枚。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 黑板；告示牌 You can refer to a blackboard or a noticeboard as a **board**.

He wrote a few more notes on the **board**.
他在黑板上又写了几条注释。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词（用来铺地板、筑围墙等的）长条木板 Boards are long flat pieces of wood which are used, for example, to make floors or walls.

The floor was draughty bare **boards**.
地面铺的是透气性好的实木地板。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [board of directors](#)；**董事会；理事会** The **board** of a company or organization is the group of people who control it and direct it.

Arthur wants to put his recommendation before the **board** at a meeting tomorrow.

阿瑟希望在明天的会议上把自己的建议书提交董事会。

...the agenda for the September 12 **board** meeting

9月12日董事会议的议程

6 N-COUNT 可数名词（用于机构名称中）局，所，中心，委员会 Board is used in the names of various organizations which are involved in dealing with a particular kind of activity.

The Scottish Tourist Board said 33,000 Japanese visited Scotland last year.

苏格兰旅游局宣称去年有33,000名日本人到苏格兰旅游。

...the US National Transportation Safety Board.
美国国家交通运输安全委员会

7 VERB 动词 **上，登上（火车、轮船或飞机）** When you **board** a train, ship, or aircraft, you get on it in order to travel somewhere.

I **boarded** the plane bound for England.
我登上了飞往英格兰的飞机。

8 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词（旅馆等提供的）膳食，伙食 Board is the food which is provided when you stay somewhere, for example in a hotel.

Free room and **board** are provided for all hotel staff.

宾馆的所有员工都可享受免费膳食。

9 See also: [bulletin board](#)；

10 PHRASE 短语（协议或交易）合法诚信的，公开的，光明正大的 An arrangement or deal that is **above board** is legal and is being carried out honestly and openly.

All I knew about were Antony's own financial dealings, which were always **above board**.

据我所知，安东尼经手的金融交易一直是公开透明的。

11 PHRASE 短语 **影响全体地；全面地** If a policy or a situation applies **across the board**, it affects everything or everyone in a particular group.

There are hefty charges **across the board** for one-way rental...

各处对单程租赁的收费都很高。

The President promised **across-the-board** tax cuts if re-elected.

总统许诺如果能再次当选将采取全面的减税措施。

12 PHRASE 短语 **被否决；被忽视；落空** If

something goes by the board, it is rejected or ignored, or is no longer possible.

It's a case of not what you know but who you know in this world today and qualifications quite go by the board.

在当今这个世界，重要的不是你知道什么而是你认识谁，能力才干根本派不上用场。

13 PHRASE 短语 在火车（或轮船、飞机）上

When you are **on board** a train, ship, or aircraft, you are on it or in it.

They arrived at Gatwick airport **on board** a plane chartered by the Italian government...

他们乘坐意大利政府的包机到达盖特威克机场。

...a naval task force with two thousand marines **on board**.

由2,000名海军陆战队士兵组成的海军特遣队

14 PHRASE 短语（在竞赛或选举中）取得压倒性胜利，大获全胜

If someone **sweeps the board** in a competition or election, they win nearly everything that it is possible to win.

Spain swept the **board** in boys' team competitions.

西班牙队在男子团体比赛中大获全胜。

15 PHRASE 短语 接受（主意）；理解（问题）

If you **take on board** an idea or a problem, you begin to accept it or understand it.

I hope that they will take **on board** some of what you have said.

我希望他们能采纳你们所提出的部分想法。

boarded up

Half the shops are **boarded up** on the estate's small shopping street.

在该住宅区的小型购物街上有一半商店都已封上了门窗。

...the **boarded-up** houses and the derelict factories of Merseyside.

默西赛德郡封上门窗的房屋和废弃的工厂

相关词组：

[board out](#) [board up](#)

boat ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 船；小船 A boat is something in which people can travel across water.

One of the best ways to see the area is in a small **boat**...

游览该地区的一个最好方式是乘坐小船。

The island may be reached by **boat** from the mainland.

这个岛屿可以从大陆乘小船到达。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 客轮；客船 You can refer to a passenger ship as a **boat**.

When the **boat** reached Cape Town, we said a temporary goodbye.

客轮到达开普敦时，我们暂时分别。

3 See also: [gray boat](#) ; [rowing boat](#) ;

4 PHRASE 短语 坐失良机；错失机会

If you say that someone has **missed the boat**, you mean that they have missed an opportunity and may not get another.

5 PHRASE 短语（尤指为了庆祝）挥金如土，大肆铺张

If you **push the boat out**, you spend a lot of money on something, especially in order to celebrate.

I earn enough to **push the boat out** now and again.

我挣的钱足以时不时摆摆阔了。

6 PHRASE 短语 捣乱；兴风作浪

If you say that someone is **rocking the boat**, you mean that they are upsetting a calm situation and causing trouble.

I said I didn't want to **rock the boat** in any way.

我说过我根本不想挑事。

7 PHRASE 短语 处于相同的倒霉境地；同病相怜

If two or more people are **in the same boat**, they are in the same unpleasant situation.

bomb ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 炸弹；爆炸装置 A bomb is a device which explodes and damages or destroys a large area.

Bombs went off at two London train stations...

伦敦的两个地铁站发生了炸弹爆炸事件。

It's not known who planted the **bomb**...

安放炸弹者身份不明。

Most of the **bombs** fell in the south...

大多数炸弹投在南部。

There were two **bomb** explosions in the city overnight.

一夜之间城里发生了两起炸弹爆炸事件。

2 N-SING 单数名词 核武器；核弹 Nuclear weapons are sometimes referred to as **the bomb**.

They are generally thought to have **the bomb**.

人们普遍认为他们拥有核武器。

3 VERB 动词 轰炸；向...投炸弹 When people **bomb** a place, they attack it with bombs.

Airforce jets **bombed** the airport.

空军的喷气式飞机轰炸了该机场。

bombing

Aerial **bombing** of rebel positions is continuing...

对叛军阵地的空中轰炸正在继续。

There has been a series of car **bombings**.

发生了一系列的汽车爆炸事件。

4 See also: [petrol bomb](#) ; [pipe bomb](#) ;

相关词组：

[bomb out](#)

bond ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词（情感的）纽带，契合，关系 A bond between people is a strong feeling of friendship, love, or shared beliefs and experiences that unites them.

The experience created a very special **bond** between us.

这种经历使我们之间产生了一种很特殊的关系。

...the **bond** that linked them.

将他们联结在一起的感情纽带

2 V-RECIP-ERG 与...紧密联系；（使）相互联结；（使）建立亲密关系 When people **bond** with each other, they form a relationship based on love or shared beliefs and experiences. You can also say that people **bond** or that something **bonds** them.

Belinda was having difficulty **bonding** with the baby...

贝琳达难以与孩子建立起亲密的关系。

They all **bonded** while writing graffiti together...

他们都是在一起涂鸦时互相熟识的。

What had **bonded** them instantly and so completely was their similar background...

是相似的生活背景使他们很快变得亲密无间。

The players are **bonded** by a spirit that is rarely seen in an English team.

队员们是靠一种精神拧成了一股绳，这种精神在英格兰球队中颇为鲜见。

bonding

They expect **bonding** to occur naturally.

他们希望能够建立自然的关系。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词（个人或团体之间的）密切联系 A bond between people or groups is a close connection that they have with each other, for example because they have a special agreement.

...the strong **bond** between church and nation...

教会和国家之间紧密相连的关系

There are tangible signs that the republic's successfully breaking its **bonds** with Moscow.

有明显迹象表明该共和国成功地断绝了与莫斯科的密切联系。

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词 桎梏；束缚；约束；羁绊 Bonds are feelings, duties, or customs that force you to behave in a particular way.

Freed from the **bonds** of convention and the fear of what others may think, the mind responds with new solutions...

从传统的束缚中解脱出来，不再担心别人会有什么看法，顿时感到柳暗花明。

We must, somehow, find a way to loosen the **bonds** of tradition.

我们不管怎样都必须找到摆脱传统束缚的途径。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 黏合；连结 A bond between two things is the way in which they stick to one another or are joined in some way.

The superglue may not create a **bond** with some plastics...

强力胶水可能无法粘住某些塑料。

The molecule contains four carbon atoms arranged in a ring with a triple **bond** between two of them.

这个分子包含四个呈环状排列的碳原子，每两个碳

原子之间形成一个三价键。

6 V-RECIP-ERG 与...黏合(或连接);(使)黏合(或连接)在一起 When one thing **bonds** with another, it sticks to it or becomes joined to it in some way. You can also say that two things **bond together**, or that something **bonds them together**.

Diamond may be strong in itself, but it does not **bond** well with other materials...

钻石本身可能很坚固,但却不易与其他物质很好地黏合。

In graphite sheets, carbon atoms **bond** together in rings...

石墨层中的碳原子相互连接形成碳环。

Strips of wood are **bonded** together and moulded by machine.

木板条被黏合在一起并用机器压模成型。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [junk bond](#); [premium bond](#); (政府或公司发行的)公债,债券 When a government or company issues a **bond**, it borrows money from investors. The certificate which is issued to investors who lend money is also called a **bond**.

Most of it will be financed by government **bonds**.

大部分资金将通过发行政府债券来筹措。

...the recent sharp decline in **bond** prices.

最近债券价格的暴跌

border ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 [边界](#); [边疆](#); [边界地区](#) The **border** between two countries or regions is the dividing line between them. Sometimes the **border** also refers to the land close to this line.

They fled across the **border**.

他们穿越边界逃走了。

...the isolated jungle area near the Panamanian **border**...

靠近巴拿马边境的偏僻丛林地区

Clifford is enjoying life north of the **border**.

克利福德正在边境北部自在地生活。

...the Mexican **border** town of Tijuana...

墨西哥边境的提华纳镇

Soldiers had temporarily closed the **border**

between the two countries.

士兵们临时封锁了两国之间的边境线。

2 VERB 动词 和...毗邻;与...接壤 A country that **borders** another country, a sea, or a river is next to it.

...the European and Arab countries **bordering**

the Mediterranean.

地中海沿岸的欧洲和阿拉伯国家

Border on means the same as **border**. [border on](#)同**border**

Both republics **border on** the Black Sea.

两个共和国都临近黑海。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 [镶边](#); [包边](#) A **border** is a strip or band around the edge of something.

...pillowcases trimmed with a hand-crocheted **border**.

饰有手工编织花边的枕套

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (花园边上的)狭长花坛,花带 In a garden, a **border** is a long strip of ground along the edge planted with flowers.

...a lawn flanked by wide herbaceous **borders**.

两侧栽种大片草本花的草坪

...**border** plants.

花带里的植物

5 VERB 动词 形成...的边界;环绕;毗连 If something is **bordered** by another thing, the other thing forms a line along the edge of it.

... the mile of white sand beach **bordered** by

palm trees and tropical flowers

四周围有棕榈树和热带花卉的长达1英里的白色沙滩

Caesar marched north into the forests that **border** the Danube River.

恺撒挥师北上,深入到多瑙河沿岸的森林地带。

相关词组:

[border on](#)

born ★★★★★

1 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 出生;诞生;为...所生

When a baby is **born**, it comes out of its mother's body at the beginning of its life. In formal English,

if you say that someone is **born of** someone or to someone, you mean that person is their parent.

My mother was 40 when I was **born**...

母亲生我时40岁。

She was **born** in London on April 29, 1923...

她1923年4月29日在伦敦出生。

He was **born of** German parents and lived most of his life abroad...

他的父母都是德国人,但他一生中大部分时间在国外度过。

Willie Smith was the second son **born** to Jean and Stephen.

威利·史密斯是琼和斯蒂芬生的第二个儿子。

2 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 生下来(有某种疾病或问题);天生(具有某种性格) If someone is **born with** a particular disease, problem, or characteristic, they have it from the time they are born.

He was **born** with only one lung.

他生下来就只有一叶肺。

Some people are **born** brainy...

有些人天生聪明。

I think he was **born** to be editor of a tabloid newspaper...

我觉得他天生就是当小报编辑的料。

We are all **born** leaders; we just need the right circumstances in which to flourish.

我们每个人天生都具备领导者的素质;我们只是需要适当的环境来培养这种素质。

3 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 (用于姓名前)出生(取名...的) You can use **be born** in front of a particular name to show that a person was given this name at birth, although they may be better known by another name.

She was **born** Jenny Harvey on June 11, 1946.

她在1946年6月11号出生,取名叫珍妮·哈维。

4 ADJ 形容词 天生的 You use **born** to describe someone who has a natural ability to do a particular activity or job. For example, if you are a **born** cook, you have a natural ability to cook well.

Jack was a **born** teacher.

杰克天生是个当老师的料。

5 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 (思想、组织等)产生,诞生 When an idea or organization is **born**, it comes into existence. If something is **born of** a particular emotion or activity, it exists as a result of that emotion or activity.

The idea for the show was **born** in his hospital room...

这个节目的构思是他在医院病房里想出来的。

Congress passed the National Security Act, and the CIA was **born**...

国会通过了《国家安全法》,中央情报局由此而诞生。

Energy conservation as a philosophy was **born** out of the 1973 oil crisis.

能源节约的理念产生于1973年的石油危机。

6 See also: [-born](#); [first born](#); [newborn](#);

7 to be born and bred→see: [bred](#);

to be born with a silver spoon in your mouth→see: [spoon](#);

boss ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 老板;上司 Your **boss** is the person in charge of the organization or department where you work.

He cannot stand his **boss**...

他无法忍受他的老板。

Occasionally I have to go and ask the **boss** for a rise.

有时我不得不找老板要求加薪。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 领导;头儿;发号施令者 If you are the **boss** in a group or relationship, you are the person who makes all the decisions.

He thinks he's the **boss**.

他认为自己是头儿。

3 VERB 动词 对...颐指气使;对...指手画脚 If you say that someone **bosses** you, you mean that they keep telling you what to do in a way that is irritating.

We cannot **boss** them into doing more...

我们不能再差遣他们做更多的事了。

"You are not to **boss** me!" she shouted.

"你不能指挥我!"她喊道。

Boss around, or in British English **boss about**, means the

Use as **boss** : boss around, boss about (英国英语) 同 boss

He started **bossing** people around and I didn't like what was happening.

他开始把别人差来遣去，而我不喜欢他这样。

4 PHRASE 短语 **为自己打工；自己拿主意** If you are your own **boss**, you work for yourself or make your own decisions and do not have anyone telling you what to do.

I'm very much my own **boss** and no one interferes with what I do.

我自己很有主见，没有人干预我做的事。

相关词组：

[boss around](#)

bottle ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **瓶子** A **bottle** is a glass or plastic container in which drinks and other liquids are kept. Bottles are usually round with straight sides and a narrow top.

There were two empty beer **bottles** on the table...

桌子上有两个空啤酒瓶。

He was pulling the cork from a **bottle** of wine.

他正在启一瓶葡萄酒的瓶塞。

...Victorian scent **bottles**.

维多利亚时代风格的香水瓶

A **bottle** of something is an amount of it contained in a bottle. **一瓶之量**

He had drunk half a **bottle** of whisky.

他已经喝掉了半瓶威士忌。

2 VERB 动词 **用瓶装；把...装入瓶中** To **bottle** a drink or other liquid means to put it into bottles after it has been made.

This is a large truck which has equipment to automatically **bottle** the wine.

这是一辆大型卡车，拥有自动将葡萄酒装瓶的设备。

...**bottled** water.

瓶装水

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **奶瓶** A **bottle** is a drinking container used by babies. It has a special rubber part at the top through which they can suck their drink.

Gary was holding a **bottle** to the baby's lips.

加里正拿着一个奶瓶给婴儿喂奶。

A **bottle** of milk or other drink is an amount of it contained in a baby's bottle. (牛奶或其他饮品的) **一瓶之量**

4 VERB 动词 **将 (水果) 装罐瓶保存** To **bottle** fruit means to put it into special jars, in order to preserve it.

Did she do things like bottling fruit or making jam?

她干过将水果装瓶或做果酱之类的活计吗？

...**bottled** plums.

装罐贮藏的李子

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **勇气；胆量** **Bottle** is used to refer to courage or boldness.

But will anyone have the **bottle** to go through with it?

但是谁会有胆量经受这件事？

6 See also: [bottled](#) ; [feeding bottle](#) ; [hot-water bottle](#) ; [water bottle](#) ;

7 PHRASE 短语 **酗酒** If someone **hits the bottle**, they drink a lot of alcohol.

After my mother died my father started hitting the **bottle**.

我母亲死后父亲开始酗酒。

8 PHRASE 短语 (在最后时刻) **因胆怯而放弃，打退堂鼓** If you say that someone **has bottled it**, you mean that they have lost their courage at the last moment and have not done something they intended to do.

He was scheduled to appear on the Russell Harty Show, but **bottled it** at the last minute.

他原定参加拉塞尔·哈蒂主持的节目，但在最后时刻打了退堂鼓。

相关词组：

[bottle out](#) [bottle up](#)

bottom ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **底；底部** The **bottom** of something is the lowest or deepest part of it.

He sat at the **bottom** of the stairs...

他坐在最下面的一级楼梯上。

Answers can be found at the **bottom** of page 8.

在第8页末尾可以找到答案。

...the **bottom** of the sea.

海底

2 ADJ 形容词 **最下方的；底部的；底层的** The **bottom** thing or layer in a series of things or layers is the lowest one.

There's an extra duvet in the **bottom** drawer of the cupboard.

橱柜最底层的抽屉里还有一床羽绒被。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **底面；内底面；外底面** The **bottom** of an object is the flat surface at its lowest point. You can also refer to the inside or outside of this surface as the **bottom**.

Spread the onion slices on the **bottom** of the dish.

把洋葱片铺在盘底。

...the **bottom** of their shoes.

他们的鞋底

...a suitcase with a false **bottom**.

活底手提箱

4 N-SING 单数名词 (某市场或产业的) **最差状况，低谷** If you say that the **bottom** has dropped or fallen out of a market or industry, you mean that people have stopped buying the products it sells.

The **bottom** had fallen out of the city's property market.

该市的房地产市场已陷入极度低迷。

5 N-SING 单数名词 (街道、花园的) **尽头，远端** The **bottom** of a street or garden is the end farthest away from you or from your house.

...the Cathedral at the **bottom** of the street.

街道尽头的大教堂

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 end

6 N-SING 单数名词 (桌子的) **边角；(床) 脚，尾** The **bottom** of a table is the end farthest away from where you are sitting. The **bottom** of a bed is the end where you usually rest your feet.

Malone sat down on the **bottom** of the bed.

马隆在床脚坐下了。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 end

7 N-SING 单数名词 (组织机构或职业架构的) **最底层，基层** The **bottom** of an organization or career structure is the lowest level in it, where new employees often start.

He had worked in the theatre for many years, starting at the **bottom**.

他从最基础的干起，已经从事戏剧工作很多年了。

...a contract researcher at the **bottom** of the pay scale.

工资级别最低的合同研究人员

8 N-SING 单数名词 (调查、测试或联赛中的) **表现最差者，最后一名** If someone is **bottom** or at the **bottom** in a survey, test, or league their performance is worse than that of all the other people involved.

He was always **bottom** of the class...

他一直是全班的最后一名。

The team is close to **bottom** of the League.

这支球队快跌至联赛末席了。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **臀部；屁股** Your **bottom** is the part of your body that you sit on.

If there was one thing she could change about her body it would be her **bottom**.

如果能对自己的身体做一点改变，那她会选择臀部。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 (比基尼泳装的) **泳裤；(田径服、睡衣的) 裤子** The lower part of a bikini, tracksuit, or pair of pyjamas can be referred to as the **bottoms** or the **bottom**.

She wore blue tracksuit **bottoms**.

她穿了一件蓝色田径裤。

...a skimpy bikini **bottom**.

极其暴露的比基尼泳裤

11 See also: [bottomed](#) ; [rock bottom](#) ;

12 PHRASE 短语 **实质上；实际上** You use **at bottom** to emphasize that you are stating what you think is the real nature of something or the real truth about a situation.

The two systems are, at **bottom**, conceptual models...

这两个系统实质上是两种概念模式。

At **bottom**, such an attitude is born not of concern for your welfare, but out of fear of losing you.

实际上，这种态度并非源自对你幸福的关心，而是出于害怕失去你。

13 PHRASE 短语 **是...的真正原因；是...的根源** If something is **at the bottom of** a problem or unpleasant situation, it is the real cause of it.

Often I find that anger and resentment are at the **bottom** of the problem.

我常常发现愤怒和不满是问题的真正根源。

14 PHRASE 短语 **打心眼里；衷心地** You can say that you mean something **from the bottom of your heart** to emphasize that you mean it very sincerely.

I'm happy, and I mean that **from the bottom of my heart**...

我很开心，而且是那种发自肺腑的开心。

I want to thank everyone **from the bottom of my heart**.

我要衷心感谢每一个人。

15 PHRASE 短语 **找到...的真正起因；查到...的根源** If you want to **get to the bottom of** a problem, you want to solve it by finding out its real cause.

I have to get to the **bottom** of this mess.

我必须查清造成这一混乱局面的真正原因。

16 CONVENTION 惯用语 **干杯** Some people say **bottoms up** to each other just before drinking an alcoholic drink.

17

to **scrape the bottom of the barrel**→see: [barrel](#) ;

相关词组：

[bottom out](#)

box ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **盒子；箱子；匣子** A **box** is a square or rectangular container with hard or stiff sides. Boxes often have lids.

He reached into the cardboard **box** beside him...

他把手伸进身边的纸板盒里。

They sat on wooden **boxes**.

他们坐在木箱子上。

...the **box** of tissues on her desk.

她桌子上的纸巾盒

A **box of** something is an amount of it contained in a box.

一盒之量；一箱之量；一匣之量

She ate two **boxes** of liqueurs.

她吃了两盒酒心巧克力。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(在纸张、道路等上印制或画出的)方格，方框** A **box** is a square or rectangle that is printed or drawn on a piece of paper, a road, or on some other surface.

3 N-SING 单数名词 **(足球场的)罚球区** In football, **the box** is the penalty area of the field.

He scored from the penalty spot after being brought down in the **box**.

在罚球区内被犯规撞倒后，他罚点球破门得分。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(剧院或运动场的)包厢** A **box** is a small separate area in a theatre or at a sports ground or stadium, where a small number of people can sit to watch the performance or game.

5 N-SING 单数名词 **电视机** Television is sometimes referred to as **the box**.

Do you watch it live at all or do you watch it on the **box**?

你是在现场看还是在电视上看？

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(用在数字前表示邮政地址)邮政信箱，邮箱** **Box** is used before a number as a postal address by organizations that receive a lot of mail.

...Country Crafts, **Box 111**, Landisville.

兰蒂斯维尔111号信箱，乡村工艺社

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **黄杨(小型长绿树，常用作篱笆)** **Box** is a small evergreen tree with dark leaves which is often used to form hedges.

...**box** hedges.

黄杨篱笆

8 VERB 动词 **(按照拳击运动的规则)击打** To **box** means to fight someone according to the rules of boxing.

At school I **boxed** and played rugby...

在学校时我既打拳击又玩橄榄球。

The two fighters had previously **boxed** a 12-round match.

这两位拳击手之前已经打了一场12回合的比赛。

9 See also: [boxed](#) ; [boxing](#) ; [black box](#) ; [chocolate-box](#) ; [lunch-box](#) ; [phone-box](#) ; [post office-box](#) ; [postbox](#) ; [sentry-box](#) ; [signal box](#) ; [telephone-box](#) ;

10

to **box** someone's ears→see: [ear](#) ;

boxed in

The Chancellor is **boxed in** by inflation targets and sterling.

财政大臣被通货膨胀目标和英镑逼得束手无策。

相关词组：

[box in](#)

brain ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **脑；大脑** Your **brain** is the organ inside your head that controls your body's activities and enables you to think and to feel things such as heat and pain.

Her father died of a **brain** tumour.

她父亲死于脑瘤。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **头脑；智力** Your **brain** is your mind and the way that you think.

Once you stop using your **brain** you soon go stale...

一旦停止用脑，人很快就会变得迟钝。

Stretch your **brain** with this puzzle.

用这个智力游戏锻炼你的思维能力。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **智力；智慧；头脑** If someone has **brains** or a good **brain**, they have the ability to learn and understand things quickly, to solve problems, and to make good decisions.

They were not the only ones to have **brains** and ambition...

并不是只有他们聪明、有志向。

I had a good **brain** and the teachers liked me.

我很聪明，老师们都喜欢我。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **智囊；出谋划策者** If someone is **the brains** behind an idea or an organization, he or she had that idea or makes the important decisions about how that organization is managed.

Mr White was the **brains** behind the scheme...

怀特先生是该项计划的幕后策划者。

Some investigators regarded her as the **brains** of the gang.

一些调查员认为她是该团伙的决策者。

5 VERB 动词 **猛击...的头部** To **brain** someone means to hit them forcefully on the head.

He had threatened to **brain** him then and there.

他当时就威胁要打爆他的脑袋。

6 PHRASE 短语 **把...的脑袋打伤；把...脑袋打开花** To **beat** someone's **brains out** or **bash** their **brains in** means to hit their head very hard, so that they are badly injured or killed.

They stood over him with clubs raised as if to beat his **brains out**.

他们举着棍子监视着他，好像要揍扁他的脑袋。

7 PHRASE 短语 **(用枪)把...的脑袋打开花；射中...的头部** To **blow** someone's **brains out** means to shoot them in the head, killing them.

Give me all your money or I'll blow your **brains out**...

把你所有的钱都给我，否则我就一枪把你的脑袋打开花。

He blew his **brains out** with a shotgun.

他用一支猎枪射中了他的脑袋。

8 PHRASE 短语 **一直想着；对...念念不忘** If someone has something **on the brain**, they keep thinking about it.

You've had chess **on the brain** since you were little.

你从很小的时候就对下棋产生了浓厚兴趣。

9 PHRASE 短语 **请教；讨教** If you **pick** someone's **brains**, you ask them to help you with a problem because they know more about the subject than you.

Why should a successful company allow another firm to pick its **brains**?

为什么一个成功的企业就得允许别的公司来讨教呢？

to rack your brains→see: [rack](#);

bridge ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **桥；桥梁** A **bridge** is a structure that is built over a railway, river, or road so that people or vehicles can cross from one side to the other.

He walked back over the railway **bridge**.

他从铁路桥上走了回去。

...the Golden Gate **Bridge**.

金门大桥

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (连接两地的) **桥梁，纽带** A **bridge** between two places is a piece of land that joins or connects them.

...a land **bridge** linking Serbian territories.

连接塞尔维亚不同地区的陆桥

3 VERB 动词 **弥合(分歧)；消除(隔阂)** To **bridge** the gap between two people or things means to reduce it or get rid of it.

It is unlikely that the two sides will be able to **bridge** their differences.

双方不太可能消除彼此之间的分歧。

4 VERB 动词 **兼具...的特点** Something that **bridges** the gap between two very different things has some of the qualities of each of these things.

...the singer who **bridged** the gap between pop music and opera.

将通俗音乐与歌剧结合起来的歌手

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **桥梁；媒介；纽带** If something or someone acts as a **bridge** between two people, groups, or things, they connect them.

We hope this book will act as a **bridge** between doctor and patient...

我们希望这本书能成为医生与患者之间沟通的桥

梁。

They saw themselves as a **bridge** to peace.

他们把自己看作实现和平的使者。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **舰桥** The **bridge** is the place on a ship from which it is steered.

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **鼻梁** The **bridge** of your nose is the thin top part of it, between your eyes.

On the **bridge** of his hooked nose was a pair of gold rimless spectacles.

他的鹰钩鼻上架着一副金色无框眼镜。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 (眼镜的) **鼻梁架** The **bridge** of a pair of glasses is the part that rests on your nose.

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 (小提琴、吉他等弦乐器的) **琴马，琴桥** The **bridge** of a violin, guitar, or other stringed instrument is the small piece of wood under the strings that holds them up.

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 (固定假牙的) **齿桥** A **bridge** is a piece of metal or plastic that holds false teeth in place by connecting them to natural teeth.

11 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **桥牌** **Bridge** is a card game for four players in which the players begin by declaring how many tricks they expect to win.

12 See also: [suspension bridge](#);

13 PHRASE 短语 **破釜沉舟；自绝退路** If you **burn your bridges**, you do something which forces you to continue with a particular course of action, and makes it impossible for you to return to an earlier situation or relationship.

14 **water under the bridge**→see: [water](#);

brief ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **简短的；短暂的** Something that is **brief** lasts for only a short time.

She once made a **brief** appearance on television...

她曾经在电视上短暂露面。

This time their visit is **brief**.

他们这次的访问时间很短。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (讲话或文章) **简短的，简洁的** A **brief** speech or piece of writing does not contain too many words or details.

In a **brief** statement, he concentrated entirely on international affairs...

他作了一个简短的声明，集中阐述了在国际事务方面的立场。

Write a very **brief** description of a typical problem.

就一个典型问题作简要的描述。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **简明扼要的** If you are **brief**, you say what you want to say in as few words as possible.

Now please be **brief** — my time is valuable...

请长话短说——我的时间宝贵。

I hope to be **brief** and to the point.

我希望简明扼要，抓住重点。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (时间) **短的，短暂的** You can describe a period of time as **brief** if you want to emphasize that it is very short.

For a few **brief** minutes we forgot the anxiety and anguish.

短短几分钟我们就忘记了焦虑与苦恼。

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **短内裤** Men's or women's underpants can be referred to as **briefs**.

A bra and a pair of **briefs** lay on the floor.

地板上有一个胸罩和一条短内裤。

6 VERB 动词 (尤指就某项工作或某一重大事件) **向...简要介绍情况** If someone **briefs** you, especially about a piece of work or a serious matter, they give you information that you need before you do it or consider it.

A Defense Department spokesman **briefed** reporters...

一位国防部发言人向记者们简要介绍了情况。

The Prime Minister has been **briefed** by her parliamentary aides.

首相已听取了她议会助手的简要汇报。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **正式委托；指示** If someone gives you a **brief**, they officially give you responsibility for dealing with a particular thing.

...customs officials with a **brief** to stop foreign porn coming into Britain.

受命阻止国外淫秽出版物流入英国的海关官员

8 See also: [briefer](#); [briefing](#);

9 PHRASE 短语 **简短地** If you refer to something **in brief**, you are referring to a shortened version of it with few details.

...and now sport **in brief**.

现在播报体育简讯

10 PHRASE 短语 **简言之；总之** You can say **in brief** to indicate that you are about to say something in as few words as possible or to give a summary of what you have just said.

In brief, take no risks.

总之，不能冒险。

相关词组：

[brief against](#)

bright ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (颜色) **鲜艳的，明亮的** A **bright** colour is strong and noticeable, and not dark.

...a **bright** red dress.

鲜红的连衣裙

...the **bright** uniforms of the guards parading at Buckingham Palace.

参加白金汉宫阅兵式的卫兵们色彩鲜艳的制服

brightly

...a display of **brightly** coloured flowers.

色彩艳丽花卉展示

brightness

You'll be impressed with the **brightness** and the beauty of the colors.

色彩的明艳美丽会让你大饱眼福。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (光线) **充足的，明亮的** A **bright** light, object, or place is shining strongly or is full of light.

...a **bright** October day...

10月的一天，天气晴朗

She leaned forward, her eyes **bright** with excitement.

她身体前倾，眼里闪烁着兴奋的光芒。

brightly

...a warm, **brightly** lit room...

温暖、灯火通明的房间

The sun shone **brightly**.

阳光灿烂。

brightness

An astronomer can determine the **brightness** of

each star.

天文学家能够测定每颗恒星的亮度。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **聪明的；伶俐的** If you describe someone as **bright**, you mean that they are quick at learning things.

I was convinced that he was **brighter** than average.

我确信他比一般人聪明。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(主意) 聪明的，巧妙的** A **bright** idea is clever and original.

There are lots of books crammed with **bright** ideas...

许多书里都有很多绝妙的想法。

Ford had the **bright** idea of paying workers enough to buy cars.

福特公司想出了付给工人足够的薪水去购买汽车这一绝妙的主意。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **快乐的；活泼的；开朗的** If someone looks or sounds **bright**, they look or sound cheerful and lively.

The boy was so **bright** and animated...

这个男孩活泼开朗，充满活力。

'May I help you?' said a **bright** American voice over the telephone.

“请问您需要什么帮助？”电话里传出一个充满活力的美国人的声音。

brightly

He smiled **brightly** as Ben approached.

本走过来时，他脸上露出灿烂的笑容。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(未来) 光明的，有希望的** If the future is **bright**, it is likely to be pleasant or successful.

Both had successful careers and the future looked **bright**...

两个人都事业有成，前程似锦。

There are much **brighter** prospects for a comprehensive settlement than before.

综合性的社区具有比以前更加光明的前景。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(汽车或其他车辆) 打开的前灯** The **brights** on a car or other vehicle are the headlights when they are switched on fully.

8 PHRASE 短语 **看光明的一面；抱乐观态度** If you **look on the bright side**, you try to be cheerful about a bad situation by thinking of some advantages that could result from it, or thinking that it is not as bad as it could have been.

broad ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **宽的；宽阔的** Something that is **broad** is wide.

His shoulders were **broad** and his waist narrow...

他细腰宽肩膀。

The hills rise green and sheer above the **broad** river.

这些小山碧绿陡峭，矗立在这条宽阔的河流之上。

...a **broad** expanse of green lawn.

一大片开阔的绿地。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(笑) 咧开嘴的** A **broad** smile is one in which your mouth is stretched very wide because you are very pleased or amused.

He greeted them with a wave and a **broad** smile.

他向他们挥一下手，热情地笑着向他们打招呼。

broadly

Charles grinned **broadly**.

查尔斯开心地笑了。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **广泛的；涉及面广的** You use **broad** to describe something that includes a large number of different things or people.

A **broad** range of issues was discussed.

讨论涉及了范围十分广泛的一系列议题。

...a **broad** coalition of workers, peasants, students and middle class professionals.

工人、农民、学生和中产阶级职业人士的广泛联盟

broadly

This gives children a more **broadly** based education.

这使孩子们受到了内容更广泛的教育。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(词义或含义) 广泛的，概括的** You use **broad** to describe a word or meaning which covers or refers to a wide range of different things.

The term Wissenschaft has a much **broad**er meaning than the English word 'science'.

Wissenschaft这个术语比英语词science含义更广。

...restructuring in the **broad** sense of the word.

按这个词最广义的解释进行重构

broadly

We define education very **broadly** and students can study any aspect of its consequences for society.

我们对教育的定义非常宽泛，学生们可以就其给社会带来的影响的任一方面进行研究。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **普遍的；广泛的** You use **broad** to describe a feeling or opinion that is shared by many people, or by people of many different kinds.

The agreement won **broad** support in the US Congress.

这一协议在美国国会中赢得了广泛的支持。

...a film with **broad** appeal.

具有广泛吸引力的电影

broadly

The new law has been **broadly** welcomed by road safety organisations.

这部新法律受到了道路安全机构的普遍欢迎。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(描述或想法) 大致的，概括的，笼统的** A **broad** description or idea is general rather than detailed.

These documents provided a **broad** outline of the Society's development...

这些文件勾画出了社会发展的大致框架。

In **broad** terms, this means that the closer you live to a school, the more likely it is that your child will get a place there.

笼统地说，你住得离某学校越近，你的孩子就越有可能进入该校上学。

broadly

There are, **broadly** speaking, three ways in which this is done...

大致说来，做这件事有3种方法。

Broadly, it makes connections between ideas about healing and how they link to plants.

笼统说来，它将治疗理念和如何与医疗设备相结合联系了起来。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(暗示) 明显的，不掩饰的** A **broad** hint is a very obvious hint.

They've been giving **broad** hints about what to expect.

他们对将会出现什么情况已作了明白的暗示。

broadly

He hinted **broadly** that he would like to come.

他已经明白暗示他想来。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(口音) 浓重的** A **broad** accent is strong and noticeable.

...a Briton who spoke in a **broad** Yorkshire accent.

一个讲话带有浓重约克郡口音的英国人

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **女人，娘们(可能具有冒犯意味)** Some men refer to women as **broads**. This use could cause offence.

10 See also: [broadly](#) ;

11 in **broad daylight**→see: [daylight](#) ;

budget ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **预算** Your **budget** is the amount of money that you have available to spend. The **budget** for something is the amount of money that a person, organization, or country has available to spend on it.

She will design a fantastic new kitchen for you — and all within your **budget**...

她将为你设计一个超级棒的新厨房，而且绝不会超出你的预算。

Someone had furnished the place on a tight **budget**...

有人没花多少钱简单地把这个地方布置了一下。

This year's **budget** for AIDS prevention probably won't be much higher.

今年用于防治艾滋病的预算很可能不会比往年高很多。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **财政收支状况** The **budget** of an organization or country is its financial situation, considered as the difference between the money it

receives and the money it spends.

The hospital obviously needs to balance the **budget** each year.

很明显，医院每年都要平衡其收支预算。

...his readiness to raise taxes as part of an effort to cut the **budget** deficit.

他已准备把增加税收作为削减预算赤字的措施之一

3 N-PROPER 专有名词 (英国的) 政府年度预算案，政府年度预算演讲 In Britain, the **Budget** is the financial plan in which the government states how much money it intends to raise through taxes and how it intends to spend it. The **Budget** is also the speech in which this plan is announced.

The Chancellor could use the Budget to bring in taxation reforms.

财政大臣可以利用政府年度预算演讲的机会提出税收改革事宜。

...other indirect tax changes announced in the Budget.

在政府预算中公布的其他间接税收变动

4 VERB 动词 把...编入预算 If you **budget** certain amounts of money for particular things, you decide that you can afford to spend those amounts on those things.

The company has **budgeted** \$10 million for advertising...

公司已经做了1,000万美元的广告预算。

The movie is only **budgeted** at \$10 million...

该电影的预算只有1,000万美元。

I'm learning how to **budget**.

我正在学习编制预算。

budgeting

We have continued to exercise caution in our **budgeting** for the current year.

在编制今年的预算时，我们会一如既往地谨慎从事。

5 ADJ 形容词 (用于广告语) 低价的，低廉的

Budget is used in advertising to suggest that something is being sold cheaply.

Cheap flights are available from **budget** travel agent from £240.

收费低廉的旅行社可以提供240英镑起的低价机票。

相关词组：

[budget for](#)

burn ★★★★★

The past tense and past participle is burned in American English, and burnt or burnt in British English. burn的过去式和过去分词在美国英语中为burned,在英国英语中为burned或burnt.

1 VERB 动词 着火；燃烧 If there is a fire or a flame somewhere, you say that there is a fire or flame **burning** there.

Fires were **burning** out of control in the center of the city...

市中心的火势失去了控制。

There was a fire **burning** in the large fireplace...

大壁炉里火势正旺。

The furnace has a design that allows the flame to **burn** at a lower temperature.

这炉子的设计可以让火苗在较低的温度下燃烧。

2 VERB 动词 着火；烧着 If something is **burning**, it is on fire.

When I arrived one of the vehicles was still **burning**.

当我到达时，其中一辆车还在燃烧。

The building housed 1,500 refugees and it **burned** for hours...

这幢住有1,500名难民的大楼燃烧了好几个小时。

That boy was rescued from a **burning** house.

那个男孩被人从失火的房子中救了出来。

burning

When we arrived in our village there was a terrible smell of **burning**.

我们到达村子时闻到一股难闻的烧焦味。

3 VERB 动词 烧掉；烧毁 If you **burn** something, you destroy or damage it with fire.

Protesters set cars on fire and **burned** a building...

抗议者焚烧汽车，并烧毁了一座建筑。

Incineration plants should be built to **burn** household waste...

应该建立焚烧厂以焚毁日常生活垃圾。

Coal fell out of the fire, and **burned** the carpet.

炉火中迸出的煤块烧着了地毯。

burning

The French government has criticized the **burning** of a US flag outside the American Embassy.

法国政府对在美国大使馆外焚烧美国国旗的行为予以谴责。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 点燃；燃烧 If you **burn** a fuel or if it **burns**, it is used to produce heat, light, or energy.

The power stations **burn** coal from the Ruhr region...

发电站烧的煤产自鲁尔地区。

Manufacturers are working with new fuels to find one that **burns** more cleanly than petrol.

制造商们正在研制新型燃料，以找到一种比汽油更清洁的燃料。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 烧焦；烤糊 If you **burn** something that you are cooking or if it **burns**, you spoil it by using too much heat or cooking it for too long.

I **burnt** the toast...

我把面包烤糊了。

Watch them carefully as they finish cooking because they can **burn** easily.

就要做好时得小心看着，因为它们很容易烧糊。

burnt

...the smell of **burnt** toast.

面包烤焦的味道

6 VERB 动词 烧伤；灼伤 If you **burn** part of your body, **burn yourself**, or **are burnt**, you are injured by fire or by something very hot.

Take care not to **burn** your fingers...

注意别烧着手指头。

If you are badly **burnt**, seek medical attention.

如果是严重烧伤，就得去看医生。

Burn is also a noun.

She suffered appalling **burns** to her back.

她背部被严重烧伤。

7 VERB 动词 烧死 If someone is **burnt** or **burnt** to death, they are killed by fire.

Women were **burned** as witches in the middle ages...

妇女在中世纪时被当成女巫烧死。

At least 80 people were **burnt** to death when their bus caught fire.

大客车着火导致至少80人被烧死。

8 VERB 动词 发光；照亮 If a light is **burning**, it is shining.

The building was darkened except for a single light **burning** in a third-story window.

整座大楼一片漆黑，只有3层的一个窗户透出一丝光亮。

9 VERB 动词 (因尴尬或心烦而) 脸红 If your face is **burning**, it is red because you are embarrassed or upset.

Liz's face was **burning**.

利兹的脸红得发烫。

10 VERB 动词 有强烈的情感；极度渴望 If you are **burning** with an emotion or **are burning** to do something, you feel that emotion or the desire to do that thing very strongly.

The young boy was **burning** with a fierce ambition...

这个年轻人怀有极其远大的抱负。

Dan **burned** to know what the reason could be.

丹急于想知道原因。

11 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 晒伤；晒黑 If you **burn** or get **burned** in the sun, the sun makes your skin become red and sore.

Build up your tan slowly and don't allow your skin to **burn**...

慢慢地将皮肤晒成古铜色，小心别让太阳把皮肤晒伤。

Summer sun can **burn** fair skin in minutes.

夏天的太阳几分钟就能把白皙的皮肤晒黑。

12 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使) 火辣辣地痛；(使) 发烫 If a part of your body **burns** or if something **burns** it, it has a painful, hot or stinging feeling.

My eyes **burn** from staring at the needle...

我的眼睛由于长时间盯着针看而疼痛。

His face was **burning** with cold.

他的脸被冻得发痛。

...delicious Indian recipes which won't **burn** your throat.

美味而又不辣嗓子的印度烹饪

13 VERB 动词 **遭受损失；亏损** If you are **burned** or get **burned**, you lose something as a result of taking a risk, usually in a business deal.

They always took chances and got **burned** very badly in past years.

他们总是冒险，在过去的几年里损失惨重。

14 VERB 动词 **刻录（光盘）** To **burn** a CD-ROM means to write or copy data onto it.

You can use this software to **burn** custom compilations of your favorite tunes.

你可以用这个软件来刻录你最喜欢的乐曲。

15 See also: [burning](#) ;

16 to **burn the candle at both ends**→see: [candle](#) ;

to get your fingers **burned**→see: [finger](#) ;

to **burn** something to the ground→see: [ground](#) ;

to **burn** the midnight oil→see: [midnight](#) ;

to have money to **burn**→see: [money](#) ;

相关词组：

[burn down](#) [burn off](#) [burn out](#) [burn up](#)

cabinet ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [filing cabinet](#) ; [储藏柜；陈列柜](#) A **cabinet** is a cupboard used for storing things such as medicine or alcoholic drinks or for displaying decorative things in.

The star of my medicine **cabinet** is the humble aspirin...

我家药柜里的压箱宝要算是那不起眼的阿司匹林。

He looked at the display **cabinet** with its gleaming sets of glasses.

他看着陈列柜，里面摆着几套晶莹剔透的玻璃杯。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **内阁** The **Cabinet** is a group of the most senior ministers in a government, who meet regularly to discuss policies. →see usage note at: [government](#)

The announcement came after a three-hour **Cabinet** meeting in Downing Street.

在唐宁街进行了长达3个小时的内阁会议后发布了这份公告。

...a former **Cabinet** Minister.

前内阁大臣

camera ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **照相机；摄影机；摄像机** A **camera** is a piece of equipment that is used for taking photographs, making films, or producing television pictures.

Her gran lent her a **camera** for a school trip to Venice and Egypt.

她奶奶借给她一架相机，让她带上参加学校组织的威尼斯和埃及之旅。

...a video **camera**...

摄影机

They were caught speeding by hidden **cameras**.

他们超速行驶，被隐藏的摄像头拍到了。

2 PHRASE 短语 **在拍摄中；在摄像机前** If someone or something is **on camera**, they are being filmed.

Fay was so impressive **on camera** that a special part was written in for her...

费伊很上镜，所以特地为她编写了一个角色。

Just about anything could happen and we'll be there to catch it **on camera** when it does.

几乎什么事情都可能发生，我们要赶去那里进行现场抓拍。

3 PHRASE 短语 **未在拍摄时；在镜头范围之外** If you do something or if something happens **off camera**, you do it or it happens when not being filmed.

They were anything but friendly **off-camera**, refusing even to take the same lift.

在银幕外，他们彼此一点也不友好，甚至不愿同乘一部电梯。

...**off-camera** interviews.

未进行录像的采访

4 PHRASE 短语 **(审讯)秘密地；不公开地；私下地** If a trial is held **in camera**, the public and the press are not allowed to attend.

This morning's appeal was held **in camera**...

今天上午的上诉不公开审理。

They were sentenced by a military tribunal sitting **in camera**.

对他们的判决是由一个军事法庭秘密作出的。

camp ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(为某一人群提供的)营地(如难民营、战俘营、军营等)** A **camp** is a collection of huts and other buildings that is provided for a particular group of people, such as refugees, prisoners, or soldiers, as a place to live or stay.

...a refugee **camp**...

难民营

2,500 foreign prisoners-of-war, including Americans, had been held in **camp**s near Tambov.

包括美国兵在内的 2,500名外国战俘一直被囚禁在坦波夫附近的战俘营。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **度假村；度假营地** A **camp** is an outdoor area with buildings, tents, or caravans where people stay on holiday.

3 N-VAR 可变名词 **(通常指旅行中临时的)营地** A **camp** is a collection of tents or caravans where people are living or staying, usually temporarily while they are travelling.

...gypsy **camp**s...

吉卜赛营地

We'll make **camp** on that hill ahead.

我们到前面那座小山上扎营。

4 VERB 动词 **扎营；宿营；露宿；露营** If you **camp** somewhere, you stay or live there for a short time in a tent or caravan, or in the open air.

We **camped** near the beach.

我们靠近海滩宿营。

...the men, who are **camping** on the pavement in sleeping bags.

用睡袋在人行道上露宿的那些男人

Camp out means the same as **camp**. **camp out** 同 **camp**
For six months they **camped out** in a caravan in a meadow at the back of the house.
有6个月时间，他们宿在屋后草地上的一辆旅行拖车里。

camping
They went **camping** in the wilds.
他们到野外宿营去了。
...a **camping** trip.
野营游

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(拥护某人、某政策或某观念的)阵营，集团，派别** You can refer to a group of people who all support a particular person, policy, or idea as a particular **camp**.

The press release provoked furious protests from the Gore **camp** and other top Democrats.

这份媒体发布的声明激起了戈尔阵营以及其他民主党高层人士的愤怒抗议。

...a close colleague, who had sided with the opposite **camp** in an office dispute.

一个亲密的同事，在一场办公室纠纷中站到对方一边去了

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(常指男同性恋者的举止、表演、穿着)夸张而惹人发笑的，娘娘腔的，佻佻作态的** If you describe someone's behaviour, performance, or style of dress as **camp**, you mean that it is exaggerated and amusing, often in a way that is thought to be typical of some male homosexuals.

James Barron turns in a delightfully **camp** performance.

詹姆斯·巴伦献上了一段夸张逗笑的表演。

Camp is also a noun.
The video was seven minutes of high **camp** and melodrama.
那段录像里是7分钟极尽夸张搞笑的闹剧表演。

7 See also: [camped](#) ; [aide-de-camp](#) ; [concentration camp](#) ; [holiday camp](#) ; [labour camp](#) ; [prison camp](#) ; [training camp](#) ;

8 PHRASE 短语 **故作夸张地表演；装腔作势；佻佻作态** If a performer **camp**s it up, they deliberately perform in an exaggerated and often amusing way.

He **camped** it up, he told bad taste jokes and endless anecdotes with no point at all.

他要宝逗乐，讲荤段子，没完没了地说一堆毫无头绪的八卦。

相关词组：

candidate ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 候选人；求职者 A

candidate is someone who is being considered for a position, for example someone who is running in an election or applying for a job.

The Democratic **candidate** is still leading in the polls...

民主党候选人的得票数依然领先。

He is a **candidate** for the office of Governor...

他是州长候选人之一。

We all spoke to them and John emerged as the best **candidate**.

我们全部和他们进行了面谈，结果约翰在求职者中脱颖而出。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 考生；应试者 A **candidate**

is someone who is taking an examination.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 攻读学位者；在读本科生(或硕士生、博士生) A **candidate** is someone who is studying for a degree at a college.

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 适合...的人(或物)；可能有...结局的人(或物) A **candidate** is a person or thing that is regarded as being suitable for a particular purpose or as being likely to do or be a particular thing.

I think Birmingham City are prime **candidates** for relegation next season...

我认为下个赛季伯明翰城队最有可能降级。

Those who are overweight or indulge in high-salt diets are **candidates** for hypertension.

体重偏高或口味偏咸者易患高血压。

captain ★★★★★

1 N-TITLE ; N-COUNT ; N-VOC

头衔名词；可数名词；称呼名词

(陆军或美国空军的)上尉；(海军或英国空军的)上校 In the army, navy, and some other armed forces, a **captain** is an officer of middle rank.

...Captain Mark Phillips.

马克·菲利普斯上尉

...a **captain** in the British army...

英国陆军上尉

Are all your weapons in place, Captain?

上尉，你部所有武器都到位了吗？

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (运动队的)队长 The **captain** of a sports team is the player in charge of it.

...Mickey Thomas, the **captain** of Wrexham football club.

雷克瑟姆足球俱乐部的队长米基·托马斯

...Bob Willis, the former England cricket **captain**.

英格兰板球队前队长鲍勃·威利斯

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 船长；舰长 The **captain** of a ship is the sailor in charge of it.

...the **captain** of the aircraft carrier Saratoga.

“萨拉托加号”航空母舰的舰长

...a beefy German sea **captain**.

健硕魁梧的德国船长

4 N-COUNT ; N-TITLE 可数名词；头衔名词 机长

The **captain** of an aeroplane is the pilot in charge of it.

5 N-COUNT ; N-TITLE 可数名词；头衔名词 (美国等国家)的警察局副警官，消防队中队长 In the United States and some other countries, a **captain** is a police officer or fireman of fairly senior rank.

6 VERB 动词 担任(运动队)的队长；当...的船长(或舰长) If you **captain** a team or a ship, you are the captain of it.

...Murdo McLeod, who **captained** Hibernian's League-Cup-winning team in 1991...

默多·麦克劳德，海伯尼安队1991年获得联盟杯冠军时的队长

I did once dream of becoming the first woman to **captain** an ocean liner.

我确实曾经梦想过成为首位远洋客轮的女船长。

caption ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (图片、漫画的)说明文字 A **caption** is the words printed underneath a picture or cartoon which explain what it is about.

On the back of the photo is written the simple **caption**, 'Mrs. Monroe'.

照片背面只有简单的几个字——“梦露女士”。

2 VERB 动词 为(照片或漫画)添加说明文字 When someone **caption**s a picture or cartoon, they put a caption under it.

The Sun had **captioned** a picture of Princess Diana 'Princess of Veils'...

《太阳报》在黛安娜王妃的一张照片下写了一段说明文字——“披着面纱的王妃”。

The photograph is **captioned** 'People Power'...

配图文字为“人民的力量”。

The book is well written, properly illustrated and excellently **captioned**.

这本书写得很好，插图生动形象，说明文字简练精辟。

card ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 卡；卡片 A **card** is a piece of stiff paper or thin cardboard on which something is written or printed.

Check the numbers below against the numbers on your **card**.

把下列数字和你卡片上的数字比照一下。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (身份)证；身份证明 A **card** is a piece of cardboard or plastic, or a small document, which shows information about you and which you carry with you, for example to prove your identity.

They check my bag and press **card**.

他们检查我的包和记者证。

...her membership **card**...

她的会员证

The authorities have begun to issue ration **cards**.

当局已经开始发放定量配给卡。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 银行卡；借记卡；工资卡；购物卡 A **card** is a rectangular piece of plastic, issued by a bank, company, or shop, which you can use to buy things or obtain money.

He paid the whole bill with an American Express **card**...

他用美国运通卡付了全部账款。

Holidaymakers should beware of using plastic **cards** in foreign cash dispensers.

外出度假时，在外币取款机上使用银行卡一定要小心。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 祝福卡；贺卡 A **card** is a folded piece of stiff paper with a picture and sometimes a message printed on it, which you send to someone on a special occasion.

She sends me a **card** on my birthday.

我过生日时她寄来一张贺卡。

...millions of get-well **cards**.

数百万张祝愿康复的卡片

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 同 postcard A **card** is the same as a postcard.

Send your details on a **card** to the following address.

在明信片上写明你的近况寄到下面的地址。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 名片 A **card** is a piece of thin cardboard carried by someone such as a business person in order to give to other people. A **card** shows the name, address, telephone number, and other details of the person who carries it.

Here's my **card**. You may need me.

这是我的名片，你也许会用得到我。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 扑克牌；纸牌 **Cards** are thin pieces of cardboard with numbers or pictures printed on them which are used to play various games.

...a pack of **cards**...

一副扑克牌

Kurt picked up his hand and fanned out the **cards** one by one.

库尔特拿起他那手牌，一张张成扇形铺开。

8 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 牌戏；纸牌游戏 If you are playing **cards**, you are playing a game using cards.

They enjoy themselves drinking wine, smoking and playing **cards**.

他们又是喝酒抽烟，又是打牌，玩得很痛快。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 优势；王牌；绝招 You can use **card** to refer to something that gives you an advantage in a particular situation. If you play a particular **card**, you use that advantage.

It was his strongest **card** in their relationship — that she wanted him more than he wanted her...

在他们的爱情关系中，他的最大优势是她需要他超过他需要她。

This permitted Western manufacturers to play their strong **cards**: capital and technology.

这让西方制造商得以亮出他们的王牌:资金和技术。

10 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **硬纸片** ; **薄纸板** **Card** is strong, stiff paper or thin cardboard.

She put the pieces of **card** in her pocket.

她把那些硬纸片放进了口袋。

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 **存储卡** ; **插件** In computing, a **card** is a circuit board that can be put into a computer to provide additional memory or functions.

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(体育比赛的)赛事安排, 比赛日程** You can use **card** to refer to a series of races or matches at a particular sporting event.

Paradise Boy and the Galloping General have clear chances in the opening two events on the **card**...

“天堂男孩”和“飞奔将军”这两匹赛马在开赛的前两场胜算很大。

He will now fight Kevin Ford on the five-bout **card**.

他将在五局制比赛中迎战凯文·福特。

13 VERB 动词 **要求...出示证明文件(表明达到买酒或饮酒的年龄等)** If you are **carded**, someone in authority asks you to show a document to prove that you are old enough to do something, for example, to buy or drink alcohol.

For the first time in many years, I got **carded**.

这么多年来,头一回有人要我出示身份证。

14 See also: [bank card](#) ; [business card](#) ; [calling card](#) ; [cash card](#) ; [cheque card](#) ; [Christmas card](#) ; [credit card](#) ; [gold card](#) ; [identity card](#) ; [index card](#) ; [payment card](#) ; [place card](#) ; [playing card](#) ; [report card](#) ; [smart card](#) ; [wild card](#) ;

15 PHRASE 短语 **很可能发生的** If you say that something is **on the cards** in British English, or **in the cards** in American English, you mean that it is very likely to happen.

Last summer she began telling friends that a New Year marriage was **on the cards**.

去年夏天,她就和朋友们说她有可能在元旦期间结婚。

16 PHRASE 短语 **处理得当** ; **巧妙发挥优势** If you say that someone will achieve success if they **play their cards right**, you mean that they will achieve success if they act skilfully and use the advantages that they have.

He could even be the next manager of the England team if he plays his **cards right**.

如果他处理得好,说不定都能当上英格兰队的下任教练。

17 PHRASE 短语 **摊牌** ; **直抒己见** ; **和盘托出(感觉、想法、计划)** If you **put or lay your cards on the table**, you deal with a situation by speaking openly about your feelings, ideas, or plans.

Put your **cards on the table** and be very clear about your complaints.

你有话就直说,有什么不满都说清楚。

career ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **事业** ; **职业** ; **生涯** A **career** is the job or profession that someone does for a long period of their life.

She is now concentrating on a **career** as a fashion designer...

她目前正在专注于服装设计师的工作。

Dennis had recently begun a successful **career** conducting opera.

丹尼斯最近开始从事歌剧指挥的工作,并且非常成功。

...a **career** in journalism.

新闻业工作

...a political **career**.

政治生涯

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **工作岁月** ; **职业生涯** Your **career** is the part of your life that you spend working.

During his **career**, he wrote more than fifty plays...

在他的创作生涯中,他写下了50多部剧本。

She began her **career** as a teacher.

她开始了自己的教师生涯。

3 ADJ 形容词 **就业的** ; **择业的** **Careers** advice or guidance in British English, or **career** advice or guidance in American English, consists of information about different jobs and help with deciding what kind of job you want to do.

She received very little **careers** guidance when young...

她年轻时基本没有接受过就业指导。

Get hold of the company list from your **careers** advisory service.

到就业指导处领取企业名录。

4 VERB 动词 **(人、车辆失控地)猛冲, 疾驶** If a person or vehicle **careers** somewhere, they move fast and in an uncontrolled way.

His car **careered** into a river...

他的车一头冲入河里。

He went **careering** off down the track.

他控制不住,冲出了赛道。

careful ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **小心的** ; **仔细的** ; **谨慎的** If you are **careful**, you give serious attention to what you are doing, in order to avoid harm, damage, or mistakes. If you are **careful to do something**, you make sure that you do it.

Be very **careful** with this stuff, it can be dangerous if it isn't handled properly...

这东西一定要小心,稍不注意的话就会有危险。

Careful on those stairs!...

走那几段楼梯要当心!

We had to be very **careful** not to be seen...

我们得小心翼翼,不能被发现。

Pupils will need **careful** guidance on their choice of options.

小学生在作出选择时需要悉心指导。

carefully

Have a nice time, dear, and drive **carefully**...

好好玩,亲爱的,开车小心点。

He had chosen his words **carefully** in declaring that the murderers were madmen.

他在宣布这些杀人犯精神错乱时,措词很谨慎。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **仔细的** ; **周密的** **Careful** work, thought, or examination is thorough and shows a concern for details.

He has decided to prosecute her after **careful** consideration of all the relevant facts...

在认真考虑了所有相关事实后,他决定起诉她。

What we now know about the disease was learned by **careful** study of diseased organs.

我们目前对该疾病的认识是通过**对病变器官的仔细研究**得来的。

carefully

...a vast series of deliberate and **carefully** planned thefts...

多起蓄谋已久、精心策划的盗窃案

He explained very **carefully** what he was doing.

他非常详细地解释了自己手头正在做的事。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **当心的** ; **小心的** ; **慎重的** If you tell someone to be **careful about** doing something, you think that what they intend to do is probably wrong, and that they should think seriously before they do it.

I think you should be **careful about** talking of the rebels as heroes...

我觉得你说话应该小心,不能把反叛分子当英雄。

It is important, I think, for everyone to be **careful about** claiming victory.

我想,每个人宣布胜利时都应该慎重。

carefully

He should think **carefully** about actions like this which play into the hands of his opponents.

他在采取这种正中对手下怀的行动前应该仔细考虑。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **节约的** ; **节省的** If you are **careful with** something such as money or resources, you use or spend only what is necessary.

You will have to make a special effort to train your child to be **careful with** her pocket-money...

你得格外注意培养孩子的节俭意识,零花钱要省着花。

It would force industries to be more **careful with** natural resources.

这将迫使企业更加节约资源。

5 PHRASE 短语 **越谨慎越好** ; **再小心也不为过** You can say 'You can't be too careful' as a way of advising someone to be careful, even when this

seems unnecessary.

You can't be too **careful** when a young child is near water.

孩子在水边时，还是越小心越好。

cash ★★★★★☆

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 See also: [hard cash](#); [petty cash](#); 现金; 现款 **Cash** is money in the form of notes and coins rather than cheques.

...two thousand pounds in **cash**.

2,000英镑现金

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (尤指现成的)资金, 钱 **Cash** means the same as money, especially money which is immediately available.

...a state-owned financial-services group with plenty of **cash**.

资金雄厚的国有金融服务集团

3 VERB 动词 兑现(支票) If you **cash** a cheque, you exchange it at a bank for the amount of money that it is worth.

There are similar charges if you want to **cash** a cheque at a branch other than your own.

如果你想在开户行以外的网点兑现支票，也要收取类似的费用。

相关词组：

[cash in](#)

cast ★★★★★☆

The form **cast** is used in the present tense and is the past tense and past participle. **cast** 的过去式和过去分词与原形相同。

1 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 (戏剧、电影的)全体演员 The **cast** of a play or film is all the people who act in it.

The show is very amusing and the **cast** are very good.

演出妙趣横生，演员的表演也很出彩。

2 VERB 动词 挑选(演员)；使...出演(某角色) To **cast** an actor in a play or film means to choose them to act a particular role in it.

The world premiere of Harold Pinter's new play **casts** Ian Holm in the lead role...

哈罗德·品特新剧的世界首演由伊恩·霍尔姆担纲主演。

He was **cast** as a college professor...

他被安排饰演一个大学教授。

He had no trouble **casting** the movie.

他为这部电影挑选演员没费一点力气。

casting

The film could have done without the **casting** of the director's daughter in a central role.

其实，当初完全可以不选导演的女儿出演这部电影的关键角色。

...the **casting** director of Ealing film studios.

伊灵制片公司负责挑选演员的导演

3 VERB 动词 描述；描写；描绘 To **cast** someone in a particular way or as a particular thing means to describe them in that way or suggest they are that thing.

Democrats have been worried about being **cast** as the party of the poor...

民主党人一直担心被描绘成穷人的政党。

Holland would never dare **cast** himself as a virtuoso pianist.

霍兰永远不敢说自己是位钢琴名家。

4 VERB 动词 瞥；飞快地看(一眼)；扫视 If you **cast** your eyes or **cast** a look in a particular direction, you look quickly in that direction.

He **cast** a stern glance at the two men...

他朝那两个人狠狠地瞪了一眼。

I **cast** my eyes down briefly...

我向下瞥了一眼。

The maid, **casting** black looks, hurried out.

女仆怒气冲冲地瞪了几眼，匆匆地出去了。

5 VERB 动词 抛下，投射(光线或阴影) If something **casts** a light or shadow somewhere, it causes it to appear there.

The moon **cast** a bright light over the yard...

明亮的月光洒在院子里。

They flew in over the beach, **casting** a huge shadow.

它们飞到海滩上空，抛下一大片黑影。

6 VERB 动词 使产生怀疑；使不确信 To **cast** doubt on something means to cause people to be unsure about it.

Last night a top criminal psychologist **cast** doubt on the theory.

昨天晚上，一位顶级犯罪心理学家使人们对该理论产生了怀疑。

7 VERB 动词 投票 When you **cast** your vote in an election, you vote.

About ninety-five per cent of those who **cast** their votes approve the new constitution...

参加投票的人中有大约95%支持新宪法。

Gaviria had been widely expected to obtain well over half the votes **cast**.

人们普遍认为加维里亚能获得远远超过半数的选票。

8 VERB 动词 扔；抛；投；丢 To **cast** something or someone somewhere means to throw them there.

Any true lover **casting** a pin into the fountain and gazing into it will see his or her future partner...

只要你心诚，往喷泉里扔下一根大头针，然后盯着泉水看，就能看见未来伴侣的影子。

John had Maude and her son **cast** into a dungeon.

约翰让人将奥德和她的儿子关进了地牢。

9 VERB 动词 抛(鱼线)；甩(鱼钩) If someone **casts** a fishing line or **casts**, they throw one end of the fishing line into the water.

Some way from them, the fisherman **cast** his line.

在他们稍远的地方，渔夫下了钩。

10 VERB 动词 (用模具)铸造，浇铸 To **cast** an object means to make it by pouring a liquid such as hot metal into a specially shaped container and leaving it there until it becomes hard.

...sculptures **cast** in bronze.

青铜铸造的雕像

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 铸件；模子 A **cast** is a model that has been made by pouring a liquid such as plaster or hot metal onto something or into something, so that when it hardens it has the same shape as that thing.

An orthodontist took a **cast** of the inside of Billy's mouth.

正畸医生从比利的口腔内部取了模型。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 同 [plaster cast](#) A **cast** is the same as a **plaster cast**.

13 N-COUNT 可数名词 (人的)思维模式，特性 If someone has a particular **cast** of mind or **cast** of thought, they have that kind of character or way of thinking of things.

The Social Democratic Party was full of people of an academic **cast** of mind...

社会民主党内尽是些学术式思维的人。

Hers was an essentially sunny **cast** of mind.

她本质上是属于阳光快乐的性格。

14 See also: [casting](#);

15 to **cast** anchor→see: [anchor](#);

to **cast** aspersions→see: [aspersions](#); the die is cast→see: [die](#);

to **cast** your mind back→see: [mind](#);

to **cast** your net wider→see: [net](#);

to **cast** pearls before swine→see: [pearl](#);

相关词组：

[cast around for](#) [cast aside](#) [cast down](#) [cast off](#)

[cast out](#)

catch ★★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 抓获；捕捉；逮到 If you **catch** a person or animal, you capture them after chasing them, or by using a trap, net, or other device.

Police say they are confident of **catching** the gunman...

警方说他们有信心抓住那个持枪歹徒。

Where did you **catch** the fish?...

这条鱼你在哪儿逮的？

I wondered if it was an animal caught in a trap.

我在想，会不会是什么动物掉进了陷阱。

2 VERB 动词 接住；抓住 If you **catch** an object that is moving through the air, you seize it with your hands.

I jumped up to **catch** a ball and fell over.

我跳起来接球，结果摔了个跟头。

Catch is also a noun.

He missed the catch and the match was lost.

他没有接住球，比赛输了。

3 VERB 动词 捉住；抓住；拉住 If you catch a part of someone's body, you take or seize it with your hand, often in order to stop them going somewhere.

Liz caught his arm...

莉兹一把抓住了他的胳膊。

He knelt beside her and caught her hand in both of his...

他跪在她的旁边，双手握住她的一只手。

Garrido caught her by the wrist.

加里多抓住她的手腕。

4 VERB 动词 碰到；击中；碰到 If one thing catches another, it hits it accidentally or manages to hit it.

The stinging slap almost caught his face...

那狠狠的一巴掌差点擦在他脸上。

I may have caught him with my elbow but it was just an accident...

也许我的胳膊肘碰到了他，但那是无意的。

He caught her on the side of her head with his other fist.

他的另一只拳头从侧面击中她的头部。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (被)卡住；(被)拘住 If something catches on or in an object or if an object catches something, it accidentally becomes attached to the object or stuck in it.

Her ankle caught on a root, and she almost lost her balance...

她的脚踝被树根绊了一下，差点摔倒。

A man caught his foot in the lawnmower.

有个男的一只脚绞进除草机里了。

6 VERB 动词 乘坐；搭乘；赶上 When you catch a bus, train, or plane, you get on it in order to travel somewhere.

We were in plenty of time for Anthony to catch the ferry...

我们时间充裕得很，足够安东尼赶上渡船。

He caught a taxi to Harrods.

他打了辆出租车去哈罗德百货商店。

7 VERB 动词 撞见，当场抓住(某人做坏事) If you catch someone doing something wrong, you see or find them doing it.

He caught a youth breaking into a car...

他撞见一个青年正在撬车。

I don't want to catch you pushing yourself into the picture to get some personal publicity...

我不希望看见你为了出风头而去抢镜头。

Three years ago my wife and I divorced. I caught her with her boss.

3年前，我和老婆离了婚。我发现她和她老板有染。

8 VERB 动词 忽然发觉；突然意识到 If you catch yourself doing something, especially something surprising, you suddenly become aware that you are doing it.

I caught myself feeling almost sorry for poor Mr Laurence.

我突然发觉自己几乎同情起可怜的劳伦斯先生来了。

9 VERB 动词 注意；留意；看见 If you catch something or catch a glimpse of it, you notice it or manage to see it briefly.

As she turned back she caught the puzzled look on her mother's face...

她转过身来，看见母亲脸上迷惑的表情。

He caught a glimpse of the man's face in a shop window.

他在商店橱窗里瞥了一眼那个人的脸。

Often a fox goes across the road in front of me and I just catch it in the headlights.

常常有狐狸穿越车前方的马路，我借助车头灯正好看见。

10 VERB 动词 听见；听清 If you catch something that someone has said, you manage to hear it.

His ears caught a faint cry...

他听到一声微弱的叫声。

I do not believe I caught your name...

我没有听清你的名字。

The men out in the corridor were trying to catch what they said.

外面走廊里的人竖起耳朵想听他们说些什么。

11 VERB 动词 观看，收看，收听(电视或电台节目) If you catch a TV or radio programme or an event, you manage to see or listen to it.

Bill turns on the radio to catch the local news...

比尔打开收音机，收听本地新闻。

The exhibition is on at Droitwich until May 24.

You can also catch it at Leominster from June 5.

展览在德罗伊特威奇一直持续到5月24日。从6月5日起，还可以在莱姆斯特参观该展览。

12 VERB 动词 (尤指及时遇到，联系上) If you catch someone, you manage to contact or meet them to talk to them, especially when they are just about to go somewhere else.

I dialled Elizabeth's number thinking I might catch her before she left for work...

我拨了伊丽莎白的号码，心里想或许能赶在她去上班前联系到她。

Hello, Dolph. Glad I caught you.

喂，多尔夫，可见着你了。

13 VERB 动词 使惊慌失措；使措手不及 If something or someone catches you by surprise or at a bad time, you were not expecting them or do not feel able to deal with them.

She looked as if the photographer had caught her by surprise...

看上去，她好像被摄影师搞了个猝不及防。

I'm sorry but I just cannot say anything. You've caught me at a bad time...

对不起，我真的没什么好说的。你问得不是时候。

The sheer number of spectators has caught everyone unprepared.

观众的人数之多让所有人措手不及。

14 VERB 动词 引起，吸引(注意或兴趣) If something catches your attention or your eye, you notice it or become interested in it.

My shoes caught his attention...

我的鞋子引起了他的注意。

A quick movement across the aisle caught his eye.

有个人影在走道里一闪而过，引起了他的注意。

15 VERB 动词 充分代表；充分反映 If someone or something catches a mood or an atmosphere, they successfully represent it or reflect it.

There's no doubt Mr Putin's speech caught the mood of most deputies.

无疑，普京先生的讲话充分反映了大多数代表的心情。

16 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 (使)遭到；(使)遭遇；(使)遭受 If you are caught in a storm or other unpleasant situation, it happens when you cannot avoid its effects.

When he was fishing off the island he was caught in a storm and almost drowned...

他出岛捕鱼时，赶上一场暴风雨，差点淹死。

Visitors to the area were caught between police and the rioters.

到该地区游玩的人碰上警察和骚乱分子交战。

17 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 (在两难中)不知如何选择，不知所措 If you are caught between two alternatives or two people, you do not know which one to choose or follow.

The Jordanian leader is caught between both sides in the dispute...

争论双方使约旦领导人左右为难。

She was caught between envy and admiration.

她不知是该妒忌还是该羡慕。

18 VERB 动词 染上，患，得(感冒等疾病) If you catch a cold or a disease, you become ill with it.

The more stress you are under, the more likely you are to catch a cold.

压力越大，越有可能患感冒。

19 VERB 动词 盛住；接住 To catch liquids or small pieces that fall from somewhere means to collect them in a container.

The fish is laid out on a large serving plate to catch the juices.

鱼盛在一个大盘子里，以防汤汁洒出来。

...a specially designed breadboard with a tray to catch the crumbs.

特制的切面包板，有个能接住面包屑的槽

20 VERB 动词 反(光)；(光)照射 If something catches the light or if the light catches it, it reflects the light and looks bright or shiny.

They saw the ship's guns, catching the light of the moon.

他们看到船上的大炮在月光下熠熠生辉。

21 VERB 动词 (风或水)裹挟, 推动 If the wind or water **catches** something, it carries or pushes it along.

A gust of wind caught the parachute.

一阵风将降落伞吹远。

22 N-COUNT 可数名词 锁钩; 挂钩; 吊扣 A **catch** on a window, door, or container is a device that fastens it.

She fiddled with the **catch** of her bag...

她摆弄着包上的搭扣。

Fit windows with safety locks or **catches**.

给窗户装上安全锁或窗栓。

23 N-COUNT 可数名词 隐患; 隐藏的困难; 陷阱 A **catch** is a hidden problem or difficulty in a plan or an offer that seems surprisingly good.

The **catch** is that you work for your supper, and the food and accommodation can be very basic...

圈套在于你是在挣钱糊口, 但食宿其实有可能非常简单。

It's your money. You deserve it.' — 'What's the **catch**?'

“这钱归你, 你该拿这个钱。”——“搞什么名堂?”

24 N-COUNT 可数名词 捕鱼总量 When people have been fishing, their **catch** is the total number of fish that they have caught.

The **catch** included one fish over 18 pounds.

捕获的鱼里有一条重逾18磅。

25 N-SING 单数名词 如意伴侣; 理想的雇员 If you describe someone as a good **catch**, you mean that they have lots of good qualities and you think their partner or employer is very lucky to have found them.

I was so in love with him and all my friends said what a good **catch** he was.

我当时和他陷入热恋, 我的朋友们都说能找到他是我的福气。

26 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (儿童的)抛接球游戏

Catch is a game in which children throw a ball to each other.

27 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 捉人游戏 **Catch** is a game in which one child chases other children and tries to touch or catch one of them.

28 See also: [catching](#) ;

29 PHRASE 短语 我绝不会做那种事 You can say things such as 'You wouldn't **catch me doing that**' to emphasize that you would never do a particular thing.

You won't **catch me** giving him a bad review!...

我绝不会说他坏话的。

You wouldn't **catch me** in there, I can tell you.

我可以告诉你, 你永远别想在那里看见我。

30 PHRASE 短语 使猝不及防; 使极其尴尬; 使突陷窘境 If someone is **caught with their pants down**, something happens that they are not prepared for and that reveals something embarrassing or shocking about them. In British English, you can also say that they are **caught with their trousers down**.

It makes soldiers happy to know that somebody right at the top has been caught with his trousers down...

顶头上司出了大洋相, 当兵的最高兴了。

I think we caught them with their pants down.

They're a bit confused.

我觉得我们让他们下不了台了。他们有点不知所措。

31 to catch your breath→see: [breath](#) ;

to catch fire→see: [fire](#) ;

to catch hold of something→see: [hold](#) ;

to be caught between a rock and a hard place→see: [rock](#) ;

to be caught short→see: [short](#) ;

to catch sight of something→see: [sight](#) ;

相关词组:

[catch on](#) [catch out](#) [catch up](#) [catch up with](#)

cell ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 细胞 A **cell** is the smallest part of an animal or plant that is able to function independently. Every animal or plant is made up of millions of cells.

Those **cells** divide and give many other different types of **cells**.

那些细胞分裂, 产生出许多不同种类的细胞。

...blood **cells**...

血细胞

Soap destroys the **cell** walls of bacteria.

肥皂破坏细菌的细胞壁。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 单人牢房; (修道院的)单人小室 A **cell** is a small room in which a prisoner is locked. A **cell** is also a small room in which a monk or nun lives.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (大型组织中的)基层组织 You can refer to a small group of people within a larger organization as a **cell**.

...Communist Party **cells**.

共产党的基层组织

certain ★★★★★

1 BEING SURE 肯定

2 REFERRING AND INDICATING AMOUNT 表示数量

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 肯定的; 有把握的; 毫无疑问的 If you are **certain** about something, you firmly believe it is true and have no doubt about it. If you are not **certain** about something, you do not have definite knowledge about it.

She's absolutely **certain** she's going to make it in the world...

她坚信自己会出人头地。

We are not **certain** whether the appendix had already burst or not...

我们不敢肯定阑尾是否已经破裂。

It wasn't a balloon — I'm **certain** of that.

那不是气球, 这点我敢肯定。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 必然的; 必定的; 肯定的 If you say that something is **certain to** happen, you mean that it will definitely happen.

However, the scheme is **certain to** meet opposition from fishermen's leaders...

然而, 这项计划一定会遭到渔民领袖的反对。

It's not **certain** they'll accept the Front's candidate if he wins...

即便来自阵线的候选人获胜, 他们能否接受他还说不准。

Brazil need to beat Uruguay to be **certain** of a place in the finals...

巴西必须击败乌拉圭才能确保进入决赛。

The Prime Minister is heading for **certain** defeat if he forces a vote...

总理要是强迫进行投票的话, 那么他必败无疑。

Victory looked **certain**.

胜利在望。

3 ADJ 形容词 确信的; 无疑的 If you say that something is **certain**, you firmly believe that it is true, or have definite knowledge about it.

One thing is **certain**, both have the utmost respect for each other...

有一点可以肯定, 那就是双方都非常尊重对方。

It is **certain** that Rodney arrived the previous day.

罗德尼肯定是头天到的。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 确实的; 肯定的 If you have **certain** knowledge, you know that a particular thing is true.

He had been there four times to my **certain** knowledge.

我确定他去过那儿4次。

5 PHRASE 短语 确切地; 无疑地 If you know something **for certain**, you have no doubt at all about it.

She couldn't know what time he'd go, or even for **certain** that he'd go at all...

她不知道他何时走, 就连他到底走不走都说不准。

Hill had to find out for **certain**.

希尔得弄个清楚。

6 PHRASE 短语 确保; 保证 If you **make certain that** something is the way you want or expect it to be, you take action to ensure that it is.

Firstly, they must **make certain** that their

pension needs are adequately catered for...

首先，他们得确保他们能获得足够的养老金。

To make extra **certain**, a police helicopter kept watch from the skies.

为确保万无一失，一架警用直升机一直在空中警戒。

1 ADJ 形容词 **某个；特定的** You use **certain** to indicate that you are referring to one particular thing, person, or group, although you are not saying exactly which it is.

There will be **certain** people who'll say 'I told you so!'...

一定有人会说：“我怎么跟你说来着！”

You owe a **certain** person a sum of money...

你欠某人一笔钱。

Leaflets have been air dropped telling people to leave **certain** areas.

传单被空投下来，要求人们离开某些地区。

2 QUANT 数量词 **某些；一些** When you refer to **certain** of a group of people or things, you are referring to some particular members of that group.

They'll have to give up completely on **certain** of their studies.

他们将不得不彻底放弃某些研究。

3 ADJ 形容词 **(用于人名前，表示不认识或了解很少)某个** You can use a **certain** before the name of a person in order to indicate that you do not know the person or anything else about them.

She managed to arrange for them to be hidden in the house of a **certain** Father Boduen.

她设法安排他们藏在一个叫博迪恩的神父家里。

4 ADJ 形容词 **(品质、特点等)一定程度上的，有点儿** You use a **certain** to indicate that something such as a quality or condition exists, and often to suggest that it is not great in amount or degree.

That was the very reason why he felt a **certain** bitterness...

那就是为什么他感到有些痛苦。

There is a **certain** impatience among some of the soldiers...

有些士兵有点儿不耐烦。

I received a **certain** amount of sympathy immediately after the attack.

遇袭之后，人们立即对我表示了些许同情。

certainly ★★★★★

1 ADV-GRADED 副词 **当然；肯定** You use **certainly** to emphasize what you are saying when you are making a statement.

The public is **certainly** getting tired of hearing about it...

关于此事，公众当然已经听腻了。

The bombs are almost **certainly** part of a much bigger conspiracy...

几乎可以肯定，这些炸弹是一个更大的阴谋的一部分。

Today's inflation figure is **certainly** too high...

今天的通胀率确实太高了。

Certainly, pets can help children develop friendship skills.

宠物的确能够帮助孩子们培养交友技能。

2 ADV 副词 **(表示同意)当然，行，没问题** You use **certainly** when you are agreeing with what someone has said.

'In any case you remained friends.' — 'Certainly'...

“无论如何，你们都是好朋友吧。”——“那当然。”

'You keep out of their way don't you?' — 'I **certainly** do.'

“你会离他们远远的，是吧？”——“一点儿不假。”

3 ADV as reply 副词 **当然不** You say **certainly not** when you want to say 'no' in a strong way.

'Perhaps it would be better if I withdrew altogether.' — 'Certainly not!'

“也许，我完全退出更好吧。”——“当然不是！”

Usage Note :

You use **certainly** to emphasize that what you say is definitely true. *His death was certainly not an accident.* You use **surely** to express disagreement or surprise. *Surely you care about what happens to her.* Both British and American speakers use **certainly** to agree with requests and statements. *'It is still a difficult world for women.'* — 'Oh, **certainly**.' Note that American speakers also use **surely** in this way. *'Can I have a drink?'* — 'Why, **surely**.'

certainly可以用来强调所说内容属实：His death was certainly not an accident (他的死绝非意外)。surely 可用来表示反对或惊讶：Surely you care about what happens to her (不用说，你一定关心她的事吧)。美国人和英国人都用 certainly 表示同意请求和陈述：‘It is still a difficult world for women.’——‘Oh, certainly.’(“如今的世界对女性而言仍然很不容易。”——“嗯，那当然。”)注意，在这种情况下，美国人也用 surely: ‘Can I have a drink?’——‘Why, surely.’(“我能不能来杯饮料？”——“噢，没问题。”)

chair ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **椅子** A **chair** is a piece of furniture for one person to sit on. Chairs have a back and four legs.

He rose from his **chair** and walked to the window.

他从椅子上站起来，朝窗口走去。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(大学的)教授职位** At a university, a **chair** is the post of professor.

He has been appointed to the **chair** of sociology at Southampton University...

他被任命担任南安普敦大学的社会学教授一职。

He gave London University £100,000 to establish a **chair** in Islamic art.

他资助伦敦大学10万英镑，以设立伊斯兰艺术教授一职。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(委员会、会议的)主席** The person who is the **chair** of a committee or meeting is the person in charge of it.

She is the **chair** of the Defense Advisory Committee on Women in the Military.

她担任军队女性权益保护顾问委员会主席。

4 VERB 动词 **主持(会议)；担任(委员会的)主席** If you **chair** a meeting or a committee, you are the person in charge of it.

He was about to **chair** a meeting in Venice of EU foreign ministers...

他将主持在威尼斯召开的欧盟外长会议。

The declaration was drafted by a committee **chaired** by Dr Robert Song.

宣言由罗伯特·桑博士领导的委员会起草。

5 N-SING 单数名词 **同 electric chair** The **chair** is the same as the **electric chair**.

6 PHRASE 短语 **主持(会议)** If you are **in the chair** or **take the chair** at a meeting, you are the person in charge of it.

In the **chair** was Morien Morgan...

会议由莫里恩·摩根主持。

Wheeler took the **chair** of this sub-committee...

惠勒担任该小组委员会会议主席。

Finance Ministers are meeting today in Brussels with Britain in the **chair**.

财政部长们今天在布鲁塞尔碰头，会议由英国主持。

chairman ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(委员会、组织机构的)主席；(公司)总裁** The **chairman** of a committee, organization, or company is the head of it.

Glyn Ford is **chairman** of the Committee which produced the report...

格林·福特是提交这份报告的委员会的主席。

I had done business with the company's **chairman**.

我和那家公司的总裁有过生意往来。

2 N-COUNT ; N-VOC 可数名词；称呼名词 **(会议、辩论的)主持人，主席** The **chairman** of a meeting or debate is the person in charge, who decides when each person is allowed to speak.

The **chairman** declared the meeting open...

大会主席宣布会议开幕。

I hear you, Mr. **Chairman**.

我明白，主席先生！

challenge ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **挑战；难题** A **challenge** is something new and difficult which requires great effort and determination.

I like a big **challenge** and they don't come much bigger than this...

我喜欢大的挑战，而所有挑战中再没有比这更大的

了。
The new government's first **challenge** is the economy.

新政府面临的第一个难题是经济问题。

2 PHRASE 短语 (成功地)应对挑战, 迎接挑战 If someone **risers to the challenge**, they act in response to a difficult situation which is new to them and are successful.

The new Germany must rise to the **challenge** of its enhanced responsibilities...

一个崭新的德国必须迎接挑战, 承担更多的责任。

They rose to the **challenge** of entertaining 80 schoolchildren for an afternoon.

他们一个下午成功接待了80名学童。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 (对真实性、价值、权威等提出的)怀疑, 质疑 A **challenge** to something is a questioning of its truth or value. A **challenge** to someone is a questioning of their authority.

The demonstrators have now made a direct **challenge** to the authority of the government.

示威者现在直接对政府的权威发出了质疑。

4 VERB 动词 怀疑, 质疑(真实性、价值、权威等) If you **challenge** ideas or people, you question their truth, value, or authority.

Democratic leaders have **challenged** the president to sign the bill...

民主党领袖对总统签署这项法案提出了质疑。

The move was immediately **challenged** by two of the republics...

此项动议立即遭到其中两个共和国的反对。

I **challenged** him on the hypocrisy of his political attitudes.

我就他虚伪的政治观点质问他。

5 VERB 动词 挑战; 向...下战书 If you **challenge** someone, you invite them to fight or compete with you in some way.

A mum slashed a neighbour's car tyre and **challenged** her to a fight after their daughters fell out...

两家的女儿吵起来后, 一个妈妈划破了邻居的车胎, 说要和她较量较量。

He left a note at the scene of the crime, **challenging** detectives to catch him...

他在犯罪现场留了个条儿, 向警探挑衅。

We **challenged** a team who called themselves 'College Athletes'.

我们向一个自称“大学运动员”的队下了战书。

Challenge is also a noun.

A third presidential candidate emerged to mount a serious **challenge** and throw the campaign wide open.

第三位总统候选人的杀出对前两位构成了严峻挑战, 并使得选举形势扑朔迷离。

6 VERB 动词 (警卫)盘问, 查问 If someone is **challenged** by a guard, they are ordered to stop and say who they are or why they are there.

The men apparently opened fire after they were **challenged** by a patrol.

显然, 那些人是在受到一支巡逻队的盘问后开的火。

7 See also: [challenging](#) ;

champion ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 冠军 A **champion** is someone who has won the first prize in a competition, contest, or fight.

...a former Olympic **champion**...

前奥运会冠军

Kasparov became world **champion**.

卡斯帕罗夫成为世界冠军。

...a **champion** boxer and skier.

拳击和滑雪双料冠军

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 支持者; 拥护者; 捍卫者 If you are a **champion** of a person, a cause, or a principle, you support or defend them.

He received acclaim as a **champion** of the oppressed...

他因维护被压迫者的利益而备受称赞。

He was once known as a **champion** of social reform.

他曾经是社会改革的拥护者。

3 VERB 动词 支持; 拥护; 捍卫 If you **champion** a person, a cause, or a principle, you support or defend them.

He passionately **championed** the poor...

他满腔热情地捍卫穷人的利益。

The amendments had been **championed** by pro-democracy activists.

修正案一直受到亲民主的活跃分子的支持。

championship ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 锦标赛; 冠军赛 A **championship** is a competition to find the best player or team in a particular sport.

...the world chess **championship**.

国际象棋世界冠军赛

2 N-SING 单数名词 冠军头衔; 冠军称号; 第一名 The **championship** refers to the title or status of being a sports champion.

He went on to take the **championship**...

他继而夺取冠军宝座。

This season I expect us to retain the **championship** and win the European Cup.

这个赛季我期待我们能够保住冠军头衔, 赢得欧洲杯。

Chancellor ★★★★★

1 N-TITLE ; N-COUNT 头衔名词; 可数名词 (德国或奥地利的)总理 Chancellor is the title of the head of government in Germany and Austria.

...**Chancellor** Gerhard Schröder of Germany.

德国总理施罗德

...as the **Chancellor** arrived.

总理到达的时候

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (英国的)财政大臣 In Britain, the **Chancellor** is the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (英国大学的名誉)校长 The **Chancellor** of a British university is the official head of the university. The Chancellor does not take part in running the university.

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (美国某些大学的)校长 The head of some American universities is called the **Chancellor**.

5 See also: [vice-chancellor](#) ;

channel ★★★★★

in AM, use 美国英语用 channeling, channeled

1 N-COUNT ; N-IN-NAMES 名称名词; 名称名词 电视台; 电视频道 A **channel** is a television station.

...the only serious current affairs programme on either **channel**.

两个频道唯一的严肃时事节目

...the proliferating number of television **channels** in America.

美国激增的电视频道

...the presenter of Channel 4 News.

电视四台新闻节目的主持人

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 频道; 波段 A **channel** is a band of radio waves on which radio messages can be sent and received.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 渠道; 途径; 门路 If you do something through a particular **channel**, or particular **channels**, that is the system or organization that you use to achieve your aims or to communicate.

The government will surely use the diplomatic **channels** available...

政府肯定会利用各种现有的外交渠道。

The Americans recognise that the UN can be the **channel** for greater diplomatic activity...

美国人认识到可以通过联合国这个渠道开展更多的外交活动。

Moscow and the Baltic republics are reopening **channels** of communication.

莫斯科和波罗的海诸共和国正在重启沟通渠道。

4 VERB 动词 将(资金或资源)专门用于 If you **channel** money or resources into something, you arrange for them to be used for that thing, rather than for a wider range of things.

Jacques Delors wants a system set up to **channel** funds to the poor countries...

雅克·德洛尔希望建立一套体系, 将资金专门用于援助贫穷的国家。

Revenues from 'green taxes' could then be **channelled** back into energy efficiency.

从“绿色税收”得来的收入便可回过头来用于提高能效。

5 VERB 动词 将(精力或情感)专注于; 集中 If you **channel** your energies or emotions into something, you concentrate on or do that one thing, rather than a range of things.

Stephen is **channelling** his energies into a novel

called Blue.

斯蒂芬正集中精力写一部名为《蓝色》的小说。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **水道；沟渠** A **channel** is a passage along which water flows.

Keep the drainage **channel** clear.

保持下水道畅通。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **航道** A **channel** is a route used by boats.

8 N-PROPER 专有名词 **英吉利海峡** The **Channel** or the **English Channel** is the narrow area of water between England and France.

chapter ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(书的)章，回，篇** A **chapter** is one of the parts that a book is divided into. Each chapter has a number, and sometimes a title.

Chromium supplements were used successfully in the treatment of diabetes (see Chapter 4)...
铬补充剂被成功运用于治疗糖尿病(见第4章)。

I took the title of this **chapter** from one of my favorite books.

我这章的标题来自我最喜欢的一本书。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(人生或历史上的)阶段，时期，篇章** A **chapter** in someone's life or in history is a period of time during which a major event or series of related events takes place.

This had been a particularly difficult **chapter** in Lebanon's recent history.

这在黎巴嫩的近代史上是个特别困难的时期。

...one of the most dramatic **chapters** of recent British politics.

英国政治近来最富戏剧性的阶段之一

3 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 **大教堂全体教士(或全体相关神职人员)** A **chapter** is a group of Christian clergy who work in or who are connected with a cathedral.

The Archbishop began his address, thanking the Dean and Chapter of Westminster for inviting him to the Abbey.

大主教在开始演讲之前，首先感谢威斯敏斯特大教堂的主教和全体教士邀请他来到这里。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(社团或俱乐部的)分会，分部** A **chapter** is a branch of a society or club.

To find out more about cancer warning signs call your local **chapter** of the American Cancer Society.

想要了解更多有关癌症的征兆，请给美国癌症协会本地分会打电话。

5 PHRASE 短语 **详细内容；具体细节** If you say that someone gives you **chapter and verse** on a particular subject, you are emphasizing that they tell you every detail about it.

In the course of the evening he gave me **chapter and verse** on the mosses of the Islay peat bogs.

整个晚上，他向我详细讲述艾莱岛泥炭沼泽地上的各种青苔。

character ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(人的)性格，个性；(地方的)特点** The **character** of a person or place consists of all the qualities they have that make them distinct from other people or places.

Perhaps there is a negative side to his **character** that you haven't seen yet...

或许，他性格中不好的一面你还没有看见。

The **character** of this country has been formed by immigration.

这个国家的国民性是由移民形成的。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **特点；特征；特色** If something has a particular **character**, it has a particular quality.

The financial concessions granted to British Aerospace were, he said, of a precarious **character**...

他说，向英国宇航公司给予财政优惠未获证实。

The state farms were semi-military in **character**.

那些国有农场从性质上讲是半军事的。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **(某地人具有的特点，特色，特征)** You can use **character** to refer to the qualities that people from a particular place are believed to have.

Individuality is a valued and inherent part of the British **character**.

个性鲜明是英国人固有的、也是他们看重的特点。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **人物；人** You use **character** to say what kind of person someone is. For example, if you say that someone is a strange **character**, you mean they are strange.

It's that kind of courage and determination that makes him such a remarkable **character**...

就是那种勇气和决心使他成为如此了不起的人。

What a sad **character** that Nigel is.

奈杰尔真是个可悲的人哪。

5 N-VAR 可变名词 **人品；品行** Your **character** is your personality, especially how reliable and honest you are. If someone is of good **character**, they are reliable and honest. If they are of bad **character**, they are unreliable and dishonest.

He's begun a series of personal attacks on my **character**...

他开始对我进行一连串的人身攻击。

Mr Bartman was a man of good **character**.

巴特曼先生品德高尚。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(坚强的)个性，性格；人格力量** If you say that someone has **character**, you mean that they have the ability to deal effectively with difficult, unpleasant, or dangerous situations.

She showed real **character** in her attempts to win over the crowd...

她在努力获得民众的支持时，表现出真正的人格力量。

I didn't know Ron had that much strength of **character**.

我当时不知道罗恩有那么坚强的个性。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(地方的)与众不同之处，特色** If you say that a place has **character**, you mean that it has an interesting or unusual quality which makes you notice it and like it.

An ugly shopping centre stands across from one of the few buildings with **character**.

一座难看的购物中心对面，耸立着为数不多的几幢别具特色的大楼之一。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(电影、书、戏剧里)的人物，角色** The **characters** in a film, book, or play are the people that it is about.

The film is autobiographical and the central **character** is played by Collard himself...

这部电影是自传体，其中的主角由科勒德亲自扮演。

He's made the **characters** believable.

他让个个角色都逼真可信。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **有趣的人；怪人；滑稽的人** If you say that someone is a **character**, you mean that they are interesting, unusual, or amusing.

He'll be sadly missed. He was a real **character**.

人们会非常怀念他的，他可真是个有趣的人啊。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **字母；数字；文字；字符** A **character** is a letter, number, or other symbol that is written or printed.

11 PHRASE 短语 **符合/不符合...的性格(或特点)** If someone's actions are **in character**, they are doing what you would expect them to do, knowing what kind of person they are. If their actions are **out of character**, they are not doing what you would expect them to do.

It was entirely **in character** for Rachel to put her baby first...

把自己的婴孩放在第一位，这完全符合雷切尔的性格。

What else could make him behave so **out of character**?

还有什么能让他做出这种如此失常的行为来？

cheap ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **便宜的；不贵的** Goods or services that are **cheap** cost less money than usual or than you expected.

I'm going to live off campus if I can find somewhere **cheap** enough...

要是能找到足够便宜的地方，我就不在校园里住了。

Smoke detectors are **cheap** and easy to put up...

烟雾报警器既不贵又易于安装。

Running costs are coming down because of **cheaper** fuel...

燃料价格下来了，运营费用也会跟着下降。

They served breakfast all day and sold it **cheap**.

他们全天供应早餐，而且价钱公道。

cheaply

It will produce electricity more **cheaply** than a nuclear plant.

它的发电成本要比核电站低。

cheapness

The **cheapness** and simplicity of the design makes it ideal for our task.

这个设计既便宜又朴素，非常适合我们的任务要求。

2 ADJ 形容词 **不值钱的；质次价低的** If you describe goods as **cheap**, you mean they cost less money than similar products but their quality is poor.

Don't resort to **cheap** copies ; save up for the real thing.

别买廉价的仿冒品，攒点钱买正品吧。

...a tight suit made of some **cheap** material.

用廉价面料做的紧身套装

3 ADJ 形容词 **(劳动力)廉价的** If you describe the cost of someone's work as **cheap**, you disapprove of the way people are taking advantage of a situation to pay someone less than they should for the work that they do.

...unscrupulous employers who treat children as a **cheap** source of labour.

把儿童当廉价劳动力使用的黑心雇主

4 ADJ 形容词 **(言行)讨便宜的，刻薄的，不怀好意的** If you describe someone's remarks or actions as **cheap**, you mean that they are unkindly or insincerely using a situation to benefit themselves or to harm someone else.

These tests will inevitably be used by politicians to make **cheap** political points.

这些测试必然会被政客们不失时机地拿去大做政治文章。

5 ADJ 形容词 **吝啬的；小气的** If you describe someone as **cheap**, you are criticizing them for being unwilling to spend money.

Oh, please, Dad, just this once don't be **cheap**.

哦，求求你，爸爸，就这一回，别抠门儿了。

6 PHRASE 短语 **人命不值钱；人命如草芥** You use **life is cheap** or **life has become cheap** to refer to a situation in which nobody cares that large numbers of people are dying.

We will end up living in a society where life is **cheap**.

我们最终将生活在一个视人命为儿戏的社会。

7 PHRASE 短语 **便宜第一；节省地** If someone does or buys something **on the cheap**, they spend less money than they should because they are more concerned with what it costs than with its quality.

Most modern housing estates are terrible and inevitably done **on the cheap**.

现在的房子大多质量差劲透顶，肯定都是偷工减料盖起来的。

check

★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 See also: [cross-check](#) ; **检查；审查；核实** If you **check** something such as a piece of information or a document, you make sure that it is correct or satisfactory.

Check the accuracy of everything in your CV...

请核对简历中的每个细节，务必准确无误。

It's worth **checking** each item for obvious flaws...

有必要逐件检查一下是否有明显的瑕疵。

I think there is an age limit, but I'd have to **check**...

我觉得有年龄限制，不过我得去核实一下。

She hadn't **checked** whether she had a clean ironed shirt...

她没有预先看看自己是否有熨烫好的干净衬衫。

He **checked** that he had his room key...

他确认自己带了房间钥匙。

I shall need to **check** with the duty officer.

我要向值班员核实一下。

He is being constantly monitored with regular **checks** on his blood pressure.

他被实时监测，定时量血压。

...a security **check**.

安全检查

2 VERB 动词 **检查，查看(以确保一切正常)** If you **check on** someone or something, you make sure they are in a safe or satisfactory condition.

Stephen **checked on** her several times during the night...

斯蒂芬夜里起来看了她好几遍。

He decided to **check on** things at the warehouse.

他决定去仓库查看一下。

3 VERB 动词 **在...上打钩(以确定其正确、已选定或已处理)** If you **check** something that is written on a piece of paper, you put a mark, like a V with the right side extended, next to it to show that something is correct or has been selected or dealt with.

Frequently, men who **check** answer (b) have not actually had the experience of being repeatedly rejected by women.

多数情况下，选(b)的男人没有真的尝过三番五次被女人拒绝的滋味。

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 tick

4 VERB 动词 **控制；防止；抑制** To **check** something, usually something bad, means to stop it from spreading or continuing.

Sex education is also expected to help **check** the spread of AIDS.

人们还希望性教育有助于控制艾滋病的蔓延。

...free press that will **check** corruption by ensuring total transparency in government.

通过确保政府行政完全透明来抑制腐败的新闻自由

5 VERB 动词 **(使)突然停下；(使)停住** If you **check yourself** or if something **checks** you, you suddenly stop what you are doing or saying.

He was about to lose his temper but **checked** himself in time...

他刚要发火，不过又及时克制住了。

I held up one finger to **check** him.

我竖起一根手指头制止了他。

6 VERB 动词 **托运(行李)** When you **check** your luggage at an airport, you give it to an official so that it can be taken on to your plane.

We arrived at the airport, **checked** our baggage and wandered around the gift shops...

我们到了机场，托运了行李，到礼品店里逛了逛。

You can **check** your baggage right through to its final destination.

你可以把行李直接托运到终点。

To **check in** your luggage means the same as to **check** it. [check in](#) 同 [check](#)

They **checked in** their luggage and found seats in the departure lounge.

他们办完行李托运，到候机室找了座位坐下。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(餐馆的)结账单** The **check in** a restaurant is a piece of paper on which the price of your meal is written and which you are given before you pay.

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 bill

8 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(国际象棋中)“将军”** In a game of chess, you say **check** when you are attacking your opponent's king.

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(通常为两种颜色的)方格图案，格子图案** A pattern of squares, usually of two colours, can be referred to as **checks** or a **check**.

Styles include stripes and **checks**.

款式包括条纹的和格子的。

...a red and white **check** dress.

红白相间的格子连衣裙

10 PHRASE 短语 **受到控制的；被控制住的** If something or someone is **held in check** or is **kept in check**, they are controlled and prevented from becoming too great or powerful.

Life on Earth will become unsustainable unless population growth is held in **check**...

人口增长要是不加控制的话，地球上的生命将无法持续发展。

He's found someone with a bit of fight to keep him in **check**.

他发现有个厉害的主儿能镇住他了。

11 同 [cheque](#) A **check** is the same as a **cheque**.

12 See also: [double-check](#) ; [rain-check](#) ; [spot-check](#) ;

相关词组：

[check in](#) [check off](#) [check out](#) [check up](#)

chemical

★★★★☆

1 ADJ 形容词 **化学的；化学反应的；用化学方法生成的** **Chemical** means involving or resulting from a reaction between two or more substances, or relating to the substances that something consists of.

...**chemical** reactions that cause ozone destruction.

导致臭氧受到破坏的化学反应

...the **chemical** composition of the ocean.

...chemical weapons.

化学武器

chemically

...chemically treated foods...

用化学方法加工的食品

The medicine **chemically** affects your physiology.

这种药会通过化学作用影响生理机能。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **化学品；化合物；化学制品****Chemicals** are substances that are used in a chemical process or made by a chemical process.The whole food chain is affected by the overuse of **chemicals** in agriculture.

整个食物链因农业生产过程过多使用化学品而受到影响。

...a **chemicals** company.

化工公司

...the **chemical** industry.

化工行业

choice ★★★★★☆**1** N-COUNT 可数名词 **选择范围；选择余地** If there is a **choice** of things, there are several of them and you can choose the one you want.It's available in a **choice** of colours...

有多种颜色可供选择。

At lunchtime, there's a **choice** between the buffet or the set menu...

午餐可以吃自助餐，也可以选套餐。

Club Sportif offer a wide **choice** of holidays.

斯波蒂夫俱乐部提供多种度假选择。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **选定的人(或物)** Your **choice** is someone or something that you choose from a range of things.Although he was only grumbling, his **choice** of words made Rodney angry.

尽管他只是在咕哝，可是他的措词却让罗德尼恼火。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **优选的；高品质的** **Choice** means of very high quality....Fortnum and Mason's **choicest** chocolates.

福楠—梅森百货商店的上等巧克力

4 PHRASE 短语 **不得不；只好** If you **have no choice but to do something** or **have little choice but to do it**, you cannot avoid doing it.They had little **choice** but to agree to what he suggested.

他们别无选择，只好接受他的提议。

5 PHRASE 短语 **...选中的；...看中的** The thing or person of your **choice** is the one that you choose....tickets to see the football team of your **choice**...

观看自己喜欢的足球队比赛的门票

In many societies children still marry someone of their parents' **choice**.

在许多社会，子女结婚仍然只能听从父母之命。

6 PHRASE 短语 **首选的；广受欢迎的** The item of **choice** is the one that most people prefer.The drug is set to become the treatment of **choice** for asthma worldwide...

这种药将会成为全世界治疗哮喘的首选。

The drink of **choice** seems to be vodka.

最受欢迎的酒似乎是伏特加。

choose ★★★★★☆**1** VERB 动词 **挑选；选择；选取** If you **choose** someone or something **from** several people or things that are available, you decide which person or thing you want to have.They will be able to **choose** their own leaders in democratic elections...

他们将能够通过民主选举选择自己的领导人。

This week he has chosen Peter Mandelson to replace Mo Mowlam...

本周他选择了彼得·曼德尔森来代替莫·摩兰姆。

There are several patchwork cushions to **choose** from...

有好几种拼布工艺靠垫可供选择。

Houston was chosen as the site for the convention...

休斯敦被选作大会的会址。

He did well in his chosen profession.

他在自己选择的行业里干得不错。

2 VERB 动词 **甘愿；决定** If you **choose to do** something, you do it because you want to or because you feel that it is right.

They knew that discrimination was going on, but chose to ignore it...

他们当时知道歧视现象仍然存在，但是宁愿装聋作哑。

You can just take out the interest each year, if you **choose**.

你要是愿意，每年可以仅支取利息。

3 PHRASE 短语 **不分上下；好坏相当** If there is **little to choose between** people or things or **nothing to choose between** them, it is difficult to decide which is better or more suitable.There is very little to **choose** between the world's top tennis players.

世界顶级网球运动员之间往往难分伯仲。

4 PHRASE 短语 **享受优厚待遇的少数人；精英** The **chosen few** are a small group who are treated better than other people. You sometimes use this expression when you think this is unfair.Learning should no longer be an elitist pastime for the **chosen few**.

学习不应再是少数人的高级消遣。

5 to **pick and choose** → see: **pick** ;**Christian** ★★★★★☆**1** N-COUNT 可数名词 **基督徒** A **Christian** is someone who follows the teachings of Jesus Christ.He was a devout **Christian**...

他是个虔诚的基督徒。

Last week there were clashes during protests by **Christians** and Muslims.

上周在基督徒和伊斯兰教徒举行的抗议活动中发生了冲突。

2 ADJ 形容词 **基督教的；基督徒的** **Christian** means relating to Christianity or Christians....the **Christian** Church.

基督教会

...the **Christian** faith...

基督教信仰

...**Christian** areas of Beirut...

贝鲁特的基督徒聚居区

Most of my friends are **Christian**.

我的朋友大部分是基督徒。

church ★★★★★☆**1** N-VAR 可变名词 **(基督)教堂；礼拜堂** A **church** is a building in which Christians worship. You usually refer to this place as **church** when you are talking about the time that people spend there....one of Britain's most historic **churches**.

英国最古老的教堂之一

...St Helen's Church...

圣海伦教堂

I didn't see you in **church** on Sunday.

我星期天做礼拜时没看见你。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(基督教的)教派** A **Church** is one of the groups of people within the Christian religion, for example Catholics or Methodists, that have their own beliefs, clergy, and forms of worship.

...co-operation with the Catholic Church...

和天主教派的合作

Church leaders said he was welcome to return.

教会领袖说欢迎他回来。

...the separation of **church** and state.

政教分离

3 PHRASE 短语 **广纳众议的机构(或团体)；兼收并蓄的活动** You can refer to an organization, group, or area of activity as a **broad church** when it includes a wide range of opinions, beliefs, or styles.The party has responded by trying to become a **broad church** that appeals to devout pensioners, Munich punks and aerospace engineers...

该党的反应是要努力成为一个吸引笃信宗教的退休者、慕尼黑朋克族和航天工程师的兼收并蓄的政党。

It rapidly became apparent that rock'n'roll was a very **broad church** indeed.

摇滚乐实际无所不包，这一点很快就显而易见了。

circle ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **圆 圆形；圆圈** A circle is a shape consisting of a curved line completely surrounding an area. Every part of the line is the same distance from the centre of the area.

The flag was red, with a large white circle in the center...

旗子是红色的，中央有个白色大圆圈。

I wrote down the number 46 and drew a circle around it.

我写下46这个数字，又画了个圆将它圈起来。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **圆形物；图片；圆块** A circle of something is a round flat piece or area of it.

Cut out 4 circles of pastry.

切出四块圆形油酥面饼。

...a circle of yellow light.

圆形黄光区

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一圈（物体或人）** A circle of objects or people is a group of them arranged in the shape of a circle.

The monument consists of a circle of gigantic stones...

纪念碑由一圈巨石组成。

We stood in a circle holding hands.

我们站成一圈，手牵着手。

4 VERB 动词 **包围；围绕；环绕** If something circles an object or a place, or circles around it, it forms a circle around it.

This is the ring road that circles the city.

这是环绕市区的环路。

...the long curving driveway that circled around the vast clipped lawn.

围绕着大片修剪过的草坪的长长的弧形车道

5 VERB 动词 **（在上空）盘旋，绕圈子** If an aircraft or a bird circles or circles something, it moves round in a circle in the air.

The plane circled, awaiting permission to land...

飞机在天上盘旋，等候着陆许可。

There were two helicopters circling around.

有两架直升机在空中盘旋。

...like a hawk circling prey.

像老鹰在猎物头顶盘旋

6 VERB 动词 **围绕...移动；绕着...转圈** To circle around someone or something, or to circle them, means to move around them.

Emily kept circling around her mother...

埃米莉围着她妈妈转个不停。

The silent wolves would track and circle them.

悄无声息的群狼会跟踪并包围他们。

7 VERB 动词 **在...上画圈；将...圈起来** If you circle something on a piece of paper, you draw a circle around it.

Circle the correct answers on the coupon below.

将下面参赛券上的正确答案圈出来。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（指朋友或有相同兴趣或职业的人组成的）圈子，界** You can refer to a group of people as a circle when they meet each other regularly because they are friends or because they belong to the same profession or share the same interests.

He has a small circle of friends...

他的朋友圈子很小。

Alton has made himself fiercely unpopular in certain circles.

奥尔顿把自己搞得在某些圈子里极其不受欢迎。

9 N-SING 单数名词 **（剧院、影院的）楼厅包厢** In a theatre or cinema, the circle is an area of seats on the upper floor.

10 See also: [Arctic Circle](#) ; [dress circle](#) ; [inner circle](#) ; [vicious circle](#) ; [virtuous circle](#) ;

11 PHRASE 短语 **兜了一圈回到原地；循环** If you say that you have come full circle or have turned full circle, you mean that after a long series of events or changes the same situation that you started with still exists.

We've come full circle and dark-blue jeans are once again the height of style.

风水轮流转，时下最流行的又是深蓝色牛仔裤了。

12 PHRASE 短语 **在原地兜圈子；原地踏步；毫无进展** If you say that someone is going round in circles or around in circles, you mean that they are not achieving anything because they keep coming back to the same point or problem.

citizen ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **公民；国民** Someone who is a citizen of a particular country is legally accepted as belonging to that country.

...American citizens...

美国公民

The life of ordinary citizens began to change.

老百姓的生活开始发生变化。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **城镇居民；市民** The citizens of a town or city are the people who live there.

...the citizens of Buenos Aires.

布宜诺斯艾利斯的市民

3 See also: [senior citizen](#) ;

civil ★★★★★☆

1 ADJ 形容词 **公民的；国民的；国内的** You use civil to describe events that happen within a country and that involve the different groups of people in it.

...civil unrest.

国内骚乱

2 ADJ 形容词 **民用的；平民的；非军事的** You use civil to describe people or things in a country that are not connected with its armed forces.

...the US civil aviation industry.

美国民用航空业

3 ADJ 形容词 **政府的；国家的；世俗的；非宗教的** You use civil to describe things that are connected with the state rather than with a religion.

They were married on August 9 in a civil ceremony in Venice.

他们于8月9号在威尼斯举行了世俗婚礼。

...Jewish civil and religious law.

犹太民法和宗教法

4 ADJ 形容词 **（权利）公民的，公民应有的** You use civil to describe the rights that people have within a society.

...a United Nations covenant on civil and political rights.

联合国公民和政治权利公约

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **彬彬有礼的；斯文的；客气的** Someone who is civil is polite in a formal way, but not particularly friendly.

As visitors, the least we can do is be civil to the people in their own land.

作为来访者，我们最起码能做到的就是对当地人要彬彬有礼。

civilly
The man nodded civilly to Sharpe, then consulted a notebook.
那个人有礼貌地朝夏普点点头，然后翻查起一个笔记本来。

civility
...civility to underlings.
对下属的客气

classic ★★★★★☆

1 ADJ 形容词 **典型的** A classic example of a thing or situation has all the features which you expect such a thing or situation to have.

The debate in the mainstream press has been a classic example of British hypocrisy...

主流媒体上的辩论是英国式虚伪的典型例子。

His first two goals were classic cases of being in the right place at the right time.

他的头两粒进球是站位和时机把握的典范。

Classic is also a noun.
It was a classic of interrogation: first the bully, then the kind one who offers sympathy.
那是典型的审问方式：先来一个唱白脸，再来一个唱红脸。

2 ADJ 形容词 **（电影、著作、音乐）经典的，典范的，最优秀的** A classic film, piece of writing, or piece of music is of very high quality and has become a standard against which similar things are judged.

...the classic children's film Huckleberry Finn.

经典儿童电影《哈克贝利·费恩历险记》

...a classic study of the American penal system.

对美国刑罚制度研究的典范

Classic is also a noun.

The record won a gold award and remains one of the classics of modern popular music.

那张唱片曾赢得金奖，而且时至今日仍然位列现代流行音乐的经典之林。

...a film classic.

经典电影

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 文学经典；名著；杰作 A classic is a book which is well-known and considered to be of a high literary standard. You can refer to such books generally as the classics.

As I grow older, I like to reread the classics regularly.

随着年龄渐长，我喜欢经常重读经典著作。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (风格)传统的，古雅的，古朴的 Classic style is simple and traditional and is not affected by changes in fashion.

Wear classic clothes which feel good and look good...

穿些舒适而又好看的传统服装。

These are classic designs which will fit in well anywhere.

这是些百搭的古雅图案。

5 ADJ 形容词 (轿车)经典的，(尤指)老式的 A classic car is a model of car that is greatly admired because of its style, and is considered to be one of the best of its kind; used especially to talk about cars which are no longer being produced.

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (尤指对古希腊、古罗马的语言、文学、哲学的)古典文化研究 Classics is the study of the ancient Greek and Roman civilizations, especially their languages, literature, and philosophy.

...a Classics degree.

古典文化研究学位

clean ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 干净的；洁净的；无污迹的 Something that is clean is free from dirt or unwanted marks.

He wore his cleanest slacks, a clean shirt and a navy blazer...

他穿着他最干净的便裤，洁净的衬衫和藏青色上衣。

Disease has not been a problem because clean water is available...

不必担心会生病，因为能喝上干净水。

The metro is efficient and spotlessly clean...

地铁非常快捷，而且一尘不染。

Tiled kitchen floors are easy to keep clean.

铺了瓷砖的厨房地板便于保洁。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (人或动物)讲卫生的，爱干净的 You say that people or animals are clean when they keep themselves or their surroundings clean.

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (燃料或化学作用)无害的，无污染的，清洁的 A clean fuel or chemical process does not create many harmful or polluting substances.

Fans of electric cars say they are clean, quiet and economical.

电动汽车迷们说，电动车清洁、无噪音而且经济。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 清洗；清除；擦拭；擦洗 If you clean something or clean dirt off it, you make it free from dirt and unwanted marks, for example by washing or wiping it. If something cleans easily, it is easy to clean.

Her father cleaned his glasses with a paper napkin...

她父亲用纸巾把眼镜擦干净。

It took half an hour to clean the orange powder off the bath...

花了半个钟头才把浴缸上的柑橘粉擦洗掉。

He cleaned the flakes away with his coat sleeve...

他用大衣袖子把碎屑掸掉。

Wood flooring not only cleans easily, but it's environmentally friendly into the bargain.

木地板不光容易打扫，而且还环保。

Clean is also a noun. Give the cooker a good clean.

把炊具好好清洗一下。

5 VERB 动词 打扫，清扫(房间、房屋) If you clean a room or house, you make the inside of it and the furniture in it free from dirt and dust.

With them also lived Mary Burinda, who cooked and cleaned...

和他们同住的还有玛丽·伯琳达，她负责做饭和打扫卫生。

She got up early and cleaned the flat.

她早早就起了床，把公寓打扫干净。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (书籍、笑话、生活方式)文明的，不淫秽的，不下流的 If you describe something such as a book, joke, or lifestyle as clean, you think that they are not sexually immoral or offensive.

They're trying to show clean, wholesome, decent movies...

他们尽量播放文明、健康、正派的电影。

Flirting is good clean fun...

打情骂俏无伤大雅，还别有一番趣味。

He became a model of clean living and Bible Belt virtues.

他成了洁身自好、恪守“圣经地带”德行的典范。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (名声、履历)无污点的，清白的 If someone has a clean reputation or record, they have never done anything illegal or wrong.

Accusations of tax evasion have tarnished his clean image...

避税的指控使他的清白形象蒙污。

You can hire these from most car hire firms, provided you have a clean driving licence.

只要你的驾照没有违规记录，就可以从多数租车公司租到这些车。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (比赛或打斗)无舞弊行为的，公平的，不违规的 A clean game or fight is carried out fairly, according to the rules.

He called for a clean fight in the election and an end to 'negative campaigning'...

他呼吁选举中进行公平竞争，结束“负面竞选”。

It was a clean match, well refereed.

比赛没有舞弊行为，裁判很公正。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (口味、气味或色彩)淡雅的，清新的，明快的 If you describe a flavour, smell, or colour as clean, you like it because it is light and fresh.

...the fresh, clean smell of the sea...

大海清新舒爽的气味

Soft tones of blue and grey create a clean, bright look.

蓝色和灰色的柔和色调营造出明快、亮丽的视觉观。

10 ADJ 形容词 (纸张)空白的，无字迹的 A clean sheet of paper has no writing or drawing on it.

Take a clean sheet of paper and down the left-hand side make a list.

拿张白纸，在左下方列个单子。

11 ADJ 形容词 (结束、开始)完全的，干脆的 If you make a clean break or start, you end a situation completely and start again in a different way.

She wanted to make a clean break from her mother and father.

她想和父母一刀两断。

12 ADV 副词 (用于加强语气)完全，彻底 Clean is used to emphasize that something was done completely.

It burned clean through the seat of my overalls...

它把我工装裤屁股那块烧透了。

The thief got clean away with the money...

那个贼拿着钱逃之夭夭了。

I clean forgot everything I had prepared.

我把准备的东西忘了个一干二净。

13 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (形状)规则的，简洁的，边缘平滑的 A clean shape is simple and regular, with definite, smooth edges.

He admires the clean lines of Shaker furniture...

他欣赏夏克家具流畅的线条。

The drill should be slowly rotated to ensure a clean hole.

钻头必须缓慢转动，以保证钻孔平整光滑。

cleanly

Cut horizontally and **cleanly** through the stem.
沿水平方向整齐地锯断树干。

14 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (动作)干脆利落的，快速无误的 You can describe an action as **clean** to indicate that it is carried out simply and quickly without mistakes.

They were more concerned about the dogs' welfare than a **clean** getaway...

他们更加关心那些狗的安危，而非自己如何干净利落脱身。

Paul had arrested countless men like this one before and was expecting a **clean**, quick job.

此前，保罗逮捕过无数个这样的家伙，他估计这次能手到擒来。

cleanly

I struck the ball **cleanly** and my shot was on target.

我干脆利落地击球，命中了目标。

15 PHRASE 短语 坦白承认；和盘托出 If you **come clean about** something that you have been keeping secret, you admit it or tell people about it.

It would be better if you **come clean** about it and let her know what kind of man she is seeing.

你最好一五一十地告诉她，让她知道她正在交往的那个男人是个什么货色。

16 to **clean up your act**→see: [act](#) ; a **clean bill of health**→see: [bill](#) ;

to **make a clean breast of it**→see: [breast](#) ;

to **keep your nose clean**→see: [nose](#) ; a **clean slate**→see: [slate](#) ;

to **wipe the slate clean**→see: [slate](#) ; a **clean sweep**→see: [sweep](#) ; **clean as a whistle**→see:

[whistle](#) ;

相关词组：

[clean out](#) [clean up](#) [clean up after](#)

clothes ★★★★★

1 N-PLURAL 复数名词 See also: [plain-clothes](#) ; 衣服；服装 **Clothes** are the things that people wear, such as shirts, coats, trousers, and dresses.

Moira walked upstairs to change her **clothes**...

莫伊拉上楼去换衣服。

He dressed quickly in casual **clothes**.

他很快穿上休闲装。

Usage Note :

Note that there is no singular form of **clothes**, so you cannot talk about 'a clothe'. In formal English, you can talk about a **garment**. **Clothing** is a more formal word that is used to refer to a person's clothes. *He took off his wet clothing. ...prison clothing.* You can refer to a **garment** less formally as a **piece of clothing**, an **article of clothing**, or an **item of clothing**, but in ordinary conversation you usually just name the piece of clothing you are talking about. **Cloth** is material made from something such as cotton, wool, or nylon. A **cloth** is a piece of **cloth** that is used, for example, for cleaning or wiping things. Note that the plural, **cloths**, is used only for this second sense. For the different verbs associated with clothes, see the note at [wear](#).

注意 **clothes** 没有单数形式，所以不能说 a clothe。在正式用语中，可以说 a garment。clothing 表示所穿的衣服，是一个更正式的词：He took off his wet clothing (他脱下湿衣服)，prison clothing (囚衣)。在不太正式的情况下，可以用 a piece of clothing, an article of clothing 或 an item of clothing 来指 a garment，但在日常会话中，通常说出所指服装的名称。

cloth 指棉、羊毛、尼龙等制成的布。a cloth 是指用来清洁、擦拭等的一块布。注意复数 cloths 只用于第二个义项。与 clothes 连用的动词，请参见 wear 词条下的说明。

coach ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 教练 A **coach** is someone who trains a person or team of people in a particular sport.

Tony Woodcock has joined German amateur team SC Brueck as **coach**.

托尼·伍德科克加盟德国业余队SC布吕克队担任教练。

2 VERB 动词 为...当教练；训练；指导 When someone **coaches** a person or a team, they help them to become better at a particular sport.

Beckenbauer **coached** the West Germans to success in the World Cup final in Italy...

贝肯鲍尔执教西德队，带领他们在意大利世界杯决赛中获胜。

I had **coached** the Alliance team for some time.

我曾在联盟队担任过一段时间的教练。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (体育队的)主教练 A **coach** is a person who is in charge of a sports team.

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 manager

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (棒球运动中，站在一垒或三垒附近，给其他选手信号的)跑垒指挥员 In baseball, a **coach** is a member of a team who stands near the first or third base, and gives signals to other members of the team who are on bases and are trying to score.

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指辅导备考的)私人教师，辅导教师 A **coach** is someone who gives people special teaching in a particular subject, especially in order to prepare them for an examination.

What you need is a drama **coach**.

你需要的是位戏剧辅导老师。

6 VERB 动词 给...补习；(尤指为...辅导备考) If you **coach** someone, you give them special teaching in a particular subject, especially in order to prepare them for an examination.

He gently **coached** me in French.

他为我补习法语，态度十分温和。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 长途汽车；长途大巴 A **coach** is a large, comfortable bus that carries passengers on long journeys.

As we headed back to Calais, the **coach** was badly delayed by roadworks...

返回加来时，由于道路施工，我们乘坐的长途大巴严重误点。

I hate travelling by **coach**.

我不喜欢坐长途汽车。

in AM, use 美国英语用 bus

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 (火车的)旅客车厢 A **coach** is one of the separate sections of a train that carries passengers.

The train was an elaborate affair of sixteen **coaches**.

这列火车由16节车厢组成，设计复杂精巧。

in AM, use 美国英语用 car

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 四轮大马车，公共马车(旧时用于载客，现在英国等国仍用于庆典场合) A **coach** is an enclosed vehicle with four wheels which is pulled by horses, and in which people used to travel. Coaches are still used for ceremonial events in some countries, such as Britain.

coast ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 海岸；海滨 The **coast** is an area of land that is next to the sea.

Camp sites are usually situated along the **coast**, close to beaches.

野营地一般都位于海滨，靠近沙滩。

...the west **coast** of Scotland.

苏格兰西海岸

2 VERB 动词 (车辆熄火后或不用动力)靠惯性滑行 If a vehicle **coasts** somewhere, it continues to move there with the motor switched off, or without being pushed or pedalled.

I switched off the engine and **coasted** round the corner.

我想掉引擎，靠惯性转过弯去。

They picked up momentum, then slipped into neutral and **coasted** quietly down the slope.

他们加大油门，再切入空档，随后没大响动地滑下山坡。

3 VERB 动词 毫不费力地做；(尤指)轻松获胜 If a person or a team is **coasting**, they are doing something easily, especially winning a competition.

Ivan Lendl **coasted** to a 6-3, 6-2, 6-3 victory over Roger Rasheed...

伊万·伦德尔以6:3，6:2和6:3的比分轻松战胜了罗杰·拉希德。

The company was **coasting** on the enormous success of its early products.

公司凭借早期产品的巨大成功而在市场上遥遥领先。

4 VERB 动词 不够努力；应付 If you say that

someone is **coasting**, you are emphasizing that they are not putting enough effort into what they are doing.

There was a time when Charles was **coasting** at school and I should have told him to buckle down.

有一段时间查尔斯在学校不太用功，我当时应该让他加把劲的。

Coast along means the same as **coast**. [coast along](#) [同](#) [coast](#)

Matthew had no drive. He **coasted** along on his good looks.

马修没什么雄心壮志，就凭着自己的长相混饭吃。

5 PHRASE 短语 **没有被发现(或捉住的)危险；危险已过** If you say that **the coast is clear**, you mean that there is nobody around to see you or catch you.

'You can come out now,' he called. 'The **coast** is clear. She's gone.'

“你现在可以出来了。”他喊道，“没危险了，她已经走了。”

Usage Note :

You can use **beach**, **coast**, and **shore** to talk about the piece of land beside a stretch of water. The **coast** is the area of land that lies alongside the sea. You may be referring just to the land close to the sea, or to a wider area that extends further inland. A **beach** is a flat area of sand or pebbles next to the sea. The **shore** is the area of land along the edge of the sea, a lake, or a wide river.

beach, **coast** 和 **shore** 都可以用来指大片水域的岸边陆地。coast 是沿海陆地区域，既可以指紧靠海边的区域，也可以泛指沿海地区。

beach 是指海边的沙滩或碎石滩。shore 是指海洋、湖泊或宽广的河流的岸边陆地。

cold ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **冷的；冰凉的** Something that is **cold** has a very low temperature or a lower temperature than is normal or acceptable.

Rinse the vegetables under **cold** running water...

用凉的自来水清洗这些蔬菜。

He likes his tea neither too hot nor too **cold**...

他想要杯不凉不热的茶。

Your dinner's getting **cold**.

你的饭快凉了。

coldness

She complained about the **coldness** of his hands.

她埋怨他的手太冷。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(天气或地方)冷的，寒冷的** If it is **cold**, or if a place is **cold**, the temperature of the air is very low.

It was bitterly **cold**...

天冷得刺骨。

The house is **cold** because I can't afford to turn the heat on...

屋里很冷，因为我没钱付暖气费。

This is the **coldest** winter I can remember.

这是我记忆中最冷的一个冬天。

coldness

Within quarter of an hour the **coldness** of the night had gone.

不到一刻钟，夜晚的寒气就一扫而光。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **冷；寒冷** Cold weather or low temperatures can be referred to as **the cold**.

He must have come inside to get out of the **cold**...

他肯定是进来避寒的。

His feet were blue with **cold**.

他的脚冻得发紫。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(人)感觉冷的，寒冷的** If you are **cold**, your body is at an unpleasantly low temperature.

I was freezing **cold**...

我快冻僵了。

I'm hungry, I'm **cold** and I've nowhere to sleep.

我饥寒交迫，甚至连睡觉的地方都没有。

Usage Note :

If you want to emphasize how cold the weather is, you can say that it is **freezing**, especially in winter when there is ice or frost. In summer, if the temperature is below average, you can say that it is **cool**. In general, **cold** suggests a lower temperature than **cool**, and **cool** things may be pleasant or refreshing. *A cool breeze swept off the sea ; it was pleasant out there.* If it is very **cool** or too **cool**, you can also say that it is **chilly**.

如果要强调天气冷，尤其是在冬天有冰或霜时，可以说 freezing。在夏天，如果气温低于平均气温，可以说 cool。一般来说，cold 表示的温度比 cool 低，cool 含有舒服或凉爽之意：A cool breeze swept off the sea ; it was pleasant out there (一阵凉爽的微风拂过海面，让人感觉外面十分舒服)。如果天气很凉甚至太凉，可以用 chilly。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(食物)凉的，冷的** Cold food, such as salad or meat that has been cooked and cooled, is not intended to be eaten hot.

A wide variety of hot and **cold** snacks will be available.

会有各种冷热小吃。

...**cold** meats.

冷肉

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(色彩或光)冷的，冷色调的** Cold colours or **cold** light give an impression of coldness.

Generally, warm colours advance in painting and **cold** colours recede.

通常，绘画中暖色调为近感色，而冷色调为远感色。

...the **cold** blue light from a streetlamp.

街灯发出的幽幽蓝光

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **冷淡的；冷酷的；不热情的** A **cold** person does not show much emotion, especially affection, and therefore seems unfriendly and unsympathetic. If someone's voice is **cold**, they speak in an unfriendly unsympathetic way.

What a **cold**, unfeeling woman she was...

她真是个冷酷无情的女人！

'Send her away,' Eve said in a **cold**, hard voice.

“把她打发走。”伊芙冷酷无情地说道。

coldly

'I'll see you in the morning,' Hugh said **coldly**.

“明天早上见。”休冷冷地说。

coldness

His **coldness** angered her.

他的冷漠激怒了她。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(痕迹或气味)已变淡的** A **cold** trail or scent is one which is old and therefore difficult to follow.

He could follow a **cold** trail over hard ground and even over stones.

他能循着地面上甚至是石头上留下的淡淡的痕迹展开追踪。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **远未猜中的** If you say that someone is **cold** when they are trying to guess the answer to a question or puzzle, you mean that they are thinking about it in the wrong way and are going to give a wrong answer.

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **感冒；伤风** If you have a **cold**, you have a mild, very common illness which makes you sneeze a lot and gives you a sore throat or a cough.

11 See also: [common cold](#) ;

12 PHRASE 短语 **患感冒** If you **catch cold**, or **catch a cold**, you become ill with a cold.

Let's dry our hair so we don't **catch cold**.

我们把头发吹干，这样就不会感冒。

13 PHRASE 短语 **未能打动；未能激起...的兴趣** If something **leaves you cold**, it fails to excite or interest you.

Lawrence is one of those writers who either excite you enormously or leave you **cold**.

劳伦斯是那种要么让人激动不已，要么让人觉得索然无味的作家。

14 PHRASE 短语 **昏迷的；失去知觉的；睡得很沉的** If someone is **out cold**, they are unconscious or sleeping very heavily.

She was **out cold** but still breathing.

她处于昏迷状态，但还有呼吸。

15 PHRASE 短语 **被忽视；受冷落** If you say that a person, group, or country has been left **out in the cold**, you mean that they have been ignored by others rather than being invited to take part in some activity with them.

Developing countries might be left out in the **cold** in current world trade talks.

在目前的世界贸易洽谈中，发展中国家可能会受到冷落。

16 **in cold blood**→see: **blood** ;

to get cold feet→see: **foot** ;

to blow hot and cold→see: **hot** ;

to pour cold water on something→see: **water** ;

collapse ★★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 **倒塌；塌下** If a building or other structure **collapses**, it falls down very suddenly.

A section of the Bay Bridge had **collapsed**...

海湾大桥有一段垮塌了。

The roof **collapsed** in a roar of rock and rubble...

屋顶轰隆一声塌了下来，碎石瓦砾落了一地。

Most of the deaths were caused by landslides and collapsing buildings.

大部分死亡是由山体滑坡和建筑倒塌造成的。

Collapse is also a noun.

Governor Deukmejian called for an inquiry into the freeway's **collapse**.

德克梅吉恩州长要求对高速公路塌陷事件进行调查。

2 VERB 动词 **(体系或机构)崩溃，瓦解，突然失败** If something, for example a system or institution, **collapses**, it fails or comes to an end completely and suddenly.

His business empire **collapsed** under a massive burden of debt...

他的商业帝国无力承担沉重的债务负担而垮掉了。

This system has **collapsed** in most countries where it ruled...

这一体系在其占统治地位的大多数国家都失败了。

The rural people have been impoverished by a collapsing economy.

经济崩溃使农村地区的人们一贫如洗。

Collapse is also a noun.

The coup's **collapse** has speeded up the drive to independence...

政变失败加速了独立运动的进程。

Their economy is teetering on the brink of **collapse**.

他们的经济岌岌可危，正处在崩溃的边缘。

3 VERB 动词 **(因生病或虚弱)突然倒下，昏倒** If you **collapse**, you suddenly faint or fall down because you are very ill or weak.

He **collapsed** following a vigorous exercise session at his home...

在家剧烈运动了一阵后他突然昏倒了。

It's commonplace to see people collapsing from hunger in the streets.

在街上看见有人饿晕是很平常的事。

Collapse is also a noun.

A few days after his **collapse** he was sitting up in bed.

他病倒后没过几天就又能躺在床上坐起来了。

4 VERB 动词 **(因精疲力竭而)突然坐下(或倒下)** If you **collapse** onto something, you sit or lie down suddenly because you are very tired.

She arrived home exhausted and barely capable of showering before collapsing on her bed.

她精疲力竭地回到家，勉强冲了个澡就倒在了床上。

5 VERB 动词 **塌陷；内陷；瘪掉** If something with air inside **collapses**, it falls inwards and becomes smaller or flatter.

He plunged 300ft to the ground when his parachute **collapsed**...

降落伞突然瘪了，他从300英尺的高空跌落到地面。

He was rushed to hospital last week after suffering a **collapsed** lung.

上星期，他因出现肺塌陷而被火速送进医院。

colleague ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **同事；同僚** Your **colleagues** are the people you work with, especially in a professional job.

Without consulting his **colleagues** he flew from Lisbon to Split...

没跟同事们商量，他就从里斯本飞到了斯普利特。

A **colleague** urged him to see a psychiatrist, but Faulkner refused.

一位同事竭力劝福克纳去看精神病医生，但他拒绝了。

collect ★★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 **收集；采集** If you **collect** a number of things, you bring them together from several places or from several people.

Two young girls were **collecting** firewood...

两个小女孩正在拾柴火。

Elizabeth had been **collecting** snails for a school project...

伊丽莎白一直在为完成学校的一份课题作业收集蜗牛。

1.5 million signatures have been **collected**.

已经收集到150万人的签名。

2 VERB 动词 **搜集；收藏** If you **collect** things, such as stamps or books, as a hobby, you get a large number of them over a period of time because they interest you.

I used to **collect** stamps...

我曾经集过邮。

One of Tony's hobbies was **collecting** rare birds.

托尼的业余爱好之一是搜集稀有鸟类。

collecting

...hobbies like stamp **collecting** and fishing.

像集邮、钓鱼之类的业余爱好

3 VERB 动词 **接走；领取；收取** When you **collect** someone or something, you go and get them from the place where they are waiting for you or have been left for you.

David always **collects** Alistair from school on Wednesdays...

戴维总是星期三去学校接阿利斯泰尔。

She had just **collected** her pension from the post office...

她刚去邮局取了养老金。

After **collecting** the cash, the kidnapper made his escape down the disused railway line.

拿到现金后，绑架者沿着废弃的铁道逃走了。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 pick up

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)聚积；(使)积存** If a substance **collects** somewhere, or if something **collects** it, it keeps arriving over a period of time and is held in that place or thing.

Methane gas does **collect** in the mines around here.

周围的矿井里的确有机聚积。

...water tanks which **collect** rainwater from the house roof.

积存屋顶雨水的水箱

5 VERB 动词 **积聚(光、能或热)** If something **collects** light, energy, or heat, it attracts it.

Like a telescope it has a curved mirror to **collect** the sunlight.

和望远镜一样，它有一个曲面镜可以积聚阳光。

6 VERB 动词 **(为慈善事业或礼品)筹款，集资；募捐** If you **collect** for a charity or for a present for someone, you ask people to give you money for it.

Are you **collecting** for charity?...

你是在为慈善事业筹款吗？

They **collected** donations for a fund to help military families.

他们为一个旨在帮助军人家属的基金筹集捐款。

7 VERB 动词 **尽力镇静下来；整理(思绪)** If you **collect** yourself or **collect** your thoughts, you make an effort to calm yourself or prepare yourself mentally.

She paused for a moment to **collect** herself...

她停了一会儿，让自己镇定下来。

He was grateful for a chance to relax and **collect** his thoughts.

他很庆幸有机会放松放松，整理一下自己的思绪。

8 ADJ 形容词 **受话人付费的** A **collect** call is a telephone call that is paid for by the person receiving it, not the person making it.

She received a **collect** phone call from Alaska.

她接到一个从阿拉斯加打来的付费电话。

If you **call collect** when you make a telephone call, the person who you are phoning pays the cost of the call and not you. **打受话人付费电话**

Should you lose your ticket call **collect** on STA's helpline.

若遗失机票，请拨打STA的免费求助热线。

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 reverse the charges

相关词组：

collect up

collection ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (一批)收藏品, 收集物 A collection of things is a group of similar things that you have deliberately acquired, usually over a period of time.

Robert's collection of prints and paintings has been bought over the years...

这些年来, 罗伯特逐渐收藏了一批版画和绘画作品。

The Art Gallery of Ontario has the world's largest collection of sculptures by Henry Moore...

安大略美术馆是世界上收藏亨利·摩尔雕塑作品最多的美术馆。

He made the mistake of leaving his valuable record collection with a former girlfriend.

他犯了一个错误, 把自己收藏的一批珍贵唱片留在了以前的一个女友那里。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (故事、诗歌或文章的)集子, 作品集 A collection of stories, poems, or articles is a number of them published in one book.

Two years ago he published a collection of short stories called 'Facing The Music'...

两年前, 他出版了短篇小说集《勇敢面对》。

The Brookings Institution has assembled a collection of essays from foreign affairs experts.

布鲁金斯研究所将一批外交专家撰写的文章结集出版。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 一堆, 一群(东西) A collection of things is a group of things.

Wye Lea is a collection of farm buildings that have been converted into an attractive complex.

“怀河草地”是一处由农舍改造而成的赏心悦目的建筑群。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (为新一季设计的)系列时装 A fashion designer's new collection consists of the new clothes they have designed for the next season.

Money can be sent to any one of 22,000 agents worldwide for collection.

可以把钱汇给分布在世界各地的22,000名筹款代理人中的任何一位。

...computer systems to speed up collection of information.

加速信息收集的计算机系统

...public services including mail delivery and garbage collection.

包括邮件派送和垃圾清理在内的公共服务

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 募捐 If you organize a collection for charity, you collect money from people to give to charity.

I asked my headmaster if he could arrange a collection for a refugee charity.

我问校长他是否能为救济难民的慈善机构组织一次募捐。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (教堂礼拜时的)捐款 A collection is money that is given by people in church during some Christian services.

college ★★★★★

1 N-VAR; N-IN-NAMES 可变名词; 名称名词 大学; 学院; 专科学校 A college is an institution where students study after they have left school.

Their daughter Joanna is doing business studies at a local college...

他们的女儿乔安娜在当地的一所学院念商科。

Stephanie took up making jewellery after leaving art college this summer...

斯蒂芬妮今年夏天离开艺术学院后开始从事珠宝制作。

He is now a professor of economics at Western New England College in Springfield, Massachusetts.

他现在是西新英格兰学院的经济学教授, 该学院位于马萨诸塞州的斯普林菲尔德。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (英国某些大学设立的)学院 A college is one of the institutions which some British universities are divided into.

He was educated at Balliol College, Oxford.

他上的是牛津大学的贝利奥尔学院。

3 N-COUNT; N-IN-NAMES 名称名词; 名称名词 (美国某些大学的)专科学校 At some universities in the United States, colleges are divisions which offer degrees in particular subjects.

...a professor at the University of Florida College of Law.

佛罗里达大学法学院的一位教授

4 N-IN-NAMES 名称名词 (用于英国某些收费中学的名称中)中学, 公学 College is used in Britain in the names of some secondary schools which charge fees.

In 1854, Cheltenham Ladies' College became the first girls' public school.

1854年, 切尔滕纳姆女子中学成为第一所女子公学。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 学会; 协会; 社团 A college of a particular kind is an organized group of people who have special duties and powers.

He is a member of the Royal College of Physicians...

他是皇家内科医师协会的成员。

There is a college of international supervisors working together.

一群来自世界各地的主管在一起工作。

comment ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 发表意见; 作出评论 If you comment on something, you give your opinion about it or you give an explanation for it.

So far, Mr Cook has not commented on these reports...

到目前为止, 库克先生仍未就这些报道发表评论。

Stratford police refuse to comment on whether anyone has been arrested...

斯特拉福德警方拒绝对是否已有人被捕一事发表任何评论。

You really can't comment till you know the facts...

知道真相之前, 不要发表任何意见。

'I'm always happy with new developments,' he commented...

“我总是很高兴有新的发展。”他议论道。

Stuart commented that this was very true.

斯图尔特评论说这千真万确。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 评论; 意见 A comment is something that you say which expresses your opinion of something or which gives an explanation of it.

He made his comments at a news conference in Amsterdam...

他在阿姆斯特丹的记者招待会上发表了意见。

I was wondering whether you had any comments about that?...

请问您对此有何见解?

There's been no comment so far from police about the allegations...

到目前为止, 警方对这些指控还没有发表任何评论。

Lady Thatcher, who is abroad, was not available for comment.

撒切尔夫人现在在国外, 所以不能发表评论。

3 N-SING 单数名词 (通常是不好的事)的体现, 写照 If an event or situation is a comment on something, it reveals something about that thing, usually something bad.

He argues that family problems are typically a comment on some unresolved issues in the family.

他认为各种家庭问题通常都反映出家庭内部存在一些有待解决的矛盾。

4 CONVENTION 惯用语 无可奉告(通常用于回答记者的提问) People say 'no comment' as a way of refusing to answer a question, usually when it is asked by a journalist.

No comment. I don't know anything.

无可奉告。我什么都不知道。

Usage Note :

If you comment on a situation, or make a comment about it, you give your opinion on it.

Mr Cook has not commented on these reports... I was wondering whether you had any comments.

If you mention something, you say it, but only briefly, especially when you have not talked about it before.

He mentioned that he might go to New York.

If you remark on something, or make a remark about it, you say what you think or what you have noticed, often in a casual way.

Visitors remark on how well the children look... General Sutton's remarks about the conflict.

comment 表示发表评论或意见。例如: Mr Cook has not commented on these reports (库克

先生并未就这些报道发表评论), I was wondering whether you had any comments (请问您对此有何见解), mention 表示简要地说起某事, 尤其是以前没有说过的内容。例如: He mentioned that he might go to New York (他提到过可能会去纽约), remark 通常指随意地说出自己的想法或注意到的事情。例如, Visitors remark on how well the children look (前来探望的人说孩子们看上去很健康), General Sutton's remarks about the conflict (萨顿将军对这场冲突的看法)。

commercial ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 商业的; 贸易的 Commercial means involving or relating to the buying and selling of goods.

Docklands in its heyday was a major centre of industrial and commercial activity...

港区在其最繁荣的时期曾是主要的工商业活动中心。

Attacks were reported on police, vehicles and commercial premises.

据报道, 警察、车辆和商业经营场所均遭到袭击。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (组织、活动) 营利的, 商业化的, 偏重利润的 Commercial organizations and activities are concerned with making money or profits, rather than, for example, with scientific research or providing a public service.

British Rail has indeed become more commercial over the past decade...

过去10年来, 英国铁路确实变得更加商业化了。

Conservationists in Chile are concerned over the effect of commercial exploitation of forests...

对森林的商业开发所带来的影响让智利的自然资源保护者们感到忧心忡忡。

Whether the project will be a commercial success is still uncertain.

这个项目是否赚钱还是个未知数。

commercially

British Aerospace reckon that the plane will be commercially viable if 400 can be sold...

英国航空航天公司估计这个型号的飞机如果能卖出400架, 就可实现盈利。

Insulin is produced commercially from animals...

为获利从动物体内提取胰岛素。

Designers are becoming more commercially minded.

设计者们变得更有商业意识。

3 ADJ 形容词 (产品) 商品化的, 供市场出售的 A commercial product is made to be sold to the public.

They are the leading manufacturer in both defence and commercial products.

在军工产品和民用产品的制造方面, 他们都处于领先地位。

commercially

It was the first commercially available machine to employ artificial intelligence.

这是第一台作为商品出售的采用人工智能技术的机器。

4 ADJ 形容词 (车辆) 商用的 A commercial vehicle is a vehicle used for carrying goods, or passengers who pay.

Commercial vehicles, coaches and lorries are required by law to be fitted with tachographs.

法律规定商用车辆、长途汽车和卡车要安装转速计。

...the fastest crossing of the Atlantic by a commercial passenger vessel.

商用客船最快的一次横渡大西洋

5 ADJ 形容词 (电视、广播) 靠广告收入维持的, 商业性的 Commercial television and radio are paid for by the broadcasting of advertisements, rather than by the government.

...Classic FM, the first national commercial radio station.

国内首家商业广播电台——经典调频

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (电影或音乐) 商业化的, 迎合大众口味的 Commercial is used to describe something such as a film or a type of music that it is intended to be popular with the public, and is not very original or of high quality.

There's a feeling among a lot of people that music has become too commercial.

很多人都觉得音乐变得过于商业化了。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (电视或电台的) 商业广告 A commercial is an advertisement that is broadcast on television or radio.

The government has launched a campaign of television commercials and leaflets.

政府通过电视广告和传单的形式发起了宣传活动。

commission ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 正式委托; 委托(做) If you commission something or commission someone to do something, you formally arrange for someone to do a piece of work for you.

The Ministry of Agriculture commissioned a study into low-input farming...

农业部委托对低投入耕作进行研究。

You can commission them to paint something especially for you.

你可以委托他们专门为你画点什么。

...specially commissioned reports.

特别委托撰写的报告

Commission is also a noun.

Our china can be bought off the shelf or by commission...

我们的瓷器可现货购买, 也可以委托制作。

He approached John Wedley with a commission to write the screenplay of the film.

他找到约翰·韦克斯利, 委托他创作这部电影的剧本。

-commissioned

...Government-commissioned research.

政府委托进行的研究

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 受托之事; (接受报酬的) 任务 A commission is a piece of work that someone is asked to do and is paid for.

Just a few days ago, I finished a commission.

就在几天前, 我完成了一项委托创作任务。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 佣金; 回扣 Commission is a sum of money paid to a salesperson for every sale that he or she makes. If a salesperson is paid on commission, the amount they receive depends on the amount they sell.

The salesmen work on commission only...

销售人员只根据销售量提取佣金。

He also got a commission for bringing in new clients.

他还因为带来了许多新客户拿到一笔佣金。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (银行或公司收取的) 服务费, 手续费 If a bank or other company charges commission, they charge a fee for providing a service, for example for exchanging money or issuing an insurance policy.

Travel agents charge 1 per cent commission on sterling cheques...

旅行社对英镑支票收取1%的服务费。

Sellers pay a fixed commission fee.

卖方支付固定的服务费。

5 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 委员会; 调查团 A commission is a group of people who have been appointed to find out about something or to control something.

The authorities have been asked to set up a commission to investigate the murders.

当局被敦促成立一个委员会负责调查这些谋杀案。

...the Press Complaints Commission.

媒体投诉委员会

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 犯罪 The commission of a crime is the act of committing a crime.

If a person uses a gun in the commission of a crime, then he should be given an additional penalty.

如果使用枪支进行犯罪, 就应该受到额外的惩罚。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (军队的) 任职令 If a member of the armed forces receives a commission, he or she becomes an officer.

He accepted a commission as a naval officer.

他接受任命成为一名海军军官。

8 VERB 动词 委任; 任命...为军官 If a member of the armed forces is commissioned, he or she is made an officer.

He was commissioned as second lieutenant in the Air Force...

他被任命为空军少尉。

Only commissioned officers qualify for the Military Cross.

只有持委任状的军官才有资格获得十字勋章。

9 PHRASE 短语 (船、设备等)坏了的,不能使用的

If something, for example a ship or a piece of equipment, is **out of commission**, it is broken and cannot be used until it is repaired.

The operator expects the ship to be out of **commission** until the end of September.

技工预计这艘船到9月底才能修好。

10 See also: [High Commission](#) ;

commit ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 犯(罪);做(坏事) If someone **commits** a crime or a sin, they do something illegal or bad.

I have never **committed** any crime...

我从来没犯过罪。

This is a man who has **committed** murder.

这是一个杀人犯。

...the temptation to **commit** adultery.

与人通奸的诱惑

2 VERB 动词 自杀 If someone **commits suicide**, they deliberately kill themselves.

There are unconfirmed reports he tried to **commit** suicide.

有未经证实的报道说他曾企图自杀。

3 VERB 动词 拨出,调配(资金、资源等) If you **commit** money or resources to something, you decide to use them for a particular purpose.

They called on Western nations to **commit** more money to the poorest nations...

他们呼吁西方国家向极端贫困国家投入更多的钱。

The government had **committed** billions of pounds for a programme to reduce acid rain...

政府已经给一个旨在减少酸雨的方案拨了几十亿英镑。

He should not **commit** American troops without the full consent of Congress.

没有国会的完全同意,他不应该调遣美国军队。

4 VERB 动词 承诺,保证(做);忠于(某人) If you **commit yourself** to something, you say that you will definitely do it. If you **commit yourself** to someone, you decide that you want to have a long-term relationship with them.

I would advise people to think very carefully about **committing** themselves to working Sundays...

我建议大家慎重考虑一下答应周日工作的问题。

I'd like a friendship that might lead to something deeper, but I wouldn't want to **commit** myself too soon...

我希望拥有一份能进一步发展的友谊,但又不想太快作出承诺。

You don't have to **commit** to anything over the phone.

你不用在电话里承诺什么。

committed

He said the government remained **committed** to peace.

他说政府仍然致力于和平。

...a **committed** socialist.

忠诚的社会主义者

5 VERB 动词 明确表态 If you do not want to **commit yourself** on something, you do not want to say what you really think about it or what you are going to do.

It isn't their diplomatic style to **commit** themselves on such a delicate issue...

对这样一个微妙的问题明确表态并非他们的外交风格。

She didn't want to **commit** herself one way or the other.

不管怎样,她都不想明确表态。

6 VERB 动词 把...正式送进(医院、监狱等) If someone is **committed** to a hospital, prison, or other institution, they are officially sent there for a period of time.

Arthur's drinking caused him to be **committed** to a psychiatric hospital.

阿瑟由于酗酒被送进一家精神病医院。

7 VERB 动词 (英国)把...提交高等刑事法庭 In the British legal system, if someone is **committed for trial**, they are sent by magistrates to stand trial in a crown court.

He is expected to be **committed** for trial at Liverpool Crown Court.

预计他会被移交利物浦高等刑事法庭。

8 VERB 动词 把...写下来;把...记住 If you **commit** something to paper or to writing, you record it by writing it down. If you **commit** something to memory, you learn it so that you will remember it.

She had not **committed** anything to paper about it...

关于这件事她未曾写下只言片语。

I'll repeat that so you can **commit** it to memory.

我会重复一下,好让你们记住。

commitment ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 信奉;忠诚

Commitment is a strong belief in an idea or system.

...**commitment** to the ideals of Bolshevism.

对布尔什维克主义理想的信奉

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 承诺;责任;义务 A **commitment** is something which regularly takes up some of your time because of an agreement you have made or because of responsibilities that you have.

I've got a lot of **commitments**...

我承担了很多责任。

Work **commitments** forced her to uproot herself and her son from Reykjavik.

她的工作迫使她和儿子从雷克雅未克搬走。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 承诺;许诺 If you make a **commitment** to do something, you promise that you will do it.

We made a **commitment** to keep working together...

我们承诺继续合作。

They made a **commitment** to peace.

他们承诺要维护和平。

4 N-VAR 可变名词 收监;送入医院 **Commitment** is the process of officially sending someone to a prison or to hospital.

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 committal

communist ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 共产主义者 A **communist** is someone who believes in communism.

2 ADJ 形容词 共产主义的 **Communist** means relating to communism.

...the **Communist** Party.

共产党

compared ★★★★★

1 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 与...相比;和...比起来

If you say, for example, that one thing is large or small **compared with** another or **compared to** another, you mean that it is larger or smaller than the other thing.

The room was light and lofty **compared with** our Tudor ones...

跟我们都怪风格的房间比起来,这个房间显得素雅而大气。

Columbia was a young city **compared to** venerable Charleston.

与历史悠久的查尔斯顿相比,哥伦比亚是个年轻的城市。

2 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 相对...而言;对照 You talk about one situation or thing **compared with** another or **compared to** another when contrasting the two situations or things.

Women are smoking two extra cigarettes a week, **compared with** four years ago...

与四年前相比,现在女性每周要多抽两支烟。

In 1800 Ireland's population was nine million, **compared to** Britain's 16 million.

1800年,爱尔兰的人口数为900万,而英国则有1,600万。

competition ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 竞争;角逐

Competition is a situation in which two or more people or groups are trying to get something which not everyone can have.

There's been some fierce **competition** for the title...

夺冠之争一直都相当激烈。

It was in these studios that young painters found the support and stimulating **competition** of peers.

就是在这些画室里,年轻的画家们得到了同龄人的支持,也感受到了激励大家向前的竞争。

2 N-SING 单数名词 竞争对手 The **competition** is

the person or people you are competing with.

I have to change my approach, the **competition** is too good now.

我得改变方法，现在的竞争对手太强。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (商业)竞争

Competition is an activity involving two or more firms, in which each firm tries to get people to buy its own goods in preference to the other firms' goods.

The deal would have reduced **competition** in the commuter-aircraft market...

这项协议原本会减少通勤航班市场的竞争。

The farmers have been seeking higher prices as better protection from foreign **competition**...

农场主们一直在寻找更高的价格，以更好地保护自己不受国外竞争对手的影响。

Clothing stores also face heavy **competition**

from factory outlets.

成衣店也面临着来自工厂直销店的激烈竞争。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 竞争产品(或商品)

The **competition** is the goods that a rival organization is selling.

The American aerospace industry has been

challenged by some stiff **competition**.

美国航空和航天工业已经受到某种强劲的竞争产品的挑战。

5 N-VAR 可变名词 比赛；竞赛

A **competition** is an event in which many people take part in order to find out who is best at a particular activity.

...a surfing **competition**...

冲浪比赛

The council has organised a series of events and **competitions** for school children in the area...

委员会为本地区的中小學生组织了一系列的活动和比赛。

He will be banned from international

competition for four years.

他将被禁赛4年，禁赛期间不能参加任何国际比赛。

complain ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 抱怨；发牢骚 If you **complain** about a situation, you say that you are not satisfied with it.

Miners have **complained** bitterly that the

government did not fulfill their promises...

矿工们愤愤不平地抱怨说政府没有履行诺言。

The American couple **complained** about the

high cost of visiting Europe...

这对美国夫妇抱怨到欧洲旅行的花销太高。

For my own part, I have nothing to **complain**

of...

我这方面没有什么好抱怨的。

They are liable to face more mistreatment if they **complain** to the police...

如果他们向警方投诉，可能会受到更多虐待。

People should **complain** when they consider an

advert offensive...

民众如果认为某个广告具有冒犯性就应该投诉。

'I do everything you ask of me,' he **complained**.

“你要我做的事我都做了。”他抱怨道。

2 VERB 动词 诉说有...病痛；主诉

If you **complain** of pain or illness, you say that you are feeling pain or feeling ill.

He **complained** of a headache.

他说头痛。

complex ★★★★★

The adjective is pronounced /kəm'pleks/ in American English. 用作形容词时在美国英语中读作 /kəm'pleks/.

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词修饰的形容词 复杂的；错综的

Something that is **complex** has many different parts, and is therefore often difficult to understand.

...in-depth coverage of today's **complex** issues.

对时下一些复杂问题的深度报道

...a **complex** system of voting.

错综复杂的选举体制

...her **complex** personality.

她复杂的性格

...**complex** machines.

结构复杂的机器

2 ADJ 形容词 (句子)复合的

In grammar, a **complex** sentence contains one or more subordinate clauses as well as a main clause.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 综合建筑群；综合大楼

A **complex** is a group of buildings designed for a particular purpose, or one large building divided into several smaller areas.

...plans for constructing a new stadium and

leisure **complex**.

修建新体育场和休闲中心的计划

...a **complex** of offices and flats.

商住综合楼

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 错综复杂的组合；复合体

A **complex** of things is a group or system of things that are connected with each other in a complicated way.

...the **complex** of clans which occupied the land.

生活在这片土地上的关系复杂的民族部落

...the military-industrial **complex**.

军工综合企业

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [guilt](#)

[complex](#); [inferiority complex](#); (通常指由于过去不愉快的经历而形成的)情结

If someone has a **complex** about something, they have a mental or emotional problem relating to it, often because of an unpleasant experience in the past.

I have never had a **complex** about my height.

我从来没有担心过自己的身高。

...a deranged attacker, driven by a persecution **complex**.

患有受迫害妄想症、精神失常的袭击者

computer ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [personal computer](#);

[计算机](#); [电脑](#) A **computer** is an electronic machine that can store and deal with large amounts of information.

The data are then fed into a **computer**...

数据随后被输入电脑。

The company installed a \$650,000 **computer**

system...

这家公司安装了价值65万美元的电脑系统。

It's done on a **computer**?...

这是在电脑做的？

The car was designed by **computer**.

这款车是由电脑设计的。

conduct ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /kən'dʌkt/. The noun is pronounced /'kɒndʌkt/. 动词读作 /kən'dʌkt/，名词读作 /'kɒndʌkt/.

1 VERB 动词 进行；组织；实施

When you **conduct** an activity or task, you organize it and carry it out.

I decided to **conduct** an experiment...

我决定进行一次实验。

He said they were **conducting** a campaign

against democrats across the country...

他说他们正在全国开展反对民主党人的运动。

The council **conducted** a survey of the uses to

which farm buildings are put.

地方议会对农场建筑的使用情况进行了一次调查。

2 N-SING 单数名词 (任务或活动的)组织方式，实施办法

The **conduct** of a task or activity is the way in which it is organized and carried out.

Also up for discussion will be the **conduct** of

free and fair elections...

同样提出来进行讨论的还有如何进行自由公正的选举。

The Conservative Party did not in the main

disagree with Bevin's **conduct** of foreign policy.

保守党大体上不反对贝文的外交施政方式。

3 VERB 动词 表现；举止

If you **conduct** yourself in a particular way, you behave in that way.

The way he **conducts** himself reflects on the

party and will increase criticisms against him...

他个人的行事方式给该党招来非议，也会招致更多对他个人的批评。

Most people believe they **conduct** their private

and public lives in accordance with Christian

morality.

大多数人认为他们是依照基督教的道德体系来处理自己的私生活和公共事务的。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 行为；举止

Someone's **conduct** is the way they behave in particular situations.

For Europeans, the law is a statement of basic

principles of civilised **conduct**...

对于欧洲人来说，法律是对基本文明行为准则的表述。

He has trouble understanding that other people judge him by his **conduct**.

别人通过他的行为举止对他进行评判，这一点他很难理解。

5 VERB 动词 **指挥(管弦乐队或合唱团)** When someone **conducts** an orchestra or choir, they stand in front of it and direct its performance.

Dennis had recently begun a successful career **conducting** opera in Europe...

丹尼斯最近开始在欧洲担任歌剧指挥，事业发展得很成功。

Solti will continue to **conduct** here and abroad...

索尔蒂将继续在国内外担任指挥。

At the Curtis Institute he studied **conducting** with Fritz Reiner.

在柯蒂斯学院，他师从弗里茨·赖纳学习指挥。

6 VERB 动词 **传导(热或电)** If something **conducts** heat or electricity, it allows heat or electricity to pass through it or along it.

Water **conducts** heat faster than air.

水的导热速度比空气快。

7 VERB 动词 **陪伴；引导；带领** If you **conduct** someone to a place, you go there with them.

He asked if he might **conduct** us to the ball which was to bring the proceedings to an end.

他问是否可以带我们去舞会现场，整个仪式将在那儿结束。

8 See also: [safe-conduct](#) ;

confidence ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **信任；信赖** If you have **confidence in** someone, you feel that you can trust them.

I have every **confidence** in you...

我完全相信你。

This has contributed to the lack of **confidence** in the police...

这导致了大家对警方缺乏信任。

His record on ceasefires inspires no **confidence**.

他以往在停火方面的表现让人对他毫无信心。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **自信；信心** If you have **confidence**, you feel sure about your abilities, qualities, or ideas.

The band is on excellent form and brimming with **confidence**...

这支乐队状态极佳，自信满满。

I always thought the worst of myself and had no **confidence** whatsoever.

我老是妄自菲薄，没有一点儿信心。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **肯定；把握** If you can say something **with confidence**, you feel certain it is correct.

I can say **with confidence** that such rumors were totally groundless.

我可以肯定地说这样的谣言完全没有根据。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **私下；秘密** If you tell someone something **in confidence**, you tell them a secret.

We told you all these things **in confidence**...

我们告诉你的这些事都需要保密。

Even telling Lois seemed a betrayal of **confidence**.

即使是告诉洛伊丝都好像是在泄密。

If you **take** someone **into** your **confidence**, you tell them a secret. [向...吐露秘密](#)

If your daughter **takes** you **into** her **confidence**, don't rush off to tell your husband.

如果女儿告诉你她的秘密，不要急着说给丈夫听。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **秘密；知心话** A **confidence** is a secret that you tell someone.

Gregory shared **confidences** with Carmen.

格雷戈里和卡门说了知心话。

6 See also: [wink of an eye](#) ;

confirm ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **证实，证明(情况属实)** If something **confirms** what you believe, suspect, or fear, it shows that it is definitely true.

X-rays have **confirmed** that he has not broken any bones...

X光片证实他没有骨折。

These new statistics **confirm** our worst fears about the depth of the recession...

这些新的统计数据证实经济衰退已经严重到我们最为担忧的境地。

This **confirms** what I suspected all along.

这证实了我一直以来的怀疑。

confirmation

They took her resignation from Bendix as **confirmation** of their suspicions.

他们认为她从本迪克斯公司辞职证实了他们的怀疑。

2 VERB 动词 **(某人)证实，肯定，确认** If you **confirm** something that has been stated or suggested, you say that it is true because you know about it.

The spokesman **confirmed** that the area was now in rebel hands...

这位发言人证实该地区现已落入叛乱分子手中。

He **confirmed** what had long been feared...

他证实了人们长期以来的担心。

Can you **confirm** this?

这个你能确定吗？

confirmation

She glanced over at James for **confirmation**.

她扫了詹姆斯一眼，想得到他的确认。

3 VERB 动词 **(通常指通过信件或电话)确定，确认(安排或预约)** If you **confirm** an arrangement or appointment, you say that it is definite, usually in a letter or on the telephone.

You make the reservation, and I'll **confirm** it in writing.

你来预订，我会去函确认。

confirmation

Travel arrangements are subject to **confirmation** by State Tourist Organisations.

旅行安排有待州旅游组织的确认。

4 VERB 动词 **为...施坚振礼(或坚信礼)(从而正式成为基督教会的成员)** If someone **is confirmed**, they are formally accepted as a member of a Christian church during a ceremony in which they say they believe what the church teaches.

He was **confirmed** as a member of the Church of England.

他领受了坚振礼，成为英国国教会的一员。

confirmation

...when I was being prepared for Confirmation...

在我为领受坚振礼做准备的时候

Flu prevented her from attending her daughter's **confirmation**.

流感使她没能参加女儿的坚振礼。

5 VERB 动词 **使坚定，使确信(自己的决定、信仰或观点)** If something **confirms** you **in** your decision, belief, or opinion, it makes you think that you are definitely right.

It has **confirmed** me in my decision not to become a nun.

这使我更加坚定了不做修女的决心。

6 VERB 动词 **加强，巩固(地位、角色或权力)** If someone **confirms** their position, role, or power, they do something to make their power, position, or role stronger or more definite.

Williams has **confirmed** his position as the world's number one snooker player.

威廉姆斯巩固了自己世界头号斯诺克选手的地位。

7 VERB 动词 **巩固，确保(某人的名声、角色或地位)** If something **confirms** you **as** something, it shows that you definitely deserve a name, role, or position.

His new role could **confirm** him as one of our leading actors.

他的新角色会确保他跻身我们的一流演员之列。

conflict ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /ˈkɒnflɪkt/. The verb is pronounced /kənˈflɪkt/. 名词读作 /ˈkɒnflɪkt/，动词读作 /kənˈflɪkt/。

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **争执；争论；分歧** **Conflict** is serious disagreement and argument about something important. If two people or groups are **in conflict**, they have had a serious disagreement or argument and have not yet reached agreement.

Try to keep any **conflict** between you and your ex-partner to a minimum...

尽量将自己与前配偶之间的摩擦减到最小。

Employees already are **in conflict** with management over job cuts...

雇员已经就裁员一事与管理层发生了争执。

The two companies came **into conflict**.

这两家公司起了冲突。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **矛盾心理；内心冲突**

Conflict is a state of mind in which you find it impossible to make a decision.

...the anguish of his own inner **conflict**.

内心矛盾给他带来的极大痛苦

3 N-VAR 可变名词 (军事)冲突; 战斗 **Conflict** is fighting between countries or groups of people.

...talks aimed at ending four decades of **conflict**...

旨在结束持续了40年的冲突的会谈

The National Security Council has met to discuss ways of preventing a military **conflict**.

国家安全委员会开会讨论防止发生军事冲突的办法。

4 N-VAR 可变名词 (信仰、观念或利益之间的)严重分歧, 冲突 A **conflict** is a serious difference between two or more beliefs, ideas, or interests. If two beliefs, ideas, or interests are **in conflict**, they are very different.

There is a **conflict** between what they are doing and what you want...

他们所做的与你想要的之间存在冲突。

Do you feel any **conflict** of loyalties?...

有没有觉得两面效忠存在冲突?

The two objectives are **in conflict**.

两个目标发生了冲突。

5 V-RECIP 相互动词 (想法、信仰或陈述)冲突, 抵触, 相互矛盾 If ideas, beliefs, or accounts **conflict**, they are very different from each other and it seems impossible for them to exist together or to each be true.

Personal ethics and professional ethics sometimes **conflict**...

个人道德和职业道德有时会相互抵触。

He held firm opinions which usually **conflicted** with my own...

他所持的观点通常与我的相左, 而且很难改变。

There are **conflicting** reports about the identity of the hostage.

有关人质身份的报道相互矛盾。

...three powers with **conflicting** interests.

存在利益冲突的三个大国

conservative ★★★★★

The spelling **Conservative** is also used for meaning 1. 义项1亦可拼作 **Conservative**.

1 ADJ 形容词 (英国)保守党的, 支持保守党的 A **Conservative** politician or voter is a member of or votes for the Conservative Party in Britain.

Most **Conservative** MPs appear happy with the government's reassurances.

大多数保守党下议院议员似乎都对政府的再三保证感到满意。

...disenchanted **Conservative** voters.

不再抱任何幻想的保守党选民

Conservative is also a noun.

In 1951 the **Conservatives** were returned to power.

1951年保守党重新执政。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 持右翼观点的 Someone who is **conservative** has right-wing views.

...counties whose citizens invariably support the most **conservative** candidate in any election.

其民众在任何选举中均铁定支持观点最右倾的候选人的几个郡

Conservative is also a noun.

The new judge is 50-year-old David Suitor who's regarded as a **conservative**.

新法官是50岁的戴维·休特, 他被视为右翼人士。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 保守的; 因循守旧的 Someone who is **conservative** or has **conservative** ideas is unwilling to accept changes and new ideas.

People tend to be more aggressive when they're young and more **conservative** as they get older...

人们年轻的时候往往较为激进, 而随着年龄的增长会变得保守起来。

It is essentially a narrow and **conservative** approach to child care.

这实质上是一种狭隘的、因循守旧的照顾孩子的方法。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (衣着)传统的, 保守的 If someone dresses in a **conservative** way, their clothes are conventional in style.

The girl was well dressed, as usual, though in a more **conservative** style.

这个女孩穿得一如往日那样讲究, 只是风格比平日更为传统。

conservatively

She was always very **conservatively** dressed when we went out.

我们拍拖的时候, 她总是穿得非常传统。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (估计或猜测)保守的, 稳妥的 A **conservative** estimate or guess is one in which you are cautious and estimate or guess a low amount which is probably less than the real amount.

A **conservative** estimate of the bill, so far, is about £22,000...

到目前为止, 这笔账单保守估计为大约2.2万英镑。

This guess is probably on the **conservative** side.

这个猜测可能偏于保守。

conservatively

The bequest is **conservatively** estimated at £30 million.

保守估计, 这笔遗产有3,000万英镑。

considerable

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 相当多的; 相当大的 **Considerable** means great in amount or degree.

To be without Pearce would be a **considerable** blow...

失去皮尔斯将是一个巨大的打击。

Doing it properly makes **considerable** demands on our time...

把这事做好要耗费我们相当多的时间。

Vets' fees can be **considerable**, even for routine visits.

即使是常规检查, 兽医的收费也会相当高。

considerably

Children vary **considerably** in the rate at which they learn these lessons...

孩子们学习这些课文的速度大不相同。

Their dinner parties had become **considerably** less formal.

他们的晚餐会已经远不如以前正式。

constant

1 ADJ 形容词 持续不断的; 重复的; 一直存在的 You use **constant** to describe something that happens all the time or is always there.

She suggests that women are under **constant** pressure to be abnormally thin...

她暗示说女性总是处在保持身材异常瘦削的压力之下。

Inflation is a **constant** threat...

通货膨胀始终是个威胁。

He has been her **constant** companion for the last four months.

4个月来, 他一直陪伴在她身边。

constantly

The direction of the wind is **constantly** changing...

风向不断变化。

We are **constantly** being reminded to cut down our fat intake.

不断有人提醒我们要减少脂肪的摄入量。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 恒定的; 不变的 If an amount or level is **constant**, it stays the same over a particular period of time.

The average speed of the winds remained **constant**.

平均风速保持稳定。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 恒定物; 常数; 常量; 常项 A **constant** is a thing or value that always stays the same.

In the world of fashion it sometimes seems that the only **constant** is ceaseless change...

在时装界, 有时似乎唯一永恒不变的东西就是不断的变化。

Two significant **constants** have been found in a number of research studies.

若干研究已经发现了两个重要常量。

Usage Note :

You can use **constant**, **continual**, and **continuous** to describe things that happen or exist without stopping. You describe something as **constant** when it happens all the time or never goes away.

He was in constant pain. ...Eva's constant criticism. **Continual** is usually used to describe something that happens often over a period of

time, especially something undesirable. ...his continual drinking. ...continual demands to cut costs. If something is **continuous**, it happens all the time without stopping, or seems to do so. ...days of continuous rain. ...a continuous background noise.

constant, continual 和 continuous 均可用来描述不断发生或一直存在的事物。constant 表示一直在发生或从未消失：He was in constant pain (他的疼痛一直没有消停)，Eva's constant criticism (伊娃没完没了的批评)。continual 通常用来形容一段时期内经常发生的事，尤其是令人讨厌的事：his continual drinking (他经常饮酒)，continual demands to cut costs (不断要求削减成本)。continuous 表示一直没有间断，或者貌似如此：days of continuous rain (淫雨霏霏的日子)，a continuous background noise (持续不断的背景噪音)。

consumer ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 消费者；顾客；客户 A consumer is a person who buys things or uses services.

...claims that tobacco companies failed to warn consumers about the dangers of smoking.

声称烟草公司未能警示消费者吸烟的危害

...improving public services and consumer rights.

改善公共事业，增进消费者权益

contact ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (尤指经常性的)联系，联络 Contact involves meeting or communicating with someone, especially regularly.

Opposition leaders are denying any contact with the government in Kabul...

反对派领袖否认与喀布尔政府有任何联系。

He forbade contacts between directors and executives outside his presence.

他禁止董事与管理层绕开他私下进行任何联系。

2 PHRASE 短语 保持联系；有联系 If you are in contact with someone, you regularly meet them or communicate with them.

He was in direct contact with the kidnappers...

他与绑架者有直接联系。

We do keep in contact.

我们确实保持着联系。

3 VERB 动词 联系；联络 If you contact someone, you telephone them, write to them, or go to see them in order to tell or ask them something.

Contact the Tourist Information Bureau for further details...

详情请洽旅游信息处。

When she first contacted me Frances was upset.

弗朗西丝第一次与我联系时很心烦意乱。

4 ADJ 形容词 (信息、电话号码等)供联系的，供联络的 Your contact details or number are information such as a telephone number where you can be contacted.

You must leave your full name and contact details when you phone.

打电话时须留下全名与联络信息。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 接触；遇见 If you come into contact with someone or something, you meet that person or thing in the course of your work or other activities.

Doctors I came into contact with voiced their concern...

我接触到的医生都表示了他们的担心。

The college has brought me into contact with western ideas.

上大学使我接触了西方的思想。

6 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 与...联络；和...取得联系 If you make contact with someone, you find out where they are and talk or write to them.

Then, after she had become famous, he tried to make contact with her.

后来，她出名之后，他曾试图与她联系。

7 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 与...失去联系；与...断了联系 If you lose contact with someone who you have been friendly with, you no longer see them, speak to them, or write to them.

Though they all live nearby, I lost contact with them really quickly...

虽然他们都住在附近，但我很快与他们失去了联系。

Mother and son lost contact when Nicholas was in his early twenties.

尼古拉斯20岁出头的时候母子就失去了联系。

8 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 触碰；接触 When people or things are in contact, they are touching each other.

They compared how these organisms behaved when left in contact with different materials...

他们比较了与不同材料接触时这些生物体的反应。

The cry occurs when air is brought into contact with the baby's larynx...

婴儿的喉咙接触到空气时，就会哭出来。

There was no physical contact, nor did I want any...

没有身体接触，我也不想有任何接触。

This shows where the foot and shoe are in contact.

这显示了脚和鞋接触的地方。

9 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (无线电)联络，通信 Radio contact is communication by means of radio.

He failed to make radio contact.

他未能进行无线电联络。

...a technical problem reported by the pilot moments before he lost contact with the control tower.

飞行员与控制塔失去联络前不久报告的技术故障

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 熟人；有用的社会关系 A contact is someone you know in an organization or profession who helps you or gives you information.

Their contact in the United States Embassy was called Phil.

他们在美国大使馆的熟人叫菲尔。

11 to make eye contact → see: eye ;

contain ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 装有；容纳 If something such as a box, bag, room, or place contains things, those things are inside it.

The bag contained a Christmas card...

这个包里装着一张圣诞卡。

Factory shops contain a wide range of cheap furnishings...

工厂车间里陈设着种类繁多的廉价家具。

The 77,000-acre estate contains five of the highest peaks in Scotland.

7.7万英亩的私人土地上有5座苏格兰最高的山峰。

2 VERB 动词 包含；含有 If a substance contains something, that thing is a part of it.

Greek yogurt contains much less fat than double cream...

希腊酸奶比高脂浓奶油所含脂肪要少得多。

Many cars run on petrol which contains lead.

很多车使用含铅汽油。

3 VERB 动词 (著作、讲话或电影中)包括，包含 If writing, speech, or film contains particular information, ideas, or images, it includes them.

This sheet contained a list of problems a patient might like to raise with the doctor...

这张单子列出了病人可能会向医生提出的一系列问题。

The two discs also contain two of Britten's lesser-known song-cycles.

这两张唱片还包含了布里顿两首不甚知名的声乐套曲。

4 VERB 动词 (团体或组织中)有，包括 If a group or organization contains a certain number of people, those are the people that are in it.

The committee contains 11 Democrats and nine Republicans.

这个委员会包括11名民主党人和9名共和党人。

5 VERB 动词 控制；遏制；防止...蔓延 If you contain something, you control it and prevent it from spreading or increasing.

More than a hundred firemen are still trying to contain the fire at the plant...

上百名消防队员仍在试图控制工厂的火势。

The city authorities said the curfew had contained the violence.

市政府称宵禁遏制住了暴力事件。

6 VERB 动词 控制，抑制(感情) If you cannot contain a feeling such as excitement or anger, or if you cannot contain yourself, you cannot prevent yourself from showing your feelings.

But he was bursting with curiosity, and one day he just couldn't **contain** himself. 'What are you going to do?' he asked...

但他满心好奇，一天，他真的忍不住了。“你打算做什么？”他问道。

Evans could barely **contain** his delight: 'I'm so proud of her,' he said.

埃文斯喜不自禁：“我真为她骄傲。”他说。

7 See also: [self-contained](#) ;

contract ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /'kɒntrækt/. The verb is pronounced /kən'trækt/. 名词读作 /'kɒntrækt/，动词读作 /kən'trækt/。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **合同；契约** A **contract** is a legal agreement, usually between two companies or between an employer and employee, which involves doing work for a stated sum of money.

The company won a prestigious **contract** for work on Europe's tallest building...

这家公司赢得了一份极为重要的合同，参与建设欧洲最高的大厦。

He was given a seven-year **contract** with an annual salary of \$150,000.

他签下了一份为期7年的合同，年薪为15万美元。

2 VERB 动词 **签合同，订立契约(做某事)** If you **contract with** someone to do something, you legally agree to do it for them or for them to do it for you.

You can **contract with** us to deliver your cargo...

你可以跟我们签订送货合同。

The Boston Museum of Fine Arts has already **contracted** to lease part of its collection to a museum in Japan.

波士顿美术博物馆已经签订合同，将其部分藏品租借给日本一家博物馆。

3 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)收缩；(使)缩小；(使)缩短** When something **contracts** or when something **contracts** it, it becomes smaller or shorter.

Blood is only expelled from the heart when it **contracts**...

血液在心脏收缩的时候从心脏流出。

New research shows that an excess of meat and salt can **contract** muscles.

新的研究表明，过量食用肉类和盐可能会导致肌肉收缩。

contraction

...the **contraction** and expansion of blood vessels...

血管的收缩和扩张

Foods and fluids are mixed in the stomach by its muscular **contractions**.

通过胃部肌肉的收缩食物和流质在胃中混合。

4 VERB 动词 **(经济、市场等)萎缩，缩小** When something such as an economy or market **contracts**, it becomes smaller.

The manufacturing economy **contracted** in October for the sixth consecutive month.

10月，制造业经济已经连续第6个月出现萎缩状况。

5 VERB 动词 **感染，患病** If you **contract** a serious illness, you become ill with it.

He **contracted** AIDS from a blood transfusion...

他因为输血而感染了艾滋病。

Ovarian cancer is the sixth most common cancer **contracted** by women.

卵巢癌是女性常患的第六大癌症。

6 VERB 动词 **订立(婚约)；签订(盟约等)** If you **contract** a marriage, alliance, or other relationship with someone, you arrange to have that relationship with them.

She **contracted** a formal marriage to a British ex-serviceman.

她和一个英国退役军人正式订婚了。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **买凶杀人的协议** If there is a **contract on** a person or on their life, someone has made an arrangement to have them killed.

The convictions resulted in the local crime bosses putting a **contract** on him...

这些判罪导致当地犯罪团伙的老大们要雇凶杀他。

The police advised her to get out of town because there was a **contract** on her life.

警察建议她离开这个城市，因为有人雇杀手杀她。

8 PHRASE 短语 **签订工作合同的** If you are **under contract** to someone, you have signed a contract agreeing to work for them, and for no-one else, during a fixed period of time.

The director wanted Olivia de Havilland, then **under contract** to Warner Brothers.

导演想要当时签约于华纳兄弟娱乐公司旗下的奥利维娅·德哈维兰出演。

相关词组：

[contract out](#)

cook ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **烹饪；烹调；煮；烧** When you **cook** a meal, you prepare food for eating by heating it.

I have to go and **cook** the dinner...

我得去做饭了。

Chefs at the St James Court restaurant have **cooked** for the Queen...

圣詹姆斯皇家饭店的厨师们曾经为女王烹制菜肴。

We'll **cook** them a nice Italian meal.

我们会给他们做一顿美味的意大利餐。

cooking

Her hobbies include music, dancing, sport and **cooking**.

她的爱好包括音乐、舞蹈、体育和烹饪。

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **烧(熟)；煮(熟)** When you **cook** food, or when food **cooks**, it is heated until it is ready to be eaten.

...some basic instructions on how to **cook** a turkey...

烹饪火鸡的一些基本的做法指导

Let the vegetables **cook** gently for about 10 minutes...

用小火将蔬菜煮大约10分钟。

Drain the pasta as soon as it is **cooked**.

意大利面煮熟以后立即将水沥干。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **厨师；炊事员** A **cook** is a person whose job is to prepare and cook food, especially in someone's home or in an institution.

They had a butler, a **cook**, and a maid.

他们有一个男管家、一个厨师和一个女佣。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **做饭的人；烹饪者** If you say that someone is a good **cook**, you mean they are good at preparing and cooking food.

5 PHRASE 短语 **篡改数据；做假账** If you say that someone **has cooked the books**, you mean that they have changed figures or a written record in order to deceive people.

6 See also: [cooking](#) ;

Usage Note :

You often use a more specific verb instead of **cook** when you are talking about preparing food using heat. For example, you **roast** meat in an oven, but you **bake** bread and cakes. You can **boil** vegetables in hot water, or you can **steam** them over a pan of boiling water. You can **fry** meat and vegetables in oil or fat. You can also **grill** or, in American English, **broil** them directly under or over a flame. You do not normally talk about **grilling** bread. Instead, you **toast** it.

谈论烹调时，通常使用具体的动词代替 cook，如 roast meat in an oven (在烤箱中烤肉)，bake bread and cakes (烤面包和蛋糕)，boil vegetables in hot water (用水煮蔬菜) 或者 steam them over a pan of boiling water (放在装有沸水的平底锅里蒸)，fry meat and vegetables in oil or fat (用油炒肉和蔬菜)，也可以 grill them directly under or over a flame (直接在火上面烧烤)，美国英语中使用 broil。烤面包通常不用 grill，而用 toast。

相关词组：

[cook up](#)

cool ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **凉的；凉爽的；温度不高的** Something that is **cool** has a temperature which is low but not very low.

I felt a current of **cool** air...

我感觉到一阵凉风。

The water was slightly **cooler** than a child's bath...

这水比小孩的洗澡水稍微凉一些。

The vaccines were kept **cool** in refrigerators.

疫苗放在冰箱中冷藏。

coolness

→see usage note at: [cool](#)

His knees felt the **coolness** of the tiled floor.

他的膝盖感觉到地板砖有些凉。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **凉快的；凉爽的** If it is **cool**, or if a place is **cool**, the temperature of the air is low but not very low.

Thank goodness it's **cool** in here...

谢天谢地，这里面挺凉快。

Store grains and cereals in a **cool**, dry place.

将粮食和谷物储存在阴凉干燥的地方。

...a **cool** November evening

11月一个凉爽的夜晚

Cool is also a noun.

She walked into the **cool** of the hallway.

她走到凉快的走廊上。

coolness

Soon we left the **coolness** of the olive groves.

很快我们就离开了凉爽的橄榄树林。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(衣服等)让人感觉凉爽的** Clothing that is **cool** is made of thin material so that you do not become too hot in hot weather.

In warm weather, you should wear clothing that is **cool** and comfortable.

在热天里，应该穿凉快舒适的衣服。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(颜色)冷的；冷色调的** **Cool** colours are light colours which give an impression of coolness.

Choose a **cool** colour such as cream...

选择冷色系，比如乳白色。

The drawing-room was a **cool** silver green.

客厅是冷色调的银绿色。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)变凉；(使)冷却；(使)降温** When something **cools** or when you **cool** it, it becomes lower in temperature.

Drain the meat and allow it to **cool**...

把肉沥干水，让它冷却。

Huge fans will have to **cool** the concrete floor to keep it below 150 degrees.

必须用巨大的风扇来冷却混凝土地面，将其温度控制在150度以下。

...a **cooling** breeze.

凉爽的微风

To **cool down** means the same as to **cool**. **cool down** 同 **cool**

Avoid putting your car away until the engine has **cooled down**...

在发动机冷却之前不要把车开进车库里。

The other main way the body **cools** itself down is by panting.

喘气是身体自身降温的另一个主要方式。

cooling

Being immobile in a cold room leads to a **cooling** of the body temperature.

呆在一个冰冷的房间里不活动会使体温降低。

6 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(感觉、感情等)变淡，减弱，减少** When a feeling or emotion **cools**, or when you **cool** it, it becomes less powerful.

Within a few minutes tempers had **cooled**...

几分钟之内，火气就变小了。

His weird behaviour had **cooled** her passion.

他奇怪的举动使得她的激情冷却。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(人、行为等)冷静的，沉着的，泰然自若的** If you say that a person or their behaviour is **cool**, you mean that they are calm and unemotional, especially in a difficult situation.

He was marvelously **cool** again, smiling as if nothing had happened...

他又变得出奇地冷静，微笑着，好像什么也没有发生过。

At that, Reno lost her **cool** composure.

听了那句话，雷诺失去了冷静。

coolly

Everyone must think this situation through calmly and **coolly**.

每个人都必须冷静沉着地仔细考虑这一情况。

...**coolly** 'objective' professionals.

冷静“客观”的专业人士

coolness

Detectives praised him for his **coolness**.

侦探们称赞他沉着冷静。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(人、行为等)冷漠的，冷淡的，不友善的** If you say that a person or their behaviour is **cool**, you mean that they are unfriendly or not enthusiastic.

I didn't like him at all. I thought he was **cool**, aloof, and arrogant...

我一点也不喜欢他，觉得他冷漠、孤僻而且傲慢。

The idea met with a **cool** response...

人们对这个想法反应冷淡。

He was given a **cool** reception.

他受到了慢待。

coolly

It's your choice, Nina,' David said **coolly**.

“这是你的选择，尼娜，”戴维冷淡地说。

coolness

She seemed quite unaware of the sudden **coolness** of her friend's manner.

她似乎完全没有意识到朋友的态度突然变得冷淡起来。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(人、行为等)酷的，时尚的，吸引人的** If you say that a person or their behaviour is **cool**, you mean that they are fashionable and attractive.

He was trying to be really **cool** and trendy.

他竭力想扮酷，赶时髦。

...some 15-year-old kid who thinks it's **cool** to do heroin.

认为吸食海洛因很酷的一个15岁的孩子

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **坦然接受的；心平气和的** If you say that someone is **cool about** something, you mean that they accept it and are not angry or upset about it.

Bev was really **cool** about it all.

贝美对这一切都表现得相当平静。

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **非常好的；特别棒的；绝妙的** If you say that something is **cool**, you think it is very good.

Kathleen gave me a really **cool** dress.

凯瑟琳给了我一件非常漂亮的衣服。

12 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(尤指轻易得到的数额)巨大的，整整** You can use **cool** to emphasize that an amount or figure is very large, especially when it has been obtained easily.

Columbia recently resigned the band for a **cool** \$30 million.

哥伦比亚唱片公司最近以3,000万美元的高价再次签下这个乐队。

13 PHRASE 短语 **冷静下来；别激动** If you tell someone to **cool it**, you want them to stop being angry and aggressive and to behave more calmly.

Can't you guys just **cool it**?

你们能不能冷静一下？

14 PHRASE 短语 **保持冷静/失去冷静** If you **keep your cool** in a difficult situation, you manage to remain calm. If you **lose your cool**, you get angry or upset.

She kept her **cool** and managed to get herself out of the ordeal...

她保持着冷静与克制，努力使自己走出了这次痛苦的经历。

The big Irishman was on the verge of losing his **cool**.

那个高大的爱尔兰人快要失去冷静了。

15 PHRASE 短语 **假装冷静；故作镇定** If you **play it cool**, you deliberately behave in a calm, unemotional way because you do not want people to know you are enthusiastic or angry about something.

It's ridiculous to play it **cool** if someone you're mad about is mad about you too.

如果让你生气的人也在生你的气，而你还要假装冷静，那就太可笑了。

16 as cool as a cucumber →see: [cucumber](#) ;

to cool your heels →see: [heel](#) ;

相关词组：

[cool down](#) [cool off](#)

copy ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **复制品；复印件** If you make a **copy** of something, you produce something that looks like the original thing.

The reporter apparently obtained a **copy** of

Steve's resignation letter...

那记者显然弄到了史蒂夫辞职信的复印件。

Always keep a **copy** of everything in your own files.

要时刻牢记把所有文件都备份。

3 VERB 动词 **复制**；**复印**；**仿造** If you **copy** something, you produce something that looks like the original thing.

She never participated in obtaining or **copying** any classified documents for anyone.

她从未参与过为任何人获取或复制机密文件之事。

...lawsuits against companies who have unlawfully copied computer programs.

对非法复制计算机程序的公司提起的诉讼

...top designers, whose work has been widely copied...

其作品被很多人仿制的顶级设计师

He copied the chart from a book.

他从一本书上复印了那个图表。

3 VERB 动词 **抄写**；**誊写** If you **copy** a piece of writing, you write it again exactly.

He would allow John slyly to **copy** his answers to impossibly difficult algebra questions...

他会让约翰偷偷抄下自己对一些极难的代数题的解答。

He copied the data into a notebook...

他将数据抄在一个笔记本上。

We're **copying** from textbooks because we don't have enough to go round.

我们在抄课本，因为课本不够。

Copy out means the same as **copy**. **copy out** **同** **copy**

He wrote the title on the blackboard, then copied out the text sentence by sentence...

他将题目写在黑板上，然后逐句抄下课文。

'Did he leave a phone number?' — 'Oh, yes.' She copied it out for him.

“他留电话号码了吗？”——“嗯，留了。”她将号码给他抄了下来。

4 VERB 动词 **模仿**；**效法**；**仿效** If you **copy** a person or what they do, you try to do what they do or try to be like them, usually because you admire them or what they have done.

Children can be seen to **copy** the behaviour of others whom they admire or identify with...

人们发现儿童会模仿他们所崇拜或有共鸣感的人。

He can claim to have been defeated by opponents **copying** his own tactics.

他可以说是被仿效自己策略的对手们给打败了。

...the coquettish gestures she had copied from actresses in soap operas.

她从肥皂剧中的那些女演员那里学来的一些搔首弄姿的动作

copying

Children learn by **copying**.

儿童通过模仿来学习。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (书、报纸或CD的)一本，一册，一份 A **copy** of a book, newspaper, or CD is one of many that are exactly the same.

I bought a **copy** of 'USA Today' from a street-corner machine...

我从街角的自动售卖机买了一份《今日美国》。

You can obtain a **copy** for \$2 from New York Central Art Supply.

花两美元就能从纽约艺术用品中心买到一册。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (准备刊印或广播的)原稿，稿件 In journalism, **copy** is written material that is ready to be printed or read in a broadcast.

...his ability to write the most lyrical **copy** in the history of sports television.

他能够撰写体育节目史上最富热情和激情的稿件

...advertising **copy**.

广告文案

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 有报道价值的消息；新闻素材 In journalism, **copy** is news or information that can be used in an article in a newspaper.

...journalists looking for good **copy**.

搜罗好题材的记者

8 See also: [back copy](#); [carbon copy](#); [hard copy](#);

相关词组：

[copy down](#) [copy out](#)

corner ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **角** A **corner** is a point or an area where two or more edges, sides, or surfaces of something join.

He saw the **corner** of a magazine sticking out from under the blanket...

他看见杂志的一角从毯子下露了出来。

Write 'By Airmail' in the top left hand **corner**.

在左上角写上“航空邮递”。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **角**；**墙角**；**壁角** The **corner** of a room, box, or similar space is the area inside it where its edges or walls meet.

...a card table in the **corner** of the living room...

起居室角落里的牌桌

The ball hurtled into the far **corner** of the net...

球飞进了球网的远角。

Finally I spotted it, in a dark **corner** over by the piano.

最后我在钢琴旁的阴暗角落里发现了它。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (嘴)角；(眼)角 The **corner** of your mouth or eye is the side of it.

She flicked a crumb off the **corner** of her mouth...

她擦掉嘴角的面包屑。

Out of the **corner** of her eye she saw that a car had stopped.

她用眼角的余光瞥见一辆车停了下来。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **街角**；**拐角** The **corner** of a street is the place where one of its sides ends as it joins another street.

She would spend the day hanging round street **corners**...

她会整天在街角附近游荡。

We can't have police officers on every **corner**...

不可能每个街角都派驻警察。

He waited until the man had turned a **corner**.

他一直等到那个男人拐过街角。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (道路的)转弯处 A **corner** is a bend in a road.

...a sharp **corner**...

急转弯

The road is a succession of hairpin bends, hills, and blind **corners**.

这条路上急转弯、坡道和死拐角一个接一个。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (遥远或难以到达的)角落，偏远处 If you talk about the **corners** of the world, a country, or some other place, you are referring to places that are far away or difficult to get to.

Buyers came from all **corners** of the world...

买主来自世界各地。

The group has been living in a remote **corner** of the Cambodian jungle.

该部落一直居住在柬埔寨的丛林深处。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (足球、曲棍球等的)角球 In football, hockey, and some other sports, a **corner** is a free shot or kick taken from the corner of the pitch.

8 VERB 动词 **将...逼入死角**；**使走投无路** If you **corner** a person or animal, you force them into a place they cannot escape from.

A police motorcycle chased his car twelve miles, and **cornered** him near Rome...

一辆摩托警车跟在他的车后追了12英里，最后在快到罗马时将他截住。

He was still sitting huddled like a **cornered** animal.

他还像一头困兽一样蜷缩着坐在那儿。

9 VERB 动词 **截住...与其说话** If you **corner** someone, you force them to speak to you when they have been trying to avoid you.

Golan managed to **corner** the young producer-director for an interview.

戈兰设法截住了那位兼任制片人的年轻导演，对其进行了采访。

10 VERB 动词 **垄断** If a company or place **corners** an area of trade, they gain control over it so that no one else can have any success in that area.

This restaurant has **cornered** the Madrid market for specialist paellas...

这家餐馆垄断了马德里的特色肉菜饭市场。

Zurich's affluence came initially from **cornering** a sizeable chunk of the 14th Century silk trade.

苏黎世的富足最初来自于14世纪对丝绸贸易的高度垄断。

11 VERB 动词 **转弯**；**拐弯** If a car, or the person

iving it, **corners** in a particular way, the car goes round bends in roads in this way.

Peter drove jerkily, **cornering** too fast and fumbling the gears.

彼得转弯太急，换挡不利索，车开得一颠一颠的。

12 PHRASE 短语 **即将发生** If you say that something is **around the corner**, you mean that it will happen very soon. In British English, you can also say that something is **round the corner**.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer says that economic recovery is just **around the corner**.

财政大臣说经济即将复苏。

13 PHRASE 短语 **在附近；在远处** If you say that something is **around the corner**, you mean that it is very near. In British English, you can also say that something is **round the corner**.

My new place is just **around the corner**.

我的新家就在附近。

14 PHRASE 短语 **图省事；走捷径** If you **cut corners**, you do something quickly by doing it in a less thorough way than you should.

Take your time, don't **cut corners** and follow instructions to the letter.

慢慢来，不要图省事，要严格按照说明去做。

15 PHRASE 短语 **天涯海角；世界各个角落** You can use expressions such as **the four corners of the world** to refer to places that are a long way from each other.

They've combed the **four corners** of the world for the best accessories...

为了找到最好的配件，他们寻遍了每个地方。

Young people came from the **four corners** of the nation.

全国各地的年轻人都来到这里。

16 PHRASE 短语 **身处困境** If you are **in a corner** or **in a tight corner**, you are in a situation which is difficult to deal with and get out of.

The government is **in a corner** on interest rates...

政府在利率问题上陷入了困境。

He appears to have backed himself into a **tight corner**.

他似乎已把自己逼入了困境。

Corp. ★★★★★

1 Corp. is a written abbreviation for(书面缩略=) **corporation**.

...Sony Corp. of Japan.

日本索尼公司

correct ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **准确无误的；正确的** If something is **correct**, it is in accordance with the facts and has no mistakes.

The **correct** answers can be found at the bottom of page 8...

正确答案在第8页末尾。

The following information was **correct** at time of going to press...

下列信息在付印时准确无误。

Doctors examine their patients thoroughly in order to make a **correct** diagnosis.

为了作出准确的诊断，医生会对病人进行彻底的检查。

correctly

Did I pronounce your name **correctly**?...

你的名字我念对了吗？

You have to **correctly** answer each question.

你必须正确回答每一个问题。

correctness

Ask the investor to check the **correctness** of what he has written.

让投资人检查一下他所写的是否正确。

2 ADJ 形容词 (说法或想法)对的，正确的 If someone is **correct**, what they have said or thought is true.

You are absolutely **correct**. The leaves are from a bay tree...

你说得很对，这是月桂树的叶子。

If Casey is **correct**, the total cost of the cleanup would come to \$110 billion.

如果凯西是对的，清理的总花费将达1,100亿美元。

3 ADJ 形容词 恰当的；合适的 The **correct** thing or method is the thing or method that is required or is most suitable in a particular situation.

The use of the **correct** materials was crucial...

使用恰当的材料至关重要。

White was in no doubt the referee made the **correct** decision.

怀特确信裁判作出了公正的判罚。

...the **correct** way to produce a crop of tomato plants.

栽种一季西红柿的正确方法

correctly

If **correctly** executed, this shot will give them a better chance of getting the ball close to the hole.

如果出手准确，这一击将使他们有机会把球打得离球洞更近。

4 ADJ 形容词 (行为)被人认可的，赞许的 If you say that someone is **correct** in doing something, you approve of their action.

You are perfectly **correct** in trying to steer your mother towards increased independence...

你试图让自己的母亲变得越来越独立，这样做很正确。

I think the president was **correct** to reject the offer.

我认为总统拒绝这一提议是正确的。

correctly

When an accident happens, quite **correctly** questions are asked.

当事故发生时，理所当然要询问一些情况。

5 VERB 动词 **纠正(问题)；改正，修正(错误)** If you **correct** a problem, mistake, or fault, you do something which puts it right.

He may need surgery to **correct** the problem...

要解决这个问题，他可能需要做外科手术。

He has criticised the government for inefficiency and delays in **correcting** past mistakes.

他批评政府在纠正过去的错误问题上效率低下，并且拖拖拉拉。

correction

...legislation to require the **correction** of factual errors...

要求改正与事实不符的错误的立法

We will then make the necessary **corrections**.

我们届时会作出必要的修改。

6 VERB 动词 **纠正；指出...的错误** If you **correct** someone, you say something which you think is more accurate or appropriate than what they have just said.

'Actually, that isn't what happened,' George **corrects** me...

“实际上，并不是那样，”乔治纠正我。

I must **correct** him on a minor point.

我必须纠正他的一处小错误。

7 VERB 动词 **批改，修改(文章等)** When someone **corrects** a piece of writing, they look at it and mark the mistakes in it.

It took an extraordinary effort to focus on preparing his classes or **correcting** his students' work.

备课和批改学生的作业花费了他很多精力。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (行为)符合社会公认标准的，得体的 If a person or their behaviour is **correct**, their behaviour is in accordance with social or other rules.

I think English men are very polite and very **correct**...

我认为英国人很有礼貌，举止非常得体。

We were rather surprised by their sporting and **correct** behaviour.

他们富有体育精神而且举止得体，让我们感到相当惊讶。

correctly

The High Court of Parliament began very **correctly** with a prayer for the Queen.

议会最高法院按照常规，开庭前先为女王祈祷。

correctness

...his stiff-legged gait and formal **correctness**.

他拘谨的步态和郑重其事的举止

9 CONVENTION 惯用语 **若是我说错了就请指出** You say '**correct me if I'm wrong**' to indicate that you are not entirely sure that what you are about to say is true.

As I recall, but **correct me if I'm wrong**, it was in a car park in Carmarthen.

如果我没记错的话，那是在卡马森的一个停车场内。

correspondent ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指专门报道某一类新闻的) 记者, 通讯员 A correspondent is a newspaper or television journalist, especially one who specializes in a particular type of news.

...our Diplomatic Correspondent Mark Brayne.
我们的外交通讯员马克·布雷恩

county ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (英国、爱尔兰的)郡; (美国的)县 A county is a region of Britain, Ireland, or the USA which has its own local government.

He is living now in his mother's home county of Oxfordshire...

他现在居住在他母亲的故乡牛津郡。

Over 50 events are planned throughout the county.

全县共筹划了50多次活动。

couple ★★★★★

1 QUANT 数量词 两个; 几个 If you refer to a couple of people or things, you mean two or approximately two of them, although the exact number is not important or you are not sure of it.

Across the street from me there are a couple of police officers standing guard...

我对面的街上有几名警官在站岗。

I think the trouble will clear up in a couple of days.

我想问题几天内就会解决。

...a small working-class town in Massachusetts, a couple of hundred miles from New York City.

马萨诸塞州的一个工人阶层居住的小镇, 距纽约市几百英里

Couple is also a determiner in spoken American English, and before 'more' and 'less'. (在美国口语中以及在 more 和 less 前亦用作限定词)

...a couple weeks before the election...

选举前的几周

I think I can play maybe for a couple more years.

我想也许我还能再打两年球。

Couple is also a pronoun.

I've got a couple that don't look too bad.

我弄到两个, 看上去还可以。

2 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 夫妻; 情人 A couple is two people who are married, living together, or having a sexual relationship.

The couple have no children.

这对夫妻没有孩子。

...after burglars ransacked an elderly couple's home.

窃贼洗劫了一对老夫妇的家之后

...an isolated spot popular with courting couples.

很受热恋情侣欢迎的僻静之所

3 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 (在某种场合在一起或有某种关系的)一对人, 两个人 A couple is two people that you see together on a particular occasion or that have some association.

...as the four couples began the opening dance...

4对舞伴开始跳开场舞的时候

They were an odd couple.

他们是奇怪的一对。

4 VERB 动词 加上; 结合 If you say that one thing produces a particular effect when it is coupled with another, you mean that the two things combine to produce that effect.

...a problem that is coupled with lower demand for the machines themselves...

这个问题外加上对机器本身需求量的下降

Overuse of those drugs, coupled with poor diet, leads to physical degeneration...

过量使用那些药物再加上饮食缺乏营养, 导致健康状况恶化。

This, coupled with the fact that flying machines remained universally a subject for jeers and derision, made the brothers secretive.

这一点, 加上飞行器仍是人们普遍嘲笑和讥讽的对象, 使得兄弟俩只能暗地里行事。

5 VERB 动词 (把设备等)连接, 结合 If one piece of equipment is coupled to another, it is joined to it so that the two pieces of equipment work together.

Its engine is coupled to a semiautomatic gearbox...

它的发动机与一个半自动变速箱相连接。

The various systems are coupled together in complex arrays.

多个系统在复杂的数组中连接起来。

coupling

The technique requires the coupling of a particle accelerator and a mass spectrometer.

这种技术要求将粒子加速器和质谱仪连接起来。

6 See also: [coupling](#) ;

cousin ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [country](#)

[cousin](#) ; [second cousin](#) ; 同辈表亲(或堂亲); 堂兄弟(或姐妹); 表兄弟(或姐妹) Your cousin is the child of your uncle or aunt.

My cousin Mark helped me...

表兄马克帮了我。

We are cousins.

我们是表亲。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [country cousin](#) ; 对等物; 对等的人; 相关的人(或事物) If you refer to two things or groups of people as cousins, you mean that they are equivalents or that there is a connection between them.

Whereas West Germans drink wine, their Eastern cousins prefer Schnapps...

西德人喝葡萄酒, 而他们东德的兄弟姐妹则喜欢喝杜松子酒。

The average European kitchen is smaller than its American cousin.

欧式的厨房一般比美式厨房小。

...misanthropy and its cousin racism.

憎恨人类和它的近亲种族主义

crash ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 撞车; 碰撞; 相撞 A crash is an accident in which a moving vehicle hits something and is damaged or destroyed.

His elder son was killed in a car crash a few years ago.

他的长子几年前死于车祸。

...a plane crash.

坠机事件

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)碰撞; (使)撞毁 If a moving vehicle crashes or if the driver crashes it, it hits something and is damaged or destroyed.

The plane crashed mysteriously near the island of Ustica.

那架飞机在乌斯塔卡岛附近神秘坠毁了。

...when his car crashed into the rear of a van...

他的车撞进一辆货车尾部的时候

Even his death, after crashing his motorcycle on a bridge in New Orleans, was spectacular...

甚至他骑摩托车在新奥尔良撞桥身亡的事也轰动一时。

Her body was found near a crashed car.

在一辆撞毁的汽车旁发现了她的尸体。

3 VERB 动词 猛撞; 撞击 If something crashes somewhere, it moves and hits something else violently, making a loud noise.

The door swung inwards to crash against a chest of drawers behind it...

门朝里摆去, 撞到了后面的大衣柜。

My words were lost as the walls above us crashed down, filling the cellar with brick dust...

我们头顶的墙塌了下来, 地下室里满是砖灰, 我惊得说不出话来。

I heard them coming, crashing through the undergrowth, before I saw them.

还没看到他们, 我便听到他们穿过矮树丛过来的声音。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (突然间响起的)巨大声响 A crash is a sudden, loud noise.

Two people in the flat recalled hearing a loud crash about 1.30 a.m.

公寓楼里有两个人回想起凌晨1点半听见了一声巨响。

5 VERB 动词 (生意或金融体制)倒闭, 破产, 失败 If a business or financial system crashes, it fails suddenly, often with serious effects.

When the market crashed, they assumed the deal would be cancelled.

当市场崩溃时, 他们认为交易会被取消。

Crash is also a noun.

He predicted correctly that there was going to be a stock market crash.

他准确地预测到股市即将崩盘。

6 VERB 动词 (计算机或计算机程序)崩溃, 瘫痪 If a

computer or a computer program crashes, it fails suddenly.

...after the computer crashed for the second time in 10 days.

电脑在10天内第二次死机后

相关词组：

[crash out](#)

cream ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 See also: [clotted](#)

[cream](#); [double cream](#); [single cream](#); [sour](#)

[cream](#); [whipping cream](#); (用于烹饪或放于水果或甜点上的)奶油, 乳脂 Cream is a thick

yellowish-white liquid taken from milk. You can use it in cooking or put it on fruit or desserts.

...strawberries and cream.

奶油草莓

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (用于含奶油或牛奶的汤的名称中) Cream is used in the names of soups that contain cream or milk.

...cream of mushroom soup.

奶油蘑菇汤

3 N-VAR 可变名词 See also: [face cream](#); 护肤霜; 润肤霜; 药膏 A cream is a substance that you rub

into your skin, for example to keep it soft or to heal or protect it.

Gently apply the cream to the affected areas.

把药膏轻轻涂抹在患处。

...sun protection creams.

防晒霜

4 COLOUR 颜色词 奶油色; 淡黄色; 米色

Something that is cream is yellowish-white in colour.

...cream silk stockings.

米色丝袜

...a cream-coloured Persian cat.

米色的波斯猫

5 N-SING-COLL 单数集合名词 精英; 精华 Cream

is used in expressions such as the cream of society and the cream of British athletes to refer to the

best people or things of a particular kind.

The Ball was attended by the cream of

Hollywood society.

好莱坞的大牌影星们出席了那个舞会。

...the cream of Chicago's 200 jazz and blues

clubs.

芝加哥200家爵士乐和蓝调乐俱乐部中最优秀的成员

You can refer to the best people or things of a particular kind as the cream of the crop. 精华; 精英

6 See also: [ice cream](#); [peaches and cream](#); [salad cream](#); [shaving cream](#);

相关词组：

[cream off](#)

credit ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 赊购; 赊欠 If you are

allowed credit, you are allowed to pay for goods or services several weeks or months after you have

received them.

The group can't get credit to buy farming

machinery...

这些人无法赊购到农用机械。

You can ask a dealer for a discount whether you

pay cash or buy on credit.

无论是付现还是赊购, 都可以要求经销商打折。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 结余; 存款 If someone

or their bank account is in credit, their bank

account has money in it.

The idea that I could be charged when I'm in

credit makes me very angry...

想到账户里有余额时还要收费, 我就非常气愤。

I made sure the account stayed in credit...

我确保账户里有余额。

Interest is payable on credit balances.

利息按照贷方余额支付。

3 VERB 动词 (给账户)存(钱); 把...记入贷方 When

a sum of money is credited to an account, the

bank adds that sum of money to the total in the

account.

She noticed that only \$80,000 had been credited

to her account...

她注意到自己的账户里只存进了80,000美元。

Midland decided to change the way it credited

payments to accounts...

米兰银行决定改变付款贷记的方式。

Interest is calculated daily and credited once a

year, on 1 April.

利息按天计算, 每年4月1日一次性打入账户。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 存款金额; 贷记 A credit is a

sum of money which is added to an account.

The statement of total debits and credits is

known as a balance.

总借记和总贷记的结算即账户余额。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (给某人)的一笔钱 A credit is

an amount of money that is given to someone.

Senator Bill Bradley outlined his own tax cut,

giving families \$350 in tax credits per child...

比尔·布拉德利参议员概述了自己的减税计划, 提出

每个孩子可为家庭减免350美元的课税。

Japan has provided about \$2.5 billion in credits

to Russia and about \$50 million in direct aid.

日本向俄罗斯提供了约25亿美元的借款和价值约

5,000万美元的直接援助。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 赞扬; 称赞; 认可 If

you get the credit for something good, people

praise you because you are responsible for it, or are

thought to be responsible for it.

We don't mind who gets the credit so long as we

don't get the blame...

谁受到表扬无所谓, 只要我们不挨批就好。

It would be wrong for us to take all the credit...

如果我们把所有功劳都揽到自己身上, 那就不对了。

Some of the credit for her relaxed manner must

go to Andy.

她会如此放松, 一部分应该归功于安迪。

7 VERB 动词 认为是...的功劳; 把...归于 If people

credit someone with an achievement or if it is

credited to them, people say or believe that they

were responsible for it.

The staff are crediting him with having saved

Hythe's life...

职员们称赞他救了海丝的命。

The 74-year-old mayor is credited with helping

make Los Angeles the financial capital of the

West Coast...

洛杉矶成为西海岸的金融中心, 那位74岁的市长功

不可没。

The screenplay for 'Gabriel Over the White

House' is credited to Carey Wilson.

电影《天使降临白宫》的剧本出自凯里·威尔逊之

手。

8 VERB 动词 认为...有(某种品质) If you credit

someone with a quality, you believe or say that

they have it.

I wonder why you can't credit him with the

same generosity of spirit...

我想知道你为什么他不认为他具有同样崇高的思想境

界。

They are crediting science with power it doesn't

possess.

他们过分夸大了科学的力量。

9 N-SING 单数名词 为...赢得好感的人(或事物) If

you say that someone is a credit to someone or

something, you mean that their qualities or

achievements will make people have a good

opinion of the person or thing mentioned.

He is one of the greatest British players of recent

times and is a credit to his profession.

他是近代英国最伟大的运动员之一, 是这一体育运

动的骄傲。

10 VERB 动词 相信; 信任 If you cannot credit

something, you cannot believe that it is true.

Roosevelt either did not learn of the scandal or

refused to credit what he heard...

罗斯福要么是不知那桩丑闻, 要么是不相信他所

听到的。

It seems hard to credit that such things went on

among senior Directors.

高级主管中竟发生了这样的事, 真是令人难以置

信。

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 演职员表; 摄制人员名单

The list of people who helped to make a film, a

CD, or a television programme is called the credits

The star Marlon Brando wants his name

removed from the credits.

影星马龙·白兰度要求把他的名字从演员表中删掉。

...a moviegoer who remains in his seat until the **credits** are over.

直到演员表播完才离座的影迷

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 (某些大学获得学位所必需的) 学分, 学习单元 A **credit** is a successfully completed part of a higher education course. At some universities and colleges you need a certain number of credits to be awarded a degree.

13 PHRASE 短语 使值得赞扬(或仰慕) If you say that something **does** someone **credit**, you mean that they should be praised or admired because of it.

You're a nice girl, Lettie, and your kind heart **does** you **credit**.

你是个好女孩儿, 莱蒂, 你的善良值得称赞。

14 PHRASE 短语 (某人的成绩或优点) 值得表扬, 应予肯定 If you say '**credit where credit's due**', you are admitting that you ought to praise someone for something that they have done or for a good quality that they possess.

His gift was an extremely kind gesture. **Credit where credit's due**.

他的礼物是很友好的表示, 这值得称赞。

15 PHRASE 短语 相信...具有(某种优良品质); 称赞; 认可 To **give** someone **credit** for a good quality means to believe that they have it.

Bratbakk had more ability than the media gave him **credit** for.

布拉特巴克比媒体称赞的要更有才华。

16 PHRASE 短语 (常用于提出缺点之后)就优点而言 You say **on the credit side** in order to introduce one or more good things about a situation or person, usually when you have already mentioned the bad things about them.

On the **credit side**, he's always been wonderful with his mother.

就优点而言, 他对母亲一直很孝顺。

17 PHRASE 短语 值得赞扬 If something is **to** someone's **credit**, they deserve praise for it.

She had managed to pull herself together and, **to her credit**, continued to look upon life as a positive experience...

她已经努力振作起来, 而且值得称赞的是, 她仍然积极乐观地看待生活。

Although the offences were horrific it was **to her credit** that she had owned up.

她的犯罪手段很残忍, 但她的供认不讳还是可以认可的。

18 PHRASE 短语 (成就)归于...; 在...名下 If you already have one or more achievements to your **credit**, you have achieved them.

I have twenty novels and countless magazine stories to my **credit**.

我著有20部小说, 还在杂志上发表了无数篇文章。

crime ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 犯罪活动; 罪行 A **crime** is an illegal action or activity for which a person can be punished by law.

He and Lieutenant Cassidy were checking the scene of the **crime**...

他和卡西迪中尉正在检查犯罪现场。

Mr Steele has committed no **crime** and poses no danger to the public...

斯蒂尔先生没有犯罪, 并未对公众构成危害。

Endangering their lives will be regarded as a **crime** against humanity.

危害他们的生命将被视为犯下了反人类罪。

...the growing problem of organised **crime**...

有组织犯罪的问题越来越严重

We need a positive programme of **crime** prevention.

我们需要制订一个能有效预防犯罪的方案。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 罪过; 严重错误 If you say that doing something is a **crime**, you think it is very wrong or a serious mistake.

A language is a finely tuned instrument which it is a **crime** to damage...

语言是一种精心调试的乐器, 破坏它就是一种罪过。

It would be a **crime** to travel all the way to Australia and not stop in Sydney.

如果千里迢迢去澳大利亚却不在悉尼停留, 那将是一大失误。

criminal ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 罪犯 A **criminal** is a person who regularly commits crimes.

A group of gunmen attacked a prison and set free nine **criminals** in Moroto.

一伙持枪歹徒袭击了莫罗托的一所监狱, 放走了9名罪犯。

2 ADJ 形容词 犯罪的; 犯法的 **Criminal** means connected with crime.

Her husband faces various **criminal** charges...

她丈夫面临多项犯罪指控。

At 17, he had a **criminal** record for petty theft...

他17岁就有了小偷小摸的犯罪前科。

Doug was found guilty of **criminal** assault and sentenced to six months in jail.

道格被判犯有人身攻击罪, 监禁6个月。

criminality

Between 1960 and 1985 we had a tenfold increase of **criminality**.

从1960年到1985年, 犯罪数量增长了10倍。

criminally

...a hospital for the **criminally** insane.

收容精神不正常的罪犯的医院

3 ADJ 形容词 罪过的; 严重错误的 If you describe an action as **criminal**, you think it is very wrong or a serious mistake.

He said a full-scale dispute involving strikes would be **criminal**.

他说如果出现罢工等大规模纠纷那将是极不应该的。

criminally

It was, he said, **criminally** irresponsible for any party to say it would never raise personal taxation.

他说, 如果任何政党声称永远不会提高个人赋税, 那都是错误而且不负责任的说法。

crisis ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 危机; 危急关头 A **crisis** is a situation in which something or someone is affected by one or more very serious problems.

Natural disasters have obviously contributed to the continent's economic **crisis**...

很显然, 自然灾害也是造成该大陆经济危机的原因之一。

The Italian political system has been judged to be in terminal **crisis** for decades.

人们认为意大利的政治体系几十年来一直存在着严重危机。

...children's illnesses or other family **crises**...

孩子生病或其他家庭危机

He's having a mid-life **crisis**.

他正经历中年危机。

...someone to turn to in moments of **crisis**.

危急时刻可以求助的人

critic ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 批评家; 评论家; 评论员 A **critic** is a person who writes about and expresses opinions about things such as books, films, music, or art.

Mather was film **critic** on the Daily Telegraph for many years...

马瑟多年来一直担任《每日电讯报》的影评人。

The New York **critics** had praised her performance.

纽约的影评家们高度评价了她的表演。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 批评者; 反对者 Someone who is a **critic** of a person or system disapproves of them and criticizes them publicly.

The newspaper has been the most consistent **critic** of the government...

一直以来, 该报批评政府的立场最为坚定。

He became a fierce **critic** of the tobacco industry...

他成了烟草业的强烈反对者。

Her **critics** accused her of caring only about success.

批评者指责她只在乎成功。

critical ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 很重要的; 关键的 A **critical** time, factor, or situation is extremely important.

The incident happened at a **critical** point in the

campaign.

该事件发生在竞选活动的关键时期。

Environmentalists say a **critical** factor in the city's pollution is its population...

环境保护主义者说造成该城市污染问题的一个关键因素是其人口数量。

He says setting priorities is of **critical** importance...

他说确定优先顺序是至关重要的。

How you finance a business is **critical** to the success of your venture.

如何融资对企业的成功至关重要。

critically

Economic prosperity depends **critically** on an open world trading system...

经济繁荣关键要靠一个开放的世界贸易体系。

It was a **critically** important moment in his career.

那是他事业中至关重要的一刻。

2 ADJ 形容词 (局势)严重的,有危险的 A **critical** situation is very serious and dangerous.

The German authorities are considering an airlift if the situation becomes **critical**...

如果局势变得危急,德国当局将考虑实施空运。

His day-to-day finances are in a **critical** state.

其日常财务状况十分糟糕。

critically

Moscow is running **critically** low on food supplies.

莫斯科的食品供给严重不足。

3 ADJ 形容词 (病情)危急的,严重的 If a person is **critical** or in a **critical** condition in hospital, they are seriously ill.

Ten of the injured are said to be in **critical** condition.

据说伤者中有10人情况危急。

critically

She was **critically** ill...

她病情危重。

A youth was killed and another **critically** injured.

一名青年被杀,另一名受重伤。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 批评的;挑剔的 To be **critical** of someone or something means to criticize them.

His report is highly **critical** of the trial judge...

他在报告中对主审法官有颇多批评。

...a few dozen intellectuals who've been **critical** of the regime...

几十名一直批判该政权的知识分子

He has apologised for **critical** remarks he made about the referee.

他为自己对裁判的出言不逊道了歉。

critically

She spoke **critically** of Lara.

她说起拉腊来颇有微词。

5 ADJ 形容词 评判性的;审慎的 A **critical** approach to something involves examining and judging it carefully.

We need to become **critical** text-readers...

我们需要培养对文章的评判能力。

Marx's work was more than a **critical** study of capitalist production.

马克思的著作不仅仅是对资本主义生产的批判性研究。

...the **critical** analysis of political ideas.

对政治观点的评判分析

critically

Wyman watched them **critically**.

怀曼仔细地观察他们。

6 ADJ 形容词 评论家的;评论界的 If something or someone receives **critical** acclaim, critics say that they are very good.

The film met with considerable **critical** and public acclaim...

该影片受到了影评人和公众的高度评价。

The show was also a resounding **critical** success.

这次演出同样好评如潮。

criticism ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 批评;批判;指责 **Criticism** is the action of expressing disapproval of something or someone. A **criticism** is a statement that expresses disapproval.

This policy had repeatedly come under strong **criticism** on Capitol Hill...

该政策在美国国会屡遭强烈批评。

The **criticism** that the English do not truly care about their children was often voiced.

常有人指责英国人并不真正关心自己的子女。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (对书、戏剧等的)评论 **Criticism** is a serious examination and judgment of something such as a book or play.

She has published more than 20 books including novels, poetry and literary **criticism**.

她已出版了包括小说、诗歌和文学评论在内的20多部著作。

crowd ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 人群;观众 A **crowd** is a large group of people who have gathered together, for example to watch or listen to something interesting, or to protest about something.

A huge **crowd** gathered in a square outside the Kremlin walls...

一大群人聚集在克里姆林宫墙外的广场上。

It took some two hours before the **crowd** was fully dispersed...

大概花了两个小时才把人群全部疏散开。

The **crowd** were enormously enthusiastic...

观众热情高涨。

The explosions took place in shopping centres as **crowds** of people were shopping for Mothers' Day.

爆炸发生在购物中心,当时大批人群正在为母亲节购物。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (志趣相投或工作相同的)一伙人,一帮人 A particular **crowd** is a group of friends, or a set of people who share the same interests or job.

All the old **crowd** have come out for this occasion.

那些老伙计们都来参加这一庆典。

3 VERB 动词 聚集在...周围;在...聚拢 When people **crowd around** someone or something, they gather closely together around them.

The hungry refugees **crowded** around the tractors...

饥饿的难民聚集到拖拉机周围。

Police blocked off the road as hotel staff and guests **crowded** around.

当酒店工作人员和旅客们都聚拢过来时,警察封锁了那条路。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)大批涌入 If people **crowd into** a place or **are crowded into** a place, large numbers of them enter it so that it becomes very full.

Hundreds of thousands of people have **crowded** into the center of the Lithuanian capital, Vilnius...

几十万人涌入立陶宛首都维尔纽斯的市中心。

One group of journalists were **crowded** into a minibus...

一群记者挤进一辆小型公共汽车。

'Bravo, bravo,' chanted party workers **crowded** in the main hall.

“太好了,太好了,”聚集在正厅的该党工作人员反复喊着。

5 VERB 动词 挤满;塞满;使...拥挤 If a group of people **crowd** a place, there are so many of them there that it is full.

Thousands of demonstrators **crowded** the streets shouting slogans.

数千名高喊着口号的示威者把街道挤得水泄不通。

6 VERB 动词 逼近;靠近;围住 If people **crowd** you, they stand very closely around you trying to see or speak to you, so that you feel uncomfortable.

It had been a tense, restless day with people **crowding** her all the time.

这是紧张、忙碌的一天,每时每刻都有人围在她身旁。

相关词组:

[crowd in](#) [crowd out](#)

cry ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 哭;哭泣 When you **cry**, tears come from your eyes, usually because you are unhappy

hurt.

I hung up the phone and started to cry...

我挂断电话，开始哭了起来。

Please don't cry...

拜托不要哭。

He cried with anger and frustration.

他又生气又沮丧，不禁哭了起来。

...a crying baby.

啼哭的婴儿

Cry is also a noun.

A nurse patted me on the shoulder and said, 'You have a good cry, dear.'

一位护士拍了拍我的肩膀说，“痛快地哭一场吧，宝贝儿。”

crying

She had been unable to sleep for three days because of her 13-week-old son's crying.

她13周大的儿子老是哭，她已经有3天没睡了。

2 VERB 动词 **喊叫；呼喊；高声说** If you cry something, you shout it or say it loudly.

'Nancy Drew,' she cried, 'you're under arrest!'...

“南茜·朱尔，”她喊道，“你被捕了！”

I cried: 'It's wonderful news!'

我喊道：“真是个好消息！”

Cry out means the same as **cry**. **cry out** 同 **cry**

'You're wrong, quite wrong!' Henry cried out, suddenly excited...

“你错了，大错特错！”亨利突然激动地大喊道。

According to the legend, she cried out that no storm was going to stop her from finishing her ride.

据传，她当时大声宣布，即使有再大的暴风雨她也要骑到终点。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(表达强烈感情的)叫喊，叫声**

A cry is a loud, high sound that you make when you feel a strong emotion such as fear, pain, or pleasure.

A cry of horror broke from me...

我吓得大叫了一声。

Her brother gave a cry of recognition...

她哥哥认了出来，惊呼了一声。

With a cry, she rushed forward.

她大喊一声，向前冲去。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: **battle cry**; **rallying cry**; **喊叫；呼喊** A cry is a shouted word or phrase, usually one that is intended to attract someone's attention.

Thousands of Ukrainians burst into cries of 'bravo' on the steps of the parliament...

成千上万的乌克兰人聚集在议会门前高喊“好啊”。

Passers-by heard his cries for help.

路过的人听到了他求救的呼喊。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **抗议；请求** You can refer to a public protest about something or an appeal for something as a cry of some kind.

There have been cries of outrage about this expenditure...

这项开支遭到了一些人愤怒的指责。

Many other countries have turned a deaf ear to their cries for help.

很多其他国家对他们的求助置若罔闻。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(鸟的)鸣叫，啼叫；(动物的)啼叫，吠** A bird's or animal's cry is the loud, high sound that it makes.

...the cry of a seagull.

海鸥的鸣叫

7 See also: **criing**;

8 PHRASE 短语 **(与...)大相径庭，相去甚远**

Something that is a far cry from something else is very different from it.

Their lives are a far cry from his own poor childhood.

他们的生活与他那贫苦的童年生活相比大相径庭。

9 PHRASE 短语 **大声疾呼；激情呐喊** When someone is in full cry, they are expressing their views very strongly or are very active.

The main opposition party is already in full cry over this mishandling of security.

主要反对党已经对这起安全事故的错误处理进行了猛烈抨击。

10 EXCLAM 感叹语 **天啊，哎呀，岂有此理(用来表示恼怒或不耐烦，或加强提问或请求的语气)** You use the expression for crying out loud in order to show that you are annoyed or impatient, or to add force to a question or request.

I mean, what's he ever done in his life, for crying out loud?

我的意思是，天啊，他一生中到底做过什么呀？

11 to cry your eyes out → see: **eye**; a shoulder to cry on → see: **shoulder**;

相关词组：

cry off **cry out** **cry out for**

culture ★★★★★☆

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **文化，文明(如艺术、哲学)** Culture consists of activities such as the arts and philosophy, which are considered to be important for the development of civilization and of people's minds.

There is just not enough fun and frivolity in culture today.

当今的文化恰恰是不够轻松有趣。

...aspects of popular culture.

大众文化的方方面面

...France's Minister of Culture and Education.

法国文化和教育部部长

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **文化(尤指拥有特定信仰、生活方式或艺术形式的社会或文明)** A culture is a particular society or civilization, especially considered in relation to its beliefs, way of life, or art.

...people from different cultures...

来自不同文化背景的人们

I was brought up in a culture that said you must put back into the society what you have taken out.

我成长于其中的那个社会文化认为，取之社会必须回报社会。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **文化(某组织或群体的一致习惯和行为方式)** The culture of a particular organization or group consists of the habits of the people in it and the way they generally behave.

But social workers say that this has created a culture of dependency, particularly in urban areas...

然而社会工作者认为这使得人们普遍产生了依赖，尤其是在城市地区。

The institutions have realised they need to change their culture to improve efficiency and service.

这些机构已经意识到需要改变他们的内部文化以提高效率、改进服务。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **培养物；培养菌；培养细胞**

In science, a culture is a group of bacteria or cells which are grown, usually in a laboratory as part of an experiment.

...a culture of human cells.

人类细胞的培养物

...a number of tissue culture experiments.

多次组织细胞培养实验

5 VERB 动词 **培养(细菌)；培植(细胞)** In science, to culture a group of bacteria or cells means to grow them, usually in a laboratory as part of an experiment.

To confirm the diagnosis, the hospital laboratory must culture a colony of bacteria.

为进一步确诊，医院实验室必须培养一个细菌菌落。

...cultured human blood cells.

培养的人体血细胞

customer ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **顾客；主顾；客户** A customer is someone who buys goods or services, especially from a shop.

Our customers have very tight budgets.

我们的顾客很会精打细算。

...a satisfied customer.

心满意足的顾客

...the quality of customer service...

服务质量

We also improved our customer satisfaction levels.

我们也提高了顾客满意的标准。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(某一类型的)家伙** You can use customer in expressions such as a cool customer or a tough customer to indicate what

someone's behaviour or character is like.

She's a real cool **customer**.

她是个很冷静的家伙。

...two pretty awkward **customers**.

两个相当难缠的家伙

Usage Note :

When you buy goods from a particular shop or company, you are one of its **customers**. If you use the professional services of someone such as a lawyer or an accountant, you are one of their **clients**. Doctors and hospitals have **patients**, while hotels have **guests**. People who travel on public transport are referred to as **passengers**.

从某一家商店或公司买东西的人是他们的customer(顾客)。接受律师或会计师等的专业服务的人是他们的client(客户)。医生或医院接待patient(病人)，饭店旅馆接待guest(客人)。乘坐公共交通工具的人被称作passenger(乘客)。

daily ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **每日；每天** If something happens **daily**, it happens every day.

Cathay Pacific flies **daily** non-stop to Hong Kong from Heathrow...

国泰航空公司每天都有从希思罗机场直飞香港的航班。

The Visitor Centre is open **daily** 8.30 a.m. – 4.30 p.m.

游客中心每日上午 8:30 至下午 4:30 开放。

Daily is also an adjective.

They held **daily** press briefings.

他们每天召开新闻发布会。

2 ADJ 形容词 **一天的；按天计算的** **Daily** quantities or rates relate to a period of one day.

...a diet containing adequate **daily** amounts of fresh fruit...

包含了足量一天所需新鲜水果的饮食

Our average **daily** turnover is about £300.

我们的平均日营业额约为 300 英镑。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **日报** A **daily** is a newspaper that is published every day of the week except Sunday.

Copies of the local **daily** had been scattered on a table.

几份当地的日报散放在桌子上。

Daily is also an adjective.

He studied the **daily** papers.

他仔细阅读这些日报。

4 PHRASE 短语 **日常生活** Your **daily life** is the things that you do every day as part of your normal life.

...the failure of the government to improve most people's **daily** lives.

政府没能改善大多数人的日常生活

damage ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **损坏；破坏；毁坏** To **damage** an object means to break it, spoil it physically, or stop it from working properly.

He maliciously **damaged** a car with a baseball bat...

他用棒球棒恶意损毁了一辆汽车。

The sun can **damage** your skin.

阳光能损伤皮肤。

2 VERB 动词 **损害；伤害** To **damage** something means to cause it to become less good, pleasant, or successful.

Jackson doesn't want to **damage** his reputation as a political personality...

杰克逊不想损害自己政界名人的声誉。

He warned that the action was **damaging** the economy.

他警告说该行动正对经济造成破坏。

damaging

Is the recycling process in itself **damaging** to the environment?

这一回收利用过程本身对环境有害吗？

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(对物的)损坏, 破坏, 损失** **Damage** is physical harm that is caused to an object.

The blast caused extensive **damage** to the house...

爆炸给这所房子造成了大面积的损坏。

Many professional boxers end their careers with brain **damage**.

许多职业拳击手结束运动生涯时都已受到了脑损伤。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(对人、情况、行为的)损害, 伤害, 不良影响** **Damage** consists of the unpleasant effects that something has on a person, situation, or type of activity.

Incidents of this type cause irreparable **damage** to relations with the community...

这类事件会对与该社群的关系造成不可弥合的伤害。

Adhering to the new rules meant inflicting serious **damage** on motor racing.

遵守新的规定就意味着赛车比赛将遭受严重影响。

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(法院判定的)损害赔偿金** If a court of law awards **damages** to someone, it orders money to be paid to them by a person who has damaged their reputation or property, or who has injured them.

He was vindicated in court and **damages** were awarded.

他在法庭上被证明无罪，并且获得了损害赔偿金。

6 PHRASE 短语 **事已至此；已造成的损害无法挽回** If you say '**the damage is done**', you mean that it is too late now to prevent the harmful effects of something that has already happened.

Once the **damage** is done, even modern surgery can't undo it entirely.

伤害一旦造成，即使是现代外科手术也无法将其完全消除。

dance ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **跳舞** When you **dance**, you move your body and feet in a way which follows a rhythm, usually in time to music.

Polly had never learned to **dance**...

波莉从未学过跳舞。

I like to **dance** to the music on the radio.

我喜欢随着广播里的音乐起舞。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **舞蹈；舞步** A **dance** is a particular series of graceful movements of your body and feet, which you usually do in time to music.

Sometimes the people doing this **dance** hold brightly colored scarves...

有时跳这种舞的人会手拿色彩鲜艳的丝巾。

She describes the tango as a very sexy **dance**.

她把探戈描述为一种非常性感的舞蹈。

3 V-RECIP 相互动词 **(与...)跳舞；共舞** When you **dance with** someone, the two of you take part in a dance together, as partners. You can also say that two people **dance**.

It's a terrible thing when nobody wants to **dance with** you...

没有人想和你跳舞是一件很糟糕的事情。

Shall we **dance**?...

我们跳支舞好吗？

He asked her to **dance**.

他邀请她跳舞。

Dance is also a noun.

Come and have a **dance** with me.

来和我跳支舞吧。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **舞会** A **dance** is a social event where people dance with each other.

She often went to parties and **dances** at Littlecote...

她经常去利特尔科特参加聚会和舞会。

...the school **dance**.

学校舞会

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **舞蹈演出；舞蹈艺术** **Dance** is the activity of performing dances, as a public entertainment or an art form.

She loves **dance**, drama and music...

她喜欢舞蹈、戏剧和音乐。

No show prior to 'On The Town' had told so much of its story through **dance**...

《锦城春色》出现以前，还没有哪部电影的情节如此多地通过舞蹈展开。

...**dance** classes.

舞蹈课

6 VERB 动词 **跳(舞)；表演(舞蹈)** If you **dance** a particular kind of dance, you do it or perform it.

Then we put the music on, and we all **danced** the Charleston...

接着我们打开音乐，一起跳起查尔斯顿舞来。

They will **dance** two performances of Ashton's 'Romeo and Juliet'.

他们将表演阿什顿的《罗密欧与朱丽叶》中的两场舞。

7 VERB 动词 **跳跃；雀跃；轻快地移动** If you **dance** somewhere, you move there lightly and quickly, usually because you are happy or excited.

He **danced** off down the road...

他蹦蹦跳跳地沿着马路走了。

Amy went and kissed him, and then **danced** out of his reach.

艾米过去吻了他一下，接着就在他怀里跳开了。

8 VERB 动词 **跳动；晃动** If you say that something **dances**, you mean that it moves about, or seems to move about, lightly and quickly.

Light **danced** on the surface of the water...

灯光在水面上摇曳。

She tried to read it more slowly and carefully, but the words **danced** and dissolved before her eyes.

她试图读得更慢更仔细一些，但那些字却在她眼前跳动而变得模糊起来。

9 PHRASE 短语 **使...疲于奔波；使...白忙一场；给...造成许多麻烦** If someone **leads you a merry dance**, they make you do things over a long period of time which cause you problems and do not benefit you in any way.

to **dance to someone's tune** → see: [tune](#) ;

to make a song and dance about → see: [song and dance](#) ;

danger ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **危险** Danger is the possibility that someone may be harmed or killed.

My friends endured tremendous **danger** in order to help me...

为了帮助我，朋友们冒了极大的危险。

His life could be in **danger**.

他的生命可能会有危险。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **危险的事物（或人）；危害；威胁** A **danger** is something or someone that can hurt or harm you.

...the **dangers** of smoking...

吸烟的危害

...the **danger** of open conflict...

公开冲突的危险

Britain's roads are a **danger** to cyclists...

英国的道路对骑自行车的人来说比较危险。

Public health physicians say there are other **dangers**, too.

公共保健医生说还有其他危险因素存在。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **(不愉快之事发生的可能性，风险)** If there is a **danger** that something unpleasant will happen, it is possible that it will happen.

There is a real **danger** that some people will no longer be able to afford insurance...

一些人很可能再也负担不起保险了。

There was no **danger** that any of these groups would be elected to power...

不存在这些团体中的任何一个当选的风险。

If there is a **danger** of famine, we should help.

如果有可能出现饥荒，我们应该提供帮助。

4 PHRASE 短语 **(病人) 脱离危险** If someone who has been seriously ill is **out of danger**, they are still ill, but they are not expected to die.

dangerous ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **危险的；可能带来危害的；不安全的** If something is **dangerous**, it is able or likely to hurt or harm you.

It's a **dangerous** stretch of road.

那段路很不安全。

...**dangerous** drugs...

危险的毒品

It's **dangerous** to jump to early conclusions.

过早地下结论可能会带来严重后果。

dangerously

He is **dangerously** ill...

他病得很重。

He rushed downstairs **dangerously** fast...

他以极危险的速度猛冲下楼。

The coach rocked **dangerously**.

那辆长途汽车危险地颠簸摇晃。

dark ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **黑暗的；昏暗的；天黑的** When it is **dark**, there is not enough light to see properly, for example because it is night.

When she awoke it was evening and already **dark**...

她醒来时已是晚上，天已经黑了。

It was too **dark** inside to see much...

里面太暗，看不太清。

People usually draw the curtains once it gets **dark**...

天一黑，人们通常就会拉上窗帘。

She snapped off the light and made her way back through the **dark** kitchen.

她啪的一下关掉灯，从厨房摸黑走了出来。

darkness

The light went out, and the room was plunged into **darkness**.

灯熄了，屋里陷入一片漆黑。

darkly

...a **darkly** lit, seedy dance hall.

灯光昏暗、乌烟瘴气的舞厅

2 N-SING 单数名词 **黑暗；昏暗；暗处** The **dark** is the lack of light in a place.

Her mother was sitting in the **dark** by the stove in her rocking chair...

她母亲坐在炉边暗处的摇椅里。

I've always been afraid of the **dark**.

我一直很怕黑。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **黑色的；深色的；暗色的** If you describe something as **dark**, you mean that it is black in colour, or a shade that is close to black.

He wore a **dark** suit and carried a black attaché case...

他身穿暗色西服，手提黑色公文包。

The heavy **dark** table is inlaid with lighter wood.

笨重的深色桌子上嵌有颜色较浅的木头。

darkly

Joanne's freckles stood out **darkly** against her pale skin...

乔安妮脸上的深色雀斑在苍白肤色的映衬下非常显眼。

The tea was **darkly** amber, the way he liked it.

茶呈暗琥珀色，正是他希望的样子。

4 COMB in COLOUR 与颜色词构成的词 **(颜色) 深的，暗的** When you use **dark** to describe a colour, you are referring to a shade of that colour which is close to black, or seems to have some black in it.

She was wearing a **dark** blue dress.

她穿着一件深蓝色的礼服。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(头发、眼睛或肤色) 棕色的，黑色的** If someone has **dark** hair, eyes, or skin, they have brown or black hair, eyes, or skin.

He had **dark**, curly hair...

他有一头卷曲的黑发。

Leo went on, his **dark** eyes wide with pity and concern.

利奥接着说下去，他的黑眼睛瞪得大大的，充满怜悯和关切。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(白人) 有着棕色（或黑色）头发（且皮肤略带棕色）的，肤色深的** If you describe a white person as **dark**, you mean that they have brown or black hair, and often a brownish skin.

Carol is a tall, **dark**, Latin type of woman...

卡萝尔身材高大，黑发棕肤，是个有着拉丁风情的女子。

The driver was very **dark**. Maltese, maybe.

司机一头乌发、肤色黧黑，可能是个马耳他人。

darkly

He was a slim, solemn, **darkly** handsome young man.

他是个身材修长、表情庄重、皮肤黧黑的帅小伙。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(时期) 黑暗的，恐怖的，悲惨的** A **dark** period of time is unpleasant or frightening.

Once again there's talk of very **dark** days ahead...

又有传言说以后的日子会非常艰难。

This was the **darkest** period of the war.

这是那次战争中最黑暗的时期。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (地方)神秘的, 隐秘的 A dark place or area is mysterious and not fully known about.

The spacecraft is set to throw new light on to a **dark** corner of the solar system.

这艘宇宙飞船可能会让人们们对太阳系中的一个神秘角落有更新的认识。

...the **dark** recesses of the mind.

隐秘的思想深处

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (想法) 忧郁的, 悲观的 Dark thoughts are sad, and show that you are expecting something unpleasant to happen.

Troy's chatter kept me from thinking **dark** thoughts.

特洛伊的喋喋不休让我暂时收起了阴郁思绪。

darkly

Her thoughts circled **darkly** round Bernard's strange behaviour.

她为伯纳德的古怪行为忧心忡忡。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (眼神或话语) 阴险的, 邪恶的, 不祥的 Dark looks or remarks make you think that the person giving them wants to harm you or that something horrible is going to happen.

Garin shot him a **dark** glance, as if in warning.

加林恶狠狠地瞪了他一眼, 似乎是在警告。

...**dark** threats.

恶毒的威胁

darkly

'Something's wrong here,' she said **darkly**...

“这儿有些不对劲,” 她不祥地说道。

They shake their heads and mutter **darkly**.

他们一边摇头, 一边阴沉地小声嘀咕。

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (指与严肃或令人不快的事物相关的) 黑色的 If you describe something as dark, you mean that it is related to things that are serious or unpleasant, rather than light-hearted.

Their **dark** humor never failed to astound him...

他们的黑色幽默总能让他咋舌。

Nina took a kind of **dark** pleasure in being the focus of the tension between her father and her brother.

对成了父亲和哥哥紧张关系的焦点, 尼娜有点幸灾乐祸。

darkly

The atmosphere after Wednesday's debut was as **darkly** comic as the film itself...

星期三首映之后的气氛就如电影本身一样, 充满了黑色喜剧色彩。

Von Otter was superb both in the **darkly** dramatic songs, and in the lighter ones.

冯·奥特无论是演唱严肃的戏剧曲目还是较为轻松愉快的歌曲时, 都表现得无可挑剔。

12 See also: [pitch-dark](#) ;

13 PHRASE 短语 天黑后 If you do something **after dark**, you do it when the sun has set and night has begun.

They avoid going out alone **after dark**.

他们避免在天黑以后独自外出。

14 PHRASE 短语 天黑前 If you do something **before dark**, you do it before the sun sets and night begins.

They'll be back well **before dark**.

他们会在天黑前早早返回。

15 PHRASE 短语 (对...) 一无所知, 毫不知情 If you are **in the dark about** something, you do not know anything about it.

The investigators admit that they are completely **in the dark** about the killing...

调查人员承认他们对这起谋杀一无所知。

I managed to keep my parents **in the dark** about this...

我设法对父母瞒下了此事。

I'm as much **in the dark** as you.

我和你一样毫不知情。

16 PHRASE 短语 臆猜; 盲干 If you describe something someone says or does as a **shot in the dark** or a **stab in the dark**, you mean they are guessing that what they say is correct or that what they do will be successful.

Every single one of those inspired guesses had been **shots in the dark**.

所有那些凭直觉的猜测都是无根据的臆猜。

17 **leap in the dark** → see: [leap](#) ;

data ★★★★★☆

datum is sometimes used as the singular form of data.

datum 有时用作 data 的单数形式。

1 N-UNCOUNT ; also N-PLURAL 不可数名词; 复数名词 (尤指可用于分析的) 资料, 材料, 数据 (美国英语中通常用作复数名词; 在专业或正式的英国英语中有时用作复数名词, 有时用作不可数名词) You can refer to information as **data**, especially when it is in the form of facts or statistics that you can analyse. In American English, **data** is usually a plural noun. In technical or formal British English, **data** is sometimes a plural noun, but at other times, it is an uncount noun.

The study was based on **data** from 2,100 women...

这项研究基于从 2,100 名女性那里收集来的资料。

...the latest year for which **data** is available...

有可利用资料的最近的年份

To cope with these **data**, hospitals bought large mainframe computers.

为处理这些数据, 医院购入了一些大型主机。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (可存储并为计算机程序所用的) 数据 Data is information that can be stored and used by a computer program.

You can compress huge amounts of **data** on to a CD-ROM.

可以把大量的数据压缩到一张CD-ROM上。

date ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 日期; 日子 A **date** is a specific time that can be named, for example a particular day or a particular year.

What's the **date** today?...

今天是几号?

You will need to give the **dates** you wish to stay and the number of rooms you require.

需要提供想要入住的起止日期以及所需的房间数目。

2 VERB 动词 确定...的日期(或年代) If you **date** something, you give or discover the date when it was made or when it began.

You cannot **date** the carving and it is difficult to **date** the stone itself...

无法确定这一雕刻的年代, 连石头本身的年代都难以判断。

I think we can **date** the decline of Western Civilization quite precisely...

我认为我们可以相当准确地确定西方文明开始衰落的年代。

Archaeologists have **dated** the fort to the reign of Emperor Antoninus Pius.

考古学家判定这个堡垒建于罗马皇帝安东尼·庇护统治时期。

3 VERB 动词 在(信件、支票等)上注明日期 When you **date** something such as a letter or a cheque, you write that day's date on it.

Once the decision is reached, he can **date** and sign the sheet...

一旦决议达成, 他就可以在这张纸上签署日期和姓名了。

The letter is **dated** 2 July 1993.

信件上的日期是 1993 年 7 月 2 日。

4 N-SING 单数名词 在(某个)日期; 在(某个)时间 If you want to refer to an event without saying exactly when it will happen or when it happened, you can say that it will happen or happened at some **date** in the future or past.

Retain copies of all correspondence, since you may need them at a later **date**...

要保留好所有信件的副本, 日后可能会用到。

He did leave open the possibility of direct American aid at some unspecified **date** in the future...

他确实没有排除将来某一天美国可能会提供直接援助的可能。

At some **date** in the 1990s British oil production will probably tail off.

到20世纪90年代的某个时候, 英国石油产量可能会逐渐减少。

5 PHRASE 短语 迄今; 到目前为止 To **date** means up until the present time.

'Dottie' is by far his best novel **to date**...

《多蒂》是他迄今为止最好的小说。

She is without question the craziest person I've met **to date**...

她无疑是我到目前为止所遇到的最疯狂之人。

To **date** we have spent eight thousand pounds between us.

迄今我们总共已经花掉了8,000英镑。

6 VERB 动词 **过时；落伍** If something **dates**, it goes out of fashion and becomes unacceptable to modern tastes.

A black coat always looks smart and will never **date**...

黑色外套看起来总是很潇洒，而且永远也不会落伍。

This album has hardly **dated** at all.

这张专辑几乎一点都不过时。

7 VERB 动词 **使显老；使显出年龄大** If your ideas, what you say, or the things that you like or can remember **date** you, they show that you are quite old or older than the people you are with.

It's going to **date** me now. I attended that school from 1969 to 1972.

现在说起来我就显老了。我1969至1972年就读于那所学校。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(尤指男女间的)约会** A **date** is an appointment to meet someone or go out with them, especially someone with whom you are having, or may soon have, a romantic relationship.

I have a **date** with Bob...

我和鲍勃有个约会。

He had made a **date** with a girl he had met the day before...

他和前一天遇到的那个女孩定下了约会。

I think we should make a **date** to go and see Gwendolen soon.

我想我们应该尽快约个时间去看看格温德琳。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **约会对象** If you have a **date** with someone with whom you are having, or may soon have, a romantic relationship, you can refer to that person as your **date**.

He lied to Essie, saying his **date** was one of the girls in the show.

他对埃西撒谎说他约会的是参加演出的一个女孩。

10 V-RECIP 相互动词 **(与...)约会** If you are **dating** someone, you go out with them regularly because you are having, or may soon have, a romantic relationship with them. You can also say that two people are **dating**.

For a year I **dated** a woman who was a research assistant...

我曾与一位女研究助理约会了一年的时间。

They've been **dating** for three months...

他们已约会3个月了。

In high school, he did not **date** very much.

中学的时候，他不常约会。

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 **海枣(果)** A **date** is a small, dark-brown, sticky fruit with a stone inside. Dates grow on palm trees in hot countries.

12 See also: [blind date](#) ; [carbon](#)

[dating](#) ; [dated](#) ; [out of date](#) ; [up to date](#) ;

相关词组：

[date back](#) [date from](#)

dead ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **死亡的；去世的** A person, animal, or plant that is **dead** is no longer living.

Her husband's been **dead** a year now...

她的丈夫已经去世一年了。

The group had shot **dead** another hostage.

该组织又开枪打死了一名人质。

...their **dead** brother.

他们死去的兄弟

...old newspapers and **dead** flowers.

旧报纸和枯死的花

The dead are people who are dead. (**总称**) 死者

The **dead** included six people attending a religious ceremony.

死者包括6位参加宗教仪式的人。

...the annual festival when Chinese traditionally honour the **dead**.

中国人每年悼念死者的传统节日

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **dead** with **died**. **Died** is the past tense and past participle of the verb **die**, and thus indicates the action of dying. *She died in 1934...*

Two men have died since the rioting broke out.

You do not use **died** as an adjective. You use **dead** instead. *More than 2,200 dead birds have been found.*

不要混淆 **dead** 和 **died**。 **died** 是动词 **die** 的过去式和过去分词，因此表示死亡这一动作： *She died in 1934* (她死于1934年)， *Two men have died since the rioting broke out* (骚乱发生后已有两人死亡)。形容词不用 **died**，而用 **dead**： *More than 2,200 dead birds have been found* (已经发现了2,200多只死鸟)。

2 ADJ 形容词 **(土地或水域)无生命存在的** Land or water that is **dead** contains no living things.

...charred land, mountainsides of **dead** earth and stumps of trees...

烧焦的土地、无一活物的山坡和残存的树桩

But this water seems **dead**: it's polluted and horribly stagnant.

但这似乎是一潭死水：受了污染而且恶臭无比。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(地方或时期)无生气的，死气沉沉的** If you describe a place or a period of time as **dead**, you do not like it because there is very little activity taking place in it.

...some **dead** little town where the liveliest thing is the flies...

某个死气沉沉的小镇，那里最有活力的东西就是苍蝇

This made that holiday week a particularly **dead** period.

这让那一周的假期显得特别沉闷。

4 ADJ 形容词 **不再使用的；用尽的** Something that is **dead** is no longer being used or is finished.

The **dead** cigarette was still between his fingers...

那支已熄灭的香烟仍在他指间。

This bottle's **dead**. But we've got another one.

这一瓶已经空了，不过我们还有一瓶。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(想法、计划或话题)不再令人感兴趣的，不值得再考虑的，已停滞的** If you say that an idea, plan, or subject is **dead**, you mean that people are no longer interested in it or willing to develop it any further.

It's a **dead** issue, Baxter...

这个问题已经没人再谈论了，巴克斯特。

But that doesn't mean this brand of politics is **dead** or dying...

但那并不意味着这种政治主张已经或正在消亡。

The deal with Chelsea may not, however, be **dead**.

不过，与切尔西的交易或许还有戏。

6 ADJ 形容词 **(语言)死的，不再通用的** A **dead** language is no longer spoken or written as a means of communication, although it may still be studied.

We used to grumble that we were wasting time learning a **dead** language.

我们过去常常抱怨自己是在浪费时间学一门死语言。

7 ADJ 形容词 **(电话等电气设备)不再运转的，没电的** A telephone or piece of electrical equipment that is **dead** is no longer functioning, for example because it no longer has any electrical power.

On another occasion I answered the phone and the line went **dead**.

还有一回，我一接电话，就掉线了。

8 ADJ 形容词 **(体育运动中的球)界外的，死的** In sport, when a ball is **dead**, it has gone outside the playing area, or a situation has occurred in which the game has to be temporarily stopped, and none of the players can score points or gain an advantage.

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(声音)沉闷的；(颜色)暗淡的，不鲜亮的** A **dead** sound or colour is dull rather than lively or bright.

'That is correct, Meg,' he answered in his cold, **dead** voice...

“没错，梅格。”他用冰冷、阴沉的声音答道。

Then he heard a piercing scream echoing down the deep well, ending in a dull, **dead** thud.

接着他听见深井里回响起一声刺耳的尖叫，然后是砰的一声闷响，再之后就什么也听不见了。

Dead is also a combining form. (**亦可用于构词**)

The blood drained from his face, leaving the skin **dead** white.

他的脸失去了血色，变得一片死灰。

10 ADJ 形容词 完全的, 绝对的 (尤用于修饰 centre, silence 和 stop) **Dead** is used to mean 'complete' or 'absolute', especially before the words 'centre', 'silence', and 'stop'.

He adjusted each chesspiece so that it stood **dead centre** in its square...

他调整每颗棋子, 使它们立于格子的正中央。

They hurried about in **dead silence**, with anxious faces...

他们匆匆地走来走去, 一言不发, 面露焦急之色。

Lila's boat came to a **dead stop**.

莉拉的船猝然停下。

11 ADV 副词 正好; 恰好; 精确地 **Dead** means 'precisely' or 'exactly'.

Mars was visible, **dead** in the centre of the telescope...

可以看得见火星, 就在望远镜的正中央。

Their arrows are **dead on target**...

他们的箭正中靶心。

A fishing boat came out of nowhere, **dead ahead**.

一艘渔船不知从什么地方冒了出来, 就在正前方。

12 ADV 副词 很; 非常 **Dead** is sometimes used to mean 'very'.

Meadowhall is also **dead** easy for people to get to...

去梅多霍尔购物中心也非常方便。

His poems sound **dead** boring, actually...

实际上, 他的诗听起来非常乏味。

I am **dead** against the legalisation of drugs.

我坚决反对将毒品合法化。

13 CONVENTION 惯用语 (表示强烈反对) 除非我死了 If you reply '**Over my dead body**' when a plan or action has been suggested, you are emphasizing that you dislike it, and will do everything you can to prevent it.

'Let's invite her to dinner.' — '**Over my dead body!**'

“我们请她来吃晚饭吧。”——“除非我死了！”

14 PHRASE 短语 完全了结的; 彻底过去的 If you say that something such as an idea or situation is **dead and buried**, you are emphasizing that you think that it is completely finished or past, and cannot happen or exist again in the future.

I thought the whole business was **dead and buried**...

我以为这整件事已经完全了结了。

In two years, the British coal industry will be **dead and buried**.

英国煤炭工业只消两年就将彻底瓦解。

15 PHRASE 短语 突然死亡; 猝死 If you say that a person or animal **dropped dead** or **dropped down dead**, you mean that they died very suddenly and unexpectedly.

He **dropped dead** on the quayside.

他猝死在码头区。

16 PHRASE 短语 See also: [drop dead](#); 去死吧; 见鬼去吧; 别再烦人 If you tell someone to **drop dead**, you are insulting them, rudely disagreeing with them, or refusing to do something, or telling them to stop bothering you.

75% of the firms he called were hostile and told him to '**drop dead**.'

在他电话联系的公司里, 75% 都怀有敌意, 让他“见鬼去吧”。

17 PHRASE 短语 不在人世的; 去世的 If you say that someone is **dead and gone**, you are emphasizing that they are dead, and thinking about what happened or will happen after their death.

Often a genius is recognized only after he is **dead and gone**.

天才往往在离开人世之后才得到认可。

18 PHRASE 短语 累得要命; 病得半死 If you say that you **feel dead** or **are half dead**, you mean that you feel very tired or ill and very weak.

You looked **half dead** after that journey...

经过那趟旅程之后, 你看上去真是累坏了。

I feel pretty **dead** right now.

我觉得自己现在几乎快要死了。

19 PHRASE 短语 在夜晚万籁俱寂之时/在隆冬 If something happens **in the dead of night**, **at dead of night**, or **in the dead of winter**, it happens in the middle part of the night or the winter, when it is darkest or coldest.

I couldn't fly illegally into a country in the **dead of night**...

我不能在深夜乘飞机非法进入一个国家。

We buried it in the garden at **dead of night**...

我们在夜深人静的时候把它埋到了花园里。

Early one Thursday morning in the **dead of winter** I awoke to a blizzard.

隆冬时节的一个星期四, 一大早醒来我就发现外面刮起了暴风雪。

20 PHRASE 短语

(耶稣) 复活/使...复活 When Christians say that Jesus Christ **rose from the dead** or **raised someone from the dead**, they mean that Jesus came back to life after he had died, or brought a dead person back to life.

21 PHRASE 短语 卷土重来; 重新活跃起来 (或获得成功) If you say that someone or something **rises** or **comes back from the dead**, you mean that they become active or successful again after being inactive for a while.

This was a company that, by all appearances, had risen from the **dead**...

从一切迹象来看, 这是一家已经起死回生的公司。

Faldo came back from the **dead** to win his third Open golf championship.

福尔多重整旗鼓, 赢得了他的第三个高尔夫球公开赛冠军。

22 PHRASE 短语 死也 (不会), 绝对 (不会) (穿某种衣服、去某个地方或处于某种境地) If you say that you **wouldn't be seen dead** or **be caught dead** in particular clothes, places, or situations, you are expressing strong dislike or disapproval of them.

I **wouldn't be seen dead** in a straw hat.

我死也不会戴草帽。

...men who **wouldn't be seen dead** pushing a pram...

死也不会去推婴儿车的男人们

I **wouldn't be caught dead** in such an old-fashioned place.

我绝对不会去那样老土的地方。

23 PHRASE 短语 (使) 突然停止 (发生或移动) To **stop dead** means to suddenly stop happening or moving. To **stop someone or something dead** means to cause them to suddenly stop happening or moving.

We all **stopped dead** and looked at it...

我们一下子全都停了下来看着它。

She had meant to make a discreet entrance, but conversation **stopped dead**...

她本打算悄悄进去, 但谈话却突然中断了。

The sight of it **stopped them dead**.

一看见它, 他们猝然停住了。

24 PHRASE 短语 败局已定的; 不太可能成功的 If you say that someone or something is **dead in the water**, you are emphasizing that they have failed, and that there is little hope of them being successful in the future.

A 'no' vote would have left the treaty **dead in the water**.

一张否决票可能就会使这个条约胎死腹中。

25 to **flog a dead horse**→see: [flog](#); a **dead loss**→see: [loss](#); a **dead ringer**→see: [ringer](#); to **stop dead in your tracks**→see: [track](#);

death ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 死; 死亡 **Death** is the permanent end of the life of a person or animal.

1.5 million people are in immediate danger of **death** from starvation.

150 万人正面临着被饿死的急迫危险。

...the thirtieth anniversary of her **death**...

她逝世 30 周年的纪念日

The report mentions the **death** of 18 people in suspicious circumstances...

那份报告提到 18 人死亡情况可疑。

There had been a **death** in the family...

家里有人过世了。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (某种) 死法, 死亡方式 A particular kind of **death** is a particular way of dying.

They made sure that he died a horrible **death**...

他们让他死得很惨。

He would rather have a decent **death** which served some purpose than a meaningless **death**.

他宁愿死得其所, 也不想无谓地死去。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **终结**；**结束**；**灭亡**；**破灭** The death of something is the permanent end of it.

It meant the **death** of everything he had ever been or ever hoped to be.

这意味着他过去的一切存在或曾经希望的存在均已终结。

...the **death** of pop music.

流行音乐的死亡

4 PHRASE 短语 **病危**；**行将就木** If you say that someone is **at death's door**, you mean they are very ill indeed and likely to die.

He told his boss a tale about his mother being at **death's door**...

他向老板谎称自己的母亲病危。

My dad was the same. He could be at **death's door** but wouldn't say a word.

我爸爸也一样。他就算已经病得快不行了也还是会一声不吭。

5 PHRASE 短语 **斗争到底**；**誓死捍卫** If you say that you will **fight to the death** for something, you are emphasizing that you will do anything to achieve or protect it, even if you suffer as a consequence.

He said they did not want war—but if attacked they would **fight to the death**...

他说他们不希望有战争——但一旦遭到攻击，定会战斗到底。

She'd have fought to the **death** for that child.

她会为了那个孩子抗争到底。

6 PHRASE 短语 **生死决斗**；**殊死决战** If you refer to a fight or contest as a **fight to the death**, you are emphasizing that it will not stop until the death or total victory of one of the opponents.

...an eleven-hour **fight to the death** between a baboon and leopard...

一只獠猴和一头美洲豹之间长达 11 小时的殊死搏斗

He now faces a **fight to the death** to reach the quarter-finals.

他现在面临一场杀入四分之一决赛的殊死决战。

7 PHRASE 短语 **生死攸关的**；**至关重要的** If you say that something is a **matter of life and death**, you are emphasizing that it is extremely important, often because someone may die or suffer great harm if people do not act immediately.

Well, never mind, John, it's not a **matter of life and death**...

好了，约翰，别太在意了。这又不是什么生死攸关的大事。

We're dealing with a **life-and-death** situation here...

我们正面临一个生死关头。

It is only a hobby, not a **life or death** struggle.

这只是一项爱好，不需要拼死拼活地努力。

8 PHRASE 短语 **被处死**；**被处决** If someone is **put to death**, they are executed.

Those **put to death** by firing squad included three generals.

行刑队处决的那些人里有 3 名将军。

9 PHRASE 短语 (用于动词后) **以致死亡** You use **to death** after a verb to indicate that a particular action or process results in someone's death.

He was **stabbed to death**.

他被刀刺中身亡。

...relief missions to try to keep the country's population from starving **to death**...

努力确保该国人民不被饿死的救援任务

He almost **bled to death** after the bullet severed an artery.

子弹穿过动脉，他失血过多几乎性命不保。

10 PHRASE 短语 (用于形容词或动词后，表示强调) **吓得要死**；**无聊得要命** You use **to death** after an adjective or a verb to emphasize the action, state, or feeling mentioned. For example, if you are **frightened to death** or **bored to death**, you are extremely frightened or bored.

He scares teams **to death** with his pace and power...

他的速度之快、力量之大让其他队胆战不已。

Whereas 10 years ago I would have worried myself **to death** about it, now I accept it is part of the game...

10 年前我会为此担心得要命，但现在我接受了它是游戏的一部分。

I went out last night, but not for very long. I was **bored to death**.

昨晚我出去了，但没有呆很久。我感觉无聊透了。

11 PHRASE 短语 **使...累死累活地工作** (或劳动) If you say that someone **works another person to death**, you are emphasizing that they make them work very hard indeed, especially in a way that seems cruel or unfair.

They **worked themselves to death** but never lost their humour.

他们累死累活地干活，但却从没有丢掉幽默感。

debate ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 (各自发表不同观点的) **辩论**，**争论**，**讨论** A **debate** is a discussion about a subject on which people have different views.

An intense **debate** is going on within the Israeli government...

以色列政府内部正在进行激烈的辩论。

There has been a lot of **debate** among scholars about this.

学者之间对此一直争论纷纷。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (议会或其他机构就某问题在投票前进行的) **辩论** A **debate** is a formal discussion, for example in a parliament or institution, in which people express different opinions about a particular subject and then vote on it.

There are expected to be some heated **debates** in parliament over the next few days.

预计接下来的几天里议会将会进行一些激烈的辩论。

debating

It is an excellent idea to encourage them to join a school **debating** society.

鼓励他们加入学校的辩论社是个绝佳的主意。

...**debating** skills.

辩论技巧

3 V-RECIP 相互动词 (与...) **辩论**，**争论**，**讨论** If people **debate** a topic, they discuss it fairly formally, putting forward different views. You can also say that one person **debates** a topic **with** another person.

The United Nations Security Council will **debate** the issue today...

联合国安理会今天将就这个问题展开讨论。

The causes of anorexia are much **debated**...

关于厌食的起因存在颇多争论。

Scholars have **debated** whether or not Yagenta became a convert...

学者们就弥源太是否皈依进行过辩论。

He likes to **debate** issues with his friends.

他喜欢跟朋友辩论各种问题。

4 VERB 动词 **考虑**；**盘算**；**权衡** If you **debate** whether to do something or what to do, you think or talk about possible courses of action before deciding exactly what you are going to do.

Taggart **debated** whether to have yet another double vodka...

塔格特思忖着是否再要一杯双份伏特加。

At the moment we are **debating** what furniture to buy for the house...

我们眼下正盘算着为房子购置什么样的家具。

I **debated** going back inside, but decided against it.

我寻思着是否再进去，最后还是决定离开。

5 PHRASE 短语 **存在争论的**；**有待讨论的**；**未确定的** If you say that a matter is **open to debate**, you mean that people have different opinions about it, or it has not yet been firmly decided.

Which of them has more musical talent is **open to debate**.

他们之中谁更有音乐天赋还未有定论。

debt ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 See also: [bad debt](#)；**债务**；**欠款** A **debt** is a sum of money that you owe someone.

Three years later, he is still paying off his **debts**...

都3年了，他仍在偿还债务。

Shrinking economies mean falling tax revenues and more government **debt**.

经济收缩意味着税收的减少和政府债务的增加。

...reducing the country's \$18 billion foreign **debt**.

削减该国所欠的 180 亿美元外债

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **负债** (状态) **Debt** is the state of owing money.

Stress is a main reason for **debt**.

重压是负债的一个主要原因。

If you are **in debt** or **get into debt**, you owe money. If you

are out of debt or get out of debt, you succeed in paying all the money that you owe. **负债不负债；欠债不欠债**

He was already deeply in **debt** through gambling losses...

他原就已经因为赌博输钱负债累累了。

How can I accumulate enough cash to get out of **debt**?
我怎样才能攒足钱还清债务呢？

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (表示感激) 我欠你个人情/我受你的恩惠 You use **debt** in expressions such as I owe you a debt or I am in your debt when you are expressing gratitude for something that someone has done for you.

He was so good to me that I can never repay the **debt** I owe him...

他对我太好了，我永远也还不清这份人情。

I owe a **debt** of thanks to Joyce Thompson, whose careful and able research was of great help...

我要衷心地感谢乔伊斯·汤普森先生，他严谨而卓著的研究给予了我极大的帮助。

I know I shall feel for ever in her **debt**.

我知道我将会永远感激她。

decade ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 十年，十年期 (尤指一个年代) A **decade** is a period of ten years, especially one that begins with a year ending in 0, for example 1980 to 1989.

...the last **decade** of the nineteenth century.

19 世纪的最后 10 年

declare ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 宣称，声称 (...为事实)；表明(态度、意图等) If you **declare** that something is true, you say that it is true in a firm, deliberate way. You can also **declare** an attitude or intention.

Speaking outside Ten Downing Street, she **declared** that she would fight on...

她在英国首相官邸外发表讲话时宣称她将继续斗争下去。

I'm absolutely thrilled to have done what I've done,' he **declared**...

他宣称道：“我为自己的所作所为感到兴奋不已。”

He **declared** his intention to become the best golfer in the world...

他表明自己想要成为世界上最好的高尔夫球选手。

Glasses of Madeira wine were brought to us. We **declared** it delicious...

端来了几杯马德拉白葡萄酒，我们一致认为它的味道好极了。

He turned up in northern Cyprus, declaring himself happy to be home.

他出现在塞浦路斯北部，声称自己很高兴又回家了。

2 VERB 动词 宣布；宣告 If you **declare** something, you state officially and formally that it exists or is the case.

The government is ready to **declare** a permanent ceasefire...

政府准备宣布永久性停火。

His lawyers are confident that the judges will **declare** Mr Stevens innocent...

史蒂文斯先生的律师们确信法官将宣告他无罪。

The U.N. has **declared** it to be a safe zone...

联合国已宣布它为安全区。

On striking his sword on the stone, he **declared** himself Lord of the City...

在以剑身击石之后，他宣布自己为“城之主宰”。

You may have to **declare** that you have had an HIV test.

你可能需要声明自己已经做过艾滋病病毒检测。

3 VERB 动词 申报(纳税品、收入等) If you **declare** goods that you have bought in another country or money that you have earned, you say how much you have bought or earned so that you can pay tax on it.

Your income must be **declared** on this form...

必须在这张表格上申报你的收入。

She had nothing to **declare**, and was starting to go through the 'Green' channel when she was stopped.

她没有什么要申报的，便开始进入绿色通道，结果就在这时被拦住了。

相关词组：

[declare for](#)

decline ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 下降；减少；衰退；衰落 If something **declines**, it becomes less in quantity, importance, or strength.

The number of staff has **declined** from 217,000 to 114,000...

员工人数从 21.7 万减少到了 11.4 万。

Hourly output by workers **declined** 1.3% in the first quarter...

第一季度工人每小时的产量下降了 1.3%。

Union membership and union power are declining fast.

工会的人数和力量都在迅速萎缩。

...a declining birth rate.

呈下降态势的人口出生率

2 VERB 动词 婉拒；谢绝 If you **decline** something or **decline** to do something, you politely refuse to accept it or do it.

He **declined** their invitation...

他谢绝了他们的邀请。

The band **declined** to comment on the story...

乐队拒绝对这一报道作任何评论。

He offered the boys some coffee. They **declined** politely.

他问那些小伙子要不要来点咖啡，他们婉辞了。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 下降；减少；衰退；衰落 If there is a **decline** in something, it becomes less in quantity, importance, or quality.

There wasn't such a big **decline** in enrollments after all...

注册人数终究还是没有出现如此大幅度的下降。

...Rome's **decline** in the fifth century...

公元 5 世纪时罗马的衰落

The first signs of economic **decline** became visible.

经济衰退的最初迹象开始显现出来。

4 PHRASE 短语 逐渐势微；正在衰退 If something is **in decline** or **on the decline**, it is gradually decreasing in importance, quality, or power.

Thankfully the smoking of cigarettes is **on the decline**...

令人欣慰的是，吸烟量在逐渐下降。

He is still one of the world's most popular golfers, but his game is **in decline**.

他仍是世界上最受欢迎的高尔夫球选手之一，但他的球技日不如前。

5 PHRASE 短语 走下坡路；开始衰退 If something goes or falls **into decline**, it begins to gradually decrease in importance, quality, or power.

Libraries are an investment for the future and they should not be allowed to fall **into decline**.

图书馆是对未来的一项投资，不应任其日趋衰败。

deep ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (从上到下深的，厚的) If something is **deep**, it extends a long way down from the ground or from the top surface of something.

The water is very **deep** and mysterious-looking...

水看上去幽深莫测。

Den had dug a **deep** hole in the centre of the garden...

德恩在花园的中央挖了一个深洞。

Kelly swore quietly, looking at the **deep** cut on his left hand.

凯利看着自己左手上深深的伤口，嘴里嘟囔了一句。

...a **deep** ravine.

深谷

Deep is also an adverb.

Deep in the earth's crust the rock may be subjected to temperatures high enough to melt it...

在地壳深处，温度如此之高，可能足以将岩石熔化。

Gingerly, she put her hand in **deeper**, to the bottom.

她一只手小心翼翼地往下伸，一直摸到底部。

deeply

There isn't time to dig **deeply** and put in manure or compost...

没有时间来深挖然后施以粪肥或堆肥。

It removes **deeply** embedded dirt and grease so allowing your horse's skin to breathe more easily.

它可以清除厚积的尘垢和油脂，让马的皮肤更加自在地呼吸。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (从前到后深的, 类的) A **deep** container, such as a cupboard, extends or measures a long distance from front to back.

The wardrobe was very **deep**.
这个衣柜很深。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 有...深的 You use **deep** to talk or ask about how much something measures from the surface to the bottom, or from front to back.

I found myself in water only three feet **deep**...
我发现脚下的水只有 3 英尺深。

The mud is ankle **deep** around Shush Square...
舒什广场周围的泥水深及脚踝。

How **deep** did the snow get?
雪下了多深?

Deep is also a combining form. (亦可用于构词)

...an inch- **deep** stab wound.
一英寸深的刺伤

...one of the many points on the river where the water runs thigh- **deep**.
河水深及大腿的许多地方之一

4 ADV-GRADED 副词 深入地; 在(或至)深处 **Deep** in an area means a long way inside it

They were now **deep** inside rebel territory.
他们现在已深入叛军占领区。

...**deep** inside the country...
深入该国的腹地

The first goal originated from a free-kick **deep** inside Everton's half.
第一粒进球源自于从埃弗顿队的后半场开出的任意球。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (足球、网球等运动中球纵深的, 靠近对方端线的) In sports such as football and tennis, a **deep** shot or pass is one that sends the ball a long way towards the end of the pitch or court.

...Steve Staunton's **deep** cross.
史蒂夫·斯塔顿的纵深横传

...a **deep** volley.
凌空远射

6 ADV 副词 成...排地; 有...层地 If you say that things or people are **two**, **three**, or **four deep**, you mean that there are two, three, or four rows or layers of them there.

A crowd three **deep** seemed paralysed by the images on these monitors...
里里外外三层的人群看到显示屏上的画面似乎全都惊呆了。

The rest of the space was taken up by cardboard boxes piled right to the ceiling, ten **deep**.
其余的空间都被纸板盒子占据了, 一直摆到天花板, 足有 10 层高。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 严重的; 深切的; 深厚的; 深深的 You use **deep** to emphasize the seriousness, strength, importance, or degree of something.

I had a **deep** admiration for Sartre...
我对萨特怀有深深的敬意。

...a period of **deep** personal crisis...
经历严重个人危机的一段时期

This attitude was in **deep** contrast with popular feeling in the rest of Italy...
这一态度与意大利其他地方的普遍情绪形成鲜明对比。

He wants to express his **deep** sympathy to the family.
他想向这家人表示深切的同情。

deeply

Our meetings and conversations left me **deeply** depressed...
我们的会面和谈话让我深感沮丧。

He loved his brother **deeply**.
他深爱自己的弟弟。

8 ADV-GRADED 副词 在内心深处; 在心底 If you experience or feel something **deep inside** you or **deep down**, you feel it very strongly even though you do not necessarily show it.

I kept reassuring them but **deep** in my heart I knew we had no hope...
我一再安慰他们, 但在内心深处我知道我们没有任何希望。

Deep down, she supported her husband's involvement in the organization.
在心底里, 她支持丈夫参加这个组织。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (睡眠沉的, 酣的) If you are in a **deep** sleep, you are sleeping peacefully and it is difficult to wake you.

Una soon fell into a **deep** sleep.
尤娜很快便沉沉睡去。

deeply

She slept **deeply** but woke early.
她睡得很熟但醒得很早。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 沉浸在...中的; 专注于...的; 埋头于...的 If you are **deep in** thought or **deep in** conversation, you are concentrating very hard on what you are thinking or saying and are not aware of the things that are happening around you.

Abby had been so **deep** in thought that she had walked past her aunt's car without even seeing it...
阿比沉浸在自己的思绪中, 以至于从她姨妈的车边经过时都没有注意到。

Before long, we were **deep** in conversation.
没过多久, 我们便聊得很起劲了。

11 ADJ 形容词 (目光)锐利的, 深邃的 A **deep** look seems to see right into your mind.

Peter gave him a long **deep** look.
彼得深邃的目光长久地注视着他。

Deep is also an adverb.

He paused, staring **deep** into Mary's eyes.
他停了停, 深深地注视着玛丽的眼睛。

deeply

That's when he turned to me, looked **deeply** into my eyes and said, 'Something's happening and we both feel it, don't we?'
他就是在那时转过身来, 深望着我说: "有什么事不太对头, 我们都感觉到了, 不是吗?"

12 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (呼吸或叹息)深重的, 深长的 A **deep** breath or sigh uses or fills the whole of your lungs.

Cal took a long, **deep** breath, struggling to control his own emotions...
卡尔深长地吸了一口气, 努力控制自己的情绪。

At last he gave a **deep** sigh.
最后他一声长叹。

deeply

She sighed **deeply** and covered her face with her hands.
她深深地叹了一口气, 用手捂住了自己的脸。

13 COMB in COLOUR 与颜色词构成的词 (颜色)深的, 浓的 You use **deep** to describe colours that are strong and fairly dark.

The sky was **deep** blue and starry...
天空一片深蓝色, 其间星光闪烁。

The tree has gnarled red branches and **deep** green leaves.
这棵树的树枝扭曲多瘤且呈红色, 树叶则是深绿色。

Deep is also an adjective.

... **deep** colours.
浓重的色彩

14 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (声音)深沉的, 低沉的 A **deep** sound is low in pitch.

His voice was **deep** and mellow...
他的声音深沉而柔和。

They heard a **deep**, distant roar.
他们听到远处传来一声低沉的怒吼。

15 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (人)深沉的, 内敛的 If you describe someone as **deep**, you mean that they are quiet and reserved in a way that makes you think that they have good qualities such as intelligence or determination.

James is a very **deep** individual...
詹姆斯是一个非常内敛的人。

That expressionless face had seemed **deep** and mysterious.
那张毫无表情的脸看上去深沉而又神秘。

16 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (问题、文章等)重要的, 严肃的, 深刻的 If you describe something such as a problem or a piece of writing as **deep**, you mean that it is important, serious, or complicated.

This is a very **deep** question...
这是一个非常严肃的问题。

They're written as adventure stories. They're not

intended to be **deep**.

它们作为历险故事来写的，并没打算追求深刻。

17 ADV-GRADED 副词 **深陷(债务等中)** If you are **deep in debt**, you have a lot of debts.

He is so **deep in debt** and desperate for money that he's apparently willing to say anything...

他负债累累，急需要钱，很显然什么话都说得出来。

The company is sliding even **deeper** into the red.

公司的亏损状况进一步恶化。

deeply

Because of her medical and her legal bills, she is now penniless and **deeply in debt**.

因为高额的医疗和诉讼费用，她现在已是身无分文，债务缠身。

18 N-SING 单数名词 **海洋；大海** The **deep** means the sea.

...a vast unfrequented pool, traversed by whales and creatures of the **deep**.

一个面积巨大、人迹罕至的水池，鲸和其他海洋动物穿游其间

19 PHRASE 短语 **在内心深处，在心底(知道)** If you know something **deep down** or **deep down inside**, you know that it is true, but you are not always conscious of it or willing to admit it to yourself.

We knew **deep down** that we could do it...

在内心深处，我们知道自己能够做到。

Deep down, we had always detested each other.

我们在心底里一直都讨厌彼此。

20 PHRASE 短语 **深吸一口气(以使自己坚强自信)** If you say that you **took a deep breath** before doing something dangerous or frightening, you mean that you tried to make yourself feel strong and confident.

I took a **deep breath** and went in.

我深吸一口气，然后走了进去。

21 PHRASE 短语 **非常严重；极为强烈；根深蒂固** If you say that something goes **deep** or **runs deep**, you mean that it is very serious or strong and is hard to change.

His anger and anguish clearly went **deep**...

他的愤怒和痛苦显然是深切而强烈的。

The problems went **deeper** than mere teething difficulties.

问题不仅仅是起始阶段的小麻烦那么简单。

22 **in at the deep end**→see: [end](#); in deep water→see: [water](#);

defeat

★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 **击败；战胜** If you **defeat** someone, you win a victory over them in a battle, game, or contest.

His guerrillas **defeated** the colonial army in 1954...

1954年他领导的游击队打败了殖民军队。

The NHL Stanley Cup was won by the Montreal Canadiens, who **defeated** the Boston Bruins four games to one.

蒙特利尔加拿大人队以4比1战胜波士顿棕熊队，夺得了国家冰球联盟斯坦利杯。

2 VERB 动词 **否决(提案或动议)** If a proposal or motion in a debate is **defeated**, more people vote against it than for it.

The proposal was **defeated** by just one vote.

该提案仅以一票之差被否决。

3 VERB 动词 **(任务或问题)难住，难倒** If a task or a problem **defeats** you, it is so difficult that you cannot do it or solve it.

There were times when the challenges of writing such a huge novel almost **defeated** her.

有些时候，创作如此宏大的一部小说所面临的挑战几乎把她给难倒了。

4 VERB 动词 **挫败(行动或计划)；使落空** To **defeat** an action or plan means to cause it to fail.

The navy played a limited but significant role in **defeating** the rebellion...

海军在平息这场叛乱的过程中起到了有限但却十分重要的作用。

He swore to **defeat** Odin's plan.

他发誓一定要挫败奥丁的计划。

5 N-VAR 可变名词 **战败；失利；失败** Defeat is the experience of being beaten in a battle, game, or contest, or of failing to achieve what you wanted to.

The most important thing is not to admit **defeat** until you really have to...

最重要的是不到万不得已绝不要认输。

The vote is seen as a **defeat** for the anti-abortion lobby...

这一投票结果被看作是反堕胎游说团体的一次失败。

A 2-1 **defeat** by Sweden left them bottom of Group One.

1比2负于瑞典之后，他们处在了第一小组的最后一名。

defence

★★★★☆

The spelling defense is used in American English, and in meaning 8 is pronounced /di:'fens/. 美国英语中拼作 defense，义项8读作'di:'fens/.

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **防御；保卫；保护**

Defence is action that is taken to protect someone or something against attack.

The land was flat, giving no scope for **defence**...

这一地区非常平坦，根本没法进行防御。

By wielding a knife in **defence** you run the risk of having it used against you.

若是挥刀自卫，有可能会被夺去而反受其害。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **国防；军事防御**

Defence is the organization of a country's armies and weapons, and their use to protect the country or its interests.

Twenty eight percent of the federal budget is spent on defense.

28%的联邦预算用于国防。

...the French **defence** minister.

法国国防部长

...a five per cent cut in **defence** spending.

军费开支削减5%

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(国家或地区的)防御力量** The **defences** of a country or region are all its armed forces and weapons.

...the need to maintain Britain's **defences** at a sufficiently high level.

维持英国的防御力量在足够高水平之上的需要

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **防御物；防卫手段** A **defence** is something that people or animals can use or do to protect themselves.

The immune system is our main **defence** against disease...

人体的免疫系统是抵御疾病的主要屏障。

The boy could have felt sorry for himself and become depressed, or he could have adopted hardened cynicism as a defense.

这个男孩本有可能自怜自哀、抑郁消沉，也有可能采取冷酷的愤世嫉俗态度来保护自己。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **辩护；辩解** A **defence** is something that you say or write which supports ideas or actions that have been criticized or questioned.

Chomsky's **defence** of his approach goes further...

乔姆斯基对自己方法的辩护不止于此。

The Party Congress has closed with a spirited **defence** of the government's economic programme from the Deputy Prime Minister...

党代表大会以副总理对政府经济计划热烈的辩护拉上了帷幕。

'I've never used my Nigerian name, even before I was Chrystal Rose,' she said in **defence**.

“我从未使用过我的尼日利亚名字，即使在我叫克里斯特尔·罗斯之前也没有。”她辩解道。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(法庭上被告的)辩护，答辩** In a court of law, an accused person's **defence** is the process of presenting evidence in their favour.

He has insisted on conducting his own **defence**.

他坚持自己进行辩护。

7 N-SING 单数名词 **(被告律师的)辩护方法(或理由)；辩护律师** The **defence** is the case that is presented by a lawyer in a trial for the person who has been accused of a crime. You can also refer to this person's lawyers as **the defence**.

The **defence** was that the records of the interviews were fabricated by the police...

辩护论点为问讯记录是警方捏造的。

The **defence** pleaded insanity, but the defendant was found guilty and sentenced.

辩护律师辩称被告精神错乱，但最后被告还是被认定有罪并判刑。

...**defence** lawyers.

辩方律师

8 N-SING-COLL 单数集合名词 (足球、曲棍球等运动中的)防守 (队员) In games such as football or hockey, the **defence** is the group of players in a team who try to stop the opposing players scoring a goal or a point.

Their **defence**, so strong last season, has now conceded 12 goals in six games...

他们的防守上个赛季牢不可破，但在本赛季的6场比赛里已经丢了12个球。

I still prefer to play in **defence**.

我还是更喜欢打防守。

9 PHRASE 短语 替...辩护；为...辩解 If you come to someone's **defence**, you help them by doing or saying something to protect them.

He realized none of his schoolmates would come to his **defence**...

他意识到没有一个同学会挺身为他辩护。

Tony sprang to the **defence** of the 21-year-old, saying he was not to blame.

托尼马上站出来为那个21岁的男孩辩护，说那不是他的错。

defend ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 防御；保卫；保护 If you **defend** someone or something, you take action in order to protect them.

Every man who could fight was now committed to **defend** the ridge...

每个能够参加战斗的男子现在都决心要保卫这条山脊。

His courage in **defending** religious and civil rights inspired many outside the church...

他在捍卫宗教和公民权利时所表现出来的勇气鼓舞了许多教会之外的人。

They would have killed him if he had not **defended** himself...

如果他没有进行自卫的话，他们早就把他给杀死了。

In 1991 he and his friends **defended** themselves against some white racist thugs who set upon them for no other reason than their skin colour.

1991年，他和朋友在面对几个仅仅因为肤色就攻击他们的白人种族主义暴徒时奋起自卫。

2 VERB 动词 替...辩护；为...辩解；维护 If you **defend** someone or something when they have been criticized, you argue in support of them.

Matt **defended** all of Clarence's decisions, right or wrong...

克拉伦斯的决定，不管对错，马特都予以维护。

The author **defends** herself against charges of racism by noting that blacks are only one of her targets...

面对种族主义指控，作者替自己辩护说黑人只是她的抨击目标之一。

Police chiefs strongly **defended** police conduct against a wave of criticism.

针对批评的浪潮，警察局长们极力为警方的行为进行辩护。

3 VERB 动词 (律师)为(被告)辩护 When a lawyer **defends** a person who has been accused of something, the lawyer argues on their behalf in a court of law that the charges are not true.

...a lawyer who **defended** political prisoners during the military regime...

在军人政权时期为政治犯辩护的律师

He has hired a lawyer to **defend** him against the allegations...

他已聘请了一位律师针对这些指控为自己辩护。

Guy Powell, **defending**, told magistrates: 'It's a sad and disturbing case.'

盖伊·鲍威尔在进行辩护时对地方法官说道：“这是一件非常不幸、令人不安的案子。”

4 VERB 动词 卫冕 When a sports player plays in the tournament which they won the previous time it was held, you can say that they are **defending** their title.

Torrence expects to **defend** her title successfully in the next Olympics...

托伦斯希望在下届奥运会上能够卫冕成功。

India had to struggle to beat **defending** champions South Korea 2-0.

印度队苦战之下才以2比0击败卫冕冠军韩国队。

deficit ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 差额；赤字；亏损；逆差 A **deficit** is the amount by which something is less than what is required or expected, especially the amount by which the total money received is less than the total money spent.

They're ready to cut the federal budget **deficit** for the next fiscal year.

他们已准备好削减下一财年的联邦预算赤字。

...a **deficit** of 3.275 billion francs.

32.75亿法郎的赤字

If an account or organization is **in deficit**, more money has been spent than has been received. 有赤字的；出现亏损的

The current account of the balance of payments is in **deficit**.

国际收支往来账户余额为赤字。

degree ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 程度；级别 You use **degree** to indicate the extent to which something happens or is the case, or the amount which something is felt.

These man-made barriers will ensure a very high **degree** of protection...

这些人造屏障将会确保提供高度的保护。

Politicians have used television with varying **degrees** of success.

政客们已经利用电视取得了不同程度的成功。

If something has a **degree** of a particular quality, it has a small but significant amount of that quality. 一些，一定程度的(特质)

Their wages do, however, allow them a **degree** of independence...

不过，他们的工资确实给了他们一定的独立。

A **degree** of cautious optimism is justified.

表现出一定程度的谨慎乐观是合乎情理的。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (表示相对的数量、规模或范围)程度问题/程度上不同 You use **degree** in expressions such as a **matter of degree** and **different in degree** to indicate that you are talking about the comparative quantity, scale, or extent of something, rather than other factors.

The first change is a **matter of degree**, the second is a fundamental shift...

第一个改变只是程度上的变化，而第二个则是根本性的转变。

Generally, the programs of the president and the proposals of the governor appear to differ in **degree** and emphasis rather than ideology.

总的来说，总统的方案和州长的提议似乎只是在程度和强调的重点上有所不同，根本的思想观念几乎无异。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (温度的)度，度数 A **degree** is a unit of measurement that is used to measure temperatures. It is often written as °, for example 23°.

It's over 80 **degrees** outside...

外面的温度超过了80度。

Pure water sometimes does not freeze until it reaches minus 40 **degrees** Celsius.

纯净水有时候要降到零下40摄氏度才会结冰。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 度，度数(可以表示角度、经度、纬度等) A **degree** is a unit of measurement that is used to measure angles, and also longitude and latitude. It is often written as °, for example 23°.

It was pointing outward at an angle of 45 **degrees**.

它向外指向45度角的方向。

...McMurdo Station in Antarctica, which is at 78 **degrees** South.

位于南纬78度的麦克默多南极考察站

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 学位课程；学位；学位 A **degree** at a university or college is a course of study that you take there, or the qualification that you get when you have passed the course.

He took a master's **degree** in economics at Yale.

他选择了攻读耶鲁大学的经济学硕士学位。

...an engineering **degree**.

工程学学位

...the first year of a **degree** course.

学位课程的第一学年

6 See also: [first-degree](#); [second-degree](#); [third-degree](#);

7 PHRASE 短语 逐渐地；慢慢地 If something happens **by degrees**, it happens slowly and gradually.

The crowd in Robinson's Coffee-House was thinning, but only **by degrees**.

鲁宾逊咖啡屋里的人正在变少，但也只是渐少而已。

8 PHRASE 短语 在一定很大/某种程度上 You use expressions such as **to some degree**, **to a large degree**, or **to a certain degree** in order to indicate that something is partly true, but not entirely true.

These statements are, to some **degree**, all correct.

这些声明从某种程度上来说全部属实。

9 PHRASE 短语 到...的程度；在...程度上 You use expressions such as **to what degree** and **to the degree that** when you are discussing how true a statement is, or in what ways it is true.

To what **degree** would you say you had control over things that went on?...

你认为发生的事情在多大程度上是在你的掌控之下？

He believes in himself to such a **degree** that he abuses his friends.

他对自己极为自信，以至于竟然辱骂朋友。

10 **to the nth degree** → see: [nth](#) ;

delay ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 使延期；使延迟；推迟 If you **delay** doing something, you do not do it immediately or at the planned or expected time, but you leave it until later. → see usage note at: [cancel](#)

For sentimental reasons I wanted to **delay** my departure until June...

因为感情方面的原因，我想把离开的日期延迟至6月。

They had **delayed** having children, for the usual reason, to establish their careers...

为了那个通常的原因——创立自己的事业，他们推迟了生孩子。

So don't **delay**, write in now for your chance of a free gift.

所以不要再等了，现在就给我们写信，您将有机会得到一份免费礼物。

2 VERB 动词 使延误；使耽搁 To **delay** someone or something means to make them late or to slow them down.

Can you **delay** him in some way?...

你能想办法拖住他一会儿吗？

Various setbacks and problems **delayed** production...

各种各样的挫折和问题耽搁了生产进度。

The passengers were **delayed** for an hour.

乘客被延误了一个小时。

3 VERB 动词 (故意)拖延，磨蹭 If you **delay**, you deliberately take longer than necessary to do something.

If he **delayed** any longer, the sun would be up.

如果他再拖延，太阳就要出来了。

4 N-VAR 可变名词 延期；延迟；推迟 If there is a **delay**, something does not happen until later than planned or expected.

They claimed that such a **delay** wouldn't hurt anyone...

他们声称这样的延期对谁都不会造成损害。

Although the tests have caused some **delay**, flights should be back to normal this morning.

虽然检测造成了一定的延迟，不过今天早上航班就应该能恢复正常了。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 延误；耽搁 **Delay** is a failure to do something immediately or in the required or usual time.

There is no time left for **delay**...

已经没有时间再耽误了。

We'll send you a quote without **delay**.

我们会立刻送一份报价给你。

deliver ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 递送；投递；运送 If you **deliver** something somewhere, you take it there.

The Canadians plan to **deliver** more food to southern Somalia...

加拿大计划向索马里南部地区运送更多的食品。

The spy returned to **deliver** a second batch of classified documents...

那名间谍返回来递送第二批机密文件。

We were told the pizza would be **delivered** in 20 minutes.

我们被告知比萨饼 20 分钟后送到。

2 VERB 动词 履行；兑现；实现 If you **deliver** something that you have promised to do, make, or produce, you do, make, or produce it.

They have yet to show that they can really **deliver** working technologies...

他们尚未证明自己真的能够开发出实用技术。

... proving they could **deliver** the vote in their areas...

证明他们能够得到自己选区的选票

We don't promise what we can't **deliver**.

我们承诺的就一定会兑现。

3 VERB 动词 托付；交托 If you **deliver** a person or thing into someone's care, you give them responsibility for that person or thing.

Mrs Montgomery was **delivered** into Mr Hinchcliffe's care...

蒙哥马利夫人托给了欣奇利夫先生照顾。

David **delivered** Holly gratefully into the woman's outstretched arms...

戴维非常感激地把霍利递进那个女人张开的双臂中。

He was led in in handcuffs and **delivered** over to me.

他戴着手铐被带了过来，交到了我手里。

4 VERB 动词 作(讲座)；发表(讲话) If you **deliver** a lecture or speech, you give it in public.

The president will **deliver** a speech about schools...

总统将就学校问题发表讲话。

It is shocking that only one woman has **delivered** the lecture in 44 years.

在 44 年间仅有一名女性作过讲座，这真令人震惊。

5 VERB 动词 接生(婴儿) When someone **delivers** a baby, they help the woman who is giving birth to the baby.

Her husband had to **deliver** the baby himself.

她丈夫不得不自己接生孩子。

6 VERB 动词 给予(打击) If someone **delivers** a blow to someone else, they hit them.

Those blows to the head could have been **delivered** by a woman.

头部所受的那些重击有可能出自一个女人之手。

7 VERB 动词 解救；拯救；使解脱 If someone **delivers** you from something, they rescue or save you from it.

I have given thanks to God for **delivering** me from that pain.

我感谢上帝把我从那种痛苦中拯救出来。

8 **to deliver the goods** → see: [goods](#) ;

democracy ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 民主；民主制度；民主政体 **Democracy** is a system of government in which people choose their rulers by voting for them in elections.

...the spread of **democracy** in Eastern Europe.

民主制度在东欧的传播

...the pro-**democracy** movement.

亲民主运动

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 民主国家 A **democracy** is a country in which the people choose their government by voting for it.

The new democracies face tough challenges.

这些新兴的民主国家面临着严峻挑战。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 民主管理制度；民主作风 **Democracy** is a system of running organizations, businesses, and groups in which each member is entitled to vote and take part in decisions.

...the union's emphasis on industrial **democracy**.

该工会对工业民主的强调

democrat ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 民主党党员；民主党支持者 A **Democrat** is a member or supporter of a particular political party which has the word 'democrat' or 'democratic' in its title, for example the Democratic Party in the United States.

...a senior Christian **Democrat**...

资深的基督教民主党党员

Congressman Tom Downey is a Democrat from New York.

国会议员汤姆·唐尼是来自纽约州的一名民主党人。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 民主主义者；民主人士 A **democrat** is a person who believes in the ideals of democracy, personal freedom, and equality.

This is the time for **democrats** and not dictators.

现在需要的是民主主义者，而不是独裁者。

democratic ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **民主的；民主制度的；民主政体的** A **democratic** country, government, or political system is governed by representatives who are elected by the people.

Bolivia returned to **democratic** rule in 1982, after a series of military governments.

在经历了数届军人政府后，玻利维亚于1982年恢复了民主政权。

...the country's first **democratic** elections.

该国的首次民主选举

democratically

That June, Yeltsin became Russia's first **democratically** elected President.

那年6月，叶利钦成了俄罗斯首位民选总统。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **民主精神的；民主作风的** Something that is **democratic** is based on the idea that everyone should have equal rights and should be involved in making important decisions.

Education is the basis of a **democratic** society...

教育是民主社会的基础。

He called for widespread changes to make the armed forces more **democratic** and less expensive.

他呼吁进行广泛的改革，使武装部队作风更加民主，开支更加俭省。

democratically

This committee will enable decisions to be made **democratically**.

该委员会将实现民主决议过程。

3 ADJ 形容词 **(用于政党名称中)民主的**

Democratic is used in the titles of some political parties.

...the Social Democratic Party.

社会民主党

...the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan...

阿富汗人民民主党

Maxine Waters is a Democratic Congresswoman, representing South Central Los Angeles.

玛克辛·沃特斯是一名民主党女议员，代表洛杉矶市中南区。

deny ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **否认** When you **deny** something, you state that it is not true.

She denied both accusations...

她对两项指控均予以否认。

The government has denied that there was a plot to assassinate the president...

政府否认曾有人密谋暗杀总统。

They all denied ever having seen her.

他们全都否认曾见过她。

2 VERB 动词 **否认与...有关系；否认...是自己的；不承认；抛弃** If you **deny** someone or something, you say that they have no connection with you or do not belong to you.

I denied my father because I wanted to become someone else.

我和父亲断绝了关系，因为我想成为一个不一样的自己。

3 VERB 动词 **拒绝给予；拒绝...的要求** If you **deny** someone something that they need or want, you refuse to let them have it.

If he is unlucky, he may find that his ex-partner denies him access to his children...

如果不走运的话，他可能会发现前妻拒绝让他接近自己的孩子。

Don't **deny** yourself pleasure...

不要有乐不享。

My mother denied herself for us.

妈妈为了我们在生活上一贯节制。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **deny** and **refuse**. If you **deny** something, you say that it is not true. *The allegation was denied by government spokesmen.*

If someone **denies** you something, they do not allow you to have it. *I never denied her anything.*

If you **refuse** to do something, you deliberately do not do it, or you say firmly that you will not do it. *...people who refuse to change their opinions...*

He refused to condemn them. You can **refuse** something that someone offers you. *The patient has the right to refuse treatment.*

If someone does not allow you to have something you ask for, or to do something you have asked to do, you can say that they **refuse** you. *He can run to Dad for money if I refuse him.*

不要混淆 **deny** 和 **refuse**。**deny** 表示否认某事属实：*The allegation was denied by government spokesmen* (政府发言人否认了这一指控)。

deny 亦表示拒绝给予某人某物：*I never denied her anything* (我对她百依百顺)。**refuse** 表示有意不做或坚决表示不做某事：*people who refuse to change their opinions* (拒绝改变看法的人)。

He refused to condemn them (他拒绝谴责他们)。**refuse** 亦表示拒绝接受别人主动给予的东西：*The patient has the right to refuse treatment* (病人有权拒绝接受治疗)。

refuse 还可表示拒绝给予某人其所要之物或不允许某人做其想做之事：*He can run to Dad for money if I refuse him* (如果我不给他钱，他可以跑到爸爸那儿去要)。

depend ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **取决于；有赖于** If you say that one thing **depends on** another, you mean that the first thing will be affected or determined by the second.

The cooking time needed **depends on** the size of the potato...

所需的烹饪时间取决于土豆的大小。

What happened later would **depend on** his talk with De Solina...

日后之事将有赖于他与德索利纳的谈话结果。

How much it costs **depends upon** how much you buy.

价钱取决于你买多买少。

2 VERB 动词 **依靠；依赖** If you **depend on** someone or something, you need them in order to be able to survive physically, financially, or emotionally.

They may hate what he does but their survival **depends on** him...

他们或许讨厌他的营生，但他们要想活下来必须依靠他。

He **depended on** his writing for his income...

他靠写作赚取收入。

Nora grew accustomed to **depending on** her husband...

诺拉变得习惯于依赖丈夫。

Choosing the right account **depends on** working out your likely average balance.

只有计算出自己可能的平均结余，才能选择合适的账户。

3 VERB 动词 **指望；信赖** If you can **depend on** a person, organization, or law, you know that they will support you or help you when you need them.

"You can **depend on** me," Cross assured him.

"你可以信赖我，" 克罗斯向他保证。

4 VERB 动词 **视情形而定；看情况** You use **depend** in expressions such as *it depends* to indicate that you cannot give a clear answer to a question because the answer will be affected or determined by other factors.

"But how long can you stay in the house?" - "I don't know. It **depends**."

"但你能在这所房子里呆多久呢?" —— "我不知道，这要看情况。"

It all **depends on** your definition of punk, doesn't it?

"这全视乎你对朋克摇滚乐的定义，不是吗?"

5 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **取决于；根据；由...决定** You use **depending on** when you are saying that something varies according to the circumstances mentioned.

I tend to have a different answer, **depending on** the family...

根据家庭的不同，我往往会给出不同的答案。

People in the rest of the country celebrated independence even later, **depending on** when the news of Congress's action reached them.

该国其他地区的人们庆祝独立的时间甚至更晚，这要取决于有关国会决定的消息何时传到了他们那里。

deputy ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **副职；副手；副主管** A **deputy** is the second most important person in an

organization such as a business or government department. Someone's deputy often acts on their behalf when they are not there.

...Jack Lang, France's minister for culture, and his **deputy**, Catherine Tasca.

法国文化部长杰克·朗和他的副部长凯瑟琳·塔斯卡

...the academy's **deputy** director, Vladimir Kudryatsev.

学院副院长弗拉基米尔·库德里亚夫采夫

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **代表；议员；立法委员** In some parliaments or law-making bodies, the elected members are called **deputies**.

The president appealed to deputies to approve the plan quickly.

总统呼吁议员尽快通过这一方案。

desire ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **渴望；热望；欲望** A **desire** is a strong wish to do or have something.

I had a strong **desire** to help and care for people...

我非常渴望能够帮助和照顾他人。

They seem to have lost their **desire** for life.

他们似乎已丧失了对生活的热望。

2 VERB 动词 **渴望；想望；想要** If you **desire** something, you want it.

She had remarried and **desired** a child with her new husband...

她又结婚了，并且渴望和现任丈夫生个小孩。

But Fred was bored and **desired** to go home...

但弗雷德觉得很无聊，想要回家。

He **desired** me to inform her that he had made his peace with God.

他想让我告诉她他已接受了上天的安排，获得了心灵的安宁。

desired

You may find that just threatening this course of action will produce the **desired** effect...

你会发现只要威胁说将会采取这一行动就能取得预期的效果。

His warnings have provoked the **desired** response.

他的警告引起了预想的反应。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **情欲；肉欲；性欲**

Desire for someone is a strong feeling of wanting to have sex with them.

Teenage sex, for instance, may come not out of genuine **desire** but from a need to get love.

例如，青少年的性行为可能并不是源于真正的情欲，而是出于一种对爱的需要。

4 VERB 动词 **想与...发生性关系** If you **desire** someone, you want to have sex with them.

It never occurred to him that she might not **desire** him.

他从来没有想过她可能不想跟他上床。

5 PHRASE 短语 **(用于说明性的书面语中) 如果需要的话，如果愿意的话** **If desired** is used in instructions in written English to indicate that someone can choose to take the course of action mentioned.

Additional courses may be taken **if desired**...

如有需要可选修额外的课程。

Transfer this sauce to a separate saucepan, **if desired**.

如果愿意的话，可以把这些调味汁倒入一只单独的长柄锅里。

6 PHRASE 短语 **心里想望之人；心中渴望之物** If you say that someone or something is your **heart's desire**, you mean that you want that person or thing very much.

He was extremely devious in his efforts to achieve his **heart's desire**.

他在设法得到自己的中意之物时会不择手段。

7 PHRASE 短语 **尚有(许多)需要改进之处；有待(大幅)提高** If you say that something leaves a lot **to be desired**, you mean that it is not as good as it should be.

The selection of TV programmes, especially at the weekend, leaves a lot **to be desired**...

可供选择的电视节目，尤其是在周末的时候，还有大幅提升的空间。

Food seems to have been available, even if the quality left much **to be desired**...

食品似乎能够买到了，虽然质量还远不尽如人意。

It is just possible that the accuracy of the information provided might leave something **to be desired**.

很有可能所提供信息的准确性还不够高。

desk ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **书桌；写字台；办公桌** A **desk** is a table, often with drawers, which you sit at to write or work.

2 N-SING 单数名词 **(宾馆、医院、机场等的)服务台，问询台** The place in a hotel, hospital, airport, or other building where you check in or obtain information is referred to as a particular **desk**.

I spoke to the girl on the reception **desk**...

我跟服务台的女孩说了一下。

A map and a bird-watchers' field checklist are available at the front **desk**.

前台有地图和观鸟地点一览表可供拿取。

...the main information **desk**.

主问询台

3 N-SING 单数名词 **(广播公司、报社、杂志社等的)部，室，组** A particular department of a broadcasting company, or of a newspaper or magazine company, can be referred to as a particular **desk**.

Let our news **desk** know as quickly as possible on 414 3926...

请尽快拨打电话 4143926 通知我们的新闻部。

Over now to Simon Ingram at the sports **desk**.

现在交给体育组的西蒙·英格拉姆。

despite ★★★★★

1 PREP 介词 **尽管；虽然** You use **despite** to introduce a fact which makes the other part of the sentence surprising.

Despite a thorough investigation, no trace of Dr Southwell has been found...

尽管进行了彻底的调查，还是没有发现索思韦尔博士的任何踪迹。

The National Health Service has visibly deteriorated, **despite** increased spending...

尽管支出在增加，但国民医疗保健服务的质量却明显下降了。

He was obviously distressed **despite** being unconscious...

虽然他自己未发觉，但他显然很忧心。

She will stand by husband, **despite** reports that he sent another woman love notes.

尽管有报道说她丈夫曾给另一个女人写求爱信，但她还是会支持他。

2 PREP 介词 **不由自主；情不自禁** If you do something **despite yourself** you do it although you did not really intend or expect to.

Despite myself, Harry's remarks had caused me to stop and reflect.

哈里的话让我不由自主地停下来细想。

destroy ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **毁坏；破坏；毁灭；摧毁** To **destroy** something means to cause so much damage to it that it is completely ruined or does not exist any more.

That's a sure recipe for **destroying** the economy and creating chaos...

那样做肯定会破坏经济、制造混乱。

No one was injured in the explosion, but the building was completely **destroyed**...

没有人在爆炸中受伤，但大楼遭到了彻底毁坏。

Even the most gifted can have confidence **destroyed** by the wrong instructor.

即使是最有天赋的人也可能会被错误的导师摧毁自信。

2 VERB 动词 **毁掉...的生活；使垮掉** To **destroy** someone means to ruin their life or to make their situation impossible to bear.

If I was younger or more naive, the criticism would have **destroyed** me.

如果我再年轻一些，或是再单纯一些，那些批评可能就会把我给毁了。

3 VERB 动词 **杀死，消灭(生病或具危险性的动物)** If an animal **is destroyed**, it is killed, either because it is ill or because it is dangerous.

Lindsay was unhurt but the horse had to be **destroyed**.

林赛没有受伤，但那匹马却不得不被人道毁灭。

4 See also: [goal-destroying](#) ;

detail ★★★★★

The pronunciation /dɪ'teɪl/ is also used in American

ish. 美国英语亦读作 /dɪ'teɪl/.

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **细节** The **details** of something are its individual features or elements.

The **details** of the plan are still being worked out...

计划的细节仍在制订中。

No **details** of the discussions have been given...

没有透露讨论的细节。

I recall every **detail** of the party.

我回想起聚会的每一个细节。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **详情；信息；资料** **Details** about someone or something are facts or pieces of information about them.

See the bottom of this page for **details** of how to apply for this exciting offer...

有关如何申请这一令人兴奋的工作的详情请参见本页底部。

Full **details** will be announced soon.

具体信息很快就会公布。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **枝节；末节；琐事** A **detail** is a minor point or aspect of something, as opposed to the central ones.

Only minor **details** now remain to be settled.

现在仅剩一些细枝末节的问题需要解决。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(难以觉察的)细微之处**

You can refer to the small features of something which are often not noticed as **detail**.

We like his attention to **detail** and his enthusiasm.

我们喜欢他的细心和热情。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(西等的)细部** A **detail** of a picture is a part of it that is printed separately and perhaps made bigger, so that smaller features can be clearly seen.

6 VERB 动词 **详述；详细列举（或说明）** If you **detail** things, you list them or give information about them.

The report **detailled** the human rights abuses committed during the war.

这份报告详述了战争期间所发生的践踏人权的情况。

7 VERB 动词 **派遣；指示** If someone is **detailled** to do a task or job, they are officially ordered to do it.

He **detailled** a constable to take it to the Incident Room.

他派了一名警察把它送到重案调查室。

8 PHRASE 短语 **详细叙述；逐一说明** If someone does not go into **details** about a subject, or does not go into the **detail**, they mention it without explaining it fully or properly.

He said he had been in various parts of Britain but did not go into **details**...

他说曾去过英国的许多地方，但没有细讲。

Neither of them were prepared to go into the **detail** of their talks.

他们俩都没准备要详细说明他们会谈的情况。

9 PHRASE 短语 **详细地；全面地；仔细地** If you examine or discuss something **in detail**, you do it thoroughly and carefully.

We examine the wording in **detail** before deciding on the final text.

我们彻底仔细地检查了措词后才最终定稿。

determine ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **是...的决定因素** If a particular factor **determines** the nature of a thing or event, it causes it to be of a particular kind.

The size of the chicken pieces will **determine** the cooking time...

鸡块的大小将决定烹饪时间的长短。

Social status is largely **determined** by the occupation of the main breadwinner...

社会地位很大程度上是由家里经济支柱的职业决定的。

What **determines** whether you are a career success or a failure?

事业的成败取决于哪些因素？

determination

...the gene which is responsible for male sex determination.

决定男性性别的基因

2 VERB 动词 **确定；查明** To **determine** a fact means to discover it as a result of investigation.

The investigation will **determine** what really happened...

调查会查明到底发生了什么事情。

Testing needs to be done to **determine** the long-term effects on humans...

需要进行检测以确定其对人的长期影响。

Science has **determined** that the risk is very small.

科学已经探明其危险性非常小。

3 VERB 动词 **决定；敲定** If you **determine** something, you decide it or settle it.

The Baltic people have a right to **determine** their own future...

波罗的海各国人民有权决定自己的未来。

The final wording had not yet been **determined**...

最终措辞仍未敲定。

My aim was first of all to **determine** what I should do next.

我的目标首先是要确定自己下一步该做什么。

determination

We must take into our own hands the determination of our future.

我们必须将未来的决定权掌握在自己的手中。

4 VERB 动词 **下决心；决意；决定** If you **determine** to do something, you make a firm decision to do it.

He **determined** to rescue his two countrymen...

他决意营救自己的两名同胞。

I **determined** that I would ask him outright.

我下定决心要直截了当地问他。

diet ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **日常饮食；日常食物** Your **diet** is the type and range of food that you regularly eat.

It's never too late to improve your **diet**.

什么时候改善饮食都为时不晚。

...a healthy **diet** rich in fruit and vegetables...

富含水果和蔬菜的健康饮食

Poor **diet** and excess smoking will seriously damage the health of your hair.

不合理饮食和过度吸烟会严重损害头发的健康。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(医生指定的)特别饮食，规定饮食** If a doctor puts someone on a **diet**, he or she makes them eat a special type or range of foods in order to improve their health.

He was put on a **diet** of milky food.

他按照医嘱要食用乳制品。

...a special **diet** for children with high cholesterol.

专为胆固醇高的孩子准备的特别饮食

3 N-VAR 可变名词 **(为减轻体重的)限制饮食，节食** If you are on a **diet**, you eat special kinds of food or you eat less food than usual because you are trying to lose weight.

Have you been on a **diet**? You've lost a lot of weight...

你最近在节食吗？你瘦了好多。

Diet and exercise will alter your shape...

节食和锻炼会改变你的体形。

I've only lost sixteen pounds since I started this **diet**.

从这次节食开始到现在我只减了16磅。

4 VERB 动词 **(为减轻体重而)限制饮食，节食** If you are **dieting**, you eat special kinds of food or you eat less food than usual because you are trying to lose weight.

I've been **dieting** ever since the birth of my fourth child...

我生完第四个孩子后就一直在节食。

Most of us have **dieted** at some time in our lives.

我们大多数人都曾在人生的某个时期为减肥而节食过。

dieting

She has already lost around two stone through **dieting**.

她通过节食已经减掉了大约两英石的体重。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(饮料或食物)有助于减肥的，低热量的，低卡路里的** **Diet** drinks or foods have been specially produced so that they do not contain many calories.

...sugar-free **diet** drinks.

无糖低热量饮料

...**diet** margarine.

低卡路里的人造黄油

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指令人不快或劣质的东西) 的大量 If you are fed on a **diet** of something, especially something unpleasant or of poor quality, you receive or experience a very large amount of it.

The radio had fed him a **diet** of pop songs...

他从广播里听到的都是千篇一律的流行歌曲。

People are rejecting this constant **diet** of despair.

人们开始拒绝这种没完没了的绝望情绪。

difference ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 差别；差异；不同之处 The **difference** between two things is the way in which they are unlike each other.

That is the fundamental **difference** between the two societies...

那是这两个社会之间的根本性差异。

There is no **difference** between the sexes.

男女之间没有差别。

...the vast **difference** in size...

大小的巨大差异

We do have social problems here. The **difference** is the people know each other and try to help each other.

我们这里确实也存在社会问题。所不同的是人们都互相认识而且尽力互相帮助。

2 N-SING 单数名词 差(量)；差额 A **difference** between two quantities is the amount by which one quantity is less than the other.

The **difference** is 8532.

差为 8,532。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (意见的)分歧，不和 If people have their **differences** about something, they disagree about it.

The two communities are learning how to resolve their **differences**.

这两个社群正在学着如何解决彼此之间的分歧。

4 PHRASE 短语 有...影响；起...作用 If something **makes a difference** or **makes a lot of difference**, it affects you and helps you in what you are doing. If something **makes no difference**, it does not have any effect on what you are doing.

Where you live can make such a **difference** to the way you feel...

住在哪里会极大地影响你的感受。

Exercise makes all the **difference**...

锻炼身体非常重要。

His retirement won't make any **difference** to the way we conduct our affairs.

他的退休不会影响我们处理事情的方式。

5 PHRASE 短语 (在数量、价格上)折中，各让一步 If you **split the difference** with someone, you agree on an amount or price which is halfway between two suggested amounts or prices.

Shall we split the **difference** and say \$7,500?

我们折中一下，7,500 美元怎么样？

6 PHRASE 短语 非常有趣的；与众不同的 If you describe a job or holiday, for example, as a job **with a difference** or a holiday **with a difference**, you mean that the job or holiday is very interesting and unusual.

For a beach resort with a **difference**, try Key West.

如果想去一个与众不同的海滨度假胜地，那就去基韦斯特吧。

...a politician with a **difference**.

不同寻常的政治家

7 PHRASE 短语 意见分歧；看法不同 If there is a **difference of opinion** between two or more people or groups, they disagree about something.

Was there a **difference of opinion** over what to do with the Nobel Prize money?

在如何利用那笔诺贝尔奖金的问题上有不同意见吗？

difficulty ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 难题；难事 A **difficulty** is a problem.

...the **difficulty** of getting accurate information...

获取准确信息的难题

The country is facing great economic **difficulties**.

该国正面临巨大的经济困难。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 困难；艰难 If you have **difficulty** doing something, you are not able to do it easily.

Do you have **difficulty** getting up?...

你能站起来吗？

The injured man mounted his horse with **difficulty**.

受伤的男子艰难地上了马。

3 PHRASE 短语 遭遇困难；身处困境 If you are **in difficulty** or **in difficulties**, you are having a lot of problems.

You have to admit that you are, in fact, in **difficulties**...

你不得不承认，你事实上是陷入了困境。

Rumours spread about banks being in **difficulty**.

有传闻称银行现在处境艰难。

dinner ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 See also: [TV dinner](#)；正餐；主餐；晚餐 **Dinner** is the main meal of the day, usually served in the early part of the evening.

She invited us to her house for **dinner**...

她请我们去她家吃晚餐。

Would you like to stay and have **dinner**?...

你留下来一起吃饭好吗？

Enjoy your **dinner**.

请慢慢享用您的晚餐。

...four-course **dinners**.

包括四道菜的正餐

2 N-VAR 可变名词 午餐；午饭 Any meal you eat in the middle of the day can be referred to as **dinner**. →see usage note at: [meal](#)

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 晚宴；宴会 A **dinner** is a formal social event at which a meal is served. It is held in the evening.

...a series of official lunches and **dinners**...

一系列的正式午餐和晚宴

The Professional Cricketers' Association held its annual **dinner** in London.

职业板球运动员协会在伦敦举办了自已的年度宴会。

direction ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 方向；方位 A **direction** is the general line that someone or something is moving or pointing in.

St Andrews was ten miles in the opposite **direction**...

圣安德鲁斯在相反方向上 10 英里处。

He drove off in the **direction** of Larry's shop...

他驾车朝着拉里商店的方向驶去。

Civilians were fleeing in all **directions** as soldiers yelled at them to get off the streets...

听到士兵大叫着让他们从街上撤离，平民百姓们纷纷四处逃散。

The instruments will register every change of **direction** or height.

这些仪器将会记录下每一个方位或高度的变化。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 (发展)方向，趋势，倾向 A **direction** is the general way in which something develops or progresses.

They threatened to walk out if the party did not change **direction**...

他们威胁说，如果该党不改变方针，他们就将集体退席。

I've never done any sustained writing, but that might be one of my next **directions**.

我以前从未尝试过持续写作，不过那可能是我下一步努力的方向之一。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 指示；说明；指路 **Directions** are instructions that tell you what to do, how to do something, or how to get somewhere.

I should know by now not to throw away the **directions** until we've finished cooking...

现在我知道了不该在饭没做完之前就扔掉烹饪说明。

He proceeded to give Dan **directions** to the computer room.

他接着告诉丹去计算机房该怎么走。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (影片、戏剧或电视节目的)导演 The **direction** of a film, play, or television programme is the work that the director does while it is being made.

His failures underline the difference between theatre and film **direction**.

他的失败说明了导演戏剧和电影是不同的。

5 See also: [direct](#)；

1 VERB 动词 **发现(以前不知道的事实)** If you **discover** something that you did not know about before, you become aware of it or learn of it.

She **discovered** that they'd escaped...

她发现他们已经逃跑了。

I **discovered** I was pregnant...

我发现自己怀孕了。

As he **discovered**, she had a brilliant mind...

正如他所发现的，她冰雪聪明。

It was difficult for the inspectors to **discover** which documents were important...

检查员们很难发现哪些文件是重要的。

Haskell did not live to **discover** the deception...

哈斯克尔至死都没识破那个骗局。

It was **discovered** that the tapes were missing.

有人发现磁带不见了。

2 VERB 动词 **(偶然)发现；找到(一直在寻找的某人或某物)** If a person or thing is **discovered**, someone finds them, either by accident or because they have been looking for them.

A few days later his badly beaten body was **discovered** on a roadside outside the city.

几天后，他的尸体在域外的路边被发现，身上有被严重殴打过的痕迹。

3 VERB 动词 **(第一个)发现** When someone **discovers** a new place, substance, scientific fact, or scientific technique, they are the first person to find it or become aware of it.

...the first European to **discover** America...

第一个发现美洲大陆的欧洲人

In the 19th century, gold was **discovered** in California...

19世纪时，在加利福尼亚发现了金子。

They **discovered** how to form the image in a thin layer on the surface.

他们发现了如何在表面薄薄的一层上形成影像。

discoverer

...the myth of Columbus as the heroic

discoverer of the Americas 500 years ago.

500年前哥伦布作为发现美洲大陆的英雄人物而具有的传奇色彩

4 VERB 动词 **初次接触(某活动并乐在其中)** If you say that someone **has discovered** a particular activity or subject, you mean that they have tried doing it or studying it for the first time and that they enjoyed it.

I wish I'd **discovered** photography when I was younger...

我要是早点接触到摄影技术就好了。

Discover the delights and luxury of a private yacht.

体验私人游艇的乐趣和奢华。

5 VERB 动词 **发现，发掘(不为人所知的演员、音乐人等艺人)** When an actor, musician, or other performer who is not well-known is **discovered**, someone recognizes that they have talent and helps them in their career.

The Beatles were **discovered** in the early 1960's.

甲壳虫乐队于20世纪60年代初为世人所知。

Usage Note :

You can use **discover**, **find**, or **find out** to talk about learning that something is the case. *He discovered the whole school knew about it... The young child finds that noise attracts attention... We found out that she was wrong.* **Discover** is a slightly more formal word than **find**, and is often used to talk about scientific research or formal investigations. For example, you can **discover** a cure for a particular disease. You can also use **discover** when you find something by accident. *This well-known flower was discovered in 1903.*

If you cannot see something you are looking for, you say that you cannot **find** it. You do not use 'discover' or 'find out' in this way. *I'm lost — I can't find the bridge.* You can say that someone **finds out** facts when this is easy to do, but you cannot use 'discover' or 'find' in this way. *I found out the train times.*

discover, find, find out 都可以用于描述获知事实情况：He discovered the whole school knew about it... (他发现整个学校都知道这件事了)，The young child finds that noise attracts attention... (小孩子发现吵闹能吸引注意力)，We found out that she was wrong (我们发现她错了)。discover 比 find 稍正式，并常用于谈论科学研究和正式的调查。例如，可以用于表示发现治疗某种疾病的方法，还可以指偶然间的发现：This well-known flower was discovered in 1903 (这种著名的花是1903年发现的)。找不到某物用 cannot find something, discover 和 find out 则无此用法。如：I'm lost — I can't find the bridge (我迷路了，我找不到那座桥了)。find out 可以指弄清很容易就发现的事实，但 discover 和 find 则无此用法：I found out the train times (我查到了列车时刻表)。

discuss ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **讨论；谈论；商量** If people **discuss** something, they talk about it, often in order to reach a decision.

I will be **discussing** the situation with colleagues tomorrow...

明天我会和同事们讨论一下情况。

The cabinet met today to **discuss** how to respond to the ultimatum.

内阁今天开会商量如何应对这道最后通牒。

2 VERB 动词 **详细论述；阐述** If you **discuss** something, you write or talk about it in detail.

I will **discuss** the role of diet in cancer prevention in Chapter 7...

我会在第7章详细论述日常饮食在抗癌中的作用。

Coming up after the news, Dan Schorr **discusses** the state of the presidential campaign.

新闻之后，丹·肖尔将带来对总统竞选活动的详细评述。

Usage Note :

Note that **discuss** is never used as an intransitive verb. You cannot say, for example, 'They discussed', 'I discussed with him', or 'They discussed about politics'. Instead, you can say that you **have a discussion** with someone about something. *I had a long discussion about all this with Stephen.* You can also add an object and say that you **discuss** something **with** someone. If the discussion is less formal, you can simply use the verb **talk**. *They come here and sit for hours talking about politics... We talked all night long.*

注意 discuss 从不用作不及物动词。例如，不能说 they discussed, I discussed with him 或者 They discussed about politics。但可以说 have a discussion with someone about something。如：I had a long discussion about all this with Stephen (我和斯蒂芬就这一切进行了一次长谈)。还可以在 discuss 和 with 之间加宾语，可说 discuss something with someone。如果谈话不是很正式，用 talk 就可以了。如：They come here and sit for hours talking about politics (他们来这儿一坐几个小时谈论政治)，We talked all night long (我们彻夜长谈)。

discussion ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **讨论；商讨** If there is **discussion** about something, people talk about it, often in order to reach a decision.

There was a lot of **discussion** about the wording of the report...

关于此则报道的措辞议论纷纷。

Council members are due to have informal **discussions** later on today...

委员会成员定于今晚早些时候进行非正式讨论。

The whole question of school curriculum is up for **discussion**...

涉及学校课程的全部事项都已提出供大家讨论。

The plan may well be over-ambitious, and is clearly open to **discussion**.

该计划可能太过好高骛远，势必招致争论。

If something is **under discussion**, it is still being talked about and a final decision has not yet been reached. **在讨论中；在商议中**

'The proposals are still **under discussion**,' she said.

“提案仍在讨论中，”她说道。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **论述；详述** A **discussion** of a subject is a piece of writing or a lecture in which someone talks about it in detail.

For a **discussion** of biology and sexual politics, see chapter 4.

生态政治和性别政治论述请见第4章。

3 ADJ 形容词 **探讨性的** A **discussion** document or paper is one that contains information and usually proposals for people to discuss.

disease ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **疾病**；(动植物的)病害 A **disease** is an illness which affects people, animals, or plants, for example one which is caused by bacteria or infection.

...the rapid spread of **disease** in the area.
疾病在这一区域的迅速蔓延

...illnesses such as heart **disease**...
诸如心脏病之类的疾病

Doctors believe they have cured him of the **disease**.
医生们相信他们已经治好了他的病。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指社会某一群体的) **弊病**，积习，恶习 You can refer to a bad attitude or habit, usually one that a group of people have, as a **disease**.

...the wretched **disease** of racism eating away at the core of our society.
侵蚀着我们社会核心的种族主义恶疾

display ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **展示**；**展览**；**陈列** If you **display** something that you want people to see, you put it in a particular place, so that people can see it easily.

Among the protesters and war veterans proudly **displaying** their medals was Aubrey Rose...
在抗议者和骄傲地展示勋章的退伍老兵中，就有奥布里·罗斯。

The cabinets **display** seventeenth-century blue-and-white porcelain.
展柜中陈列着17世纪的青花瓷。

Display is also a noun.

Most of the other artists whose work is on **display** were his pupils or colleagues.
其他参展的艺术家大多是他的学生或同事。

2 VERB 动词 **展现**；**展示** If you **display** something, you show it to people.

She **displayed** her wound to the twelve gentlemen of the jury...
她给陪审团的12位男士看了她的伤口。

The chart can then **display** the links connecting these groups.
这张图就会显示出这些群体之间的关联。

3 VERB 动词 **显示**，**显露**，**表现**(特性或情感) If you **display** a characteristic, quality, or emotion, you behave in a way which shows that you have it.

It was unlike Gordon to **display** his feelings...
戈登不太可能表露他的情感。

He has **displayed** remarkable courage in his efforts to reform the party.
在政党改革中，他表现出了非凡的勇气。

Display is also a noun.

Normally, such an outward **display** of affection is reserved for his mother.
通常，只有在母亲面前他的情感才会如此外露。

4 VERB 动词 (计算机)显示 When a computer **displays** information, it shows it on a screen.

They started out by looking at the computer screens which **display** the images...
他们开始在显示那些图像的电脑屏幕上寻找。

Using the option to **display** only text speeds things up a lot.
选用纯文本显示可以使速度大幅提升。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **展示**；**展览**；**陈列** A **display** is an arrangement of things that have been put in a particular place, so that people can see them easily.

...a **display** of your work...
你的成果展示

She was leaning against a **display** case of prints of Paris.
她正倚靠在一个展示巴黎照片的陈列柜上。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **表演** A **display** is a public performance or other event which is intended to entertain people.

...the firework **display**.
烟火表演

...gymnastic **displays**.
体操表演

...the Royal Air Force Red Arrows **display** team.
皇家空军红箭表演队

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [liquid crystal display](#)；(计算机屏幕上的)显示，显像；显示器 The **display** on a computer screen is the information that is shown there. The screen itself can also be referred to as the **display**.

A hard copy of the screen **display** can also be obtained from a printer.
屏幕上显示的内容也可以通过打印机打印一份。

...obscure error messages appearing on the **display**.
显示器上出现的令人费解的错误信息

dispute ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **争吵**；**吵闹** A **dispute** is an argument or disagreement between people or groups.

They have won previous pay **disputes** with the government...
在先前和政府的工资纠纷中他们赢了。

Negotiators failed to resolve the bitter **dispute** between the European Community and the United States over cutting subsidies to farmers.
谈判者未能消除欧共体和美国之间在削减农民补贴一事上的争端。

2 VERB 动词 **质疑**(事实、声明或理论)；对...表示异议 If you **dispute** a fact, statement, or theory, you say that it is incorrect or untrue.

He **disputed** the allegations...
他对指控表示怀疑。

Nobody **disputed** that Davey was clever...
没有人怀疑戴维是聪明的。

Some economists **disputed** whether consumer spending is as strong as the figures suggest.
一些经济学家怀疑消费性开支是否如数据所显示的那么大。

3 V-RECIP 相互动词 **争夺** When people **dispute** something, they fight for control or ownership of it. You can also say that one group of people **dispute** something with another group.

Russia and Ukraine have been disputing the ownership of the fleet...
俄罗斯和乌克兰一直在争夺舰队的所有权。

Fishermen from Bristol **disputed** fishing rights with the Danes.
布里斯托尔的渔民与丹麦人争夺捕鱼权。

...a **disputed** border region.
有争议的边境地区

4 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 **有争端**；**有分歧**；**有纠纷** If two or more people or groups are **in dispute**, they are arguing or disagreeing about something.

The two countries are **in dispute** over the boundaries of their coastal waters...
两国在近海水域分界线上尚存分歧。

It is currently **in dispute** with the government over price fixing.
目前在定价上和政府还有争议。

5 PHRASE 短语 **在争论中**；**处于争议中** If something is **in dispute**, people are questioning it or arguing about it.

All those matters are **in dispute** and it is not for me to decide them.
所有这些事项都尚无定论，也不是我可以决定的。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **dispute** and **argument**. A **dispute** is a serious argument that can last for a long time. **Disputes** generally occur between organizations, political parties, or countries. An **argument** is a disagreement between people who may or may not know each other.

不要混淆 **dispute** 和 **argument**。dispute 指可以持续很长时间的纷争，通常发生于组织、政党或国家之间。argument 指认识或不认识的人之间的争论。

distance ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **距离**；**间距** The **distance** between two points or places is the amount of space between them.

...the **distance** between the island and the nearby shore...
该岛和附近陆地之间的距离

Everything is within walking **distance**...
不管什么地方，都是走几步就到了。

Geographical **distance** is also a factor.
地理距离也是个因素。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **遥远**；**间隔** When two things are very far apart, you talk about the **distance** between them.

The **distance** wouldn't be a problem.

距离不成问题。

3 ADJ 形容词 远程的；函授的 Distance learning or distance education involves studying at home and sending your work to a college or university, rather than attending the college or university in person.

I'm doing a theology degree by distance learning.

我正通过远程教育课程攻读神学学位。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (人际关系的) 疏远；(事物间的) 差距 When you want to emphasize that two people or things do not have a close relationship or are not the same, you can refer to the distance between them.

...the emotional distance between them...

他们之间情感上的疏远

There was a vast distance between psychological clues and concrete proof...

心理提示和确凿证据之间相差甚远。

Wilson's intention is to rebuild his career and put distance between himself and his reputation.

威尔逊打算东山再起，并让自己远离虚名浮誉。

5 N-SING 单数名词 远处；远方 If you can see something in the distance, you can see it, far away from you.

We suddenly saw her in the distance...

我们突然看见她在远处。

Mr. Dambar found himself gazing into the distance for a moment or two.

丹巴先生不知不觉朝远方凝视了片刻。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 冷淡；不友好 Distance is coolness or unfriendliness in the way that someone behaves towards you.

There were periods of sulking, of pronounced distance, of coldness.

沉闷、明显不友好和冷淡的场面多次出现。

7 VERB 动词 使疏远；对...冷淡；使不介入 If you distance yourself from a person or thing, or if something distances you from them, you feel less friendly or positive towards them, or become less involved with them.

The author distanced himself from some of the comments in his book...

作者使自己书中的某些评论不带个人色彩。

Television may actually be distancing the public from the war.

电视实际上可能让公众远离战争。

distanced

Clough felt he'd become too distanced from his fans.

克拉夫感到他和他的仰慕者们过于疏远了。

8 PHRASE 短语 在远处；相距遥远；久远地 If you are at a distance from something, or if you see it or remember it from a distance, you are a long way away from it in space or time.

The only way I can cope with my mother is at a distance...

我可以和我妈妈相处的唯一方法就是保持距离。

Now I can look back on the whole tragedy from a distance of forty years.

时隔40年后，现在我可以回顾整个悲剧了。

If you go the distance in a race or sports competition, you continue running or playing until the end of the race or match.

比赛到底；拼到底

More riders than ever are now determined to go the distance.

现在越来越多的骑手决心赛完全程。

9 PHRASE 短语 保持疏远；保持距离 If you keep your distance from someone or something or keep them at a distance, you do not become involved with them.

Jay had always tended to keep his girlfriends at a distance.

杰伊一贯和他的女朋友们保持距离。

10 PHRASE 短语 不靠近；保持距离 If you keep your distance from someone or something, you do not get physically close to them.

He walked towards the doorway, careful to keep his distance.

他走向门口，小心翼翼地保持着距离。

district ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 地区；区域 A district is a particular area of a town or country.

I drove around the business district.

我开车在商业区转了转。

...Nashville's shopping district.

纳什维尔的购物区

...a summer holiday hike in the Lake District...

夏日假期在湖区的远足

Varieties of these crops have been collected from all around the district.

这些不同的作物已从该地区各处收集起来。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 行政区；辖区；管区 A district is an area of a town or country which has been given official boundaries for the purpose of administration.

...the home of the governor of the district.

该区行政长官的家

...the continuing support of Glasgow District Council.

格拉斯哥行政区政务委员会一直以来给予的支持

...the district health authority.

区卫生局

divide ★★★★★

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)分开；(使)分数；(使)分裂 When people or things are divided or divide into smaller groups or parts, they become separated into smaller parts.

The physical benefits of exercise can be divided into three factors...

运动对身体的好处可以分为3个方面。

It will be easiest if we divide them into groups...

如果我们将他们分成小组将是最简单的。

Divide the pastry in half and roll out each piece...

把油酥面团一分为二，再分别擀成皮。

We divide into pairs and each pair takes a region...

我们分成两人一组，每一组负责一个区域。

Bacteria reproduce by dividing and making copies of themselves.

细菌通过分裂和自我复制来繁殖。

2 VERB 动词 分配；分享；分担 If you divide something among people or things, you separate it into several parts or quantities which you distribute to the people or things.

Paul divides most of his spare time between the study and his bedroom...

保罗在大部分空闲时间里要么呆在书房里，要么呆在卧室里。

Divide the sauce among 4 bowls.

把酱汁分到4个碗里。

3 VERB 动词 除；除以 If you divide a larger number by a smaller number or divide a smaller number into a larger number, you calculate how many times the smaller number can fit exactly into the larger number.

Measure the floor area of the greenhouse and divide it by six.

量一下温室的建筑面积再将它除以6。

4 VERB 动词 分隔；把...分开；是...的分界线 If a border or line divides two areas or divides an area into two, it keeps the two areas separate from each other.

...remote border areas dividing Tamil and Muslim settlements.

将泰米尔聚居区和穆斯林聚居区隔开的偏远边境地区

...the artificial line that divides the city.

划分城市的人为分界线

...the long frontier dividing Mexico from the United States.

墨西哥和美国之间绵长的边界线

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)产生分歧；(使)意见不一 If people divide over something or if something divides them, it causes strong disagreement between them.

She has done more to divide the Conservatives than anyone else...

她在分裂保守党这件事上所起的作用比任何人都大。

The democrats are divided over whether to admit him into their group...

民主党人就是否允许他加入他们的组织意见不一。

The party is likely to divide along ideological lines.

该党有可能在意识形态上产生分歧。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 明显差异；(常指引起争论的)

分歧 A **divide** is a significant distinction between two groups, often one that causes conflict.

...a deliberate attempt to create a Hindu-Muslim **divide** in India.

故意在印度的印度教徒和穆斯林之间制造分歧的企图

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (时间、过程的) 分界线, 分界点 A **divide** is a moment in time or a point in a process when there is a complete change from one situation to another.

The time had come to cross the great **divide** between formality and truth.

是时候跨越形式与真理之间的巨大分界线了。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 分水岭 A **divide** is a line of high ground between areas that are drained by different rivers.

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 watershed

2 PHRASE 短语 分而治之 You use **divide and rule** to refer to a policy which is intended to keep someone in a position of power by causing disagreements between people who might otherwise unite against them.

The government's policies of **divide and rule** have only contributed to the volatility of the region.

政府分而治之的政策只是加剧了该地区的不稳定性。

相关词组：

[divide off](#) [divide up](#)

division ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 分开；划分；分隔 The **division** of a large unit into two or more distinct parts is the act of separating it into these parts.

...the unification of Germany, after its **division** into two states at the end of World War Two.

二战结束时曾被一分为二的德国实现了统一

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 分配；分派 The **division** of something among people or things is its separation into parts which are distributed among the people or things.

The current **division** of labor between workers and management will alter.

当前工人与管理部门的分工将会改变。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (算术中的)除法 **Division** is the arithmetical process of dividing one number into another number.

I taught my daughter how to do **division** at the age of six.

女儿6岁时我就教她如何做除法了。

4 N-VAR 可变名词 分歧；争议；差异 A **division** is a significant distinction or argument between two groups, which causes the two groups to be considered as very different and separate.

The **division** between the prosperous west and the impoverished east remains.

繁荣的西部和贫穷的东部之间的差距仍然存在。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (大机构的)部门 In a large organization, a **division** is a group of departments whose work is done in the same place or is connected with similar tasks.

...the bank's Latin American **division**.

该银行的拉丁美洲分部

...the sales **division**.

销售部

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (军队编制中的)师 A **division** is a group of military units which fight as a single unit.

Several armoured **divisions** are being moved from Germany.

正从德国调动几个装甲师。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (英国议会中的)分组表决 In the British Parliament, a **division** is a vote where the Members of Parliament go into separate rooms in order to record their vote.

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 (足球等体育运动中联赛的)级 In some sports, such as football, baseball, and basketball, a **division** is one of the groups of teams which make up a league. The teams in each division are considered to be approximately the same standard, and they all play against each other during the season.

Villa had just been relegated from the First Division.

维拉队刚刚从甲级联赛中降级。

...the Scottish Premier Division leaders, Dundee United.

苏格兰超级联赛的领头羊，邓迪联队

doctor ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT ; N-TITLE ; N-VOC

可数名词；头衔名词；称呼名词

医生；大夫 A **doctor** is someone who is qualified in medicine and treats people who are ill.

Do not discontinue the treatment without consulting your **doctor**...

未经医嘱不要擅自中断治疗。

Doctor Paige will be here right after lunch to see her.

佩奇医生一吃完午饭就会来这儿看她。

2 N-COUNT ; N-TITLE ; N-VOC

可数名词；头衔名词；称呼名词

牙医；兽医 A **dentist** or **veterinarian** can also be called **doctor**.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 诊所 The **doctor's** is used to refer to the surgery or office where a doctor works.

I have an appointment at the **doctors**.

我在诊所有个预约。

4 N-COUNT ; N-TITLE 可数名词；头衔名词 **博士** A **doctor** is someone who has been awarded the highest academic or honorary degree by a university.

He is a **doctor** of philosophy.

他是哲学博士。

5 VERB 动词 **篡改；伪造** If someone **doctors** something, they change it in order to deceive people.

They **doctored** the prints to make her look as awful as possible.

他们修改了照片，尽可能地丑化她的容貌。

...a cleverly **doctored** photograph.

巧妙加工的照片

doctoring

The **doctoring** of the document has become a live political issue.

对文件的篡改伪造已成为当下让人关注的政治问题。

6 VERB 动词 (将毒药、麻药等)掺入(食物或饮料中) If someone **doctors** food or drink, they add a poison or drug to it.

She had no doubt that it was he who had **doctored** her milk.

她毫不怀疑是他在她的牛奶里下了药。

...**doctored** wine.

掺了药的酒

document ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /ˈdɒkjəmənt/. The verb is pronounced /ˈdɒkjəmənt/. 名词读作/'dɒkjəmənt/, 动词读作/'dɒkjəmənt/

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **文件；公文；文献；证件** A **document** is one or more official pieces of paper with writing on them.

The foreign ministers of the two countries signed the **documents** today.

两国的外交大臣今天签署了文件。

...a policy **document** for the Labour Party conference...

为工党大会准备的政策文件

The policeman wanted to see all our **documents**.

警察想查看我们所有的证件。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (计算机)文件, 文档 A **document** is a piece of text or graphics, for example a letter, that is stored as a file on a computer and that you can access in order to read it or change it.

When you are finished typing, remember to save your **document**.

完成录入后，记得将文档存盘。

3 VERB 动词 **记录，记载(详情)** If you **document** something, you make a detailed record of it in writing or on film or tape.

He wrote a book **documenting** his prison experiences...

他写书详细记录了他的狱中经历。

The effects of smoking have been well **documented**.

有关吸烟的影响记录翔实。

dog ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **狗；犬** A **dog** is a very common four-legged animal that is often kept by

people as a pet or to guard or hunt. There are many different breeds of dog.

Outside, a **dog** was barking...

外面，一只狗在叫。

The **dog** growled again...

狗又在狂吠。

The British are renowned as a nation of **dog** lovers.

英国人以爱犬而闻名。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **公狗**；犬科雄兽(雄狐、雄狼等) You use **dog** to refer to a male dog, or to the male of some related species such as wolves or foxes.

Is this a **dog** or a bitch?

这是公狗还是母狗?

...a **dog** fox.

公狐狸

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **卑鄙小人**；无赖 If someone calls a man a **dog**, they strongly disapprove of him.

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **蹩脚货**；粗制滥造的东西 People use **dog** to refer to something that they consider unsatisfactory or of poor quality.

It's a real **dog**.

这实在是蹩脚货。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **丑女人** If someone, especially a man, calls a woman or girl a **dog**, they mean that she is very ugly, unattractive, or boring.

How can you go out with her? She's a real **dog**.

你怎么能和她谈恋爱呢？她简直就是个恐龙。

6 VERB 动词 **困扰**；**折磨**；**纠缠** If problems or injuries **dog** you, they are with you all the time.

The problems that have **dogged** him all year are just a temporary setback...

一时的挫折竟困扰了他一整年。

His career has been **dogged** by bad luck.

他在事业上一直不走运。

7 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (**带有赌博性质的**) **赛狗会**，**跑狗** The **dogs** is a sports meeting where dogs, especially greyhounds, race and people bet on which dog will win.

8 See also: [dogged](#)；[guide dog](#)；[prairie dog](#)；[sniffer dog](#)；

9 PHRASE 短语 **乱七八糟**；**一团糟** You describe something as a **dog's breakfast** or **dog's dinner** in order to express your disapproval of it, for example because it is very untidy, badly organized, or badly done.

The whole place was a bit of a **dog's dinner**, really...

整个地方乌烟瘴气的，真的。

Our own Board are going to make a **dog's**

breakfast out of it if we aren't careful.

如果我们不小心行事，我们的董事会就会乱成一团。

10 PHRASE 短语 **狗咬狗**；**残酷无情的竞争**；**自相残杀** You use **dog eat dog** to express your disapproval of a situation where everyone wants to succeed and is willing to harm other people in order to do so.

It is very much **dog eat dog** out there...

那儿的竞争异常残酷。

The TV business today is a **dog-eat-dog**

business.

当前电视业的竞争残酷无情。

11 PHRASE 短语 **败落**；**大不如前** If you say that something is **going to the dogs**, you mean that it is becoming weaker and worse in quality.

They sit in impotent opposition while the

country goes to the **dogs**.

国家败落之际，他们加入了软弱无力的反对党。

12 PHRASE 短语 **别惹麻烦**；**别多事** If someone tells you to **let sleeping dogs lie**, they are warning you not to disturb or interfere with a situation, because you are likely to cause trouble and problems.

Why can't she let sleeping **dogs** lie?

为什么她就不能不多事？

13 PHRASE 短语 **不接受新事物**；**不喜欢新玩意儿** If you say 'You can't teach an old dog new tricks', you are suggesting that someone is unwilling to try new ways of doing things.

domestic ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 See also: [gross domestic product](#)；[国内的](#)；[本国的](#) Domestic political activities, events, and situations happen or exist within one particular country.

...over 100 **domestic** flights a day to 15 UK

destinations.

每天超过100架次国内航班飞往英国境内15个目的地

...sales in the **domestic** market.

国内市场的销售量

domestically

Opportunities will improve as the company

expands **domestically** and internationally...

随着国内业务和国际业务的扩展，该公司将获得更好的机会。

Domestically, he's going to make some

compromises that he doesn't want to make.

他打算在国内做些他不想做的让步。

2 ADJ 形容词 **家事的** Domestic duties and activities are concerned with the running of a home and family.

...a plan for sharing **domestic** chores.

分担家务活的计划

3 ADJ 形容词 **家用的** Domestic items and services are intended to be used in people's homes rather than in factories or offices.

...**domestic** appliances.

家用器具

4 ADJ 形容词 **家里的**；**家庭的**；**居家的** A **domestic** situation or atmosphere is one which involves a family and their home.

It was a scene of such **domestic** bliss...

这是一幅家庭如此幸福的画面。

I was called out to attend a **domestic** dispute.

我被叫出去解决一场家庭纠纷。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **喜爱家庭生活的**；**乐于操持家务的** Someone who is **domestic** enjoys being at home and running a family.

She was kind and **domestic** and put her family

before her part-time job.

她人很好也顾家，把家庭看得比兼职工作更为重要。

6 ADJ 形容词 **非野生的**；**驯养的**；**作为宠物饲养的** A **domestic** animal is one that is not wild and is kept either on a farm to produce food or in someone's home as a pet.

...a **domestic** cat.

家猫

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **家政工** A **domestic**, a **domestic help**, or a **domestic worker** is a person who is paid to come to help with the work that has to be done in a house such as the cleaning, washing, and ironing.

dominate ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **在...中占首要地位**，**在...中最具影响力** To **dominate** a situation means to be the most powerful or important person or thing in it.

The book is expected to **dominate** the best-seller

lists...

这本书预计会占据畅销书排行榜的榜首。

...countries where life is **dominated** by war...

战事频繁的国家

No single factor appears to **dominate**.

没有一个因素看似是决定性的。

domination

...the domination of the market by a small

number of organizations.

少数机构对市场的垄断

2 VERB 动词 **控制**；**统治**；**支配** If one country or person **dominates** another, they have power over them.

He denied that his country wants to **dominate**

Europe...

他否认他的国家想要控制欧洲。

Women are no longer **dominated** by the men in

their relationships...

在两性关系中女性不再受制于男性。

The countries of Eastern Europe immediately

started to **dominate**.

东欧国家立即开始占据支配地位。

domination

They had five centuries of domination by the

Romans.

他们被罗马人统治了5个世纪。

3 VERB 动词 **俯视**；**高耸于** If a building,

mountain, or other object **dominates** an area, it is so large or impressive that you cannot avoid seeing it.

It's one of the biggest buildings in this area, and it really **dominates** this whole place.

这是该地区最大的建筑物之一，雄踞在整个地区之上。

...its skyline **dominated** by the central mosque.
中央的清真寺高耸天际

double ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **双的；成双的；成对的** You use **double** to indicate that something includes or is made of two things of the same kind.

...a pair of **double** doors into the room from the new entrance hall.

从新的门厅通向该房间的一对双开门

...a lone skier gliding along smooth **double** tracks.

独自沿平滑的双轨雪道滑行的滑雪者

...three varieties: **double** toffee, **double** chocolate, and vanilla.

3 种类型：双份太妃糖，双份巧克力和香草香精

2 ADJ 形容词 **(用于单数名词前)两个的，双重的** You use **double** before a singular noun to refer to two things of the same type that occur together, or that are connected in some way.

...an extremely nasty **double** murder...

极端残忍的双重谋杀

The government committed a **double** blunder...

政府重蹈覆辙。

It was to have been a **double** wedding.

原本打算两件婚事一起办的。

3 PREDET 前置限定词 **(数量、大小)两倍的，加倍的** If something is **double** the amount or size of another thing, it is twice as large.

The offer was to start a new research laboratory at **double** the salary he was then getting...

所提供的工作机会是创建一个新的研究实验室，待遇是他当时所得工资的两倍。

Leeds Prison is reported to have almost **double** the number of prisoners it's designed to accommodate.

据报道利兹监狱里犯人的数量几乎已达该监狱设计可容纳人数的两倍了。

...tropical Queensland, more than **double** the size of Texas.

处于热带的昆士兰，比得克萨斯大一倍多

Double is also a pronoun.

If they think you're a tourist, they charge you **double**.

如果他们认为是来旅游的，他们会向你收双倍的价钱。

4 ADJ 形容词 **加倍的；双料的；可容纳两个的** You use **double** to describe something which is twice the normal size or can hold twice the normal quantity of something.

...a **double** helping of ice cream.

双份的冰激凌

...a large **double** garage...

能停放两辆车的大车库

Allow the loaves to rise until just about **double** in size.

让面包发酵到刚好是原来的两倍左右。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(房间)双人的，供两人用的** A **double** room is a room intended for two people, usually a couple, to stay or live in.

...bed and breakfast for £180 for two people in a **double** room.

费用为180英镑的双人间，含房费和早餐

Double is also a noun.

The Great Western Hotel costs around £60 a night for a **double**.

大西部饭店的双人间一晚大约是60英镑。

6 ADJ 形容词 **(床)双人的** A **double** bed is a bed that is wide enough for two people to sleep in.

7 ADJ 形容词 **(酒等饮料)双份的** You use **double** to describe a drink that is twice the normal measure.

He was drinking his **double** whiskey too fast and scowling.

他猛灌着双份威士忌，脸色阴沉。

Double is also a noun.

Give me a whisky, a **double**.

给我来杯威士忌，双份的。

8 ADJ 形容词 **(用于单词拼写或数字中)两个的**

Double is used when you are spelling a word or telling someone a number to show that a letter or digit is repeated.

Ring four two **double** two **double** two if you'd like to speak to our financial adviser.

如果想和我们的财务顾问通话，拨打 422222。

9 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)加倍；(使)增加一倍** When something **doubles** or when you **double** it, it becomes twice as great in number, amount, or size.

The number of managers must **double** to 100 within 3 years...

经理的人数在3年内必须翻倍达到100人。

The program will **double** the amount of money available to help pay for child care.

该方案将使可用于帮助支付儿童保育的拨款增加一倍。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **酷似的人；极相似的人** If you refer to someone as a person's **double**, you mean that they look exactly like them.

Your mother sees you as her **double**.

你母亲将你看作是她的翻版。

11 VERB 动词 **兼职；兼任；兼做** If a person or thing **doubles** as someone or something else, they have a second job or purpose as well as their main one.

...a farmer who **doubles** as a night nurse...

兼做夜班护士的农夫

Lots of homes in town **double** as businesses.

镇里的很多民宅还兼做商用。

Double up means the same as **double** . **double up** 同 **double**

The lids of the casserole dishes are designed to **double up** as baking dishes.

砂锅的盖子被设计成可兼作烤盘。

12 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(网球或羽毛球等的)双打** In tennis or badminton, when people play **doubles**, two teams consisting of two players on each team play against each other on the same court.

13 PHRASE 短语 **迅速；立即；马上** If you do something **at the double** or **on the double**, you do it very quickly or immediately.

Two soldiers entered **at the double** and saluted...

两名士兵立即进来敬礼。

Come to my office, please, **at the double**.

请来我的办公室，马上。

14 PHRASE 短语 **弯腰；弓着身子** When you **bend double**, you bend the top half of your body downwards a long way.

There wasn't room to stand up and he had to **bend double**.

空间太小无法站直，他不得不弓着身子。

15 PHRASE 短语 **弯腰的；弓着身子的** If you are **bent double**, the top half of your body is bent downwards so that your head is close to your knees.

Pickers are **bent double**, plucking each flower with lightning speed.

采花人弓着身子飞快地摘着花。

16 PHRASE 短语 **(眼花等时)看成重影** If you are **seeing double**, there is something wrong with your eyes, and you can see two images instead of one.

I was dizzy, **seeing double**.

我一阵眩晕，看到的都是重影。

17 in **double figures** → see: [figure](#) ;

相关词组：

[double back](#) [double up](#)

doubt ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **怀疑；疑虑** If you have **doubt** or **doubts** about something, you feel uncertain about it and do not know whether it is true or possible. If you say you have **no doubt about** it, you mean that you are certain it is true.

This raises **doubts** about the point of advertising...

这对做广告的意义提出了疑问。

I had my **doubts** when she started, but she's getting really good...

她刚开始做时我心存疑虑，但她真的做得很好。

They were troubled and full of **doubt**...

他们很苦恼且充满疑虑。

There can be little **doubt** that he will offend

again...

毋庸置疑他还会再犯的。

Local inhabitants haven't the slightest **doubt** as to who is the rightful owner.

当地居民对谁是合法所有者没有丝毫疑问。

2 VERB 动词 **不能肯定；认为...未必可能** If you **doubt** whether something is true or possible, you believe that it is probably not true or possible.

Others **doubted** whether that would happen...

其他人认为那未必会发生。

He **doubted** if he would learn anything new from Marie...

他认为他不太可能从玛丽那儿学到任何新东西。

She **doubted** that the accident could have been avoided.

她不认为那场意外本可以避免。

3 VERB 动词 **怀疑 (某事物的真实性)** If you **doubt** something, you believe that it might not be true or genuine.

No one **doubted** his ability...

没有人怀疑他的能力。

Nobody that I spoke to **doubted** his sincerity as a politician.

和我谈过话的人中没有一个怀疑他作为一个政治家的诚意。

4 VERB 动词 **怀疑，不相信 (某人或某人的话)** If you **doubt** someone or **doubt** their word, you think that they may not be telling the truth.

No one directly involved with the case **doubted** him...

与此案直接相关的人中没有人怀疑他。

I still have no reason to **doubt** his word.

我还是没有理由怀疑他的话。

5 PHRASE 短语 **无疑地；确实地** You say that something is **beyond doubt** or **beyond reasonable doubt** when you are certain that it is true and it cannot be contradicted or disproved.

A referendum showed **beyond doubt** that voters wanted independence...

全民公决无疑显示选民支持独立。

His ability is **beyond any doubt**.

他的能力毋庸置疑。

6 PHRASE 短语 **不能肯定的；拿不准的** If you are **in doubt** about something, you feel unsure or uncertain about it.

He is **in no doubt** as to what is needed...

他很确定需要什么。

When **in doubt**, call the doctor.

如有疑问，请联系医生。

7 CONVENTION 惯用语 **我怀疑；我认为不可能** You say **I doubt it** as a response to a question or statement about something that you think is untrue or unlikely.

'Somebody would have seen her.' — 'I **doubt it**, not on Monday.'

“可能有人见过她。”——“我认为不可能，不可能在星期一。”

8 PHRASE 短语 **可疑的；不确定的；不可靠的** If you say that something is **in doubt** or **open to doubt**, you consider it to be uncertain or unreliable.

The outcome was still **in doubt**...

结果仍不确定。

That claim is increasingly **open to doubt**.

那一说法越来越可疑。

9 PHRASE 短语 **无疑地；必定** You use **no doubt** to emphasize that something seems certain or very likely to you.

The contract for this will **no doubt** be widely advertised...

关于这个的合约无疑会受到广泛宣传。

She's a very sweet woman, as you **no doubt** know by now.

她是一个非常温柔的女人，你现在肯定知道了。

10 PHRASE 短语 **固然；诚然** You use **no doubt** to indicate that you accept the truth of a particular point, but that you do not consider it is important or contradicts the rest of what you are saying.

No doubt I'm biased, but it was the most cruel, evil human face I ever set eyes on...

我固然是有偏见的，但那是我所见到的最残忍、最邪恶的人。

No doubt many will regard these as harsh words, but regrettably they are true.

固然会有很多人认为这些话过于刻薄，但是遗憾的是这些都是真话。

11 PHRASE 短语 **无疑地；确实地** If you say that something is true **without doubt** or **without a doubt**, you are emphasizing that it is definitely true.

Without doubt this was the most important relationship I developed at college...

这无疑是我在大学时期建立的最重要的关系了。

The refugees, **without a doubt**, are the most vulnerable.

难民无疑是最易受到伤害的。

12 **the benefit of the doubt**→see: [benefit](#) ; a shadow of a doubt→see: [shadow](#) ;

dozen ★★★★★☆

The plural form is dozen after a number, or after a word or expression referring to a number, such as 'several' or 'a few'. 置于数字或表示数字的词语如 several, a few 等后面时用 dozen 这种复数形式。

1 NUM 数词 **一打；十二个** If you have a **dozen** things, you have twelve of them.

...a **dozen** eggs...

一打鸡蛋

You will be able to take ten **dozen** bottles free of duty through customs...

你可以携带120瓶免税通过海关。

He ordered a **dozen** of their best red roses...

他订购了12朵他们那儿最好的红玫瑰。

His chicken eggs sell for \$22 a **dozen**.

他的鸡蛋卖 22 美元一打。

2 NUM 数词 **十几个；十来个** You can refer to a group of approximately twelve things or people as a **dozen**. You can refer to a group of approximately six things or people as **half a dozen**.

I was sitting only a **dozen** feet away...

我正坐在只有十几英尺远的地方。

In half a **dozen** words, he had explained the bond that linked them...

他用了六七个字就解释清楚了他们之间的关系。

The riot left four people dead and several **dozen** injured.

暴乱中四人丧生，数十人受伤。

3 QUANT 数量词 **许多；很多** If you refer to **dozens of** things or people, you are emphasizing that there are very many of them.

...a storm which destroyed **dozens of** homes and buildings.

摧毁了许多房屋和建筑的暴风雨

You can also use **dozens** as a pronoun.

Just as revealing are Mr Johnson's portraits, of which there are **dozens**.

约翰逊先生的肖像画同样发人深省，而这样的画有很多。

Dr ★★★★★☆

in AM, use 美国英语用 Dr.

1 **Dr** is a written abbreviation for (书面缩略=) **Doctor**.

...**Dr** John Hardy of St Mary's Medical School in London.

伦敦圣玛丽医学院的约翰·哈代博士

2 (用于街道名)路，大道 **Dr** is used as a written abbreviation for (书面缩略=) **Drive** when it is part of a street name.

...6 Queen's **Dr**.

女王大道 6 号

dramatic ★★★★★☆

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **突如其来的；急剧的；引人注目的** A **dramatic** change or event happens suddenly and is very noticeable and surprising.

A fifth year of drought is expected to have **dramatic** effects on the California economy...

第五年遭受旱灾预计会对加利福尼亚的经济产生巨大的影响。

This policy has led to a **dramatic** increase in our prison populations.

这项政策已经让我们监狱的囚犯人数激增。

dramatically

At speeds above 50mph, serious injuries **dramatically** increase.

时速超过50英里，重伤率会大大增加。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **激动人心的；引人注目的；令人印象深刻的** A **dramatic** action, event, or situation is exciting and impressive.

He witnessed many **dramatic** escapes as people jumped from as high as the fourth floor...

他目睹了許多人從五層高的樓上跳下來逃生的驚險場面。

Their arrival was **dramatic** and exciting.

他們的到來令人激動不已，難以忘懷。

dramatically

He tipped his head to one side and sighed **dramatically**.

他把頭歪向一邊，重重地嘆了口氣。

3 ADJ 形容詞 **戲劇的；有關戲劇的；戲劇學的** You use **dramatic** to describe things connected with or relating to the theatre, drama, or plays.

...a **dramatic** arts major in college...

大學里戲劇藝術專業的学生

I had no thoughts of making a **dramatic** film. I was working in documentary.

我沒想过要拍一部劇情片，我正在拍一部紀錄片。

dream ★★★★★

American English uses the form dreamed as the past tense and past participle. British English uses either dreamed or dreamt. 美国英语中 dream 的过去式和过去分词形式均为 dreamed. 英国英语中则是 dreamed 和 dreamt 均可。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **梦** A **dream** is an imaginary series of events that you experience in your mind while you are asleep.

He had a **dream** about Claire...

他夢见了克莱尔。

I had a **dream** that I was in an old study, surrounded by leather books.

我梦见我在一间古老的书房里，四周全是皮装书。

2 VERB 动词 **做梦；梦见；梦到** When you **dream**, you experience imaginary events in your mind while you are asleep.

Ivor **dreamed** that he was on a bus...

艾弗梦见他在一辆公共汽车上。

She **dreamed** about her baby.

她梦见了她的宝宝。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **梦想；幻想；愿望** You can refer to a situation or event as a **dream** if you often think about it because you would like it to happen.

He had finally accomplished his **dream** of becoming a pilot...

他最终实现了成为一名飞行员的梦想。

My **dream** is to have a house in the country...

我梦想在乡间拥有一栋房子。

You can make that **dream** come true.

你可以让那个梦想实现。

4 VERB 动词 **梦想；渴望** If you often think about something that you would very much like to happen or have, you can say that you **dream** of it.

As a schoolgirl, she had **dreamed** of becoming an actress...

她上学时曾梦想成为一名女演员。

For most of us, a brand new designer kitchen is something we can only **dream** about...

对我们大多数人来说，一间崭新的由著名设计师设计的厨房只能是一种梦想。

I **dream** that my son will attend college and find a good job.

我希望儿子能上大学并找到一份好工作。

5 ADJ 形容詞 **理想的；夢幻般的；完美的** You can use **dream** to describe something that you think is ideal or perfect, especially if it is something that you thought you would never be able to have or experience.

He had his **dream** house built on the banks of the river Bure.

他在布尔河畔建造了他的梦幻屋。

...a **dream** holiday to Jamaica.

牙买加梦幻之旅

6 N-SING 单数名词 **理想；夙愿；梦寐以求的事物** If you describe something as a particular person's **dream**, you think that it would be ideal for that person and that he or she would like it very much.

Greece is said to be a botanist's **dream**...

据说希腊是植物学家梦寐以求的地方。

He's every girl's **dream**!

他是所有姑娘的梦中情人！

7 N-SING 单数名词 **美妙的事；美好的事** If you say that something is a **dream**, you mean that it is wonderful.

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **空想；胡思乱想** You can refer to a situation or event that does not seem real as a **dream**, especially if it is very strange or unpleasant.

When the right woman comes along, this bad **dream** will be over.

当有合适的女人出现时，这种胡思乱想就会停止了。

9 VERB 动词 **绝不；无论如何也不** If you say that you **would not dream** of doing something, you are emphasizing that you would never do it because you think it is wrong or is not possible or suitable for you.

I wouldn't **dream** of making fun of you...

我绝不会取笑你。

My sons would never **dream** of expecting their clothes to be ironed.

我的几个儿子从不指望别人帮他们熨好衣服。

10 VERB 动词 **想到；料到** If you say that you **never dreamed** that something would happen, you are emphasizing that you did not think that it would happen because it seemed very unlikely.

I never **dreamed** that I would be able to afford a home here...

我从没想到我在这儿能买得起房子。

Who could ever **dream** of a disaster like this?...

谁能想到会发生这样的灾难？

I find life more charming and more astonishing than I'd ever **dreamed**.

我发现生活比我想象的更迷人、更不可思议。

11 See also: [pipe dream](#) ; [wet dream](#) ;

12 PHRASE 短语 **痴心妄想** If you tell someone to **dream on**, you mean that something they are hoping for is unlikely to happen.

"Perhaps one day I may go on a relaxing holiday."

—"Yeah, **dream on**."

"也许有一天我可以享受一个放松身心的假期。"

——"是啊，你就做梦吧。"

13 PHRASE 短语 **心不在焉；梦游般地** If you say that you are **in a dream**, you mean that you do not concentrate properly on what you are doing because you are thinking about other things.

All day long I moved in a **dream**.

整整一天我都心不在焉。

14 PHRASE 短语 **梦幻般地；美妙地；完美地** If you say that someone does something **like a dream**, you think that they do it very well. If you say that something happens **like a dream**, you mean that it happens successfully without any problems.

She cooked like a **dream**...

她烹饪技艺精湛。

His ship had sailed like a **dream**.

他的船行驶十分顺畅。

15 PHRASE 短语 **理想中的；完美的** If you describe someone or something as the person or thing of your **dreams**, you mean that you consider them to be ideal or perfect.

This could be the man of my **dreams**.

这就是我理想中的男子。

16 PHRASE 短语 **(强调极为奇怪或完全不可能)再怎么想也** If you say that you could not imagine a particular thing **in your wildest dreams**, you are emphasizing that you think it is extremely strange or unlikely.

Never in my wildest **dreams** did I think we could win.

我做梦也没想到我们会赢。

17 PHRASE 短语 **超出想象的；比希望中要好的** If you describe something as being **beyond** your wildest dreams, you are emphasizing that it is better than you could have imagined or hoped for.

She had already achieved success beyond her wildest **dreams**.

她已经取得超乎想象的成功。

相关词组：

[dream up](#)

dress ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **连衣裙** A **dress** is a piece of clothing worn by a woman or girl. It covers her body and part of her legs.

She was wearing a black **dress**.

她穿一条黑色连衣裙。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 See also: [evening dress](#) ; [fancy dress](#) ; [full dress](#) ; [morning dress](#) ; 衣服

You can refer to clothes worn by men or women as **dress**.

He's usually smart in his **dress**.

他通常穿得很精神。

...hundreds of Cambodians in traditional **dress**.

数百名身着传统服装的柬埔寨人

3 VERB 动词 **穿衣** When you **dress** or **dress yourself**, you put on clothes.

He told Sarah to wait while he **dressed**...

他让萨拉等他穿好衣服。

Sue had **dressed** herself neatly for work.

她穿戴整洁地上班去了。

4 VERB 动词 **给...穿衣服** If you **dress** someone, for example a child, you put clothes on them. →see usage note at: [wear](#)

She bathed her and **dressed** her in clean clothes.

她给她洗澡并穿上干净的衣服。

5 VERB 动词 **穿着；打扮** If someone **dresses** in a particular way, they wear clothes of a particular style or colour.

He **dresses** in a way that lets everyone know

he's got authority...

他的穿着打扮让大家都知道他已经掌权了。

She used to **dress** in jeans.

她过去常穿牛仔裤。

6 VERB 动词 **穿礼服** If you **dress** for something, you put on special clothes for it.

We don't **dress** for dinner here.

我们这儿赴宴不穿礼服。

7 VERB 动词 **清洗，包扎，敷裹(伤口)** When someone **dresses** a wound, they clean it and cover it.

The poor child never cried or protested when I

was **dressing** her wounds.

我给这个可怜的孩子包扎伤口时，她不哭也不闹。

8 VERB 动词 **调制，加作料于(色拉)** If you **dress** a salad, you cover it with a mixture of oil, vinegar, and herbs or flavourings.

Scatter the tomato over, then **dress** the salad.

把西红柿散放在上面，然后给色拉加调味汁。

...a bowl of **dressed** salad.

一碗已调制好的色拉

9 VERB 动词 **(在烹饪前)清洗，加工处理(鸡、鱼或肉类)** To **dress** meat, chicken, or fish means to prepare it for cooking by cleaning it and removing the parts that you cannot eat.

Her mother **dressed** the meat.

她母亲把肉洗好了。

...**dressed** crab.

洗好的螃蟹

10 See also: [dressing](#) ; [dressed](#) ;

相关词组：

[dress down](#) [dress up](#)

drink ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **喝；饮** When you **drink** a liquid, you take it into your mouth and swallow it.

He drank his cup of tea...

他喝他的那杯茶。

They'd stopped **drinking** beer and started on

tequila...

他们已经不喝啤酒了，开始喝龙舌兰酒了。

He drank thirstily from the pool under the rock.

他饥渴地喝着岩石下水潭中的水。

2 VERB 动词 **喝酒** To **drink** means to drink alcohol.

He was smoking and **drinking** too much...

他嗜烟酗酒。

Never accept a ride with people who have been

drinking.

千万别搭喝了酒的司机开的车。

drinking

She had left him because of his **drinking**...

她因他酗酒而离开了他。

They patched up their differences by spending

an evening of heavy **drinking** together.

他们一宿畅饮后终于弥合了分歧。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一杯，一口，一份(饮料)** A **drink** is an amount of a liquid which you drink.

I'll get you a **drink** of water.

我给你来杯水。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **酒；酒精饮料** A **drink** is an alcoholic drink.

She felt like a **drink** after a hard day.

辛苦了一天她想喝上一杯。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **酒(如啤酒、葡萄酒或威士忌)** **Drink** is alcohol, such as beer, wine, or whisky.

Too much **drink** is bad for your health.

酗酒有害健康。

6 See also: [drinking](#) ;

7 PHRASE 短语 **醉得不省人事；烂醉如泥；酩酊大醉** If you **drink** yourself into a stupor or **drink** yourself into oblivion, you drink so much alcohol that you lose consciousness or fall deeply asleep.

We drank ourselves into a stupor on cheap wine.

我们喝廉价葡萄酒喝得酩酊大醉。

8 PHRASE 短语 **比...更能喝酒；酒量比...大；灌醉** If someone **drinks** you **under the table**, they drink more alcohol than you are able to on a particular occasion.

At sixteen he could **drink** me under the table.

16岁的时候他就能把我灌醉了。

9 PHRASE 短语 **(因沮丧或忧虑)纵酒，酗酒** If someone **takes to drink**, they start to drink a lot of alcohol regularly, usually because they are depressed or worried about something.

He took to **drink** after his wife died.

他妻子过世后他就沉溺于酒中了。

10 CONVENTION 惯用语 **可以；行；同意** People say 'I'll **drink** to that' to show that they agree with and approve of something that someone has just said.

11 to **drink** someone's health →see: [health](#) ;

相关词组：

[drink in](#) [drink to](#) [drink up](#)

driver ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [back-seat driver](#) ; **驾驶员；司机；驾车者** The **driver** of a vehicle is the person who is driving it.

The **driver** got out of his van.

司机从货车上下来。

...a taxi **driver**.

出租车司机

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **驱动程序** A **driver** is a computer program that controls a device such as a printer.

...printer **driver** software.

打印机驱动软件

drop ★★★★★

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)降低；(使)下降；(使)减少** If a level or amount **drops** or if someone or something **drops** it, it quickly becomes less.

Temperatures can **drop** to freezing at night...

夜间温度可能会降到零度以下。

Once the rate rises it never **drops** back to its

previous level...

一旦价格上去了就再也不会降到以前的水平了。

His blood pressure had **dropped** severely...

他的血压下降得很严重。

He had **dropped** the price of his London home

by £1.25m.

他已将他在伦敦的房子价格降了125万英镑。

Drop is also a noun.

He was prepared to take a **drop** in wages...

他已做好心理准备接受降薪。

The poll indicates a **drop** in support for the

Conservatives.

民意测验表明保守党支持率有所下降。

2 VERB 动词 **(意外地)使掉下，使落下** If you **drop** something, you accidentally let it fall.

I **dropped** my glasses and broke them.

我不小心把眼镜掉下来摔碎了。

3 VERB 动词 **掉到...上；从...上掉落** If something **drops onto** something else, it falls onto that thing. If something **drops from** somewhere, it falls from that place.

He felt hot tears **dropping** onto his fingers...

他感觉到热泪掉到他的手指上。

Burning embers started **dropping** from the ceiling...

余火未尽的木块开始从天花板上往下掉。

His toupee **dropped** off, revealing his bald head.

他的假发掉了，露出了光头。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **投下；丢下；扔下；掉下** If you **drop** something somewhere or if it **drops** there, you deliberately let it fall there.

Drop the noodles into the water...

将面条下到水里。

He **dropped** his plate into the sink.

他把盘子丢到水槽里。

...shaped pots that simply **drop** into their own container...

可轻松放入配套的盒子里。有特制外形的锅具

Bombs **drop** round us and the floor shudders.

炸弹落在我们周围，地板在颤抖。

dropping

...the **dropping** of the first atomic bomb.

第一颗原子弹的投放

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(疲惫地)垂下，低垂，垂落** If a person or a part of their body **drops** to a lower position, or if they **drop** a part of their body to a lower position, they move to that position, often in a tired and lifeless way.

Nancy **dropped** into a nearby chair...

南希疲惫地瘫坐到近处的椅子上。

She let her head **drop**...

她低垂着头。

He **dropped** his hands on to his knees.

他将双手垂放在腿上。

6 VERB 动词 **累倒；累垮** To **drop** is used in expressions such as **to be about to drop** and **to dance until you drop** to emphasize that you are exhausted and can no longer continue doing something.

She looked about to **drop**...

她看上去快要累垮了。

You have to run until you **drop**.

一直跑到你跑不动为止。

7 VERB 动词 **(开玩笑或不雅地)脱掉(裤子)** If a man **drops** his trousers, he pulls them down, usually as a joke or to be rude.

A couple of boozy revellers **dropped** their trousers.

两名醉酒的狂欢者脱掉了他们的裤子。

8 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)(声音)降低，压低** If your voice **drops** or if you **drop** your voice, you speak more quietly.

Her voice will **drop** to a dismissive whisper...

她会把声音压低，轻蔑地低语。

He **dropped** his voice and glanced round at the door.

他放低了声音，在门口环视了一下。

9 VERB 动词 **中途放下(某人)；中途卸下(某物)** If you **drop** someone or something somewhere, you take them somewhere and leave them there, usually in a car or other vehicle.

He **dropped** me outside the hotel...

他把我送到了酒店。

Many children had been **dropped** at the stadium by their parents...

很多孩子被家长送到了体育馆。

Tim had **dropped** the letter in earlier.

蒂姆早些时候把信送来了。

Drop off means the same as **drop**. **drop off** 同 **drop**

Just **drop** me off at the airport...

就让我在机场下好了。

He was **dropping off** a late birthday present.

他正在送一份迟到的生日礼物。

10 VERB 动词 **停止；终止；放弃** If you **drop** an idea, course of action, or habit, you do not continue with it.

He was told to **drop** the idea...

他被告知要打消那个主意。

The prosecution was forced to **drop** the case...

控方被迫撤诉。

Many nations still had not **dropped** sanctions against South Africa.

很多国家还没有终止对南非的制裁。

dropping

This was one of the factors that led to President Suharto's **dropping** of his previous objections.

这是导致苏哈托总统放弃其先前异议的因素之一。

11 VERB 动词 **(运动队或组织)把...除名** If someone is **dropped** by a sports team or organization, they are no longer included in that team or employed by that organization.

The country's captain was **dropped** from the tour party to England.

该国的国家队队长无缘英格兰之行。

12 VERB 动词 **输掉** If you **drop** a game or part of a game in a sports competition, you lose it.

Oremans has yet to **drop** a set.

奥尔曼斯还一局未输。

13 VERB 动词 **(在比赛中)排位退后** If you **drop** to a lower position in a sports competition, you move to that position.

Britain has **dropped** from second to third place in the league.

英国在联赛中的排名从第二位降到了第三位。

14 N-COUNT 可数名词 **滴；少量；微量；一点点** A **drop** of a liquid is a very small amount of it shaped like a little ball. In informal English, you can also use **drop** when you are referring to a very small amount of something such as a drink.

...a **drop** of blue ink...

一滴蓝墨水

Add the cream a few **drops** at a time...

每次加几滴奶油。

I'll have another **drop** of that Italian milk.

我还要喝点那种意大利牛奶。

15 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **滴剂** **Drops** are a kind of medicine which you put drop by drop into your ears, eyes, or nose.

...eye **drops**.

眼药水

16 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(水果味或巧克力味的)糖豆，糖果粒** Fruit or chocolate **drops** are small round sweets with a fruit or chocolate flavour.

17 N-COUNT 可数名词 **落差；垂直距离；下降距离** You use **drop** to talk about vertical distances. For example, a thirty-foot **drop** is a distance of thirty feet between the top of a cliff or wall and the bottom of it.

There was a sheer **drop** just outside my window...

我的窗外就是垂直深渊。

It's only a four-foot **drop**.

仅有4英尺的落差。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **drop** and **fall**. Although things can **drop** or **fall** by accident, note that **fall** is not followed by an object, so you cannot say that someone 'falls' something. However, you can say that they **drop** something, or that something **drops**.

Leaves were falling to the ground... He dropped his cigar... Plate after plate dropped from his fingers. You say that a person **drops** when they jump straight down from something, for example, when someone jumps from a plane using a parachute. If someone **falls** it is usually because of an accident. *He stumbled and fell.*

Drop and **fall** are also nouns. A **drop** is the height of something when you imagine falling off it. *Sixteen hundred feet is a considerable drop.* A **fall** is what happens when someone has an accident. *I had been badly bruised by the fall.*

不要混淆 **drop** 和 **fall**。二者均可指东西无意中掉落，但是 **fall** 不可接宾语，所以不可说 someone falls something，却可以说 they drop something 或者 something drops。如，Leaves were falling to the ground (树叶落到了地上)，He dropped his cigar (他扔掉了雪茄)，Plate after plate dropped from his fingers (盘子一个接一个地从他指间掉落)。

drop 还可指人从某物上跳下，例如从飞机上跳伞。**fall** 指人时，通常指人意外摔倒。如，He stumbled and fell (他绊了一下，摔倒了)。

drop 和 **fall** 均可用作名词。**drop** 作名词可指某人想象中物体降落的高度：Sixteen hundred feet is a considerable drop (1,600英尺是非常高的垂直距离了)。

fall 指意外的跌落：I had been badly bruised by the fall (我摔得真青脸肿)。

18 PHRASE 短语 **随口说出；给出暗示** If you **drop a hint**, you give a hint or say something in a casual way.

If I **drop** a few hints he might give me a cutting.
如果我给点暗示，他没准会送我一段插枝。

19 PHRASE 短语 (常指因不喜欢而让别人)终止谈论，不要谈论，谈到此为止 If you want someone to **drop the subject**, **drop it** or **let it drop**, you want them to stop talking about something, often because you are annoyed that they keep talking about it.

Mary Ann wished he would just **drop it**...

玛丽·安希望他就不要谈论它了。

Does that mean you're going to **drop the subject**?

那是不是意味着你将不再谈论那个话题了？

20 See also: [air drop](#); to drop dead→see: [dead](#); at the drop of a hat→see: [hat](#); to drop someone a line→see: [line](#); a drop in the ocean→see: [ocean](#);

相关词组：
[drop away](#) [drop by](#) [drop in](#) [drop off](#) [drop out](#)

dry ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 干的；干燥的 If something is **dry**, there is no water or moisture on it or in it.

Clean the metal with a soft **dry** cloth...

用柔软的干布擦拭金属。

Pat it **dry** with a soft towel...

用柔软的毛巾将它拍干。

Once the paint is **dry**, apply a coat of the red ochre emulsion paint...

油漆干了后，涂一层发红的土黄色乳胶漆。

The path was **dry** and slithery from the drought.

小路因干旱变得又干又滑。

dryness

...the parched **dryness** of the air.

干热的空气

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)变干；弄干；擦干

When something **dries** or when you **dry** it, it becomes dry.

The washing might **dry** outside today, the sun's shining...

洗过的衣物可能今天晾在外面就能干，阳光正足。

Leave your hair to **dry** naturally whenever possible...

尽可能让头发自然晾干。

Wash and **dry** the lettuce...

将莴苣洗洗再晾干。

Liz laughed again, got up from the water and began to **dry** herself.

利兹又笑了，从水里站起来开始擦干身上的水。

3 VERB 动词 (洗后) 擦干(盘、杯、刀、锅等)

When you **dry** the dishes after a meal, you wipe the water off the plates, cups, knives, pans, and other things when they have been washed, using a cloth.

Mrs. Madrigal began **drying** dishes.

马德里加尔夫人开始擦干碟子。

Dry up means the same as **dry**. [dry up](#) 同 [dry](#)

He got up and stood beside Julie, **drying up** the dishes while she washed.

他站起身站在朱莉身旁，她洗碗碟，他擦干。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (皮肤或头发)发干的，无水分的 If you say that your skin or hair is **dry**, you mean that it is less oily than, or not as soft as, normal.

Nothing looks worse than **dry**, cracked lips...

没有什么比干燥开裂的嘴唇更难看的了。

Dry hair can be damaged by washing it too frequently...

干性头发洗得太频繁容易受损。

My skin's been getting a little **dry** recently.

我皮肤最近有点干。

dryness

Dryness of the skin can also be caused by living in centrally heated homes and offices.

长期呆在有中央供暖系统的住宅和办公室里也会引起皮肤干燥。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 干旱的；雨量少的；无雨的 If the weather or a period of time is **dry**, there is no rain or there is much less rain than average.

Exceptionally **dry** weather over the past year had cut agricultural production...

去年罕见的干旱天气已导致农业减产。

The spring had been unusually **dry** and we received only two tenths of an inch of rain during the entire month of June.

春天异常干旱，我们在整个6月只有0.2英寸的降雨量。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (地方或气候)少雨的，干燥的 A **dry** place or climate is one that gets very little rainfall.

It was one of the driest and dustiest places in Africa.

那是非洲最干旱、尘土最多的地方之一。

...a hot, **dry** climate where the sun is shining all the time.

终年阳光明媚的炎热干旱气候

dryness

He was advised to spend time in the warmth and **dryness** of Italy.

有人建议他去暖和而少雨的意大利呆一段时间。

7 N-SING 单数名词 干燥；少雨 In the **dry** means in a place or at a time that is not damp, wet, or rainy.

Such cars, however, do grip the road well, even in the **dry**.

不过，这种车即使在干燥路面上也表现出了良好的抓地性能。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (通常指河流、湖泊或水井由于天热少雨而)干涸的 If a river, lake, or well is **dry**, it is empty of water, usually because of hot weather and lack of rain.

The aquifer which had once fed the wells was pronounced **dry**...

曾为水井供水的蓄水层正式宣告干涸了。

The single-engine plane landed at a **dry** lake in western Arizona...

单引擎飞机在亚利桑那州西部的一个干涸的湖底着陆了。

In the end the Volga's waters will run **dry**.

伏尔加河水终将干涸。

9 ADJ 形容词 (油井)枯竭的，不再产油的 If an oil well is **dry**, it is no longer producing any oil.

To harvest oil and gas profitably from the North Sea, it must focus on the exploitation of small reserves as the big wells run **dry**.

随着大型油井的枯竭，要想从北海的石油和天然气开采中盈利，必须着力于开采小储量的油井。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 口渴的；干渴的 If you are **dry**, you need to drink something.

She was suddenly thirsty and **dry**.

她突然口渴了。

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (因紧张、生病等)口干的，喉咙干的 If your mouth or throat is **dry**, it has little or no saliva in it, and so feels very unpleasant, perhaps because you are tense or ill.

His mouth was **dry**, he needed a drink...

他口干，需要喝上一杯。

My throat was **dry**. I was at a loss for words.

我喉咙很干，不知说什么才好。

dryness

Symptoms included frequent **dryness** in the mouth.

症状包括经常口干舌燥。

12 ADJ 形容词 (咳嗽)无痰的，干咳的 A **dry** cough is one that does not produce any mucus.

13 ADJ 形容词 (眼睛)无泪的 If someone has **dry** eyes, there are no tears in their eyes; often used with negatives or in contexts where you are expressing surprise that they are not crying.

There were few **dry** eyes in the house when I finished...

我说完后房间里没几个人不掉泪的。

She didn't wince and her eyes were **dry**. Talk about brave. She was unbelievable.

她连眉头也未皱一下，也没哭。说到勇敢，她令人难以置信。

14 ADJ 形容词 禁酒的 If a country, state, or city is **dry**, it has laws or rules which forbid anyone to drink, sell, or buy alcoholic drink.

Gujurat has been a totally **dry** state for the past thirty years.

在过去的30年里古吉拉特一直是完全禁酒的一个州。

15 ADJ 形容词 (被)吸干的；(被)榨干的 If you

say that someone is sucking something **dry** or milking it **dry**, you are criticizing them for taking all the good things from it until there is nothing left.

...a shady rip-off industry that sucks its talent **dry** then discards it...

见不得人的山寨行业吸干了它的才华后又将它抛弃

He's just milking the company **dry**.

他是要把公司榨干。

16 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (幽默)不露声色的, 含蓄不露的, 机敏的 **Dry** humour is very amusing, but in a subtle and clever way.

Fulton has retained his **dry** humour...

富尔顿保持着他含而不露的幽默。

Mr Brooke is renowned for his **dry** wit.

布鲁克先生因他不露声色的机智而闻名。

drily

'That is surprising.' — 'Hardly,' I said **drily**.

“那真令人吃惊。”——“这有什么”我不露声色地说。

...a frank and **drily** witty woman.

坦诚又机智的女人

dryness

Her writing has a wry **dryness**.

她的作品有一种冷嘲式的幽默。

17 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 冷淡的; 淡然的; 不动感情的; 冷冰冰的 If you describe a voice as **dry**, you mean that it is cold or dull, and does not express any emotions.

When he crept back to his desk, he heard the **dry** voice of Father Laurence.

当他轻手轻脚地回到读经台时, 他听到了劳伦斯神父冷冰冰的声音。

drily

'Possible,' I said **drily**, 'but not likely'.

“也许,”我冷冷地说,“但可能性不大。”

18 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 枯燥乏味的; 干巴巴的; 无趣的 If you describe something such as a book, play, or activity as **dry**, you mean that it is dull and uninteresting.

...**dry**, academic phrases.

枯燥无味的学术词汇

A lot of the work was very **dry** and boring in Westminster.

威斯敏斯特的许多工作非常枯燥无味令人厌烦。

19 ADJ 形容词 (面包或吐司)不涂黄油和果酱的 **Dry** bread or toast is plain and not covered with butter or jam.

For breakfast, they had **dry** bread and tea.

他们早餐吃了无黄油的面包, 还喝了茶。

20 ADJ 形容词 (酒)无甜味的, 干的 **Dry** sherry or wine does not have a sweet taste.

...a glass of chilled, **dry** white wine.

一杯冰镇干白葡萄酒

21 **high and dry** → see: [high](#); home and dry → see: [home](#);

dried-up

...a tuft or two of **dried-up** grass.

一两簇枯草

22 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 (河流, 湖泊或水井)干涸 If a river, lake, or well **dries up**, it becomes empty of water, usually because of hot weather and a lack of rain.

Reservoirs are **drying up** and farmers have begun to leave their land...

水库逐渐干涸, 农民开始背井离乡。

The fountain is reputed never to **dry up**.

这口泉号称从不干涸。

dried-up

...a **dried-up** river bed.

干涸的河床

23 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 (供应)枯竭, 停止, 中断 If a supply of something **dries up**, it stops.

Investment could **dry up** and that could cause the economy to falter...

投资可能会中断, 而这会引起经济衰退。

Credit from foreign banks is **drying up**...

外资银行的放贷金额持续萎缩, 面临枯竭。

The company laid off 65,000 workers after commercial-jet orders **dried up**.

商务飞机订单减少后公司精简了 65,000 名工人。

24 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 无话可说; 突然住口 If you **dry up** when you are speaking, you stop in the middle of what you were saying, because you cannot think what to say next.

If you ask her what she's good at she will **dry up** after two minutes.

如果你问她擅长什么, 两分钟后她就没话说了。

25 → see: [dry 3](#);

26 See also: [dried-up](#); [drying up](#);

相关词组:

[dry off](#) [dry out](#) [dry up](#)

due ★★★★★

1 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 由于; 因为 If an event is **due to** something, it happens or exists as a direct result of that thing.

The country's economic problems are largely **due to** the weakness of the recovery...

该国的经济问题很大程度上是因为复苏乏力。

If the trip is a success, a lot of this will be **due to** Mr Green's efforts.

如果说这次旅行获得了成功, 那很大程度上要归功于格林先生的努力。

2 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 由于, 因为(构成原因状语, 有些英语国家的人认为该用法不正确) You can say **due to** to introduce the reason for something happening. Some speakers of English believe that it is not correct to use **due to** in this way.

Due to the large volume of letters he receives Dave regrets he is unable to answer queries personally...

因信件数量繁多, 戴夫无法亲自答复提出的问题, 他为此表示歉意。

Jobs could be lost in the defence industry **due to** political changes sweeping Europe.

因横扫欧洲的政治变故, 国防行业中有些人可能会失业。

3 ADJ 形容词 到期的; 预期的; 预定到达的 If something is **due** at a particular time, it is expected to happen, be done, or arrive at that time.

The results are **due** at the end of the month...

预计月底会有结果。

The first price increases are **due** to come into force in July...

第一批提价预计将在7月开始执行。

Jason is currently in Britain to finish recording his second album which is **due out** in May...

贾森正在英国完成他5月要出的第二张专辑的录制。

Mr Carter is **due** in London on Monday.

卡特先生预定于星期一到达伦敦。

...customers who paid later than twenty days after the **due** date.

比预定日期推迟20天付款的顾客

4 ADJ 形容词 适当的; 适合的; 充分的 **Due** attention or consideration is the proper, reasonable, or deserved amount of it under the circumstances.

After **due** consideration it was decided to send him away to live with foster parents...

充分考虑之后决定将他送到养父母那儿生活。

I do hope that people will make use of footpaths and treat them with **due** attention that is needed.

我真希望人们使用人行道并给予应有的关注。

5 ADJ 形容词 应有的; 应得的; 应得到的 Something that is **due**, or that is **due to** someone, is owed to them, either as a debt or because they have a right to it.

I was sent a cheque for £1,525 and advised that no further pension was **due**...

我收到了一张1,525英镑的支票, 并被告知我应得的养老金到此为止。

I've got some leave **due to** me and I was going to Tasmania for a fortnight.

我打算利用应享有的假期去塔斯马尼亚呆两周。

Due is also a preposition.

He had not taken a summer holiday that year but had accumulated the leave **due** him.

那年暑假他没有休息, 而是把他应有的假期都攒了起来。

6 ADJ 形容词 (期待很长时间后)预期应得的, 预计应到的 If someone is **due for** something, that thing is planned to happen or be given to them now, or very soon, often after they have been waiting for it for a long time.

The deputy chief inspector rang me up and said, 'Miss Smith, you know you are **due for** a

move?...

副总督察给我打电话说，“史密斯小姐，你知道你要搬家了吗？”

He is not **due** for release until 2020.

他要到 2020 年才能被释放。

Due is also a preposition.

I reckon I'm **due** one of my travels.

我想我就要开始我的一次旅行了。

7 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **会(员)费 Dues** are sums of money that you give regularly to an organization that you belong to, for example a social club or trade union, in order to pay for being a member.

Only 18 of the UN's 180 members had paid their **dues** by the January deadline.

在一月最后期限前联合国 180 个成员国只有 18 个缴纳了会费。

8 ADV 副词 (用在north, south, east或west前表示方向) **正 Due** is used before the words 'north', 'south', 'east', or 'west' to indicate that something is in exactly the direction mentioned.

They headed **due** north...

他们朝正北方向行进了。

The Thames flows **due** south from Oxford,

through the market town of Abingdon.

泰晤士河从牛津向正南方向流去，穿过阿宾顿的集镇。

...a mining town 40 miles **due** east of Los Angeles.

洛杉矶正东方向 40 英里处的采矿小镇

9 PHRASE 短语 **在适当的时候；到一定的时候** If you say that something will happen or take place **in due course**, you mean that you cannot make it happen any quicker and it will happen when the time is right for it.

In **due** course the baby was born...

婴儿足月降生了。

The arrangements will be published in **due** course.

计划将在适当的时候公布。

10 PHRASE 短语 **给...以应有的评价；公道地对待...**

You can say '**to give him his due**', or '**giving him his due**' when you are admitting that there are some good things about someone, even though there are things that you do not like about them.

To give Linda her **due**, she had tried to encourage John in his school work.

说句公道话，琳达努力规劝过约翰要好好学习。

You can say '**with due respect**' when you are about to disagree politely with someone.

(发表不同意见前的谦语)恕我冒昧，恕我直言

With all **due** respect, you're wrong.

恕我直言，您错了。

duty ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **职务；义务 Duty** is work that you have to do for your job.

Staff must report for **duty** at their normal place of work...

职员必须在平时上班的地方签到。

My **duty** is to look after the animals.

我的责任就是照看这些动物。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **职责；任务；本职工作** Your **duties** are tasks which you have to do because they are part of your job.

I carried out my **duties** conscientiously...

我一丝不苟地履行我的职责。

He was relieved of his **duties** as presidential adviser.

他被撤销了总统顾问一职。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **责任；本分** If you say that something is your **duty**, you believe that you ought to do it because it is your responsibility.

I consider it my **duty** to write to you and thank you.

我认为写信向你表达谢意是我的责任。

4 N-VAR 可变名词 **税 Duties** are taxes which you pay to the government on goods that you buy.

Import **duties** still average 30%.

进口税的平均水平仍然在 30%。

...customs **duties**...

关税

They are pressing the Chancellor to reduce excise **duty** on beer.

他们正给总理施压，要求降低啤酒的消费税。

5 PHRASE 短语 **下班/上班；不值班/值班** If someone such as a policeman or a nurse is **off duty**, they are not working. If someone is **on duty**, they are working.

I'm **off duty**...

我下班了。

Four officers were told to go **off duty** and rest at home...

四名官员已经被通知停职在家休整。

There were 2,250 policemen **on duty** in and around the stadium...

在体育场内及周边有 2,250 名警察在值勤。

Extra staff had been put **on duty**.

额外人员已经就职。

earlier ★★★★★

1 (early的比较级) **Earlier** is the comparative of early.

2 ADV-COMPAR 副词比较级形式 **早些时候；先前；之前** **Earlier** is used to refer to a point or period in time before the present or before the one you are talking about.

As mentioned **earlier**, the University supplements this information with an interview...

如前所述，大学将通过面试对这一信息进行补充。

Earlier, it had been hoped to use the indoor track.

之前曾经希望能使用室内跑道。

...political reforms announced by the President **earlier** this year...

总统于今年早些时候宣布的政治改革

Many years **earlier**, Grundy had given The Beatles their first television break.

多年以前，格伦迪给了甲壳虫乐队第一次在电视上亮相的机会。

Earlier is also an adjective.

Earlier reports of gunshots have not been substantiated.

早先有关枪击的那些报道尚未得到证实。

earn ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **赚取；挣得** If you **earn** money, you receive money in return for work that you do.

Charlie was **earning** eight pounds, I was **earning** five...

查理赚了8英镑，我赚了5英镑。

What a lovely way to **earn** a living...

谋生妙道啊！

The dancers can **earn** anything between £20 and £30 for each session...

这些舞蹈演员每场演出的收入在20至30英镑之间。

She was always out **earning**.

她总是在外面赚钱。

2 VERB 动词 **盈(利)；生(利)** If something **earns** money, it produces money as profit or interest.

...a current account which **earns** little or no interest...

利息很少或为零的活期账户

We buy everything abroad with the money **earned** from oil imports.

我们用进口石油赚到的钱从国外购买一切商品。

3 VERB 动词 **赢得，博得(赞扬等)** If you **earn** something such as praise, you get it because you deserve it.

Companies must **earn** a reputation for honesty...

公司必须树立诚信的声誉。

I think that's **earned** him very high admiration.

我认为那一点为他赢得了极高的赞誉。

4 to **earn** a crust → see: [crust](#) ;

earth ★★★★★

1 N-PROPER 专有名词 **地球(指宇宙组成部分时用Earth, 指人类居住的星球时用the Earth)** **Earth** or **the Earth** is the planet on which we live. People usually say **Earth** when they are referring to the planet as part of the universe, and **the Earth** when they are talking about the planet as the place where we live.

The space shuttle Atlantis returned safely to **earth** today.

亚特兰蒂斯号航天飞机今天安全返回地球。

...a fault in the **Earth's** crust.

地壳断层

2 N-SING 单数名词 **陆地；地面** **The earth** is the

and surface on which we live and move about.

The **earth** shook and the walls of neighbouring houses fell around them.
地面摇晃，周围房屋的墙体在他们身边倒塌。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **泥土；土壤；土地**
Earth is the substance on the land surface of the earth, for example clay or sand, in which plants grow.

The road winds for miles through parched **earth**, scrub and cactus...
公路蜿蜒数英里，穿过炙烤的大地、灌木丛和仙人掌。

They will revert to tilling the **earth** in an old-fashioned way.
他们将回归到用老方法耕地。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(狐等的) 洞穴** An **earth** is a hole in the ground in which an animal such as a fox lives.

5 N-SING 单数名词 **(接) 地线** The **earth** in an electric plug or piece of electrical equipment is the wire through which electricity can pass into the ground, which makes the equipment safe if something goes wrong with it.

The **earth** wire was not connected.
地线没有接上。

in AM, use 美国英语用 ground
earthed
Light fittings with metal parts should always be **earthed**.
有金属部件的照明装置都应该走地线。

6 See also: [down-to-earth](#) ;

7 PHRASE 短语 **(用于以how, why, what 或 where 开始的问句，表示强调，通常表示问题没有答案或很难回答) 究竟，到底** On **earth** is used for emphasis in questions that begin with words such as 'how', 'why', 'what', or 'where'. It is often used to suggest that there is no obvious or easy answer to the question being asked.

How on **earth** did that happen?...
那件事到底怎么发生的？

What on **earth** had Luke done?...
卢克究竟做了什么？

Why on **earth** would he want to go to such a place?
他到底为什么想去那么个地方？

8 PHRASE 短语 **(用于否定名词短语后表强调) 根本，完全** On **earth** is used for emphasis after some negative noun groups, for example 'no reason'.

There was no reason on **earth** why she couldn't have moved in with us...
她没能搬过来和我们同住，这根本就说不通。

There is no feeling on **earth** like winning for the first time.
初尝胜利滋味的感觉真是无可比拟。

9 PHRASE 短语 **(用于包含形容词最高级的名词短语后表示强调) 世界上，人世间** On **earth** is used for emphasis after a noun group that contains a superlative adjective.

He wanted to be the fastest man on **earth**.
他想成为世界上跑得最快的人。

...the site of the worst ecological disaster on **earth**.
世界上最严重的生态灾难发生地

10 PHRASE 短语 **(激动之后) 恢复正常生活，回到现实** If you come **down to earth** or **back to earth**, you have to face the reality of everyday life after a period of great excitement.

When he came down to **earth** after his win he admitted: 'It was an amazing feeling'...
从胜利的喜悦中平复后，他承认：“当时感觉棒极了。”

I was shocked, brought down to **earth** by this revelation.
真相的披露让我深感震惊，我被带回了现实。

11 PHRASE 短语 **(经过长时间的寻找后) 终于找到** If you **run** someone or something to **earth**, you find them after searching for them for a long time.

She ran him to **earth** in the pub at five to one.
1点差5分的时候，她终于在酒馆里找到了他。

12 PHRASE 短语 **价格不菲/斥巨资** If you say that something **cost the earth** or that you **paid the earth** for it, you are emphasizing that it cost a very large amount of money.

It must have cost the **earth**.
这肯定花了很多钱。

13 **hell on earth**→see: [hell](#) ;
to move heaven and earth→see: [heaven](#) ; salt of the earth→see: [salt](#) ;

eastern ★★★★★☆

1 ADJ 形容词 **东边的；东部的；来自东边的；来自东部的** **Eastern** means in or from the east of a region, state, or country.

...Eastern Europe.
东欧

...Pakistan's **eastern** city of Lahore.
巴基斯坦东部城市拉合尔

...France's **eastern** border with Germany.
法国东部与德国接壤的边界

2 ADJ 形容词 See also: [Middle Eastern](#) ; **来自东方国家的；东方国家的** **Eastern** means coming from or associated with the people or countries of the East, such as India, China, or Japan.

In many Eastern countries massage was and is a part of everyday life.
在很多东方国家，按摩从古至今都是日常生活的一部分。

eat ★★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 **吃** When you **eat** something, you put it into your mouth, chew it, and swallow it.

She was **eating** a sandwich...
她在吃三明治。

The bananas should be **eaten** within two days...
那些香蕉应该在两天内吃掉。

We took our time and ate slowly.
我们不慌不忙地慢慢吃着。

2 VERB 动词 **(合理或健康地) 饮食** If you **eat** sensibly or healthily, you eat food that is good for you.

...a campaign to persuade people to **eat** more healthily.
劝说人们饮食更加健康的宣传活动

3 VERB 动词 **用餐；吃饭** If you **eat**, you have a meal.

Let's go out to **eat**...
我们出去吃吧。

We ate lunch together a few times.
我们一起吃过几次午餐。

4 VERB 动词 **使不安；使焦虑** If something is **eating** you, it is annoying or worrying you.

'What the hell's **eating** you?' he demanded.
“到底什么事让你心烦啊？”他问道。

5 PHRASE 短语 **完全听命于；完全受...支配** If you have someone **eating out of your hand**, they are completely under your control.

She usually has the press **eating out of her hand**.
她通常都能将新闻界抓在自己手心。

6 PHRASE 短语 **比...还要厉害；令...妒忌** People use **eat your heart out** with the name of a person when they are doing something that they think the person named might be jealous of.

A limousine was sent to pick me up and deliver me to the set. Eat your heart out, Tom Selleck!...
他们派了一辆豪华轿车来接我去片场，你就眼红吧，汤姆·塞立克！

I want everyone back in Cleveland to be **eating** their crummy little hearts out.
我想让家乡克利夫兰所有那些烂人都懊悔不已。

7 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指客人) 把...吃穷** If you **eat** someone **out of house and home**, you eat a lot of their food, especially when you are living with them.

Is Karen still **eating** you out of house and home?
卡伦还在只顾吃光你的家当吗？

8
to be **eaten alive**→see: [alive](#) ;
to have your cake and eat it→see: [cake](#) ; dog eat dog→see: [dog](#) ;
to eat humble pie→see: [humble](#) ;

相关词组：
[eat away](#) [eat into](#) [eat up](#)

edge ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **边；边线；边缘** The **edge** of something is the place or line where it stops, or the part of it that is furthest from the middle.

We were on a hill, right on the edge of town...

我们在恰位于城镇边缘的一座小山上。

She was standing at the water's edge...

她正站在水边。

Daniel stepped in front of her desk and sat down on its edge.

丹尼尔走到她的桌前，坐在桌沿上。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (刀、斧等的) 锋, 刃 The edge of something sharp such as a knife or an axe is its sharp or narrow side.

...the sharp edge of the sword.

锋利的剑刃

3 VERB 动词 缓慢地移动; 挪动 If someone or something edges somewhere, they move very slowly in that direction.

He edged closer to the telephone, ready to grab it...

他慢慢挪向电话机, 准备抓起听筒。

He is edging ahead in the opinion polls.

他在民意测验中的支持率正一点点攀升。

4 N-SING 单数名词 (尤指坏事的) 边缘, 临界点 The edge of something, especially something bad, is the point at which it may start to happen.

They have driven the rhino to the edge of extinction...

他们已经令犀牛濒临灭绝。

She was on the edge of tears.

她泪水盈眶。

5 N-SING 单数名词 优势; 上风 If someone or something has an edge, they have an advantage that makes them stronger or more likely to be successful than another thing or person.

The three days France have to prepare could give them the edge over England...

法国有3天的准备时间, 这可能会让他们在对阵英格兰时占上风。

Through superior production techniques they were able to gain the competitive edge.

凭借先进的生产技术, 他们得以占据竞争优势。

6 N-SING 单数名词 影响力; 锋芒 If you say that someone or something has an edge, you mean that they have a powerful quality.

Featuring new bands gives the show an edge...

以新乐队为主打是这次演出的一个亮点。

Greene's stories had an edge of realism.

格林的小说有强烈的现实主义色彩。

7 N-SING 单数名词 (声音的) 尖锐, 尖刻, 激动 If someone's voice has an edge to it, it has a sharp, bitter, or emotional quality.

But underneath the humour is an edge of bitterness...

但是幽默的背后却透着怨气。

There was a nervous edge to his voice.

他的声音有些紧张。

8 See also: [cutting edge](#); [knife-edge](#); [leading edge](#);

9 PHRASE 短语 紧张不安; 烦躁 If you or your nerves are on edge, you are tense, nervous, and unable to relax.

My nerves were constantly on edge.

我的神经时刻处于紧绷状态。

10 PHRASE 短语 有浓厚兴趣; 聚精会神 If you say that someone is on the edge of their seat or chair, you mean that they are very interested in what is happening or what is going to happen.

Most of the time the audience is on the edge of its seat.

大多数时候, 观众都屏息凝神。

11 PHRASE 短语 (无伤大雅的) 瑕疵, 小毛病 If you say that a person or a piece of entertainment has rough edges, you mean that they have some small faults, although generally you approve of them.

The show, despite some rough edges, was an instant success.

虽然有一些瑕疵, 演出还是一举获得了成功。

12 PHRASE 短语 减轻; 弱化 If something takes the edge off a situation, usually an unpleasant one, it weakens its effect or intensity.

A spell of poor health took the edge off her performance.

一度身体欠佳令她表现有失水准。

13 to set your teeth on edge → see: [tooth](#);

相关词组:

[edge out](#)

edition ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 版; 版本 An edition is a particular version of a book, magazine, or newspaper that is printed at one time.

A paperback edition is now available at bookshops.

平装本现在在书店可以买到。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (书或报纸的) 一次印刷量, 版次 An edition is the total number of copies of a particular book or newspaper that are printed at one time.

The second edition was published only in America.

第二版只在美国出版。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (电视或广播节目的) 一期, 一期 An edition is a single television or radio programme that is one of a series about a particular subject.

They appeared on an edition of BBC2's Arena.

他们在英国广播公司二台《竞技场》的一期节目中亮相。

editor ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (报纸或杂志的) 主编 An editor is the person who is in charge of a newspaper or magazine and who decides what will be published in each edition of it.

Cookery Editor Moyra Fraser takes you behind the scenes.

烹调专栏主笔莫伊拉·弗雷泽会带您了解幕后的故事。

...by Alan Travis, Home Affairs Editor.

由家庭事务专栏编辑艾伦·特拉维斯执笔

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 编辑; 校订者 An editor is a person who checks and corrects texts before they are published.

Your role as editor is important, for you can look at a piece of writing objectively.

你的编辑角色很重要, 因为你能够客观地审视作品。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (报道某类广播、电视新闻的) 记者, 编辑 An editor is a radio or television journalist who reports on a particular type of news.

...our economics editor, Dominic Harrod.

我台经济新闻记者多米尼克·哈罗德

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (电影、广播或电视节目的) 剪辑员, 剪辑师 An editor is a person who prepares a film, or a radio or television programme, by selecting some of what has been filmed or recorded and putting it in a particular order.

She worked at 20th Century Fox as a film editor.

她在20世纪福克斯公司担任电影剪辑师。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (书籍的) 编者, 编选人 An editor is a person who collects pieces of writing by different authors and prepares them for publication in a book or a series of books.

Michael Rosen is the editor of the anthology.

迈克尔·罗森是这本选集的编者。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 编辑程序 An editor is a computer program that enables you to change and correct stored data.

education ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 (通常指学校) 教育; 培养; 训练 Education involves teaching people various subjects, usually at a school or college, or being taught.

They're cutting funds for education...

他们正在削减教育经费。

Paul prolonged his education with six years of advanced study in English.

保罗延长了他的受教育时间, 打算花6年时间深造英语。

...a man with little education.

没受过什么教育的人

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (针对某一问题的公众) 教育 Education of a particular kind involves

teaching the public about a particular issue.

...better health **education**.

更好的健康教育

See also: [adult education](#) ; [further education](#) ; [higher education](#) ; →see usage note at: [educate](#)

effective ★★★★★

ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **有效的** ; **能产生预期效果的** Something that is **effective** works well and produces the results that were intended.

The project looks at how we could be more **effective** in encouraging students to enter teacher training...

该项目着眼于我们如何能够更加有效地鼓励学生参与教师培训。

Simple antibiotics are **effective** against this organism...

一般的抗生素能够有效对抗这种微生物。

...an **effective** public transport system.

有效运转的公共交通系统

effectively

...the team roles which you believe to be necessary for the team to function **effectively**...

你认为要使团队有效运作所必需的团队作用

Services need to be more **effectively** organised than they are at present.

服务的管理应该比现在更加有效。

effectiveness

...the **effectiveness** of computers as an educational tool.

计算机作为教育工具的有效性

ADJ 形容词 **实际的** ; **事实上的** **Effective** means having a particular role or result in practice, though not officially or in theory.

They have had **effective** control of the area since the security forces left.

自从安全部队撤离后，他们实际上控制了该地区。

...a restructuring that would have resulted in an **effective** increase on one of their most popular excursion fares.

原本会使他们最热门的一条短途旅游线路的费用出现实质性上涨的调整

ADJ 形容词 (法律、协议等) **生效的** , **起作用的**

When something such as a law or an agreement becomes **effective**, it begins officially to apply or be valid.

The new rules will become **effective** in the next few days.

新规定将在几天后生效。

egg ★★★★★

N-COUNT 可数名词 **蛋** ; **卵** An **egg** is an oval object that is produced by a female bird and which contains a baby bird. Other animals such as reptiles and fish also lay eggs.

...a baby bird hatching from its **egg**.

从蛋中孵出的小鸟

...ant **eggs**.

蚊卵

N-VAR 可变名词 (西方国家常指供食用的) **鸡蛋** In Western countries, **eggs** often means hen's eggs, eaten as food.

Break the **eggs** into a shallow bowl and beat them lightly.

把鸡蛋打到一个浅碗中，轻轻搅打。

...bacon and **eggs**.

咸肉煎蛋

N-COUNT 可数名词 **卵状物** ; **蛋形物** **Egg** is used to refer to an object in the shape of a hen's egg.

...a chocolate **egg**.

巧克力蛋

N-COUNT 可数名词 **卵子** ; **卵细胞** An **egg** is a cell that is produced in the bodies of female animals and humans. If it is fertilized by a sperm, a baby develops from it.

It only takes one sperm to fertilize an **egg**.

只需要一个精子就能让卵子受精。

See also: [Easter egg](#) ; [nest egg](#) ; [Scotch egg](#) ;

PHRASE 短语 **寄希望于一件事上** ; **孤注一掷** If someone puts **all their eggs in one basket**, they put all their effort or resources into doing one thing so that, if it fails, they have no alternatives left.

The key word here is diversify ; don't put all your **eggs in one basket**.

这里的关键词是多样性；不要在一棵树上吊死。

PHRASE 短语 **出丑** ; **丢脸** ; **蒙羞** If someone has **egg on their face** or has **egg all over their face**, they have been made to look foolish.

If they take this game lightly they could end up with **egg on their faces**.

如果他们对这场比赛掉以轻心，结果很可能会出丑。

a **chicken and egg situation**→see: [chicken](#) ;

the **goose that lays the golden egg**→see: [goose](#) ;

相关词组：

[egg on](#)

eighteenth ★★★★★

ORD 序数词 **第十八** The **eighteenth** item in a series is the one that you count as number eighteen.

The siege is now in its **eighteenth** day.

围困今天已经进入第18天了。

eighth ★★★★★

ORD 序数词 **第八的** The **eighth** item in a series is the one that you count as number eight.

...the **eighth** prime minister of India.

印度第八任总理

FRACTION 分数词 **八分之一** An **eighth** is one of eight equal parts of something.

The Kuban produces an **eighth** of Russia's grain, meat and milk.

库班地区出产俄罗斯1/8的粮食、肉类和牛奶。

eightieth ★★★★★

ORD 序数词 **第八十** The **eightieth** item in a series is the one that you count as number eighty.

Mr Stevens recently celebrated his **eightieth** birthday.

史蒂文斯先生最近庆祝了他的80大寿。

elect ★★★★★

VERB 动词 **选举** ; **推选** When people **elect** someone, they choose that person to represent them, by voting for them.

The people of the Philippines have voted to **elect** a new president...

菲律宾人民已投票选举出了一位新总统。

Manchester College **elected** him Principal in 1956...

曼彻斯特学院于1956年推选他做院长。

The country is about to take a radical departure by **electing** a woman as its new president.

该国将发生重大转变，选举一位女性担任新总统。

elected

...the country's democratically **elected** president.

该国的民选总统

VERB 动词 **选择** , **决定(做)** If you **elect to do** something, you choose to do it.

Those **electing** to smoke will be seated at the rear.

那些想吸烟的人将坐在后排。

ADJ 形容词 **已当选但未就任的** ; **候任的** **Elect** is added after words such as 'president' or 'governor' to indicate that a person has been elected to the post but has not officially started to carry out the duties involved.

...the date when the president-**elect** takes office.

候任总统就职日

element ★★★★★

N-COUNT 可数名词 **成分** ; **组成部分** The different **elements** of something are the different parts it contains.

The exchange of prisoners of war was one of the key **elements** of the UN's peace plan.

交换战俘是联合国和平计划的一个重要部分。

N-COUNT 可数名词 **要素** ; **基本部分** A particular **element** of a situation, activity, or process is an important quality or feature that it has or needs.

Fitness has now become an important **element** in our lives.

现在健康已经成为我们生活中的一个要素。

N-COUNT 可数名词 (社会或组织内部具有相同目标、信仰或习惯的) **一群人** , **一组人** , **分子** When

you talk about **elements** within a society or organization, you are referring to groups of people who have similar aims, beliefs, or habits.

...criminal **elements** within the security forces.
安保部队中的犯罪分子

...the hooligan **element**.
流氓团伙

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **些许；一些** If something has an **element** of a particular quality or emotion, it has a certain amount of this quality or emotion.

These reports clearly contain **elements** of propaganda.
这些报告明显带有一些宣传的意味。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(化学中的)元素** An **element** is a substance such as gold, oxygen, or carbon that consists of only one type of atom.

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(电炉、热水器等的)电热元件, 电热丝** The **element** in an electric fire or water heater is the metal part which changes the electric current into heat.

With its unique heating **element** it makes perfect coffee.
其独特的电热元件使它能够煮出非常美味的咖啡。

7 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **天气；(尤指)风雨** You can refer to the weather, especially wind and rain, as **the elements**.

The area where most refugees are waiting is exposed to the **elements**.
大多数难民等待救济的地方都不能挡风遮雨。

8 PHRASE 短语 **自在；适得其所；如鱼得水** If you say that someone is **in their element**, you mean that they are in a situation they enjoy.

My stepmother was in her **element**, organizing everything...
我的继母得心应手地料理着一切。

Maybe it's because they're so out of their **element** that they feel the need to talk.
可能是因为他们感到非常不自在，所以觉得有必要说说话。

eleventh ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第十一** The **eleventh** item in a series is the one that you count as number eleven.

We were working on the **eleventh** floor.
我们在11层办公。

emerge ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **出现；露出** To **emerge** means to come out from an enclosed or dark space such as a room or a vehicle, or from a position where you could not be seen.

Richard was waiting outside the door as she **emerged**...
她出现的时候，理查德正在门外等着。

The postman **emerged** from his van soaked to the skin.
邮递员从他的厢式货车中出来，浑身湿透了。

...holes made by the emerging adult beetle.
甲虫成虫爬出来时留下的孔洞

2 VERB 动词 **(从困境或不好的经历中)摆脱出来, 熬出来** If you **emerge from** a difficult or bad experience, you come to the end of it.

There is growing evidence that the economy is at last emerging from recession.
有越来越多的证据表明经济终于开始摆脱萧条。

...their plans to **emerge from** bankruptcy by February of next year.
他们计划于明年2月之前摆脱破产困境

3 VERB 动词 **(事实或结果)显露, 显现, 暴露** If a fact or result **emerges from** a period of thought, discussion, or investigation, it becomes known as a result of it.

...the growing corruption that has **emerged** in the past few years...
过去几年暴露出来的越来越多的腐败现象

It soon **emerged** that neither the July nor August mortgage repayment had been collected...
很快就发现，原来7月和8月的抵押贷款都没有偿还。

The emerging caution over numbers is perhaps only to be expected.
对数字显露出来的谨慎可能完全是正常的。

4 VERB 动词 **显露；露头；显现** If someone or something **emerges as** a particular thing, they become recognized as that thing.

Mr Shevardnadze **emerged as** a major figure in the reform movement...
谢瓦尔德纳泽先生逐渐成为改革运动的重要人物。

Vietnam has **emerged as** the world's third-biggest rice exporter...
越南已跃居世界第三大稻米出口国。

New leaders have **emerged**.
新领袖已经产生。

5 VERB 动词 **(机构、行业等)形成, 兴起, 出现** When something such as an organization or an industry **emerges**, it comes into existence.

...the new republic that **emerged** in October 1917.
1917年10月成立的新共和国

...a loose alliance of developed and emerging countries.
发达国家和新兴国家之间的松散联盟

emergency ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **紧急事件；意外事件；(尤指)事故** An **emergency** is an unexpected and difficult or dangerous situation, especially an accident, which happens suddenly and which requires quick action to deal with it.

He deals with emergencies promptly...
他迅速处理突发事件。

The hospital will cater only for emergencies.
那家医院只看急诊。

2 ADJ 形容词 **紧急情况下的；应急的** An **emergency** action is one that is done or arranged quickly and not in the normal way, because an emergency has occurred.

The Prime Minister has called an **emergency** meeting of parliament...
首相已召集议会召开紧急会议。

She made an **emergency** appointment.
她挂了急诊。

3 ADJ 形容词 **(设备、供应品等)救急用的, 应急的** **Emergency** equipment or supplies are those intended for use in an emergency.

The plane is carrying **emergency** supplies for refugees...
那架飞机正在为难民运送应急物资。

They escaped through an **emergency** exit and called the police.
他们从紧急出口逃脱，并报了警。

employee ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **雇员；受雇者** An **employee** is a person who is paid to work for an organization or for another person.

He is an **employee** of Fuji Bank...
他是富士银行的雇员。

Many of its **employees** are women.
很多雇员是女性。

...a government **employee**.
政府雇员

encourage ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **鼓励；激励** If you **encourage** someone, you give them confidence, for example by letting them know that what they are doing is good and telling them that they should continue to do it.

When things aren't going well, he **encourages** me, telling me not to give up.
事情进展不顺的时候，他鼓励我说不要放弃。

2 VERB 动词 **使有希望；使有信心** If someone is **encouraged by** something that happens, it gives them hope or confidence.

Investors were **encouraged** by the news...
那个消息给了投资者信心。

Mr Blair said he had been **encouraged** by recent Irish statements about the issue.
布莱尔先生说最近爱尔兰有关这一问题的申明使他看到了希望。

encouraged

We were very **encouraged**, after over 17,000 pictures were submitted...
提交了17,000多张图片，这让我们信心大增。

I am **encouraged** that more physicians are asking questions in these meetings and coming to workshops.
让我欣慰的是，越来越多的医生在这些会议上提问并来参加研讨会。

3 VERB 动词 **鼓动；劝说；怂恿** If you **encourage**

someone to do something you try to persuade them to do it, for example by telling them that it would be a pleasant thing to do, or by trying to make it easier for them to do it. You can also **encourage** an activity.

We want to **encourage** people to go fishing, not put them off...

我们希望鼓励人们去垂钓，而不是打消他们的热情。

Herbie Hancock was **encouraged** by his family to learn music at a young age...

赫尔比·汉考克年幼时家人就鼓励他学音乐。

Their task is to help **encourage** private investment in Russia...

他们的任务是帮助鼓励在俄罗斯进行私人投资。

Participation is **encouraged** at all levels.

鼓励各级人士都来参与。

4 VERB 动词 **刺激；助长；促进** If something **encourages** a particular activity or state, it causes it to happen or increase.

...a natural substance that **encourages** cell growth...

促进细胞生长的天然物质

Such secrecy breeds and **encourages** fear and suspicion...

如此保密的做法滋生并加剧了人们的恐惧和疑虑。

Slow music **encourages** supermarket-shoppers to browse longer but spend more.

舒缓的音乐会促使超市购物者花更长的时间浏览商品的同时花更多的钱。

energy ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **力气；力量** Energy is the ability and strength to do active physical things and the feeling that you are full of physical power and life.

He was saving his **energy** for next week's race in Belgium...

他正为下周在比利时的比赛养精蓄锐。

We try to boost our **energy** by eating.

我们试图通过吃东西来增强体力。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **毅力；活力** Energy is determination and enthusiasm about doing things.

At 54 years old her **energy** and looks are magnificent...

她54岁了，精力和气色都非常好。

You have drive and **energy** for those things you are interested in.

你对那些感兴趣的事情干劲十足。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **努力；精力** Your **energies** are your efforts and attention, which you can direct towards a particular aim.

She had started to devote her **energies** to teaching rather than performing...

她已经开始将精力从表演转移到教学中。

We must concentrate our **energies** on treating addiction first.

我们必须首先集中精力治疗毒瘾。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **能量；能源** Energy is the power from sources such as electricity and coal that makes machines work or provides heat.

...those who favour nuclear **energy**...

那些支持利用核能的人

Oil shortages have brought on an **energy** crisis...

石油短缺已经造成了能源危机。

It doesn't take much to improve the **energy** efficiency of your home.

改善家庭能耗并非难事。

engine ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **引擎；发动机** The **engine** of a car or other vehicle is the part that produces the power which makes the vehicle move.

He got into the driving seat and started the **engine**.

他坐进驾驶座，发动引擎。

...an **engine** failure that forced a jetliner to crash-land in a field.

迫使喷气式客机在田地紧急降落的引擎故障

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **机车；火车头** An **engine** is also the large vehicle that pulls a railway train.

In 1941, the train would have been pulled by a steam **engine**.

1941年，火车本可以由蒸汽机车拉动。

enjoy ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **享受；喜爱** If you **enjoy** something, you find pleasure and satisfaction in doing it or experiencing it.

Ross had always **enjoyed** the company of women...

罗斯向来喜欢有女人伴其左右。

He was a guy who **enjoyed** life to the full...

他是个尽情享受生活的人。

I **enjoyed** playing cricket.

我喜欢打板球。

2 VERB 动词 **感到愉快；过得高兴** If you **enjoy yourself**, you do something that you like doing or you take pleasure in the situation that you are in.

I must say I am really **enjoying** myself at the moment.

我得说此刻我感到非常愉快。

3 VERB 动词 **享有，拥有（权利等）** If you **enjoy** something such as a right, benefit, or privilege, you have it.

The average German will **enjoy** 40 days' paid holiday this year...

今年，德国人将平均享受40天的带薪假期。

He **enjoys** a reputation for honesty.

他出了名地老实。

ensure ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **保证；确保；担保** To **ensure** something, or to **ensure that** something happens, means to make certain that it happens.

Britain's negotiators had **ensured** that the treaty which resulted was a significant change in direction...

英国谈判代表已经担保由此而签订的条约将是方向上的重大改变。

Ensure that it is written into your contract.

确保把这一点写入合同中。

...the President's Council, which **ensures** the supremacy of the National Party.

保证国民党最高地位的总统咨询委员会

enter ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **进入；进来** When you **enter** a place such as a room or building, you go into it or come into it.

He **entered** the room briskly and stood near the door...

他轻快地走进屋里，站在门边。

Before **entering** the bathroom, he emptied his dirty laundry into the hamper...

进浴室前，他把脏衣服全都放进洗衣筐里。

As soon as I **entered**, they stopped and turned my way.

我一进去，他们就停下来转身朝向我。

2 VERB 动词 **加入；成为...的一员；进入...（工作）** If you **enter** an organization or institution, you start to work there or become a member of it.

He **entered** the BBC as a general trainee...

他进入英国广播公司成为一名普通实习生。

She **entered** a convent.

她成为了一名修女。

3 VERB 动词 **突然出现（在头脑中）；掠过（脑海）** If something new **enters** your mind, you suddenly think about it.

Whenever thoughts of his baby daughter **enter** his mind a smile appears on Jeremy's face...

无论何时想起他的小女儿，杰里米的脸上都会出现笑容。

Dreadful doubts began to **enter** my mind.

我开始产生了可怕的怀疑。

4 VERB 动词 **使想起；使想到** If it does not **enter** your head to do, think or say something, you do not think of doing that thing although you should have done.

It never **enters** his mind that anyone is better than him...

他从未想过会有谁比他更好。

Though she enjoyed flirting with Matt, it had not **entered** her head to have an affair with him.

虽然她喜欢和马特打情骂俏，但是却未曾想过要和他相好。

5 VERB 动词 **开始进入...（状况）；迈入...（时期）** If someone or something **enters** a particular situation or period of time, they start to be in it or part of it.

China **enters** a new five-year plan period next

year...

中国明年开始进入新一个五年计划期。

The war has **entered** its second month...

战争已经进入了第二个月。

A million young people **enter** the labour market each year...

每年有100万年轻人进入劳动力市场。

The phrase has already **entered** the language.

这条习语已经被纳入该语言了。

1 VERB 动词 **参加；报名参加（比赛或考试）** If you **enter** a competition, race, or examination, you officially state that you will compete or take part in it.

I run so well I'm planning to **enter** some races...

我跑步很不错，正在考虑参加一些比赛。

He **entered** for many competitions, winning several gold medals...

他参加过多次比赛，赢得了数枚金牌。

To **enter**, simply complete the coupon on page 150.

要想参加，只需填写第150页的参赛表格。

2 VERB 动词 **使参加；为...报名参加** If you **enter** someone for a race or competition, you officially state that they will compete or take part in it.

His wife Marie secretly **entered** him for the Championship.

他妻子玛丽偷偷地为他报名参加锦标赛。

...some of the 150 projects **entered** for the awards.

150个参加奖项评比的项目中的一些

3 VERB 动词 **写下；记下；登记** If you **enter** something in a notebook, register, or financial account, you write it down.

Each week she meticulously **entered** in her notebooks all sums received...

每个星期她都细心地在笔记本上记下所有收到的款项。

Prue **entered** the passage in her notebook, then read it aloud again.

普吕把那一段写在她的笔记本上，然后又大声念了一遍。

4 VERB 动词 **（向计算机或数据库中）输入，写入** To **enter** information into a computer or database means to record it there, for example by typing it on a keyboard.

【语法信息】：V n into n

【语法信息】：V n

When a baby is born, they **enter** that baby's name into the computer...

每当有婴儿降生，他们就将婴儿的名字输入电脑。

Postcodes will be **entered** into the statisticians' computers...

邮编将被输入统计员的电脑中。

A lot less time is now spent **entering** the data.

现在输入数据花费的时间少多了。

相关词组：

[enter into](#)

entire ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **全部的；整个的** You use **entire** when you want to emphasize that you are referring to the whole of something, for example, the whole of a place, time, or population.

He had spent his **entire** life in China as a doctor...

他一生都在中国当医生。

There are only 60 swimming pools in the **entire** country...

全国总共只有60个游泳池。

The **entire** family was staring at him, waiting for him to speak...

全家人都盯着他，等着他说话。

I cried the **entire** three weeks; I never stopped...

我整整哭了3个星期，一刻都没停。

The **entire** world must take notice of something like this.

全世界一定要关注这样的事情。

entry ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **进入权；进入许可** If you gain **entry** to a particular place, you are able to go in.

Bill was among the first to gain **entry** to Buckingham Palace when it opened to the public recently...

白金汉宫最近向公众开放，比尔是最先获得进入许可的人之一。

Non-residents were refused **entry** into the region without authority from their own district...

非本地区居民未经所在地许可，不得进入该区域。

The point of **entry** into Zambia would be the Chirundu border post...

想要进入赞比亚应该经由奇龙杜边防哨所。

Entry to the museum is free.

该博物馆免费参观。

...**entry** fees to places of scientific interest.

科技场馆的入场费

No Entry is used on signs to indicate that you are not allowed to go into a particular area or go through a particular door or gate. **（标示语）不得入内，禁止入内**

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **到达；（尤指有意引人注意的）出场，莅临** You can refer to someone's arrival in a place as their **entry**, especially when you think that they are trying to be noticed and admired.

He made his triumphal **entry** into Mexico City.

他以胜利者的姿态进入墨西哥城。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **参加；加入** Someone's **entry into** a particular society or group is their joining of it.

He described Britain's **entry** into the European Exchange Rate Mechanism as an historic move.

他将英国加入欧洲汇率机制描述为具有历史意义的一步。

...people who cannot gain **entry** to the owner-occupied housing sector.

无法成为私有房产生的人

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（日记或计算机文件的）事项；（参考书的）条目；（账簿的）账目** An **entry** in a diary, account book, computer file, or reference book is a short piece of writing in it.

Violet's diary **entry** for 20 April 1917 records Brigit admitting to the affair...

维奥莉特1917年4月20日的日记里记录着布里吉特承认了那桩风流的事。

Many entries relate to the two world wars.

很多条目与两次世界大战有关。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **参赛作品；竞赛答卷** An **entry** for a competition is a piece of work, for example a story or drawing, or the answers to a set of questions, which you complete in order to take part in the competition.

The closing date for entries is 31st December.

提交参赛作品的截止日期是12月31日。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **参赛人数；报名人数**

Journalists sometimes use **entry** to refer to the total number of people taking part in an event or competition. For example, if a competition has an **entry** of twenty people, twenty people take part in it.

Prize-money of nearly £ 90,000 has attracted a record **entry** of 14 horses from Britain and Ireland...

近9万英镑的奖金吸引了来自英国和爱尔兰的14匹赛马，打破了以往的参赛纪录。

Our competition has attracted a huge **entry**.

我们的竞赛吸引了大批参赛者。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **参赛** Entry in a competition is the act of taking part in it.

Entry to this competition is by invitation only.

只有受邀请才能参加本次竞赛。

...an **entry** form.

参赛表格

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **入口；进口** The **entry** to a place is the way into it, for example a door or gate.

environment ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **生活环境；周围状况** Someone's **environment** is all the circumstances, people, things, and events around them that influence their life.

Pupils in our schools are taught in a safe, secure **environment**...

我们学校的学生在安全无虑的环境中接受教育。

The moral characters of men are formed not by heredity but by **environment**...

人的道德品质不是遗传的，而是由环境塑造而成。

The twins were separated at birth and brought up in entirely different **environments**.

那对双胞胎一出生就被分开，在完全不同的环境中

被抚养长大。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **生存环境**；**特定自然环境**

Your **environment** consists of the particular natural surroundings in which you live or exist, considered in relation to their physical characteristics or weather conditions.

If our **environment** cools, then messages from the skin alert the body's thermostat.

如果外在环境变冷，体表会将这一信息传递给身体的体温调节中枢。

...the maintenance of a safe **environment** for marine mammals.

为海洋哺乳动物维持安全的生存环境

3 N-SING 单数名词 **自然环境**；**生态环境** **The environment** is the natural world of land, sea, air, plants, and animals.

...Conservative spokesman on the **environment**.

保守党有关自然环境问题的发言人

...persuading people to respect the **environment**.

劝告人们保护生态环境

Usage Note :

Be careful with the spelling of this word.

注意该词的拼写。

environmental ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **自然环境保护的**；**生态环境保护的**；**环保的** **Environmental** means concerned with the protection of the natural world of land, sea, air, plants, and animals.

...economic and **environmental** legislation.

经济和生态环境保护法规

...the **environmental** claims being made for some products...

要求一些产品注重保护生态环境的主张

Environmental groups plan to stage public protests during the conference.

环境保护组织计划在会议期间组织公众抗议活动。

environmentally

He veered away from the most **environmentally** sound option.

他放弃了对环境保护最有利的选择方案。

...the high price of **environmentally** friendly goods.

环保产品高昂的价格

2 ADJ 形容词 **与周围环境有关的**；**由生存环境引起的** **Environmental** means relating to or caused by the surroundings in which someone lives or something exists.

It protects against **environmental** hazards such as wind and sun...

它可以保护免受风、太阳等环境因素的危害。

The form the human family takes is a response to **environmental** pressures.

人类的家庭形式是为了应对来自生存环境的压力。

equipment ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **设备**；**装备** **Equipment** consists of the things which are used for a particular purpose, for example a hobby or job.

...computers, electronic **equipment** and machine tools.

计算机、电子设备和机床

...outdoor playing **equipment**.

户外游乐设备

escape ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **逃离**；**逃脱** If you **escape** from a place, you succeed in getting away from it.

A prisoner has **escaped** from a jail in northern England...

一名囚犯从英格兰北部的一所监狱中越狱。

They are reported to have **escaped** to the other side of the border...

有报道称他们已经逃过了国境线。

He was fatally wounded as he tried to **escape**.

他在设法逃跑的时候受了致命伤。

escaped

Officers mistook Stephen for an **escaped** prisoner.

警官误以为斯蒂芬是一名逃犯。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **逃避**；**逃跑**；**避开** Someone's **escape** is the act of escaping from a particular place or situation.

The man made his **escape**.

那个人逃跑了。

3 VERB 动词 **躲过**；**逃脱**；**幸免** You can say that you **escape** when you survive something such as an accident.

The two officers were extremely lucky to **escape** serious injury...

那两名警官极其幸运，没有受重伤。

The man's girlfriend managed to **escape** unhurt...

那个男人的女朋友成功逃脱，毫发无损。

He narrowly **escaped** with his life when suspected right-wing extremists fired shots into his office.

疑似右翼极端分子的一些人向他的办公室开枪扫射，他侥幸逃生。

Escape is also a noun.

I hear you had a very narrow **escape** on the bridge.

我听说你在桥上险些出事。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **脱身之术**；**逃避的方法** If something is an **escape**, it is a way of avoiding difficulties or responsibilities.

But for me television is an **escape**.

但是对我而言，看电视是一种逃避的方法。

...an **escape** from the depressing realities of wartime.

对于战时令人抑郁的现实生活的一种逃避

5 ADJ 形容词 **使逃避困难的**；**使规避问题的** You can use **escape** to describe things which allow you to avoid difficulties or problems. For example, an **escape route** is an activity or opportunity that lets you improve your situation. An **escape clause** is part of an agreement that allows you to avoid having to do something that you do not want to do.

We all need the occasional **escape** route from the boring, routine aspects of our lives...

我们都时不时需要逃避生活中的无聊和平淡。

This has, in fact, turned out to be a wonderful **escape** clause for dishonest employers everywhere.

事实上，这已经成为所有狡猾的雇主们用来躲避责任的绝妙条款。

6 VERB 动词 **为...所不知**；**逃过...的注意**；**被...忘记** If something **escapes** you or **escapes** your attention, you do not know about it, do not remember it, or do not notice it.

It was an actor whose name **escapes** me for the moment...

那个男演员的名字我一时想不起来了。

Blonde and slender, she was too striking to **escape** their attention.

金发细腰的她太引人注目了，他们很难不注意到她。

7 VERB 动词 **(气体、液体、热量等)泄露，逸出，露出** When gas, liquid, or heat **escapes**, it comes out from a pipe, container, or place.

Leave a vent open to let some moist air **escape**.

打开一个通风口，让潮气逸出一些。

8 See also: [fire escape](#) ;

especially ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **特别**；**尤其** You use **especially** to emphasize that what you are saying applies more to one person, thing, or area than to any others.

Millions of wild flowers colour the valleys, **especially** in April and May...

尤其是在四五月份，不计其数的野花盛开，山谷里一片绚烂色彩。

Re-apply sunscreen every two hours, **especially** if you have been swimming.

每两个小时重新涂一次防晒霜，尤其是在游泳的时候。

2 ADV 副词 **格外**；**特别** You use **especially** to emphasize a characteristic or quality.

Babies lose heat much faster than adults, and are **especially** vulnerable to the cold in their first month.

婴儿散热比成年人快得多，在出生后的头一个月特别容易感冒。

essential ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **绝对必要的**；**必不可少的**；**基本的**

Something that is **essential** is extremely important or absolutely necessary to a particular subject, situation, or activity.

It was absolutely **essential** to separate crops from the areas that animals used as pasture...

将庄稼和放牧区分开绝对必要。

As they must also sprint over short distances, speed is **essential**...

由于他们也必须进行短跑，因此速度至关重要。

Jordan promised to trim the city budget without cutting **essential** services.

乔丹承诺在不减少基本服务的前提下，缩减市政预算。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **必需品；不可或缺之物** The **essentials** are the things that are absolutely necessary for the situation you are in or for the task you are doing.

The flat contained the basic **essentials** for bachelor life.

那套公寓配有单身生活的基本必需品。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **基本的；本质的；根本的** The **essential** aspects of something are its most basic or important aspects.

Most authorities agree that play is an **essential** part of a child's development...

大多数权威人士都同意，玩耍在孩子成长过程中起着非常重要的作用。

In this trial two **essential** elements must be proven: motive and opportunity.

在这次审讯中，必须证明两个基本因素：动机和时机。

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(某学科的)基础，基本知识** The **essentials** are the most important principles, ideas, or facts of a particular subject.

...the **essentials** of everyday life, such as eating and exercise...

饮食、锻炼等日常生活的要素

This has stripped the contest down to its **essentials**.

这就使比赛精简到最基本的环节。

...the bare **essentials**.

最简单的基本知识

establish ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **建立；创立；设立；制定** If someone **establishes** something such as an organization, a type of activity, or a set of rules, they create it or introduce it in such a way that it is likely to last for a long time.

The UN has **established** detailed criteria for who should be allowed to vote...

联合国已经制定了有关投票资格的标准细则。

The School was **established** in 1989 by an Italian professor.

这所学院由一名意大利教授于1989年创建。

2 V-RECIP 相互动词 **建立，开始(联系)** If you **establish** contact with someone, you start to have contact with them. You can also say that two people, groups, or countries **establish** contact.

We had already **established** contact with the museum...

我们已经和那家博物馆建立了联系。

Singapore and South Africa have **established** diplomatic relations.

新加坡和南非已经建立了外交关系。

3 VERB 动词 **确定；证实；证实** If you **establish** that something is true, you discover facts that show that it is definitely true.

Medical tests **established** that she was not their own child...

医学化验证实她不是他们的亲骨肉。

It will be essential to **establish** how the money is being spent...

弄清楚这笔钱将作何用途至关重要。

An autopsy was being done to **establish** the cause of death...

正在进行尸检以确定死亡原因。

It was **established** that the missile had landed on a test range in Australia.

经证实，那枚导弹已经落在澳大利亚的试验区域内。

established

That link is an **established** medical fact.

那一关联是已经证实的医学事实。

4 VERB 动词 **使立足；使被认可；确立(地位)** If you **establish** yourself, your reputation, or a good quality that you have, you succeed in doing something, and achieve respect or a secure position as a result of this.

This is going to be the show where up-and-coming comedians will **establish** themselves...

这将是大有前途的喜剧演员们让自己获得认可的节目。

He has **established** himself as a pivotal figure in US politics...

他已经确立了自己在美国政界的核心地位。

We shall fight to **establish** our innocence.

我们应该努力证明自己的清白。

estate ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **庄园；地产；(在乡村的)大片私有土地** An **estate** is a large area of land in the country which is owned by a person, family, or organization.

...a shooting party on Lord Wyville's **estate** in Yorkshire.

在怀维尔勋爵位于约克郡的庄园里举行的狩猎会

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **住宅区；工业区** People sometimes use **estate** to refer to a housing estate or an industrial estate.

He used to live on the **estate**.

他过去曾住在那个住宅区。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **遗产** Someone's **estate** is all the money and property that they leave behind them when they die.

His **estate** was valued at \$150,000.

他的遗产被估价为15万美元。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **同-estate car** An **estate** is the same as an **estate car**.

in AM, use 美国英语用 station wagon

5 See also: [housing estate](#) ; [industrial estate](#) ; [real estate](#) ;

estimate ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /'estimeɪt/. The noun is pronounced /'estɪmət/. 动词读作 /'estimeɪt/，名词读作 /'estɪmət/。

1 VERB 动词 **估算；估价** If you **estimate** a quantity or value, you make an approximate judgment or calculation of it.

Try to **estimate** how many steps it will take to get to a close object...

尽力估算一下达到一个近距离目标需要多少步。

I **estimate** that the total cost for treatment will be \$12,500...

我估计治疗费用总共会有12,500美元。

He **estimated** the speed of the winds from the degree of damage...

他根据破坏的程度估算风速。

Some analysts **estimate** its current popularity at around ten per cent...

一些分析家估计它现在的普及率在10%左右。

His personal riches were **estimated** at £68 million.

估计他的个人资产达到6,800万英镑。

estimated

There are an **estimated** 90,000 gangsters in the country.

估计该国有9万名匪徒。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **估算；估价** An **estimate** is an approximate calculation of a quantity or value.

...the official **estimate** of the election result...

竞选结果的官方预测

This figure is five times the original **estimate**...

这个数据是最初估算的5倍。

A recent **estimate** was that factories were undermanned by about 30 per cent.

最新估算表明工厂的人员不足达30%左右。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **评价；评估；判断** An **estimate** is a judgment about a person or situation which you make based on the available evidence.

I hadn't been far wrong in my **estimate** of his grandson's capabilities.

我对他孙子的能力的判断还不算太离谱。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **估算单；预算书** An **estimate** from someone who you employ to do a job for you, such as a builder or a plumber, is a written statement of how much the job is likely to cost.

The shop also offers a curtain-making and fitting service. Quotes and **estimates** can be prepared by computer on the spot.

那家商店还提供窗帘制作和安装服务，而且可以用计算机现场制作报价单和预算书。

evening ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **傍晚；晚上** The **evening** is the part of each day between the end of the afternoon and the time when you go to bed.

All he did that evening was sit around the flat...

那天晚上他一直在公寓里无所事事地坐着。

Supper is from 5.00 to 6.00 in the evening...

晚餐在傍晚5点到6点之间。

Towards evening the carnival entered its final stage.

临近傍晚时，狂欢节进入最后阶段。

eventually ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **最终；终于** Eventually means in the end, especially after a lot of delays, problems, or arguments.

Eventually, the army caught up with him in Latvia...

最终，大部队在拉脱维亚赶上了他。

The flight eventually got away six hours late.

那个航班推迟了6个小时后终于起飞。

2 ADV 副词 **最后；结果** Eventually means at the end of a situation or process or as the final result of it.

Eventually your child will leave home to lead her own life as a fully independent adult...

最后，你的孩子会离开家，作为一个完全独立的成年人过她自己的生活。

She sees the bar as a starting point and eventually plans to run her own chain of country inns.

她把那间酒吧当作一个起点，最终计划是经营自己的乡村旅馆连锁店。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse eventually and finally. When something happens after a lot of delays or complications, you can say that it eventually happens. Eventually they got to the hospital... I found Victoria Avenue eventually. You can also use eventually to talk about what happens at the end of a series of events, often as a result of them.

Eventually, they were forced to return to England. You say that something finally happens after you have been waiting for it or expecting it for a long time. Finally I went to bed... The heat of the sun finally became too much for me. You can also use finally to show that something happens last in a series of events. The sky turned red, then purple, and finally black.

不要混淆eventually和finally。表示某事几经延迟或波折后最终发生，可以用eventually。例如，Eventually they got to the hospital (他们最终来到了医院)，I found Victoria Avenue eventually (我最终找到了维多利亚大街)。

eventually还可以表示一系列事件之后发生的事，常为这些事件的结果：Eventually, they were forced to return to England (结果他们被迫返回英格兰)。表示经过长时间的等待或期盼后某事终于发生时，用finally。例如，Finally I went to bed (我终于上床休息了)。

The heat of the sun finally became too much for me (我终于受不了太阳的炙烤了)。finally还可以表示一系列事件中最后发生的事：The sky turned red, then purple, and finally black (天空变成了红色，既而紫色，最后成了黑色)。

everybody ★★★★★

1 同everyone Everybody means the same as everyone.

everyone ★★★★★

1 PRON-INDEF 不定代词 (某个群体中的) 每个人，所有人 You use everyone or everybody to refer to all the people in a particular group.

Everyone in the street was shocked when they heard the news...

听到那条消息，街上所有的人都震惊了。

When everyone else goes home around 5 p.m. Lynn is still hard at work...

当其他所有人都在晚上5点左右回家时，林恩仍在努力工作。

Not everyone thinks that the government is being particularly generous.

并非所有人都认为政府特别慷慨。

2 PRON-INDEF 不定代词 所有人；人们 You use everyone or everybody to refer to all people.

Everyone feels like a failure at times...

人们有时会觉得自己是失败者。

Everyone needs some free time for rest and relaxation...

每个人都需要一些休息和放松的自由时间。

You can't keep everybody happy.

你不能使每个人都满意。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse everyone with every one. Everyone always refers to people. In the phrase every one, 'one' is a pronoun that can refer to any person or thing, depending on the context. It is often followed by the word of.

We've saved seeds from every one of our plants... Every one of them phoned me. In these examples, every one is a more emphatic way of saying all.

不要混淆everyone和every one。everyone总是指人。在短语every one中，代词one根据语境可以指任何人或事物，后面常接of：We've saved seeds from every one of our plants (我们保存了每一样植物的种子)。

Every one of them phoned me (他们每个人都给我打了电话)。在这些例句中，every one是all的一种强调说法。

evidence ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 证据；佐证；根据 Evidence is anything that you see, experience, read, or are told that causes you to believe that something is true or has really happened.

Ganley said he'd seen no evidence of widespread fraud...

甘利说他没有看见诈骗泛滥的证据。

There is a lot of evidence that stress is partly responsible for disease...

有很多证据证明压力是造成疾病的原因之一。

To date there is no evidence to support this theory.

到目前为止，还没有证据支持这种理论。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (法庭上的) 证据，证物，证词 Evidence is the information which is used in a court of law to try to prove something. Evidence is obtained from documents, objects, or witnesses.

The evidence against him was purely circumstantial.

对他不利的这项证据完全是间接证据。

...enough evidence for a successful prosecution. 足以胜诉的证据

3 PHRASE 短语 (在法庭上) 提供证据，作证 If you give evidence in a court of law or an official enquiry, you officially say what you know about people or events, or describe an occasion at which you were present.

The forensic scientists who carried out the original tests will be called to give evidence...

进行最初化验的法医学家将被传唤到庭作证。

Cabin crew have been giving evidence at the M1 air crash enquiry.

机舱人员一直在为M1空难调查作证。

4 VERB 动词 证明；表明；显示 If a particular feeling, ability, or attitude is evidenced by something or someone, it is seen or felt.

He's wise in other ways too, as evidenced by his reason for switching from tennis to golf...

他在其他方面同样明智，这一点可以从他不打网球改打高尔夫的理由中得到证明。

She was not calculating and evidenced no specific interest in money.

她没什么心计，而且能感觉出她对钱没什么兴趣。

5 PHRASE 短语 显眼；显而易见 If someone or something is in evidence, they are present and can be clearly seen.

Few soldiers were in evidence...

没看见几个士兵。

Poverty and bad housing conditions are still very much in evidence.

贫困和糟糕的住房条件仍很常见。

exact ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 精确的；正确的；确切的 Exact means correct in every detail. For example, an exact copy is the same in every detail as the thing it is copied from.

I don't remember the exact words...

我不记得确切的话语。

The exact number of protest calls has not been revealed...

抗议电话的确切数量并未透露。

It's an **exact** copy of the one which was found in Ann Alice's room.

这正是安·艾丽斯房间里找到的那份文件的副本。

exactly

Try to locate **exactly** where the smells are entering the room...

找找看气味具体是从什么地方散入房间的。

The system worked perfectly, **exactly** as his training and plans had led him to expect...

系统运行非常良好，和他在培训时与计划中预期的一模一样。

What **exactly** goes wrong with those suffering from senile dementia?...

那些患老年痴呆症的人到底出了什么问题？

Both drugs will be **exactly** the same...

两种药将完全一样。

Barton couldn't remember **exactly**.

巴顿记不清楚了。

2 ADJ 形容词 (用于名词前表强调) 刚好好的, 确切的 You use **exact** before a noun to emphasize that you are referring to that particular thing and no other, especially something that has a particular significance.

I hadn't really thought about it until this **exact** moment...

直到这时我才真正开始考虑它。

Do you really think I could get the **exact** thing I want?...

你真的认为我能够得到我想要的东西么？

It may be that you will feel the **exact** opposite of what you expected.

可能你的感觉将和你的期盼刚好相反。

exactly

These are **exactly** the people who do not vote...

这些正是那些不投票的人。

He knew **exactly** what he was doing.

他清楚地知道自己在做什么。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 一丝不苟的; 严谨的 If you describe someone as **exact**, you mean that they are very careful and detailed in their work, thinking, or methods.

Formal, **exact** and obstinate, he was also cold, suspicious, touchy and tactless.

严肃、严谨、倔强的他同时又冷漠、多疑、敏感、不会变通。

4 VERB 动词 强求; 勒索; 强迫 When someone **exacts** something, they demand and obtain it from another person, especially because they are in a superior or more powerful position.

Already he has **exacted** a written apology from the chairman of the commission...

他已经强行要求委员会主席作出书面道歉。

They, too, would be likely to **exact** a high price for their cooperation.

他们也可能为提供合作而索要高价。

5 VERB 动词 实施, 施加 (报复) If someone **exacts** revenge on a person, they have their revenge on them.

She uses the media to help her **exact** a terrible revenge.

她利用媒体帮助自己进行可怕的复仇。

6 VERB 动词 对...有害; 使...付出代价 If something **exacts** a high price, it has a bad effect on a person or situation.

The sheer physical effort had **exacted** a heavy price...

纯粹的体力劳动已经产生了极其不利的影响。

The strain of a violent ground campaign will **exact** a toll on troops.

激烈的地面战役带来的紧张压力将让军队付出代价。

7 See also: [exactly](#) ;

8 PHRASE 短语 确切地说; 精确地说 You say **to be exact** to indicate that you are slightly correcting or giving more detailed information about what you have been saying.

A small number — five, **to be exact**—have been bad...

一小部分——确切地说是5个——已经坏了。

I consider myself to be a liberal democrat, or to be more **exact**, a democratic liberal.

我认为自己是个自由主义的民主党人, 或者更准确地说, 是倡导民主的自由主义者。

examine ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 仔细检查; 细查 If you **examine** something, you look at it carefully.

He **examined** her passport and stamped it...

他仔细检查了她的护照, 然后在上边盖了章。

Forensic scientists are examining what police believe to have been the bombers' car.

法医学家正在对一辆警方怀疑属于投弹者的汽车进行仔细检查。

examination

The Navy is to carry out an **examination** of the wreck tomorrow...

海军明天将对失事船只进行细查。

They have also searched offices in Sheffield and taken away documents for **examination**.

他们还搜查了位于设菲尔德的办公室, 并带走了一些文件进行仔细检查。

2 VERB 动词 (医生) 诊察, 检查 If a doctor **examines** you, he or she looks at your body, feels it, or does simple tests in order to check how healthy you are.

Another doctor **examined** her and could still find nothing wrong...

另外一名医生对她进行了诊察, 仍旧没有发现任何问题。

He was **examined** again and then prescribed a different herbal medicine.

医生又对他诊察了一遍, 然后开了另外一种草药。

examination

He was later discharged after an **examination** at Westminster Hospital...

在威斯敏斯特医院进行了一次诊察后他就出院了。

Further **examination** is needed to exclude the chance of disease.

需要进一步检查以排除患病的可能。

3 VERB 动词 仔细研究; 审查; 剖析 If an idea, proposal, or plan is **examined**, it is considered very carefully.

I have given the matter much thought, **examining** all the possible alternatives...

这个问题我已经考虑了很多, 分析了各种可能的选择。

The plans will be **examined** by EU environment ministers.

欧盟各国环境部部长将仔细研究这些计划。

examination

The proposal requires careful **examination** and consideration.

那项提议需要经过仔细研究和考虑。

4 VERB 动词 测验; 考核 If you are **examined**, you are given a formal test in order to show your knowledge of a subject.

...learning to cope with the pressures of being judged and **examined** by our teachers.

学会应对老师评判和测验时的压力

excellent ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 极好的; 优秀的; 卓越的; 杰出的 Something that is **excellent** is very good indeed.

The recording quality is **excellent**...

录音质量非常好。

Luckily, Sue is very efficient and does an **excellent** job as Fred's personal assistant.

幸运的是, 作为弗雷德的私人助理, 休办事效率很高, 工作很出色。

excellently

They're both playing **excellently**...

他们双方打得都很出色。

The tournament was **excellently** organised.

那场锦标赛组织得很出色。

2 EXCLAM 感叹语 (表示赞同) 好极了, 太好了 Some people say 'Excellent!' to show that they approve of something.

except ★★★★★

1 PREP 介词 除了...之外 You use **except** to introduce the only thing or person that a statement does not apply to, or a fact that prevents a statement from being completely true.

I wouldn't have accepted anything **except** a job in Europe...

除了到欧洲工作外, 我本来什么都不会接受。

I don't take any drugs whatsoever, **except** aspirin for colds...

我什么药都不吃, 除了感冒时吃阿司匹林。

Children who take exams early will be allowed to drop a subject **except** in the case of maths, English and science.

提早参加考试的孩子可以免修除数学、英语和科

学以外的一门课。

Except is also a conjunction.

Freddie would tell me nothing about what he was writing, **except** that it was to be a Christmas play...
弗雷迪丝毫不肯透露他正在写什么，只告诉我那是一个圣诞节剧本。

The log cabin stayed empty, **except** when we came...
除非我们到来，要不然那间小木屋一直都是空的。

I da would not speak to him **except** to answer questions...
除了回答问题，艾达都不和他说话。

Nothing more to do now **except** wait.
现在只能等待。

2 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **除了；除...之外；唯有**

You use **except for** to introduce the only thing or person that prevents a statement from being completely true.

He hadn't eaten a thing **except for** one forkful of salad...
除了一餐叉色拉，他什么都没吃。

Everyone was late, **except for** Richard.
除了理查德，其他所有人都迟到了。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **except**, **except for**, **unless**, and **besides**. You use **except** to introduce the only things, situations, people, or ideas that a statement does not apply to. *All of his body relaxed **except** his right hand... Travelling was impossible, **except** in the cool of the morning.* You use **except for** before something that prevents a statement from being completely true. *The classrooms were silent, **except for** the scratching of pens on paper... I had absolutely no friends **except for** Tom.* **Unless** is used to introduce the only situation in which something will take place or be true. *In the 1940s, **unless** she wore gloves a woman was not properly dressed... You must not give compliments **unless** you mean them.* You use **besides** to introduce extra things in addition to the ones you are mentioning already. *Fruit will give you, **besides** enjoyment, a source of vitamins.*

However, note that if you talk about 'the only thing' or 'the only person **besides**' a particular person or thing, **besides** means the same as 'apart from'. *He was the only person **besides** Gertrude who talked to Guy.*

不要混淆**except**，**except for**，**unless**和**besides**。

用**except**引出陈述中唯一不适用的事物、情形、人或想法：

All of his body relaxed **except** his right hand (除了右手外，他全身都放松了)。

Travelling was impossible, **except** in the cool of the morning (除了在凉爽的早晨，其他时候出游都是不可能的)。

except for用于引出使某陈述不能完全成立的事物：

The classrooms were silent, **except for** the scratching of pens on paper (除了钢笔在纸上写字的沙沙声，教室里一片安静)。

I had absolutely no friends **except for** Tom (除了汤姆，我真的一个朋友也没有)。

unless用来引出某事发生或成立所必需的条件：

In the 1940s, **unless** she wore gloves a woman was not properly dressed (在20世纪40年代，女人若不戴手套就是着装不得体)。

You must not give compliments **unless** you mean them (除非出自真心实意，否则不要随便恭维别人)。

besides用来引出除已经提到的事物之外的其他事物：

Fruit will give you, **besides** enjoyment, a source of vitamins (水果不但好吃，而且富含维生素)。

但要注意的是，如果用于谈论除某人或某事物之外仅有的人或物时，**besides**的意思与**apart from**相同：

He was the only person **besides** Gertrude who talked to Guy (他是除了格特鲁德外唯一同盖伊说话的人)。

exchange ★★★★★

1 V-RECIP 相互动词 **交换；互换** If two or more people **exchange** things of a particular kind, they give them to each other at the same time.

We **exchanged** addresses and Christmas cards...
我们交换了地址和圣诞贺卡。

The two men **exchanged** glances...
那两个男人互相扫了一眼。

He **exchanged** a quick smile with her then entered the lift.
他和她匆匆相视一笑，然后走进了电梯。

Exchange is also a noun.

He ruled out any **exchange** of prisoners with the militants.
他拒绝和武装分子进行任何交换俘虏的活动。

...a frank **exchange** of views.
坦诚地交换意见

2 VERB 动词 **调换，交换，更换** (尤指更好或更令人满意的东西) If you **exchange** something, you replace it with a different thing, especially something that is better or more satisfactory.

...the chance to sell back or **exchange** goods...
回销或调换商品的机会

If the car you have leased is clearly unsatisfactory, you can always **exchange** it for another.
如果你对租借的车明显不满意，可随时另换一辆。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **短暂的交谈；(常指)口角，争吵** An **exchange** is a brief conversation, usually an angry one.

There've been some bitter **exchanges** between the two groups.
两组之间发生过一些激烈的争吵。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **交战；交火** An **exchange of fire**, for example, is an incident in which people use guns or missiles against each other.

There was an **exchange** of fire during which the gunman was wounded...
有过交火，其间那名持枪歹徒受伤了。

This could intensify the risk of a nuclear **exchange**.
这可能会加剧爆发核战争的危险。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(不同国家人们之间的)交流，互访** An **exchange** is an arrangement in which people from two different countries visit each other's country, to strengthen links between them.

...a series of sporting and cultural **exchanges** with Seoul...
和首尔之间的一系列体育和文化交流

...educational **exchanges** for young people...
面向年轻人的教育交流

I'm going to go on an **exchange** visit to Paris.
我将到巴黎交流参观。

6 N-IN-NAMES 名称名词 **交易大厅；交易所**

Exchange is used in the names of some places where people used to trade and do business with each other.

...the Royal **Exchange**.
皇家交易所

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **同telephone exchange** The **exchange** is the same as the **telephone exchange**.

8 See also: [com.exchange](#) ; [foreign exchange](#) ; [stock exchange](#) ;

9 PHRASE 短语 **作为交换** If you do or give something **in exchange for** something else, you do it or give it in order to get that thing.

It is illegal for public officials to solicit gifts or money **in exchange for** favors...
公务员通过索要礼物或钱财作为为他人提供便利的交换是违法的。

He paid her a huge salary. **In exchange**, he was assured of her vote.
他给她支付了很高的薪水，作为交换，他确定能够得到她的选票。

executive ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **主管；管理者；经理** An **executive** is someone who is employed by a business at a senior level. Executives decide what the business should do, and ensure that it is done.

...an advertising **executive**.
广告主管

...Her husband is a senior bank **executive**.
她丈夫是银行高级主管。

2 ADJ 形容词 **管理的；执行的** The **executive** sections and tasks of an organization are concerned with the making of decisions and with ensuring that decisions are carried out.

A successful job search needs to be as well organised as any other **executive** task...
成功的求职与执行其他任何任务一样，都需要良好的条理性。

I don't envisage I will take an **executive** role, but rather become a consultant on merchandise and marketing.

我不设想自己将成为管理人员，但很希望成为商品营销顾问。

3 ADJ 形容词 **高级的；精美时髦的；供主管人员使用的** **Executive goods** are expensive goods designed or intended for executives and other

people at a similar social or economic level.

...an **executive** briefcase.

高级公文包

...a chain of shops specialising in pricey

executive toys.

专卖价格昂贵的精美玩具的连锁商店

...**executive** cars.

高级轿车

4 N-SING 单数名词 **执行委员会；行政委员会** The **executive committee** or board of an organization is a committee within that organization which has the authority to make decisions and ensures that these decisions are carried out.

He sits on the **executive committee** that manages Lloyds...

他是管理劳埃德保险公司的执行委员会成员。

Some **executive** members have called for his resignation.

一些执行委员会成员要求他辞职。

...the **executive** of the National Union of Students.

全国学生会执行委员会

5 N-SING 单数名词 **(政府的) 行政部门** The **executive** is the part of the government of a country that is concerned with carrying out decisions or orders, as opposed to the part that makes laws or the part that deals with criminals.

The government, the **executive** and the judiciary are supposed to be separate...

政府、行政部门和司法部门应该彼此分离。

The matter should be resolved by the **executive** branch of government.

这个问题应该由政府的行政部门解决。

exercise ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **运用；行使** If you **exercise** something such as your authority, your rights, or a good quality, you use it or put it into effect.

They are merely **exercising** their right to free speech...

他们只是在行使他们的言论自由权。

'The powers delegated to me,' the President said, 'will be **exercised** with due responsibility.'...

“赋予我的权力，”总统说，“我将尽责履行。”

Britain has warned travellers to **exercise** prudence and care.

英国已经警告游客要谨慎小心。

Exercise is also a noun.

...the **exercise** of political and economic power...

行使政治经济权力

Leadership does not rest on the **exercise** of force alone.

领导才能并不仅仅在于武力的运用。

2 VERB 动词 **活动；运动；锻炼** When you **exercise**, you move your body energetically in order to get fit and to remain healthy.

She **exercises** two or three times a week...

她每周锻炼两三次。

Never keep on **exercising** if you have even the slightest chest pain...

即使你只感到很轻微的胸部疼痛，也不要继续锻炼。

Exercising the body does a great deal to improve one's health.

锻炼身体对增进健康大有益处。

Exercise is also a noun.

Lack of **exercise** can lead to feelings of depression and exhaustion...

缺乏锻炼会导致抑郁和疲劳。

Aerobic **exercise** moves our entire body and uses most major muscles.

有氧运动活动全身，锻炼大多数主要肌肉。

3 VERB 动词 **锻炼(身体部位)** If a movement or activity **exercises** a part of your body, it keeps it strong, healthy, or in good condition.

They call rowing the perfect sport. It **exercises** every major muscle group.

他们称划船是最佳运动，它可以锻炼每一处主要肌肉群。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **锻炼；练习** Exercises are a series of movements or actions which you do in order to get fit, remain healthy, or practise for a particular physical activity.

These stomach **exercises** will tighten abdominal muscles...

这些腹部练习会增强腹肌。

I do special neck and shoulder **exercises**...

我做专门的颈部和肩部运动。

That's when I try to meditate or do some deep-breathing **exercises**.

这时我就会试着沉思或者做些深呼吸练习。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **演习；操练** Exercises are military activities and operations which are not part of a real war, but which allow the armed forces to practise for a real war.

General Powell predicted that in the future it might even be possible to stage joint military **exercises**...

鲍威尔将军预测将来甚至可能举行联合军事演习。

The military truck was taking 14 men on **exercise** in a remote area of Norway.

那辆军用卡车正载着14名士兵到挪威的一个偏远地区进行操练。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **练习；习题** An **exercise** is a short activity or piece of work that you do, for example in school, which is designed to help you learn a particular skill.

Try working through the opening **exercises** in this chapter...

做一做本章节的开篇习题。

He took up piano lessons, combining standard classical **exercises** with his own attempts at Gershwin.

他上钢琴课，一边进行标准的经典作品的练习，一边自己尝试练习格什温的作品。

7 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **仪式；典礼** Exercises is an official ceremony, in which people make speeches and present awards.

Vicky and Gary attended the graduation **exercises** at Columbia.

维基和加里参加了哥伦比亚大学的毕业典礼。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(尤指非预期的) 活动，情况** If you describe an activity as an **exercise** in a particular quality or result, you mean that it has that quality or result, especially when it was not intended to have it.

Her morning was an **exercise** in indecision. She tried on everything in her closet but couldn't remember what he'd liked...

她整个早晨都犹豫不决。她试穿了衣橱中的所有衣服，却不记得他喜欢哪一件。

As an **exercise** in stating the obvious, this could scarcely be faulted...

这说的都是些显而易见的事情，几乎不可能出错。

Think what a waste of taxpayers' money the whole **exercise** was.

想想那整件事会浪费纳税人多少钱呀。

9 VERB 动词 **使担忧；使不安** If something **exercises** you or your mind, you think or talk about it a great deal, especially because you are worried or concerned about it.

This has been a major problem **exercising** the minds of scientists around the world...

这一直是困扰全世界科学家的一个重要问题。

The proper role of appeal judges is an issue that has long **exercised** the finest legal minds.

上诉法官应当扮演何种角色，这一问题长期以来困扰着那些最出色的法律人士。

exist ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **存在；实际上有** If something **exists**, it is present in the world as a real thing.

He thought that if he couldn't see something, it didn't **exist**...

他认为自己看不见的东西就不存在。

Research opportunities **exist** in a wide range of pure and applied areas of entomology...

纯理论昆虫学和应用昆虫学的众多领域都存在着研究机会。

When Alfred Adler first postulated in 1908 that there **existed** an inborn instinct of aggression Freud argued against it.

当阿尔弗雷德·阿德勒于1908年首次提出人生来就有攻击性本能的假设时，弗洛伊德对此表示反对。

2 VERB 动词 **(尤指在逆境中) 生存，生活** To **exist** means to live, especially under difficult conditions or with very little food or money.

I **exist** from one visit to the next...

我的生活就是一个接一个的访问。

I was barely **existing**.

我勉强维持生计。

...the problems of having to **exist** on unemployment benefit.

不得不靠失业救济金过活的那些问题

expensive ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **昂贵的；高价的** If something is **expensive**, it costs a lot of money.

Wine's so **expensive** in this country...

葡萄酒在这个国家非常昂贵。

I get very nervous because I'm using a lot of **expensive** equipment.

因为正在使用很多昂贵的设备，所以我非常紧张。

expensively

She was **expensively** dressed, with fine furs and jewels...

她穿戴着名贵的毛皮大衣和珠宝，非常奢华。

They do a third-rate job very **expensively**.

他们收很多钱交出了三流的活儿。

expert ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **行家；专家** An **expert** is a person who is very skilled at doing something or who knows a lot about a particular subject.

Our team of **experts** will be on hand to offer help and advice between 12 noon and 7pm daily.

每天中午12点到下午7点，我们的专家小组将随时提供帮助和建议。

...a yoga **expert**.

瑜伽大师

...an **expert** on trade in that area.

那个领域的贸易专家

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **技术娴熟的；熟练的；在行的** Someone who is **expert** at doing something is very skilled at it.

The Japanese are **expert** at lowering manufacturing costs...

日本人在降低制造成本方面很在行。

There is a great deal to learn from Hal's **expert** approach.

从哈尔熟练的方法中可以学到很多。

expertly

Shopkeepers **expertly** rolled spices up in bay leaves.

店主熟练地将调料卷进月桂树叶里。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **行家的；内行的** If you say that someone has **expert** hands or an **expert** eye, you mean that they are very skilful or experienced in using their hands or eyes for a particular purpose.

When the horse suffered a back injury Harvey cured it with his own **expert** hands...

那匹马背部受伤后，哈维用他内行的双手把它治好了。

The symptoms are very mild and it takes an **expert** eye to see them.

症状非常轻，要靠专家的眼睛才能看出来。

4 ADJ 形容词 **专业的；专家的** **Expert** advice or help is given by someone who has studied a subject thoroughly or who is very skilled at a particular job.

You'll also get **expert** advice on keeping your hair in good condition...

你还会获得有关如何保持良好发质的专家建议。

We'll need an **expert** opinion...

我们需要听听专家的意见。

The good news is that **expert** help is now available.

好消息是现在可以获得专家的帮助。

explain ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **解释；说明** If you **explain** something, you give details about it or describe it so that it can be understood.

Not every judge, however, has the ability to **explain** the law in simple terms...

然而，不是每个法官都能用简单的语言来解释法律。

Don't sign anything until your solicitor has **explained** the contract to you...

在律师向你解释清楚合同之前，不要签署任何东西。

Professor Griffiths **explained** how the drug appears to work...

格里菲思教授解释了那种药物的工作原理。

'He and Mrs Stein have a plan,' she **explained**...

“他和斯坦夫人有个计划，”她解释说。

I **explained** that each person has different ideas of what freedom is.

我解释说，每个人对于自由是什么都有不同的观点。

2 VERB 动词 **解释；辩解；说明...的理由** If you **explain** something that has happened, you give people reasons for it, especially in an attempt to justify it.

'Let me **explain**, sir.' — 'Don't tell me about it. I don't want to know.'...

“您听我解释，先生。”——“别跟我说，我不想知道。”

Before she ran away, she left a note **explaining** her actions...

逃跑前，她留下一张便条解释原委。

Hospital discipline was broken. Amy would have to **explain** herself...

破坏了医院的纪律，埃米将不得不为自己辩解。

Explain why you didn't telephone...

说说你为什么没有打电话。

The receptionist apologized for the delay, **explaining** that it had been a hectic day.

接待员为拖延而道歉，解释说这天太忙了。

相关词组：

[explain away](#)

export ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /ɪk'spɔ:t/. The noun is pronounced /'eksport/. 动词读作 /ɪk'spɔ:t/。名词读作 /'eksport/。

1 VERB 动词 **出口；输出** To **export** products or raw materials means to sell them to another country.

The nation also **exports** beef...

该国也出口牛肉。

They expect the antibiotic products to be **exported** to Southeast Asia and Africa...

他们希望向东南亚和非洲出口抗生素产品。

To earn foreign exchange we must **export**.

要想获得外汇，我们必须出口。

Export is also a noun.

...the production and **export** of cheap-casual wear...

廉价休闲服装的生产和出口

A lot of our land is used to grow crops for **export**.

我们有大片土地用来种植出口作物。

...illegal arms **exports**.

非法军火出口

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **输出品；出口商品** **Exports** are goods which are sold to another country and sent there.

He did this to promote American **exports**...

他这么做是为了推广美国出口产品。

Ghana's main **export** is cocoa.

加纳的主要出口商品是可可豆。

3 VERB 动词 **输出；传播** To **export** something means to introduce it into another country or make it happen there.

It has **exported** inflation at times.

它有时会输出通货膨胀。

...hecklers who said the deal would **export** jobs to Mexico.

声称这项协议会把就业机会转往墨西哥的质疑者

4 VERB 动词 **(在计算机中)导出，输出** In computing, if you **export** files or information from one type of software into another type, you change their format so that they can be used in the new software.

Files can be **exported** in ASCII or PCX formats.

文件可以以ASCII或者PCX格式导出。

express ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **表达；表述** When you **express** an idea or feeling, or **express** yourself, you show what you think or feel.

He **expressed** grave concern at American attitudes...

他对美国的态度表示严重关切。

Sumner would greet us with frowns and grimaces, doing his best to **express** wordless disapproval...

萨姆纳会冲我们皱眉，做苦脸，竭力表示他无言的反对。

He **expresses** himself easily in English...

他能轻松地用英语表达自己的观点。

Children may find it easier to **express**

themselves in a letter than in a formal essay.
孩子们可能觉得在书信中比在正式的作文中更容易表达自己的观点。

2 VERB 动词 (观点、感情等) 体现, 不言自明 If an idea or feeling **expresses itself** in some way, it can be clearly seen in someone's actions or in its effects on a situation.

The anxiety of the separation often **expresses** itself as anger towards the child for getting lost.
离散带来的焦虑常常体现为对走失的孩子发火。

3 VERB 动词 (用符号等) 表示, 表达 In mathematics, if you **express** a quantity or mathematical problem in a particular way, you write it using particular symbols, figures, or equations.

We can **express** that equation like that...
我们可以这样表示那个等式。

It is **expressed** as a percentage.
它是以百分比的形式表示的。

4 ADJ 形容词 (命令) 明白表示的, 明确的 An **express** command or order is one that is clearly and deliberately stated.

The ship was sunk on **express** orders from the Prime Minister.
遵照首相的明确指令, 那艘船被击沉了。

expressly
He has **expressly** forbidden her to go out on her own.
他已经明确禁止她独自外出。

5 ADJ 形容词 (目的或意图) 明确的, 特别的 If you refer to an **express** intention or purpose, you are emphasizing that it is a deliberate and specific one that you have before you do something.

I had obtained my first camera for the **express** purpose of taking railway photographs.
我已经买了我的第一架照相机, 专门用来拍摄铁路。

expressly
...projects **expressly** designed to support cattle farmers...
专门用来扶持养牛户的项目

Bleasdale had written the role **expressly** for Robert Lindsay.
布利斯戴尔专门为罗伯特·林塞写了这个角色。

6 ADJ 形容词 快速的; 特快的; 快速的 Express is used to describe special services which are provided by companies or organizations such as the Post Office, in which things are sent or done faster than usual for a higher price.

A special **express** service is available by fax...
提供传真特快专递服务。

It was sent to us by **express** mail.
那是用快递寄给我们的。

Express is also an adverb.
Send it **express**.
用快递寄。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 特快列车 An **express** or an **express** train is a fast train which stops at very few stations.

Punctually at 7.45, the **express** to Kuala Lumpur left Singapore station...
7点45分, 开往吉隆坡的特快列车准时驶离新加坡火车站。

He had boarded an **express** for Rome.
他已经登上了前往罗马的特快列车。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 特快公共汽车 (或长途汽车); 直达公共汽车 (或长途汽车) An **express** is a fast bus or coach which goes from one place to another directly or with very few stops.

extend ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 延伸; 伸展 If you say that something, usually something large, **extends** for a particular distance or **extends from** one place to another, you are indicating its size or position.

The caves **extend** for some 18 kilometres...
那些洞穴深约18公里。

The main stem will **extend** to around 12ft, if left to develop naturally...
如果任其自然生长, 主干可以长到约12英尺。

Our personal space **extends** about 12 to 18 inches around us...
我们的个人空间是周围12到18英寸的范围。

The high-speed train service is planned to **extend** from Paris to Bordeaux...
高铁拟从巴黎延伸至波尔多。

The new territory would **extend** over one-fifth of Canada's land mass.
这块新领土将会使加拿大陆地面积扩展1/5以上。

2 VERB 动词 伸出; 凸出 If an object **extends from** a surface or place, it sticks out from it.

A shelf of land **extended** from the escarpment.
悬崖上凸出一块空地。

3 VERB 动词 持续; 延续 If an event or activity **extends over** a period of time, it continues for that time.

...a playing career in first-class cricket that **extended** from 1894 to 1920...
从1894年延续至1920年的板球甲级比赛职业生涯

The courses are based on a weekly two-hour class, **extending** over a period of 25 weeks.
这些课程每周上一节课, 每节两个小时, 持续25周。

4 VERB 动词 扩大; 波及; 包括 If something **extends to** a group of people, things, or activities, it includes or affects them.

The service also **extends** to wrapping and delivering gifts...
服务项目还包括包装和递送礼物。

The talks will **extend** to the church, human rights groups and other social organizations...
会谈将涉及教会、人权团体和其他社会组织。

His influence **extends** beyond the TV viewing audience.
他的影响扩展到电视观众之外。

5 VERB 动词 扩大; 延长 If you **extend** something, you make it longer or bigger.

This year they have introduced three new products to **extend** their range...
今年他们发布了3种新产品, 以扩大产品范围。

The building was **extended** in 1500.
那座建筑物于1500年扩建。

...an **extended** exhaust pipe.
加长的排气管

6 VERB 动词 (设备、家具等) 展开, 伸展 If a piece of equipment or furniture **extends**, its length can be increased.

... a table which **extends** to accommodate extra guests...
展开后可坐更多客人的桌子

The table **extends** to 220cm.
桌子伸展后长220厘米。

7 VERB 动词 延长; 使延期 If you **extend** something, you make it last longer than before or end at a later date.

They have **extended** the deadline by twenty-four hours.
他们已经将最后期限延长了24小时。

...an **extended** contract.
延期的合同

8 VERB 动词 扩大...的影响; 扩展 If you **extend** something to other people or things, you make it include or affect more people or things.

It might be possible to **extend** the technique to other crop plants.
也许可以将这种技术应用于其他农作物。

9 VERB 动词 伸展, 伸出 (手臂等) If someone **extends** their hand, they stretch out their arm and hand to shake hands with someone.

The man **extended** his hand: 'I'm Chuck'.
那名男子伸出手说道: “我是查克。”

extra ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 额外的; 外加的 You use **extra** to describe an amount, person, or thing that is added to others of the same kind, or that can be added to others of the same kind.

Police warned motorists to allow **extra** time to get to work...
警方告诫驾车者出门上班要留出富余时间。

Extra staff have been taken on to cover busy periods...
额外雇用了一些员工来应付繁忙时期。

There's an **extra** blanket in the bottom drawer of the cupboard.
壁橱最下面的抽屉里还有一条多余的毯子。

2 ADJ 形容词 费用另计的; 额外收费的 If something is **extra**, you have to pay more money for it in addition to what you are already paying for something.

For foreign orders postage is **extra**...

国外订单邮费另计。

The price of your meal is **extra**.

你的餐费另计。

Extra is also a pronoun.

Many of the additional features now cost **extra**...

现在很多加演节目都要另外收费。

She won't pay any **extra**.

她不会支付任何额外费用。

Extra is also an adverb.

You may be charged 10% **extra** for this service.

这项服务可能要你额外支付10%的费用。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **额外费用** Extras are additional amounts of money that are added to the price that you have to pay for something.

She is disgusted by big hotels adding so many **extras** to the bill that it nearly doubles...

她非常厌恶大酒店额外收取这么多费用，账单金额都快翻倍了。

There are no hidden **extras**.

没有隐性的额外费用。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **额外之物；附加物** Extras are things which are not necessary in a situation, activity, or object, but which make it more comfortable, useful, or enjoyable.

Optional **extras** include cooking tuition at a top restaurant...

可选的额外项目包括在顶级餐厅学习厨艺。

They are also spending much less on **extras** like meals in restaurants.

他们花在下馆子等额外消费上的钱也少多了。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(电影中的)临时演员，群众演员** The **extras** in a film are the people who play unimportant parts, for example as members of a crowd.

6 ADV 副词 **格外；特别** You can use **extra** in front of adjectives and adverbs to emphasize the quality that they are describing.

I'd have to be **extra** careful...

我不得不格外小心。

What makes a magnificent garden **extra** special?...

是什么让华丽的花园格外特别？

We were all told to try **extra** hard to be nice to him.

叫我们都要对他格外好。

...a bag of **extra**-strong peppermints.

一袋特浓薄荷糖

7 to go the **extra mile**→see: [mile](#);

extremely ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **(用于形容词和副词前)非常，极其** You use **extremely** in front of adjectives and adverbs to emphasize that the specified quality is present to a very great degree.

My mobile phone is **extremely** useful...

我的手机非常有用。

These headaches are **extremely** common...

这类头痛非常常见。

Three of them are working **extremely** well.

他们中有3个人工作非常好。

facility ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **设备；设施** Facilities are buildings, pieces of equipment, or services that are provided for a particular purpose.

What recreational facilities are now available?...

现在有些什么娱乐设施？

The problem lies in getting patients to a medical **facility** as soon as possible.

问题在于要把病人尽快送至医院。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(组织提供的)附加服务，特色服务；(机器的)功能** A **facility** is something such as an additional service provided by an organization or an extra feature on a machine which is useful but not essential.

It is very useful to have an overdraft **facility**...

有透支功能用处很大。

One of the new models has the **facility** to reproduce speech as well as text.

新型号中有一款具备复读和文本复制的功能。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **天资；才能；天赋** If you have a **facility** for something, for example learning a language, you find it easy to do.

He and Marcia shared a **facility** for languages...

他和马西娅都有语言天赋。

Smell is a very basic sense but humans have lost much of the **facility** to use it properly.

嗅觉是一种非常基本的官能，但人类已经丧失了恰当使用这种官能的大部分能力。

factor ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **因素；要素** A **factor** is one of the things that affects an event, decision, or situation.

Physical activity is an important **factor** in maintaining fitness.

进行体育活动是保持身体健康的一个重要因素。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(增长的)倍数** If an amount increases by a **factor** of two, for example, or by a **factor** of eight, then it becomes two times bigger or eight times bigger.

The cost of butter quadrupled and bread prices increased by a **factor** of five.

黄油价格涨了4倍，面包价格涨了5倍。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **系数** You can use **factor** to refer to a particular level on a scale of measurement.

...suncream with a protection **factor** of 8.

防晒系数为8的防晒霜

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **因子；因数** A **factor** of a whole number is a smaller whole number which can be multiplied with another whole number to produce the first whole number.

相关词组：

[factor in](#)

factory ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **工厂** A **factory** is a large building where machines are used to make large quantities of goods.

He owned furniture factories in New York State.

他在纽约州有几家家具厂。

failure ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **失败；不成功** Failure is a lack of success in doing or achieving something, especially in relation to a particular activity.

This policy is doomed to **failure**...

这项政策注定会失败。

Three attempts on the British 200-metre record also ended in **failure**.

对英国200米纪录发起的3次冲击也均以失败而告终。

...feelings of **failure**.

挫败感

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **失败的事；败绩** If something is a **failure**, it is not a success.

The marriage was a **failure** and they both wanted to be free of it...

他们的婚姻很失败，两人都想摆脱它。

His six-year transition programme has by no means been a complete **failure**.

他的六年转型计划绝没有彻底失败。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **失败者；一事无成的人** If you say that someone is a **failure**, you mean that they have not succeeded in a particular activity, or that they are unsuccessful at everything they do.

Elgar received many honors and much acclaim and yet he often considered himself a **failure**...

人们对埃尔加赞誉有加，但他却常觉得自己是个失败者。

I just felt I had been a **failure** in my personal life.

我就是觉得我的个人生活很失败。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **没做到；不履行** Your **failure** to do a particular thing is the fact that you do not do it, even though you were expected to do it.

She accused the Foreign Office of disgraceful **failure** to support British citizens arrested overseas.

她指责说，外交部未能给在海外被捕的英国公民提供支持是可耻的。

...their **failure** to get the product mix right.

他们没有把产品组合弄对

5 N-VAR 可变名词 **(机器的)故障，失灵；(身体机能)**

的衰竭 If there is a **failure** of something, for example a machine or part of the body, it goes wrong and stops working or developing properly.

There were also several accidents mainly caused by engine **failures** on take-off...

还有几次事故主要是起飞时引擎出现故障造成的。

He was being treated for kidney **failure**...

他因肾衰竭正在接受治疗。

Researchers found an almost total crop **failure** and a severe shortage of drinking water.

研究者们发现作物几乎颗粒无收，并且饮用水严重短缺。

6 N-VAR 可变名词 **破产；倒闭** If there is a **failure** of a business or bank, it is no longer able to continue operating.

Business **failures** rose 16% last month.

上个月倒闭公司的数量上升了 16%。

7 N-VAR 可变名词 **缺乏；不足；不够** If you say that someone has a **failure** of a particular quality or ability, you mean that they do not have enough of it.

There is, too, a simple **failure** of imagination...

还有，就是纯粹缺乏想象力。

He remained on his knees for a long time afterwards, ashamed by his **failure** of nerve.

他后来在地上跪了很久，为自己缺乏胆量而感到羞耻。

fair ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **合理的；公平的；公正的** Something or someone that is **fair** is reasonable, right, and just.

It didn't seem **fair** to leave out her father...

将她父亲排除在外似乎不公平。

Do you feel they're paying their **fair** share?...

你觉得他们付了该付的那份钱吗？

Independent observers say the campaign's been very much **fairer** than expected...

独立观察员说竞选比预期要公平得多。

I wanted them to get a **fair** deal...

我希望他们得到公平的待遇。

An appeals court had ruled that they could not get a **fair** trial in Los Angeles.

上诉法庭已经裁定他们在洛杉矶无法得到公正的审判。

fairly

...demonstrating concern for employees and solving their problems quickly and **fairly**...

显示出对员工的关心，并迅速而公平地解决他们的问题

In a society where water was precious, it had to be shared **fairly** between individuals.

在一个水资源宝贵的社会，用水必须在个人间公平分配。

2 ADJ 形容词 (数量、程度、尺寸或距离)相当多(或大、长的) A **fair** amount, degree, size, or distance is quite a large amount, degree, size, or distance.

My neighbours across the street travel a **fair** amount...

我街对面的邻居游历甚广。

My mother's brother lives a **fair** distance away so we don't see him and his family very often.

我舅舅住在相当远的地方，所以我们很少见到他和他的家人。

3 ADJ 形容词 (猜测、想法)正确的，合理的 A **fair** guess or idea about something is one that is likely to be correct.

It's a **fair** guess to say that the damage will be extensive...

说损失会很严重想必猜得不错。

I have a **fair** idea of how difficult things can be.

我大致了解情况会有多困难。

4 ADJ 形容词 (水平、质量)一般的，尚可的，不错的 If you describe someone or something as **fair**, you mean that they are average in standard or quality, neither very good nor very bad.

Reimar had a **fair** command of English.

赖马尔的英语说得还不错。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (头发)浅色的，淡色的 Someone who is **fair**, or who has **fair** hair, has light-coloured hair.

Both children were very like Robina, but were much **fairer** than she was.

两个孩子都很像罗比娜，但头发颜色比她浅得多。

Fair is also a combining form. (亦可用于构词)

...a tall, **fair**-haired Englishman.

一个高个子、金色头发的英国人

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (皮肤)白皙的 **Fair** skin is very pale and usually burns easily.

It's important to protect my **fair** skin from the sun.

保护我白皙的皮肤不受日晒是很重要的。

Fair is also a combining form. (亦可用于构词)

Fair-skinned people who spend a great deal of time in the sun have the greatest risk of skin cancer.

皮肤白皙的人如果长期暴露在太阳下，患皮肤癌的可能性最大。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (天气)晴朗的，晴好的 When the weather is **fair**, it is quite sunny and not raining.

Weather conditions were **fair**.

天气晴好。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **集市；市场** A county, state, or country **fair** is an event where there are, for example, displays of goods and animals, and amusements, games, and competitions.

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **同 funfair** A **fair** is the same as a **funfair**.

in AM, use 美国英语用 carnival

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: **craft fair**; **trade fair**; (尤指某类商品的)展销会，交易会 A **fair** is an event at which people display and sell goods, especially goods of a particular type.

...an antiques **fair**.

古玩交易会

11 PHRASE 短语 **说句公道话；平心而论** You use **fair** in expressions such as **to be fair** and **let's be fair** when you want to add a favourable comment about someone or something that you have just mentioned and to correct a false impression that you might have given.

To be **fair**, the team is young and not yet settled...

说句公道话，这个队还年轻，还没有成型。

And, let us be **fair**, some MPs do work hard.

而且，说句公道话，有些下院议员工作还是很卖力的。

12 PHRASE 短语 (说法、决定或行为)有些道理，说得过去 You use **fair enough** when you want to say that a statement, decision, or action seems reasonable to a certain extent, but that perhaps there is more to be said or done.

If you don't like it, **fair enough**, but that's hardly a justification to attack the whole thing...

如果你不喜欢，这说得过去，但把它批得一无是处就没什么道理了。

Fair enough, you didn't have a perfectly happy childhood: but your childhood is over now.

没错，你的童年生活不那么幸福：但它已经过去了。

13 CONVENTION 惯用语 **有道理；说得对；敢情好** You say **fair enough** to acknowledge what someone has just said and to indicate that you understand it.

'I'm taking it to our local police station.' — 'Oh right, **fair enough**'...

“我要告到本地警察局。”——“呵，对，干得有理。”

'The message was addressed to me and I don't see why I should show it to you.' — 'Fair enough.'

“这条信息是写给我的，我不明白为什么要给你看。”——“说得在理。”

14 PHRASE 短语 **做事光明正大；行事正直** If you say that someone **plays fair**, you mean that they behave or act in a reasonable and honest way.

The government is not playing **fair**, one union official told me.

政府在搞鬼，一位工会官员告诉我。

15 PHRASE 短语 **可以说；应该说** You use **fair** in expressions such as **It would be fair to say** in order to introduce a statement which you believe to be true and reasonable.

It would be **fair** to say he had one or two unhappy moments out there...

可以这么说，他在那里有过一两次不愉快。

I think it's **fair** to say that it didn't sound quite right.

我想应该说那听起来可不太对。

16 PHRASE 短语 **光明正大地；诚实地** If you say that someone won a competition **fair and square**,

you mean that they won honestly and without cheating.

There are no excuses. We were beaten fair and square.

没话说，我们是给正大光明地打败的。

17 a fair crack of the whip→see: [crack](#) ;

famous ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 著名的；有名的 Someone or something that is famous is very well known.

New Orleans is famous for its cuisine.

新奥尔良以其美食而著称。

...England's most famous landscape artist, John Constable.

英格兰最著名的风景画家约翰·康斯特布尔

Usage Note :

A famous person or thing is known to more people than a well-known one. A notorious person or thing is famous because they are connected with something bad or undesirable. Infamous is not the opposite of famous. It has a similar meaning to notorious, but is a stronger word. Someone or something that is notable is important or interesting.

famous 比 well-known 表示的知名度更高，notorious 则表示得名于某种坏事或令人厌恶之事。infamous 不是 famous 的反义词，它与 notorious 词义相近，但比 notorious 语气更强。notable 则指重要的或有趣的。

fan ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 迷(尤指对某位名人或某项体育运动极为喜爱和感兴趣的人) If you are a fan of someone or something, especially a famous person or a sport, you like them very much and are very interested in them.

If you're a Billy Crystal fan, you'll love this movie...

如果你是比利·克里斯托的影迷，你会喜爱这部影片。

As a boy he was a Manchester United fan...

小时候，他是曼联队的球迷。

I am a great fan of rave music.

我是锐舞狂欢乐的狂热爱迷。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 扇子 A fan is a flat object that you hold in your hand and wave in order to move the air and make yourself feel cooler.

She would have to wait in the truck, fanning herself with a piece of cardboard...

她只得在卡车里等着，用一块纸板给自己扇风。

Mo kept bringing me out refreshments and fanning me as it was that hot.

天气太热了，莫不停地给我拿饮料出来，还拿扇子给我扇风。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 电扇；风扇 A fan is a piece of electrical or mechanical equipment with blades that go round and round. It keeps a room or machine cool or gets rid of unpleasant smells.

He cools himself in front of an electric fan.

他在电扇前让自己凉快些。

...an extractor fan.

排风扇

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 扇形 You can describe anything that has the shape of a wide "V" with a curved part above it as a fan.

...its fan of tail feathers.

它扇形的尾羽

...a conservatory with an ornate fan-shaped roof.

有华丽扇形屋顶的温室

6 VERB 动词 把(火)扇旺；把(火)吹旺 If you fan a fire, you wave something flat next to it in order to make it burn more strongly. If a wind fans a fire, it blows on it and makes it burn more strongly.

Kneeling in front of the open hearth, old Maria was fanning the smoldering fire...

老玛丽亚跪在壁炉前的空地上，扇着闷燃的炉火。

During the afternoon, hot winds fan the flames.

下午，热风使火苗越燃越旺。

7 VERB 动词 (故意)煽动，激发(恐惧、仇恨、热情等) If someone fans an emotion such as fear, hatred, or passion, they deliberately do things to make people feel the emotion more strongly.

He said students were fanning social unrest with their violent protests.

他说学生们的暴力抗议会煽动起社会动乱。

...economic problems which often fan hatred.

那些常常煽起仇恨的经济问题

8 to fan the flames→see: [flame](#) ; the shit hit the fan→see: [shit](#) ;

9 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 四散；散开 If a group of people or things fan out, they move forwards away from a particular point in different directions.

The main body of British, American, and French troops had fanned out to the west...

英、美、法部队的主力已经向西面散开。

We fanned out from the farmhouse in twos and threes.

我们三三两两从农舍散去。

10 PHRASAL VERB-ERG (使)展开(或打开)成圆形(或半圆形) If something fans out, or if you fan it out, it spreads out or opens out into the shape of a circle or half circle.

She suddenly raised her arms and spun, so the dress's full skirt fanned out in a bright circle...

她突然举起双臂旋转起来，连衣裙的裙身呈圆形完全展开，明艳照人。

Korontzis picked up his hand slowly and fanned out the cards one by one...

科龙奇斯慢慢抬起手，一张一张地把牌展开。

She lay on her back, her black hair fanned out over the pillow.

她仰面倒下，她的黑发披散在枕头上。

相关词组：

[fan out](#)

farm ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 农场；牧场 A farm is an area of land, together with the buildings on it, that is used for growing crops or raising animals, usually in order to sell them.

Farms in France are much smaller than those in the United States or even Britain.

法国的农场比美国甚至是英国的农场都要小很多。

2 VERB 动词 耕种；在...上从事畜牧业 If you farm an area of land, you grow crops or keep animals on it.

They farmed some of the best land in Scotland...

他们耕种着苏格兰最好的一部分土地。

He has lived and farmed in the area for 46 years.

他已在此地生活耕作了46年。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 养殖场；饲养地 A milk farm or a fish farm, for example, is a place where a particular kind of animal or fish is bred and kept in large quantities in order to be sold.

...trout fresh from a local trout farm.

刚刚从当地鲑鱼养殖场捕捞的新鲜鲑鱼

相关词组：

[farm out](#)

farmer ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 农场主；农民 A farmer is a person who owns or manages a farm.

fashion ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 时装领域；时尚界 Fashion is the area of activity that involves styles of clothing and appearance.

There are 20 full-colour pages of fashion for men...

书中有20张有关男性时尚的彩色插页。

The fashion world does not mind what the real world thinks.

时尚界并不在意现实世界的想法。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 时装；时尚 A fashion is a style of clothing or a way of behaving that is popular at a particular time.

In the early seventies I wore false eyelashes, as was the fashion...

70年代初我戴假睫毛，这在当时是时尚。

Queen Mary started the fashion for blue and white china in England...

玛丽女王开启了青花瓷在英格兰的流行风尚。

He stayed at the top through all changes and fashions in pop music.

在流行音乐的各种变化和各式潮流中他一直处于前沿。

3 N-SING 单数名词 See also: [parrot-fashion](#) ; [以...方式](#) ; [以...方法](#) If you do something **in a particular fashion** or **after a particular fashion**, you do it in that way.

There is another drug called DHE that works in a similar **fashion**...

另外还有一种叫 DHE 的药物，药效也差不多。

It is happening in this **fashion** because of the obstinacy of one woman.

事情会如此发展是因为一个女人的固执己见。

4 VERB 动词 [制作](#) ; [制成](#) If you **fashion** an object or a work of art, you make it.

Stone Age settlers **fashioned** necklaces from sheep's teeth.

石器时代的移居者用羊的牙做成项链。

5 See also: [old-fashioned](#) ;

6 PHRASE 短语 [差强人意](#) ; [马马虎虎](#) If you say that something was done **after a fashion**, you mean that it was done, but not very well.

She was educated — **after a fashion** — at home...

她算得上是受过教育——家庭教育。

He knew the way, **after a fashion**.

他勉强认路。

7 PHRASE 短语 [时兴 / 过时](#) If something is **in fashion**, it is popular and approved of at a particular time. If it is **out of fashion**, it is not popular or approved of.

That sort of house is back in **fashion**...

那种房子又时兴起来了。

Marriage seems to be going out of **fashion**.

婚姻似乎快要过时了。

fast ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 [快的](#) ; [迅速的](#) **Fast** means happening, moving, or doing something at great speed. You also use **fast** in questions or statements about speed.

...**fast** cars with flashing lights and sirens...

闪着灯、鸣着笛、飞速行驶的车辆

Brindley was known as a very, very **fast** driver...

众所周知，布林德利是个喜欢飞车的人。

The party aims to attract votes from the business and professional communities, which want a **faster** pace of political reform...

该党的目标是吸引商界和专业社群的选票，因为这两个群体都希望加快政治改革的步伐。

The only question is how **fast** the process will be.

唯一的问题是这个过程会有多快。

Fast is also an adverb.

They work terrifically **fast**...

他们干活极快。

It would be nice to go **faster** and break the world record...

要是能再快一些、打破世界纪录就好了。

He thinks they're not adapting **fast** enough...

他认为他们适应得不够快。

Barnes also knows that he is **fast** running out of time...

巴恩斯也知道他的时间很快就要用完了。

How **fast** were you driving?...

你当时车开得有多快？

How **fast** would the disease develop?

这种病发展得有多快？

2 ADV-GRADED 副词 [迅速地](#) ; [立即](#) You use **fast** to say that something happens without any delay.

When you've got a crisis like this you need professional help — **fast**!...

当你遇到这样的危急情况，就需要专业救援了——要快！

We'd appreciate your leaving as **fast** as possible.

如果您能尽快离开，我们将不胜感激。

Fast is also an adjective.

That would be an astonishingly **fast** action on the part of the Congress.

那将会是由国会方面采取的迅雷不及掩耳的行动。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 [\(钟表\)偏快的](#) , [走得快的](#) If a watch or clock is **fast**, it is showing a time that is later than the real time.

That clock's an hour **fast**.

那个钟快了一个小时。

4 ADV-GRADED 副词 [紧紧地](#) ; [牢牢地](#) ; [死死地](#) If you hold something **fast**, you hold it tightly and firmly. If something is stuck **fast**, it is stuck very firmly and cannot move.

She climbed the staircase cautiously, holding **fast** to the rail...

她紧紧地抓着栏杆，小心翼翼地爬楼梯。

The tanker is stuck **fast** on the rocks.

油轮紧卡在礁石中间动弹不得。

5 ADV-GRADED 副词 [坚定地](#) ; [毫不动摇地](#) If you hold **fast** to a principle or idea, or if you stand **fast**, you do not change your mind about it, even though people are trying to persuade you to.

We can only try to hold **fast** to the age-old values of honesty, decency and concern for others...

我们只能努力坚守那些古老的价值观：诚实、正派、关心他人。

He told supporters to stand **fast** over the next few vital days.

他叫支持者在接下来的几个重要日子里站稳立场。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 [\(颜色或染料\)不褪色的](#) , [不掉色的](#) If colours or dyes are **fast**, they do not come out of the fabrics they are used on when they get wet.

The fabric was ironed to make the colours **fast**.

为防止褪色，织物已经过熨烫。

7 ADJ 形容词 [骄奢淫逸的](#) ; [刺激而快乐的](#) A **fast** way of life is one which involves a lot of enjoyable and expensive or dangerous activities.

Life in Detroit no longer satisfied him ; he wanted the **fast** life of California.

他不再满意底特律的生活，想要过加利福尼亚那种刺激快乐的生活。

8 VERB 动词 [斋戒](#) ; [禁食](#) ; [绝食](#) If you **fast**, you eat no food for a period of time, usually for either religious or medical reasons, or as a protest.

I **fasted** for a day and half and asked God to help me.

我斋戒了一天半，祈求上帝伸出援手。

Fast is also a noun.

The **fast** is broken at sunset, traditionally with dates and water.

日落时开斋，按传统会吃椰枣、喝水。

fasting

...the Muslim holy month of **fasting** and prayer.

穆斯林斋戒和祈祷的圣月

9 PHRASE 短语 [熟睡的](#) ; [沉睡的](#) Someone who is **fast asleep** is completely asleep.

When he went upstairs five minutes later, she was **fast** asleep.

他5分钟后上楼时，她已经熟睡。

10 PHRASE 短语 [玩猫腻](#) ; [玩弄](#) If you say that someone is **playing fast and loose**, you are expressing disapproval of them for behaving in a deceitful, immoral, or irresponsible way.

There have been people who have played **fast and loose** with the rules.

有人在玩弄这些规则。

11 PHRASE 短语 [欺骗](#) ; [哄骗](#) ; [愚弄](#) If you say that someone **has pulled a fast one** on you, you mean that they have cheated or tricked you.

No doubt someone had pulled a **fast one** on her over a procedural matter.

无疑有人在程序性问题上骗了她。

12 to **make a fast buck** → see: [buck](#) ; fast lane → see: [lane](#) ;

fat ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 [\(人或动物\)肥胖的](#) , [肥的](#) If you say that a person or animal is **fat**, you mean that they have a lot of flesh on their body and that they weigh too much. You usually use the word **fat** when you think that this is a bad thing.

I could eat what I liked without getting **fat**...

我怎么吃都不胖。

After five minutes, the **fat** woman in the seat in front of me was asleep.

5分钟后，我前排座位上的胖女人便睡着了。

fatness

No one knows whether a child's tendency towards **fatness** is inherited or due to the food he eats.

没人知道儿童的发胖倾向是遗传还是食物造成的。

Usage Note :

If you describe someone as **fat**, you are speaking in a very direct way, and this may be considered rude. If you want to say more politely that someone is rather fat, it is better to describe them as **plump**, or more informally, as **chubby**.

Overweight and **obese** are used to describe someone who may have health problems because of their size or weight. **Obese** is also a medical term used to describe someone who is extremely fat or overweight. In general you should avoid using any of these words in the presence of the person you are describing.

用 **fat** 来形容某人肥胖过于直接，而且有可能会被认为没有礼貌。表达此意更礼貌的说法是 **plump** 或 **chubby**，其中 **chubby** 更口语化。形容某人因块头过大或体重过重而出现健康问题时用 **overweight** 和 **obese**。**obese** 还是医学术语，用以形容某人极度肥胖或过重。一般说来，这些词都应该避免当面使用。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (动物或人的)肥肉，脂肪 **Fat** is the extra flesh that animals and humans have under their skin, which is used to store energy and to help keep them warm.

Because you're not burning calories, everything you eat turns to **fat**.

由于没有消耗卡路里，你吃的东西都会变成脂肪。

3 N-MASS 物质名词 (烹饪用的)动植物油 **Fat** is a solid or liquid substance obtained from animals or vegetables, which is used in cooking.

When you use oil or **fat** for cooking, use as little as possible.

烹调时不论是植物油还是动物油，都要尽量少用。

...vegetable **fats**, such as coconut oil and palm oil.

椰子油和棕榈油一类的植物油

4 N-MASS 物质名词 (食物中的)脂肪 **Fat** is a substance contained in foods such as meat, cheese, and butter which forms an energy store in your body.

An easy way to cut the amount of **fat** in your diet is to avoid eating red meats...

减少饮食中脂肪摄入量的简单方法就是避免吃红肉。

Most low-**fat** yogurts are about 40 calories per 100g.

大多数低脂酸奶每100克约含40卡热量。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (尤指书)厚的，宽的 A **fat** object, especially a book, is very thick or wide.

...'Europe in Figures', a **fat** book published on September 22nd...

9月22日出版的大部头书《数说欧洲》

He took out his **fat** wallet and peeled off some notes.

他掏出鼓鼓的钱包，抽出几张钞票。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (利润或费用)巨大的，丰厚的 A **fat** profit or fee is a large one.

They are set to make a big **fat** profit.

他们下定决心要大赚一笔。

7 PHRASE 短语 可能性不大；无甚可能 If you say that there is **fat chance** of something happening, you mean that you do not believe that it will happen.

'Would your car be easy to steal?' — 'Fat chance. I've got a device that shuts down the gas and ignition.'

“你的汽车容易被盗吗？”——“不太可能。有个装置，可关闭油门和点火开关。”

8 PHRASE 短语 (靠...)发财，致富，大发横财，肥起来 If you say that a person or organization **has grown fat on** something, you mean that they have become very rich as a result of it.

Liverpool grew **fat** on the basis of the slave trade.

利物浦是靠奴隶贸易肥起来的。

9 PHRASE 短语 无济于事；于事无补；毫无用处 If you say that something is a **fat lot of good** or a **fat lot of help**, you are saying rudely that it is no good or no help at all.

'I think we should go in and hammer them.' — 'And a **fat lot of good** that would do us.'

“我觉得我们应该进去把他们狠揍一顿。”——“那对我们有个屁用。”

favour ★★★★★

in AM, use 美国英语用 favor

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 赞同；支持；喜爱 If you regard something or someone with **favour**, you like or support them.

It remains to be seen if the show will still find **favour** with a 1990s audience...

这个节目是否能继续赢得90后观众的喜爱，还要拭目以待。

No one would look with **favour** on the continuing military rule...

没有人会赞成继续军政府统治。

He has won **favour** with a wide range of interest groups.

他已经获得众多利益集团的支持。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 恩惠；帮忙 If you do someone a **favour**, you do something for them even though you do not have to.

I've come to ask you to do me a **favour**...

我来这儿是想请你帮个忙。

These are gestures of genuine friendship with no **favours** expected in return.

这是友谊的真正表现，不期待任何回报。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 与人发生性关系 If you say that one person gives or sells their **favours** to another, you mean that they have sex.

In her extreme youth, Maria had sold her sexual **favours** for money.

玛丽亚在非常年轻的时候，曾靠卖淫来赚钱。

4 VERB 动词 更喜爱；宁愿；倾向于 If you **favour** something, you prefer it to the other choices available.

The French say they **favour** a transition to democracy...

法国人说他们倾向于向民主过渡。

He **favours** bringing the UN into touch with 'modern realities'.

他倾向于让联合国接触“当代现实”。

favoured

The **favoured** candidate will probably emerge after private discussions.

中意的候选人很可能将在私下讨论后产生。

5 VERB 动词 偏爱；偏袒；宠爱 If you **favour** someone, you treat them better or in a kinder way than you treat other people.

The Government came under fire yesterday for **favouring** elitist arts groups in the South-east...

昨天，政府因为偏袒东南部的一些精英艺术群体而遭到抨击。

Another possibility is that parents **favour** chicks that are strong.

另一种可能性是亲鸟会偏爱强壮的雏鸟。

favoured

Her younger brother was the **favoured** child, encouraged and admired by both parents.

她弟弟是个宠儿，受到父母双亲的支持和喜爱。

6 PHRASE 短语 支持；赞成 If you are **in favour** of something, you support it and think that it is a good thing.

I wouldn't be **in favour** of income tax cuts...

我不会支持削减所得税。

Yet this is a Government which proclaims that it is all **in favour** of openness...

但这却是个宣称全力支持开放的政府。

The vote passed with 111 **in favour** and 25 against.

111票赞成，25票反对，表决通过。

7 PHRASE 短语 认为...正确；认为...有理 If someone makes a judgment **in your favour**, they say that you are right about something.

If the commission rules **in Mr Welch's favour** the case will go to the European Court of Human Rights.

如果委员会裁定韦尔奇有理，这个案件将送交欧洲人权法庭。

8 PHRASE 短语 对...有利 If something is **in your favour**, it helps you or gives you an advantage.

The protection that farmers have enjoyed amounts to a bias **in favour** of the countryside...

农民所受的保护几乎变成了对乡村的偏袒。

Firms are trying to shift the balance of power in the labour market back **in their favour**.

各公司正在试图让劳动力市场的均势向有利于自己的方向倾斜。

9 PHRASE 短语 (舍弃某物)宁愿选择;选...(而不选...) If one thing is rejected **in favour of** another, the second thing is done or chosen instead of the first.

The policy was rejected **in favour of** a more cautious approach.

这项政策未被采纳,取而代之的是一项较为谨慎的策略。

10 PHRASE 短语 受宠/失宠;得势/失势 If someone or something is **in favour**, people like or support them. If they are **out of favour**, people no longer like or support them.

favourite ★★★★★

in AM, use 美国英语用 favorite

1 ADJ 形容词 最喜爱的;最喜欢的 Your **favourite** thing or person of a particular type is the one you like most.

...a bottle of his **favourite** champagne...

一瓶他最喜爱的香槟

Her **favourite** writer is Hans Christian Andersen.

她最喜爱的作家是安徒生。

Favourite is also a noun.

The Liverpool Metropole is my **favourite**.

利物浦大都会酒店是我最喜爱的酒店。

If you refer to something as an **old favourite**, you mean that it has been in existence for a long time and everyone knows it or likes it. 经久不衰的事物;受人喜爱的旧事物;耳熟能详的事物

Everyone must be familiar with the **old favourite**

among roses, Crystal Palace.

大家一定都很熟悉玫瑰中的老牌名品“水晶宫殿”。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 受宠的人;宠儿;亲信 If you describe one person as the **favourite** of another, you mean that the second person likes the first person a lot and treats them with special kindness.

...Robert Carr, Earl of Somerset, a **favourite** of

King James I...

罗伯特·卡尔——萨默塞特伯爵,国王詹姆斯一世的亲信

The Prime Minister is no **favourite** of the

tabloids.

首相可不受小报的待见。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 夺标热门;夺冠热门 The **favourite** in a race or contest is the competitor that is expected to win. In a team game, the team that is expected to win is referred to as the **favourites**.

The Belgian Cup has been won by the

favourites F.C. Liege.

比利时杯被夺冠热门列日队夺得。

feature ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 特征;特点;特色 A **feature** of something is an interesting or important part or characteristic of it.

Patriotic songs have long been a **feature** of

Kuwaiti life...

爱国歌曲长期以来一直是科威特生活的一个特色。

The spacious gardens are a special **feature** of

this property...

大花园是这处房产的特色。

Perhaps the most unusual **feature** in the room is

an extraordinary pair of candles.

也许,这间屋子最与众不同之处就是一对非同寻常的蜡烛。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 面容;五官 Your **features** are your eyes, nose, mouth, and other parts of your face.

His **features** seemed to change...

他的容貌似乎有所改变。

Her **features** were strongly defined.

她的五官轮廓分明。

3 VERB 动词 由...主演;以...为主要内容;重点介绍 When something such as a film or exhibition **features** a particular person or thing, they are an important part of it.

It's a great movie and it **features** a Spanish actor

who is going to be a world star within a year...

这是一部精彩的影片,主演是一位西班牙演员,他

不出一年就会成为国际巨星。

The hour-long programme will be updated each

week and **feature** highlights from recent games...

这个时长一小时的节目将每周更新,重点介绍最近

比赛的精彩片断。

This spectacular event, now in its 5th year,

features a stunning catwalk show.

这一盛事如今已是第5个年头,其重头戏是一场精

彩纷呈的时装秀。

4 VERB 动词 出演重头戏;担任主演;(在展览、杂志中)为重点推出的部分 If someone or something **features in** something such as a show, exhibition, or magazine, they are an important part of it.

Jon **featured** in one of the show's most thrilling

episodes.

乔恩主演剧中最引人入胜的剧集之一。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (报刊或杂志的)特写,专题;(电台或电视台的)特别节目 A **feature** is a special article in a newspaper or magazine, or a special programme on radio or television.

We are delighted to see the Sunday Times

running a long **feature** on breast cancer.

我们高兴地看到《星期天时报》发表了有关乳腺癌

的长篇专题文章。

...a special **feature** on the fund-raising project.

有关集资项目的专题报道

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 正片;影片;故事片 A **feature** or a **feature** film or movie is a full-length film about a fictional situation, as opposed to a short film or a documentary.

...the first **feature**-length cartoon, Snow White

and the Seven Dwarfs.

第一部卡通长片《白雪公主和七个小矮人》

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 地理特征;地形地貌;地貌 A **geographical feature** is something noticeable in a particular area of country, for example a hill, river, or valley.

federal ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 联邦的;联邦制的 A **federal** country or system of government is one in which the different states or provinces of the country have important powers to make their own laws and decisions.

Five of the six provinces are to become

autonomous regions in a new **federal** system of

government.

在新的联邦政府体制中,6省中的5个将成为自治

区。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 中央集权式的;集权式联邦制的 Some people use **federal** to describe a system of government which they disapprove of, in which the different states or provinces are controlled by a strong central government.

He does not believe in a **federal** Europe with

centralising powers.

他认为一个集权式联邦制在欧洲是不可行的。

3 ADJ 形容词 归属联邦政府的;与联邦政府有关的 **Federal** also means belonging or relating to the national government of a federal country rather than to one of the states within it.

The **federal** government controls just 6% of the

education budget.

联邦政府仅掌控6%的教育预算。

...a **federal** judge.

联邦法官

federally

...residents of public housing and **federally**

subsidized apartments.

公共住房住户和享受联邦政府津贴的公寓住户

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 同fed **Federals** are the same as **feds**.

fee ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 费;费用 A **fee** is a sum of money that you pay to be allowed to do something.

He hadn't paid his television licence **fee**.

他尚未缴纳电视机使用许可费。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 服务费;报酬;酬金 A **fee** is the amount of money that a person or organization is paid for a particular job or service that they provide.

Find out how much your surveyor's and

solicitor's **fees** will be.

弄清你要向鉴定员和律师支付多少费用。

feed ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 养;喂;饲养 If you **feed** a person or animal, you give them food to eat and sometimes actually put it in their mouths.

We brought along pieces of old bread and **fed**

the birds...

我们拿了几片陈面包来喂鸟。

She fed him a cookie...

她给他吃了一快饼干。

In that part of the world you can feed cattle on almost any green vegetable or fruit...

在那个地方，几乎任何绿色蔬菜或水果都可以给牛吃。

He spooned the ice cream into a cup and fed it to her.

他用勺子把冰激凌舀进杯子，喂给她吃。

Feed is also a noun.

She's had a good feed.

她大吃了一顿。

feeding

The feeding of dairy cows has undergone a revolution.

乳牛的喂养方法发生了巨大的改变。

2 VERB 动词 供养，养活(家庭或群体) To feed a family or a community means to supply food for them.

Feeding a hungry family can be expensive.

养活饥肠辘辘的一家人花费很大。

...a food reserve large enough to feed the Sudanese population for many months.

足够苏丹人吃好多个月的食物储备

3 VERB 动词 (动物)吃食，进食 When an animal feeds, it eats or drinks something.

After a few days the caterpillars stopped feeding...

几天后毛虫停止进食。

Slugs feed on decaying plant and animal material.

蛞蝓以腐烂的动植物为食。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 吃奶；给...喂奶 When a baby feeds, or when you feed it, it drinks breast milk or milk from a bottle.

When a baby is thirsty, it feeds more often...

婴儿渴的时候，吃奶就会更频繁。

I knew absolutely nothing about handling or feeding a baby.

我对如何抱婴儿、如何给婴儿喂食一无所知。

5 N-MASS 物质名词 饲料 Animal feed is food given to animals, especially farm animals.

The grain just rotted and all they could use it for was animal feed.

谷物完全烂掉了，他们能将其派上的唯一用场就是作动物饲料。

...poultry feed.

家禽饲料

6 VERB 动词 源源不断地供给；输送 To feed something to a place, means to supply it to that place in a steady flow.

...blood vessels that feed blood to the brain.

将血液输送到大脑的血管

...gas fed through pipelines.

通过管道输送的燃气

7 VERB 动词 将...放到，将...投入(容器或装置中) If you feed something into a container or piece of equipment, you put it into it.

He took the compact disc from her, then fed it into the player...

他从她手里接过光盘，放入播放机中。

She was feeding documents into a paper shredder.

她将文件放入碎纸机。

8 VERB 动词 向...泄露(秘密)；向...灌输，向...通报(虚假信息) If someone feeds you false or secret information, they deliberately tell it to you.

He was surrounded by people who fed him ghastly lies...

他周围的人都在给他灌输可怕的谎言。

At least one British officer was feeding him with classified information.

至少有一个英国官员在向他提供机密情报。

9 VERB 动词 加深，加强(厌恶或渴望) If you feed someone's dislike or desire for something, you make it stronger.

The divorce was painfully public, feeding her dislike of the press.

离婚的事张扬出去，她十分痛苦，更加厌恶媒体了。

10 VERB 动词 给...施肥 If you feed a plant, you add substances to it to make it grow well.

Feed plants to encourage steady growth.

给植物施肥促使其不断生长。

11 VERB 动词 (因...而)壮大；(从...中)得到滋养 If one thing feeds on another, it becomes stronger as a result of the other thing's existence.

The drinking and the guilt fed on each other.

酗酒和犯罪彼此助长。

12 VERB 动词 将(信息输入(计算机) To feed information into a computer means to gradually put it into it.

An automatic weather station feeds information on wind direction to the computer.

自动化气象站将风向信息输入计算机。

13 to bite the hand that feeds you→see: [bite](#) ;

mouths to feed→see: [mouth](#) ;

相关词组：

[feed up](#)

feeling

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 感情；情绪 A feeling is an emotion, such as anger or happiness.

It gave me a feeling of satisfaction...

这给了我一种满足感。

Strong feelings of pride welled up in me...

我心中涌起强烈的自豪感。

I think our main feeling would be of an immense gratitude...

我觉得充斥我们心中的将是一种强烈的感激之情。

He was unable to contain his own destructive feelings.

他无法抑制自己消极的情绪。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 看法；感受；态度 Your feelings about something are the things that you think and feel about it, or your attitude towards it.

She has strong feelings about the alleged growth in violence against female officers...

据称针对女警的暴力事件有所增加，她对此十分愤慨。

I have also begun to reassess my own feelings about being a woman...

我也开始重新审视自己对身为女性的感受。

I think that sums up the feelings of most discerning and intelligent Indians...

我想这概括了最富洞察力和悟性的印第安人的感受。

He made no real secret of his feelings to his friends.

他并不向朋友们掩饰自己的感受。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (可能造成困扰、伤害或难堪)的感情 When you refer to someone's feelings, you are talking about the things that might embarrass, offend, or upset them. For example, if you hurt someone's feelings, you upset them by something that you say or do.

He was afraid of hurting my feelings...

他怕伤了我的心。

He has no respect, no regard for anyone's feelings...

他不尊重，也不顾及别人的感受。

What about my feelings?

谁关心我的感受？

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 感情用事；激动 Feeling is a way of thinking and reacting to things which is emotional and not planned rather than logical and practical.

He was prompted to a rare outburst of feeling.

他被惹得情绪非常激动，这很少见。

...a voice that trembles with feeling.

激动得发颤的声音

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 爱慕；同情；关切 Feeling for someone is love, affection, sympathy, or concern for them.

Thomas never lost his feeling for Harriet...

托马斯对哈丽雅特的爱从未消逝。

It's incredible that Peter can behave with such stupid lack of feeling.

彼得行事如此麻木不仁，真是难以置信。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (饥饿、疲倦等)感觉，知觉 If you have a feeling of hunger, tiredness, or other physical sensation, you experience it.

I also had a strange feeling in my neck...

我的脖子感觉也很奇怪。

Focus on the **feeling** of relaxation...

全身心体会放松的感觉。

He experienced **feelings** of claustrophobia from being in a small place.

他呆在一个狭小的地方，体验到了幽闭恐惧症的感觉。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (身体部位的)感觉，知觉

Feeling in part of your body is the ability to experience the sense of touch in this part of the body.

After the accident he had no **feeling** in his legs.

事故过后，他的腿丧失了知觉。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 预感；感觉

If you have a **feeling that** something is the case or **that** something is going to happen, you think that is probably the case or that it is probably going to happen.

I have a **feeling** that everything will come right for us one day...

我有种感觉，事情总有一天会变得对我们有利的。

You have a **feeling** about people, and I just felt she was going to be good.

人总会对他其他人有某种感觉，我就觉得她会是个好人。

9 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (群体对...的)态度，意见，情绪

Feeling is used to refer to a general opinion that a group of people has about something.

There is still some **feeling** in the art world that the market for such works may be declining...

艺术界一些人仍然认为，这类艺术品的市场可能趋于低迷。

It seemed that anti-Fascist **feeling** was not being encouraged.

看来反法西斯情绪并未受到鼓励。

10 N-SING 单数名词 (处于某种处境的)感觉

If you have a **feeling of** being in a particular situation, you feel that you are in that situation.

I had the terrible **feeling** of being left behind to bring up the baby while he had fun.

我感觉糟糕透顶，我被留下抚养孩子，而他却在寻欢作乐。

11 N-SING 单数名词 理解力；领悟力

If you have a **feeling for** something, you have an understanding of it or a natural ability to do it.

Try to get a **feeling** for the people who live here...

试着去理解在这片土地上生息的人们。

You seem to have a **feeling** for drawing.

看来你有绘画的天赋。

12 N-SING 单数名词 (地方或书本营造的)气氛，氛围

If something such as a place or book creates a particular kind of **feeling**, it creates a particular kind of atmosphere.

That's what we tried to portray in the book, this **feeling** of opulence and grandeur.

那就是我们在书中竭力描绘的——一种富丽堂皇的气氛。

13 See also: [feel](#) ;

14 PHRASE 短语 反感；怨恨；交恶

Bad feeling or ill feeling is bitterness or anger which exists between people, for example after they have had an argument.

There's been some **bad feeling** between the two families.

两家人之前有过节。

15 PHRASE 短语 芥蒂；宿怨

Hard feelings are feelings of anger or bitterness towards someone who you have had an argument with or who has upset you. If you say '**no hard feelings**', you are making an agreement with someone not to be angry or bitter about something.

I don't want any **hard feelings** between our companies...

我不想我们两个公司间存有什么芥蒂。

He held out his large hand. 'No **hard feelings**, right?'

他伸出大手：“不生气，对吧？”

16 CONVENTION 惯用语 我知道那种滋味；我理解那种感受

You say '**I know the feeling**' to show that you understand or feel sorry about a problem or difficult experience that someone is telling you about.

17 PHRASE 短语 感情复杂；爱恨交加

If you **have mixed feelings** about something or someone, you feel uncertain about them because you can see both good and bad points about them.

fellow ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 伙伴的；同伴的；同类的

You use **fellow** to describe people who are in the same situation as you, or people you feel you have something in common with.

She discovered to her pleasure, a talent for making her **fellow** guests laugh...

她高兴地发现自己具备一种能把其他客人逗笑的才能。

Even in jail, my **fellow** inmates treated me with kindness.

就算在监狱里，狱友们对我也很友善。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 男人；小伙子；家伙

A **fellow** is a man or boy.

By all accounts, Rodger would appear to be a fine **fellow**.

据说，罗杰是个好小伙。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 同事；伙伴；同类

Your **fellows** are the people who you work with, do things with, or who are like you in some way.

He stood out in terms of competence from all his **fellows**...

他在能力上远远胜过其他同事。

People looked out for one another and were concerned about the welfare of their **fellows**.

人们守望相助，关心着彼此的幸福。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (学术或专业协会的)会员

A **fellow** of an academic or professional association is someone who is a specially elected member of it, usually because of their work or achievements or as a mark of honour.

...the **fellows** of the Zoological Society of London.

伦敦动物协会会员

female ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 女性的；女人的

Someone who is **female** is a woman or a girl.

...a sixteen-piece dance band with a **female** singer...

16人组成的伴舞乐队和一位女歌手

Their aim is equal numbers of male and **female** MPs by the year 2000...

他们的目标是2000年前使国会议员中男女人数相等。

Only 13 per cent of consultants are **female**.

高级顾问医师中只有13%是女性。

femaleness

They are under pressure to negate their **femaleness**.

她们承受着否认自己女性身份的压力。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 女性；女子

Women and girls are sometimes referred to as **females** when they are being considered as a type.

But the average young **female** in this country now is stylish and remarkably confident...

但该国普通年轻女子现在都非常时髦，而且极其自信。

Hay fever affects males more than **females**.

男性的花粉热感染率比女性高。

3 ADJ 形容词 女性的；影响女性的

Female matters and things relate to, belong to, or affect women rather than men.

...**female** infertility.

女性不孕症

...a purveyor of **female** undergarments...

女式内衣供应商

I realize there's no consensus on what are male or **female** values.

我意识到人们对什么是男性价值观和什么是女性价值观并无共识。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 雌性生物

You can refer to any creature that can lay eggs or produce babies from its body as a **female**.

Each **female** will lay just one egg in April or May.

每个雌体四五月份只产一粒卵。

Female is also an adjective.

...the scent given off by the **female** aphid to attract the male.

雌蚜虫释放出的吸引雄蚜虫的气味

5 ADJ 形容词 (花或植物)雌性的，有雌蕊的

A **female** flower or plant contains the part that will become the fruit when it is fertilized.

Figs have male and female flowers.

无花果有雄花和雌花。

festival ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (音乐或戏剧)节, 会演 A festival is an organized series of events such as musical concerts or drama productions.

Numerous Umbrian towns hold their own summer festivals of music, theatre, and dance...

很多翁布里亚小镇举办自己的夏季音乐、戏剧和舞蹈节。

There are over 350 films in the Edinburgh Film Festival this year.

今年爱丁堡电影节有超过 350 部影片参展。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 节日; 节庆 A festival is a day or time of the year when people have a holiday from work and celebrate some special event, often a religious event.

...the Hindu festival of Diwali.

印度排灯节

field ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 地; 田; 牧场 A field is an area of grass, for example in a park or on a farm. A field is also an area of land on which a crop is grown.

...a field of wheat...

麦田

They went for walks together in the fields.

他们一起在田野里漫步。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 运动场; 球场 A sports field is an area of grass where sports are played.

...a football field...

足球场

He was the fastest thing I ever saw on a baseball field...

他是我在棒球场上见过的跑得最快的家伙。

Gavin Hastings was helped from the field with ankle injuries.

加文·黑斯廷斯脚踝受伤, 被扶下了场。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 矿产地; 矿田 A field is an area of land or sea bed under which large amounts of a particular mineral have been found.

...an extensive natural gas field in Alaska.

阿拉斯加一个巨大的天然气田

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (磁、引力或电)场 A magnetic, gravitational, or electric field is the area in which that particular force is strong enough to have an effect.

Some people are worried that electromagnetic fields from electric power lines could increase the risk of cancer.

有些人担心输电线的电磁场可能增加致癌几率。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 专业; 学科; 领域 A particular field is a particular subject of study or type of activity.

Exciting artistic breakthroughs have recently occurred in the fields of painting, sculpture and architecture...

绘画、雕塑和建筑领域最近出现了激动人心的艺术突破。

Each of the authors of the tapes is an expert in his field.

每盘磁带的撰稿人都是其研究领域的专家。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 字段; 信息组; 栏 A field is an area of a computer's memory or a program where data can be entered, edited, or stored.

Go to a site like Yahoo! Finance and enter 'AOL' in the Get Quotes field.

登录诸如“雅虎财经”这样的站点, 在“股票行情”栏输入“美国在线”。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 战场; 战地 You can refer to the area where fighting or other military action in a war takes place as the field or the field of battle.

We never defeated them on the field of battle.

我们从未在战场上打败过他们。

...the need for politicians to leave day-to-day decisions to commanders in the field.

政治家允许战地指挥官自主做出日常决定的必要

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 视野; 视域 Your field of vision or your visual field is the area that you can see without turning your head.

Our field of vision is surprisingly wide.

我们的视野出人意料地开阔。

9 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 (体育比赛的)所有参赛者, 出场阵容 The field is a way of referring to all the competitors taking part in a particular race or sports contest.

Going into the fourth lap, the two most broadly experienced riders led the field...

进入第四圈时, 两名身经百战的骑手开始领先。

The field were so close that they would have caught us if I hadn't begun the sprint.

其他参赛选手紧随身后, 如果不是我开始冲刺, 他们就会赶上我们了。

...one of the strongest fields ever assembled for the Women's Bowling Association championship.

参加女子保龄球协会锦标赛的最强阵容之一

10 ADJ 形容词 实地; 野外 You use field to describe work or study that is done in a real, natural environment rather than in a theoretical way or in controlled conditions.

I also conducted a field study among the boys about their attitude to relationships...

我还对男孩子们进行了一项有关两性关系态度的实地调查。

Our teachers took us on field trips to observe plants and animals, firsthand...

老师带我们去野游, 对动植物进行实地观察。

The man offering help is a field worker.

主动帮忙的人是个野外工作人员。

11 VERB 动词 (在板球、棒球或圆场棒球中)防守, 担任守队 In a game of cricket, baseball, or rounders, the team that is fielding is trying to catch the ball, while the other team is trying to hit it.

When we are fielding, the umpires keep looking at the ball.

我们防守的时候, 裁判们一直看着球。

fielding

At first base he led the league 21 times in fielding.

他在一垒防守方面 21 次位居联盟第一。

12 VERB 动词 (通常成功地)回答, 处理(问题) If you say that someone fields a question, you mean that they answer it or deal with it, usually successfully.

He was later shown on television, fielding questions.

他后来出现在电视上, 答复问题。

13 VERB 动词 使...出场; 让...参加比赛 If a sports team fields a particular number or type of players, the players are chosen to play for the team on a particular occasion.

England intend fielding their strongest team in next month's World Youth Championship.

英格兰意欲在下月的世界青年锦标赛中推出他们的最强阵容。

14 VERB 动词 See also: [coalfield](#); [minefield](#); [playing field](#); [snowfield](#); 让...参加竞选; 让...作竞选候选人 If a candidate in an election is representing a political party, you can say that the party is fielding that candidate.

There are signs that the new party aims to field candidates in elections scheduled for February next year.

有迹象表明新党意欲推举候选人参加定于明年 2 月举行的选举。

15 PHRASE 短语 纵情享受; 肆意地做; 尽情地做 If someone is having a field day, they are very busy doing something that they enjoy, even though it may be hurtful for other people.

In our absence the office gossips are probably having a field day...

我们不在的时候, 办公室里大概谣言四起了吧。

I suspect that the lawyers are going to have a field day before it's all sorted out.

我想律师们要好好忙活一通才能把一切都弄停当了。

16 PHRASE 短语 在实地; 在野外 Work or study that is done in the field is done in a real, natural environment rather than in a theoretical way or in controlled conditions.

The zoo is doing major conservation work, both in captivity and in the field.

无论在圈养场还是在野外, 动物园在动物保护方面都承担了主要的工作。

17 PHRASE 短语 领先; 带头 If you say that someone leads the field in a particular activity, you mean that they are better, more active, or more successful than everyone else who is involved in it.

When it comes to picking up awards they lead

the field by miles.

他们在拿奖方面遥遥领先。

18 PHRASE 短语 **到处沾花惹草；滥交** If someone **plays the field**, they have a number of different romantic or sexual relationships.

He gave up playing the **field** and married a year ago.

他不再处处留情，一年前结了婚。

fifteenth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第十五** The **fifteenth** item in a series is the one that you count as number fifteen.

...the invention of the printing press in the **fifteenth** century.

15 世纪印刷机的发明

fifth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第五** The **fifth** item in a series is the one that you count as number five.

Joe has recently returned from his **fifth** trip to Australia.

乔最近结束了第五次澳大利亚之行归来。

2 FRACTION 分数词 **五分之一** A **fifth** is one of five equal parts of something.

India spends over a **fifth** of its budget on defence.

印度的国防开支占了其财政预算的 1/5 强。

fiftieth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第五十** The **fiftieth** item in a series is the one that you count as number fifty.

He retired in 1970, on his **fiftieth** birthday.

他在 1970 年自己 50 岁生日时退了休。

file ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **文件箱；文件夹** A **file** is a box or a folded piece of heavy paper or plastic in which letters or documents are kept.

He sat behind a table on which were half a dozen **files**.

他坐在一张放有 6 个文件夹的桌子后面。

...a **file** of insurance papers.

一夹子保险文件

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **档案；卷宗** A **file** is a collection of information about a particular person or thing.

There was stuff in that **file** that was private between me and Dr Denny...

那份档案的有些内容是只应我和丹尼医生知道的。

We already have **files** on people's tax details, mortgages and poll tax...

我们已经建立了人们纳税详情、抵押贷款以及人头税的档案。

You must record and keep a **file** of all expenses.

必须对所有花费进行记录并存档。

3 VERB 动词 **把(文件等)归档** If you **file** a document, you put it in the correct file.

A secretary can **file** papers as efficiently as a floppy disk can store them...

秘书归档文件时可以像软盘存储一样高效。

They are all **filed** alphabetically under author.

这些都是按照作者姓名的字母顺序归档的。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(计算机的)文件** In computing, a **file** is a set of related data that has its own name.

5 VERB 动词 **提起(诉讼)；提出(投诉、请求等)** If you **file** a formal or legal accusation, complaint, or request, you make it officially.

A number of them have **filed** formal complaints against the police...

他们中的许多人都对警方提出了正式控告。

I **filed** for divorce on the grounds of adultery a few months later.

几个月后我以通奸为由提起了离婚诉讼。

6 VERB 动词 **发送，送交(新闻报道等)** When someone **files** a report or a news story, they send or give it to their employer.

Catherine Bond **filed** that report for the BBC from Nairobi...

凯瑟琳·邦德从内罗毕向英国广播公司发送了那篇报道。

He had to rush back to the office and **file** a housing story before the secretaries went home.

他不得不冲回办公室，赶在秘书们回家之前提交一篇有关住房的新闻报道。

7 VERB 动词 **排成纵列行进** When a group of people **files** somewhere, they walk one behind the other in a line.

She paused as the group of children **filed** out of the house...

那群孩子从房子里鱼贯而出时，她停了下来。

Slowly, people **filed** into the room and sat down.

人们排成一列缓慢地依次走进房间，并坐了下来。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **锉刀** A **file** is a hand tool which is used for rubbing hard objects to make them smooth, shape them, or cut through them.

9 VERB 动词 See also: [nail file](#) ; [nail and file](#) ; [用锉刀锉](#) If you **file** an object, you smooth it, shape it, or cut it with a file.

Manicurists are skilled at shaping and filing nails.

美甲师修锉指甲的手艺娴熟。

10 PHRASE 短语 **记录(或保存)在档的** Something that is **on file** or **on someone's files** is recorded or kept in a file or in a collection of information.

His fingerprints were **on file** in Washington...

他的指纹已在华盛顿记录在档。

We'll keep your details **on file**...

我们会把有关你的详细信息记录在档。

It is one of the most desperate cases **on her files**.

这是她记录的档案中最严重的案例之一。

11 PHRASE 短语 **成纵队；成单列** A group of people who are walking or standing **in single file** are in a line, one behind the other.

We were walking **in single file** to the lake.

我们正排成一列朝湖边走去。

12 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **把(文件等)归档** If you **file away** a document, you put it in the correct file.

When at home, most evenings would be spent reading, cutting up and filing away his photographs...

晚上在家时，经常都是在看书或剪切和归类他的照片。

The details are **filed away** by his three secretaries for future reference.

他的 3 个秘书已经把详细情况归档备查。

相关词组：

[file away](#)

fill ★★★★★

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)装满；(使)注满；(使)充满** If you **fill** a container or area, or if it **fills**, an amount of something enters it that is enough to make it full.

Fill a saucepan with water and bring to a slow boil...

往平底锅里加满水，小火煮沸。

She made sandwiches, **filled** a flask and put sugar in...

她做了三明治，把保温瓶灌满，又放了糖进去。

The victims' lungs **fill** quickly with fluid...

受害者的肺里很快充满了积液。

The boy's eyes **filled** with tears...

男孩眼泪汪汪。

While the bath was **filling**, he padded about in his underpants.

往浴缸里放水时，他穿着内裤走来走去。

Fill up means the same as **fill**. [fill up](#) 同 [fill](#)

Pass me your cup, Amy, and I'll **fill** it up for you...

把杯子递给我，艾米，我给你加满。

Warehouses at the frontier between the two countries **fill up** with sacks of rice and flour.

两国边境地区的仓库里堆满了一袋袋的大米和面粉。

2 VERB 动词 **挤满；占满；充塞** If something **fills** a space, it is so big, or there are such large quantities of it, that there is very little room left.

He cast his eyes at the rows of cabinets that **filled** the enormous work area...

他把目光投向那一排排挤占了巨大工作空间的柜子。

The text **fills** 231 pages.

正文占了 231 页。

Fill up

[fill up](#) 同 [fill](#) means the same as [fill](#).

...the complicated machines that **fill up** today's laboratories.

充斥当今实验室的各种复杂仪器

filled

...four museum buildings **filled** with historical objects.

塞满历史文物的4幢博物馆大楼

-filled

...the flower-**filled** courtyard of an old Spanish colonial house.

一座西班牙殖民时期的老房子里开满鲜花的庭院

3 VERB 动词 **填满，填平(缝隙或孔洞)** If you **fill** a crack or hole, you put a substance into it in order to make the surface smooth again.

Fill small holes with wood **filler** in a matching colour...

用颜色相配的木质填料填平小孔。

The gravedigger **filled** the grave.

掘墓人把墓穴填上。

Fill in means the same as **fill**. **fill in** 同 **fill**

If any cracks have appeared in the tart case, **fill** these in with raw pastry.

如果饼皮开裂，就用生的油酥面团填平。

4 VERB 动词 **布满；使遍及** If a sound, smell, or light **fills** a space, or the air, it is very strong or noticeable.

In the parking lot of the school, the siren **filled** the air...

警报声响彻学校停车场。

All the light bars were turned on which **filled** the room with these rotating beams of light...

所有灯条都打开了，满屋都是旋转的光柱。

The barn was **filled** with the sour-sweet smell of fresh dung.

谷仓里弥漫着新鲜酸甜的气味。

-filled

...another sunshine-**filled** day.

又一个阳光明媚的日子

...those whose work forces them to be in dusty or smoke-**filled** environments.

那些出于工作原因不得不呆在满是烟尘环境中的人

5 VERB 动词 **使强烈地感到；(感情)充盈于** If something **fills** you **with** an emotion, or if an emotion **fills** you, you experience this emotion strongly.

I admired my father, and his work **filled** me with awe and curiosity...

我很钦佩父亲，并对他的工作充满了敬畏和好奇。

He looked at me without speaking, and for the first time I could see the pride that **filled** him...

他看着我并没有说话，我第一次看出他内心充满了自豪。

He stared at his favourite child, dismayed, **filled** with fear.

他惊愕地盯着自己最宠爱的孩子，满心恐惧。

6 VERB 动词 **度过，打发(时间)** If you **fill** a period of time with a particular activity, you spend the time in this way.

If she wants a routine to **fill** her day, let her do community work.

如果她想做些日常的事务来打发白天的时间，就让她去做社区工作吧。

Fill up means the same as **fill**. **fill up** 同 **fill**

On Thursday night she went to her yoga class, glad to have something to **fill** up the evening.

星期四晚上她去上了瑜伽课，很高兴自己有事可做。

7 VERB 动词 **满足(需要)；弥补(空白)** If something **fills** a need or a gap, it puts an end to this need or gap by existing or being active.

...properly organized and staffed day-care programs **fill** a need which allows family structures to remain intact...

组织得当、人员配备齐整的日托中心满足了人们的需求，保持了家庭结构不受破坏。

She brought him a sense of fun, of gaiety that **filled** a gap in his life.

她带给他开心快乐，弥补了他生命中的缺憾。

8 VERB 动词 **充任；担任；发挥** If something **fills** a role, position, or function, they have that role or position, or perform that function, often successfully.

Dena was **filling** the role of diplomat's wife with the skill she had learned over the years.

德娜利用她多年来学到的处事技巧扮演着外交家妻子的角色。

9 VERB 动词 **填补(职位空缺)** If a company or organization **fills** a job vacancy, they choose someone to do the job. If someone **fills** a job vacancy, they accept a job that they have been offered.

One problem not mentioned is the unemployed may not have the skills to **fill** the vacancies on offer...

一个没有提及的问题是，失业人员也许缺乏填补所提供的空职的技能。

A vacancy has arisen which I intend to **fill**.

有一个职位空了出来，我想要补上。

10 VERB 动词 **使吃饱；填饱...的肚子** If you **fill yourself** with food, you eat so much that you do not feel hungry.

They joked and drank coffee and **filled** themselves with chocolate cake.

他们开着玩笑，喝着咖啡，尽情地吃着巧克力蛋糕。

11 VERB 动词 **使爆满；使满座；使座无虚席** A play, film, or performer that **fills** a theatre, concert hall, or cinema attracts a very large audience.

Children are enthralled by his stories; he has been known to **fill** theatre halls in Australia.

孩子们为他的故事所着迷；众所周知他在澳大利亚总是场场爆满。

12 VERB 动词 **补(牙)** When a dentist **fills** someone's tooth, he or she puts a filling in it.

It is almost impossible to find a dentist who will **fill** a tooth on the National Health.

几乎不可能找到一位愿意接受国民医疗保健来补牙的医师。

13 VERB 动词 **(按订单)供货；(按药方)配药** If you **fill** an order or a prescription, you provide the things that are asked for.

A pharmacist can **fill** any prescription if, in his or her judgment, the prescription is valid.

只要药剂师认定处方有效就可按方配药。

14 PHRASE 短语 **受够；对...感到厌烦** If you **have had your fill of** something, you have had enough of it, and do not want to experience it any more or do it any more.

We feel that we have had our **fill of** disappointments and emotional upsets.

我们觉得已经受够了失望和情绪困扰。

15 to **fill the bill**→see: [bill](#) ;

16 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **填，填写(表格等)** If you **fill in** a form or other document requesting information, you write information in the spaces on it.

If you want your free copy of the Patients' Charter **fill in** this form in...

如果想要一份免费的《病人约章》，就把这张表填一下。

Fill in the coupon and send it first class to the address shown.

填写订单，并按一类邮件寄至注明的地址。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 fill out

17 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **涂满，填充(图形)** If you **fill in** a shape, you cover the area inside the lines with colour or shapes so that none of the background is showing.

When you have both **filled in** your patterns, you may want to share these with each other...

两人都把图案填好色后，不妨互相交换着看一下。

With a lip pencil, outline lips and **fill** them in.

用唇线笔勾出双唇的轮廓，然后涂上唇膏。

18 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **告诉...详情；向...详谈** If you **fill someone in**, you give them more details about something that you know about.

I didn't give Reid all the details yet — I'll **fill** him in...

我还没有告诉里德所有详情——我会讲给他听的。

He **filled** her in on Wilbur Kantor's visit.

他告诉她威尔伯·坎特此行的详细经过。

19 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **临时补缺；暂代** If you **fill in** for someone, you do the work or task that they normally do because they are unable to do it.

Vice-presidents' wives would **fill in** for first ladies.

副总统夫人将临时代替各位第一夫人。

20 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 See also: [fill](#) ; [消磨，打发\(时间\)](#) If you **are filling in** time, you are using time that is available by doing something that is not very important.

That's not a career. She's just **filling in** time until she gets married.

那算不上什么事业，她只不过是嫁人之前打发一下时间而已。

21 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **填，填写(表格等)** If you **fill out** a form or other document requesting information, you write information in the spaces on it.

Fill out the application carefully, and keep copies of it.

仔细填写申请表，并且保存副本。

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 fill in

22 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **(很瘦的人)发胖，长胖** If a fairly thin person **fills out**, they become fatter.

A girl may **fill out** before she reaches her full height.

女孩子在长足个头之前可能会发胖。

23 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **(使)吃饱；填饱(...的)肚子** If you **fill up** or **fill yourself up** with food, you eat so much that you do not feel hungry.

Fill up on potatoes, bread and pasta, which are high in carbohydrate and low in fat...

用碳水化合物含量高、脂肪含量低的土豆、面包和意大利面食填饱肚子。

When you are happy about yourself you won't need to **fill yourself up** with food.

一个人如果感觉舒心，就不必去胡吃海塞。

24 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 See also: [fill](#)

[1](#); [2](#); [6](#); **(食物)使易饱，使有饱胀感** A type of food that **fills you up** makes you feel that you have eaten a lot, even though you have only eaten a small amount.

Potatoes **fill us up** without overloading us with calories.

吃土豆容易让我们有一种饱胀感，又不会摄入过多的热量。

相关词组：

[fill in](#) [fill out](#) [fill up](#)

finally ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **终于；总算** You use **finally** to suggest that something happens after a long period of time, usually later than you wanted or expected it to happen.

The word was **finally** given for us to get on board...

终于通知我们登录了。

The food **finally** arrived at the end of last week and distribution began...

食品总算在上周末运到并开始分发。

Finally, after ten hours of negotiations, the gunman gave himself up.

经过 10 个小时的谈判，持枪歹徒终于投降了。

2 ADV 副词 **最后地；末尾地** You use **finally** to indicate that something is last in a series of actions or events.

The action slips from comedy to melodrama and **finally** to tragedy.

剧情从喜剧逐渐发展为情节剧，最后又演变为悲剧。

3 ADV 副词 **(用于引出观点等)最后，最后要说的** You use **finally** in speech or writing to introduce a final point, question, or topic.

Finally, who needs the theatre?...

最后要说的是，谁还需要剧院呢？

And **finally**, a word about the winner and runner-up.

最后，来谈一谈冠亚军。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **finally** and **eventually**. You say that something **finally** happens after you have been waiting for it or expecting it for a long time.

Finally usually comes at the beginning of a sentence or before a verb. *Finally I went to bed...*

The heat of the sun finally became too much for me. You can also use **finally** to show that something happens last in a series of events. *The sky turned red, then purple, and finally black.*

When something happens after a lot of delays or complications, you can say that it **eventually** happens. *Eventually they got to the hospital...* *I found Victoria Avenue eventually.*

You can also use **eventually** to talk about what happens at the end of a series of events, often as a result of them. *Eventually, they were forced to return to England.*

不要混淆 **finally** 和 **eventually**。 **finally** 指经过很长时间的等待或盼望后终于发生，通常用于句首或动词前： **Finally I went to bed** (我终于上床睡觉了), **The heat of the sun finally became too much for me** (我终于受不了太阳的炙烤了)。

finally 还可以表示一系列事件中最后发生的事情： **The sky turned red, then purple, and finally black** (天空变成了红色，然后是紫色，最后成了黑色)。

eventually 指某事几经延迟或波折后终于发生： **Eventually they got to the hospital** (他们最终来到了医院), **I found Victoria Avenue eventually** (我最终找到了维多利亚大街)。

eventually 还可表示一系列事件之后发生的事，常为这些事件的结果： **Eventually, they were forced to return to England** (最后他们被迫返回英格兰)。

finance ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **给...提供资金；资助** When someone **finances** something such as a project or a purchase, they provide the money that is needed to pay for them.

The fund has been used largely to **finance** the construction of federal prisons...

该基金大部分用于了资助联邦监狱的建造。

Government expenditure is **financed** by taxation and by borrowing.

政府开支依靠征税款和借贷来维持。

Finance is also a noun.

A United States delegation is in Japan seeking **finance** for a major scientific project.

一个美国代表团正在日本为一大型科研项目寻求资助。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **财政；金融** **Finance** is the commercial or government activity of managing money, debt, credit, and investment.

...a major player in the world of high **finance**...

高级金融界的大户

The report recommends an overhaul of public **finances**...

该报告建议对公共财政进行彻底改革。

A former Finance Minister and five senior civil servants are accused of fraud.

一名前财政大臣和五名高级公务员被指控诈骗。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **财力；财务状况(或管理)** You can refer to the amount of money that you have and how well it is organized as your **finances**.

Be prepared for unexpected news concerning your **finances**...

对财务上的意外状况要做到有备无患。

In general, women manage the day-to-day **finances** but leave most longer-term decisions to men...

通常，妇女管理日常财务，而把大多数较长期的决策交给男人。

Finance is usually the biggest problem for students.

经济问题通常是学生最大的问题。

finger ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [light-fingered](#); **(除拇指以外的)手指** Your **fingers** are the four long thin parts at the end of each hand.

She suddenly held up a small, bony **finger** and pointed across the room...

她突然伸出一根瘦小的手指，指向屋子的另一头。

She ran her **fingers** through her hair...

她用手指捋了捋头发。

There was a ring on each of his **fingers**.

他每个手指上都戴着枚戒指。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(手套的)手指部分** The **fingers** of a glove are the parts that a person's fingers fit into.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [fish finger](#); **指状物；狭长物** A **finger** of something such as smoke or land is an amount of it that is shaped rather like a finger.

...a thin **finger** of land that separates Pakistan from the former Soviet Union...

分隔巴基斯坦和苏联的一块狭长地带

Cover the base with a single layer of sponge **fingers**.

底部垫上一层海绵条。

4 VERB 动词 **用手指触碰；拨弄；抚摸** If you **finger** something, you touch or feel it with your fingers.

He **fingered** the few coins in his pocket...

他拨弄着口袋里几枚硬币。

Self-consciously she **fingered** the emeralds at her throat.

她局促不安地摸抚着脖子上的绿宝石。

5 VERB 动词 (通常指向警方)告发, 揭发 If you **finger** a person or organization, you tell someone, usually the police, that the person or organization has done something illegal or wrong.

Police and prosecutors manipulated the eyewitnesses so they would **finger** Aldo...

警方和检察官操纵目击证人指证奥尔多。

People who have **fingered** crack houses and **fingered** drug dealers have been assassinated.

那些告发可卡因毒窟和毒品贩子的人遭到了暗杀。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 一指之宽(指表示容量的杯中酒的深度) A **finger** of a strong alcoholic drink is an amount of it which, when it is in a glass, is the same size as the width of a person's finger.

I poured two final **fingers** of bourbon into my glass.

我把最后两指宽的波旁威士忌都倒进自己杯中。

7 PHRASE 短语 (因自己的失败或错误而)吃苦头 If you get your **fingers burned** or **burn your fingers**, you suffer because something you did or were involved in was a failure or a mistake.

He has had his **fingers burnt** by deals that turned out badly...

几笔糟糕的生意让他吃了苦头。

Mr Walesa **burned his fingers** by promising he would give every Pole 100m zlotys to start a business.

瓦文萨先生因为承诺给每个波兰人1亿兹罗提创办企业而尝到了苦果。

8 PHRASE 短语 (把食指与中指交叉以)祈求好运 If you **cross your fingers**, you put one finger on top of another and hope for good luck. If you say that someone is **keeping their fingers crossed**, you mean they are hoping for good luck.

He **crossed his fingers**, asking for luck for the first time in his life...

他交叉手指, 生平第一次祈求好运。

I'm **keeping my fingers crossed** that they turn up soon.

我在心里祈求他们赶快露面。

9 PHRASE 短语 动...一根毫毛; 碰...一下 If you say that someone did not **lay a finger on** a particular person or thing, you are emphasizing that they did not touch or harm them at all.

I must make it clear I never **laid a finger on** her.

我得说清楚, 我可没有动过她一根毫毛。

10 PHRASE 短语 尽举手之劳; 帮一点忙 If you say that a person does not **lift a finger** or **raise a finger** to do something, especially to help someone, you are critical of them because they do nothing.

She never **lifted a finger** around the house...

家里的活儿她从来一点忙都不帮。

They will not **lift a finger** to help their country.

他们不愿为自己的国家出一点儿力。

11 PHRASE 短语 到处插手; 四处干预 If you say that someone has a **finger in every pie**, you mean they are involved in a lot of things.

He very much likes to have a **finger in every pie**...

他很喜欢什么事都插上一杠。

He's a man with **fingers** in a lot of pies.

他这个人总是到处管闲事。

12 PHRASE 短语 指责; 指控 If you **point the finger at** someone or **point an accusing finger at** someone, you blame them or accuse them of doing wrong.

He said he wasn't **pointing an accusing finger** at anyone in the government or the army.

他说他并不是在指责政府或军方的任何人。

13 PHRASE 短语 将怀疑(或指责)的矛头指向... To **point the finger of suspicion** or **blame** at someone means to make people suspect them of doing wrong or blame them for doing wrong.

Forensic evidence **points the finger of suspicion** firmly at him.

法医的证据将怀疑的矛头明确地指向了他。

14 PHRASE 短语 (粗鲁地叫别人)赶紧(或努力)干起来 If you tell someone to **pull their finger out** or to **get their finger out**, you are telling them rudely that you want them to start doing some work or making an effort.

Isn't it about time that you **pulled your finger out**?

现在到了你该赶紧动起来的时候了么?

15 PHRASE 短语 弄清, 指出, 确认(原因、问题等) If you **put your finger on** something, for example a reason or problem, you see and identify exactly what it is.

Midge couldn't quite **put her finger on** the reason...

米吉还不能十分确定原因何在。

He could never quite **put his finger on** who or what was responsible for all this.

他一直就搞不清楚是谁或者什么造成了这一切。

16 PHRASE 短语 从...手中溜走; 为...所错失 If someone or something **slips through your fingers**, you just fail to catch them, get them, or keep them.

Money has **slipped through his fingers** all his life...

他这一辈子都没能抓住金钱。

You mustn't allow a golden opportunity to **slip through your fingers** or you will regret it later.

千万别错失良机, 否则日后追悔莫及。

17 to have green fingers→see: [green](#) ;

18 finger on the pulse→see: [pulse](#) ;

finish ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 结束; 做毕 When you **finish** doing or dealing with something, you do or deal with the last part of it, so that there is no more for you to do or deal with.

As soon as he'd **finished** eating, he excused himself...

他一吃完就告辞离开了。

Mr Gould was given a standing ovation and loud cheers when he **finished** his speech...

古尔德先生结束演讲后, 全场起立鼓掌并热烈欢呼。

I've practically **finished** the ironing.

我差不多已经熨完了。

Finish up means the same as **finish**. [finish up](#)同 [finish](#)
We waited a few minutes outside his office while he **finished up** his meeting.

我们在他办公室外等他结束会议等了几分钟。

2 VERB 动词 完成; 做成 When you **finish** something that you are making or producing, you reach the end of making or producing it, so that it is complete.

The consultants had been working to **finish** a report this week.

顾问们一直在为要于本周内完成一份报告而工作。

Finish off and, in American English, **finish up** mean the same as **finish**. [finish off](#)和 [finish up](#)(美国英语)同 [finish](#)
Now she is busy **finishing off** a biography of Queen Caroline.

现在她正忙着完成卡罗琳王后的传记。

...the amount of stuff required to **finish up** a movie.

拍摄完一部影片所需要的大量东西

3 VERB 动词 (尤指在预定时间)结束, 终结 When something such as a course, film, or sale **finishes**, especially at a planned time, it ends.

The teaching day **finishes** at around 4pm...

一天的教学在下午4点左右结束。

When a play **finishes** its run, many of the costumes are hired out to amateur dramatics companies and schools.

一部戏剧连演结束后, 很多服装都会租借给业余剧团和学校。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (以某种方式)(使)结束 You say that someone or something **finishes** a period of time or an event in a particular way to indicate what the final situation was like. You can also say that a period of time or an event **finishes** in a particular way.

The two of them **finished** by kissing each other goodbye...

他们两人最后互相吻别。

The evening **finished** with the welcoming of three new members...

晚会的最后是欢迎3个新成员。

A buggy ferries you down to the main restaurant to **finish** the evening with a dance on the beach...

一辆轻便马车将把你送到主餐厅, 以沙滩上的一支舞结束这个晚上。

The American dollar **finished** the day up against foreign currencies...

美元汇率今日收盘时有所上涨。

The last track **finishes** this compilation beautifully.

整张选辑在最后一曲优美的旋律中结束。

5 VERB 动词 **获得名次** If someone **finishes** second, for example, in a race or competition, they are in second place at the end of the race or competition.

He **finished** second in the championship four years in a row.

他连续4年获得锦标赛亚军。

6 VERB 动词 **说完；讲完** To **finish** means to reach the end of saying something.

Her eyes flashed, but he held up a hand. 'Let me **finish**.'

她眼光一闪，但他举起一只手说：“让我把话讲完。”

7 N-SING 单数名词 **结束；最后部分** The **finish** of something is the end of it or the last part of it.

I intend to continue it and see the job through to the **finish**...

我打算继续下去，直到工作彻底完成。

From start to **finish** he believed in me, often more than I did myself.

他自始至终都相信我，而且时常超过我对自己的信任。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(比赛的)终结，最后阶段** The **finish** of a race is the end of it.

Win a trip to see the **finish** of the Tour de France!...

赢得观看环法自行车赛最后阶段比赛之旅！

The replays of the close **finish** showed Ottey **finished** ahead of the Olympic champion.

对难分先后的冲线镜头的回放显示奥特蒂先于奥运冠军到达终点。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [finished](#) ; **抛光；成品表面** If the surface of something that has been made has a particular kind of **finish**, it has the appearance or texture mentioned.

The **finish** and workmanship of the woodwork was excellent.

这件木工品的抛光和做工均属上乘。

10 PHRASE 短语 **生死决战；誓死之战** A **fight to the finish** is one in which one of the people or groups fighting is killed or completely defeated.

The conflict in the North and East of the island was a **fight to the finish**.

该岛北部和东部的冲突是一场你死我活的斗争。

11 PHRASE 短语 **最后润色；最后修饰** If you add the **finishing touches** to something, you add or do the last things that are necessary to complete it.

Right up until the last minute, workers were still putting the **finishing touches** on the pavilions...

直到最后一刻，工人们仍在对展馆进行最后的修饰。

The only **finishing touch** most of these puddings need is a custard sauce.

这些布丁大部分只需要用蛋奶沙司最后点缀一下。

12 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **吃光；喝光** If you **finish off** something that you have been eating or drinking, you eat or drink the last part of it with the result that there is none left.

Kelly **finished off** his coffee...

凯利喝光了他的咖啡。

He took the bottle from her hands and **finished it off** in one long swallow.

他从她手里夺过瓶子，一饮而尽。

13 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **杀死(已受严重伤害的人)；毁灭(已遭严重损坏的物)** If someone **finishes off** a person or thing that is already badly injured or damaged, they kill or destroy them. →see: [finish](#) **2** ;

They meant to **finish** her off, swiftly and without mercy.

他们打算毫不留情地迅速结束了她。

14 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **最后(处于某地或某种情形)** If you **finish up** in a particular place or situation, you are in that place or situation after doing or experiencing several things.

They had met by chance at university and **finished up** getting married...

他们在大学偶遇，最后结了婚。

He's probably going to **finish up** in jail for business fraud.

他最后很可能会因为商业诈骗而入狱。

15 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 See also: [finish](#) **1** ; **2** ; **吃光；喝完** If you **finish up** something that you have been eating or drinking, you eat or drink the last part of it.

Finish up your drinks now, please.

请现在喝完。

16 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **与...断绝关系；对...不再感兴趣；同...不再打交道** If you **finish with** someone or something, you stop dealing with them, being involved with them, or being interested in them.

My boyfriend was threatening to **finish with** me...

男友威胁说要和我分手。

Have you **finished with** me? Luke asked, when he had listened to Armstrong's report of his evidence.

“你已经都问完我了吗？”卢克听完阿姆斯特朗向自己重述的证词后问道。

相关词组：

[finish off](#) [finish up](#) [finish with](#)

fish ★★★★★

The form fish is usually used for the plural, but fishes can also be used. 复数形式通常用 fish,也可用 fishes.

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **鱼** A **fish** is a creature that lives in water and has a tail and fins. There are many different kinds of fish.

I was chatting to an islander who had just caught a **fish**...

我正在跟一个刚刚抓到一条鱼的岛民聊天。

The **fish** were counted and an average weight recorded.

数了数鱼的数量，并把平均重量记录了下来。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(吃的)鱼，鱼肉** **Fish** is the flesh of a fish eaten as food.

Does dry white wine go best with **fish**?

吃鱼时喝干白葡萄酒是最佳选择吗？

3 VERB 动词 **垂钓；钓鱼；捕鱼** If you **fish**, you try to catch fish, either for food or as a form of sport or recreation.

Brian remembers learning to **fish** in the River Cam.

布赖恩记得曾在剑河学过钓鱼。

4 VERB 动词 **在...垂钓(或钓鱼、捕鱼)** If you **fish** a particular area of water, you try to catch fish in it.

On Saturday we **fished** the River Arno.

周六我们在阿尔诺河钓鱼。

5 VERB 动词 See also: [fishing](#) ; **旁敲侧击地打听；拐弯抹角地谋取** If you say that someone is **fishing for** information or praise, you disapprove of the fact that they are trying to get it from someone in an indirect way.

He didn't want to create the impression that he was **fishing** for information...

他不想让人觉得自己在套话。

She may be **fishing** for a compliment and welcome your reassurance...

她也许是在拐弯抹角地想获得称赞，希望得到你的肯定。

'Lucinda, you don't have to talk to him!' Mike shouted. 'He's just **fishing**.'

“露辛达，你没必要跟他说话”迈克叫道，“他不过是在打探消息。”

6 PHRASE 短语 **如离水之鱼(指因离开熟悉的环境而感到不适)** If you feel like a **fish out of water**, you do not feel comfortable or relaxed because you are in an unusual or unfamiliar situation.

I think he thought of himself as a country gentleman and was like a **fish out of water** in Birmingham.

我想他认为自己是一名乡绅，在伯明翰就如离水之鱼一般浑身不自在。

7 PHRASE 短语 **海里的鱼有的是；天涯何处无芳草** If you tell someone that **there are plenty more fish in the sea**, you are comforting them by saying that although their relationship with someone has failed, there are many other people they can have relationships with.

8 PHRASAL VERB 短语动词 **(从...中)取出，拿出，拖出** If you **fish** something **out** from somewhere, you take or pull it out, often after searching for it for some time.

Kelly **fished out** another beer from his cooler...

凯莉从他的冷藏箱里又拿出一瓶啤酒。

She **fished** out a pair of David's socks for her cold feet.

她找出一双戴维的袜子穿在了冰冷的脚上。

相关词组：

[fish out](#)

flat ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (一间)公寓；(一套)单元房 A flat is a set of rooms for living in, usually on one floor and part of a larger building. A flat usually includes a kitchen and bathroom.

Sara lives with her husband and children in a flat in central London...

萨拉和丈夫还有孩子们住在伦敦中心城区的一间公寓里。

It started a fire in a block of flats...

大火是从一幢公寓大楼烧起的。

Later on, Victor from flat 10 called.

后来，10号公寓的维克托打来电话。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 apartment

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 平的；平展的；平滑的 Something that is flat is level, smooth, or even, rather than sloping, curved, or uneven.

Tiles can be fixed to any surface as long as it's flat, firm and dry...

只要表面平整、坚固而且干燥，瓷砖就可以贴住。

After a moment his right hand moved across the cloth, smoothing it flat...

过了一会儿，他用右手把布抹平。

...windows which a thief can reach from a drainpipe or flat roof...

小偷从排水管或平屋顶上就可够到的窗户

The sea was calm, perfectly flat.

海面风平浪静，没有一丝波澜。

3 ADJ 形容词 水平的；非竖直的 Flat means horizontal and not upright.

Two men near him threw themselves flat...

他身旁的两个男人直挺挺地倒在地上。

As heartburn is usually worse when you're lying down in bed, you should avoid lying flat.

通常躺着的时候胃灼热会更加厉害，所以应当避免平卧。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 浅的；不深的；矮的；扁的 A flat object is not very tall or deep in relation to its length and width.

Ellen is walking down the drive with a square flat box balanced on one hand.

埃伦正一手托着一个方形的扁盒子沿私人车道走着。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (地势)平的，平坦的，无起伏的 Flat land is level, with no high hills or other raised parts.

To the north lie the flat and fertile farmlands of the Solway plain...

北边是索尔韦平原平坦而肥沃的农田。

The landscape became wider, flatter and very scenic...

地势变得更开阔、更平整，风景十分优美。

The highway stretched out flat and straight ahead.

公路平坦而笔直地向前延伸。

flatness

Notice the flatness and the rich, red earth.

注意那平坦的地势和肥沃的红土地。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 平地；(尤指)低洼地，浅滩 A low flat area of uncultivated land, especially an area where the ground is soft and wet, can be referred to as flats or a flat.

The salt marshes and mud flats attract large numbers of waterfowl.

盐碱地和泥滩吸引了大量水鸟。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 平面；平坦部分 You can refer to one of the broad flat surfaces of an object as the flat of that object.

He slammed the counter with the flat of his hand.

他用手掌使劲拍打着柜台。

...eight cloves of garlic crushed with the flat of a knife.

用刀面拍碎的8粒蒜瓣

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (鞋)平跟的，平底的 Flat shoes have no heels or very low heels.

People wear slacks, sweaters, flat shoes, and all manner of casual attire for travel.

人们穿着宽松的长裤、运动衫、平底鞋和各式适合旅行的休闲服装。

Flats are flat shoes. 平跟鞋；平底鞋

His mother looked ten years younger in jeans and flats.

他妈妈穿上牛仔裤和平跟鞋，看上去年轻了10岁。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (轮胎、球、气球等)瘪的，没气的 A flat tyre, ball, or balloon does not have enough air in it.

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 瘪了的轮胎 A flat is a tyre that does not have enough air in it.

Then, after I finally got back on the highway, I developed a flat.

后来，我终于回到公路上后，车胎又瘪了。

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (饮料)无泡的，走了气的 A drink that is flat is no longer fizzy.

Could this really stop the champagne from going flat?

这真的能让香槟不走气吗？

12 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (电池)没电的，电耗光的，电不足的 A flat battery has lost some or all of its electrical charge.

His car alarm had been going off for two days and, as a result, the battery was flat.

他的汽车报警器连着响了两天，结果电池耗没电了。

in AM, use 美国英语用 dead

13 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (脚)平足的 If you have flat feet, the arches of your feet are too low.

The condition of flat feet runs in families.

平足会在家族中遗传。

14 ADJ 形容词 (拒绝或否认)断然的，坚决的 A flat denial or refusal is definite and firm, and is unlikely to be changed.

The Foreign Ministry has issued a flat denial of any involvement...

外交部已经坚决否认参与过此事。

She is likely to give you a flat refusal.

她很可能会断然拒绝你。

flatly

Michael flatly denied virtually every rumour...

迈克尔几乎对每个传闻都坚决否认。

He flatly refused to discuss it...

他断然拒绝讨论此事。

I could use some money, Sarah told him flatly.

萨拉态度坚决地告诉他，我可以借一部分钱。

15 ADJ 形容词 飞速的；短短的 If you say that something happened, for example, in ten seconds flat or ten minutes flat, you are emphasizing that it happened surprisingly quickly and only took ten seconds or ten minutes.

You're sitting behind an engine that'll move you from 0 to 60mph in six seconds flat...

您面前的引擎，可以在短短6秒钟内速度从0提升至每小时60英里。

I had it all explained to me in two minutes flat.

短短两分钟内，我让人把一切都给我解释了一下。

16 ADJ 形容词 (比率、价格或百分比)固定的，统一的 A flat rate, price, or percentage is one that is fixed and which applies in every situation.

Fees are charged at a flat rate, rather than on a percentage basis...

费用按固定价格收取，而不是基于百分比收取。

Sometimes there's a flat fee for carrying out a particular task...

有时执行某项特定的任务有固定的价码。

Medicare is preparing to cut all payments by a flat 2%.

国家医疗保健体系正准备对所有收费都统一减少2%。

17 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (贸易或商业)停滞的，不景气的 If trade or business is flat, it is slow and inactive, rather than busy and improving or increasing.

During the first eight months of this year, sales of big pickups were up 14% while car sales stayed flat...

今年前8个月，大型货车的销售量增加了14%，而小轿车的销售仍然不景气。

For the country overall, house prices have remained **flat**.

从全国来说，房屋价格没有多大变化。

18 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **枯燥的；无趣的；乏味的** If you describe something as **flat**, you mean that it is dull and not exciting or interesting.

The past few days have seemed comparatively **flat** and empty...

过去这几天似乎比较平淡无聊。

It is a long time since a party leader delivered such a dreadfully **flat** speech as he did yesterday.

很久没有政党领导人像他昨天那样作如此枯燥无聊的演讲了。

flatness

Kenworthy detected a certain **flatness** in the days that followed.

肯沃西在接下来的几天中感到有些平淡无趣。

19 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(嗓音)平淡的，单调的** You use **flat** to describe someone's voice when they are saying something without expressing any emotion.

'Whatever you say,' he said in a deadly **flat** voice. 'I'll sit here and wait.'...

“不管你说什么，我都会坐在这里等。”他用一种极为平淡的声音说道。

Her voice was **flat**, with no question or hope in it.

她的声音平淡，听不出疑虑也感觉不到希望。

flatly

'I know you,' he said **flatly**, matter-of-fact, neutral in tone.

“我认识你。”他平淡地说道，就事论事，不带任何感情。

20 ADJ 形容词 **(用于表示音符的字母后)降半音的，降音的** Flat is used after a letter representing a musical note to show that the note should be played or sung half a tone lower than the note which otherwise matches that letter. Flat is often represented by the symbol after the letter.

...Schubert's B **flat** Piano Trio (Opus 99).

舒伯特降 B 调钢琴三重奏(第 99 号作品)

21 ADV-GRADED 副词 **(演唱或乐器)比标准音低的，音偏低的** If someone sings **flat** or if a musical instrument is **flat**, their singing or the instrument is slightly lower in pitch than it should be.

Her vocal range was, to say the least of it, limited, and she had a distressing tendency to sing **flat**.

至少可以说，她的音域不够宽，而且令人不舒服的是，她总是音高偏低。

Flat is also an adjective.

He had been fired because his singing was **flat**.

他因为唱歌音调偏低而被炒了。

22 PHRASE 短语 **非常平坦的；完全平展的** If you say that something is **as flat as a pancake**, you are emphasizing that it is completely flat.

My home state of Illinois is **flat as a pancake**...

我的故乡伊利诺伊州一马平川。

23 PHRASE 短语 **摔倒；跌倒** If you **fall flat** on your face, you fall over.

A man walked in off the street and fell **flat** on his face, unconscious.

一个男人从街上走进来，趴倒在地，不省人事。

24 PHRASE 短语 **失败；不成功** If an event or attempt **falls flat** or **falls flat on its face**, it is unsuccessful.

Liz meant it as a joke but it fell **flat**...

利兹本想开个玩笑，结果却没有达到效果。

If it wasn't for the main actress, Ellen Barkin, the plot would have fallen **flat** on its face.

如果不是女主角埃伦·巴尔金的话，整个情节会非常失败。

25 PHRASE 短语 **一文不名；身无分文；一贫如洗** If you say that you are **flat broke**, you mean that you have no money at all.

Two years later he is **flat broke** and on the dole.

两年后，他一贫如洗，靠失业救济金生活。

26 PHRASE 短语 **全速；全力以赴；竭尽全力** If you do something **flat out**, you do it as fast or as hard as you can.

Everyone is working **flat out** to try to trap those responsible...

每个人都在全力以赴，设法捉住那些罪魁祸首。

They hurtled across the line in a **flat-out** sprint.

他们拼命冲刺，越过终点线。

27 PHRASE 短语 **完完全全的；确确实实的** You use **flat out** to emphasize that something is completely the case.

That allegation is a **flat-out** lie...

那项指控是彻头彻尾的谎言。

They say the industry is **flat out** lying about the effects of deregulation.

他们说业界所谓的放宽管制已经取得了成效的说法纯属谎言。

28 PHRASE 短语 **在平地上** **On the flat** means on level ground.

He had angina and was unable to walk for more than 200 yards on the **flat**.

他患有心绞痛，在平地上最多能走 200 码。

29 **in a flat spin** → see: [spin](#) ;

flight ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **飞行；航行** A **flight** is a journey made by flying, usually in an aeroplane.

The **flight** will take four hours.

这次航行要飞 4 个小时。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **航班；客机** You can refer to an aeroplane carrying passengers on a particular journey as a particular **flight**.

I'll try to get on the **flight** down to Karachi tonight...

我尽量赶上今晚去卡拉奇的航班。

BA **flight** 286 was two hours late.

英国航空公司 286 次航班晚点两个小时。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **飞行；飞行能力** **Flight** is the action of flying, or the ability to fly.

These hawks are magnificent in **flight**, soaring and circling for long periods...

这些鹰飞行能力极其出色，可以长时间在空中翱翔和盘旋。

Supersonic **flight** could become a routine form of travel in the 21st century.

搭乘超音速飞机会成为 21 世纪常规的旅行方式。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **鸟群** A **flight** of birds is a group of them flying together.

A **flight** of green parrots shot out of the cedar forest.

一群绿鹦鹉从杉木林里疾速飞出。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **逃避；躲开** **Flight** is the act of running away from a dangerous or unpleasant situation or place.

Frank was in full **flight** when he reached them...

弗兰克正在拼命奔逃，这时他联系到了他们。

The family was often in **flight**, hiding out in friends' houses.

这一家人常常东躲西藏，在朋友家里避风头。

...her hurried **flight** from the palace in a cart.

她坐着马车匆匆逃离王宫

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一段(台阶或楼梯)** A **flight** of steps or stairs is a set of steps or stairs that lead from one level to another without changing direction.

We walked in silence up a **flight** of stairs and down a long corridor.

我们默默地走上一段楼梯，穿过一个长长的走廊。

7 PHRASE 短语 **想入非非；异想天开** An idea or statement that is very imaginative but complicated, silly, or impractical can be referred to as a **flight of fancy**.

Cockburn engaged in a **flight** of fancy, never once allowing facts to get in the way.

科伯恩一直在想入非非，从不曾考虑现实状况。

8 PHRASE 短语 **逃走；逃离；逃避** If someone **takes flight**, they run away from an unpleasant situation or place.

He was told of the raid and decided to take **flight** immediately.

他得知要突击搜查，决定立刻逃走。

floor ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **地面；地板** The **floor** of a room is the part of it that you walk on.

Jack's sitting on the **floor** watching TV...

杰克正坐在地板上看电视。

We painted the wooden **floor** with a white stain.

我们把木地板刷成了白色。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **层；楼层** A **floor** of a building is all the rooms that are on a particular

level.

It is on the fifth **floor** of the hospital...

它位于医院的5层。

They occupied the first two **floors** of the tower.

他们占用了塔楼的头两层。

Usage Note :

In British English, the **ground floor** of a building is the floor which is level with the ground. The floor on the next level is called the **first floor**. In American English, the **first floor** is the floor which is level with the ground and the next floor up is the **second floor**.

英国英语中，ground floor 指“底层；一层”，first floor 指“底层上面的一层，即二层”。美国英语中，first floor 指“底层；一层”，second floor 指“底层上面的一层，即二层”。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (海洋、山谷的)底部 The ocean **floor** is the ground at the bottom of an ocean. The valley **floor** is the ground at the bottom of a valley.

They spend hours feeding on the ocean **floor**.

它们花好几个小时在海底进食。

...a two-hour climb from the valley **floor**.

从谷底向上攀登两个小时

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 议事厅；(尤指)议员席 The place where official debates and discussions are held, especially between members of parliament, is referred to as the **floor**.

The issues were debated on the **floor** of the House.

这些问题在议院的议员席进行了讨论。

5 N-SING-COLL 单数集合名词 (辩论或讨论的)听众席 In a debate or discussion, the **floor** is the people who are listening to the arguments being put forward but who are not among the main speakers.

The president is taking questions from the **floor**.

总统正接受来自听众席的提问。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (证券)交易大厅，交易所 The **floor** of a stock exchange is the large open area where trading is done.

...the dealing **floor** at Standard Chartered Bank.

渣打银行的交易大厅

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 舞池 The **floor** in a place such as a club or disco is the area where people dance.

8 VERB 动词 使困惑；使不知所措 If you are **floored** by something, you are unable to respond to it because you are so surprised by it.

He was **floored** by the announcement...

这个通告使他不知所措。

He seemed **floored** by a string of scandals.

他似乎被一连串的丑闻搞得茫然失措。

9 VERB 动词 See also: [floored](#) ; [flooring](#) ; [dance floor](#) ; [first floor](#) ; [ground floor](#) ; [shop floor](#) ; (尤指在拳击比赛中)打倒，击倒 If someone is **floored**, especially in boxing, they are hit so hard that they fall over.

He was **floored** twice in the second round.

在第二轮中他两次被打倒在地。

10 PHRASE 短语 (在辩论或讨论中)发言/给予...发言权 If you **take the floor**, you start speaking in a debate or discussion. If you are **given the floor**, you are allowed to do this.

Ministers took the **floor** to denounce the decision to suspend constitutional rule...

几位部长发言谴责暂停宪制的决定。

Only members would be given the **floor**.

只有会员才拥有发言权。

11 PHRASE 短语 起舞；开始跳舞 If you **take to the floor**, you start dancing at a dance or disco.

The happy couple and their respective parents took to the **floor**.

这对幸福的新人和他们各自的父母在舞池中翩翩起舞。

12 PHRASE 短语 (价格或销售)突然下滑，陡降 If you say that prices or sales have fallen **through the floor**, you mean that they have suddenly decreased.

Property prices have dropped through the **floor**...

房地产价格骤降。

Last year, sales went through the **floor**.

去年，销售突然下滑。

13 PHRASE 短语 See also: [factory floor](#) ; 彻底击败；完全打败 If you **wipe the floor** with someone, you defeat them completely in a competition or discussion.

He could wipe the **floor** with the Prime Minister.

他能彻底击败首相。

flow ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 流动；流向 If a liquid, gas, or electrical current **flows** somewhere, it moves there steadily and continuously.

A stream **flowed** gently down into the valley...

一条小溪潺潺流进山谷。

The current **flows** into electric motors that drive the wheels.

电流流向电机，电机带动轮子转动。

...compressor stations that keep the gas **flowing**.

使天然气保持流动的压缩气站

Flow is also a noun.

It works only in the veins, where the blood **flow** is slower.

它只在静脉里起作用，在静脉中血液流动更慢一些。

2 VERB 动词 (人群或事物)流动，持续移动 If a number of people or things **flow** from one place to another, they move there steadily in large groups, usually without stopping.

Large numbers of refugees continue to **flow** from the troubled region into the no-man's land...

大批难民不断从骚乱地区涌入无人地带。

Troops would patrol major roads to ensure that traffic **flows** freely throughout the country.

军队将在主要道路巡逻以确保全国的交通通畅。

Flow is also a noun.

She watched the frantic **flow** of cars and buses along the street...

她注视着街上小汽车和巴士汇成的滚滚车流。

It would monitor traffic **flows** and provide feedback to motorists.

它能监控交通状况，然后给司机提供反馈信息。

3 VERB 动词 See also: [cash flow](#) ; (信息)传播，流传；(资金)流通 If information or money **flows** somewhere, it moves freely between people or organizations.

A lot of this information **flowed** through other police departments...

大量此类信息在警察机关其他部门中流传。

An interest rate reduction is needed to get more money **flowing** and create jobs.

需要下调利率来推动资金流动以及创造就业机会。

Flow is also a noun.

...the opportunity to control the **flow** of information.

控制信息传播的时机

4 VERB 动词 (感情)充满，洋溢 If an emotion **flows** through someone, they feel it very intensely, often so that other people notice it.

In that moment a surge of hatred **flowed** through my blood...

那一刻，一股仇恨在我的血液中翻涌。

Waves of emotion **flowed** across his huge face.

他那张大脸上一时间表情千变万化。

5 VERB 动词 源自；由...引起 If a quality or situation **flows from** something, it comes from it or results naturally from it.

Undesirable consequences **flow** from these misconceptions.

这些误解造成了不良的影响。

...the psychological effects that can **flow** from childhood experiences of sexual abuse.

可能由于儿时受到性侵犯而产生的心理影响

6 VERB 动词 (话语)流畅，流利 If someone's words **flow**, they are spoken smoothly and continuously.

His words **flowed** more readily.

他说得更加流利了。

7 VERB 动词 (头发或衣服)垂下，飘拂 If someone's hair or clothing **flows** about them, it hangs freely and loosely.

...a long white dress which **flowed** over her body.

她身上穿的一条飘逸的白色长裙

...long black **flowing** hair.

飘逸的黑色长发

8 VERB 动词 充满；满足；到处是 If you say that something **flows** or that a place **flows** with it, you

...the indicating that there is a great deal of that thing in the place.

The wine **flowed** and we danced the night away...

我们喝了很多酒，跳了一个晚上的舞。

The square was packed, and the cobbled streets **flowed** with coloured petals.

广场上挤满了人，鹅卵石铺就的街道上满是五颜六色的花朵。

9 PHRASE 短语 **滔滔不绝；口若悬河** Someone who is **in full flow** is talking easily and continuously and seems likely to go on talking for some time.

He had been replying for some 40 minutes already and was still **in full flow**.

他已经就就此问题回答了40分钟左右，仍然不见有停下来的意思。

10 PHRASE 短语 **(活动)如火如荼地进行；(人)全力以赴，充满激情** If you say that an activity, or the person who is performing the activity, is **in full flow**, you mean that the activity has started and is being carried out with a great deal of energy and enthusiasm.

Lunch at Harry's Bar was **in full flow** when Irene made a splendid entrance...

当艾琳光彩照人地出现在门口时，哈里酒吧的午餐会正是热闹非凡。

The Everton keeper needed all his courage to thwart a charging Vinny Jones **in full flow**.

埃弗顿的守门员需要鼓足全部勇气才有可能抵挡住状态正佳的维尼·琼斯的冲锋射门。

11 PHRASE 短语 **随波逐流；随大流** If you go **with the flow**, you let things happen or let other people tell you what to do, rather than trying to control what happens yourself.

There's nothing I can do about the problem, so I might as well go **with the flow**.

关于这个问题我无能为力，所以我不如就顺其自然好了。

flower ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **花朵；鲜花** A **flower** is the part of a plant which is often brightly coloured, grows at the end of a stem, and only survives for a short time.

Each individual **flower** is tiny.

每一朵花都很小。

...large, purplish-blue **flowers**.

紫蓝色的大花朵

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(已摘的)带梗的花** A **flower** is a stem of a plant that has one or more flowers on it and has been picked, usually with others, for example to give as a present or to put in a vase.

...a bunch of **flowers** sent by a new admirer.

又一个仰慕者送来的一束鲜花

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **花卉；开花植物** **Flowers** are small plants that are grown for their flowers as opposed to trees, shrubs, and vegetables.

...a lawned area surrounded by plants and **flowers**...

周围种着植物和花卉的草地

The **flower** garden will be ablaze with colour every day.

花园每天都将开满各色鲜花。

4 VERB 动词 **开花；盛开** When a plant or tree **flowers**, its flowers appear and open.

Several of these rhododendrons will **flower** this year for the first time.

这些杜鹃花有些将在今年首度开花。

5 VERB 动词 **繁荣；成熟；发展** When something **flowers**, for example a political movement or a relationship, it gets stronger and more successful.

Their relationship **flowered**.

他们的关系最终开花结果了。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **精华；精英；最好的部分** A person or thing that is described as **the flower** of something is the best part or example of it.

Those killed have been described as **the flower** of Polish manhood.

那些牺牲者被称为波兰男子中的精英。

7 PHRASE 短语 See also: [flowered](#)； **开花；花朵绽放** When a plant is **in flower** or when it has come **into flower**, its flowers have appeared and opened.

Some of the daffodils are still **in flower**...

有些水仙花仍在开放。

As one plant fades, another comes **into flower**.

一株植物凋谢了，另一株又会盛开。

focus ★★★★★☆

The spellings focusses, focussing, focussed are also used. The plural of the noun can be either foci or focuses. 亦拼作 focusses, focussing, focussed. 复数形式可以是 foci 或者 focuses.

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **集中(注意力)；关注** If you **focus** on a particular topic or if your attention is **focused** on it, you concentrate on it and think about it, discuss it, or deal with it, rather than dealing with other topics.

The research effort has **focused** on tracing the effects of growing levels of five compounds...

研究重点追踪了5种化合物含量上升的影响。

He is currently **focusing** on assessment and development...

他目前在关注评估和发展。

Today he was able to **focus** his message exclusively on the economy...

今天他得以将主题全部集中在经济方面。

Many of the papers **focus** their attention on the controversy surrounding the Foreign Secretary.

许多报纸都把关注的焦点放到围绕外交部长出现的争议上。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **主题；重点；焦点** **The focus** of something is the main topic or main thing that it is concerned with.

The UN's role in promoting peace is increasingly the **focus** of international attention...

联合国在促进和平方面的作用越来越受到国际社会的关注。

The new system is the **focus** of controversy...

这个新体制是争议的焦点。

Her children are the main **focus** of her life.

孩子们是她生活的重心。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **关注；注意** Your **focus** on something is the special attention that you pay it.

He said his sudden **focus** on foreign policy was not motivated by presidential politics...

他说他突然关注外交政策并非受总统政治的驱使。

The report's **focus** is on how technology affects human life rather than business...

这个报告关注的是技术如何影响人类生活而非商业活动。

IBM has also shifted its **focus** from mainframes to personal computers.

IBM公司也把重心从特大型机转向了个人电脑。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **目的；意图；含义** If you say that something has a **focus**, you mean that you can see a purpose in it.

Somehow, though, their latest album has a **focus** that the others have lacked...

但是，他们的最新专辑设法找到了其他专辑所欠缺的一种目的性。

Suddenly all of the bizarre and seemingly isolated examples took on a meaningful **focus**.

突然之间，所有那些怪异且看上去孤立的例子都具有了意义。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **注视；使(相机、望远镜等)聚焦；给...调焦** If you **focus** your eyes or if your eyes **focus**, your eyes adjust so that you can clearly see the thing that you want to look at. If you **focus** a camera, telescope, or other instrument, you adjust it so that you can see clearly through it.

Kelly couldn't **focus** his eyes well enough to tell if the figure was male or female...

凯利没有看清楚那个人影到底是男的还是女的。

His eyes slowly began to **focus** on what looked like a small dark ball...

他的眼睛慢慢开始看清楚那个看上去像是个小黑球的东西。

He found the binoculars and **focused** them on the boat...

他找到双筒望远镜，然后调焦对准那艘船看。

Had she kept the camera **focused** on the river bank she might have captured a vital scene.

要是她把相机的镜头一直对准河岸的话，可能就捕捉到重要的一幕了。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **注视；调焦；对焦** You use **focus** to refer to the fact of adjusting your eyes or a camera, telescope, or other instrument, and to the degree to which you can see clearly.

His **focus** switched to the little white ball...

他把关注点转移到那个小白球上。

Together these factors determine the depth of **focus**.

这些因素综合起来决定了景深。

It has no manual **focus** facility.

它没有手动调焦功能。

7 VERB 动词 **集中(光束) 聚焦** If you **focus** rays of light on a particular point, you pass them through a lens or reflect them from a mirror so that they meet at that point.

Magnetic coils **focus** the electron beams into fine spots.
磁线圈把电子束聚集成微小的点。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **聚焦点** The **focus** of a number of rays or lines is the point at which they meet.

9 PHRASE 短语 **(图像)清晰 ; (照相机、望远镜等)对准焦点** If an image or a camera, telescope, or other instrument is **in focus**, the edges of what you see are clear and sharp.
【搭配模式】 : v-link PHR

Pictures should be **in focus**, with realistic colours and well composed groups.
照片应该图像清晰, 颜色逼真, 构图合理。

10 PHRASE 短语 **受关注 ; 在讨论 ; (目的和性质)清楚的, 明白的** If something is **in focus**, it is being discussed or its purpose and nature are clear.

This aggression is the real issue the world should be concerned about. We want to keep that **in focus**...
这次侵略才是世界应该关注的真正问题。我们想继续保持关注。

These issues were brought into sharp **focus** by the Gulf crisis.
海湾危机让这些问题备受关注。

11 PHRASE 短语 **焦点没对准 ; 脱焦 ; 失焦** If an image or a camera, telescope, or other instrument is **out of focus**, the edges of what you see are unclear.

In some of the pictures the subjects are **out of focus** while the background is sharp.
一些照片背景很清晰, 被摄主体却因失焦而显得模糊。

...a lot of **out-of-focus** photographs.
许多对焦不实的照片

12 PHRASE 短语 **不受关注 ; (目的和性质)不清晰的** If something is **out of focus**, it is not being discussed or its purpose or nature is not clear.

The deficit in the US balance of payments put these considerations **out of focus**...
美国的国际收支逆差使这些因素没有得到关注。

The movement towards democracy in Latin America and the foreign debt problems that have plagued it have gone **out of focus**.
拉丁美洲的民主运动和困扰该地区的外债问题已经淡出人们的视线。

following ★★★★★

1 PREP 介词 **在...之后 ; 紧接着** **Following** a particular event means after that event.

In the centuries **following** Christ's death, Christians genuinely believed the world was about to end...
在耶稣死后的几个世纪里, 基督徒们真的相信世界将要灭亡。

Following a day of medical research, the conference focused on educational practices.
在就医学研究专题讨论一天后, 会议接下来的主题集中在教学实践上。

2 ADJ 形容词 **接下来的 ; 之后的** The **following** day, week, or year is the day, week, or year after the one you have just mentioned.

The **following** day the picture appeared on the front pages of every newspaper in the world...
第二天照片出现在全世界所有报纸的头版。

We went to dinner the **following** Monday evening...
接下来那个周一的晚上, 我们一起去吃了晚餐。

The **following** year she joined the Royal Opera House.
次年她加入了皇家歌剧院。

3 ADJ 形容词 **接下来的 ; 下面的** You use **following** to refer to something that you are about to mention.

Write down the **following** information: name of product, type, date purchased and price...
请写明如下信息: 产品名称、类型、购买日期和价格。

The method of helping such patients is explained in the **following** chapters.
关于如何帮助这种病人, 下面章节中将会作出解释。

The **following** refers to the thing or things that you are about to mention. **接下来的 ; 下面的**
The **following** is a paraphrase of what was said...
下面是对刚才说过的话的阐释。

Do you use any of the **following**? Pager, Answering machine, Mobile phone, Car phone.
你使用下面的物品吗? 传呼机、电话答录机、移动电话和车载电话。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(统称)支持者, 拥护者** A person or organization that has a **following** has a group of people who support or admire their beliefs or actions.

Australian rugby league enjoys a huge **following** in New Zealand.
澳大利亚橄榄球联盟在新西兰有众多支持者。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(风向)顺的 ; 顺风的** If a boat or vehicle has a **following** wind, the wind is moving in the same direction as the boat or vehicle.

The **following** wind and eastward running tide had given us a very pleasant, lazy sail.
顺风 and 向东的潮水使我们的航行很惬意、很省力。

football ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **足球运动** Football is a game played by two teams of eleven players using a round ball. Players kick the ball to each other and try to score goals by kicking the ball into a large net.

Several boys were still playing **football** on the waste ground.
几个男孩还在那片废弃的空地上踢足球。

...Arsenal Football Club.
阿森纳足球俱乐部

...Italian **football** fans.
意大利足球迷

in AM, use 美国英语用soccer

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **橄榄球运动** Football is a game played by two teams of eleven players using an oval ball. Players carry the ball in their hands or throw it to each other as they try to score goals that are called touchdowns.

Two blocks beyond our school was a field where boys played **football**...
离我们学校两个街区远的地方有个男孩们玩橄榄球的球场。

This year's national college **football** championship was won by Princeton.
今年全国高校橄榄球锦标赛的冠军是普林斯顿队。

in BRIT, use 英国英语用American football

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **足球 ; 橄榄球** A **football** is a ball that is used for playing football.

forget ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **忘记 ; 遗忘** If you **forget** something or **forget** how to do something, you cannot think of it or think how to do it, although you knew it or knew how to do it in the past.

Sometimes I improvise and change the words because I **forget** them...
有时, 我临场发挥改了词, 因为我把原来的词给忘了。

She forgot where she left the car and it took us two days to find it.
她忘记把车子停在什么地方了, 我们花了两天时间才找到。

2 VERB 动词 **忘记 ; 忘了(做)** If you **forget** something or **forget** to do it, you fail to think about it or fail to remember to do it, for example because you are thinking about other things.

She never **forgets** her daddy's birthday...
她从来不会忘记老爸的生日。

She forgot to lock her door one day and two men got in...
有一天她忘了锁门, 两个男人溜了进来。

Don't **forget** that all dogs need a supply of fresh water to drink...
不要忘记所有的狗都需要喝干净的水。

She forgot about everything but the sun and the wind and the salt spray.
除了太阳、风和盐雾, 她什么都记不得了。

3 VERB 动词 **忘记带 ; 落下** If you **forget** something that you had intended to bring with you, you do not bring it because you did not think about it at the right time.

Once when we were going to Paris, I forgot my

passport.

有一次我们准备去巴黎时，我忘了带护照。

Usage Note :

Note that you cannot use the verb **forget** to say that you have put something somewhere and left it there. Instead you use the verb **leave**. *I left my bag on the bus.*

注意不能用 **forget** 表示把东西放在某地忘拿了，而要用动词 **leave** : *I left my bag on the bus* (我把包落在了公交车上)。

4 VERB 动词 **不放在心上；不去想** If you **forget** something or someone, you deliberately put them out of your mind and do not think about them any more.

I hope you will **forget** the bad experience you had today...
我希望你不要把今天遇到的倒霉事放在心上。

I can't **forget** what happened...
我无法不去想发生的事。

I found it very easy to **forget** about Sumner...
我发现忘掉萨姆纳很容易。

She tried to **forget** that sometimes she heard them quarrelling.
她尽量不把有时听到他们争吵的事放在心上。

5 VERB 动词 **忘乎所以；举止不得体** If you **forget yourself**, you behave in an uncontrolled or unacceptable way, which is not the way in which you usually behave.

He was so fascinated by her beauty that he forgot himself and leaned across to touch her.
她为她的美貌所倾倒，以至于忘乎所以地靠上前去触摸她。

6 CONVENTION 惯用语 **没关系；不必在意；不要再提了** You say '**Forget it**' in reply to someone as a way of telling them not to worry or bother about something, or as an emphatic way of saying no to a suggestion.

'Sorry, Liz. I think I was a bit rude to you.' —
'Forget it, but don't do it again!'...

“抱歉，莉兹。我想我刚才对你有点粗鲁。”——“没关系，但是别再那样做了！”

'You want more?' roared Claire. 'Forget it, honey.'

“你还想要？”克莱尔吼道。“想都别想，宝贝。”

7 PHRASE 短语 **还有；还包括** You say **not forgetting** a particular thing or person when you want to include them in something that you have already talked about.

The first thing is to support as many shows as one can, **not forgetting** the small local ones.
首先要尽可能多地支持演出，这其中也包括当地的小型演出。

formal ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **正式的；规范的；庄重的** **Formal** speech or behaviour is very correct and serious rather than relaxed and friendly, and is used especially in official situations.

He wrote a very **formal** letter of apology to Douglas...
他给道格拉斯写了一封非常正式的道歉信。

Business relationships are necessarily a bit more **formal**.
商业关系有必要更正式一些。

formally

He took her back to Vincent Square in a taxi, saying goodnight **formally** on the doorstep.
他打车把她送回了文森特广场，并在门口正式道了晚安。

formality

Lillith's **formality** and seriousness amused him.
利莉思的拘礼和严肃让他觉得好笑。

2 ADJ 形容词 **(行为、声明或要求)官方的，正式的** A **formal** action, statement, or request is an official one.

UN officials said a **formal** request was passed to American authorities...
联合国官员称正式请求已向美国当局转达。

No **formal** announcement had been made.
尚无任何官方声明。

...a **formal** application.
正式的申请

formally

Diplomats haven't **formally** agreed to Anderson's plan...
外交官们还没有正式同意安德森的方案。

They are now **formally** separated and they will continue to lead their own lives.
他们现在正式分开了，将会继续各自的生活。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(场合)正式的，合乎礼仪的** **Formal** occasions are special occasions at which people wear smart clothes and behave according to a set of accepted rules.

One evening the film company arranged a **formal** dinner after the play.
一天晚上，电影公司在演出结束后安排了一个正式的晚宴。

Formal is also a noun.

...a wide array of events, including school **formals** and speech nights, weddings, and balls.
包括学校正式舞会、演讲之夜、婚礼和大型舞会等一系列丰富多样的活动

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(服饰)正规的，正式的，适合正式场合的** **Formal** clothes are very smart clothes that are suitable for formal occasions.

They wore ordinary ties instead of the more **formal** high collar and cravat.
他们打着普通的领带，而不是更为正式的高领领结。

formally

It was really too warm for her to dress so **formally**.
她穿得如此正式，实在是太热了。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **整齐的；规矩的；井然有序的** Something that is done, written, or studied in a **formal** way has a very ordered, organized method or style.

This does not encourage the child to analyse the environment in a **formal** way...
这并不能鼓励孩子有条理地分析周围的环境。

Classic Greek drama was written in verse, usually in an elevated and **formal** style.
古典希腊戏剧以韵文写成，通常用词讲究、结构整齐。

...a **formal** methodology.
结构严谨的方法论

6 ADJ 形容词 **(通常指学校教育)正规的** **Formal** education or training is given officially, usually in a school, college, or university.

Although his **formal** education stopped after primary school, he was an avid reader...
尽管小学毕业后就再没有受过正规的教育，他却十分爱读书。

Leroy didn't have any **formal** dance training.
勒罗伊没受过任何正规的舞蹈训练。

formally

Mr Dawe was the ancient, **formally** trained head gardener.
道先生是那种老式的、正规科班出身的首席园艺师。

7 ADJ 形容词 See also: **formality** ; **(尤指按照某种设计规则布局匀称的，布置整齐的)** A **formal** garden or room is arranged in a very regular and controlled way, especially according to certain rules of design.

...a **formal** herb garden...
布局匀称的草药园

The Coronata wallpaper lends a **formal** air to the dining room.
科罗娜塔墙纸给餐厅增添了一种整齐有致的气氛。

fortieth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第四十** The **fortieth** item in a series is the one that you count as number forty.

It was the **fortieth** anniversary of the death of the composer.
这是该作曲家逝世 40 周年纪念日。

forward ★★★★★

In addition to the uses shown below, **forward** is also used in phrasal verbs such as 'bring forward' and 'look forward to'. In British English, **forwards** is often used as an adverb instead of **forward** in senses 1, 4, and 7.
除下列用法外，**forward** 还可用于 bring forward, look forward to 等短语动词中。英国英语中，义项 1, 4, 7 用作副词时常写作 forwards。

1 ADV 副词 **朝前；向前** If you move or look **forward**, you move or look in a direction that is in front of you. In British English, you can also move or look **forwards**.

He came **forward** with his hand out. 'Mr and Mrs Selby?' he enquired...

他走上前去伸出手来。“是塞尔比先生和夫人吗？”他问道。

She fell **forwards** on to her face...

她一头栽倒在地。

He continued to walk, didn't look at the car, kept his face **forward**.

他脸朝前继续走，没有看那辆车。

2 ADV-GRADED 副词 **靠近前面；在前面** **Forward** means in a position near the front of something such as a building or a vehicle.

The best seats are in the aisle and as far **forward** as possible...

最好的座位在过道处，越靠前越好。

The other car had a 3-inch lower driving seat and had its engine mounted further **forward**.

另外一辆车的驾驶座椅低了3英寸，引擎更加靠前。

Forward is also an adjective.

Reinforcements were needed to allow more troops to move to **forward** positions.

需要进行增援，增加投入前沿阵地的兵力。

3 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **(尤指在轮船或飞机上)靠近...前面的，在...前面的** If one thing is **forward of** another, especially on a ship or aircraft, the first thing is in front of the second thing or further ahead.

Forward of the main cabin are the guest cabins...

主舱前面是客舱。

Sixty-one small parachute symbols were painted on the left side just **forward of** the wing.

61 个小降落伞的标志被绘在左翼的正前面。

4 ADV 副词 **向前(看)；向将来(看)** If you say that someone looks **forward**, you approve of them because they think about what will happen in the future and plan for it. In British English, you can also say that someone looks **forwards**.

Now the leadership wants to look **forward**, and to outline a strategy for the rest of the century...

现在领导层想要展望未来，为本世纪余下的时间勾画战略纲要。

People should forget and look **forwards**...

人们应该忘记过去向前看。

Manchester United has always been a **forward-looking** club.

曼彻斯特联队一直是一个具有前瞻性的俱乐部。

Forward is also an adjective.

The university system requires more **forward** planning.

大学体制需要更多前瞻性的规划。

5 ADV 副词 **(把钟表)调前地，拨快地** If you put a clock or watch **forward**, you change the time shown on it so that it shows a later time, for example when the time changes to summer time or daylight saving time.

When we put the clocks **forward** in March we go into British Summer Time.

我们3月份把表调快时，就进入了英国夏令时。

6 ADV 副词 **自从...；从...起；自...以来** When you are referring to a particular time, if you say that something was true **from** that time **forward**, you mean that it became true at that time, and continued to be true afterwards.

Velazquez's work **from** that time **forward** was confined largely to portraits of the royal family.

委拉斯开兹的作品从那时起大多局限于皇室成员画像。

7 ADV 副词 **向前地；前进地；有进展地** You use **forward** to indicate that something progresses or improves. In British English, you can also use **forwards**.

And by boosting economic prosperity in Mexico, Canada and the United States, it will help us move **forward** on issues that concern all of us...

促进墨西哥、加拿大和美国的经济繁荣将有助于解决与我们大家息息相关的诸多问题。

They just couldn't see any way **forward**...

他们就是看不到前进的方向。

Space scientists and astronomers have taken another step **forwards**.

航天科学家和天文学家又取得了进展。

8 VERB 动词 **推进；促进** If you **forward** something, you cause it to progress or improve.

The music is used to **forward** the plot, not simply to keep the toes tapping.

音乐用来推进情节发展，而不仅仅是保持节奏感。

...the scientist who has done the most to **forward** the cause of public understanding over the year.

这位一年来为促进公众理解作出巨大贡献的科学家

9 ADV 副词 **(提)出；(推)出；(现)出** If something or someone is put **forward**, or comes **forward**, they are suggested or offered as suitable for a particular purpose.

Over the years several similar theories have been put **forward**...

几年来已经有好几个类似理论相继提出。

Next month the Commission is to bring **forward** its first proposals for action...

下月该委员会将提出它的首批行动建议。

He was putting himself **forward** as a Democrat...

他以民主党人的身份推举自己。

Investigations have ground to a standstill because no witnesses have come **forward**.

调查陷入停滞，因为没有证人站出来。

10 VERB 动词 **转交；转发；转接** If a letter or message is **forwarded** to someone, it is sent to the place where they are, after having been sent to a different place earlier.

When he's out on the road, office calls are **forwarded** to the cellular phone in his truck...

他在路上时，打到办公室的电话会转接到卡车里的移动电话上。

We will **forward** your letters to him.

我们会把您的信转交给他。

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **鲁莽的；冒失的；自负的** If you describe someone as **forward**, you mean that they speak very confidently and honestly but they do not always show enough respect for the person they are talking to.

He's very **forward** and confident and chats happily to other people.

他很自以为是，喜欢和别人攀谈。

forwardness

Rather taken aback by such **forwardness**, I slammed down the phone.

如此无礼的言语让我火冒三丈，我砰的一下把电话挂了。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [centre-forward](#)；**(足球、篮球或曲棍球等运动的)前锋** In football, basketball, or hockey, a **forward** is a player whose usual position is in the opponents' half of the field, and whose usual job is to attack or score goals.

13 **backwards and forwards**→see: [backwards](#)；

fourteenth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第十四** The **fourteenth** item in a series is the one that you count as number fourteen.

The Festival, now in its **fourteenth** year, has become a major international jazz event.

这个艺术节现在进行到第14届，已经成为国际爵士乐的一大盛会。

fourth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第四** The **fourth** item in a series is the one that you count as number four.

Last year's winner Greg Lemond of the United States is in **fourth** place.

去年的冠军、来自美国的格雷格·莱蒙德现在排名第4。

2 FRACTION 分数词 **四分之一** A **fourth** is one of four equal parts of something.

Three-**fourths** of the public say they favor a national referendum on the issue.

四分之三的公众表示希望就这个问题进行全民公决。

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 quarter

freedom ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **自由；自由行为**

Freedom is the state of being allowed to do what you want to do. **Freedom**s are instances of this.

...**freedom** of speech...

言论自由

They want greater political **freedom**...

他们想要更多的政治自由。

Today we have the **freedom** to decide our own futures...

今天我们可以自由决定自己的未来。

The United Nations Secretary-General has spoken of the need for individual **freedoms** and human rights.

联合国秘书长谈到保证个人自由和人权的必要性。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **人身自由；自由身份** When prisoners or slaves are set free or escape, they gain their **freedom**.

...the agreement worked out by the UN, under which all hostages and detainees would gain their **freedom**.

联合国拟定的恢复所有人质和被拘禁者人身自由的协议

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **摆脱；免除；不受...影响的状态** **Freedom from** something you do not want means not being affected by it.

...all the **freedom** from pain that medicine could provide.

医药可以提供的对痛苦的解脱

...**freedom** from government control.

不受政府控制

4 N-SING 单数名词 **(某市的)荣誉市民称号** **The freedom of a particular city** is a special honour which is given to a famous person who is connected with that city, or to someone who has performed some special service for the city.

He was given the **Freedom of the City of Dublin** by the Lord Mayor.

市长阁下亲自向他颁发了都柏林市荣誉市民称号。

frequent ★★★★★

The adjective is pronounced /'fri:kwənt/. The verb is pronounced /fri:'kwent/. 形容词读作/'fri:kwənt/。动词读作/fri:'kwent/。

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **经常性的；频繁的** If something is **frequent**, it happens often.

Bordeaux is on the main Paris-Madrid line so there are **frequent** trains...

波尔多位于巴黎到马德里的铁路主干线上，来往列车频繁。

He is a **frequent** visitor to the house.

他是这家的常客。

frequently

Iron and folic acid supplements are **frequently** given to pregnant women.

铁剂和叶酸片常被配给孕妇服用。

2 VERB 动词 **常到；常去；常出入于** If someone **frequents** a particular place, they regularly go there.

I hear he **frequents** the Cajun restaurant in Hampstead.

我听说他经常光顾汉普斯特德的卡津餐厅。

fresh ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **新的；替代的；另外的；外加的** A **fresh** thing or amount replaces or is added to a previous thing or amount.

He asked Strathclyde police, which carried out the original investigation, to make **fresh** inquiries...

他要求原来负责案子的斯特拉斯克莱德警方展开新一轮的调查。

I need a new challenge and a **fresh** start somewhere else.

我需要一个新的挑战，换个地方重新开始。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **新近的；最近的** Something that is **fresh** has been done, made, or experienced recently.

There were no **fresh** car tracks or footprints in the snow...

雪地里没有留下新的车辙或脚印。

A puppy stepped in the **fresh** cement...

一只小狗踩在刚抹好的水泥面上。

With the memory of the bombing **fresh** in her mind, Eleanor became increasingly agitated.

对轰炸记忆犹新的埃莉诺变得越来越焦躁不安。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(食物)新鲜的，非冷冻的，非罐装的** **Fresh** food has been picked or produced recently, and has not been preserved, for example by being frozen or put in a tin.

...locally caught **fresh** fish.

当地捕到的鲜鱼

...**fresh** fruit.

新鲜水果

freshness

With oysters, as with all seafood, **freshness** equals quality.

就牡蛎而言，和其他所有海味一样，新鲜就决定了品质。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **新颖的；别致的；有独创性的** If you describe something as **fresh**, you like it because it is new and exciting.

These designers are full of **fresh** ideas.

这些设计师满脑子都是新创意。

...a **fresh** image.

新颖的形象

freshness

There was a **freshness** and enthusiasm about the new students.

新生身上有一种朝气和热情。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(外观)洁净的，亮丽的** If you describe something as **fresh**, you mean that it is pleasant, bright, and clean in appearance.

Gingham fabrics always look **fresh** and pretty.

方格花布织物看上去总是鲜亮好看。

freshness

...the crisp **freshness** of laundered clothes.

洗后衣物的干爽亮丽

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **清新的；清爽的；清凉的** If something smells, tastes, or feels **fresh**, it is clean or cool.

The air was **fresh** and for a moment she felt revived.

空气清新，有那么一会儿她感到恢复了活力。

freshness

...the **freshness** of early morning.

黎明时的清凉

7 ADJ 形容词 **(河流、湖泊等的水)淡的** **Fresh** water is water that is not salty, for example the water from rivers or lakes.

Fresh water and other commodities are in short supply.

淡水和其他商品短缺。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **寒冷的；凛冽的；有风的** If you say that the weather is **fresh**, you mean that it is fairly cold and windy.

It was a fine, **fresh** summer morning...

那是一个晴好而清凛的夏日早晨。

Outside the breeze was **fresh** and from the north.

外面凉飕飕的微风从北面吹来。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(颜色)鲜艳的，明艳的** **Fresh** colours are clear, bright, and fairly light.

...a semi-circular mosaic, its startling colours still **fresh**.

令人惊叹的颜色依旧鲜艳的半圆形镶嵌画

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **容光焕发的；气色好的** If someone has a **fresh** face or complexion, their skin looks healthy.

His **fresh** complexion made him look younger than he was.

他的好气色令他看上去比实际年龄年轻。

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **精神抖擞的；精力充沛的** If you feel **fresh**, you feel full of energy and enthusiasm.

It's vital we are as **fresh** as possible for those matches...

尽可能保持旺盛的精力参加那几场比赛对我们来说至关重要。

I nearly always wake up **fresh** and rested.

我几乎每天醒来都精神抖擞，得到了充分休息。

12 ADJ 形容词 **(油漆)未干的** **Fresh** paint is not yet dry.

in BRIT, use 英国英语用wet

13 ADJ 形容词 **刚从...来的；刚经历过...的** If you are **fresh from** a particular place or experience, you have just come from that place or you have just had that experience. You can also say that someone is **fresh out of** a place.

I returned to the office, **fresh from** Heathrow...

我刚从希思罗机场回到办公室。

Fresh from their semi-final win over Germany, Britain took a promising early lead...

刚刚在半决赛中战胜德国队的英国队开场便取得了领先，形势一片大好。

From what I've heard he started wheeling and dealing **fresh out of** college.

据我所知，他刚走出大学校门就开始投机取巧。

14 PHRASE 短语 **刚用完...的；一点儿不剩的** If you are **fresh out of** something, you have recently used the last of it and have none left.

When I needed a tape to record an interview on I found I was **fresh** out of cassettes.

我想找一盘带子为访谈录音时发现磁带刚刚都用完了。

fruit ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **水果；果实** Fruit or a fruit is something which grows on a tree or bush and which contains seeds or a stone covered by a substance that you can eat.

Fresh **fruit** and vegetables provide fibre and vitamins.

新鲜水果和蔬菜提供植物纤维和维生素。

...bananas and other tropical **fruits**...

香蕉和其他热带水果

Try to eat at least one piece of **fruit** a day.

努力做到每天至少要吃一个水果。

2 VERB 动词 **结果实** If a plant **fruits**, it produces fruit.

The scientists will study the variety of trees and observe which are **fruiting**.

科学家将研究各种树木，并观察哪些会结果实。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [dried](#)

fruit; [forbidden fruit](#); [kiwi fruit](#); [passion fruit](#); **成果；硕果** The **fruits** or the **fruit** of someone's work or activity are the good things that result from it.

The team have really worked hard and Mansell is enjoying the **fruits** of that labour...

这支队伍真正付出了辛劳，而曼塞尔正在享受着这种辛劳的成果。

The findings are the **fruit** of more than three years research.

这些发现是3年多研究的成果。

4 PHRASE 短语 **取得成果；奏效；产生好的结果** If the effort that you put into something or a particular way of doing something **bears fruit**, it is successful and produces good results.

Eleanor's work among the women will, I trust, **bear fruit**...

我相信埃莉诺在妇女中所做的工作会见成效的。

He was naturally disappointed when the talks failed to **bear fruit**.

会谈没有取得成果，他自然感到失望。

5 PHRASE 短语 **(项目或活动的)初步成果，最初成效** The **first fruits** or the **first fruit** of a project or activity are its earliest results or profits.

This project is one of the **first fruits** of commercial co-operation between the two countries.

这个项目是两国商业合作的初步成果之一。

fuel ★★★★★

in AM, use 美国英语用 fueling, fueled

1 N-MASS 物质名词 **燃料** Fuel is a substance such as coal, oil, or petrol that is burned to provide heat or power.

They ran out of **fuel**.

他们的燃料用完了。

...industrial research into cleaner **fuels**.

对更清洁燃料的工业研究

2 VERB 动词 **刺激；使变得更糟；使加剧** To **fuel** a situation means to make it become worse or more intense.

The result will inevitably **fuel** speculation about the Prime Minister's future...

这一结果将不可避免地加剧人们对首相未来的揣测。

The economic boom was **fuelled** by easy credit.

宽松的信贷政策刺激了经济繁荣。

3 PHRASE 短语 **(对...)火上浇油** If something **adds fuel to a conflict** or debate, or **adds fuel to the fire**, it makes the conflict or debate more intense.

His comments are bound to **add fuel** to the debate...

他的话必将为争论推波助澜。

The decision to raise tariffs on imports will only **add fuel to the fire**.

上调进口关税的决定只会火上浇油。

fully ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **完全地；最大程度地** Fully means to the greatest degree or extent possible.

She was **fully** aware of my thoughts...

她完全清楚我的想法。

I don't **fully** agree with that.

对此我并不完全同意。

2 ADV 副词 **完全(结束)地** You use **fully** to say that a process is completely finished.

He had still not **fully** recovered.

他还没有完全康复。

3 ADV-GRADED 副词 **全面地；充分地；彻底地** If you describe, answer, or deal with something **fully**, you leave out nothing that should be mentioned or dealt with.

Fiers promised to testify **fully** and truthfully...

菲耶尔承诺所作证词将毫无保留且句句属实。

Major elements of these debates are discussed more **fully** later in this book.

这些争论的主要内容将在本书后面的章节中更为充分地加以讨论。

4 ADV 副词 **(用于强调数量)整整，足足，至少** Fully is used to emphasize how great an amount is.

Fully 30% of the poor could not even afford access to illegal shanties.

足足有30%的贫困人口甚至连非法窝棚都住不起。

fun ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **趣事；乐趣** You refer to an activity or situation as **fun** if you think it is pleasant and enjoyable and it causes you to feel happy.

This year promises to be terrifically good **fun**...

今年一定会非常有意思。

It was such a success and we had so much **fun** doing it...

它大获成功，而我们也从中得到了很多乐趣。

It could be **fun** to watch them...

看着他们就很有意思。

You still have time to join in the **fun**.

现在加入其中享受快乐还来得及。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **有趣的人；好玩的人** If you say that someone is **fun**, you mean that you enjoy being with them because they say and do interesting or amusing things.

Liz was wonderful **fun** to be with.

莉兹是个非常有趣的伙伴。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **令人愉快的；让人开心的；有趣的** If you describe something as a **fun** thing, you mean that you think it is enjoyable. If you describe someone as a **fun** person, you mean that you enjoy being with them.

It was a **fun** evening...

那个晚上令人愉快。

What a **fun** person he is!

他多么有趣啊！

4 PHRASE 短语 **荒唐可笑的人；引人嘲笑的人** Someone who is a **figure of fun** is considered ridiculous, so that people laugh at them or make jokes about them.

5 PHRASE 短语 **为了好玩** If you do something **for fun** or **for the fun of it**, you do it in order to enjoy yourself rather than because it is important or necessary.

I took my M. A. just for **fun** really...

我拿文科硕士学位其实就是觉得好玩儿。

He had just come for the **fun** of it.

他来只是为了好玩。

6 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指不负责任的)玩笑，嬉闹，恶作剧** You can refer to playful behaviour as **fun and games**, especially if you disapprove of it because you think it is irresponsible.

Police suspected that the boys, whose **fun and games** hurt a lot of people, were on drugs.

警察怀疑这些经常胡为嬉闹令不少人受害的男孩子在吸毒。

7 PHRASE 短语 **开玩笑地；闹着玩地** If you do something **in fun**, you do it as a joke or for amusement, without intending to cause any harm.

Don't say such things, even in **fun**.

不要说这些话，就算是开玩笑也不行。

8 PHRASE 短语 **取笑；戏弄；拿...开玩笑** If you **make fun of** someone or something or **poke fun at** them, you laugh at them, tease them, or make jokes about them in a way that causes them to seem ridiculous.

Don't **make fun of** me...

不要取笑我。

She **poked fun at** people's shortcomings.

她拿别人的缺点开玩笑。

function ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **功能；作用；职责** The **function** of something or someone is the useful thing that they do or are intended to do.

The main **function** of the merchant banks is to raise capital for industry.

商业银行的主要职能是为产业融资。

2 VERB 动词 **工作；运转；运行** If a machine or system is **functioning**, it is working or operating.

The authorities say the prison is now **functioning** normally...

当局称监狱现在运转正常。

Conservation programs cannot **function** without local support.

没有地方的支持，自然环境保护项目就无法运作。

3 VERB 动词 **发挥功能；起作用；行使职责** If someone or something **functions** as a particular thing, they do the work or fulfil the purpose of that thing.

On weekdays, one third of the room **functions** as workspace.

在工作日，房间的1/3用作办公区域。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(计算机)的功能(指执行的一系列操作)** A **function** is a series of operations that a computer performs, for example when a single key or a combination of keys is pressed.

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **应变量；随他物变化而变化的事物** If you say that one thing is a **function** of another, you mean that its amount or nature depends on the other thing.

Investment is a **function** of the interest rate.

投资随着利率的变化而变。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(正式的)宴会，大型聚会** A **function** is a large formal dinner or party.

gain ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **获得；博得；赢得** If a person or place **gains** something such as an ability or quality, they gradually get more of it.

Students can **gain** valuable experience by working on the campus radio or magazine...

学生们在校广播台或校刊工作能够获得宝贵的经验。

While it has lost its tranquility, the area has **gained** in liveliness.

虽然该地区失去了往日的宁静，但是却有了生气。

2 VERB 动词 **(从...中)受益，获益，得到好处** If you **gain** from something such as an event or situation, you get some advantage or benefit from it.

The company didn't disclose how much it expects to **gain** from the two deals...

这家公司未透露这两笔交易的预期获利情况。

There is absolutely nothing to be **gained** by feeling bitter..

心怀怨愤是绝对没有好处的。

It is sad that a major company should try to **gain** from other people's suffering.

一家大公司竟然试图发别人的苦难财，真是令人悲哀。

3 VERB 动词 **增加(体重、速度等)** To **gain** something such as weight or speed means to have an increase in that particular thing.

Some people do **gain** weight after they stop smoking...

一些人戒烟后体重确实会增加。

The BMW started coming forward, passing the other cars and **gaining** speed as it approached...

那辆宝马车开始赶上来，超过了其他车辆并且在逼近的时候开始加速。

She **gained** some 25lb in weight during her pregnancy.

她怀孕期间体重增加了大约25磅。

Gain is also a noun.

News on new home sales is brighter, showing a **gain** of nearly 8% in June...

新建房屋的销售情况更为乐观，6月份上升了将近8%。

Excessive weight **gain** doesn't do you any good.

体重过度增加对你没有任何好处。

4 VERB 动词 **(尤指经努力)获得，取得** If you **gain** something, you obtain it, especially after a lot of hard work or effort.

They realise that passing exams is no longer enough to **gain** a place at university...

他们认识到现在仅仅是考试通过，并不能确保进入大学。

Their efforts helped the hostages **gain** their freedom.

他们的努力帮助人质获得了自由。

5 PHRASE 短语 **为了获得利益；为了获得好处** If you do something **for gain**, you do it in order to get some advantage or profit for yourself, and for no other reason.

...buying art solely for financial **gain**.

纯粹为了赚钱而购买艺术品

6 PHRASE 短语 **(想法、理想等)越来越流行，逐渐为人接受** If something such as an idea or an ideal **gains ground**, it gradually becomes more widely known or more popular.

There are strong signs that his views are **gaining** ground...

各种明显的迹象显示他的观点越来越受欢迎。

The Christian right has been steadily **gaining** ground in state politics.

基督教右翼组织在国家政治中逐渐获得越来越广泛的支持。

7 PHRASE 短语 **赢得时间；争取时间** If you do something in order to **gain time**, you do it in order to give yourself enough time to think of an excuse or a way out of a difficult situation.

I hoped to **gain** time by keeping him talking.

我希望让他一直说下去以争取时间。

相关词组：

[gain on](#)

garden ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(住宅旁的)花园，菜园，庭园，园子** (美国英语中表示此义时常常用yard，而garden仅用来指花园和菜园) In British English, a **garden** is a piece of land next to a house, with flowers, vegetables, other plants, and often grass. In American English, the usual word is **yard**, and a **garden** refers only to land which is used for growing flowers and vegetables.

...the most beautiful **garden** on Earth.

世界上最漂亮的花园

2 VERB 动词 **干园艺活；种植花木** If you **garden**, you do work in your garden such as weeding or planting.

Jim **gardened** at the homes of friends on weekends.

吉姆周末帮忙打理朋友家的花园。

gardening

I have taken up **gardening** again.

我又开始干起了园艺活。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **公园** **Gardens** are places like a park that have areas of plants, trees, and grass, and that people can visit and walk around.

The **Gardens** are open from 10.30am until 5pm.

公园从上午10点半到下午5点之间开放。

...Kensington **Gardens**.

肯辛顿公园

4 N-IN-NAMES 名称名词 **(用于街名)园，街，广场** **Gardens** is sometimes used as part of the name of a street.

He lives at 9, Acacia **Gardens**.

他住在金合欢街9号。

gas ★★★★★

The form gases is the plural of the noun. The form gasses is the third person singular of the verb. **gases**为名词的复数形式，**gasses**为动词的第三人称单数形式。

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **气体燃料；天然气；煤气** **Gas** is a substance like air that is neither liquid nor solid and burns easily. It is used as a fuel for cooking and heating.

Coal is actually cheaper than **gas**...

煤实际上比煤气便宜。

Shell signed a contract to develop oil and **gas** reserves near Archangel.

壳牌石油公司签订了一份开采阿尔汉格爾附近的石油和天然气资源的合同。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **气体** A **gas** is any substance that is neither liquid nor solid, for example oxygen or hydrogen.

Helium is a very light **gas**.

氦是一种非常轻的气体。

...a huge cloud of gas and dust from the volcanic eruption.

火山喷发形成的混杂着气体和尘埃的巨大云团

3 N-MASS 物质名词 **毒气, 瓦斯 (可用作武器)**

Gas is a poisonous gas that can be used as a weapon.

...mustard gas...

芥子气

The problem was that the exhaust gases contain many toxins.

问题在于废气中含有很多毒素。

4 N-MASS 物质名词 **(医用) 麻醉气** Gas is a gas used for medical purposes, for example to make patients feel less pain or go to sleep during an operation.

...an anaesthetic gas used by many dentists.

为许多牙医使用的一种麻醉气

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(车辆用的) 汽油** Gas is the fuel which is used to drive motor vehicles.

...a tank of gas.

一桶汽油

...gas stations.

加油站

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 petrol

6 VERB 动词 **用毒气杀死** To gas a person or animal means to kill them by making them breathe poisonous gas.

Her husband ran a pipe from her car exhaust to the bedroom in an attempt to gas her.

她的丈夫将一根与她的汽车排气管相通的管子导入卧室, 企图用毒气将她杀死。

7 N-SING 单数名词 **活泼有趣的事; 令人愉快的场面**

You can describe a situation or event as a gas when it is very lively, amusing, and enjoyable.

It was really a gas to find someone I could talk with.

找到一个能和我谈得来的人真是一件让人高兴的事。

8 See also: [gas chamber](#); [gas mask](#); [greenhouse gas](#); [laughing gas](#); [natural gas](#); [tear gas](#);

9 PHRASE 短语 **加大油门; 加速** If you step on the gas when you are driving a vehicle, you go faster.

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 step on it

gather ★★★★★

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使) 聚集; (使) 集合**

If people gather somewhere or if someone gathers people somewhere, they come together in a group.

In the evenings, we gathered around the fireplace and talked...

晚上, 我们聚在火炉边聊天。

The man signalled for me to gather the children together.

那人示意让我将孩子们召集起来。

2 VERB 动词 **收集; 收拢; 归拢** If you gather things, you collect them together so that you can use them.

I suggest we gather enough firewood to last the night...

我建议大家捡足够多的木柴来撑过这一晚。

She stood up and started gathering her things together.

她起身开始收拾自己的物品。

Gather up means the same as **gather**. [gather up](#) 同 [gather](#)

When Sutcliffe had gathered up his papers, he went out...

萨克利夫收齐了他的文件便出去了。

He gathered the leaves up off the ground.

他将地上的树叶全部收了起来。

3 VERB 动词 **(尤指经过一段时间的辛苦工作) 收集, 搜集 (情报、证据等)** If you gather information or evidence, you collect it, especially over a period of time and after a lot of hard work.

...a private detective using a hidden tape recorder to gather information...

用隐藏的录音机搜集证据的私家侦探

This would help the prosecutor gather evidence against him which could be used in court.

这将有利于控方律师搜集对他不利的证据以在法庭上指控他。

4 VERB 动词 **逐渐增加 (速度、动力、力量等)** If something gathers speed, momentum, or force, it gradually becomes faster or more powerful.

Demands for his dismissal have gathered momentum in recent weeks...

最近几周, 要求将他解职的呼声越来越高。

The raft gathered speed as the current dragged it toward the falls.

水流将木筏拽向瀑布, 木筏的速度越来越快。

5 VERB 动词 **集中 (精力、思想等); 鼓起 (勇气); 振作 (精神)** When you gather something such as your strength, courage, or thoughts, you make an effort to prepare yourself to do something.

You must gather your strength for the journey.

你必须为这次行程打起精神来。

Gather up means the same as **gather**. [gather up](#) 同 [gather](#)

She was gathering up her courage to approach him when he called to her.

他叫她的时候, 她正在鼓起勇气走近他。

6 VERB 动词 **(用于引出已发现的信息, 尤其是间接获得的信息) 据我所知, 据我了解** You use gather in expressions such as 'I gather' and 'as far as I can gather' to introduce information that you have found out, especially when you have found it out in an indirect way.

I gather his report is highly critical of the trial judge...

据我所知, 他在报道中毫不留情地批评了初审法官。

'He speaks English,' she said to Graham. 'I gathered that.'...

"他会说英语," 她对格雷厄姆说, "我料到了。"

From what I could gather, he was trying to raise money by organising festivals.

据我所知, 他想通过举办节庆活动来筹款。

7 VERB 动词 **给...打褶** If you gather fabric or cloth, you make a row of very small folds in it by sewing a thread through it and then pulling the thread tight.

Gather the skirt at the waist.

在裙子的腰部打褶。

8 to gather dust → see: [dust](#);

相关词组:

[gather up](#)

gay ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **同性恋的** A gay person is homosexual.

The quality of life for gay men has improved over the last two decades.

同性恋者的生活质量在过去20年里有了改善。

...the gay community.

同性恋者群落

Gays are homosexual people, especially homosexual men. **(尤指男性) 同性恋者**

...30 famous gays including fashion mogul Giorgio Armani.

包括时装大师乔治·阿玛尼在内的30位知名同性恋者

gayness

...Mike's admission of his gayness.

迈克承认自己是同性恋

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **快乐的; 愉快的** A gay person is fun to be with because they are lively and cheerful.

I am happy and free, in good health, gay and cheerful.

我快活自由, 身体健康, 积极乐观。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **鲜艳的; 艳丽的** A gay object is brightly coloured and pretty to look at.

I like gay, relaxing paintings.

我喜欢色彩鲜艳、让人放松的画。

generally ★★★★★

1 ADV-GRADED 副词 **笼统地; 概括地** You use generally to give a summary of a situation, activity, or idea without referring to the particular details of it.

University teachers generally have admitted a lack of enthusiasm about their subjects...

高校教师大体上承认对其所教专业缺乏热情。

Speaking generally, the space enterprise has served astronomy well.

总的说来, 航空企业很好地促进了天文学的发展。

2 ADV 副词 **通常地; 一般地; 普遍地** You use

generally to say that something happens or is used on most occasions but not on every occasion.

As women we **generally** say and feel too much about these things...

作为女性，我们通常在这些事情上谈得过多，过于敏感。

It is **generally** true that the darker the fruit the higher its iron content...

一般来说，水果颜色越深，含铁量就越高。

The warmer a place is, **generally** speaking, the more types of plants and animals it will usually support.

一般而言，一个地方越暖和，能生存的动植物种类通常也就越多。

generation ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指经历或观点相同的) 一代人，同代人，同辈人 A **generation** is all the people in a group or country who are of a similar age, especially when they are considered as having the same experiences or attitudes.

...the younger **generation** of Party members...
年轻一代的党员

David Mamet has long been considered the leading American playwright of his **generation**.

长期以来，戴维·马梅特一直被视为同代人中最杰出的美国剧作家。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 代，一代，一辈 (通常认为大约是30年) A **generation** is the period of time, usually considered to be about thirty years, that it takes for children to grow up and become adults and have children of their own.

Within a **generation** flight has become the method used by many travellers.

就在不到一代人的时间里，坐飞机已经成了很多旅行者的出行方式。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (机械设备的设计和制造的) 代 You can use **generation** to refer to a stage of development in the design and manufacture of machines or equipment.

...a new **generation** of IBM/Apple computers.
新一代的IBM/苹果电脑

4 ADJ 形容词 (表示家庭成员拥有某国国籍的时间长短情况) 第...代的 **Generation** is used to indicate how long members of your family have had a particular nationality. For example, second generation means that you were born in the country you live in, but your parents were not.

...second **generation** Asians in Britain...
英国的第二代亚洲移民

She is a first **generation** American.
她是第一代美国移民。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (能源的) 产生 **Generation** is also the production of a form of energy or power from fuel or another source of power such as water.

Japan has announced plans for a sharp rise in its nuclear power **generation**.

日本宣布了大幅增加核能发电的计划。

glass ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 玻璃 **Glass** is a hard transparent substance that is used to make things such as windows and bottles.

...a pane of **glass**.
一块玻璃

...a sliding **glass** door.
玻璃推拉门

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 玻璃杯 A **glass** is a container made from glass, which you can drink from and which does not have a handle.

Grossman raised the **glass** to his lips.
格罗斯曼把杯子举到唇边。

The contents of a glass can be referred to as a **glass** of something. 一杯的量

...a **glass** of milk.
一杯牛奶

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 玻璃制品 **Glass** is used to mean objects made of glass, for example drinking containers and bowls.

There's a glittering array of **glass** to choose from at markets.
市场上有很多晶莹闪亮的玻璃制品可供挑选。

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词 眼镜 **Glasses** are two lenses in a frame that some people wear in front of their eyes in order to help them see better.

He took off his **glasses**.
他摘掉眼镜。

5 See also: [dark glasses](#); [magnifying glass](#);

goal ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (足球、无板篮球或曲棍球等的) 球门 In games such as football, netball or hockey, the **goal** is the space into which the players try to get the ball in order to score a point for their team.

David Seaman was back in the Arsenal **goal** after breaking a knuckle.

戴维·西曼在一个指关节骨折后又回到阿森纳队的球门前。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (足球或曲棍球赛等的) 进球，进球得分 In games such as football or hockey, a **goal** is when a player gets the ball into the goal, or the point that is scored by doing this.

They scored five **goals** in the first half of the match...

他们在上半场比赛中攻入了5球。

The scorer of the winning **goal**.
打进制胜一球的得分手

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 目标；目的 Something that is your **goal** is something that you hope to achieve, especially when much time and effort will be needed.

It's a matter of setting your own **goals** and following them.

这就需要设立自己的目标并为之努力。

The **goal** is to raise as much money as possible.
目的是筹集到尽可能多的资金。

god ★★★★★

1 N-PROPER 专有名词 上帝；天主；真主 The name **God** is given to the spirit or being who is worshipped as the creator and ruler of the world, especially by Jews, Christians, and Muslims.

He believes in **God**...
他信奉上帝。

God bless you.
上帝保佑你。

2 CONVENTION 惯用语 (表示强调所说的话，或表示惊讶、恐惧或激动) 啊呀，天啊，天哪 (可能具有亵渎意味) People sometimes use **God** in exclamations to emphasize something that they are saying, or to express surprise, fear, or excitement. This use could cause offence.

God, how I hated him!...
啊呀！我恨死他了！

Oh my **God** he's shot somebody...
我的天哪！他开枪打人了。

Good **God**, it's Mr Harper!...
天哪，是哈珀先生！

God Almighty, Hart, you scared me silly.
哎呀，哈特，你把我都吓傻了！

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 神 In many religions, a **god** is one of the spirits or beings that are believed to have power over a particular part of the world or nature.

...Pan, the **God** of nature.
自然之神，潘

...Zeus, king of the **gods**.
众神之王，宙斯

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 极受尊崇的人；影响极大的人 Someone who is admired very much by a person or group of people, and who influences them a lot, can be referred to as a **god**.

To his followers he was a **god**.
在追随者眼中，他就是神。

5 See also: [act of God](#);

6 PHRASE 短语 愿上帝阻止这样的事情；但愿这样的事不会发生 If you say **God forbid**, you are expressing your hope that something will not happen.

If, **God forbid**, something goes wrong, I don't know what I would do.

如果哪儿出点儿岔子，我会不知所措的，但愿这样的事情不会发生。

7 PHRASE 短语 上帝的恩赐；十全十美的人 If a person thinks they are **God's gift** to someone or something, they think they are perfect or extremely good.

Are men **god's gift** to women? Some of them think they are.

男人是上帝赐予女人的礼物吗？有些男人就是这样认为的。

8 PHRASE 短语 (警告语) 愿上帝保佑你 You use **God help you** to warn someone that something unpleasant will happen to them if they do a particular thing.

God help him if he gets in my way...
他要是跟我作对，那就让上帝保佑他吧。

The boss says you must wear a tie. And God help you if you don't.
老板说你得打领带，如果不听你会倒霉的。

9 PHRASE 短语 愿上帝保佑... If you feel sorry for someone because they are in a difficult or unpleasant situation, especially if you think that nobody can help them, you can say **God help** them.

'God help them,' he said. 'They're beyond help.'
“愿上帝保佑他们吧，”他说，“谁也帮不了他们了。”

10 PHRASE 短语 真讨厌；真烦人 If you say **God help us**, you mean that you have negative feelings about the person or situation you are talking about.

The first song is 11 minutes long, the last nearly the same, and, God help us, there's a drum solo along the way.
第一首歌有11分钟长，最后一首也差不多长，唉，上帝啊，中间还有一个击鼓独奏。

11 PHRASE 短语 (表示强调) 只有上帝知道，天晓得 You can say **God knows**, **God only knows**, or **God alone knows** to emphasize that you do not know something.

Gunga spoke God knows how many languages...
天晓得贡嘎会讲多少门语言。

God alone knows what she thinks.
只有天晓得她在想什么。

12 PHRASE 短语 (表示不知道答案) 天晓得 If someone says **God knows** in reply to a question, they mean that they do not know the answer.

'Where is he now?' 'God knows.'
“他现在在哪里？”“天晓得。”

13 PHRASE 短语 (基督教的) 牧师，神父 The term a **man of God** is sometimes used to refer to Christian priests or ministers.

I am a man of God.
我是个牧师。

14 PHRASE 短语 (用来强调生气、懊恼或吃惊) 究竟什么/究竟为什么/究竟如何 If someone uses such expressions as **what in God's name**, **why in God's name**, or **how in God's name**, they are emphasizing how angry, annoyed, or surprised they are.

What in God's name do you expect me to do?...
你究竟要我做什么？

Why in God's name did you have to tell her?
为什么你非得告诉她呢？

15 PHRASE 短语 俨然一副上帝的样子；表现得无所不能 If someone **plays God**, they act as if they have unlimited power and can do anything they want.

You have no right to play God in my life!
你无权对我的人生指手画脚！

16 PHRASE 短语 (强调愿望之强烈) 老天保佑，求求上天帮忙 You say **please God** to emphasize a strong hope, wish, or desire that you have.

Please God, let him telephone me now.
拜托老天了，让他现在就给我来个电话吧。

17 PHRASE 短语 (表示强调) 我向上帝祈祷/我真诚地希望/我向上帝发誓 You can use **God** in expressions such as **I hope to God**, or **I wish to God**, or **I swear to God**, in order to emphasize what you are saying.

I hope to God they are paying you well...
我真希望他们给你一份好的酬劳。

I wish to God I hadn't met you.
我真希望我不曾认识你。

18 PHRASE 短语 如蒙天意；如一切顺利 If you say **God willing**, you are saying that something will happen if all goes well.

God willing, there will be a breakthrough.
如果一切顺利，将会取得突破性的进展。

19 to put the fear of God into someone→see: [fear](#) ; honest to God→see: [honest](#) ; in the lap of the gods→see: [lap](#) ; for God's sake→see: [sake](#) ; thank God→see: [thank](#) ;

gold ★★★★★
1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 黄金 Gold is a valuable, yellow-coloured metal that is used for making jewellery and ornaments, and as an international currency.

...a sapphire set in **gold**...
镶嵌在黄金上的蓝宝石

The price of **gold** was going up.
黄金的价格在上涨。

...**gold** coins.
金币

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 金饰物；黄金制品 Gold is jewellery and other things that are made of gold.

We handed over all our **gold** and money.
我们将所有的金首饰和钱都交了出来。

3 COLOUR 颜色词 金色；金黄色 Something that is **gold** is a bright yellow colour, and is often shiny.

I'd been wearing Michel's black and **gold** shirt.
我一直都穿着迈克尔那件黑色和金色相间的衬衫。

4 N-VAR 可变名词 同 [gold medal](#) A **gold** is the same as a **gold medal**.

His ambition was to win **gold** at the Atlanta Games in 1996...
他的志向是在1996年亚特兰大奥运会上夺取金牌。

This Saturday the British star is going for **gold** in the Winter Olympics.
本周六，这位英国明星将向冬奥会的金牌发起冲击。

5 PHRASE 短语 (小孩) 规规矩矩的，乖巧的 If you say that a child is being **as good as gold**, you are emphasizing that they are behaving very well and are not causing you any problems.

The boys were as good as **gold** on our walk.
我们散步的时候，这帮小男孩表现得很乖。

6 PHRASE 短语 一颗金子般的心；赤子之心 If you say that someone has a **heart of gold**, you are emphasizing that they are very good and kind to other people.

They are all good boys with hearts of **gold**. They would never steal.
他们都是有着金子般心灵的好孩子，绝不会干偷摸扒窃之事。

7 PHRASE 短语 期望得到的一大笔钱，未来的一桶金 (英国英语中亦作 [a crock of gold](#)) Money that someone hopes they will get in the future is sometimes referred to as a **pot of gold**. Also a **crock of gold**, mainly in British English.

I would rather be honest with people than tell them that there is going to be some **pot of gold** at the end of the rainbow.
我宁肯实话实说也不愿意给予他们不切实际的期望。

8 See also: [fool's gold](#) ; to strike gold→see: [strike](#) ; worth one's weight in gold→see: [weight](#) ;

gone ★★★★★
1 **Gone** is the past participle of [go](#) .

2 ADJ 形容词 离开的；过去的；不复存在的 When someone is **gone**, they have left the place where you are and are no longer there. When something is **gone**, it is no longer present or no longer exists.

While he was **gone** she had tea with the Colonel...
他不在时她跟上校一起喝了茶。

He's already been **gone** four hours!...
他已经离开4个小时了！

By morning the smoke will be all **gone**.
这些烟到了早上就会散尽。

3 PREP 介词 晚于，超过 (某一时间) If you say it is **gone** a particular time, you mean it is later than that time.

It was just **gone** 7 o'clock this evening when I finished.
今晚我做完的时候刚过7点。

goods ★★★★★
1 N-PLURAL 复数名词 货物；商品 Goods are things that are made to be sold.

Money can be exchanged for **goods** or services.
钱可以用来换取商品或服务。

...a wide range of consumer **goods**.
种类繁多的消费品

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 私人财产；动产 Your **goods**

the things that you own and that can be moved.

All his worldly **goods** were packed into a neat checked carrier bag...

他的所有家当都装在一个干净的方格图案手提袋里。

You can give your unwanted **goods** to charity.
你可以将不要的物品捐赠给慈善机构。

3 PHRASE 短语 **不负众望；达到要求** If you **deliver the goods** or **come up with the goods**, you do what is expected or required of you.

As long as I deliver the **goods**, my boss is very happy.

只要我做好本职工作，我的老板就很高兴。

4 PHRASE 短语 **掌握了...的罪证（或把柄）** If you **get the goods** or **have the goods** on someone, you have evidence that they have done something wrong or criminal.

He was the victim of those in his own party who had the **goods** on him.

党内一些人掌握了他的把柄，结果他成了牺牲品。

governor ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT ; N-TITLE 可数名词；头衔名词 **州长；省长；总督** In some systems of government, a **governor** is a person who is in charge of the political administration of a region or state.

He was **governor** of the province in the late 1970s...

他在20世纪70年代末担任该省的省长。

Governor William Livingston addressed the New Jersey Assembly.

威廉·利文斯顿州长在新泽西州议会上发表了演说。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词（学校、医院等的）**董事，理事** A **governor** is a member of a committee which controls an organization such as a school or a hospital.

Governors are using the increased powers given to them to act against incompetent headteachers.

董事们运用赋予他们的更大权力罢免不称职的校长。

...the chairman of the BBC board of **governors**.

英国广播公司董事会主席

3 N-COUNT 可数名词（英国一些机构的）**主管，总裁** In some British institutions, the **governor** is the most senior official, who is in charge of the institution.

The incident was reported to the prison **governor**.

这一事件已汇报给监狱长。

grand ★★★★★

The form **grand** is used as the plural for meaning 8. 义项8的复数形式为**grand**.

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **宏伟的；壮丽的；富丽堂皇的** If you describe a building or a piece of scenery as **grand**, you mean that its size or appearance is very impressive.

...this **grand** building in the center of town...

这幢位于市中心的宏伟建筑

The scenery of South Island is on a **grand** scale.

南岛风光壮观秀丽。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词（计划等）**宏伟的，宏大的** **Grand** plans or actions are intended to achieve important results.

Critics will point to other **grand** schemes that have gone less well, such as Sheffield's World Student Games disaster...

批评家将会指出其他一些并不成功的大项目，比如谢菲尔德世界大学生运动会这一败笔。

The **grand** design of Europe's monetary union is already agreed.

欧洲统一货币的宏伟构想已经获得认同。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **牛气的；不可一世的** People who are **grand** think they are important or socially superior.

He is **grand**er and even richer than the Prince of Wales...

他比威尔士亲王还牛气，甚至更有钱。

The Duke of Clarence will be there, and many of your **grand**er friends.

克拉伦斯公爵将会到场，还有你许多牛不可及的朋友亦将出席。

4 ADJ 形容词 **快乐的；令人非常愉快的** If you describe an activity or experience as **grand**, you mean that it is very pleasant and enjoyable.

Few museums could rival the Old Royal Observatory at Greenwich for a **grand** day out...

若想找个儿开心地逛一天，没有哪家博物馆能比得上格林尼治皇家天文台。

The dinner was a **grand** success...

晚宴办得十分成功。

He was having a **grand** time meeting new sorts of people.

结识形形色色的人让他很开心。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **了不起的；出色的；极好的** You can describe someone or something as **grand** when you admire or approve of them very much.

He was a **grand** bloke.

他非常了不起。

6 ADJ 形容词 **总结的** A **grand** total is one that is the final amount or the final result of a calculation.

It came to a **grand** total of £20,329.

总计20,329英镑。

7 ADJ 形容词（常用于大型建筑物的名称前）**大的** **Grand** is often used in the names of buildings such as hotels, especially when they are very large.

They stayed at The **Grand** Hotel, Budapest.

他们住在布达佩斯大饭店。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一千美元（或英镑）** A **grand** is a thousand dollars or a thousand pounds.

They're paying you ten **grand** now for those adaptations of old plays.

他们打算付你一万美元作为改编老剧本的报酬。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **同grand piano** A **grand** is the same as a **grand piano**.

10 See also: **grandly** ;

grant ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **拨款；补助金** A **grant** is an amount of money that a government or other institution gives to an individual or to an organization for a particular purpose such as education or home improvements.

They'd got a special **grant** to encourage research...

他们得到一笔用以鼓励科研的特别经费。

Unfortunately, my application for a **grant** was rejected.

很遗憾，我的助学金申请被拒绝了。

2 VERB 动词 **授予；给予** If someone in authority **grants** you something, or if something is **granted** to you, you are allowed to have it.

France has agreed to **grant** him political asylum...

法国已经同意给予他政治避难。

It was a Labour government which **granted** independence to India and Pakistan...

是工党政府同意了印度和巴基斯坦的独立。

Permission was **granted** a few weeks ago.

几周前已获得了许可。

3 VERB 动词 **承认** If you **grant that** something is true, you accept that it is true, even though your opinion about it does not change.

The magistrates **granted** that the charity was justified in bringing the action.

地方法官承认该慈善机构有理由提起诉讼。

You use 'I grant you' or 'I'll grant you' to say that you accept something is true, even though your opinion about it does not change. **我承认（某事属实，但并不因此改变自己的观点）**

He took a risk, I'll **grant** you. But when you think about it, the risk was pretty small...

我承认他有些冒险，但是回过来想一想，其实风险并不大。

I **grant** you that there have been excesses here and there. But this happens in any popular national struggle.

我承认各地出现了一些过激行为，但是这种现象在任何大规模民族斗争中都在所难免。

4 PHRASE 短语（因视作理所当然而不把...当回事，对...不予重视（或不知感激）） If you say that someone **takes you for granted**, you are complaining that they benefit from your help, efforts, or presence without showing that they are grateful.

What right has the family to take me for **granted**, Martin?...

这家人有什么资格瞧不起我，马丁？

The officials felt taken for **granted** and grumbled loudly.

这些官员感到受了怠慢，于是大声抱怨起来。

5 PHRASE 短语 **认为...是理所当然的** If you take something for granted, you believe that it is true or accept it as normal without thinking about it.

I was amazed that virtually all the things I took for granted up north just didn't happen in London.

几乎所有我认为在北方是理所当然的事情在伦敦都没有发生，这让我惊愕不已。

4 PHRASE 短语 **理所当然地认为** If you take it for granted that something is the case, you believe that it is true or you accept it as normal without thinking about it.

He seemed to take it for granted that he should speak as a representative.
他似乎想当然地认为他应该以代表的身份发言。

grey ★★★★★☆

in AM, use 美国英语用 gray

1 COLOUR 颜色词 **灰色** Grey is the colour of ashes or of clouds on a rainy day.

...a grey suit.
灰色套装

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(头发)灰白的** You use grey to describe the colour of people's hair when it changes from its original colour, usually as they get old.

...my grey hair...

我灰白的头发

Eddie was going grey.

埃迪的头发开始变白了。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(天气)昏暗的, 阴沉的** If the weather is grey, there are many clouds in the sky and the light is dull.

It was a grey, wet April Sunday.

这是4月一个阴雨绵绵的星期天。

greyness

...winter's greyness.

冬日的阴沉

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **沉闷的; 阴郁的; 暗淡的** If you describe a situation as grey, you mean that it is dull, unpleasant, or difficult.

Brazilians look gloomily forward to a New Year that even the president admits will be grey and cheerless.

展望新年, 巴西人心情沮丧, 甚至连总统都承认明年困难重重, 不容乐观。

greyness

In this new world of greyness there is an attempt to remove all risks.

身处这个前景暗淡的新世界, 人们力图排除所有的风险。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **单调乏味的; 无特色的; 不吸引人的** If you describe someone or something as grey, you think that they are boring and unattractive, and very similar to other things or other people.

...little grey men in suits.

身着西服、缺乏个性的小个子男人们

greyness

Journalists are frustrated by his apparent greyness.

他毫无个人魅力可言, 这让记者们很失望。

6 ADJ 形容词 **老年人的 (新闻用语)** Journalists sometimes use grey to describe things concerning old people.

There was further evidence of grey consumer power last week, when Ford revealed a car designed with elderly people in mind.

福特汽车公司为老年人设计的一款汽车于上周亮相, 这进一步体现了老年消费者的购买力。

growth ★★★★★☆

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **发展; 增长; 兴起** The growth of something such as an industry, organization, or idea is its development in size, wealth, or importance.

...the growth of nationalism.

民族主义的高涨

...Japan's enormous economic growth.

日本经济的突飞猛进

...high growth rates.

高增长率

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **增加; 增多; 增长** The growth in something is the increase in it.

A steady growth in the popularity of two smaller parties may upset the polls...

两个较小政党的支持率稳步上升, 可能会打乱投票结果。

The area has seen a rapid population growth...

该地区人口激增。

The market has shown annual growth of 20 per cent for several years.

这几年的市场年增长率都保持在20%。

3 ADJ 形容词 **发展的; 增长的** A growth industry, area, or market is one which is increasing in size or activity.

Computers and electronics are growth industries and need skilled technicians...

计算机与电子行业属于蓬勃发展的产业, 需要娴熟的技术人员。

Real estate lending has become the biggest growth area for American banks.

房地产贷款已经成了美国银行业增长最快的业务领域。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(性格的)成长, 发展** Someone's growth is the development and progress of their character.

...the child's emotional and intellectual growth...

孩子的情感与智力发展

Different teachers make different contributions to a student's growth.

不同的教师在学生的成长过程中起到不同的作用。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **发育; 生长; 成长** Growth in a person, animal, or plant is the process of increasing in physical size and development.

...hormones which control fertility and body growth...

控制生殖和身体发育的荷尔蒙

Cells divide and renew as part of the human growth process.

细胞不断地分裂更新, 这是人体发育过程的一部分。

6 N-VAR 可变名词 **新生发的植株; 一茬植株** You can use growth to refer to plants which have recently developed or which developed at the same time.

This helps to ripen new growth and makes it flower profusely...

这有助于新生发植株的成熟, 令其开出繁茂的花朵。

Pinch out the tips of the young growths to make for compact, bushy plants.

掐掉幼株的芽尖以便让它们长得紧凑浓密, 呈丛生状。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **肿块; 肿瘤; 赘生物** A growth is a lump that grows inside or on a person, animal, or plant, and that is caused by a disease.

This type of surgery could even be used to extract cancerous growths.

这种外科手术甚至可以用来切除癌性肿瘤。

guarantee ★★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 **确保; 使必然发生** If one thing guarantees another, the first is certain to cause the second thing to happen.

Surplus resources alone do not guarantee growth.

仅有富余的资源并不能确保发展。

...a man whose fame guarantees that his calls will nearly always be returned.

其名望能确保他的呼吁几乎总能得到回应的人

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **保证** Something that is a guarantee of something else makes it certain that it will happen or that it is true.

A famous old name on a firm is not necessarily a guarantee of quality...

公司悠久的品牌并不能确保商品的质量。

There is still no guarantee that a formula could be found.

还没有把握是否能找到一个配方。

3 VERB 动词 **保证...必定发生; 承诺做; 答应提供** If you guarantee something, you promise that it will definitely happen, or that you will do or provide it for someone.

Most states guarantee the right to free and adequate education...

大多数州都保障人们免费享受充分教育的权利。

All students are guaranteed campus accommodation for their first year...

保证安排所有的学生第一年在校内住宿。

We **guarantee** that you will find a community with which to socialise...

我们保证你们会找到自己的交际圈。

We **guarantee** to refund your money if you are not delighted with your purchase.

若您对所购商品不满意，我们保证退款。

...a **guaranteed** income of £1.6 million.

可确保的160万英镑的收入

Guarantee is also a noun.

The Editor can give no **guarantee** that they will fulfil their obligations...

《编辑家》无法保证他们会履行职责。

California's state Constitution includes a **guarantee** of privacy.

加利福尼亚的州宪法涵盖对隐私权的保障。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **保修单** A **guarantee** is a written promise by a company to replace or repair a product free of charge if it has any faults within a particular time.

Whatever a **guarantee** says, when something goes wrong, you can still claim your rights from the shop...

不论保修单如何规定，若商品出了问题，消费者仍然可以去商店维护自身权益。

It was still under **guarantee**.

它还在保修期内。

5 VERB 动词 **为...提供质量保证；担保** If a company **guarantees** its product or work, they provide a guarantee for it.

Some builders **guarantee** their work...

一些建筑公司对其承建工程提供质量保证。

All Dreamland's electric blankets are **guaranteed** for three years.

所有的梦多牌电热毯质保3年。

... parts of **guaranteed** quality.

有质量保证的零件

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **担保金；担保物；抵押品** A **guarantee** is money or something valuable which you give to someone to show that you will do what you have promised.

Males between 18 and 20 had to leave a deposit as a **guarantee** of returning to do their military service.

18至20岁的男性必须缴纳一笔保证金，作为回来服兵役的担保。

guard ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **守卫；护卫；警卫** If you **guard** a place, person, or object, you stand near them in order to watch and protect them.

Gunmen **guarded** homes near the cemetery with shotguns...

持枪者手持猎枪守卫着墓地附近的房子。

...the heavily **guarded** courtroom.

戒备森严的法庭

2 VERB 动词 **看守；监视** If you **guard** someone, you watch them and keep them in a particular place to stop them from escaping.

Marines with rifles **guarded** them...

手持步枪的海军陆战队士兵监视着他们。

He is being **guarded** by a platoon of police.

有一队警察看守着他。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **卫兵；警卫员；看守** A **guard** is someone such as a soldier, police officer, or prison officer who is guarding a particular place or person.

The prisoners overpowered their **guards** and locked them in a cell.

囚犯们制服了监狱看守，并将他们锁进了牢房。

4 N-SING-COLL 单数集合名词 **(一队)卫兵；(一队)警卫** A **guard** is a specially organized group of people, such as soldiers or policemen, who protect or watch someone or something.

We have a security **guard** around the whole area...

我们在该地区各处部署了保安。

A heavily armed **guard** of police have sealed off the city centre.

一队全副武装的警察已经封锁了市中心。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **列车长** On a train, a **guard** is a person whose job is to travel on the train in order to help passengers, check tickets, and make sure that the train travels safely and on time.

in AM, use 美国英语用 conductor

6 VERB 动词 **保护；保守；遮掩** If you **guard** some information or advantage that you have, you try to protect it or keep it for yourself.

He closely **guarded** her identity.

他对她的身份守口如瓶。

...a threat to the country's jealously **guarded** unity.

对该国珍惜维护的统一局面的威胁

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **保护装置；保护罩；保护器** A **guard** is a protective device which covers a part of someone's body or a dangerous part of a piece of equipment.

...the chin **guard** of my helmet...

我头盔上的下巴保护罩

A blade **guard** is fitted to protect the operator.

为保证操作人员的人身安全安装了浆叶保护罩。

8 N-IN-NAMES 名称名词 **(英国的)近卫军，禁军，近卫军士兵** Some regiments in the British Army, or the soldiers in them, are referred to as **Guards**.

...the Grenadier **Guards**.

英国近卫步兵团

9 See

also: [guarded](#); [bodyguard](#); [coastguard](#); [lifesaver](#); [guard](#);

10 PHRASE 短语 **乘(人)不备；使猝不及防** If someone **catches you off guard**, they surprise you by doing something you do not expect. If something **catches you off guard**, it surprises you by happening when you are not expecting it.

Charm the audience and **catch them off guard**...

吸引观众的注意力，然后给他们来个出其不意。

The invitation had **caught me off guard**.

收到这份邀请让我颇感意外。

11 PHRASE 短语 **丧失警惕；放松警惕；不提防** If you **lower your guard**, **let your guard down** or **drop your guard**, you relax when you should be careful and alert, often with unpleasant consequences.

The ANC could not afford to **lower its guard** until everything had been carried out...

非洲人国民大会在所有事项皆已完成前不敢有丝毫松懈。

You can't **let your guard down**...

你不能放松警惕。

It takes me a long time to **drop my guard** and get close to people.

我要花上好长时间才能放下戒备心，与人接近。

12 PHRASE 短语 **派人守卫；安排看守** If you **mount guard** or if you **mount a guard**, you organize people to watch or protect a person or place.

They've even **mounted guard** outside the main hotel in the capital...

他们甚至派人在首都的大饭店外面站岗。

Police **mounted round-the-clock guards** on properties last night.

警方昨晚通宵值守财物。

13 PHRASE 短语 **警惕；提防** If you are **on your guard** or **on guard**, you are being very careful because you think a situation might become difficult or dangerous.

The police have questioned him thoroughly, and he'll be **on his guard**...

警方已经对他进行了详细的盘问，因此他会保持戒备心理。

He is constantly **on guard** against any threat of humiliation.

他时刻提防着任何有辱尊严之事。

14 PHRASE 短语 **站岗；值班** If someone is **on guard**, they are on duty and responsible for guarding a particular place or person.

Police were **on guard** at Barnet town hall.

警察在巴尼特市政厅值守。

15 PHRASE 短语 **站岗；放哨** If you **stand guard**, you stand near a particular person or place because you are responsible for watching or protecting them.

One young policeman **stood guard** outside the locked embassy gates.

一位年轻的警察在大门紧闭的使馆外站岗。

16 PHRASE 短语 **在...看守之下** If someone is **under guard**, they are being guarded.

Three men were arrested and one was **under guard** in hospital.

有3人被逮捕，1人在警方监护下送医院治疗。

相关词组：

[guard against](#)

guess ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **猜；猜想；推测** If you **guess** something, you give an answer or provide an opinion which may not be true because you do not have definite knowledge about the matter concerned.

The suit was faultless: Wood **guessed** that he was a very successful publisher or a banker...

西装无可挑剔：伍德推测他可能是个相当成功的出版商或银行家。

You can only **guess** at what mental suffering they endure...

你只能猜测他们忍受着多大的精神痛苦。

Paula reached for her camera, **guessed** distance and exposure, and shot two frames...

葆拉伸手拿过照相机，估算了一下距离和曝光时间，然后拍了两张照片。

Guess what I did for the whole of the first week...

猜猜我整个第一周都干了些什么。

If she **guessed** wrong, it meant twice as many meetings the following week.

如果她猜测错误，那就意味着下周的会议要多上一倍。

2 VERB 动词 **猜中；猜对** If you **guess that** something is the case, you correctly form the opinion that it is the case, although you do not have definite knowledge about it.

By now you will have **guessed** that I'm back in Ireland...

你现在应该已经猜出我回到了爱尔兰了。

As you've probably **guessed**, the problem was electrical...

你们可能已经猜测出来了，这个问题与电有关。

He should have **guessed** what would happen...

他本该猜到即将发生什么事情。

Someone might have **guessed** our secret and passed it on.

有人或许已经猜到了我们的秘密并且将其散布开了。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **猜测；猜想** A **guess** is an attempt to give an answer or provide an opinion which may not be true because you do not have definite knowledge about the matter concerned.

My **guess** is that the chance that these vaccines will work is zero...

我猜测这些疫苗根本不可能奏效。

He'd taken her pulse and made a **guess** at her blood pressure...

他给她把过脉，估量了她的血压。

Well, we can hazard a **guess** at the answer.

噢，我们可以猜一猜答案。

4 PHRASE 短语 **大家都拿不准的事** If you say that something is **anyone's guess** or **anybody's guess**, you mean that no-one can be certain about what is really true.

Just when this will happen is **anyone's guess**...

谁也说不准这事什么时候会发生。

It's **anybody's guess** what happened.

谁也说不清发生了什么事。

5 PHRASE 短语 **凭猜测** You say **at a guess** to indicate that what you are saying is only an estimate or what you believe to be true, rather than being a definite fact.

At a **guess** he's been dead for two days.

据猜测，他已死了两天。

6 PHRASE 短语 **我想；我认为** You say **I guess** to show that you are slightly uncertain or reluctant about what you are saying.

I **guess** she thought that was pretty smart...

我想她可能认为那个很漂亮。

I **guess** he's right...

我认为他是正确的。

'I think you're being paranoid.' — 'Yeah, I **guess** so.'

我认为你太多疑了。——“是啊，我也是这样认为。”

7 PHRASE 短语 **让（人）捉摸不定** If someone **keeps you guessing**, they do not tell you what you want to know.

The author's intention is to keep everyone **guessing** until the bitter end...

这位作家打算把悲惨结局的悬念一直保留到最后。

She was keeping everyone **guessing** about the latest love in her life.

她不让任何人知道自己最近的感情生活。

8 CONVENTION 惯用语 **你猜怎么着；想不到吧** You say **guess what** to draw attention to something exciting, surprising, or interesting that you are about to say.

Guess what, I just got my first part in a movie.

你猜怎么着，我刚刚得到了自己的第一个电影角色。

guest ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **客人；宾客** A **guest** is someone who is visiting you or is at an event because you have invited them.

She was a **guest** at the wedding...

她是参加婚礼的客人。

Their **guests** sipped drinks on the veranda.

他们的客人在游廊里浅酌着美酒。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **特邀嘉宾；客串演员** A **guest** is someone who visits a place or organization or appears on a radio or television show because they have been invited to do so.

...a frequent chat show **guest**...

经常出现在访谈节目中的特邀嘉宾

Dr Gerald Jeffers is the **guest** speaker...

杰拉尔德·杰弗斯博士是特邀演讲人。

They met when she made a **guest** appearance in the hit TV show Minder.

他们是在她客串出演热播电视系列剧《守护者》时认识的。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（旅馆的）客人，房客** A **guest** is someone who is staying in a hotel. →see usage note at: [client](#)

I was the only hotel **guest**...

我是宾馆里唯一的住客。

Hotels operate a collection service for their **guests** from the airports.

宾馆为客人提供机场接机服务。

4 VERB 动词 **做特邀嘉宾；做特邀演员；客串** To **guest** means to take part in a performance or a match as a guest, rather than as a regular member.

He **guested** for one or two League sides...

他在一两支联赛队伍中做过外援。

The band have recently **guested** on records by Ringo Starr and Tears For Fears.

这个乐队最近在林戈·斯塔尔和“恐惧之泪”乐队的唱片中客串过。

5 CONVENTION 惯用语 **请便；随便** If you say **be my guest** to someone, you are giving them permission to do something.

If anybody wants to work on this, be my **guest**.

如果哪位想干这个，请便。

gun ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **枪；炮** A **gun** is a weapon from which bullets or other things are fired.

He produced a **gun** and he came into the house...

他掏出枪来，走进房子。

The inner-city has **guns** and crime and drugs and deprivation.

市中心的贫民区充斥着滥用枪支、犯罪、吸毒和贫困问题。

...**gun** control laws.

枪支管制法

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **发令枪** A **gun** or a **starting gun** is an object like a gun that is used to make a noise to signal the start of a race.

The starting **gun** blasted and they were off.

发令枪响了，他们冲了出去。

3 VERB 动词 **把...发动起来；给...加大油门；使加速** To **gun** an engine or a vehicle means to make it start or go faster by pressing on the accelerator pedal.

He **gunned** his engine and drove off.

他发动引擎，驱车而去。

4 See also: [airgun](#) ; [machine-gun](#) ; [shotgun](#) ; [sub-machine gun](#) ;

5 PHRASE 短语 **全力以赴；鼓足干劲** If you come out **with guns blazing** or **with all guns blazing**, you put all your effort and energy into trying to achieve something.

The company came out with **guns** blazing.

公司鼓足了劲要大干一番。

6 PHRASE 短语 **抢先行动；过早地行动** If you **jump the gun**, you do something before everyone else or before the proper or right time.

It wasn't due to be released until September 10, but some booksellers have jumped the **gun** and decided to sell it early.

这本书定于9月10号发行，但是一些书商已抢先一步，决定提前销售。

7 PHRASE 短语 **坚持自己的立场；固执己见；一意孤行** If you **stick to your guns**, you continue to have your own opinion about something even though other people are trying to tell you that you are wrong.

He should have stuck to his **guns** and refused to meet her.

他本应坚持己见，拒绝与她会面。

相关词组：

[gun down](#) [gun for](#)

guy ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [wise guy](#)；**男人；小伙子；家伙** A **guy** is a man.

I was working with a **guy** from Manchester.

我与一个来自曼彻斯特的小伙子一起工作。

2 N-VOC；N-PLURAL 称呼名词；复数名词（**美国英语**）**伙计们，兄弟们，姐妹们** Americans sometimes address a group of people, whether they are male or female, as **guys** or **you guys**.

Hi, **guys**. How are you doing?...

嗨，伙计们，大家还好吧？

Mom wants to know if you **guys** still have that two-person tent.

妈妈想知道你们是否还有那顶双人帐篷。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **同guy rope** A **guy** is the same as a **guy rope**.

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **盖伊模拟像（英国庆祝篝火之夜焚烧的身着古装的人像）** In Britain, a **guy** is a model of a man that is made from old clothes filled with straw or paper. Guys are burned on bonfires as part of the celebrations for Guy Fawkes Night.

hair ★★★★★☆

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **头发** Your **hair** is the fine threads that grow in a mass on your head.

I wash my **hair** every night...

我每晚都洗头。

He has black **hair**.

他一头乌发。

...a girl with long blonde **hair**...

金发飘飘的女孩

I get some grey **hairs** but I pull them out.

我有几根白发，但我都拔掉了。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **毛发；汗毛；体毛** **Hair** is the short, fine threads that grow on different parts of your body.

The majority of men have **hair** on their chest...

大多数男子长有胸毛。

It tickled the **hairs** on the back of my neck.

它挠得我后脖梗儿的绒毛直痒痒。

3 N-VAR 可变名词（**动物的**）**毛；（马的）鬃，鬃毛** **Hair** is the threads that cover the body of an animal such as a dog, or make up a horse's mane and tail.

I am allergic to cat **hair**.

我对猫毛过敏。

...dog **hairs** on the carpet.

地毯上的狗毛

4 N-COUNT 可数名词（**昆虫、植物上的**）**茸毛** **Hairs** are short, very fine threads that grow on some insects and plants.

The stinging nettle has a square stem and little **hairs**.

荨麻长有四方茎和细小茸毛。

Usage Note :

Hair can be both a count and an uncount noun. When you are describing people, you usually use the uncount sense. *She has long blonde hair and blue eyes. ...the girl with red hair and freckles.*

However, when you particularly want to refer to one or several of the individual strands that grow from your head or body, you can use the count sense. *There were some blonde hairs in the car... a single fibre thinner than a hair.*

hair 既可作可数名词，又可作不可数名词。用来描述人时，通常取不可数名词的意思，如：She has long blonde hair and blue eyes（她有着长长的金发和蓝色的眼睛），the girl with red hair and freckles（一头红发面带雀斑的女孩）。但如果要特指头上或身上的某一缕或几缕毛发，就取可数名词的意思，如：There were some blonde hairs in the car（车里有几根金发），a single fibre thinner than a hair（一根比头发丝还要细的纤维）。

5 PHRASE 短语 **彻底放松；玩个痛快；无拘无束** If you **let your hair down**, you relax completely and enjoy yourself.

...the world-famous Oktoberfest, a time when everyone in Munich really lets their **hair down**.

全球闻名的啤酒节，一个让所有身在慕尼黑的人都尽情放松的节日

6 PHRASE 短语 **使...毛骨悚然** Something that **makes your hair stand on end** shocks or frightens you very much.

This was the kind of smile that made your **hair stand on end**.

这是那种让人不寒而栗的微笑。

7 PHRASE 短语 **非常整洁；衣冠楚楚** If you say that someone has **not a hair out of place**, you are emphasizing that they are extremely smart and neatly dressed.

She had a lot of make-up on and not a **hair out of place**.

她化了浓妆，精致得让人挑不出一丝瑕疵。

8 PHRASE 短语 **面不改色；毫不惊慌；泰然自若** If you say that someone faced with a shock or a problem **does not turn a hair**, you mean that they do not show any surprise or fear, and remain completely calm.

No one seems to turn a **hair** at the thought of the divorced Princess marrying.

似乎没有人对离异的公主再婚感到丝毫地吃惊。

9 PHRASE 短语 **在细节上过分纠缠** If you say that someone is **splitting hairs**, you mean that they are making unnecessary distinctions between things when the differences between them are so small they are not important.

Don't split **hairs**. You know what I'm getting at.

别钻牛角尖了。你知道我指什么。

hand ★★★★★☆

[1. NOUN USES AND PHRASES 名词用法及短语](#)

[2. VERB USES 动词用法](#)

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **手** Your **hands** are the parts of your body at the end of your arms. Each hand has four fingers and a thumb.

I put my **hand** into my pocket and pulled out the letter...

我把手伸进口袋，掏出了那封信。

Sylvia, camera in **hand**, asked, "Where do we go first?"

西尔维娅手里拿着相机问道：“我们先去哪里？”

2 N-SING 单数名词 **作用；影响** The **hand** of someone or something is their influence in an event or situation.

The **hand** of the military authorities can be seen in the entire electoral process...

整个选举过程中都能看出军方的介入。

The study will strengthen the **hand** of congressmen who want stricter enforcement of the 14-year-old Act.

该研究将使那些希望更加严格执行这项已存在14年的法案的议员影响力加强。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **照顾；支配；掌管** If you say that something is **in a particular person's hands**, you mean that they are looking after it, own it, or are responsible for it.

I feel that possibly the majority of these dogs are in the wrong **hands**...

在我看来很可能这些狗大多数都没有人妥善照顾。

He is leaving his north London business in the **hands** of a colleague...

他把自己伦敦北部的业务交给一位同事打理。

We're in safe **hands**...

我们的事会得到妥当处理的。

The Government is openly encouraging the transfer of one of our greatest public buildings into private **hands**.

政府在公开支持将我们最伟大的公共建筑之一转与私人管理。

4 N-SING 单数名词 **帮助；援手** If you ask someone for a **hand** with something, you are asking them to help you in what you are doing.

I could see you'd want a **hand** with the children...

我能看出你需要有人帮着照看孩子。

Come and give me a **hand** in the garden...

到花园里来帮我一把。

We gave him a **hand** bringing it back.

我们帮他把它弄了回来。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(工厂或农场的)工人, 体力劳动者 (通常指男性)** A **hand** is someone, usually a man, who does hard physical work, for example in a factory or on a farm, as part of a group of people who all do similar work.

He now works as a farm **hand**...

他现在是一名农场工人。

He met mill **hands**, miners and farm labourers.

他见过工厂工人、矿工和农场工人。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **(通常指演出前后的)鼓掌, 掌声** If someone asks an audience to give someone a **hand**, they are asking the audience to clap loudly, usually before or after that person performs.

Let's give 'em a big **hand**.

让我们为他们热烈鼓掌。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(女方的)允婚** If a man asks for a woman's **hand in marriage**, he asks her or her parents for permission to marry her.

He came to ask Usha's father for her **hand in marriage**.

他来请求乌莎的父亲把女儿嫁给他。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(纸牌游戏中的)手中的牌, 一手牌** In a game of cards, your **hand** is the set of cards that you are holding in your hand at a particular time or the cards that are dealt to you at the beginning of the game.

He carefully inspected his **hand**.

他仔细地审视着自己手中的牌。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一手之宽 (测量马匹高度的单位, 等于4英寸)** A **hand** is a measurement of four inches, which is used for measuring the height of a horse from its front feet to its shoulders.

I had a very good 14.2 **hands** pony, called Brandy.

我有一匹很棒的14.2手高的小马, 名叫布朗迪。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(钟表上的)指针** The **hands** of a clock or watch are the thin pieces of metal or plastic that indicate what time it is.

11 N-SING 单数名词 **字迹; 手迹; 笔迹** Your **hand** is the style in which you write with a pen or pencil.

The manuscripts were written in the composer's own **hand**.

手稿是作曲家亲笔写的。

12 PHRASE 短语 **(空间或时间上)接近的, 不远的** If something is **at hand**, **near at hand**, or **close at hand**, it is very near in place or time.

Having the right equipment **at hand** will be enormously helpful...

手头上有合适的设备将会帮上大忙。

Realizing that his retirement was near **at hand**,

he looked for some additional income.

意识到自己快要退休了, 他想要挣些外快。

13 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **在...手中, 从...那里 (尤指受到不好的待遇)** If someone experiences a particular kind of treatment, especially unpleasant treatment, **at the hands of** a person or organization, they receive it from them.

The civilian population were suffering greatly **at the hands of** the security forces.

老百姓吃尽了安全部队的苦头。

14 PHRASE 短语 **用手工** If you do something **by hand**, you do it using your hands rather than a machine.

Each pleat was stitched in place **by hand**.

每条褶裥都是手工缝制到位的。

15 PHRASE 短语 **变换所有权; 易主; 易手** When something **changes hands**, its ownership changes, usually because it is sold to someone else.

The firm has changed **hands** many times over the years.

该公司多年来已几易其主。

16 PHRASE 短语 **完全受(某人)支配; 完全听命于(某人)** If you have someone **eating out of your hand**, they are completely under your control.

Parker could have customers **eating out of his hand**.

帕克能让顾客对自己言听计从。

17 PHRASE 短语 **连手带脚地, 手脚一起地 (捆绑)** If someone is bound **hand and foot**, both their hands and both their feet are tied together.

18 PHRASE 短语 **迫使(某人)提前行动 (或公开其所作所为)** If you **force someone's hand**, you force them to act sooner than they want to, or to act in public when they would prefer to keep their actions secret.

He blamed the press for **forcing his hand**.

他指责新闻界迫使自己采取行动。

19 PHRASE 短语 **(为...)忙得不可开交; (因...)应接不暇** If you **have your hands full with** something, you are very busy because of it.

She had her **hands full with** new arrivals.

她忙于应付新来的人。

20 PHRASE 短语 **自行决定权; 自由行动权** If someone gives you a **free hand**, they give you the freedom to use your own judgment and to do exactly as you wish.

He gave Stephanie a **free hand** in the decoration.

他放手让斯蒂芬妮全权负责装修一事。

21 PHRASE 短语 **迅速而大量地 (赚钱或花钱)** If you say that someone is making or losing money **hand over fist**, you mean that they are getting or losing a lot of money very quickly.

22 PHRASE 短语 **(通常指经过努力后)获得, 得到** If you **get your hands on** something or **lay your hands on** something, you manage to find it or obtain it, usually after some difficulty.

Patty began reading everything she could get her **hands on**.

帕蒂开始阅读她能找到的所有东西。

23 PHRASE 短语 **(与某人)密切合作地** If you work **hand in glove with** someone, you work very closely with them.

The UN inspectors work **hand in glove with** the Western intelligence agencies.

联合国观察员和西方情报机构之间密切合作。

24 PHRASE 短语 **(常指为表示爱意而)手拉手的, 携着手的** If two people are **hand in hand**, they are holding each other's nearest hand, usually while they are walking or sitting together. People often do this to show their affection for each other.

I saw them making their way, **hand in hand**,

down the path.

我看到他们手拉手沿着小路往前走。

25 PHRASE 短语 **(两件事)密切相关地, 同时并进地** If two things go **hand in hand**, they are closely connected and cannot be considered separately from each other.

For us, research and teaching go **hand in hand**...

对我们而言, 研究和教学是齐头并进的。

Hand **in hand** with the police inquiries the

government has also announced a full

investigation.

在警方调查的同时, 政府也宣布要展开彻查。

26 PHRASE 短语 **参加; 参与** If you **have a hand in** something such as an event or activity, you are involved in it.

He thanked all who had a **hand in** his release.

他向所有帮助自己获得释放的人表示感谢。

27 PHRASE 短语 **(统治者)用高压手段, 严厉地** If you say that someone such as the ruler of a country treats people **with a heavy hand**, you are criticizing them because they are very strict and severe with them.

Henry and Richard both ruled **with a heavy hand**.

亨利和理查德都用高压手段实行统治。

28 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 **(常指为表示爱意而)手拉手, 牵手** If two people are **holding hands**, they are holding each other's nearest hand, usually while they are walking or sitting together. People often do this to show their affection for each other.

She approached a young couple **holding hands**

on a bench.

她走近一对手拉手坐在长椅上的年轻情侣。

29 PHRASE 短语 **给...精神上的支持** If you ask

someone to **hold your hand** at an event that you are worried about, you ask them to support you by being there with you.

I don't need anyone to hold my **hand**.

我不需要任何人的精神安慰。

30 PHRASE 短语 (比赛) 尚待进行 In a competition, if someone has games or matches **in hand**, they have more games or matches left to play than their opponent and therefore have the possibility of scoring more points.

Wales are three points behind Romania in the group but have a game **in hand**.

威尔士队在小组中以3分之差落后于罗马尼亚队，但他们还有一场比赛没踢。

31 PHRASE 短语 (时间或金钱) 宽余的 If you have time or money **in hand**, you have more time or money than you need.

Hughes finished with 15 seconds **in hand**.

休斯提前了15秒完成。

32 PHRASE 短语 (工作或问题) 办理中的，处理中的 The job or problem **in hand** is the job or problem that you are dealing with at the moment.

The business **in hand** was approaching some kind of climax.

手头的生意似乎快到紧要关头了。

33 PHRASE 短语 (局势) 在控制下，在掌握中 If a situation is **in hand**, it is under control.

The Olympic organisers say that matters are well **in hand**.

奥运会的组织方说各项事务都在掌控之中。

34 PHRASE 短语 偶尔练习以保持熟练 If you do something to **keep your hand in**, you practise a skill or hobby occasionally in order to remain fairly good at it.

He still plays keyboards for a local band to **keep his hand in**.

他仍在一个本地乐队里担任键盘手，以免技艺生疏。

35 PHRASE 短语 趴着；四肢着地 If you are **on your hands and knees**, your knees and feet and the palms of your hands are touching the ground.

Chris crawled on his **hands and knees** out onto the highway.

克里斯手脚并用爬上了公路。

36 PHRASE 短语 向...伸出援手；给予...帮助 If you **lend someone a hand**, you help them.

I'd be glad to **lend a hand**.

我很乐意帮忙。

37 PHRASE 短语 (不客气的警告语) 别碰...，别干涉... If you tell someone to **keep their hands off** something or to **take their hands off** it, you are telling them in a rather aggressive way not to touch it or interfere with it.

Keep your **hands off** my milk.

不准打我的牛奶的主意。

38 PHRASE 短语 马上；立即；无需询问(或查证) If you do not know something **off hand**, you do not know it without having to ask someone else or look it up in a book.

I can't think of any **off hand**.

我现在一个也想不出来。

39 PHRASE 短语 由...负责/不再由...负责 If you have a problem or responsibility **on your hands**, you have to deal with it. If it is **off your hands**, you no longer have to deal with it.

They now have yet another drug problem **on their hands**...

他们现在又有个吸毒问题需要解决。

She would like the worry of dealing with her affairs taken **off her hands**.

她希望不再为处理自己的事务而烦恼。

40 PHRASE 短语 在手头；在远处；现有 If someone or something is **on hand**, they are near and able to be used if they are needed.

The Bridal Department will have experts **on hand** to give you all the help and advice you need...

婚礼用品部会有现成的专家为您提供所需的一切帮助和建议。

There was simply no cash **on hand** to meet the cost of food.

手头实在没有现金可以购买食品。

41 PHRASE 短语 一方面...(另一方面...) You use **on the one hand** to introduce the first of two contrasting points, facts, or ways of looking at something. It is always followed later by **on the other hand** or 'on the other'.

On the one hand, if the body doesn't have enough cholesterol, we would not be able to survive. **On the other hand**, if the body has too much cholesterol, the excess begins to line the arteries.

一方面，如果体内没有足够的胆固醇，我们就无法存活下去。另一方面，如果体内胆固醇过高，多余的胆固醇就会附着在动脉内壁上。

42 PHRASE 短语 (从)另一方面(来说)(用于引出相对照的另一观点) You use **on the other hand** to introduce the second of two contrasting points, facts, or ways of looking at something.

Well, all right, hospitals lose money. But, **on the other hand**, if people are healthy, don't think of it as losing money; think of it as saving lives.

嗯，好吧，医院是赔钱。但从另一个角度看，如果人们都健健康康的，就不能认为是在赔钱，而应该想成是在救死扶伤。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **on the other hand** with **on the contrary**. **On the other hand** is used to state a different, often contrasting aspect of the situation you are considering. **On the contrary** is used to contradict someone, to say that they are wrong. *He had no wish to hurt her. On the contrary, he thought of her with warmth and affection.*

不要混淆 **on the other hand** 和 **on the contrary**。on the other hand 用于阐述前面所提到的情形中一个不同的、而且往往是形成对比的方面。on the contrary 则用于反驳某人，认为其是错误的，例如：He had no wish to hurt her. On the contrary, he thought of her with warmth and affection (他无意伤害她。相反，他一想起她心里就充满温暖和爱意)。

43 PHRASE 短语 失去控制；不可收拾 If a person or a situation gets **out of hand**, you are no longer able to control them.

His drinking had got **out of hand**.

他酗酒的恶习已无法控制。

44 PHRASE 短语 立即，不假思索地(屏弃、拒绝等) If you dismiss or reject something **out of hand**, you do so immediately and do not consider believing or accepting it.

I initially dismissed the idea **out of hand**.

我起初不假思索地就否定了这个想法。

45 PHRASE 短语 因失算而让...占便宜；做对...有利的事 If you **play into someone's hands**, you do something which they want you to do and which places you in their power.

He is playing into the **hands** of racists.

他这样做正中种族主义分子的下怀。

46 PHRASE 短语 摊牌；亮出底牌；表明自己的真实意图 If you **show your hand**, you show how much power you have and the way you intend to act.

He has grown more serious about running for president, although he refuses to **show his hand**.

尽管他拒绝亮出自己的底牌，他对竞选总统一事却越来越认真了。

47 PHRASE 短语 (尤指为有所改善) 接手，照管，担任起对...的责任 If you **take something or someone in hand**, you take control or responsibility over them, especially in order to improve them.

I hope that Parliament will soon take the NHS **in hand**...

我希望议会能很快接管国民医疗保健系统。

He had thought her worth taking **in hand**.

他曾经认为照管她是值得的。

48 PHRASE 短语 (因愤怒、绝望或厌恶而) 骤然举起双手 If someone **throws up their hands**, they express their anger, frustration, or disgust when a situation becomes so bad that they can no longer accept it.

She threw up her **hands** in despair...

她绝望地举起双手表示放弃。

Or are they just going to throw up their **hands** and say you're asking too much?

或许他们只会愤怒地挥舞着双手说你的要求太过分了？

49 PHRASE 短语 受到束缚；放不开手脚 If you say that your **hands are tied**, you mean that something is preventing you from acting in the way that you want to.

Politicians are always saying that they want to help us but their **hands** are tied...

政客们总是说想帮助我们，但却身不由己。

Her **hands** were tied by the way that the US constitution is structured.

她为美国宪法的表述缚住了手脚。

50 PHRASE 短语 **在手边 在附近** If you have something **to hand** or **near to hand**, you have it with you or near you, ready to use when needed.

You may want to keep this brochure safe, so you have it **to hand** whenever you may need it.

你应该保管好这份手册，这样随时想用都能马上在手边找到。

51 PHRASE 短语 **(通常指初次) 尝试, 试身手** If you **try your hand** at an activity, you attempt to do it, usually for the first time.

After he left school, he tried his **hand** at a variety of jobs—bricklayer, cinema usher, coal man.

离开学校后，他尝试过各种工作，如泥瓦匠、电影院引座员、运煤工。

52 PHRASE 短语 **着手学做** If you **turn your hand** to something such as a practical activity, you learn about it and do it for the first time.

...a person who can turn his **hand** to anything.

什么事都能学着做的人

53 PHRASE 短语 **洗手不干; 不再管; 和...断绝关系** If you **wash your hands** of someone or something, you refuse to be involved with them any more or to take responsibility for them.

He seems to have washed his **hands** of the job.

那份工作他好像已经洗手不干了。

54 PHRASE 短语 **轻易取胜** If you **win hands** down, you win very easily.

55 See also: [hand-to-mouth](#); with one's bare hands→see: [bare](#);

to overplay one's hand→see: [overplay](#);

to shake someone's hand→see: [shake](#);

to shake hands→see: [shake](#);

1 VERB 动词 **递; 交; 给** If you **hand** something to someone, you pass it to them.

He **handed** me a little rectangle of white paper...

他递给我一张小小的长方形白纸片。

He took a thick envelope from an inside pocket and **handed** it to me.

他从内侧口袋里掏出一只厚信封递给我。

2 PHRASE 短语 **你不得不佩服...** You say things such as 'You have to **hand it to her**' or 'You've got to **hand it to them**' when you admire someone for their skills or achievements and you think they deserve a lot of praise.

You've got to **hand** it to Melissa, she certainly gets around.

你不得不佩服梅利莎，她到哪里都吃得开。

相关词组：

[hand around](#) [hand back](#) [hand down](#) [hand in](#)

[hand on](#) [hand out](#) [hand over](#) [hand round](#)

handle ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(门上的) 拉手, 把手** A **handle** is a small round object or a lever that is attached to a door and is used for opening and closing it.

I turned the **handle** and found the door was open.

我转了一下门把手，发现门开着。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(工具、包、杯等的) 柄, 把手, 提手** A **handle** is the part of an object such as a tool, bag, or cup that you hold in order to be able to pick up and use the object.

The **handle** of a cricket bat protruded from under his arm.

一个板球拍柄从他的胳肢窝下面伸了出来。

...a broom **handle**.

扫帚柄

3 VERB 动词 **有能力应付; (成功地) 处理** If you say that someone can **handle** a problem or situation, you mean that they have the ability to deal with it successfully.

To tell the truth, I don't know if I can **handle** the job...

说实话，我不知道自己是否能做好这份工作。

She cannot **handle** pressure...

她承受不了压力。

You must learn how to **handle** your feelings.

你必须学会如何控制自己的感情。

4 VERB 动词 **(以...方式) 应付, 处理** If you talk about the way that someone **handles** a problem or situation, you mention whether or not they are successful in achieving the result they want.

I think I would **handle** a meeting with Mr. Siegel very badly...

我觉得和西格尔先生会谈我可能会搞得一团糟。

She admitted to herself she didn't know how to **handle** the problem.

她心里承认自己不知道该如何处理这个问题。

handling

The family has criticized the military's **handling** of Robert's death.

罗伯特的家人批评军方对罗伯特死亡的事情处理失当。

5 VERB 动词 **负责 (某项工作)** If you **handle** a particular area of work, you have responsibility for it.

She **handled** travel arrangements for the press corps during the presidential campaign...

她负责了总统竞选活动期间新闻报道团的行程安排。

The investigation is being **handled** by Scotland Yard's anti-terrorist branch.

调查由伦敦警察厅反恐部门负责。

6 VERB 动词 **使用, 操纵 (武器、车辆等); 训练, 使唤 (动物)** When you **handle** something such as a weapon, vehicle, or animal, you use it or control it, especially by using your hands.

I had never **handled** an automatic.

我从未用过自动手枪。

7 VERB 动词 **(车辆等容易) 操纵, 驾驶** If something such as a vehicle **handles** well, it is easy to use or control.

His ship had **handled** like a dream!

他的船操纵起来非常灵便。

8 VERB 动词 **拿; 抓; 搬动** When you **handle** something, you hold it or move it with your hands.

Wear rubber gloves when **handling** cat litter.

清理猫粪时要带上橡胶手套。

9 N-SING 单数名词 **(理解、解决问题的) 方法, 途径** If you have a **handle** on a subject or problem, you have a way of approaching it that helps you to understand it or deal with it.

When you have got a **handle** on your anxiety you can begin to control it.

一旦了解了自已焦虑的原因，你就开始能控制它了。

10 PHRASE 短语 **大发脾气; 勃然大怒** If you **fly off the handle**, you suddenly and completely lose your temper.

He flew off the **handle** at the slightest thing.

他为一点小事就大发脾气。

hang ★★★★★

The form hung is used as the past tense and past participle. The form hanged is used as the past tense for meaning 5. hung 是过去式和过去分词，hanged 是义项5的过去式。

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **悬挂; 吊** If something **hangs** in a high place or position, or if you **hang** it there, it is attached there so it does not touch the ground.

Notices painted on sheets **hang** at every entrance...

写在纸上的告示悬挂在每个入口。

A light-bulb **hanging** from the ceiling filled the room with a cold yellow light...

屋子里天花板上吊着的一个灯泡散发着冷冷的黄光。

The curtains will be **hanging** there for years...

这窗帘将在那里挂很多年。

I was left **hanging** by my fingertips over a drop of hundreds of feet.

就剩下我用指尖扒着悬空在几百英尺高的地方。

...small **hanging** lanterns...

小吊灯

They saw a young woman come out of the house to **hang** clothes on a line.

他们看到一个年轻女子从屋里出来把衣服晾在绳子上。

Hang up means the same as **hang**. [hang up](#) 同 [hang](#)

I found his jacket, which was **hanging up** in the hallway...

我找到了他那件夹克衫，就在门厅里挂着。

Some prisoners climbed onto the roof and hung up a banner.

几个囚犯爬上房顶，挂起了一面旗子。

2 VERB 动词 (衣服或织物) 下垂，披垂，飘垂 If a piece of clothing or fabric **hangs** in a particular way or position, that is how it is worn or arranged.

...a ragged fur coat that hung down to her calves...

她穿的一件长及小腿肚的破旧毛皮大衣

Look for a suit made from good, sturdy cloth to ensure it **hangs** well...

找一套用结实的好布料做的套装，这样的衣服垂感好。

She was standing by the door, her blue robe **hanging** from her shoulders.

她站在门边，蓝色的袍子从肩上披垂下来。

3 VERB 动词 (以某种方式) 垂下，披下，悬挂 If something **hangs** loose or **hangs** open, it is partly fixed in position, but is not firmly held, supported, or controlled, often in such a way that it moves freely.

...her long golden hair which hung loose about her shoulders...

她那松散着披在肩上的长长的金发

The window sashes were missing, the doors hung open, or were gone altogether...

窗框都不见了，门都敞开着，或者干脆说压根就没有门了。

She froze, her mouth **hanging** open.

她呆住了，嘴张开着。

4 VERB 动词 悬挂 (画等) If something such as a wall is **hung** with pictures or other objects, they are attached to it.

The walls were hung with huge modern paintings.

墙上挂着巨幅的现代画。

...a line of wall hooks hung with old anoraks and mud-stained overalls.

挂着旧的短风衣和沾有泥污的工装裤的一排墙钩

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (被) 施以绞刑；(被) 绞死 If someone is **hanged** or if they **hang**, they are killed, usually as a punishment, by having a rope tied around their neck and the support taken away from under their feet.

The five were expected to be **hanged** at 7 am on Tuesday...

那5个人将在周二早上7点被施以绞刑。

It is right that their murderers should **hang**...

谋杀他们的凶手就应该被绞死。

He **hanged** himself two hours after arriving at a mental hospital.

在到精神病医院两小时后他就上吊自杀了。

hanging

Four steamboat loads of spectators came to view a **hanging** in New Orleans.

四轮船的观众来新奥尔良观看绞刑。

6 VERB 动词 悬浮 If something such as someone's breath or smoke **hangs** in the air, it remains there without appearing to move or change position.

His breath was **hanging** in the air before him...

他的哈气悬浮在自己面前。

A haze of expensive perfume **hangs** around her.

高档香水的气雾弥漫在她周围。

7 VERB 动词 逼近；威胁；使忧心忡忡 If a possibility **hangs** over you, it worries you and makes your life unpleasant or difficult because you think it might happen.

A constant threat of unemployment **hangs** over thousands of university researchers...

持续存在的失业威胁困扰着数千名大学科研人员。

A question mark **hangs** over many of their futures.

他们的不少期货都还是问号。

8 VERB 动词 See also: [hanging](#) ; [hang](#) ; 对...毫不操心；对...满不在乎 Hang is used in expressions such as **hang it** and **hang the money** to indicate that you are not concerned about something or the consequences of doing something.

Once the Americans decide to do a thing, they do it well, and **hang** the cost.

一旦美国人决定要做一件事，他们就会把它做好，且丝毫不计代价。

9 PHRASE 短语 掌握...的窍门；熟悉...的门道 If you **get the hang** of something such as a skill or activity, you begin to understand or realize how to do it.

It's a bit tricky at first till you get the **hang** of it.

刚开始有点儿难，掌握窍门后就好了。

10 PHRASE 短语 坚持下去；别泄气 If you tell someone to **hang in there** or to **hang on in there**, you are encouraging them to keep trying to do something and not to give up even though it might be difficult.

Hang in there and you never know what you might achieve.

坚持下去，你永远都无法预料会有什么样的收获。

11 PHRASE 短语 放松随便；不拘礼节 If you let it **all hang out**, you relax completely and enjoy yourself without worrying about hiding your emotions or behaving politely.

12

to **hang by a thread**→see: [thread](#) ;

to **hang on someone's every word**→see: [word](#) ;

相关词组：

[hang around](#) [hang back](#) [hang on](#) [hang out](#)

[hang round](#) [hang together](#) [hang up](#)

happy ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 高兴的；快乐的 Someone who is **happy** has feelings of pleasure, usually because something nice has happened or because they feel satisfied with their life.

Marina was a confident, **happy** child...

玛丽娜是个自信、快乐的孩子。

I'm just **happy** to be back running...

我很高兴能重新回到跑道上。

Her face relaxed into a **happy** smile.

她表情放松下来，露出快乐的微笑。

happily

Albert leaned back **happily** and lit a cigarette.

艾伯特高兴地向后倚靠，点了根香烟。

happiness

I think mostly she was looking for happiness.

我认为她主要是在寻找快乐。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (时光、地点或关系) 令人愉快的，幸福的 A **happy** time, place, or relationship is full of happy feelings and pleasant experiences, or has an atmosphere in which people feel happy.

Except for her illnesses, she had had a particularly **happy** childhood...

除了体弱多病外，她的童年特别幸福。

It had always been a **happy** place...

这里从前一直是个令人愉快的地方。

We have a very **happy** marriage.

我们的婚姻非常幸福。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (对情况或安排) 满意的，放心的 If you are **happy** about a situation or arrangement, you are satisfied with it, for example because you think that something is being done in the right way.

If you are not **happy** about a repair, go back and complain...

如果你对修理效果不满意，可以再找他们投诉。

He's **happy** that I deal with it myself...

我自己把事情解决了，对此他很满意。

When he got old he was really quite **happy** to let the department run itself.

上了年纪后，他真的很放心让这个部门自行运转。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 乐意的；情愿的 If you say you are **happy** to do something, you mean that you are very willing to do it.

I'll be **happy** to answer any questions if there are any...

如果有问题，我很乐意回答。

That's a risk I'm **happy** to take.

我愿意冒这个险。

happily

If I've caused any offence over something I have written, I will **happily** apologise.

如果我写的东西冒犯了别人，我愿意道歉。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (表示祝福) ...快乐 Happy is used in greetings and other conventional expressions to say that you hope someone will enjoy a special occasion. **many happy returns**→see: [return](#) ;

Happy Birthday!...

生日快乐！

Happy Easter!

复活节快乐！

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (巧合) 幸运的, 令人愉快的 A **happy** coincidence is one that results in something pleasant or helpful happening.

By **happy** coincidence, Robert met Richard and Julia and discovered they were experiencing similar problems.

幸运的是, 罗伯特碰巧遇到了理查德和朱莉娅, 发现原来他们也碰到了类似的问题。

hardly ★★★★★

1 ADV-BRD-NEG 广义否定结构副词 (用于修正作出的陈述, 表示不大可能) 几乎不, 几乎没有 You use **hardly** to modify a statement when you want to emphasize that it is only a small amount or detail which makes it true, and that therefore it is best to consider the opposite statement as being true.

I **hardly** know you...

我不太认识你。

Nick, on the sofa, **hardly** slept...

尼克在沙发上几乎没睡。

He was given **hardly** 24 hours to pack his bags...

只给了他不到24小时的时间来打点行装。

Their two faces were **hardly** more than eighteen inches apart.

他俩的脸相隔还不到18英寸。

2 ADV-BRD-NEG 广义否定结构副词 几乎不; 几乎没有 You use **hardly** in expressions such as **hardly ever**, **hardly any**, and **hardly anyone** to mean almost never, almost none, or almost no-one.

We ate chips every night, but **hardly ever** had fish...

我们每晚吃炸薯条, 但几乎从不吃鱼。

Most of the others were so young they had **hardly any** experience...

其他人大都都很年轻, 几乎没什么经验。

Hardly anyone slept that night.

那天晚上几乎没人睡觉。

3 ADV-BRD-NEG 广义否定结构副词 (用在否定句中构成双重否定, 用于强调某事真实或经常发生) 几乎不 You use **hardly** before a negative statement in order to emphasize that something is usually true or usually happens.

Hardly a day goes by without a visit from someone.

几乎每天都有人来。

4 ADV-BRD-NEG 广义否定结构副词 (用于can之后, 表示强调) 很难 When you say you can **hardly** do something, you are emphasizing that it is very difficult for you to do it.

I can **hardly** believe it's been over eight years since you used to go camping at Cedar Creek...

我几乎无法相信现在距离你过去常常去松溪露营的日子已经有8年多了。

My garden was covered with so many butterflies that I could **hardly** see the flowers.

我的花园里飞舞着很多蝴蝶, 我几乎看不见花了。

5 ADV-BRD-NEG 广义否定结构副词 (表示两件事情紧接着发生) 刚刚, 才 If you say **hardly** had one thing happened when something else happened, you mean that the first event was followed immediately by the second.

He had **hardly** collected the papers on his desk when the door burst open...

他刚收起桌上的文件, 门就猛地开了。

Hardly had he returned to London than an anonymous well-wisher called to say he was about to be raided by Customs & Excise.

他刚回到伦敦, 就有一个不愿透露姓名的好心人打来电话说, 他即将面临海关的突击检查。

6 ADV-BRD-NEG 广义否定结构副词 (表示希望听者或读者赞同自己) 并不, 丝毫不 You use **hardly** to mean 'not' when you want to suggest that you are expecting your listener or reader to agree with your comment.

We have not seen the letter, so we can **hardly** comment on it...

我们还没有看到这封信, 所以无从发表意见。

It's **hardly** surprising his ideas didn't catch on...

他的想法没有被广泛接受, 这并不是为奇。

The growth rate for 1980-89 was 2.2%. **Hardly** the stuff of economic miracles.

1980至1989年间的经济增长率是2.2%, 算不上什么经济奇迹。

7 CONVENTION 惯用语 (尤用于对不赞同的说法表示惊奇或不满) 不可能, 不会吧 You use 'hardly' to mean 'no', especially when you want to express surprise or annoyance at a statement that you disagree with.

'They all thought you were marvellous!' — 'Well, **hardly**!'

“他们都认为你很棒!” “哦, 不可能吧!”

'We could almost have seen it,' — 'Hardly, darling — in the dark and from a distance of a good hundred feet?'

“我们几乎都看到它了。” “不会吧, 亲爱的——天那么黑, 离得又至少有100英尺呢!”

heart ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 心; 心脏; 胸口 Your **heart** is the organ in your chest that pumps the blood around your body. People also use **heart** to refer to the area of their chest that is closest to their heart.

The bullet had passed less than an inch from Andrea's **heart**...

子弹在离安德烈亚的心脏不到一英寸的地方穿过。

The only sound inside was the beating of his **heart**...

屋内唯一的聲音就是他的心跳声。

He gave a sudden cry of pain and put his hand to his **heart**.

他突然痛苦地大叫一声, 用手捂住了心口。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 内心; 心灵; 心情 You can refer to someone's **heart** when you are talking about their deep feelings and beliefs.

Alik's words filled her **heart** with pride...

亚利克的话让她心感自豪。

I just couldn't bring myself to admit what I knew in my **heart** to be true.

我就是无法迫使自己承认心里知道的事实。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 心肠; 心地; 同情心 You use **heart** when you are talking about someone's character and attitude towards other people, especially when they are kind and generous.

She loved his brilliance and his generous **heart**...

她深爱他的才华横溢和古道热肠。

She's got a good **heart** but she's calculating.

她心地善良, 但却工于心计。

4 N-SING 单数名词 爱情; 爱恋; 感情 If you refer to things of the **heart**, you mean love and relationships.

This is an excellent time for affairs of the **heart**.

这是谈情说爱的绝佳时机。

5 N-SING 单数名词 核心; 实质; 重点; 要点 The **heart** of something is the most central and important part of it.

The **heart** of the problem is supply and demand...

问题的核心是供求关系。

Money lies at the **heart** of the debate over airline safety.

资金是空运安全争论中的实质问题。

6 N-SING 单数名词 (地方的) 中心 The **heart** of a place is its centre.

...a busy dentists' practice in the **heart** of London's West End.

位于伦敦西区中心的一个繁忙的牙科诊所

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (蔬菜的) 菜心 The **heart** of a lettuce, cabbage, or other vegetable is its centre leaves.

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 (作为爱的象征的) 心形 A **heart** is a shape that is used as a symbol of love: ♥.

...**heart-shaped** chocolates.

心形巧克力

9 N-UNCOUNT-COLL 不可数集合名词 (纸牌的) 红桃, 红心 Hearts is one of the four suits in a pack of playing cards. Each card in the suit is marked with one or more red symbols in the shape of a heart.

A **heart** is a playing card of this suit. (一张) 红桃牌, 红心牌

West had to decide whether to play a **heart**.

韦斯特必须决定是否要出一张红桃。

10 PHRASE 短语 全心全意地; 真心实意地 If you feel or believe something with **all your heart**, you feel or believe it very strongly.

My own family I loved with **all my heart**.

我真心实意地爱我全家人。

11 PHRASE 短语 (人) 本质上, 实际上, 内心里 If you say someone is **at heart**, you mean that they are really or essentially that way.

She is **at heart** a very kind person.

她本质上是一个非常善良的人。

you say that someone is a particular kind of person **at heart**, you mean that that is what they are really like, even though they may seem very different.

He was a very gentle boy **at heart**.

他实际上是个非常温柔的男生。

12 PHRASE 短语 **十分关心 (某人的利益或福祉)**

If you say that someone has your interests or your welfare **at heart**, you mean that they are concerned about you and that is why they are doing something.

She told him she only had his interests **at heart**.

她告诉他自己的事都是为了他好。

13 PHRASE 短语 **(通常指因感情破裂而)使...伤心, 使...心碎**

If someone **breaks your heart**, they make you very sad and unhappy, usually because they end a love affair or close relationship with you.

14 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指因对他人的苦难无能为力而)使...伤心, 使...心碎**

If something **breaks your heart**, it makes you feel very sad and depressed, especially because people are suffering but you can do nothing to help them.

It really **breaks my heart** to see them this way.

看到他们这个样子可真让我伤心。

15 PHRASE 短语 **心碎; 伤心**

If you say that someone has a **broken heart**, you mean that they are very sad, for example because a love affair has ended unhappily.

She never recovered from her **broken heart**.

她心上的伤再也没能愈合。

16 PHRASE 短语 **背得出; 靠记忆**

If you know something such as a poem **by heart**, you have learned it so well that you can remember it without having to read it.

Mack knew this passage **by heart**.

麦克会背这一段。

17 PHRASE 短语 **态度的转变**

If someone has a **change of heart**, their attitude towards something changes.

Several brokers have had a **change of heart**

about prospects for the company...

几位经纪人对该公司前景的看法已经有所改变。

Why the **change of heart**?

为什么变了态度?

18 PHRASE 短语 **为...所重视 (或关注)**

If something such as a subject or project is **close to your heart** or **near to your heart**, it is very important to you and you are very interested in it and concerned about it.

Animal welfare is a subject very **close to my heart**.

动物福利是我非常关注的一个问题。

19 PHRASE 短语 **尽情地; 痛痛快快地**

If you can do something **to your heart's content**, you can do it as much as you want.

I was delighted to be able to eat my favorite

dishes **to my heart's content**.

我很高兴能够痛痛快快地吃我最喜爱的菜。

20 CONVENTION 惯用语 **我发誓 (所说的是真的) / 你敢发誓 (所说的是真的) 吗?**

You can say 'cross my heart' when you want someone to believe that you are telling the truth. You can also ask 'cross your heart?', when you are asking someone if they are really telling the truth.

And I won't tell any of the other girls anything

you tell me about it. I promise, **cross my heart**.

我不会把你告诉我的事告诉任何其他女孩。我发誓，保证不会。

21 PHRASE 短语 **真诚地; 发自内心地**

If you say something **from the heart** or **from the bottom of your heart**, you sincerely mean what you say.

He spoke with confidence, **from the heart**...

他的话充满信心，发自心坎。

I don't want to go away without thanking you

from the bottom of my heart.

我离开之前一定要先衷心地感谢你。

22 PHRASE 短语 **鼓励...; 使...振作起来**

If something **gives you heart**, it makes you feel more confident or happy about something.

It gave me **heart** to see one thug get what he

deserves.

看到一个恶棍罪有应得真是大快我心。

23 PHRASE 短语 **不忍心 (做...)**

If you want to do something but do **not have the heart to do it**, you do not do it because you know it will make someone unhappy or disappointed.

We knew all along but didn't have the **heart to**

tell her.

我们一直都知道，但却不忍心告诉她。

24 PHRASE 短语 **在心底里; 在内心深处**

If you believe or know something **in your heart of hearts**, that is what you really believe or think, even though it may sometimes seem that you do not.

I know **in my heart of hearts** that I am the right

man for that mission.

我心里深知我是完成那项任务的合适人选。

25 PHRASE 短语 **对...无兴趣; 心不在...上**

If your **heart isn't in the thing you are doing**, you have very little enthusiasm for it, usually because you are depressed or are thinking about something else.

I tried to learn some lines but my **heart wasn't**

really in it.

我想要背几句台词，但我的心根本不在那上面。

26 PHRASE 短语 **失去信心; 灰心; 泄气**

If you **lose heart**, you become sad and depressed and are no longer interested in something, especially because it is not progressing as you would like.

He appealed to his countrymen not to **lose heart**.

他呼吁自己的同胞不要丧失信心。

27 PHRASE 短语 **爱上...; 对...倾心**

If you **lose your heart to someone**, you fall in love with them.

28 PHRASE 短语 **激动非常; 焦急万分; 害怕得要命**

If your **heart is in your mouth**, you feel very excited, worried, or frightened.

My **heart was in my mouth** when I walked into

her office.

我走进她的办公室时，紧张得心都到了喉咙口。

29 PHRASE 短语 **敞开心扉; 倾吐心里话**

If you **open your heart** or **pour out your heart** to someone, you tell them your most private thoughts and feelings.

She opened her **heart** to millions yesterday and

told how she came close to suicide.

她昨天在数成百万人面前倾吐心声，讲述了自己是如何差点轻生的。

30 PHRASE 短语 **(尽管有其他缺点但)心地善良, 心眼儿好**

If you say that someone's **heart is in the right place**, you mean that they are kind, considerate, and generous, although you may disapprove of other aspects of their character.

He is a bit of a tearaway but his **heart is in the**

right place.

他是有点像个阿飞，但心眼儿不错。

31 PHRASE 短语 **一心想得到; 一心想要做**

If you have **set your heart on something**, you want it very much or want to do it very much.

He had always **set his heart on** a career in the

fine arts.

他一直以来都一心想把美术作为自己的事业。

32 PHRASE 短语 **感情外露; 心直口快**

If you **wear your heart on your sleeve**, you openly show your feelings or emotions rather than keeping them hidden.

33 PHRASE 短语 **全心全意地; 尽心竭力地**

If you put your **heart and soul into something**, you do it with a great deal of enthusiasm and energy.

He will always be successful when he puts his

mind to something, because he puts his **heart**

and soul into it.

当他专心想干某件事时，他总是能成功，因为他会

全心全意地投入其中。

34 PHRASE 短语 **(从...)得到鼓舞; (因...)振作精神**

If you **take heart from something**, you are encouraged and made to feel optimistic by it.

35 PHRASE 短语 **对...耿耿于怀; 为...感到不快**

If you **take something to heart**, for example someone's behaviour, you are deeply affected and upset by it.

If someone says something critical I **take it to**

heart.

如果有人提出批评，我会十分介意。

heat ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **把...加热; 使升温**

When you **heat** something, you raise its temperature, for example by using a flame or a special piece of equipment.

Meanwhile, **heat** the tomatoes and oil in a pan.

同时，在平底锅里将西红柿和油加热。

...a gas that absorbs the sun's energy and **heats**

the air above it.

吸收太阳能，使上方空气变热的气体

...heated swimming pools.

温水游泳池

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **热；高温** Heat is warmth or the quality of being hot.

The seas store **heat** and release it gradually during cold periods...

海洋储存热量，并在寒冷季节里慢慢地把它释放出来。

His leaves drooped a little in the fierce **heat** of the sun.

它的叶子在灼热的阳光下微微耷拉着。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **炎热；高温天气** The **heat** is very hot weather.

As an asthmatic, he cannot cope with the **heat** and humidity...

他患有哮喘病，经不起高温和潮湿。

This **heat** is killing me.

这么热的天气真让我难受。

The heat of the day is the hottest part of the day, especially when this is very hot. (尤指高温时节) 一天中最热的时候

The town square's empty in the **heat** of the day.

城市广场在一天中最热的时段里空无一人。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **温度；热度** The **heat** of something is the temperature of something that is warm or that is being heated.

Warm the milk to blood **heat**...

将牛奶热至人体温度。

Adjust the **heat** of the barbecue by opening and closing the air vents.

通过开关气阀来调节烧烤架的温度。

5 N-SING 单数名词 **热源；炉灶；暖气** You use **heat** to refer to a source of heat, for example a cooking ring or the heating system of a house.

Immediately remove the pan from the **heat**...

马上把平底锅从灶上端下来。

Some apartment buildings don't have their **heat** turned on till the end of this week.

有些公寓楼直到本周末才会开暖气。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **强烈的感情；(尤指)愤怒，激动** You use **heat** to refer to a state of strong emotion, especially of anger or excitement.

It was all done in the **heat** of the moment and I have certainly learned by my mistake...

所有的一切都是在一怒之下干的，我无疑已经从自己的错误中吸取了教训。

'Look here,' I said, without **heat**, 'all I did was to walk down a street and sit down.'

“你瞧，”我平静地说，“我只不过就是沿街走我的路，然后坐了下来。”

7 N-SING 单数名词 **(某活动)最激烈的时刻** The **heat** of a particular activity is the point when there is the greatest activity or excitement.

Last week, in the **heat** of the election campaign, the Prime Minister left for America.

上周，当竞选活动进行到白热化时，首相启程去了美国。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [dead heat](#) ; **预赛；分组赛** A **heat** is one of a series of races or competitions. The winners of a heat take part in another race or competition, against the winners of other heats.

...the **heats** of the men's 100m breaststroke.

男子100米蛙泳预赛

9 PHRASE 短语 **(雌性动物)正在发情(美国英语中作 in heat)** When a female animal is **on heat** in British English, or **in heat** in American English, she is in a state where she is ready to mate with a male animal, as this will probably result in her becoming pregnant.

相关词组：

[heat up](#)

heavy ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **重的；沉的** Something that is **heavy** weighs a lot.

These scissors are awfully **heavy**...

这把剪刀太沉了。

Gosh, that was a **heavy** bag!...

啊呀，那个袋子真重！

The mud stuck to her boots, making her feet **heavy** and her legs tired.

她的靴子上沾满了泥，使她举步沉重，双腿疲惫不堪。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **有...重的** You use **heavy** to ask or talk about how much someone or something weighs.

How **heavy** are you?...

你有多重？

Protons are nearly 2000 times as **heavy** as electrons.

质子的质量几乎是电子的2,000倍。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **大量的；重大的；严重的；强烈的；剧烈的** Heavy means great in amount, degree, or intensity.

Heavy fighting has been going on...

激烈的战斗一直持续不断。

The State fails to recognize the **heavy** responsibility that parents take on...

政府没有认识到家长所承担的重大责任。

He worried about her **heavy** drinking...

他为她的酗酒感到担忧。

...lengthy jail sentences and **heavy** fines...

长期监禁和巨额罚款

The traffic along Fitzjohn's Avenue was **heavy**.

菲茨美大道上的交通拥堵严重。

heavily

It has been raining **heavily** all day.

大雨下了一整天。

...groups of riot police and **heavily** armed members of a special anti-robbery squad.

数队防暴警察和荷枪实弹的反劫特别小组成员

heaviness

...the **heaviness** of the blood loss.

大量失血

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **结实的；粗大的；厚重的** Someone or something that is **heavy** is solid in appearance or structure, or is made of a thick material.

We talk in her Belgrade flat, full of **heavy** old brown furniture...

我们在她位于贝尔格莱德的公寓里进行了交谈，那屋里满是结实的老式棕色家具。

He was short and **heavy**...

他矮小粗壮。

Put the sugar and water in a **heavy** pan and heat slowly.

将糖和水放在一只厚底锅里慢慢加热。

...a **heavy** cream silk blouse.

厚实的乳白色丝绸衬衫

heavily

He was a big man of about forty, wide-shouldered and **heavily** built.

他是个40岁左右的高大男子，肩宽体壮。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(质地)黏重的** A **heavy** substance is thick in texture.

It is advisable to mix coarse grit into **heavy** soil to improve drainage.

建议将粗砂掺到黏重的土壤里，以提高排水性能。

...11 million gallons of **heavy** crude oil.

1,100万加仑重质原油

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(饭菜)量大的，难消化的** A **heavy** meal is large in amount and often difficult to digest.

He had been feeling drowsy, the effect of an unusually **heavy** meal.

他一直感到昏昏沉沉的，这是吃了一顿超级大餐的结果。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **充满...的；装满...的** Something that is **heavy with** things is full of them or loaded with them.

The air is **heavy with** moisture...

空气的湿度很大。

She brought in a tray **heavy with** elegant sandwiches, scones and cakes.

她端进来一只盘子，里面盛满了精美的三明治、烤饼和蛋糕。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(呼吸)粗重的，深沉的** If a person's breathing is **heavy**, it is very loud and deep.

Her breathing became slow and heavy.

她的呼吸变得缓慢而粗重。

heavily

She sank back on the pillow and closed her eyes, breathing heavily as if asleep.

她一头倒回枕头上闭起了眼睛，呼吸浊重，就像睡着了似的。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (动作)用力的, 猛烈的 A heavy movement or action is done with a lot of force or pressure.

...a heavy blow on the back of the skull...

后脑勺遭到的一记重击

The plane made a heavy landing.

飞机粗猛着陆。

heavily

I sat down heavily on the ground beside the road...

我一屁股坐在路边的地上。

A man stumbled heavily against the side of the car.

一名男子脚下一绊，猛地撞在车身上。

10 ADJ 形容词 (机器、武器等)重型的, 大型的 A heavy machine or piece of military equipment is very large and very powerful.

...government militia backed by tanks and heavy artillery.

以坦克和重型大炮为后盾的政府国民军

...armoured personnel carriers and other heavy vehicles.

装甲兵员运输车和其他重型车辆

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 繁忙的; (日程)排满的 If you describe a period of time or a schedule as heavy, you mean it involves a lot of work.

It's been a heavy day and I'm tired...

忙了一天，我累坏了。

Hopefully, Max would be able to spend a few days with them, depending on his heavy schedule.

希望马克斯能从满档的日程中抽出时间和他们一起呆上几天。

12 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 费力的; 繁重的 Heavy work requires a lot of strength or energy.

The business is thriving and Philippa employs two full-timers for the heavy work.

业务蒸蒸日上，菲莉帕雇用了两个全职员工来应付繁重的工作。

13 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 耗费...多的; 大量使用...的 If you say that something is heavy on another thing, you mean that it uses a lot of that thing or too much of that thing.

Tanks are heavy on fuel and destructive to roads.

坦克要耗费大量的燃料，而且会破坏道路。

...Linda, a platinum blonde, heavy on the lipstick.

琳达，一位口红涂得很厚的银发女郎

...salads heavy on carrots.

放了很多胡萝卜的色拉

14 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (空气、天气等)阴沉的, 闷热的 Air or weather that is heavy is unpleasantly still, hot, and damp.

The outside air was heavy and moist and sultry.

外面的空气沉滞、潮湿而闷热。

15 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (表情)沉痛的, 疲惫呆滞的, 阴郁的 If you describe a person's face as heavy, you mean that it looks sad, tired, or unfriendly.

Many of them were policemen, with their heavy faces and cropped hair.

他们中有很多人表情阴郁，留着平头，一看就是警察。

16 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (心情)沉重的, 悲伤的 If your heart is heavy, you are sad about something.

Mr Maddison handed over his resignation letter with a heavy heart.

麦迪逊先生心情沉重地递上自己的辞呈。

17 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (形势)棘手的, 难应付的 A situation that is heavy is serious and difficult to cope with.

I don't want any more of that heavy stuff.

我再也不想碰那种麻烦事了。

18 N-COUNT 可数名词 (雇作保镖或打手的)彪形大汉 A heavy is a large strong man who is employed to protect a person or place, often by using violence.

They had employed heavies to evict shop squatters from neighbouring sites.

他们雇了一些彪形大汉，将附近私自占点的商贩都赶走了。

19 to make heavy weather of something→see: [weather](#); a heavy hand→see: [hand](#);

highly ★★★★★☆

1 ADV 副词 极其; 非常 Highly is used before some adjectives to mean 'very'.

Mr Singh was a highly successful salesman...

辛格先生是个非常成功的推销员。

It seems highly unlikely that she ever existed.

她好像压根就没有存在过。

...the highly controversial nuclear energy programme.

备受争议的核能计划

2 ADV-GRADED 副词 身居高位; 高级别地 You use highly to indicate that someone has an important position in an organization or set of people.

...a highly placed government advisor.

高级政府顾问

...highly ranked soccer teams.

名列前茅的足球队

3 ADV-GRADED 副词 高水平地 If someone is highly paid, they receive a large salary.

He was the most highly paid member of staff.

他是员工中薪酬最高的。

4 ADV-GRADED 副词 极为(赞许); (评价)高的 If you think highly of something or someone, you think they are very good indeed.

Daphne and Michael thought highly of the school.

达夫妮和迈克尔对那所学校评价很高。

...one of the most highly regarded chefs in the French capital.

法国首都最受推崇的厨师之一

hole ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 洞; 坑; 孔眼 A hole is a hollow space in something solid, with an opening on one side.

He took a shovel, dug a hole, and buried his once-prized possessions...

他拿起一把铁锹，挖了个坑，将自己曾经珍爱的物品埋了起来。

The builders had cut holes into the soft stone to support the ends of the beams.

建筑工人在软石上挖了洞以支撑梁端。

...a 60ft hole.

60英尺深的洞

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (贯穿的)孔洞 A hole is an opening in something that goes right through it.

These tiresome creatures eat holes in the leaves...

这些讨厌的虫子在叶子上咬出了洞。

Armed robbers broke into the jeweller's through a hole in the wall.

持枪劫匪钻过墙洞闯进了珠宝店。

...kids with holes in the knees of their jeans.

牛仔裤膝部有破洞的小孩

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (鼠、兔等小动物的)洞穴, 窝 A hole is the home or hiding place of a mouse, rabbit, or other small animal.

...a rabbit hole.

兔窝

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (法律、理论、论点等的)漏洞, 缺陷, 破绽 A hole in a law, theory, or argument is a fault or weakness that it has.

There were some holes in that theory, some unanswered questions.

那个理论中有一些漏洞，一些问题没有解答。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 糟糕的地方; 鬼地方 If you refer to a place as a hole, you are emphasizing that you think it is very unpleasant.

Why don't you leave this awful hole and come to live with me?

你为什么不开这个鬼地方，搬过来和我住?

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (9洞或18洞高尔夫球场的) 球洞 (指从球座到球穴的一段区域) A **hole** is also one of the nine or eighteen sections of a golf course.

I played nine **holes** with Gary Player today.
我今天和加里·普莱耶打了9洞高尔夫球。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (高尔夫球场上的) 球穴 A **hole** is one of the places on a golf course that the ball must drop into, usually marked by a flag.

8 VERB 动词 (高尔夫球比赛中) 击球入穴 If you **hole** in a game of golf, you hit the ball so that it goes into the hole.

He **holed** from nine feet at the 18th...
他打到第18洞时从9英尺外击球入穴。

Frost **holed** a bunker shot from 50 feet to snatch the title by one stroke.

弗罗斯特在50英尺外的沙坑中击球入穴，以一杆的优势获得冠军。

9 VERB 动词 打出破洞于，炸出窟窿于 (建筑物、船只等上) If something such as a building or ship is **holed**, holes are made in it by guns or other weapons.

Blocks of flats have been **holed** and some shells have fallen within the historic ramparts.

几栋公寓楼被炸出了窟窿，几枚炮弹还落在了古护城墙内。

10 PHRASE 短语 绝对不需要 If you say that you **need** something or someone like a **hole in the head**, you are emphasizing that you do not want them and that they would only add to the problems that you already have.

We need more folk heroes like we need a **hole in the head**.

我们绝对不需要有更多的民间英雄了。

11 PHRASE 短语 置身困境；处境尴尬 If you say that you are **in a hole**, you mean that you are in a difficult or embarrassing situation.

He admitted that the government was in 'a dreadful **hole**'.

他承认政府目前“处境极为尴尬”。

12 PHRASE 短语 (高尔夫球运动中从发球区的) 一杆入穴 If you get a **hole in one** in golf, you get the golf ball into the hole with a single stroke.

All they ever dream about is getting a **hole in one**.

他们一直梦想着能一杆入穴。

13 PHRASE 短语 在 (论点或理论) 中挑毛病 If you **pick holes in** an argument or theory, you find weak points in it so that it is no longer valid.

He then goes on to **pick holes in** the article before reaching his conclusion.

他接着在文章中挑了一番刺儿后才作出结论。

相关词组：

[hole up](#)

holiday ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (外出度过的) 假期 A **holiday** is a period of time during which you relax and enjoy yourself away from home. People sometimes refer to their holiday as their **holidays**.

I've just come back from a **holiday** in the United States...

我刚从美国度假回来。

We rang Duncan to ask where he was going on **holiday**...

我们打电话给邓肯，问他要去哪里度假。

Ischia is a popular seaside **holiday** resort...

伊斯基亚是个很受欢迎的海滨度假胜地。

We're going to Scotland for our **holidays**.

我们要去苏格兰度假。

in AM, use 美国英语用 vacation

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [bank holiday](#) ; 公众假日；节日 A **holiday** is a day when people do not go to work or school because of a religious or national festival.

New Year's Day is a public **holiday** throughout Britain...

元旦是全英国的公众假日。

He invited her to spend the Fourth of July **holiday** at his summer home on Fire Island...

他邀请她去自己在法尔岛上的消夏寓所过美国独立纪念日。

Bad weather has caused dozens of flight cancellations over the **holiday** weekend.

恶劣的天气已经导致这个连假周末数十个航班被取消。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (学校的) 假期 The **holidays** are the time when children do not have to go to school.

...the first day of the school **holidays**.

学校放假的第一天

in AM, use 美国英语用 vacation

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (不上班的) 休假期 If you have a particular number of days' or weeks' **holiday**, you do not have to go to work for that number of days or weeks.

Every worker will be entitled to four weeks' paid **holiday** a year.

每位工人每年都能享受4周的带薪休假。

in AM, use 美国英语用 vacation

5 VERB 动词 (外出) 度假 If you are **holidaying** in a place away from home, you are on holiday there.

Sampling the local cuisine is one of the delights of **holidaying** abroad...

品尝当地菜肴是海外度假的乐趣之一。

Vacant rooms on the campus were being used by **holidaying** families.

校园里的闲置宿舍住着一些度假的家庭。

in AM, use 美国英语用 vacation

Usage Note :

Take care not to confuse **holiday** and **holidays**.

注意不要混淆 holiday 和 holidays.

horse ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 马 A **horse** is a large animal which people can ride. Some horses are used for pulling ploughs and carts.

A small man on a grey **horse** had appeared.

一个骑着灰马的小个子男人出现了。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 赛马 When you talk about **the horses**, you mean horse races in which people bet money on the horse which they think will win.

He still likes to bet on the **horses**.

他仍然喜欢赌马。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (体操器械) 跳马 A vaulting **horse** is a tall piece of gymnastics equipment for jumping over.

4 PHRASE 短语 从知情人那里直接 (获悉) If you hear something **from the horse's mouth**, you hear it from someone who knows that it is definitely true.

He has got to hear it from the **horse's mouth**.

Then he can make a judgment as to whether his policy is correct or not.

他必须得到千真万确的信息才行。这样他才能判断自己的政策是否正确。

5 See also: [clothes horse](#) ; [dark horse](#) ; [rocking horse](#) ; [seahorse](#) ; [to put the cart before the horse](#) ; →see: [cart](#) ;

相关词组：

[horse around](#)

hostage ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 人质 A **hostage** is someone who has been captured by a person or organization and who may be killed or injured if people do not do what that person or organization demands.

It is hopeful that two **hostages** will be freed in the next few days.

有两名人质可望在几天后获释。

2 PHRASE 短语 被扣作人质 If someone is **taken hostage** or is **held hostage**, they are captured and kept as a hostage.

He was taken **hostage** while on his first foreign assignment as a television journalist.

他第一次作为电视记者出国采访时就被扣作人质。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 受限制的人；不由自主的人 If you say you are **hostage to** something, you mean that your freedom to take action is restricted by things that you cannot control.

With the reduction in foreign investments, the government will be even more a **hostage to** the whims of the international oil price...

随着外资的减少，政府将更加受制于起伏不定的国际油价。

Wine growers say they've been held **hostage to** the interests of the cereal and soybean farmers.

葡萄酒酿造者说他们一直都为谷物和大豆种植者的利益所绑架。

hot ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **热的；烫的** Something that is **hot** has a high temperature.

When the oil is **hot**, add the sliced onion...
油热了后，放入切好的洋葱。

What he needed was a **hot** bath and a good sleep...
他需要洗个热水澡，好好睡一觉。

Metal-handled pans can get really **hot** and burn you.
金属柄的锅可能会热得烫手。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **天气热的；气温高的；炎热的** **Hot** is used to describe the weather or the air in a room or building when the temperature is high.

It was too **hot** even for a gentle stroll...
天太热，连慢慢散步都吃不消。

It was a **hot**, humid summer day...
这是个炎热潮湿的夏日。

My small greenhouse gets very **hot** when the sun is shining.
我的小温室在太阳照耀下会被烤得炙热。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(人)感觉热的** If you are **hot**, you feel as if your body is at an unpleasantly high temperature.

I was too **hot** and tired to eat more than a few mouthfuls...
我又热又累，只吃了几口就吃不下了。

My head was reeling. I felt **hot** all over.
我的头很晕。我感觉全身滚烫。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(温度)...高的** You use **hot** to talk or ask about how high the temperature of something is.

They are called incandescent lights, and their colour depends on how **hot** they are...
这种灯叫做白炽灯，其颜色取决于温度。

Remember that the top of the oven will be **hotter** than the bottom.
记住，烤炉的顶部将比底部温度更高。

Usage Note :

In informal English, if you want to emphasize how hot the weather is, you can say that it is **boiling** or **scorching**. In winter, if the temperature is above average, you can say that it is **mild**. In general, **hot** suggests a higher temperature than **warm**, and **warm** things are usually pleasant. ...*a warm evening*.

在非正式英语中，可以用 **boiling** 或 **scorching** 来强调天气炎热。在冬天，如果气温高于平均水平，可以用 **mild**。一般来说，**hot** 表示的温度比 **warm** 高，而 **warm** 表示的温度通常让人感到舒服：*a warm evening* (温暖的夜晚)。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(食物)趁热吃的** **Hot** food is intended to be eaten as soon as it is cooked, as opposed to food that you eat when it has cooled or that you do not cook at all.

If you live alone, you might not want to cook a **hot** meal every day.
如果单身居住，你可能不会想每天都做一顿热菜热饭。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(食物)辣的，辛辣的** You can say that food is **hot** when it has a strong, burning taste caused by chillies, pepper, or ginger.

...**hot** curries.
辛辣的咖喱食品

...a dish that's spicy but not too **hot**.
加了香料但并不太辣的菜

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(议题、话题)热门的，受到广泛关注的** A **hot** issue or topic is one that is very important at the present time and is receiving a lot of publicity.

The role of women in war has been a **hot** topic of debate in America since the Gulf conflict.
自海湾冲突以来，妇女在战争中的作用一直是美国国内一个备受争议的热门话题。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(消息)刚发布的，最新的，新近的** **Hot** news is new, recent, and fresh.

...eight pages of the latest movies, video releases and the **hot** news from Tinseltown.
有关上档电影、发行影碟及好莱坞最新消息的8页报道

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **风行的；走红；炙手可热的** You can use **hot** to describe something that is very exciting and that many people want to see, use, obtain, or become involved with.

The **hottest** show in town was the Monet Exhibition at the Art Institute...
全城最轰动的展览是在美术学院举办的莫奈画展。

When I was last there, the **hot** place was the Royal Bachelors' Club.
我上次在那里时，最热闹的地方是皇家单身汉俱乐部。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(常指非法获得的贵重或知名物品)烫手的，难以销赃的** You can use **hot** to describe something that no one wants to deal with, often because it has been illegally obtained and is very valuable or famous.

If too much publicity is given to the theft of important works, the works will become too **hot** to handle and be destroyed.
如果重要作品遭窃一事被大肆报道，这些作品就会因为难以转手而被销毁。

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(情形)棘手的；艰难的** You can describe a situation that is created by a person's behaviour or attitude as **hot** when it is unpleasant and difficult to deal with.

When the streets get too **hot** for them, they head south in one stolen car after another.
当他们觉得在街头混不下去了时，就沿途不断偷车换开，一路往南去了。

12 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(比赛)激烈的，双方全力以赴的** A **hot** contest is one that is intense and involves a great deal of activity and determination.

It took **hot** competition from abroad, however, to show us just how good Scottish cashmere really is.
然而，我们是透过来自国外的激烈竞争才认识到了苏格兰羊绒的优良品质。

13 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **被看好的；最有望获胜的** If a person or team is the **hot** favourite, people think that they are the one most likely to win a race or competition.

Atlantic City is the **hot** favourite to stage the fight.
在大西洋城举行这场拳击比赛是众望所归。

14 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 See also: **hot-tempered**; **(脾气)暴躁的，易怒的** Someone who has a **hot** temper gets angry very quickly and easily.

His **hot** temper was making it increasingly difficult for others to work with him.
他的火爆脾气使得别人越来越难以和他合作。

15 PHRASE 短语 **忽冷忽热；反复无常** If someone **blows hot and cold**, they keep changing their attitude towards something, sometimes being very enthusiastic and at other times expressing no interest at all.

The media, meanwhile, has blown **hot and cold** on the affair.
同时，媒体对这件事的态度表现得忽冷忽热。

16 PHRASE 短语 **焦虑不安；六神无主；举止失常** If you are **hot and bothered**, you are so worried and anxious that you cannot think clearly or behave sensibly.

Ray was getting very **hot and bothered** about the idea.
这个想法让雷心慌意乱。

17 PHRASE 短语 **对...有强烈的情欲** If you say that one person **has the hots for** another, you mean that they feel a strong sexual attraction to that person.

I've had the **hots** for him ever since he came to college.
自从他来上大学后，我就对他春心萌动。

相关词组：

[hot up](#)

hotel ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **宾馆；旅馆；酒店** A **hotel** is a building where people stay, for example on holiday, paying for their rooms and meals.

housing ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **住房；住宅** You refer to the buildings in which people live as **housing** when you are talking about their standard, price, or availability.

...a shortage of affordable **housing**...
保障房的短缺

Poor **housing** and family stress can affect both physical and mental health.
住房条件差、家庭压力大都会影响身心两方面的健康。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **住房供给；住房建设** **Housing** is the job of providing houses for people to live in.

...graduate courses in **housing** and public administration...
住房建设和公共管理的研究生课程

If you are a council tenant call the **housing** department about it.
市建住房租户请就该问题致电住房部。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(机器的)外壳, 外罩, 护盖** A **housing** is a case or covering which protects parts of a machine.

Both **housings** are waterproof to a depth of two metres.
两个机罩的防水深度均为两米。

huge ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(体积)巨大的, 庞大的** Something or someone that is **huge** is extremely large in size.

...a tiny little woman with **huge** black glasses...
戴着一副硕大黑框眼镜的娇小女子

Several painters were working on a **huge** piece of canvas which would serve as the scenery...
几位画家正在一块用作舞台布景的巨大帆布上作画。

Our driver strolled up, **huge** and swarthy.
我们的司机悠闲地走了过来, 他身材高大, 肤色黧黑。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(数量、程度上)巨大的, 极大的**

Something that is **huge** is extremely large in amount or degree.

I have a **huge** number of ties because I never throw them away...
我有超多条领带, 因为我从来不肯扔掉它们。

He is furious they are making **huge** profits out of the misery of young addicts.
看到他们从年轻吸毒者的痛苦中榨取暴利, 他怒不可遏。

hugely

In summer this hotel is a **hugely** popular venue for wedding receptions.
夏天时这家饭店是个非常受欢迎的婚宴举办地。

...a **hugely** successful businessman...
极其成功的商人

She seemed to be enjoying herself **hugely**...
她似乎玩得非常开心。

I think she was **hugely** embarrassed by the whole scene.
我认为整个场面让她极其尴尬。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(规模上)巨大的, 极大的** Something that is **huge** exists or happens on a very large scale, and involves a lot of different people or things.

Another team is looking at the **huge** problem of debts between companies...
另一组人正在研究公司间严重的债务问题。

The result was human suffering on a **huge** scale.
结果是人类遭遇深重的灾难。

hundredth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第一百** The **hundredth** item in a series is the one that you count as number one hundred.

The bank celebrates its **hundredth** anniversary in December.
这家银行将于12月庆祝其成立100周年。

2 FRACTION 分数词 **百分之一** A **hundredth** of something is one of a hundred equal parts of it.

Mitchell beat Lewis by three-**hundredths** of a second.
米切尔以0.03秒的微弱优势赢了刘易斯。

hurt ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **使(自己或身体某部位)受伤** If you **hurt yourself** or **hurt** a part of your body, you feel pain because you have injured yourself.

Yasin had seriously **hurt** himself while trying to escape from the police...
亚辛试图从警察手中逃脱时受了重伤。

He had **hurt** his back in an accident.
他在一次事故中伤了后背。

2 VERB 动词 **(身体某部位)感到疼痛** If a part of your body **hurts**, you feel pain there.

His collar bone only **hurt** when he lifted his arm.
他的锁骨只有在抬臂时才感觉到痛。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **受伤的** If you are **hurt**, you have been injured.

His comrades asked him if he was **hurt**...
战友问他是否受伤了。

They were dazed but did not seem to be badly **hurt**.
他们有些神志不清, 但看起来没有受重伤。

4 VERB 动词 **弄伤, 弄痛(他人)** If you **hurt** someone, you cause them to feel pain.

I didn't mean to **hurt** her, only to keep her still...
我不是故意要弄痛她, 只是想让她别乱动。

You're **hurting** my arm...
你弄痛我的胳膊了。

Ouch. That **hurt**.
哎哟, 好痛。

5 VERB 动词 **伤害(感情); 使伤心** If someone **hurts** you, they say or do something that makes you unhappy.

He is afraid of **hurting** Bessy's feelings...
他怕伤害了贝茜的感情。

She's afraid she's going to be **hurt** and that she'll never fall in love again...
她害怕自己会受到伤害, 从而永远不会再恋爱了。

What **hurts** most is the betrayal, the waste.
最痛彻心扉的是背叛和感情的浪费。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(感情上)受到伤害的, 伤心的** If you are **hurt**, you are upset because of something that someone has said or done.

Yes, I was **hurt**, jealous...
是的, 我感到伤心、嫉妒。

He gave me a slightly **hurt** look.
他有点受伤地看了我一眼。

7 VERB 动词 **伤心; 感到痛苦** If you say that you are **hurting**, you mean that you are experiencing emotional pain.

I am lonely and I am **hurting**.
我很孤单, 很难过。

8 VERB 动词 **危害; 损害; 妨碍; 对...产生不良影响** To **hurt** someone or something means to have a bad effect on them or prevent them from succeeding.

The combination of hot weather and decreased water supplies is **hurting** many industries...
炎热的天气和供水的减少正危及很多行业。

They may fear **hurting** their husbands' careers.
她们可能担心对丈夫的事业造成损害。

9 N-VAR 可变名词 **伤心; 痛苦; 委屈** A feeling of **hurt** is a feeling that you have when you think that you have been treated badly or judged unfairly.

...feelings of **hurt** and anger, fear and despair...
伤心、愤怒、恐惧、绝望的复杂情感

I was full of jealousy and **hurt**...
我满怀嫉妒, 伤心不已。

There would be a **hurt** in her heart for a while, but in the end she would get over it.
她可能会伤心难过一阵子, 但最终她会好起来。

10 PHRASE 短语 **(做...)不会有坏处** If you say **'It won't hurt to do something'** or **'It never hurts to do something'**, you are recommending an action which you think is helpful or useful.

It never **hurts** to ask...
多问无妨。

It wouldn't **hurt** you to be a bit more serious.
认真一点对你没有坏处。

ice ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **冰; 冰块; 冰层** Ice is frozen water.

Glaciers are moving rivers of ice...
冰河是犹如河水般流动的巨大冰体。

The ice is melting.

冰正在融化。

...a bitter lemon with ice.

一杯加冰的苦柠檬汁

2 VERB 动词 为(蛋糕)挂糖衣(或糖霜) If you **ice** a cake, you cover it with icing.

I've iced and decorated the cake.

我在蛋糕上挂了糖衣，还做了花样装饰。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 同 ice cream An ice is an ice cream.

He's eaten a lot of choc ices.

他吃了很多巧克力冰激凌。

4 See also: [iced](#) ; [icing](#) ;

5 PHRASE 短语 See also: [ice-breaker](#) ; 打破沉默(或僵局) ; 使气氛轻松 If you **break the ice** at a party or meeting, or in a new situation, you say or do something to make people feel relaxed and comfortable.

That sort of approach should go a long way toward breaking the ice...

那种方法对打破僵局会大有帮助。

The major purpose of his trip was to break the ice, and his itinerary so far has been packed full.

他此行的主要目的是打破僵局，目前的行程已经排满。

6 PHRASE 短语 起不到什么作用；没多大影响 If you say that something **cuts no ice with you**, you mean that you are not impressed or influenced by it.

That sort of romantic attitude cuts no ice with money-men.

那种不切实际的态度对金融家们根本不起什么作用。

7 PHRASE 短语 延迟；搁置 If someone puts a plan or project **on ice**, they delay doing it.

The deal was put on ice for three months...

该交易被搁置了3个月。

The \$40 million-a-month aid payments will remain on ice.

每月4,000万美元的援助款项将继续搁置下去。

8 PHRASE 短语 冒风险；如履薄冰 If you say that someone is **on thin ice** or **is skating on thin ice**, you mean that they are doing something risky which may have serious or unpleasant consequences.

I had skated on thin ice and, so far, got away with it.

我曾经冒过很大风险，但目前为止侥幸没事。

identify ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 认出；识别；分辨出 If you can **identify** someone or something, you are able to recognize them or distinguish them from others.

There are a number of distinguishing characteristics by which you can **identify** a Hollywood epic...

好莱坞的史诗大片有着一些与众不同的特点。

I tried to **identify** her perfume...

我试图分辨出她用哪种香水。

A uniformed chauffeur **identified** me among the crowd.

一个穿制服的司机在人群中认出了我。

2 VERB 动词 确认；指认；验明 If you **identify** someone or something, you name them or say who or what they are.

Police have already **identified** around 10 murder suspects...

警方已经确认了约10名谋杀案疑凶。

The reporters **identified** one of the six Americans as an Army Specialist...

记者们认出6名美国人中有一位是陆军技术兵。

They **identified** six plants as having potential for development into pharmaceutical drugs.

他们验明6种植物有可能提炼出药物麻醉剂。

3 VERB 动词 发现；察觉 If you **identify** something, you discover or notice its existence.

Scientists claim to have **identified** natural substances with cancer-combating properties...

科学家们声称已经发现自然界的某些物质具有抗癌特性。

Having **identified** the problem, the question arises of how to overcome it.

发现问题后，如何克服它的问题又出现了。

4 VERB 动词 是...的标志；显示出 If a particular thing **identifies** someone or something, it makes them easy to recognize, by making them different in some way.

She wore a little nurse's hat on her head to **identify** her...

她头戴一顶小护士帽，很容易辨认。

His boots and purple beret **identify** him as commanding the Scottish Paratroops.

他的长靴和紫色贝雷帽表明他统领着苏格兰伞兵部队。

5 VERB 动词 认同；理解；体会 If you **identify with** someone or something, you feel that you understand them or their feelings and ideas.

She would only play a role if she could **identify with** the character...

她只愿扮演她能认同的角色。

I could speak their language and **identify with** their problems because I had been there myself.

我会讲他们的语言，能体会他们的难处，因为我自己曾在那里呆过。

6 VERB 动词 把...(与...密切)联系；认为...(与...)有关联 If you **identify** one person or thing **with** another, you think that they are closely associated or involved in some way.

She hates playing the sweet, passive women that audiences **identify** her with...

她讨厌扮演那些漂亮可爱、消极被动的女人，观众们已把她定型为这类角色。

The candidates all want to **identify** themselves with reform.

候选人都想把自己与改革密切联系起来。

ignore ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 不顾；不理；忽视 If you **ignore** someone or something, you pay no attention to them.

She said her husband **ignored** her...

她说丈夫不关心她。

The government had **ignored** his views on the subject...

政府没有理睬他对这一问题的看法。

She **ignored** legal advice to drop the case...

她没有理睬律师关于放弃诉讼的建议。

For two decades her theatrical talents were **ignored** by the film industry.

她的舞台表演天赋在电影行业中被埋没了20年。

2 VERB 动词 忽略；忽视 If you say that an argument or theory **ignores** an important aspect of a situation, you are criticizing it because it fails to consider that aspect or to take it into account.

Such arguments **ignore** the question of where ultimate responsibility lay.

这些争论忽略了最终责任由谁来负的问题。

image ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (头脑中的)形象，概念 If you have an **image** of something or someone, you have a picture or idea of them in your mind.

The **image** of art theft as a gentleman's crime is outdated...

把盗窃艺术品看作是一种绅士犯罪的观念已经过时了。

The words 'Cote d'Azur' conjure up **images** of sunny days in Mediterranean cafes.

Cote d'Azur (蓝色海岸)这个词让人联想到地中海咖啡馆阳光明媚的日子。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (个人、团队或组织的)形象，声誉 The **image** of a person, group, or organization is the way that they appear to other people.

The Prime Minister knows that his personal **image** is his greatest political asset...

总理知道他的个人形象是他最重要的政治资产。

He has cultivated the **image** of an elder statesman...

他已树立起一个政界元老的形象。

The tobacco industry has been trying to improve its **image**.

烟草行业一直在试图改善其形象。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 图像；映像；影像 An **image** is a picture of someone or something.

...photographic **images** of young children...

小孩子们的照片

A computer in the machine creates an **image** on the screen.

机器上的计算机在屏幕上产生了影像。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 诗意的描绘；生动的描绘 An

image is a poetic description of something.

The natural **images** in the poem are meant to be suggestive of realities beyond themselves.

诗中描绘的自然景象意在让人联想到景象以外的现实。

5 PHRASE 短语 **是...的翻版；长相酷似...** If you are **the image of** someone else, you look very much like them.

Marianne's son was the **image** of his father.

玛丽安娜的儿子长得酷似他父亲。

6 See also: [mirror image](#); spitting image→see: [see](#);

imagine ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **想象；设想** If you **imagine** something, you think about it and your mind forms a picture or idea of it.

He could not **imagine** a more peaceful scene...

他想象不出比这更祥和的景象。

She couldn't **imagine** living in a place like that...

她无法想象住在那样一个地方。

Can you **imagine** how she must have felt when Mary Brent turned up with me in tow?...

你能想象得到她看见我和玛丽·布伦特出双人对时有什么感受吗？

Imagine you're lying on a beach, listening to the steady rhythm of waves lapping the shore...

想象一下你正躺在海滩上，倾听海浪有节奏地轻轻拍打海岸的声音。

I can't **imagine** you being unfair to anyone, Leigh.

利，我想象不出你会对谁不公正。

2 VERB 动词 **猜测；猜想；认为** If you **imagine** that something is the case, you think that it is the case.

I **imagine** you're referring to Jean-Paul Sartre...

我猜你说的是让-保罗·萨特。

We tend to **imagine** that the Victorians were very prim and proper...

我们往往认为维多利亚时代的人们都一本正经，谨言慎行。

'Was he meeting someone?' — 'I **imagine** so.'

“他在和谁约会吗？”——“我猜是的。”

3 VERB 动词 **臆想；幻想** If you **imagine** something, you think that you have seen, heard, or experienced that thing, although actually you have not.

I realised that I must have **imagined** the whole thing.

我意识到大概整件事都是我臆想出来的。

immediately ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **立即；马上** If something happens **immediately**, it happens without any delay.

He **immediately** flung himself to the floor...

他立即飞身扑到地上。

Ingrid answered Peter's letter **immediately**.

英格丽德立即给彼得回了信。

2 ADV 副词 **即刻(可见或明了的)** If something is **immediately** obvious, it can be seen or understood without any delay.

The cause of the accident was not **immediately** apparent.

事故的起因并非一目了然。

3 ADV 副词 **直接地** **Immediately** is used to indicate that someone or something is closely and directly involved in a situation.

The man **immediately** responsible for this misery is the province's governor...

对这种不幸境况负有直接责任的人是该省的省长。

We had the people **immediately** concerned in the plot.

我们让故事情节与人们息息相关。

4 ADV 副词 **紧接地；紧靠地；贴近地**

Immediately is used to emphasize that something comes next, or is next to something else.

They wish to begin **immediately** after dinner...

他们希望饭后马上就开。

She always sits **immediately** behind the driver...

她总是坐在司机驾驶位置的正后方。

Immediately to our right the old German summer resort was awakening.

紧靠我们右面，古老的德国避暑胜地正在苏醒。

5 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 **一...(就...)** If one thing happens **immediately** something else happens, it happens after that event, without any delay.

Immediately I've done it I feel completely disgusted with myself.

我一做完那件事就对自己感到十分厌恶。

impact ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /'ɪmpækt/. The verb is pronounced /ɪm'pækt/. 名词读作 /'ɪmpækt/，动词读作 /ɪm'pækt/。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **影响；作用** The **impact** that something has on a situation, process, or person is a sudden and powerful effect that it has on them.

They say they expect the meeting to have a marked **impact** on the future of the country...

他们称他们预期会议对国家的未来会产生显著影响。

The major **impact** of this epidemic worldwide is yet to come...

这种传染病在世界范围内的重大影响还未完全显现。

When an executive comes into a new job, he wants to quickly make an **impact**.

一个新主管刚上任时，会希望尽快树立威信。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **撞击；碰撞；撞击力** An **impact** is the action of one object hitting another, or the force with which one object hits another.

The plane is destroyed, a complete wreck: the pilot must have died on **impact**...

飞机遭到毁坏，完全成了一堆残骸：飞行员肯定死于撞击。

A running track should be capable of absorbing the **impact** of a runner's foot landing on it.

跑道应该能够吸收奔跑者脚踏地面时产生的撞击力。

3 VERB 动词 **(对...)产生影响** To **impact on** a situation, process, or person means to affect them.

Such schemes mean little unless they **impact on** people.

这些计划没什么意义，除非它们对人民产生影响。

That, in turn would increase pressure for higher wages and that, in turn, would **impact on** inflation and competition.

那样就会增加工资上涨的压力，而那样又会对通货膨胀和竞争产生影响。

...the potential for women to **impact** the political process.

女性影响政治进程的潜力

impacted

Somebody who is a foreign investor and more sensitive about the public profile will be more **impacted** by that pressure.

对公众形象较注意的外国投资者会更多地受到那种压力的影响。

4 VERB 动词 **撞击；冲击；碰撞** If one object **impacts on** another, it hits it with great force.

...the sharp tinkle of metal **impacting** on stone...

金属撞击石头发出的刺耳叮当声

According to the air force, the missile merely **impacted** with the ground prematurely...

根据空军提供的消息，导弹只是提前撞向了地面。

When a large object **impacts** the Earth, it makes a crater.

当巨大物体撞击地球时，就会产生凹坑。

import ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /ɪm'pɔ:t/. The noun is pronounced /ɪm'pɔ:t/. 动词读作 /ɪm'pɔ:t/，名词读作 /ɪm'pɔ:t/。

1 VERB 动词 **进口；引进** To **import** products or raw materials means to buy them from another country for use in your own country.

Britain last year spent nearly £5000 million more on **importing** food than selling abroad...

去年英国的进口食品支出比其出口食品收入多出近50亿英镑。

To **import** from Russia, a Ukrainian firm needs Russian roubles.

要从俄罗斯进口商品，乌克兰公司就需要俄罗斯卢布。

...**imported** goods from Mexico and India.

自墨西哥和印度进口的货物

Import is also a noun.

Germany, however, insists on restrictions on the **import** of Polish coal...

但是德国坚持对进口波兰煤炭加以限制。

On July 3rd the government slashed **import** duties on cars.

7月3号，政府大幅度降低了汽车进口税。

importation

...restrictions concerning the **importation** of birds.

关于禽类进口的限制

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 进口商品；进口货物

Imports are products or raw materials bought from another country for use in your own country.

...farmers protesting about cheap **imports**.

抗议进口廉价商品的农民

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 重要(性) The **import** of something is its importance.

Who leads Canada is also of some **import** to the rest of the world...

谁领导加拿大对世界来讲也具有一定的重要性。

Such arguments are of little **import**.

这种争论没有什么意义。

4 VERB 动词 导入 If you **import** files or information into one type of software from another type, you open them in a format that can be used in the new software.

You can **import** files from Microsoft Word 5.1 or MacWrite II.

可以从 Microsoft Word 5.1 或 MacWrite II 程序导入文件。

5 N-SING 单数名词 意思；含意 The **import** of something is its meaning, especially when the meaning is not clearly expressed.

I have already spoken about the **import** of his speech.

有关他的讲话的含意我刚刚已经谈过了。

impose

★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 强制实行；强加 If you **impose** something on people, you use your authority to force them to accept it.

Britain **imposed** fines on airlines which bring in passengers without proper papers...

英国会对运载证件不齐全的乘客进入国内的航空公司课以罚款。

Many companies have **imposed** a pay freeze...

许多公司已经强制冻结了工资。

The conditions **imposed** on volunteers were stringent.

对志愿者的限定条件非常严格。

imposition

...the **imposition** of a ban on cycling in the city centre.

强制实行不许在市中心骑自行车的禁令

2 VERB 动词 强加(看法、信仰) If you **impose** your opinions or beliefs on other people, you try and make people accept them as a rule or as a model to copy.

Parents of either sex should beware of **imposing** their own tastes on their children.

父母双方都应切记不要把自己的喜好强加给孩子。

3 VERB 动词 使遭受，使承受(压力、痛苦等) If something **imposes** strain, pressure, or suffering on someone, it causes them to experience it.

The filming **imposed** an additional strain on her.

拍摄任务使她承受了格外大的压力。

...the pressures **imposed** upon teachers by ceaseless curriculum reforms.

无休止的课程改革使教师承受的压力

4 VERB 动词 把...硬加给；把...强塞给；勉强(某人)做事 If someone **imposes** on you, they unreasonably expect you to do something for them which you do not want to do.

I was afraid you'd simply feel we were **imposing** on you...

我担心你会觉得我们是在勉强你。

'Mum thinks I should stop **imposing** on your hospitality, Leo,' said Grace.

“利奥，我妈妈觉得我不应该再在这儿麻烦你了，”格雷丝说。

imposition

I know this is an **imposition**. But please hear me out.

我知道这是强人所难。但是请听我说完。

5 VERB 动词 使打扰；使硬缠 If someone **imposes** themselves on you, they force you to accept their company although you may not want to.

I didn't want to **impose** myself on my married friends.

我不想打扰自己已婚的朋友。

impossible

★★★★☆

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 不可能的；做不到的 Something that is **impossible** cannot be done or cannot happen.

It was **impossible** for anyone to get in because no one knew the password...

因为没人知道密码，所以任何人都不可能进得去。

He thinks the tax is **impossible** to administer...

他认为税金没法管理。

You shouldn't promise what's **impossible**...

你不该许诺做不到的事情。

Keller is good at describing music – an almost **impossible** task to do well.

凯勒擅长描述音乐——这可是一项几乎难以做好的任务。

The **impossible** is something which is impossible. 不可能做到的事；难以完成的事

They were expected to do the **impossible**...

他们被指望去完成难以完成的任务。

No one can achieve the **impossible**.

这是不可能的事，没人能做到。

impossibly

Mathematical physics is an almost **impossibly** difficult subject.

数学物理是一门难得超乎想象的学科。

impossibility

...the **impossibility** of knowing absolute truth.

认识绝对真理的不可能性

2 ADJ 形容词 很难应付的 An **impossible** situation or an **impossible** position is one that is very difficult to deal with.

The Government was now in an almost **impossible** position.

政府现在几乎陷入了进退维谷的境地。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 难以忍受的；让人受不了的 If you describe someone as **impossible**, you are annoyed that their bad behaviour or strong views make them difficult to deal with.

The woman is **impossible**, thought Frannie.

弗兰妮想，这个女人真让人受不了。

improve

★★★★☆

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 改进；改善；增进 If something **improves** or if you **improve** it, it gets better.

Both the texture and condition of your hair should **improve**...

你头发的发质与健康状况都应改善。

The weather is beginning to **improve**...

天气开始好转了。

Time won't **improve** the situation...

形势不会因时间而有所改善。

He **improved** their house.

他修缮了他们的房子。

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 提高；(使)变得更熟练 If a skill you have **improves** or you **improve** a skill, you get better at it.

Their French has **improved** enormously...

他们的法语进步很大。

He said he was going to **improve** his football.

他说他要提高足球技术。

3 VERB 动词 康复；健康好转 If you **improve** after an illness or an injury, your health gets better or you get stronger.

He had **improved** so much the doctor had cut his dosage.

他康复很快，医生已减少了用药剂量。

4 VERB 动词 超过；胜过 If you **improve** on a previous achievement of your own or of someone else, you achieve a better standard or result.

We need to **improve** on our performance against France.

我们需要比对阵法国队时表现得更好。

incident

★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 事件；事故 An **incident** is something that happens, often something that is unpleasant.

These **incidents** were the latest in a series of disputes between the two nations...

这些事件是两国一系列争端中最近发生的几起。

26 people have been killed in a dramatic shooting **incident**...

已有26人在一起恶性枪击事件中被打死。

The voting went ahead without **incident**.

投票顺利进行。

included ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 (强调部分构成)包括在内的 You use **included** to emphasize that a person or thing is part of the group of people or things that you are talking about.

All of us, myself **included**, had been totally committed to the Party...

我们大家，包括我本人在内，一直都对党绝对忠诚。

No city, Tel Aviv or Jerusalem **included**, is home to more Jews than New York...

没有一个城市，包括特拉维夫与耶路撒冷在内，像纽约市一样拥有如此之多的犹太居民。

Food is **included** in the price.

饮食包含在该价格内。

income ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 收入；所得；收益 A person's or organization's **income** is the money that they earn or receive, as opposed to the money that they have to spend or pay out. →see usage note at: [salary](#)

Many families on low **incomes** will be unable to afford to buy their own home...

许多低收入家庭将会买不起自己的房子。

To cover its costs, the company will need an annual **income** of £5 million...

公司年收入需要达到500万英镑才能收支平衡。

Over a third of their **income** comes from comedy videos.

他们收入的1/3 强来自于喜剧片。

increasingly ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 渐增地；越来越多地 You can use **increasingly** to indicate that a situation or quality is becoming greater in intensity or more common.

He was finding it **increasingly** difficult to make decisions...

他发现越来越难以作出决定。

There is an **increasingly** popular alternative...

有了越来越受欢迎的替代品。

The U.S. has **increasingly** relied on Japanese capital...

美国越来越依赖日本的资本。

Increasingly, their goals have become more radical.

他们的目标变得越来越激进。

indeed ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 确实；的确 You use **indeed** to confirm or agree with something that has just been said.

Later, he admitted that the payments had **indeed** been made...

后来，他承认确实付过款了。

He did **indeed** keep important documents inside his hat...

他确实把重要文件放在了他的帽子里。

'Did you know him?' — 'I did **indeed**.' ...

“你认识他吗？”——“当然。”

'Know what I mean?' — 'Indeed I do.' ...

“明白我的意思吗？”——“当然明白了。”

'Isn't it a gorgeous day, Father?' — 'Yes, **indeed**!' ...

“爸爸，今天天气是不是很棒？”——“是的，确实很棒！”

'That's a topic which has come to the fore very much recently.' — 'Indeed.'

“那是最近才受到众人关注的一个话题。”——“确实如此。”

2 ADV 副词 (表示语气的递进)实际上，其实，确切说来 You use **indeed** to introduce a further comment or statement which strengthens the point you have already made.

We have nothing against diversity; **indeed**, we want more of it...

我们一点都不抵触多样化；实际上，我们需要多样性更丰富一些。

When we asked to see more we were refused. **Indeed** we were escorted away by men with guns.

当我们要求进一步参观时却被拒绝了。实际上，我们是被一些带枪的人护送离开的。

3 ADV 副词 (位于句末修饰very或强调某词)确实，实在 You use **indeed** at the end of a clause to give extra force to the word 'very', or to emphasize a particular word.

The engine began to sound very loud **indeed**...

发动机开始发出极大的声响。

The wine was very good **indeed**...

红酒确实非常好。

Of course, these occasions are rare **indeed**.

当然，这样的场合实在稀少。

4 ADV 副词 (重复问题以作强调，尤用于答案未知时到底，究竟 You can use **indeed** as a way of repeating a question in order to emphasize it, especially when you do not know the answer.

'Now where are the real villains?' — 'Where **indeed**'? ...

“那么那些真正的恶棍在哪里？”——“是啊，到底在哪里？”

'And what do we do here?' — 'What, **indeed**'? ...

“我们在这里做什么呢？”——“是啊，到底做什么？”

independence ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (国家的)独立，自主 If a country has or gains **independence**, it has its own government and is not ruled by any other country.

In 1816, Argentina declared its **independence** from Spain.

1816年，阿根廷宣布脱离西班牙正式独立。

...the country's first elections since **independence** in 1962.

该国自1962年独立以来的首次选举

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (人的)独立，自立 Someone's **independence** is the fact that they do not rely on other people.

He was afraid of losing his **independence**.

他害怕失去自己的独立性。

...a woman's **independence**, capability, and power.

一个女人的独立、能力与权力

indicate ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 表明；说明 If one thing **indicates** another, the first thing shows that the second is true or exists.

A survey of retired people has **indicated** that most are independent and enjoying life...

对退休人员的调查表明，大部分人都自食其力，享受生活。

Our vote today **indicates** a change in United States policy...

我们今天的选举表明了美国政策的一种变化。

This **indicates** whether remedies are suitable for children.

由此可以看出治疗方法是否适合儿童。

2 VERB 动词 暗示 If you **indicate** an opinion, an intention, or a fact, you mention it in an indirect way.

Mr Rivers has **indicated** that he may resign...

里弗斯先生暗示他可能会辞职。

U.S. authorities have not yet **indicated** their monetary policy plans.

美国当局尚未透露他们的货币政策计划。

3 VERB 动词 指示；指出 If you **indicate** something to someone, you show them where it is, especially by pointing to it.

He **indicated** a chair. 'Sit down.'

他指着一把椅子说，“坐下。”

Pelham moved across to **indicate** a wall chart.

佩勒姆走过去指着一张挂图。

4 VERB 动词 是...的标志；象征；反映 If one thing **indicates** something else, it is a sign of that thing.

Dreams can help **indicate** your true feelings...

梦可以反映你的真实感情。

His language **indicates** a poor education.

他的言语反映出他没受过多少教育。

5 VERB 动词 (仪器等)指示，显示 If a technical instrument **indicates** something, it shows a measurement or reading.

The needles that **indicate** your height are at the top right-hand corner...

显示你身高的指针在右上角。

The temperature gauge **indicated** that it was boiling.

温度计显示它在沸腾。

6 VERB 动词 (驾车时)打转向灯指示转弯 When

drivers indicate, they make lights flash on one side of their vehicle to show that they are going to turn in that direction.

He told us when to **indicate** and when to change gear.

他告诉我们何时打转向灯、何时换挡。

in AM, use 美国英语用 signal

individual ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 个别的；单独的 Individual means relating to one person or thing, rather than to a large group.

They wait for the group to decide rather than making **individual** decisions...

他们等待团体作决定而不是各自作出决定。

Aid to **individual** countries would be linked to progress towards democracy...

对个别国家的援助会与其民主进程相挂钩。

Divide the vegetables among four **individual** dishes.

把蔬菜分开盛放在4个单独的盘子里。

individually

...cheeses which come in **individually** wrapped segments...

单独包装成块的奶酪

There are 96 pieces and they are worth, **individually** and collectively, a lot of money.

共有96件，它们无论单独一件还是放在一起，都值得很多钱。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 个体；个人 An individual is a person.

...anonymous **individuals** who are doing good things within our community.

一些在我们社区内做好事却不留名的个人

...the rights and responsibilities of the **individual**...

个人的权利和责任

A child's awareness of being an **individual** grows in stages during the pre-school years.

孩子的个体意识在入学前的几年中逐渐增强。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 独特的；有个性的 If you describe someone or something as **individual**, you mean that you admire them because they are very unusual and do not try to imitate other people or things.

It was really all part of her very **individual** personality...

那其实都是她独特个性的表现。

The language is highly **individual**.

语言非常独特。

industrial ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 工业的；产业的 You use **industrial** to describe things which relate to or are used in industry.

...**industrial** machinery and equipment.

工业机械与设备

...a link between **industrial** chemicals and cancer.

化工制品与癌症的联系

2 ADJ 形容词 工业高度发达的；工业化的 An **industrial** city or country is one in which industry is important or highly developed.

...ministers from leading western **industrial** countries.

西方工业大国的部长们

inflation ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 通货膨胀 Inflation is a general increase in the prices of goods and services in a country.

...rising unemployment and high **inflation**.

不断增长的失业人数与高通货膨胀

...an **inflation** rate of only 2.2%.

仅2.2%的通货膨胀率

influence ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 势力；权势；影响力；支配力 Influence is the power to make other people agree with your opinions or do what you want.

As Hugh grew older, she had less **influence** and couldn't control him...

休慢慢长大，她的影响力变小了，无法再控制他了。

I have rather a large **influence** over a good many people...

我对很多人都有相当大的影响力。

He denies exerting any political **influence** over them...

他否认对他们施加了任何政治压力。

The government should continue to use its **influence** for the release of all hostages.

政府应继续运用其影响力来解救所有人质。

2 VERB 动词 影响；左右；支配 If you **influence** someone, you use your power to make them agree with you or do what you want.

He is trying to improperly **influence** a witness...

他在试图误导证人。

The angry crowds could **influence** the government...

愤怒的群众可以影响政府。

My dad **influenced** me to do electronics.

我学电子是受爸爸的影响。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 影响；作用 To have an **influence** on people or situations means to affect what they do or what happens.

Van Gogh had a major **influence** on the development of modern painting...

凡·高对现代绘画的发展有着重大影响。

The Shropshire landscape was an **influence** on Owen too...

什罗普郡的风景也对欧文产生了影响。

Many other medications have an **influence** on cholesterol levels.

许多其他的药物治疗对胆固醇水平都有一定的影响。

4 VERB 动词 影响；对...起作用 If someone or something **influences** a person or situation, they have an effect on that person's behaviour or that situation.

We became the best of friends and he **influenced** me deeply...

我们成了最好的朋友，他深深地影响了我。

What you eat may **influence** your risk of getting cancer...

你吃的东西会影响你患癌症的风险。

They still **influence** what's played on the radio.

他们对电台播放什么节目仍然会有影响。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 有影响的人(或事物) Someone or something that is a good or bad **influence** on people has a good or bad effect on them.

I thought Sue would be a good **influence** on you...

我认为苏能对你产生良好影响。

TV is a bad **influence** on people.

电视会对人们产生不良影响。

6 PHRASE 短语 在...影响之下；在...控制之下 If you are **under the influence** of someone or something, you are being affected or controlled by them.

I fell under the **influence** of a history master...

我当时深受一位历史老师的影响。

The very earliest sculptures were made under the **influence** of Greek art...

最早的雕塑作品受到了希腊艺术的影响。

He was arrested on suspicion of driving under the **influence** of alcohol.

他因涉嫌酒后驾驶被捕。

7 PHRASE 短语 喝醉；(吸食毒品后)处于迷幻状态 If someone is **under the influence**, their mind is affected by alcohol or drugs.

Police charged the man with driving under the **influence**...

警方指控那名男子酒后驾车。

We find members of the opposite sex more attractive when under the **influence**.

我们喝醉时感到异性更具吸引力。

injury ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 伤害；损伤 An **injury** is damage done to a person's or an animal's body. →see usage note at: [wound](#)

Four police officers sustained serious **injuries** in the explosion...

4名警官在爆炸中受重伤。

The two other passengers escaped serious **injury**.

另外两名乘客逃过一劫，未受重伤。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 (感情、名誉上的)伤害, 损害 If someone suffers **injury** to their feelings, they are badly upset by something. If they suffer **injury** to their reputation, their reputation is seriously harmed.

She was awarded £3,500 for **injury** to her feelings.
她判得 3,500 英镑精神损失赔偿。

3
to add **insult** to **injury** → see: [See insult](#) ;

inside ★★★★★

The form **inside of** can also be used as a preposition. This form is more usual in American English.
亦使用 **inside of** 作介词, 这在美国英语中更为常见。

The preposition is usually pronounced /ɪn'saɪd/. 介词通常读作 /ɪn'saɪd/.

1 PREP 介词 在...里面; 在...内侧(或内部)

Something or someone that is **inside** a place, container, or object is in it or is surrounded by it.

Inside the passport was a folded slip of paper...
护照里面有张折起的纸片。

There is a telephone **inside** the entrance hall.
门厅内有部电话。

Inside is also an adverb.

The couple chatted briefly on the doorstep before going **inside**...
夫妇俩进去之前在门阶上简短地说了几句。

He ripped open the envelope and read what was **inside**...
他撕开信封, 看了里面的信。

I could hear music coming from **inside**...
我能听到里面传来乐声。

At a table **inside**, a man and woman were awaiting her...
在里面的一张桌子旁, 一男一女正等着她。

Inside, clouds of cigarette smoke swirled.
屋内香烟的烟雾缭绕。

Inside is also an adjective.

...four-berth **inside** cabins with en suite bathroom and shower.
有4张卧铺并配有盥洗室和淋浴的内舱

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 里面; 内侧; 内部 The **inside** of something is the part or area that its sides surround or contain.

The doors were locked from the **inside**...
门从里面锁上了。

I painted the **inside** of the house...
我粉刷了一遍房子内部。

Kiwi fruit can be eaten by cutting off the tops and scooping out the **insides** with a teaspoon.
可以把猕猴桃的顶部切掉, 用茶匙把里面的果肉挖出来吃。

Inside is also an adjective.

The popular papers all have photo features on their **inside** pages.
通俗报纸的内页都有照片专栏。

Inside is also an adverb.

The potato cakes should be crisp outside and meltingly soft **inside**.
土豆饼应该外面酥脆, 里面嫩软。

3 ADV 副词 在监狱里; 在坐牢 You can say that someone is **inside** when they are in prison.

He's been **inside** three times.
他进过三次监狱。

4 ADJ 形容词 (马路车道)靠近路边的, 慢(道)的 On a wide road, the **inside** lane is the one which is closest to the edge of the road.

I was driving up at seventy miles an hour on the **inside** lane on the motorway.
我在高速公路的慢道上以每小时 70 英里的速度行驶。

Inside is also a noun.

I overtook Charlie on the **inside**.
我从慢车道上超了查理。

in AM, use 美国英语用 slow lane

5 ADJ 形容词 (消息等)内部的, 内幕的 **Inside** information is obtained from someone who is involved in a situation and therefore knows a lot about it.

Sloane used **inside** diplomatic information to make himself rich...
斯隆利用外交内幕消息发了财。

Keith Vass, editor, denies he had **inside** knowledge...
编辑基思·瓦斯否认他知道内部消息。

It's fascinating to get the **inside** story so many years after this incident.
事件过后这么多年方获知当时的内情, 这实在是令人慨叹。

6 PREP 介词 在(组织)内部 If you are **inside** an organization, you belong to it.

75 percent of chief executives come from **inside** the company...
75% 的行政总裁来自公司内部。

He hasn't looked very carefully into what was happening **inside** the ruling party.
他没有认真研究执政党内部正在发生什么。

Inside is also an adjective.

...a recent book about the **inside** world of pro football.
关于职业足球内幕的一本新书

Inside is also a noun.

McAvoy was convinced he could control things from the **inside** but he lost control.
麦卡沃伊确信自己能从内部控制局面, 但他失算了。

7 N-PLURAL 复数名词 内脏; (尤指)胃 Your **insides** are your internal organs, especially your stomach.

8 ADV 副词 在心里 If you say that someone has a feeling **inside**, you mean that they have it but have not expressed it.

There is nothing left **inside**—no words, no anger, no tears...
整颗心都空了——没有语言, 没有愤怒, 没有眼泪。

Do you get a feeling **inside** when you write something you like?
当你写下喜欢的文字时, 内心会有一种特别的情感吗?

Inside is also a preposition.

He felt a great weight of sorrow **inside** him...
他内心感到极为沉痛。

There was a little anger **inside** me.
我心里有点生气。

Inside is also a noun.

What is needed is a change from the **inside**, a real change in outlook and attitude.
现在需要的是内心深处的变化, 在看法与态度上的真正改变。

9 PREP 介词 在(某段时间)之内; 不到 If you do something **inside** a particular time, you do it before the end of that time.

They should have everything working **inside** an hour...
他们应该会在一个小时之内使一切运转起来。

New Zealand were ahead **inside** five minutes.
新西兰队领先了不到 5 分钟。

10 PHRASE 短语 里朝外地; 翻面地 If something such as a piece of clothing is **inside out**, the part that is normally inside now faces outwards.

Her umbrella blew **inside out**.
她的伞被风吹得翻转了。

11 PHRASE 短语 彻底地; 完全地 If you say that you know something or someone **inside out**, you are emphasizing that you know them extremely well.

He knew the game **inside out**...
他对比赛非常熟悉。

We know each other **inside out**.
我们对彼此都了如指掌。

12 PHRASE 短语 颠倒; 相反 If you say that something has been turned **inside out**, you mean that it is the opposite of what you expect or think it should be.

Edinburgh is an American city turned **inside out**: the rich in the middle, the poor around the outside...
爱丁堡与美国城市相反: 富人住在中心, 穷人住在周边。

War turns morality **inside out**: killing and cruelty are virtues.
战争颠倒是非: 杀戮与残忍成了美德。

insist ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 坚持; 坚决认为(或主张、要求) If you **insist** that something should be done, you say so very firmly and refuse to give in about it. If you **insist on** something, you say firmly that it must be done or provided.

My family **insisted** that I should not give in, but

stay and fight...

家里人坚持认为我不应让步，而应该留下来继续抗争。

She **insisted** on being present at all the interviews...

她坚持所有采访自己都要在场。

She **insists** on all her employees coming to the Christmas lunch she gives every year...

她坚持要求所有员工都参加她每年一次的圣诞午餐。

I didn't want to join in, but Kenneth **insisted**.

我不想加入，但是肯尼思非要坚持。

2 VERB 动词 **坚称；坚持说** If you **insist** that something is the case, you say so very firmly and refuse to say otherwise, even though other people do not believe you.

The president **insisted** that he was acting out of compassion, not opportunism...

总统坚持说他如此做是出于同情而不是为了投机。

'It's not that difficult,' she **insists**...

“并没有那么困难，”她坚持说。

Crippen **insisted** on his innocence.

克里平坚称自己是无辜的。

instance ★★★★★

1 PHRASE 短语 **例如；譬如** You use **for instance** to introduce a particular event, situation, or person that is an example of what you are talking about.

There are a number of improvements ; **for instance**, both mouse buttons can now be used...

在许多地方有了改进，例如，鼠标的左右键都可以使用了。

Let your child make some of the small decisions concerning his daily routine. **For instance**, allow him to choose what clothes he wears at the weekend.

让孩子在日常生活中作一些小决定。比如，让他自己决定周末穿什么衣服。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **例子；实例；事例** An **instance** is a particular example or occurrence of something.

She cited an **instance** where their training had been a marvelous help in dealing with problems.

她举了一个所受训练为解决问题帮了大忙的实例。

...an investigation into a serious **instance** of corruption.

对一起严重的腐败事件的调查

3 PHRASE 短语 **首先；第一步** You say **in the first instance** to mention something that is the first step in a series of actions.

In the **first instance** your child will be seen by an ear, nose and throat specialist...

你的孩子将首先由耳鼻喉专科医生来诊察。

The post was for one year in the **first instance** with possible renewal to a further year.

该岗位初始为一年期，有可能会再续聘一年。

4 PHRASE 短语 **在...的命令(或要求)下** If you do something at someone's **instance**, you do it because they have ordered or requested you to do it.

The rally was organised at the **instance** of two senior cabinet ministers.

集会是由两位资深内阁大臣的要求组织的。

instead ★★★★★

1 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **代替...；而不是...** If you do one thing **instead of** another, you do the first thing and not the second thing, as the result of a choice or a change of behaviour.

She had to spend nearly four months away from him that summer, **instead of** the usual two...

那个夏天她被迫离开他将近四个月而不是通常的两个月。

Check-out workers in London will receive £7.17 an hour **instead of** £6.54...

伦敦的收银员每小时工资将从原先的 6.54 英镑涨为 7.17 英镑。

They raised prices and cut production, **instead of** cutting costs...

他们没有降低成本，而是抬高价格、削减产量。

Instead of going to work thinking that it will be totally boring, try to be positive.

不要一边去上班一边想着工作太无聊，要积极一些。

2 ADV 副词 **作为替代；反而；相反地** If you do not do something, but do something else **instead**, you do the second thing and not the first thing, as the result of a choice or a change of behaviour.

He reached for the wine but did not drink, pushed it, **instead**, across the table towards Joanna...

他伸手拿酒却没有喝，而是把它推给了坐在桌子对面的乔安娜。

The kitchen might have been workable had Nicola kept it tidy ; **instead** it was littered with pots and pans...

如果妮古拉会收拾，厨房本来是能用的；但现在，这里到处乱放锅碗瓢盆。

My husband asked why I couldn't just forget about dieting all the time and eat normally **instead**.

丈夫问我为什么就不能不整天想着节食，转而正经吃饭。

institute ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT ; N-IN-NAMES 名称名词；名称名词 **机构；协会；研究院；学院** An **institute** is an organization set up to do a particular type of work, especially research or teaching. You can also use **institute** to refer to the building the organization occupies.

...the National Cancer Institute.

国家癌症研究所

...an elite research **institute** devoted to computer software...

致力于计算机软件开发精英研究机构

Directly in front of the **institute** is Kelly Ingram Park.

该协会正前方是凯利·英格拉姆公园。

2 VERB 动词 **建立(体系等)；制定(规章等)；开始；开创** If you **institute** a system, rule, or course of action, you start it.

We will **institute** a number of measures to better safeguard the public...

我们将实施一系列措施来更好地保护公众安全。

Hormone replacement therapy is very important and should be **instituted** early.

激素替代治疗非常重要，应该及早开始。

institution ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT ; N-IN-NAMES 名称名词；名称名词 **(大学、教会、银行等)大型机构** An **institution** is a large important organization such as a university, church, or bank.

...the Institution of Civil Engineers...

土木工程学院

Class size varies from one type of **institution** to another...

班级大小因院校类型而异。

...banks and other financial **institutions**.

银行和其他金融机构

2 N-COUNT ; N-IN-NAMES 名称名词；名称名词 **(精神病院、孤儿院等)社会收容机构** An **institution** is a building where certain people are looked after, for example people who are mentally ill or children who have no parents.

He was transferred to Shoal Creek Mental Institution for an indefinite period...

他被转到了肖尔溪精神病院，要在那里无限期地呆下去。

Larry has been in an **institution** since he was four...

拉里从4岁起就一直生活在孤儿院。

He visited various penal **institutions** in the United Kingdom in the late 1930s.

20 世纪 30 年代末他采访了英国各种各样的服刑机构。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **习俗；制度** An **institution** is a custom or system that is considered an important or typical feature of a particular society or group, usually because it has existed for a long time.

I believe in the **institution** of marriage.

我相信婚姻制度。

...the **institution** of the family.

家庭制度

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **建立；设立；制定** The **institution** of a new system is the act of starting it or bringing it in.

There was never an official **institution** of censorship in Albania.

在阿尔巴尼亚从未设立过官方审查制度。

...the **institution** of the forty-hour week.

每周 40 小时工作制的建立

insurance ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **保险** **Insurance** is an arrangement in which you pay money to a company, and they pay money to you if something unpleasant happens to you, for example if your property is stolen or damaged, or if you get a serious illness.

The **insurance** company paid out for the stolen jewellery and silver...

保险公司赔付了遭窃的珠宝和银器。

We recommend that you take out travel **insurance** on all holidays.

我们建议您为所有假期都购买旅行保险。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **预防措施；安全保证** If you do something as **insurance against** something unpleasant happening, you do it to protect yourself in case the unpleasant thing happens.

The country needs a defence capability as **insurance** against the unexpected.

国家需要有一定的防御能力，以应对不可预知的情况。

intend ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **想要；打算；计划** If you **intend** to do something, you have decided or planned to do it.

She **intends** to do A levels and go to university...

她计划先参加高级考试，然后去读大学。

I didn't **intend** coming to Germany to work...

我没有打算来德国工作。

We had always **intended** that the new series would be live.

我们一直打算现场直播这部新的电视系列节目。

2 VERB 动词 **准备，预留(作某种用途或给某人用)**

If something is **intended** for a particular purpose, it has been planned to fulfil that purpose. If something is **intended** for a particular person, it has been planned to be used by that person or to affect them in some way.

This money is **intended** for the development of the tourist industry...

这笔钱准备用于旅游业的开发。

Columns are usually **intended** in architecture to add grandeur and status...

圆柱在建筑中通常用来增添气势和显示地位。

Originally, Hatfield had been **intended** as a leisure complex.

最初，哈特菲尔德是准备建成一个休闲娱乐中心的。

3 VERB 动词 **意指；意思是** If you **intend** a particular idea or feeling in something that you say or do, you want to express it or want it to be understood.

He didn't **intend** any sarcasm...

他没有任何讽刺的意思。

Burke's response seemed a little patronizing, though he undoubtedly hadn't **intended** it that way...

伯克的回答有点施恩与人的感觉，尽管他无疑并没有那个意思。

This sounds like a barrage of accusation—I don't **intend** it to be...

这听起来像是接二连三的指责——这并非我的本意。

I think he **intended** it as a put-down comment.

我认为他的评论有奚落贬低之意。

interested ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词修饰的形容词 **感兴趣的；有兴趣的；关心的** If you are **interested in** something, you think it is important and want to learn more about it or spend time doing it.

I thought she might be **interested** in Paula's proposal...

我觉得她对葆拉的提议可能会感兴趣。

I think the young man is getting **interested** in gardening...

我认为这个年轻人开始对园艺产生兴趣了。

I'd be **interested** to meet her.

我有意愿见她。

2 ADJ 形容词 **有利害关系的；利益相关的；当事人的** An **interested** party or group of people is affected by or involved in a particular event or situation.

All the **interested** parties eventually agreed to the idea.

所有利益相关方最终都同意了这一想法。

3 See also: [self-interested](#) ;

Take care not to confuse interested and interesting. 注意不要混淆 interested 和 interesting.

interview ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **面试；面谈** An **interview** is a formal meeting at which someone is asked questions in order to find out if they are suitable for a job or a course of study.

When I went for my first **interview** for this job I arrived extremely early...

在参加这份工作的初次面试时，我到得非常早。

The **interview** went well...

面试进行得非常顺利。

Not everyone who writes in can be invited for **interview**.

并非每一个写来求职信的人都会被邀请参加面试。

2 VERB 动词 **对...进行面试** If you are **interviewed** for a particular job or course of study, someone asks you questions about yourself to find out if you suitable for it.

When Wardell was **interviewed**, he was impressive, and on that basis, he was hired...

沃德尔参加面试的时候给人留下了深刻印象，所以基于这点，他被雇用了。

He was among the three candidates **interviewed** for the job.

他是3个来参加求职面试的人选之一。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **采访；访谈** An **interview** is a conversation in which a journalist puts questions to someone such as a famous person or politician.

Allan gave an **interview** to the Chicago Tribune newspaper last month...

艾伦上个月接受了《芝加哥论坛报》的采访。

There'll be an **interview** with Mr Brown after the news.

新闻过后播出的是对布朗先生的访谈。

4 VERB 动词 **采访；访谈** When a journalist **interviews** someone such as a famous person, they ask them a series of questions.

I seized the chance to **interview** Chris Hani about this issue.

我抓住机会就这一问题采访了克里斯·哈尼。

5 VERB 动词 **讯问；审讯** When the police **interview** someone, they ask them questions about a crime that has been committed.

The police **interviewed** the driver, but had no evidence to go on.

警方讯问了司机，但是没有获得什么有用的证据。

introduce ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **引进；首次引入；推行** To **introduce** something means to cause it to enter a place or exist in a system for the first time.

The Government has **introduced** a number of other money-saving moves...

政府已经采取了其他一些省钱的举措。

I kept the birds indoors all winter and **introduced** them into an aviary the following June...

整个冬天我把鸟关在室内，然后在接下来的6月份把它们放入鸟类饲养场饲养。

The word 'Pagoda' was **introduced** to Europe by the 17th century Portuguese.

Pagoda 这个词由17世纪的葡萄牙人引入欧洲。

introduction

He is best remembered for the introduction of the moving assembly-line.

他最为人铭记的创举是率先采用流水装配线。

...the introduction of a privacy bill to prevent press intrusions into private lives.

实施隐私法以阻止新闻媒体对私人生活的侵扰

2 VERB 动词 **介绍；使了解；使初次接触** If you **introduce** someone to something, you cause them to learn about it or experience it for the first time.

He **introduced** us to the delights of natural food.

他让我们认识到食用天然食物的乐趣。

introduction

His introduction to League football would have been gentler if he had started at a smaller club...

如果他是从小点的俱乐部起步的话，他的首次足球联赛经历可能会更轻松些。

It was Sergeant Miller's introduction to a crime which has occupied him for nearly nine years.

米勒巡佐从未用这么久的时间处理一宗罪案，它已花了他将近9年的时间。

3 VERB 动词 **介绍；引荐；使相互认识** If you **introduce** one person to another, or you **introduce** two people, you tell them each other's names, so that they can get to know each other. If you **introduce yourself** to someone, you tell them your name.

Tim, may I **introduce** you to my uncle's secretary, Mary Waller?...

蒂姆，我来介绍一下，这位是我叔叔的秘书玛丽·沃勒。

Someone **introduced** us and I sat next to him...

有人给我们作了介绍，我挨着他坐下了。

We haven't been **introduced**. My name is Nero Wolfe...

还没人介绍我们。我叫尼罗·沃尔夫。

Let me **introduce** myself.

我来自我介绍一下。

introduction

With considerable shyness, Elaine performed the introductions.

伊莱恩非常害羞地进行了介绍。

4 VERB 动词 **为(电视或广播节目)做开场白；主持**

The person who **introduces** a television or radio programme speaks at the beginning of it, and often between the different items in it, in order to explain what the programme or the items are about.

'Health Matters' is **introduced** by Dick Oliver on BBC World Service.

英国广播公司对外广播频道的“健康动态”节目由迪克·奥利弗主持。

investigate ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **调查；审查** If someone, especially an official, **investigates** an event, situation, or claim, they try to find out what happened or what is the truth.

Gas officials are investigating the cause of an explosion which badly damaged a house in Hampshire...

煤气系统的官员正在调查一起瓦斯爆炸的起因，这起事故严重毁坏了汉普郡的一所房屋。

The two officers were being **investigated** by the director of public prosecutions...

两名警官正在接受检察官的审查。

Police are still investigating how the accident happened.

警方仍然在调查事故的起因。

investigation

He ordered an investigation into the affair...

他命令对此事件展开调查。

He has been notified by magistrates that he is under investigation for corruption.

地方法官告知他因为贪污腐败问题正在对他进行审查。

investment ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **投资** Investment is the activity of investing money.

He said the government must introduce tax incentives to encourage investment...

他说政府必须推出税收激励政策来鼓励投资。

One of the most important changes concerns the investment of pension contributions.

最重要的一个变化涉及养老保险基金的投资。

...investment bankers.

投资银行家

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **投资金额；投资物** An investment is an amount of money that you invest, or the thing that you invest it in.

...an investment of twenty-eight million pounds...

2,800万英镑的投资金额

You'll be able to earn an average rate of return of 8% on your investments.

你将能获得 8% 的平均投资收益率。

...people's desire to buy a house as an investment...

人们买房投资的强烈意愿

Total foreign investment in America still constitutes only about 5% of U.S. assets.

美国的外资总额仍然只占美国资产的 5% 左右。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **有用的投资物；值得买的东西** If you describe something you buy as an investment, you mean that it will be useful, especially because it will help you to do a task more cheaply or efficiently.

When selecting boots, fine, quality leather will be a wise investment...

在挑选长筒靴的时候，购买上等的好皮靴将是明智的选择。

A small-screen portable TV can be a good investment.

小屏幕的便携式电视机很值得买。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(时间、精力的)投入** Investment of time or effort is the spending of time or effort on something in order to make it a success.

I worry about this big investment of time and effort.

我担心投入这么多时间与精力却不起作用。

investor ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **投资者；投资机构** An investor is a person or organization that buys stocks or shares, or pays money into a bank in order to receive a profit.

The main investor in the project is the French bank Credit National.

该项目的最主要投资商是法国的国民信贷银行。

invite ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /ɪn'vaɪt/. The noun is pronounced /ɪnvaɪt/. 动词读作 /ɪn'vaɪt/, 名词读作 /ɪnvaɪt/.

1 VERB 动词 **邀请** If you **invite** someone to something such as a party or a meal, you ask them to come to it.

She **invited** him to her 26th birthday party in New Jersey...

她邀请他去参加她在新泽西举行的 26 岁生日聚会。

I **invited** her in for a coffee...

我请她进来喝杯咖啡。

Neighbours have **invited** us out, given us clothes, and taken us on excursions...

邻居们请我们出去吃饭，给我们衣服，还带我们去远足。

Barron **invited** her to accompany him to the races...

巴伦邀请她陪他参加比赛。

Sometimes it seems right to **invite** an entire class of children so no one will feel left out...

有时似乎应该邀请全班孩子，这样任何人都不会感到被孤立。

I haven't been **invited**.

我没有被邀请。

...an **invited** audience of children from inner-city schools.

从旧城区学校邀请来的小学生观众

2 VERB 动词 **(正式)邀请，请求，要求** If you are **invited** to do something, you are formally asked or given permission to do it.

At a future date, managers will be **invited** to apply for a management buy-out...

在将来的某天，经理们将受邀进行管理层收购。

The person concerned would be shown the evidence in private and **invited** to stand down...

将会向有关人员私下出示该证据，并要求其暂时离开证人席。

If a new leader emerged, it would then be for the Queen to **invite** him to form a government...

如果新首脑产生了，女王就会邀请他组建政府。

The Department is **inviting** applications from groups within the Borough.

该部门欢迎本行政区内各团体提出申请。

3 VERB 动词 **招致；诱发；引发** If something you say or do **invites** trouble or criticism, it makes trouble or criticism more likely.

I realise that an Englishman who generalises about Ireland **invites** trouble...

我意识到英国人如果对爱尔兰问题加以泛化的话会招惹麻烦。

Their refusal to compromise will inevitably **invite** more criticism from the UN.

他们拒绝妥协必然会引发联合国的更多批评。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **请柬；请帖** An invite is an invitation to something such as a party or a meal.

They haven't got an **invite** to the wedding.

他们还没收到参加婚礼的请柬。

involve ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **需要；包含** If a situation or activity **involves** something, that thing is a necessary part or consequence of it.

Running a kitchen involves a great deal of discipline and speed...

料理好厨房需要把一切都安排得规规矩矩，且要讲求速度。

Nicky's job as a public relations director involves spending quite a lot of time with other people.

尼基作为公共关系主管，需要花很多时间与别人打交道。

2 VERB 动词 **牵涉；涉及** If a situation or activity involves someone, they are taking part in it.

If there was a cover-up, it involved people at the very highest levels of government.

如果有人想要隐瞒实情，那其中就涉及政府部门最高层的人物。

...a riot involving a hundred inmates...

有 100 名囚犯参与的暴动

Detectives launched an operation involving Interpol and Nigerian police.

侦探们联合国际刑警与尼日利亚警方开展了一项行动。

3 VERB 动词 **使陷入；使卷入** If you say that someone involves themselves in something, you mean that they take part in it, often in a way that is unnecessary or unwanted.

I seem to have involved myself in something I don't understand.

我似乎卷入了一件我并不知情的事情当中。

4 VERB 动词 **使参与；使介入** If you involve someone else in something, you get them to take part in it.

Noel and I do everything together, he involves me in everything...

我和诺埃尔什么事情都一起做，他让我参与所有的事。

Before too long he started involving me in the more confidential aspects of the job.

不久，他便开始让我介入工作中更机密的方面。

5 VERB 动词 **使承担；使面对** If one thing involves you in another thing, especially something unpleasant or inconvenient, the first thing causes you to do or deal with the second.

A late booking may involve you in extra cost...

预订晚了的话你可能要额外多花钱。

This involved me in a round trip of over 400 miles.

为此我需要往返旅行 400 多英里。

involved ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **卷入的；参与的；与...有密切关联的** If you are involved in a situation or activity, you are taking part in it or have a strong connection with it.

If she were involved in business, she would make a strong chief executive...

如果她投身商业的话，她会是一个很有能力的总裁。

She became involved with political causes after the Chernobyl nuclear disaster...

在切尔诺贝利核泄漏灾难发生以后，她开始投身政界。

The Farmers' Club is an organisation for people involved in agriculture.

农场主俱乐部是为农业界人士创办的组织。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **专心于...的；忙于...的** If you are involved in something, you give a lot of time, effort, or attention to it.

The family were deeply involved in Jewish culture.

这家人非常注重学习犹太文化。

...women who are so involved in their careers that they have no time for friendship.

忙于事业以至于无暇顾及友谊的女性

3 ADJ 形容词 **包含的；涉及的** The things involved in something such as a job or system are the necessary parts or consequences of it.

We believe the time and hard work involved in completing such an assignment are worthwhile...

我们认为完成这项任务所必须付出的时间与辛苦都是值得的。

He cannot reveal how much money is involved in the scheme...

他不能透露该计划投入了多少钱。

Let's take a look at some of the figures involved.

让我们看一下涉及的一些数字。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **复杂难懂的；棘手的；难处理的** If a situation or activity is involved, it has a lot of different parts or aspects, often making it difficult to understand, explain, or do.

The operations can be quite involved, requiring many procedures.

手术可能非常复杂，需要对多处进行手术。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **关系暧昧的；有恋爱关系的** If one person is involved with another, especially someone they are not married to, they are having a sexual or romantic relationship.

He became romantically involved with a married woman.

他与一位已婚妇女产生了恋情。

island ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT ; N-IN-NAMES 名称名词；名称名词 **岛；岛屿** An island is a piece of land that is completely surrounded by water.

...a wonderful day trip to the picturesque island of Gozo...

到风景如画的戈佐岛享受美妙的一日游

We spent a day on Cakley Island.

我们在科尔迪岛上度过了一天。

...the Canary Islands.

加那利群岛

item ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [collector's item](#) ; (系列物品或清单中的)一件 An item is one of a collection or list of objects.

The most valuable item on show will be a Picasso drawing...

展览会上最贵重的展品是毕加索的一幅素描。

The menu includes the occasional off-beat item.

菜单中包括了偶尔会有的非传统菜肴。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **项目；条目；条款** An item is one of a list of things for someone to do, deal with, or talk about.

The other item on the agenda is the tour.

日程中的另一项是旅游。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一篇报道(或文章)；(新闻等)的一条，一则** An item is a report or article in a newspaper or magazine, or on television or radio.

There was an item in the paper about him.

报纸上有一条关于他的报道。

4 N-SING 单数名词 **(关系亲密的)一对** If you say that two people are an item, you mean that they are having a romantic or sexual relationship.

She and Gino were an item.

她和吉诺是一对。

joint ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **联合的；共同的；共享的** Joint means shared by or belonging to two or more people.

She and Frank had never gotten around to opening a joint account...

她和弗兰克还没有抽出时间去开联名账户。

Jackie and Ben came to a joint decision as to where they would live.

关于他们将住哪里是杰姬和本共同决定的。

jointly

The Port Authority is an agency jointly run by New York and New Jersey.

港务局是由纽约州和新泽西州共同管理的机构。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **关节** A joint is a part of your body such as your elbow or knee where two bones meet and are able to move together.

Her joints ache if she exercises.

她一运动关节就疼。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [dovetail joint](#) ; **接合处；连接点；接头；接缝** A joint is the place where two things are fastened or fixed together.

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(适于烧烤的)大块肉** A joint is a fairly large piece of meat which is suitable for roasting.

He carved the joint of beef.

他切开了那一块烤牛肉。

in AM, use 美国英语用 roast

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **廉价娱乐场所；下等娱乐场所** You can refer to a cheap place where people go for some form of entertainment as a joint.

They had come to the world's most famous

pick-up joint...

他们来到了全世界最有名的寻花问柳之地。

...a hamburger joint.

汉堡包店

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **大麻烟卷** A joint is a cigarette which contains cannabis or marijuana.

7 PHRASE 短语 (因感到无足轻重或不受重视) **心烦意乱, 感到不快** If something puts someone's nose out of joint, it upsets or offends them because it makes them feel less important or less valued.

Barry had his nose put out of joint by Lucy's aloof sophistication...

露西的冷淡与世故使得巴里十分不快。

Her sister-in-law's nose is a little out of joint.

她嫂子有点儿心烦。

8 PHRASE 短语 **不太正常; 不得体; 无秩序; 紊乱**

If something is out of joint, it is not quite right or appropriate, or does not work quite as it should.

There was something out of joint in the situation. Something was strange...

情况有点儿不太正常。有些事有点儿古怪。

The electoral timetable seems to be out of joint with the need for change.

选举时间表似乎有些混乱, 需要改动一下。

journal ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指某专门学科的) **杂志, 刊物** A journal is a magazine, especially one that deals with a specialized subject.

All our results are published in scientific journals.

我们的研究结果全都发表在科学刊物上了。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **日报, 周报, ...报 (常用于报纸名称中)** A journal is a daily or weekly newspaper. The word journal is often used in the name of the paper.

He was a newspaperman for The New York Times and some other journals.

他是个记者, 为《纽约时报》和其他一些报刊撰稿。

...The Wall Street Journal.

《华尔街日报》

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **日记; 日志** A journal is an account which you write of your daily activities.

Sara confided to her journal...

萨拉在日记中倾诉心事。

On the plane he wrote in his journal.

他在飞机上写日记。

journalist ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **新闻记者; 新闻工作者** A journalist is a person whose job is to collect news and write about it for newspapers, magazines, television, or radio.

judge ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT; N-TITLE 可数名词; 头衔名词 **法官; 审判员** A judge is the person in a court of law who decides how the law should be applied, for example how criminals should be punished.

The judge adjourned the hearing until next Tuesday...

法官将听证会延至下周二。

Judge Mr Justice Schiemann jailed him for life.

法官席曼先生判处他终身监禁。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **裁判员; 评判员** A judge is a person who decides who will be the winner of a competition.

A panel of judges is now selecting the finalists.

评判小组现在正选拔参加决赛的选手。

3 VERB 动词 **为 (竞赛等) 担任裁判; 评定** If you judge something such as a competition, you decide who or what is the winner.

Colin Mitchell will judge the entries each week...

科林·米切尔负责每周对参赛作品进行评判。

Entrants will be judged in two age categories: 5-10 years and 11-14 years...

参赛者将分成两个年龄段接受评判: 5至10岁和11至14岁。

A grade B judge could only be allowed to judge alongside a qualified grade A judge.

B级裁判只能协同有A级资质的裁判进行评判。

judging

The judging was difficult as always.

评判和以往一样难以抉择。

4 VERB 动词 **判断; 断定; 评价; 认为** If you judge something or someone, you form an opinion about them after you have examined the evidence or thought carefully about them.

It will take a few more years to judge the impact of these ideas...

要再花上几年的时间才能判断出这些想法的影响。

I am ready to judge any book on its merits...

我愿意根据每本图书各自的优点来作出评价。

It's for other people to judge how much I have improved...

我有多大的进步应该由其他人来评价。

The UN withdrew its relief personnel because it judged the situation too dangerous...

联合国认为局势过于危险, 因此撤出了救济人员。

I judged it to be one of the worst programmes ever screened...

我认为这是有史以来播出的最烂的节目之一。

The doctor judged that the man's health had, up to the time of the wound, been good...

医生认为, 直到受伤之前, 该男子的身体一直很好。

This may or may not be judged as reasonable.

关于其是否合理, 两种看法可能都存在。

5 VERB 动词 **估计, 猜测 (数量、大小、价值等)** If you judge something, you guess its amount, size, or value or you guess what it is.

It is important to judge the weight of your washing load correctly...

正确估计待洗衣物的重量很重要。

I judged him to be about forty...

我估计他40岁上下。

Though the shoreline could be dimly seen, it was impossible to judge how far away it was...

虽然能够隐隐约约看到海岸线, 但无法估计出大概有多远。

I would judge that my earnings as a teacher have, over the years, been considerably below those of Mr Foot.

我估计, 这些年来, 我当老师的收入要比福特先生的收入低不少。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **鉴赏家; 鉴定人** If someone is a good judge of something, they understand it and can make sensible decisions about it. If someone is a bad judge of something, they cannot do this.

I'm a pretty good judge of character...

我很善于判断人的性格。

It would appear that my sister is a poor judge of masculine charm.

看来我妹妹全然不懂得欣赏男性的魅力。

7 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **根据...判断; 根据...来看** You use judging by judging from, or to judge from to introduce the reasons why you believe or think something.

Judging by the opinion polls, he seems to be succeeding...

从民意测验来看, 他似乎胜券在握。

Judging from the way he laughed as he told it, it was meant to be humorous...

从他讲这件事时笑的样子来看, 那应该是很幽默的了。

To judge from his productivity, Mozart clearly enjoyed robust good health throughout his twenties.

从创作能力来看, 莫扎特20至30岁时显然精力充沛, 身体健康。

8 PHRASE 短语 **根据判断; 看来** If you say that something is true as far as you can judge or so far as you can judge, you are assuming that it is true, although you do not know all the facts about it.

They were typed records of his bets, going back a couple of years as far as I could judge...

据我判断, 这些是他过去几年下注打赌的书面记录。

The book, so far as I can judge, is remarkably accurate.

就我看来, 这本书内容相当准确。

jump ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **跳; 跃; 跳跃** If you jump, you bend your knees, push against the ground with your feet, and move quickly upwards into the air.

I jumped over the fence...

我跳过了栅栏。

They came into the front hall, stamping their boots and **jumping** up and down to knock the snow off...

他们进入了前厅，跺着靴子，蹦跳着抖掉身上的雪。

I'd **jumped** seventeen feet six in the long **jump**, which was a school record...

我跳远曾经跳出了17.6英尺，创造了学校纪录。

Whoever heard of a basketball player who doesn't need to **jump**?

有谁听说过篮球运动员不需要跳跃的吗？

Jump is also a noun.

She was taking tiny **jumps** in her excitement.

她兴奋得又蹦又跳。

1 VERB 动词 **跳下；跃出** If you **jump** from something above the ground, you deliberately push yourself into the air so that you drop towards the ground.

He **jumped** out of a third-floor window...

他从3楼的窗户跳了出去。

She has **jumped** from an aeroplane four times...

她已经4次从飞机上跳下。

I **jumped** the last six feet down to the deck.

最后的6英尺我一跃而下，跳到甲板上。

2 VERB 动词 **跳过，跃过，跨越（栅栏等）** If you **jump** something such as a fence, you move quickly up and through the air over or across it.

He **jumped** the first fence beautifully.

他轻松地跨过第一道栏。

3 VERB 动词 **快速移动；一跃而起** If you **jump** somewhere, you move there quickly and suddenly.

Adam **jumped** from his seat at the girl's cry...

女孩儿一哭，亚当立即从座位上跳了起来。

She **jumped** to her feet and ran downstairs...

她突然站起来，跑下楼去了。

'I'll do it, Eleanor,' Angus said, **jumping** up.

“我来吧，埃莉诺，”安格斯腾地站起来说道。

4 VERB 动词 **（因害怕或吃惊）猛地一跳，突然一跳** If something **makes** you **jump**, it makes you make a sudden movement because you are frightened or surprised.

The phone shrilled, making her **jump**.

刺耳的电话铃响了起来，把她吓了一跳。

5 VERB 动词 **（数量或水平）突升，激增** If an amount or level **jumps**, it suddenly increases or rises by a large amount in a short time.

Sales **jumped** from \$94 million to over \$101 million...

销售额从9,400万美元激增到了1.01亿美元。

The number of crimes **jumped** by ten per cent last year...

去年犯罪率猛升了10%。

Shares in Euro Disney **jumped** 17p.

欧洲迪斯尼的股票价格迅速上涨了17便士。

Jump is also a noun.

...a big **jump** in energy conservation.

大幅度的能源节约

6 VERB 动词 **插（队）；不按顺序排（队）** If someone **jumps** a queue, they move to the front of it and are served or dealt with before it is their turn.

The prince refused to **jump** the queue for treatment at the local hospital.

王子在本地医院候诊时拒绝插队。

7 VERB 动词 **突然袭击；出其不意地攻击** If someone **jumps on** you or **jumps** you, they attack you suddenly or unexpectedly.

A week later, the same guys **jumped** on me on our own front lawn...

一个星期后，同一伙人又在我们家门口的草坪上袭击了我。

Two guys **jumped** me with clubs in the carpark.

两个家伙在停车场用球棒袭击了我。

8 VERB 动词 **迫不及待地接受，欣然应承（建议或机会）** If you **jump at** an offer or opportunity, you accept it quickly and eagerly.

Members of the public would **jump** at the chance to become part owners of the corporation.

一些公众会迫不及待地想要抓住机会成为这家公司的持股人。

9 VERB 动词 **毫不犹豫地批评；立即责备** If someone **jumps on** you, they quickly criticize you if you do something that they do not approve of.

A lot of people **jumped** on me about that, you know.

你知道，那件事让很多人逮着机会批评我。

10 See also: [bungee jumping](#) ; [high jump](#) ; [long jump](#) ; [queue-jumping](#) ; [show jumping](#) ; [triple jump](#) ;

11 PHRASE 短语 **比...占先；胜过；优于** If you get a **jump on** something or someone or get the **jump on** them, you gain an advantage over them.

Helicopters helped fire crews get a **jump** on the blaze...

直升机帮助消防队员控制住火势。

The idea is to get the **jump** on him.

想法是要胜过他。

12 PHRASE 短语 **非常激动；欣喜若狂；暴跳如雷** If you say that someone is **jumping up and down**, you mean they are very excited, happy, or angry about something.

I don't think a lot of people will **jump** up and down and say 'thank heavens'.

我并不认为很多人会欣喜若狂地说“感谢上帝”。

Everybody still **jumps** up and down about being rid of tyrants.

大家都还在为摆脱了暴君的统治而激动不已。

13 to **jump on the bandwagon**→see: [bandwagon](#) ;

to **jump bail**→see: [bail](#) ;

to **jump to a conclusion**→see: [conclusion](#) ;

to **jump the gun**→see: [gun](#) ;

to **jump for joy**→see: [joy](#) ;

to **jump out of one's skin**→see: [skin](#) ;

相关词组：

[jump in](#) [jump out](#)

justice ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **公平；公正；正义** **Justice** is fairness in the way that people are treated.

He has a good overall sense of **justice** and fairness...

他极富正义感和公平意识。

He only wants freedom, **justice** and equality...

他只要自由、公正和平等。

There is no **justice** in this world!

这个世界毫无公平可言！

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **（理由、要求或论点的）合理，正当，正确，公道** The **justice** of a cause, claim, or argument is its quality of being reasonable, fair, or right.

We are a minority and must win people round to the **justice** of our cause.

我们属于少数群体，必须赢得人们对我们的正义事业的支持。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **司法制度；法律制度** **Justice** is the legal system that a country uses in order to deal with people who break the law.

Many in Toronto's black community feel that the **justice** system does not treat them fairly...

多伦多的黑人群体中有很多人觉得司法制度对待他们有失公正。

A lawyer is part of the machinery of **justice**.

律师是司法体系的一部分。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **法官** A **justice** is a judge.

Thomas will be sworn in today as a **justice** on the Supreme Court.

托马斯今天将宣誓就任最高法院法官。

5 N-TITLE 头衔名词 **（用于法官名前）...法官** **Justice** is used before the names of judges.

A preliminary hearing was due to start today before Mr **Justice** Hutchison, but was adjourned.

今天法官哈奇森先生本来要主持一项预审，但暂时休庭了。

6 See also: [miscarriage of justice](#) ;

7 PHRASE 短语 **将...绳之以法；把...缉拿归案** If a criminal is **brought to justice**, he or she is punished for a crime by being arrested and tried in a court of law.

They demanded that those responsible be brought to **justice**...

他们要求将责任人缉拿归案。

She'd need proof to bring Jason to **justice**.

她需要有证据才能将贾森绳之以法。

8 PHRASE 短语 **准确地再现；逼真地重现** To do

justice to a person or thing means to reproduce them accurately and show how good they are.

The photograph I had seen didn't do her **justice**...

我看到的那张照片把她拍得走样了。

Most TV sets don't have the sound quality to do **justice** to the music.

大多数电视机的音质不好，无法播出原来的音乐效果。

9 PHRASE 短语 **妥善应付；恰当处理；尽力全面做好** If you **do justice** to someone or something, you deal with them properly and completely.

No one article can ever do **justice** to the topic of fraud...

没有哪一篇文章能把欺诈这一话题讲得恰到好处。

It is impossible here to do **justice** to the complex history of the Legion.

在这里不可能完整地论述古罗马军团复杂的历史。

10 PHRASE 短语 **充分发挥能力；尽最大的努力** If you **do yourself justice**, you do something as well as you are capable of doing it.

I don't think he could do himself **justice** playing for England...

我认为他为英格兰队效力时不可能充分发挥自己的水平。

I don't think I can win, but I want to do myself **justice**.

我认为我不会获胜，但我会尽自己最大的努力。

11 PHRASE 短语 **不合法的待遇（或惩罚）** If you describe someone's treatment or punishment as **rough justice**, you mean that it is not given according to the law.

Trial by television makes for very rough **justice** indeed.

电视庭审实际上会令审判不公。

12 PHRASE 短语 **不公正的待遇（或惩罚）** If you say that something is **rough justice** for someone, you mean that they have not been treated fairly.

It would have been rough **justice** had he been deprived of this important third European win.

要是他被剥夺了这一意义重大的第三个欧洲冠军头衔，那对他简直是太不公平了。

key ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **钥匙** A **key** is a specially shaped piece of metal that you place in a lock and turn in order to open or lock a door, or to start or stop the engine of a vehicle.

They put the **key** in the door and entered...

他们用钥匙打开门进去了。

She reached for her coat and car **keys**.

她伸手拿外套和汽车钥匙。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（计算机或打字机的）键** The **keys** on a computer keyboard or typewriter are the buttons that you press in order to operate it.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（钢琴或风琴的）键** The **keys** of a piano or organ are the long narrow pieces of wood or plastic that you press in order to play it.

4 N-VAR 可变名词 **（音乐的）调** In music, a **key** is a scale of musical notes that starts on one specific note.

...the **key** of A minor.

A小调

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（地图、图解或科技书籍的）略语表，符号表，凡例** The **key** on a map or diagram or in a technical book is a list of the symbols or abbreviations used and their meanings.

You will find a **key** at the front of the book.

你会在书的前面找到略语表。

6 ADJ 形容词 **最重要的；关键的** The **key** person or thing in a group is the most important one.

He is expected to be the **key** witness at the trial...

他将成为审判的关键证人。

Education is likely to be a **key** issue in the next election.

在下届选举中教育可能成为最重要的一个议题。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **关键；要诀** The **key** to a desirable situation or result is the way in which it can be achieved.

The **key** to success is to be ready from the start...

成功的关键在于从一开始就要准备充分。

Diet and relaxation are two important **keys** to good health.

限制饮食和放松身心是保持健康的两个要诀。

8 See also: [master key](#); under lock and key → see: [lock](#);

相关词组：

[key in](#)

kick ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **踢；踢** If you **kick** someone or something, you hit them forcefully with your foot.

He **kicked** the door hard...

他使劲儿踢门。

He threw me to the ground and started to **kick**...

他把我摔倒在地开始踢我。

He escaped by **kicking** open the window...

他踢开窗户逃跑了。

The fiery actress **kicked** him in the shins...

那位脾气暴躁的女演员踢了他的小腿。

An ostrich can **kick** a man to death.

鸵鸟能把人踢死。

Kick is also a noun.

He suffered a **kick** to the knee.

他膝盖被人踢了一下。

2 VERB 动词 **踢（球或其他物体）** When you **kick** a ball or other object, you hit it with your foot so that it moves through the air.

I went to **kick** the ball and I completely missed it...

我去踢球却踢了个空。

He **kicked** the ball away...

他把球踢开了。

A furious player **kicked** his racket into the grandstand.

一位愤怒的球员将他的球拍踢向了看台。

Kick is also a noun.

Schmeichel swooped to save the first **kick** from Borisov.

舒梅切尔的奋力一扑挡住了鲍里索夫的第一次射门。

3 VERB 动词 **踢腿；踢（腿）** If you **kick** or if you **kick** your legs, you move your legs with very quick, small, and forceful movements, once or repeatedly.

They were dragged away struggling and **kicking**...

他们被拖走时挣扎着又踢又蹬。

First he **kicked** the left leg, then he **kicked** the right...

他先踢左腿，然后踢右腿。

He **kicked** his feet away from the window.

他从窗户旁跑开了。

Kick out means the same as **kick**. [kick out](#) 同 [kick](#)

As its rider tried to free it, the horse **kicked out**.

骑手想松开那匹马时，它乱踢乱蹬。

4 VERB 动词 **踢（腿）** If you **kick** your legs, you lift your legs up very high one after the other, for example when you are dancing.

He was **kicking** his legs like a Can Can dancer...

他像跳康康舞一样踢着腿。

She begins dancing, **kicking** her legs high in the air.

她开始跳舞，做了空中高踢腿动作。

5 VERB 动词 **戒除（恶习）** If you **kick** a habit, you stop doing something that is bad for you and that you find difficult to stop doing.

She's **kicked** her drug habit and learned that her life has value...

她已经戒了毒，并且认识到了生命可贵。

I've **kicked** cigarettes, heroin, and booze.

我已经戒了烟，不再吸食海洛因和酗酒了。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **极度兴奋；极度刺激；极大的乐趣** If something gives you a **kick**, it makes you feel very excited or very happy for a short period of time.

I got a **kick** out of seeing my name in print.

当看到我的名字印成铅字时，我感到无比兴奋。

7 PHRASE 短语 **落井下石** If you say that someone **kicks you when you are down**, you think they are behaving unfairly because they are attacking you when you are in a weak position.

In the end I just couldn't **kick** Jimmy when he was down.

最后我就是无法做到在吉米倒霉时落井下石。

8 PHRASE 短语 **为了寻求刺激** If you say that

someone does something for kicks, you mean that they do it because they think it will be exciting.

They made a few small bets for **kicks**.

他们觉得好玩便小赌了几把。

9 PHRASE 短语 **被强拉硬拽；极不愿意** If you say that someone is dragged **kicking and screaming into** a particular course of action, you are emphasizing that they are very unwilling to do what they are being made to do.

He had to be dragged **kicking and screaming into** action.

他要被强拉硬拽才肯行动起来。

10 PHRASE 短语 **令人极度失望的事；重大的挫折** If you describe an event as a **kick in the teeth**, you are emphasizing that it is very disappointing and upsetting.

We've been struggling for years and it's a real **kick in the teeth** to see a new band make it ahead of us.

我们奋斗了多年，看到一支新的乐队反而超越了我们，真让人大失所望。

11 PHRASE 短语 **我真生自己的气/你会感到懊恼的** You use **kick yourself** in expressions such as **I could have kicked myself and you're going to kick yourself** to indicate that you were annoyed or are going to be annoyed that you got something wrong.

I was still **kicking myself** for not paying attention...

我仍在怪自己没有注意。

I immediately regretted having said this—I **could have kicked myself**.

我一说完这话就后悔了——我都想抽自己。

12 **alive and kicking**→see: [alive](#) ;

to kick someone's ass→see: [ass](#) ;

to kick the bucket→see: [bucket](#) ;

to kick up a fuss→see: [fuss](#) ;

相关词组：

[kick against](#) [kick around](#) [kick back](#) [kick down](#) [kick in](#) [kick off](#) [kick out](#) [kick up](#)

kid ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **小孩** You can refer to a child as a **kid**.

They've got three **kids**...

他们有3个孩子。

All the **kids** in my class could read.

我们班所有的孩子都能阅读。

2 N-COUNT ; N-VOC 可数名词；称呼名词 **青少年** Young people who are no longer children are sometimes referred to as **kids**.

There were gangs of **kids** on motorbikes roaming around...

过去有成群结队的年轻人骑着摩托车四处游荡。

That's a lot for a **kid** of 22 to cope with.

那对一个22岁的年轻人来说是够难应付的。

3 ADJ 形容词 **年幼的** You can refer to your younger brother as your **kid** brother and your younger sister as your **kid** sister.

My **kid** sister woke up and started crying.

我妹妹醒了，哭了起来。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **小山羊** A **kid** is a young goat.

5 VERB 动词 **开玩笑** If you are **kidding**, you are saying something that is not really true, as a joke.

I'm not **kidding**, Frank. There's a cow out there, just standing around...

我没有开玩笑，弗兰克。外面有一头母牛，就站在附近。

I'm just **kidding**...

我只是开玩笑。

Are you sure you're not **kidding** me?

你确定不是在和我开玩笑吗？

6 VERB 动词 **戏弄；逗惹** If you **kid** someone, you tease them.

He liked to **kid** Ingrid a lot...

他很喜欢捉弄英格丽德。

He used to **kid** me about being chubby.

他过去常取笑我胖。

7 VERB 动词 **欺骗；哄骗** If people **kid themselves**, they allow themselves to believe something that is not true because they wish that it was true.

We're **kidding ourselves**, Bill. We're not winning, we're not even doing well...

我们在自己骗自己，比尔。我们没有赢，我们甚至都没有发挥好。

I could **kid myself** that you did this for me, but it would be a lie.

我可以欺骗自己你这样做是为了我，但那终究是谎言。

8 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(强调所说的是真实的或是认真的)真的，不是开玩笑** You can say 'No **kidding**' to emphasize that what you are saying is true, or that you mean it.

I'm scared. No **kidding**, really.

我很害怕。不是开玩笑，真的。

9 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(表示感兴趣或惊讶)真的吗？** You can say 'No **kidding**?' to show that you are interested or surprised when someone tells you something.

'We won.' — 'No **kidding**?'

“我们赢了。”——“真的吗？”

10 PHRASE 短语 **(表示认为某人所言极为荒唐或完全是假的)你一定是在开玩笑** You can say 'you've got to be **kidding**' or 'you must be **kidding**' to someone if they have said something that you think is ridiculous or completely untrue.

You've got to be **kidding**! I can't live here!...

你在开玩笑吧！我不可能住这儿！

'He's a mild inoffensive man isn't he?' — Oh you've gotta be **kidding**.'

“他是个温和、没有恶意的人，不是吗？”——“啊，你不是开玩笑吧。”

11 PHRASE 短语 **(表示认为某人不够真诚或不相信某人所言)她骗谁啊？/他想骗谁啊？** You can say 'who is she **kidding**?' or 'who is he trying to **kid**?' if you think it is obvious that someone is not being sincere and does not mean what they say.

She played the role of a meek, innocent, shy girl. I don't know who she was trying to **kid**...

她装作一个温顺、天真、害羞的女孩。真不知道她想骗谁。

'Maybe tomorrow will be better,' I said, hanging up. 'Who am I **kidding**?' I told Wolfe. 'Tomorrow will be more of the same.'

“也许明天会更好。”我说着挂断了电话。“我在骗谁啊？”我对沃尔夫说。“明天还是一个样。”

king ★★★★★

1 N-TITLE ; N-COUNT 头衔名词；可数名词 **君主；国王** A **king** is a man who is the most important member of the royal family of his country, and who is considered to be the Head of State of that country.

...the **king** and queen of Spain...

西班牙国王和王后

In 1154, Henry II became King of England.

1154年，亨利二世成为英格兰国王。

...King Albert.

阿尔伯特国王

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **最重要者；首屈一指者；...之王** If you describe a man as **the king of** something, you mean that he is the most important person doing that thing or he is the best at doing it.

He's the **king of** unlicensed boxing...

他是黑市拳王。

He was the **king of** the big love song.

他是流行情歌之王。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(纸牌中的)老K** A **king** is a playing card with a picture of a king on it.

...the **king of** diamonds.

方片K

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(国际象棋中的)王** In chess, the **king** is the most important piece. When you are in a position to capture your opponent's king, you win the game.

5 PHRASE 短语 **过霜焯的生活；活得像个国王** If you say that someone **lives like a king**, you mean that they are able to live in a very comfortable or luxurious way.

Executives lived like **kings**. The top thirty-one executives were paid a total of \$14.2 million.

经理们活得像国王一样。职位最高的31名经理的薪金总额达到了1,420万美元。

6 **a king's ransom**→see: [ransom](#) ;

kitchen ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [soup kitchen](#) ; [厨房](#)

kitchen is a room that is used for cooking and for household jobs such as washing dishes.

knowledge ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **知识；学问；学识**

Knowledge is information and understanding about a subject which a person has, or which all people have.

She told Parliament she had no **knowledge** of the affair.

她告诉议会她对此事并不知情。

...the quest for scientific **knowledge**.

对科学知识的探索

2 PHRASE 短语 **据...所知** If you say that something is true **to your knowledge** or **to the best of your knowledge**, you mean that you believe it to be true but it is possible that you do not know all the facts.

Alec never carried a gun **to my knowledge**...

据我所知亚历克从来不带枪。

To the best of my **knowledge**, Gloria did not make these comments.

据我所知，格洛丽亚没这么说过。

3 PHRASE 短语 **因知道...而放心** If you do something **safe in the knowledge** that something else is the case, you do the first thing confidently because you are sure of the second thing.

You can let your kids play here, **safe in the knowledge** that they won't get sunburn.

你可以放心让孩子们在这儿玩，他们肯定不会晒黑。

lack ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **缺乏；不足；没有** If there is a **lack of** something, there is not enough of it or it does not exist at all.

Despite his **lack of** experience, he got the job...

他虽然经验不足，但还是获得了这份工作。

The charges were dropped for **lack of** evidence...

指控因证据不足而被撤销。

He tricked his way into a job as a hospital doctor and killed a patient through **lack of** care...

他混入医院当上医生，结果因疏忽职守致使一名病人丧生。

There is a **lack of** people wanting to start up new businesses.

有创业意愿的人非常匮乏。

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **缺少；欠缺；没有** If you say that someone or something **lacks** a particular quality or that a particular quality is **lacking** in them, you mean that they do not have any or enough of it.

It **lacked** the power of the Italian cars...

它没有意大利轿车动力强劲。

He **lacked** the judgment and political acumen for the post of chairman...

他欠缺做主席应具备的判断力和政治敏锐度。

Certain vital information is **lacking** in the report.

该报告缺少某些关键信息。

3 See also: [lacking](#) ;

4 PHRASE 短语 **不乏；有的是** If you say there is **no lack of** something, you are emphasizing that there is a great deal of it.

He said there was **no lack of** things for them to talk about...

他说他们之间不缺谈资。

President Clinton displayed **no lack of** vigor when he began to speak.

克林顿总统开腔时颇有气势。

lady ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [old lady](#) ; (尤为表示礼貌或尊敬的指称) **女士；女子** You can use **lady** when you are referring to a woman, especially when you are showing politeness or respect.

She's a very sweet **old lady**...

她是一位很和蔼的老太太。

Shall we rejoin the **ladies**?

咱们和女士们会合吧？

...a **lady** doctor.

女医生

...a cream-coloured **lady's** shoe.

乳白色女鞋

2 N-VOC 称呼名词 **女士们；小姐们** You can say **'ladies'** when you are addressing a group of women in a formal and respectful way.

Your table is ready, **ladies**, if you'd care to come through...

你们的桌位已经准备好了，女士们，请跟我来。

Good afternoon, **ladies** and gentlemen.

下午好，女士们，先生们。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指旧时上层阶级的) **贵妇；夫人；小姐** A **lady** is a woman from the upper classes, especially in former times.

...the Empress and **ladies** of the Imperial Palace...

皇后与皇宫里的贵妇们

Our governess was told to make sure we knew how to talk like English **ladies**.

要求家庭女教师教会我们英国贵妇般的谈吐。

4 N-TITLE 头衔名词 (在英国用作对女贵族或爵士妻子的称谓) **夫人，小姐** In Britain, **Lady** is a title used in front of the names of some female members of the nobility, or the wives of knights.

Cockburn's arrival coincided with that of Sir Iain and **Lady** Noble...

科伯恩到时正好伊恩爵士和诺布尔夫人也来了。

My dear **Lady** Mary, how very good to see you.

亲爱的玛丽夫人，见到您真是太高兴了。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **淑女；端庄的女士** If you say that a woman is a **lady**, you mean that she behaves in a polite, dignified, and graceful way.

His wife was great as well, beautiful-looking and a real **lady**...

他妻子也很招人喜欢，样子俏丽，是位真正的淑女。

A **lady** always sits quietly with her hands in her lap.

淑女端坐时总是双手放在膝上，不发一言。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **公共女厕；女洗手间** People sometimes refer to a public toilet for women as **the ladies**.

At Temple station, Charlotte rushed into the **Ladies**.

一到坦普尔站，夏洛特立即冲进了女厕所。

7 N-VOC 称呼名词 (尤用于商店里或街上男子对不相识女子的称谓) **女士，小姐** **'Lady'** is sometimes used by men as a form of address when they are talking to a woman that they do not know, especially in shops and in the street.

What seems to be the trouble, **lady**?...

您遇到什么麻烦了吗，小姐？

As she left the litter-strewn lot, an angry voice called out to her. 'Hey, **lady**!'

她正要离开满地垃圾的停车场，一个愤怒的声音朝她大喊：“喂，小姐！”

8 See also: [First Lady](#) ; [Our Lady](#) ;

language ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **语言；语言文字** A **language** is a system of communication which consists of a set of sounds and written symbols which are used by the people of a particular country or region for talking or writing.

...the English **language**...

英语

Students are expected to master a second **language**...

学生们要掌握一门外语。

Holidays are for seeing the sights, hearing the **language** and savouring the smells.

度假是为了赏风景之美，听语言之妙，品百味之香。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **言语；语言表达** **Language** is the use of a system of communication which consists of a set of sounds or written symbols.

Students examined how children acquire **language**...

学生们仔细研究儿童如何习得语言。

Language is not art but both are forms of human behavior.

言语不是艺术，但两者都是人类的行为方式。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (某一领域的) **全部词汇；术语** You can refer to the words used in connection with a particular subject as **the language of** that subject.

...the **language of** business.

商业用语

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **粗话；脏话** You can refer to someone's use of rude words or swearing as **bad language** when you find it offensive.

Television companies tend to censor **bad language** in feature films...

电视公司往往会在审查故事片时删去其中的粗话。

There's a girl gonna be in the club, so you guys watch your **language**.

俱乐部里会有一位女孩，你们男的说话注意点。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **语言风格；措辞** The **language** of a piece of writing or speech is the style in which it is written or spoken.

...a booklet summarising it in plain **language**...

以平实语言对其作出概述的小册子

The tone of his **language** was diplomatic and polite...

他说话圆通得体、彬彬有礼。

Mr Harris has not been afraid to use **language**

that many in his party despise.
哈里斯先生原来不怕使用为许多党内人士所不齿的言辞。

6 N-VAR 可变名词 **交流方式，交际方式（包括可识别符号、非语言声音、动作等）** You can use **language** to refer to various means of communication involving recognizable symbols, non-verbal sounds, or actions.

Some sign **languages** are very sophisticated means of communication.

有些手语可以表达非常复杂的内容。

...the digital **language** of computers.

计算机的数字语言

largely ★★★★★

1 ADV-GRADED 副词 **大致上；总体上；一般地说**

You use **largely** to say that a statement is not completely true but is mostly true.

The fund is **largely** financed through government borrowing...

该基金大致上由政府借款支持。

I **largely** work with people who already are motivated...

我大多和积极主动的人一起工作。

Their weapons have been **largely** stones.

一直以来，他们的武器主要是石头。

2 ADV 副词 **（用于说明原因）主要地** **Largely** is used to introduce the main reason for a particular event or situation.

Retail sales dipped 6/10ths of a percent last month, **largely** because Americans were buying fewer cars...

上月零售额下降了千分之六，主要是因为美国人买汽车少了。

The French empire had expanded **largely** through military conquest.

法兰西帝国的扩张主要靠军事征服。

latest ★★★★★

1 (**late**的最高级) **Latest** is the superlative of **late**.

2 ADJ-SUPERL 形容词最高级形式 **最近的；最新的** You use **latest** to describe something that is the most recent thing of its kind.

...her **latest** book...

她的新书

Latest reports say another five people have been killed...

最新报道称又有5人被害。

The strike is the **latest** in a series by public employees in protest at worsening economic conditions and government austerity measures.

这是公务员发起的一系列罢工中的最新一次，以抗议日趋恶化的经济状况和政府的紧缩措施。

3 ADJ-SUPERL 形容词最高级形式 **最新式的；最现代的** You can use **latest** to describe something that is very new and modern and is better than older things of a similar kind.

Crooks are using the **latest** laser photocopiers to produce millions of fake banknotes...

犯罪分子正利用最新式的激光复印机制造数以百万计的假钞。

I got to drive the **latest** model...

我开上了最新款的车。

Computers have always represented the **latest** in technology.

计算机向来是最新科技的象征。

4 See also: [late](#) ;

5 PHRASE 短语 **最晚；至迟** You use **at the latest** in order to indicate that something must happen at or before a particular time and not after that time.

She should be back by ten o'clock **at the latest**.

她最晚应该在10点前回来。

launch ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **发射（火箭、导弹或卫星）** To **launch** a rocket, missile, or satellite means to send it into the air or into space.

NASA plans to **launch** a satellite to study cosmic rays...

美国国家航空航天局计划发射一颗卫星上天，对宇宙射线进行研究。

A Delta II rocket was **launched** from Cape Canaveral early this morning.

今天一早，一枚“德尔塔”Ⅱ型火箭在卡纳维拉尔角发射升空。

Launch is also a noun.

This morning's **launch** of the space shuttle Columbia has been delayed.

原定今早“哥伦比亚”号航天飞机的发射已被推迟。

2 VERB 动词 **使（船）下水；使（新船）首次下水** To **launch** a ship or a boat means to put it into water, often for the first time after it has been built.

There was no time to **launch** the lifeboats because the ferry capsized with such alarming speed.

渡轮瞬间倾覆，根本没时间放救生艇下水。

Launch is also a noun.

The **launch** of a ship was a big occasion.

新船下水是件大事。

3 VERB 动词 **开展（重大活动）；发起，发动（军事袭击等）** To **launch** a large and important activity, for example a military attack, means to start it.

Heavy fighting has been going on after the guerrillas had **launched** their offensive...

游击队发起攻击后，激烈的战斗一直持续不断。

The police have **launched** an investigation into the incident...

警方已对该事件展开调查。

The President was on holiday when the coup was **launched**.

政变发动时，总统正在度假。

Launch is also a noun.

...the **launch** of a campaign to restore law and order.

发起一场旨在恢复法律和秩序的运动

4 VERB 动词 **推出，发布（新产品）** If a company **launches** a new product, it makes it available to the public.

Crabtree & Evelyn has just **launched** a new jam, Worcesterberry Preserve...

琥珀翠刚推出一款新果酱——伍斯特浆果果酱。

Marks & Spencer recently hired model Linda Evangelista to **launch** its new range.

玛莎百货最近聘请模特儿琳达·埃万杰利斯塔为其发布新系列产品。

Launch is also a noun.

The company's spending has also risen following the **launch** of a new Sunday magazine.

发行一本新周日杂志后，公司的开支也跟着上升。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（在江河、湖泊和港口载人的）大型汽艇** A **launch** is a large motorboat that is used for carrying people on rivers and lakes and in harbours.

The captain was on the deck of the **launch**, steadying the boat for the pilot...

船长站在汽艇甲板上为领航员保向。

We'll make a trip by **launch** to White Island.

我们将乘汽艇到怀特岛。

相关词组：

[launch into](#)

lawyer ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **律师** A **lawyer** is a person who is qualified to advise people about the law and represent them in court.

Prosecution and defense **lawyers** are expected to deliver closing arguments next week.

下周控辩双方律师将进行结案陈词。

Usage Note :

In both British and American English, **lawyer** is a general term for someone who is qualified in law and represents people in legal matters. American **lawyers** can prepare cases and can also represent their clients in court. Another American word commonly used for **lawyer** is **attorney**. In Britain, a **solicitor** prepares legal documents such as wills and contracts, and also prepares cases that are heard in court. **Solicitors** can also represent their clients, especially in lower courts. In higher courts, the argument for each side is usually presented by a **barrister**. In Scotland, a **barrister** is usually called an **advocate**.

lawyer在英国英语和美国英语中均为律师的通称。美国的**lawyer**既可准备案件材料，又可代表当事人出庭。美语中表示**lawyer**的另一个常用词是**attorney**。在英国，**solicitor**指既可准备遗书、合同等法律文件，也可准备用于法庭聆讯的案件材料的事务律师；**solicitor**亦可代表当事人出庭，尤其是在低等法院中。在高等法院中，控辩双方的律师通常称作**barrister**。而在苏格兰，**barrister**通常被称为**advocate**。

leadership ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **领导层；领导班子** You refer to people who are in control of a group or organization as the **leadership**.

He is expected to hold talks with both the Croatian and Slovenian **leaderships**.

预计他将与克罗地亚和斯洛文尼亚领导层举行会谈。

...the Labour **leadership** of Haringey council in north London.

北伦敦哈林盖政务委员会的工党领导层

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **领导；领导权；领导地位** Someone's **leadership** is their position or state of being in control of a group of people.

He praised her **leadership** during the crisis...

他赞扬她在危机中领导有方。

We find the leftists assuming **leadership** and becoming the spokesmen for an ideal of international revolution.

我们发现，左派逐渐掌权并成为国际革命理想的代言人。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **领导才能；领导方法；领导作风** **Leadership** refers to the qualities that make someone a good leader, or the methods a leader uses to do his or her job.

What most people want to see is determined, decisive action and firm **leadership**.

大多数人希望看到的是果决的行动和强有力的领导作风。

leading ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **最重要的；卓越的；显赫的** The **leading** person or thing in a particular area is the one which is most important or successful.

...a **leading** member of Bristol's Sikh community...

布里斯托尔锡克教社群一位出类拔萃的成员

Britain's future as a **leading** industrial nation depends on investment.

作为一个主要工业国英国的未来要倚赖投资。

2 ADJ 形容词 **主角的；主演的** The **leading** role in a play or film is the main role. A **leading** lady or man is an actor who plays this role.

3 ADJ 形容词 **(在比赛或行列中)首位的，居前的** The **leading** group, vehicle, or person in a race or procession is the one that is at the front.

league ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **联盟；同盟** A **league** is a group of people, clubs, or countries that have joined together for a particular purpose, or because they share a common interest.

...the League of Nations.

国际联盟

...the World Muslim League.

世界穆斯林联盟

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(体育运动队的)联合会，联赛** A **league** is a group of teams that play the same sport or activity against each other.

...the American League series between the Boston Red Sox and World Champion Oakland Athletics...

波士顿红袜队和世界大赛冠军奥克兰运动家队的美国联盟冠军赛对决

The club are on the brink of promotion to the Premier League.

俱乐部即将晋级超级联赛。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **级别；档次；水平** You use the word **league** to make comparisons between different people or things, especially in terms of their quality.

Her success has taken her out of my **league**...

她的成绩令我望尘莫及。

Their record sales would put them in the same **league** as The Rolling Stones.

他们的唱片销量可与“滚石”乐队比肩。

4 PHRASE 短语 **沆瀣一气；勾结** If you say that someone is **in league with** another person to do something bad, you mean that they are working together to do that thing.

There is no evidence that the broker was in **league with** the fraudulent vendor...

没有证据表明该经纪人与进行诈骗的卖主狼狈为奸。

Williams operated the smuggling scheme in **league with** his brother.

威廉斯串通其弟进行走私活动。

leg ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **腿** A person or animal's **legs** are the long parts of their body that they use to stand on.

He was tapping his walking stick against his **leg**.

他用手杖轻敲着腿。

-legged

Her name was Sheila, a long-**legged** blonde.

她叫希拉，是一位长腿的金发女郎。

...a large four-**legged** animal.

大型四足动物

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(裤)腿** The **legs** of a pair of trousers are the parts that cover your legs.

He moved on through wet grass that soaked his trouser **legs**.

他继续前行，穿过湿漉漉的草地，裤腿全湿透了。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(供食用动物的)腿肉** A **leg** of lamb, pork, chicken, or other meat is a piece of meat that consists of the animal's or bird's leg, especially the thigh.

...a chicken **leg**.

鸡腿

...a leg of mutton.

羊腿

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(桌、椅等家具的)腿，脚** The **legs** of a table, chair, or other piece of furniture are the parts that rest on the floor and support the furniture's weight.

His ankles were tied to the **legs** of the chair...

他的脚脖子被绑在椅腿上。

The teak table has fluted **legs**.

这张柚木桌子的桌腿有凹槽纹饰。

-legged

...a three-**legged** stool.

三脚凳

...an ancient Guatemalan bow-**legged** table.

古老的危地马拉弯腿桌

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一段路程；一段旅程** A **leg** of a long journey is one part of it, usually between two points where you stop.

The first **leg** of the journey was by boat to Lake Naivasha in Kenya.

行程的首段是乘船到肯尼亚的奈瓦沙湖。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(系列赛中的)一场，一轮，一段** A **leg** of a sports competition is one of a series of games that are played to find an overall winner.

The first round of the cup was decided over two **legs**...

杯赛的首轮以两场分胜负。

They will televise both **legs** of Leeds' European Cup clash with Rangers.

欧洲杯利兹联队与流浪者队的两场争夺战都将进行电视转播。

7 PHRASE 短语 **快跑；(尤指)逃开** If you **leg it**, you run very quickly, usually in order to escape from someone.

We saw some kids shinning up a drainpipe before **legging it** clutching a TV and hi-fi...

我们看见几个年轻人爬上了排水管，后来就见他们提着一台电视机和音响跑掉了。

He was now to be seen **legging it** across the field.

现在可以看到他快步跑过田地。

8 PHRASE 短语 **大势已去；玩儿完；没戏** If you say that something or someone is **on their last legs**, you mean that the period of time when they were successful or strong is ending.

This relationship is on its last legs.

这段关系已经快玩儿完了。

9 PHRASE 短语 **戏弄；捉弄** If you are **pulling someone's leg**, you are teasing them by telling them something shocking or worrying as a joke.

Of course I won't tell them ; I was only pulling your leg.

我当然不会告诉他们啦。我跟你开玩笑的。

10 PHRASE 短语 **能够证实/无法证实；站得住脚/站不住脚** If you say that someone does not **have a leg to stand on**, or **hasn't got a leg to stand on**, you mean that a statement or claim they have made cannot be justified or proved.

It's only my word against his, I know. So I don't have a leg to stand on.

现在是我和他各说各的，这我知道。所以我的话无法证实。

11 PHRASE 短语 **有持久力；有潜力** If an idea, plan, or activity **has legs**, it is likely to continue or succeed.

The American economy still has legs.

美国经济仍可持续发展。

12 an arm and a leg→see: [arm](#) ; with your tail between your legs→see: [tail](#) ;

legal ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **法律(上)的；司法的；法制的** Legal is used to describe things that relate to the law.

He vowed to take legal action.

他誓言要采取法律行动。

...the British legal system...

英国的法律体系

I sought legal advice on this.

我就此进行了法律咨询。

...the legal profession.

法律界

legally

There are reasons to doubt that a second trial is morally, legally or politically justified...

我们有理由怀疑重审是否有道德、法律或政治理据。

It could be a bit problematic, legally speaking.

从法律上讲，会有点问题。

2 ADJ 形容词 **合法的；法定的** An action or situation that is **legal** is allowed or required by law.

What I did was perfectly legal.

我所做的绝对合法。

...drivers who have more than the legal limit of alcohol.

血液中酒精含量超过法定限度的司机

legally

The school is legally responsible for your child's safety...

学校对你的孩子负有法律上的安全责任。

A lorry driver can legally work eighty-two hours a week.

从法律上讲，货车司机一星期可工作82小时。

length ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **长度；距离** The length of something is the amount that it measures from one end to the other along the longest side.

It is about a metre in length.

它长约1米。

...the length of the fish...

鱼的身长

The plane had a wing span of 34ft and a length of 22ft.

这架飞机的翼展长34英尺，机身长22英尺。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **(文章等的)篇幅** The length of something such as a piece of writing is the amount of writing that is contained in it.

...a book of at least 100 pages in length...

一百多页厚的书

The length of a paragraph depends on the information it conveys.

段落的长短取决于它所传达的信息量。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 **(持续)时间的长短** The length of an event, activity, or situation is the period of time from beginning to end for which something lasts or during which something happens.

The exact length of each period may vary...

每一阶段的准确时长可能会有所不同。

His film, over two hours in length, is a subtle study of family life.

他这部片长逾两个小时的电影对家庭生活进行了巧妙的剖析。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(绳、布、木头等的)一段，一节，一截** A length of rope, cloth, wood, or other material is a piece of it that is intended to be used for a particular purpose or that exists in a particular situation.

...a 30ft length of rope...

一根30英尺长的绳子

You can hang lengths of fabric behind the glass.

你可以在玻璃后面挂几条织品。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(与短相对的)长** The length of something is its quality of being long.

Many have been surprised at the length of time it has taken him to make up his mind...

他居然花了那么长时间才拿定主意，许多人都对此感到吃惊。

I noticed, too, the length of her fingers.

我也注意到她的手指很长。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(游泳池的)池长** If you swim a length in a swimming pool, you swim the distance from one end to the other.

I swim 40 lengths a day.

我每天游20个来回。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(赛艇中的)艇位；(赛马中的)马位，马身长度** In boat racing or horse racing, a length is the distance from the front to the back of the boat or horse. You can talk about one boat or horse being one or more lengths in front of or behind another.

Harvard won by four lengths.

哈佛大学队领先4个艇位胜出。

8 N-SING 单数名词 **全程；全长** If something happens or exists along the length of something, it happens or exists for the whole way along it.

I looked along the length of the building...

我的目光沿着大楼从首到尾扫过。

The inspiration stemming from his travels lasted the length of his career.

由旅行得来的灵感伴随了他的整个职业生涯。

9 See also: [full-length](#) ;

10 PHRASE 短语 **终究；终归；最终** If someone does something **at length**, they do it after a long period of time.

At length my father went into the house.

我父亲最后还是进了屋。

11 PHRASE 短语 **长久地；详尽地** If someone does something **at length**, they do it for a long time or in great detail.

They spoke at length, reviewing the entire incident.

他们把事情的整个经过详尽地复述了一遍。

12 PHRASE 短语 **不遗余力；竭尽全力；千方百计** If you say that someone **goes to great lengths** to achieve something, you mean that they try very hard and perhaps do extreme things in order to achieve it.

Greta Garbo went to great lengths to hide from reporters and photographers.

葛丽泰·嘉宝想方设法躲开记者和摄影师。

13 at arm's length→see: [arm](#) ; the length and breadth of→see: [breadth](#) ;

liberal ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **开明的；开通的；(个人)自由主义的** Someone who has liberal views believes people should have a lot of freedom in deciding how to behave and think.

She is known to have liberal views on divorce and contraception.

众所周知，她在离婚与避孕方面思想很开明。

Liberal is also a noun.

...a nation of free-thinking liberals.

思想开放的自由主义者的国度

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(制度等)开放的；(政治或经济上)自由主义的** A liberal system allows people or

organization a lot of political or economic freedom.

...a **liberal** democracy with a multiparty political system...

多党政制的自由民主国家

They favour **liberal** free-market policies.

他们支持开放的自由市场政策。

Liberal is also a noun.

These kinds of price controls go against all the financial principles of the free market **liberals**.

这些价格调控措施与信奉自由市场的自由主义者所倡导的经济原则完全背道而驰。

3 ADJ 形容词 **自由党的；支持自由党的** A **Liberal** politician or voter is a member of a Liberal Party or votes for a Liberal Party.

The Liberal leader has announced his party's withdrawal from the ruling coalition.

自由党领袖已宣布该党退出执政联盟。

Liberal is also a noun.

The Liberals hold twenty-three seats in parliament.

自由党党员在议会中占23席。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **慷慨的；肆意的；大量的；丰富的** **Liberal** means giving, using, or taking a lot of something, or existing in large quantities.

As always he is **liberal** with his jokes...

像平时一样，他出口就是笑话。

She made **liberal** use of her elder sister's make-up and clothes.

她随便把姐姐的化妆品和衣服拿来用。

liberally

Chemical products were used **liberally** over agricultural land.

化学产品曾被大量地用于农田。

lift ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **提；抬；举；（尤指）向上移动** If you **lift** something, you move it to another position, especially upwards.

The Colonel **lifted** the phone and dialed his superior...

上校拿起电话，拨通了上司的号码。

She **lifted** the last of her drink to her lips.

她将最后一点饮料送到唇边。

Lift up means the same as **lift**. **lift up**同**lift**

She put her arms around him and **lifted** him up...

她抱住他，把他举了起来。

Curious shoppers **lifted up** their children to take a closer look at the parade.

好奇的购物者把自己的孩子举起来，好让他们更清楚地看到游行的队伍。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **lift** and **carry**. When you **carry** something, you move it from one place to another without letting it touch the ground. When you **lift** something, you move it upwards using your hands or a machine. After you have **lifted** it, you may **carry** it to a different place.

不要混淆lift和carry。carry指在不接触地面的前提下将某物从一处移动到另一处，而lift指用手或机器将某物往上移动。提起来（lift）之后，可将其拿到（carry）别的地方。

2 VERB 动词 **抬起，举起（身体的一部分）** If you **lift** a part of your body, you move it to a higher position.

Amy **lifted** her arm to wave. 'Goodbye,' she called...

艾米举起胳膊挥手。“再见，”她喊道。

She **lifted** her foot and squashed the wasp into the ground.

她抬起脚，把黄蜂踩扁。

Lift up means the same as **lift**. **lift up**同**lift**

Tom took his seat again and **lifted** his feet up on to the railing...

汤姆又坐了下来，把双脚抬起搭到栏杆上。

The boys **lifted up** their legs, indicating they wanted to climb in.

男孩们抬起腿，示意想要爬进来。

3 VERB 动词 **抬起（头或眼睛）** If you **lift** your eyes or your head, you look up, for example when you have been reading and someone comes into the room.

When he finished he **lifted** his eyes and looked out the window.

他完成之后抬起眼睛往窗外看去。

4 VERB 动词 **撤销，解除（法令等）** If people in authority **lift** a law or rule that prevents people from doing something, they end it.

The European Commission has urged France to **lift** its ban on imports of British beef.

欧盟委员会敦促法国解除进口英国牛肉的禁令。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **（使）（情绪）高涨；（使）（心情）振奋** If something **lifts** your spirits or your mood, or if they **lift**, you start feeling more cheerful.

He used his incredible sense of humour to **lift** my spirits...

他自己不可思议的幽默感逗我开心。

A brisk walk in the fresh air can **lift** your mood and dissolve a winter depression...

在清新的空气中轻快地散散步，会让你心情愉快，一扫冬日的抑郁。

As soon as she heard the telephone ring her spirits **lifted**.

她一听到电话铃响就立刻来了精神。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **鼓舞；振奋** If something gives you a **lift**, it gives you a feeling of greater confidence, energy, or enthusiasm.

My selection for the team has given me a tremendous **lift**.

入选该队给了我极大的鼓舞。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **电梯** A **lift** is a device that carries people or goods up and down inside tall buildings.

They took the **lift** to the fourth floor.

他们坐电梯到了五楼。

in AM, use 美国英语用 **elevator**

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **搭便车；搭顺风车** If you give someone a **lift** somewhere, you take them there in your car as a favour to them.

He had a car and often gave me a **lift** home.

他有车，经常让我搭他的车回家。

9 VERB 动词 **（尤指在战争中）空运（居民或货物）** If a government or organization **lifts** people or goods in or out of an area, it transports them there by aircraft, especially when there is a war.

The army **lifted** people off rooftops where they had climbed to escape the flooding...

军队空运转移了为躲避洪水而爬到房顶的群众。

The helicopters are designed to quickly **lift** soldiers and equipment to the battlefield.

这些直升机是为将士兵和装备快速空运到战场上而设计的。

10 VERB 动词 **提高；增加** To **lift** something means to increase its amount or to increase the level or the rate at which it happens.

The bank **lifted** its basic home loans rate to 10.99% from 10.75%...

银行将基本房屋贷款利率从10.75%提高到10.99%。

A barrage would halt the flow upstream and **lift** the water level.

一道拦河坝将会在上游拦住水流，抬升水位。

11 VERB 动词 **（雾、云等）上升，消散** If fog, cloud, or mist **lifts**, it reduces, for example by moving upwards or by becoming less thick.

The fog had **lifted** and revealed a warm, sunny day.

雾已经散了，看来是温暖晴朗的一天。

12 VERB 动词 **掘出，挖出，拔起（根菜或球茎）** If you **lift** root vegetables or bulbs, you dig them out of the ground.

Lift carrots on a dry day and pack them horizontally in boxes of damp sand.

晴天时把胡萝卜挖出来，平放在装有湿沙的盒子里。

13 to **lift** a **finger**→see: [finger](#)；

相关词组：

[lift off](#) [lift up](#)

limit ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **极限** A **limit** is the greatest amount, extent, or degree of something that is possible.

Her love for him was being tested to its **limits**...

他对他的爱经受着极其严峻的考验。

There is no **limit** to how much fresh fruit you can eat in a day...

每天食用多少新鲜水果都可以。

Firefighters are being stretched to the **limit** as fire sweeps through the drought-stricken state.

火势在这个遭受旱灾的州里迅速蔓延，消防队员疲于应对，接近极限。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (特定的) 限期, 限额, 限度

A **limit** of a particular kind is the largest or smallest amount of something such as time or money that is allowed because of a rule, law, or decision.

The three month time **limit** will be up in mid-June...

3个月的限期截至6月中旬。

The economic affairs minister announced **limits** on petrol sales.

经济部长宣布了对石油销售的限制。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (区域的) 界限

The **limit** of an area is its boundary or edge.

...the city **limits** of Baghdad.

巴格达市区

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (可能行动或结果的) 范围

The **limits** of a situation are the facts involved in it which make only some actions or results possible.

She has to work within the **limits** of a fairly tight budget...

她不得不在相当紧张的预算范围内精打细算。

He outlined the **limits** of British power.

他勾画了英国的势力范围。

5 VERB 动词 限制; 限定

If you **limit** something, you prevent it from becoming greater than a particular amount or degree.

He **limited** payments on the country's foreign debt...

他对该国外债的偿还作出了限制。

The view was that the economy would grow by 2.25 per cent. This would **limit** unemployment to around 2.5 million.

这一观点认为经济将会增长2.25%，这将把失业人数限定在250万左右。

6 VERB 动词 使(某人)受限

If you **limit** yourself to something, or if someone or something **limits** you, the number of things that you have or do is reduced.

It is now accepted that men should **limit** themselves to 20 units of alcohol a week...

现在人们已经接受，男性一周饮酒量不应超过20个单位。

Voters cut councillors' pay and **limited** them to one staff member each.

选民削减了市政会委员的薪酬，并且限定他们每人只配一个工作人员。

limiting

The conditions laid down to me were not too **limiting**.

给我规定的条件还不算太苛刻。

7 VERB 动词 (使) 限于(某一地方或群体)

If something is **limited** to a particular place or group of people, it exists only in that place, or is had or done only by that group.

The protests were not **limited** to New York...

抗议活动不只限于纽约。

Entry to this prize draw is **limited** to UK residents.

这次抽奖只限英国公民参加。

8 See also: [age limit](#); [limited](#);

9 PHRASE 短语 禁止进入

If an area or a place is **off limits**, you are not allowed to go there.

A one-mile area around the wreck is still **off limits**...

沉船方圆一英里内仍然禁止进入。

These establishments are **off limits** to ordinary citizens.

这些建筑禁止普通公民入内。

10 PHRASE 短语 被禁止

If you say that something is **off limits**, you mean that you are not allowed to do it.

Smoking was **off limits** everywhere.

到处都禁止吸烟。

11 PHRASE 短语 (驾驶时) 血液中酒精浓度超标的

If someone is **over the limit**, they have drunk more alcohol than they are legally allowed to when driving a vehicle.

If police breathalyse me and find I am **over the limit** I face a long ban...

如果警察对我作呼气测醉试验，发现我饮酒过量，我将会被禁驾很长时间。

He was found to be three times **over the limit**.

他血液中的酒精浓度是允许极限的3倍。

12 PHRASE 短语 没有任何限制; 一切都是可能的(或能达到的)

If you say **the sky is the limit**, you mean that there is nothing to prevent someone or something from being very successful.

They have found that, in terms of both salary and career success, the sky is the **limit**.

他们发现，就收入和事业成功来讲，多高都有可能的。

13 PHRASE 短语 在一定范围内; 有限度地

If you add **within limits** to a statement, you mean that it is true or applies only when talking about reasonable or normal situations.

In the circumstances we'll tell you what we can, **within limits**, of course, and in confidence.

在这种情况下，我们会把能告诉你的都告诉你，当然这是有限度的，而且需要保密。

link ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 联系; 关系; 关联

If there is a **link** between two things or situations, there is a relationship between them, for example because one thing causes or affects the other.

...the **link** between smoking and lung cancer.

吸烟与胃癌之间的关联

2 VERB 动词 See also: [index-linked](#); 使联系在一起; 使相关联

If someone or something **links** two things or situations, there is a relationship between them, for example because one thing causes or affects the other.

The UN Security Council has **linked** any lifting of sanctions to compliance with the ceasefire terms...

联合国安全理事会将取消制裁与遵守停火协议挂钩。

The study further strengthens the evidence **linking** smoking with early death...

这项研究进一步证实了吸烟与早逝之间的联系。

Liver cancer is **linked** to the hepatitis B virus...

肝癌与乙型肝炎病毒存在关联。

The detention raised two distinct but closely **linked** questions.

这一拘留行为引发了两个互为独立但又密切相关的问题。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 连接物; 连接线

A **link** between two things or places is a physical connection between them.

...the high-speed rail **link** between London and the Channel Tunnel...

伦敦与海峡隧道间的高速铁路连接线

The new road schemes include a **link** between Chelmsford and the M25...

新的道路规划中包括了一条切姆斯福德与M25号高速公路的连接线。

Stalin insisted that the radio **link** with the German Foreign Ministry should remain open.

斯大林坚持与德国外交部的无线电联系应该保持开放。

4 VERB 动词 连接; 接合

If two places or objects are **linked** or something **links** them, there is a physical connection between them.

...the Rama Road, which **links** the capital, Managua, with the Caribbean coast...

连接首都马那瓜和加勒比海岸的拉马路

The campus is **linked** by regular bus services to Coventry.

校园与考文垂之间由班车连接起来。

...the Channel Tunnel **linking** Britain and France.

连通英国与法国的海峡隧道

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (友好的或商业上的) 联系, 关系

A **link** between two people, organizations, or places is a friendly or business connection between them.

Kiev hopes to cement close **links** with Bonn...

基辅希望能加强与波恩的密切关系。

In 1984 the long **link** between AC Cars and the Hurlock family was severed...

1984年，AC汽车公司与赫洛克家族长久以来的关系破裂了。

A cabinet minister came under investigation for **links** to the Mafia.

一位内阁大臣因被怀疑与黑手党有关联而受到调查。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **联系物；纽带** A link to another person or organization is something that allows you to communicate with them or have contact with them.

She was my only **link** with the past...

她是我与过去的唯一纽带。

The Red Cross was created to provide a **link** between soldiers in battle and their families at home...

红十字会是作为前线士兵和后方家人的一种联系方式而创立起来的。

These projects will provide vital **links** between companies and universities.

这些项目将会成为公司和大学之间至关重要的联系纽带。

7 VERB 动词 **声称... (与...) 有关系 (或关联)** If you **link** one person or thing to another, you claim that there is a relationship or connection between them.

Criminologist Dr Ann Jones has **linked** the crime to social circumstances...

犯罪学家安·琼斯博士认为这起罪案与社会环境有关。

They've **linked** her with various men, including magnate Donald Trump.

他们把她与不同的男人扯上关系，包括大亨唐纳德·特朗普。

...a report in The Sunday Times **linking** him with organized crime.

《星期日泰晤士报》上一篇声称他与集团犯罪有联系

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(超文本) 链接** In computing, a **link** is a connection between different documents, or between different parts of the same document, using hypertext.

Link is also a verb.

Certainly, Andreessen didn't think up using hypertext to **link** Internet documents.

当然，用超文本链接因特网文档并不是安德烈亚森发明的。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(链的) 环，节，圈** A **link** is one of the rings in a chain.

10 VERB 动词 **串联；挽住；勾住** If you **link** one thing with another, you join them by putting one thing through the other.

She **linked** her arm through his...

她挽住他的手臂。

He **linked** the fingers of his hands together on his stomach.

他双手十指交叉放在腹部。

If two or more people **link arms**, or if one person **links arms** with another, they stand next to each other, and each person puts their arm round the arm of the person next to them. **手挽手**

It was so slippery that some of the walkers **linked arms** and proceeded very carefully...

路太滑了，一些徒步者手挽手小心翼翼地前行。

She stayed with them, **linking arms** with the two girls, joking with the boys.

她跟他们呆在一起，与两个女孩手挽手，和男孩子们开着玩笑。

11 See also: [link up](#) ;

相关词组：

[link up](#)

listen ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **(注意地) 听** If you **listen to** someone who is talking or to a sound, you give your attention to them or it.

He spent his time **listening to** the radio...

他听收音机打发时间。

Sonia was not **listening**.

索尼娅没有用心听。

listener
One or two **listeners** had fallen asleep while the President was speaking.
总统讲话时有一两名听众睡着了。

2 VERB 动词 **留神听；留心听** If you **listen for** a sound, you keep alert and are ready to hear it if it occurs.

We **listen for** footsteps approaching...

我们留神听是不是有脚步声传来。

They're both asleep upstairs, but you don't mind **listening** just in case of trouble, do you?

他们都在楼上睡着了，但你不介意留神听着点以防万一吧？

Listen out means the same as **listen** . [listen out](#)同**listen**
I didn't really **listen out** for the lyrics.
我没怎么注意听歌词。

3 VERB 动词 **听从；听信** If you **listen to** someone, you do what they advise you to do, or you believe them.

Anne, you need to **listen to** me this time...

安妮，这次你得听我的。

When I asked him to stop, he would not **listen**.

我叫他停下，可他不听。

4 CONVENTION 惯用语 **听着；听我说** You say **listen** when you want someone to pay attention to you because you are going to say something important.

Listen, I finish at one.

听我说，我一点钟收工。

5 CONVENTION 惯用语 **听我说** You say **listen up** when you want someone to listen to what you are going to say.

Okay, **listen up**, guys. We've got to talk a little about how you look.

好了，听我说，各位。我们需要谈谈大家的形象问题。

6 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(尤用于生气时) 给我听好了** You say **listen here** when you are going to say something important to someone, especially when you are angry at what they have done or said.

Listen here, young lady. Don't you call me that!

你给我听着，小姐。别那样叫我！

Usage Note :
Do not confuse **listen** and **hear**. If you want to say that someone is paying attention to something they can hear, you say that they **are listening to** it. *He turned on the radio and listened to the news.* Note that **listen** is not followed directly by an object. You must always say that you listen to something. However, **listen** can also be used on its own without an object. *I was laughing too much to listen.* You use **hear** to talk about sounds that you are aware of because they reach your ears. You often use **can** with **hear**. *I can hear him yelling and swearing.*
不要混淆 **listen** 和 **hear**。listen to 表示注意听，如：He turned on the radio and listened to the news (他打开收音机听新闻)。注意listen不能直接跟宾语，只能说listen to something。不过，listen亦可不带宾语单独使用，如：I was laughing too much to listen (我当时笑得厉害了，根本没听)。hear 用来表示听见已经传到耳朵里的声音。它常与can连用，如：I can hear him yelling and swearing (我能听到他在大叫大骂)。

相关词组：

[listen in](#)

loan ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [bridging loan](#) ; [soft loan](#) ; **贷款；借款** A **loan** is a sum of money that you borrow.

The country has no access to foreign **loans** or financial aid...

该国得不到任何外国贷款或经济援助。

The president wants to make it easier for small businesses to get bank **loans**.

总统希望能让小企业更方便地获得银行贷款。

...**loan** repayments.

清偿贷款的分期付款项

2 N-SING 单数名词 **暂借** If someone gives you a **loan of** something, you borrow it from them.

I am in need of a **loan of** a bike for a few weeks...

我需要借辆自行车用几个星期。

He had offered the **loan of** his small villa at Cap Ferrat.

他愿意借出在费拉角的小别墅。

3 VERB 动词 **借出** If you **loan** something to someone, you lend it to them.

He had kindly offered to **loan** us all the plants required for the exhibit...

他善解人意地提出愿意把展览需要的植物通通借给我们。

We were approached by the Royal Yachting

Association to see if we would **loan** our boat to them.

皇家游艇协会的人找过我们，问我们能不能把船借给他们。

Loan-out means the same as **loan**. [loan out](#)同**loan**

It is common practice for clubs to **loan out** players to sides in the lower divisions...

俱乐部把球员外借给下级联赛中的球队是常例。

The ground was **loaned out** for numerous events including pop concerts.

场地被借用来搞过无数活动，包括流行音乐会。

4 PHRASE 短语 **借用中；借出中** If something is **on loan**, it has been borrowed.

...impressionist paintings **on loan** from the National Gallery...

从国家美术馆借出的印象派画作

Many of these are on display in the Museum, but some have been sent out **on loan** to other museums.

其中很多在博物馆展出，但也有一些借给了其他博物馆。

5 PHRASE 短语 **借调；商借** If a person is **on loan** from one organization to another, they are temporarily working for the second organization while still employed by the first.

David Speedie, **on loan** from Southampton, scored his first goal for Birmingham...

从南安普敦转借来的戴维·斯皮迪为伯明翰进了他的第一球。

She's **on loan** to us from the CIA.

她是从中央情报局借调给我们的。

long-term ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **长期的；长远的** Something that is **long-term** has continued for a long time or will continue for a long time in the future.

A new training scheme to help the **long-term** unemployed is expected...

一项旨在帮助长期失业者的新的培训计划有望出台。

The association believes new technology will provide a **long-term** solution to credit card fraud.

该协会相信新技术将可长远地解决信用卡诈骗问题。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **长期；长远** When you talk about what happens in the **long term**, you are talking about what happens over a long period of time, either in the future or after a particular event.

In the **long term** the company hopes to open in Moscow and other major cities...

公司的长期目标是希望在莫斯科和其他大城市开门营业。

Over the **long term**, such measures may only make the underlying situation worse.

长远来看，这些措施可能只会使潜在问题恶化。

lord ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT ; N-TITLE 可数名词；头衔名词（**英国的男性**）**勋爵** In Britain, a **lord** is a man who has a high rank in the nobility, for example an earl, a viscount, or a marquis.

She married a **lord** and lives in this huge house in the Cotswolds...

她嫁给了一位勋爵，住在科茨沃尔德的这幢大房子里。

A few days earlier he had received a telegram from Lord Lloyd.

几天前，他收到劳埃德勋爵发来的一封电报。

2 N-VOC 称呼名词（**在英国对法官、主教及某些男性贵族的尊称**）**阁下，大人** In Britain, judges, bishops, and some male members of the nobility are addressed as 'my Lord'.

My **lord**, I am instructed by my client to claim that the evidence has been tampered with.

法官大人，本人受当事人委托，主张此证据已被人篡改。

3 （**用于英国某些高级官员的头衔**） In Britain, **Lord** is used in the titles of some officials of very high rank.

He was Lord Chancellor from 1970 until 1974.

他于1970年到1974年间出任大法官。

...Sir Brian Hutton, the Lord Chief Justice for Northern Ireland.

北爱尔兰首席法官布赖恩·赫顿爵士

4 N-PROPER-COLL 专有集合名词 [the Lords](#)同[the House of Lords](#) **The Lords** is the same as **the House of Lords**.

It's very likely the bill will be defeated in the Lords.

该法案很可能会在上议院遭到否决。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词（**尤指中世纪的**）**领主** In former times, especially in medieval times, a **lord** was a man who owned land or property and who had power and authority over people.

It was the home of the powerful **lords** of Baux.

这是权力显赫的波城领主的故居。

6 N-PROPER 专有名词 See also: [Our Lord](#) ; [上帝](#) ; [耶稣基督](#) ; [主](#) In the Christian church, people refer to God and to Jesus Christ as the **Lord**.

I know the Lord will look after him...

我知道上帝会眷顾他的。

She prayed now. 'Lord, help me to find courage.'

她马上祈祷道：“上帝呀，请赐我勇气吧。”

...the birth of the Lord Jesus Christ.

主耶稣基督的降生

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **巨头；霸主；泰斗** If you describe a man as the **lord of** a particular area, industry, or thing, you mean that he has total authority and power over it.

A century ago the aristocracy were truly **lords of the earth**.

一个世纪之前，贵族阶层是绝对的统治者。

...the **lords of the black market**.

黑市大佬们

8 EXCLAM 感叹语（**表示吃惊、懊丧或不快**）**上帝呀！主呀！天哪！** **Lord** is used in exclamations such as 'good Lord!' and 'oh Lord!' to express surprise, shock, frustration, or annoyance about something.

'Good lord, that's what he is: he's a policeman!'

“我的天哪，他原来是警察呀。”

'They didn't fire you for drinking, did they?' — 'Lord, no! I only drink beer, nowadays.'

“他们不是因为你喝酒而开除你的吧？”——“天哪，当然不是！我现在只喝啤酒了。”

9 PHRASE 短语（**强调强烈的情感或信念**）**众所周知** You can say '**Lord knows**' to emphasize something that you feel or believe very strongly.

I've got to go home, but Lord knows I dread it.

我必须得回家了，不过个人都知道我很怕回去。

10 PHRASE 短语（**强调不知情**）**天晓得，鬼知道，谁知道** You can say '**Lord knows**' to emphasize that you do not know something.

He would turn up at meetings, but Lord knows where he came from.

开会时他便会出现，但鬼知道他从哪里来。

11 PHRASE 短语 **颐指气使；发号施令；指手画脚** If someone **lords it over** you, they act in a way that shows that they think they are better than you, especially by giving lots of orders.

Alex seemed to enjoy **lording it over** the three girls.

亚历克斯好像很喜欢对这3个丫头发号施令。

loss ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **遗失；丧失；失去；减少** **Loss** is the fact of no longer having something or having less of it than before.

...**loss of sight**...

失明

The **loss of income** for the government is about \$250 million a month.

政府收入每月大概减少2.5亿美元。

...**hair loss**...

脱发

The job **losses** will reduce the total workforce to 7,000.

职位减少后，在职工人总数将减至7,000人。

2 N-VAR 可变名词（**人命的**）**丧失** **Loss of life** occurs when people die.

...a terrible **loss of human life**...

伤亡惨重

The allies suffered less than 20 casualties while enemy **losses** were said to be high.

盟军伤亡人数不到20，而敌军则据说人员损失惨重。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词（**亲人或朋友的**）**丧故，亡故，逝世** The **loss** of a relative or friend is their death.

They took the time to talk about the **loss of**

Thomas and how their grief was affecting them.

他们慢慢谈到了托马斯的死和悲痛给他们带来的影响。

...the **loss** of his mother

他母亲的亡故

4 N-VAR 可变名词 **亏损；亏蚀** If a business makes a **loss**, it earns less than it spends.

In 1986 Rover made a **loss** of nine hundred million pounds...

1986年，路虎亏损9亿英镑。

The company said it will stop producing fertilizer in 1990 because of continued **losses**.

由于持续亏损，该公司说它将在1990年停止生产化肥。

...profit and **loss**.

盈亏

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **失落；惆怅** **Loss** is the feeling of sadness you experience when someone or something you like is taken away from you.

Talk to others about your feelings of **loss** and grief...

把自己的失落和悲伤向他人倾诉。

He always woke with a sense of deep sorrow and depressing **loss**.

他醒来时总是满怀哀愁，抑郁惆怅。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **损失；不幸** A **loss** is the disadvantage you suffer when a valuable and useful person or thing leaves or is taken away.

She said his death was a great **loss** to herself.

她说他的死对自己来说是巨大的损失。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(热量、血液、液体等的)流失，散失，减少** The **loss** of something such as heat, blood, or fluid is the gradual reduction of it or of its level in a system or in someone's body.

...blood **loss**.

失血

...weight **loss**.

瘦身

...a rapid **loss** of heat from the body.

体内热量的迅速散失

8 PHRASE 短语 **(经营)亏本地，赔钱地** If a business produces something **at a loss**, they sell it at a price which is less than it cost them to produce it or buy it.

New fashion designs have to be sold off **at a loss** if sales are poor.

新款时装遇上销路不畅就要蚀本卖出。

9 PHRASE 短语 **茫然不知所措；不知如何是好** If you say that you are **at a loss**, you mean that you do not know what to do in a particular situation.

I was **at a loss** for what to do next...

下一步该怎么做，我完全没谱。

The government is **at a loss** to know how to tackle the violence.

对于如何应对暴力问题，政府现在一筹莫展。

10 PHRASE 短语 **及时止损；趁早收手** If you **cut your losses**, you stop doing what you were doing in order to prevent the bad situation that you are in becoming worse.

Directors are right to **cut their losses**, admit they chose the wrong man and make a change.

董事们当断则断，承认自己选错了人，并且作了人员变更，这样做是正确的。

11 PHRASE 短语 **无用的人(或物)** If you say that someone or something is a **dead loss**, you have a low opinion of them because you think they are completely useless or unsuccessful.

I'd had no experience of organizing anything of that sort. I think I was largely a **dead loss**.

筹办那类活动我毫无经验。我看我基本是个废物。

lunch ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **午餐；午饭** **Lunch** is the meal that you have in the middle of the day. →see usage note at: [meal](#)

Shall we meet somewhere for **lunch**?...

我们找地方见面一起吃个午饭好不好？

He did not enjoy business **lunches**...

他不喜欢吃工作午餐。

If anyone wants me, I'm **at lunch** with a client.

有人找我，就说我在跟客户吃午餐。

2 VERB 动词 **(尤指在餐馆)用午餐，吃午饭**

When you **lunch**, you have lunch, especially at a restaurant.

Only the extremely rich could afford to **lunch** at the Mirabelle...

只有非常有钱的人才能在米拉贝勒餐厅吃得起午餐。

Having not yet **lunched**, we went to the refreshment bar for ham sandwiches.

我们都没吃午饭，于是便去小吃店买了火腿三明治。

3 PHRASE 短语 **天下没有免费的午餐** If you say **there's no such thing as a free lunch**, you are saying that most things that are worth having need to be paid for or worked for, and that you cannot expect to get things for nothing.

The book includes 25 Lessons for Life: Lesson 1: There is no free **lunch**. Don't feel entitled to anything you don't sweat and struggle for...

本书共包括25堂“人生课”：第一课，没有免费的午餐。别以为可以不劳而获。

But, even in Hollywood, there is no such thing as a free **lunch**.

但即使是在好莱坞也没有免费的午餐。

machine ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **机器；机械** A **machine** is a piece of equipment which uses electricity or an engine in order to do a particular kind of work.

I put the coin in the **machine** and pulled the lever...

我把硬币投入机器，拉动控制杆。

The **machine** can be remotely operated and monitored.

这台机器可以远程操作和监控。

...a color photograph of the sort taken by **machine** to be pasted in passports.

那种由机器拍摄的护照用彩色照片

2 VERB 动词 **用机器制造；用机器加工** If you **machine** something, you make it or work on it using a machine.

The material is **machined** in a factory...

这种材料在一家工厂里用机器加工成型。

All parts are **machined** from top grade, high tensile aluminium.

所有零件都是用顶级高强度铝加工而成。

...**machined** brass zinc alloy gears.

机器加工成型的铜锌合金齿轮

machining

...our **machining**, fabrication and finishing processes.

我们的机器加工、装配和精加工程序

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **大型机构；严密组织** You can use **machine** to refer to a large and well-controlled system or organization.

...Nazi Germany's military **machine**...

纳粹德国的军事机构

He has put the party publicity **machine** behind another candidate.

他为另一位参选者在幕后组织政党宣传。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(由于工作过于劳累或乏味)机械般工作的人，做工作不动脑筋的人** If you say that someone is a **machine**, you mean that they are so tired or bored that they do their work without thinking.

I think I have got to stop or I might turn into a **machine**...

我想我得停下来了，否则我就会变成一台机器。

He has dedicated himself to his work and become just a writing **machine**.

他忘我地投入工作，就像是一台写作机器。

5 See also: [fruit machine](#) ; [sewing machine](#) ; [slot machine](#) ; [vending machine](#) ;

magazine ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **杂志** A **magazine** is a publication with a paper cover which is issued regularly, usually every week or every month, and which contains articles, stories, photographs, and advertisements.

Her face is on the cover of a dozen or more **magazines**.

她的面孔出现在十几种杂志的封面上。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(广播、电视上融合多种话题的杂志型节目，板块节目)** On radio or television, a **magazine** or a **magazine programme** is a programme consisting of several items about different topics, people, and events.

...a live arts **magazine**.

直播的艺术板块节目

... 'Science In Action', a weekly science magazine programme.

《当下科学》——一个每周期的科学新闻杂志型节目

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (枪的)子弹夹, 弹匣, 弹仓 In an automatic gun, the **magazine** is the part that contains the bullets.

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 军火库; 弹药库 A **magazine** is a building in which things such as guns, bullets, and explosives are kept.

mainly ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 主要地; 大部分地 You use **mainly** when mentioning the main reason or thing involved in something.

The stock-market scandal is refusing to go away, **mainly** because there's still no consensus over how it should be dealt with...

股票市场的丑闻迟迟没有消散, 这主要是因为人们仍未就如何应对它达成共识。

The birds live **mainly** on nectar.

这些鸟主要以花蜜为食。

2 ADV 副词 主要地; 大多数地 You use **mainly** when you are referring to a group and stating something that is true of most of it.

The African half of the audience was **mainly** from Senegal or Mali...

观众中有一半是非洲人, 其中大多数来自塞内加尔或马里。

The spacious main bedroom is **mainly** blue.

宽敞的主卧室以蓝色为主色调。

maintain ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 维持; 保持 If you **maintain** something, you continue to have it, and do not let it stop or grow weaker.

The Department **maintains** many close contacts with the chemical industry...

这个部门与化工行业保持着众多密切的联系。

Push yourself to make friends and to **maintain** the friendships.

要求自己与人交友并保持友谊。

...the emergency powers to try to **maintain** law and order.

维持法律秩序的应急权力

2 VERB 动词 断言; 宣称; 坚称 If you say that someone **maintains** that something is true, you mean that they have stated their opinion strongly but not everyone agrees with them or believes them.

He has **maintained** that the money was donated for international purposes...

他坚称这笔捐款将用于国际用途。

Prosecutors **maintain** no deal was made...

原告坚持说不存在任何交易。

'Not all feminism has to be like this,' Jo **maintains**...

“女性主义不必全然如此,” 乔断言。

He had always **maintained** his innocence.

他始终坚称自己是无辜的。

3 VERB 动词 保持, 维持 (在某一比率或水平上) If you **maintain** something at a particular rate or level, you keep it at that rate or level.

The government was right to **maintain** interest rates at a high level.

政府维持高利率的做法是正确的。

...action is required to ensure standards are **maintained** at as high a level as possible.

要求采取行动确保标准维持在尽量高的水平上。

4 VERB 动词 维修; 保养 If you **maintain** a road, building, vehicle, or machine, you keep it in good condition by regularly checking it and repairing it when necessary.

...a tough campaign to force authorities to **maintain** roads properly...

迫使当局妥善维修道路的艰难斗争

The house costs a fortune to **maintain**...

维修这幢房子花销不菲。

The cars are getting older and less well-**maintained**.

车越来越旧, 保养得也越来越差。

5 VERB 动词 供养; 赡养 If you **maintain** someone, you provide them with money and other things that they need.

He should pay and **maintain** you as well.

他得给你钱, 还得供养你。

...the basic costs of **maintaining** a child.

抚养一个孩子的基本费用

majority ★★★★★

1 N-SING-COLL 单数集合名词 多数; 大多数 The **majority** of people or things in a group is more than half of them.

The **majority** of my patients come to me from out of town...

大多数来找我看病的患者都是外省人。

The vast **majority** of our cheeses are made with pasteurised milk...

我们生产的绝大部分奶酪都是用巴氏消毒过的牛奶制成的。

As a fuel it is preferred by top chefs and is used in the **majority** of British homes...

这种燃料得到了顶级大厨的青睐, 并得以在英国大多数家庭里广泛使用。

Still, a **majority** continue to support the treaty.

大多数人依然支持这份条约。

If a group is in a **majority** or in the **majority**, they form more than half of a larger group. 占多数; 拥有多数; 过半数

Surveys indicate that supporters of the treaty are still in the **majority**.

调查表明, 该条约的支持者仍然占大多数。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 多数票; 超过对方的票数 A **majority** is the difference between the number of votes or seats in parliament or legislature that the winner gets in an election, and the number of votes or seats that the next person or party gets.

Members of parliament approved the move by a **majority** of ninety-nine...

议员以99张的多数票批准了这项动议。

According to most opinion polls, he is set to win a clear **majority**...

从大多数民意调查的结果来看, 他很有可能以绝对多数票胜出。

The Trust's annual meeting has decided by a narrow **majority** to ban deer hunting.

国民托管组织的年度会议以微弱的多数票决定禁止猎鹿。

3 ADJ 形容词 (观点、决定、体制等) 多数人支持的, 多数人拥护的 **Majority** is used to describe opinions, decisions, and systems of government that are supported by more than half the people involved.

...her continuing disagreement with the **majority** view...

她与大多数人的观点依旧不一致

A **majority** vote of 75% is required from shareholders for the plan to go ahead.

这项计划若要实施, 必须获得股东 75% 的多数票。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 法定成年年龄(英国和美国大多数州规定为18周岁) **Majority** is the state of legally being an adult. In Britain and most states in the United States, people reach their majority at the age of eighteen.

The age of **majority** in Romania is eighteen...

罗马尼亚的法定成年年龄为18周岁。

Once you reach your **majority**, you may do what you damned well please.

等你成年后, 就可以随心所欲了。

5 See also: [absolute majority](#); [moral majority](#);

maker ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 生产商; 制造商 The **maker** of a product is the firm that manufactures it.

...Japan's two largest car **makers**.

日本最大的两家汽车制造商

...the **makers** of chocolates, sweets and biscuits.

巧克力、糖果和饼干生产商

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 制造者; 制作人 You can refer to the person who makes something as its **maker**.

...the **makers** of news and current affairs programmes.

新闻和时事节目制作人

3 See also: [peacemaker](#);

male ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 男人的; 男性的 Someone who is **male** is a man or a boy.

Many women achievers appear to pose a threat to their **male** colleagues...

许多事业有成的女性似乎对她们的女同事构成了一种威胁。

The London City Ballet has engaged two **male** dancers from the Bolshoi...

伦敦市芭蕾舞团从波修瓦芭蕾舞团聘来了两名男舞蹈演员。

Most of the demonstrators were white and **male**.

大多数示威者都是白人男子。

maleness

...the small part of the Y chromosome which is responsible for **maleness**.

决定男性特征的小小Y染色体

...the solidarity among men which is part of **maleness**.

男子气概的表现之一——男人间的义气

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **男子；男性** Men and boys are sometimes referred to as **males** when they are being considered as a type.

...the remains of a Caucasian **male**, aged 65-70...

65岁至70岁之间的白人男性的遗骸

He was very anxious to prove he was a red-blooded **male**...

他急于证明自己是一名热血男儿。

A high proportion of crime is perpetrated by young **males** in their teens and twenties.

很大一部分案件乃是十几岁的少年和二十多岁的青年男子所为。

3 ADJ 形容词 **男人的；男性的** **Male** means relating, belonging, or affecting men rather than women.

The rate of **male** unemployment in Britain is now the third worst in Europe.

英国男性的失业率目前高居欧洲第三位。

...**male** violence.

男性暴力

...a deep **male** voice.

低沉的男性嗓音

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **雄性** You can refer to any creature that belongs to the sex that cannot lay eggs or have babies as a **male**.

Males and **females** take turns brooding the eggs.

雄鸟和雌鸟轮流孵蛋。

Male is also an adjective.

After mating the **male** wasps tunnel through the sides of their nursery.

交配之后，雄黄蜂们就从蜂房的侧面钻出去了。

5 ADJ 形容词 (植物) **雄株的；(花卉)雄蕊的** A **male** flower or plant fertilizes the part that will become the fruit.

manage

★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 **管理；经营；掌管** If you **manage** an organization, business, or system, or the people who work in it, you are responsible for controlling them.

Within two years he was managing the store...

不出两年他就开始管理这家店了。

Most factories in the area are obsolete and badly **managed**...

这个地区的绝大多数工厂都十分陈旧，经营状况也非常糟糕。

There is a lack of confidence in the government's ability to **manage** the economy...

人民对该政府管理经济的能力缺乏信心。

Professors are notoriously difficult to **manage**.

教授们很难管理是出了名的。

2 VERB 动词 **谨慎地使用，好好地利用(时间、金钱等)** If you **manage** time, money, or other resources, you deal with them carefully and do not waste them.

In a busy world, managing your time is increasingly important...

在忙碌的世界里，善于利用时间变得越来越重要。

Josh expects me to **manage** all the household expenses on very little.

乔希指望我对每笔家庭支出都精打细算。

3 VERB 动词 **设法做到；成功完成** If you **manage** to do something, especially something difficult, you succeed in doing it.

Somehow, he'd **managed** to persuade Kay to buy one for him...

不知用了什么方法，他成功说服凯给他买了一个。

I **managed** to pull myself up onto a wet, sloping ledge...

我终于爬上了一块潮湿倾斜的暗礁。

Over the past 12 months the company has **managed** a 10 per cent improvement.

在过去的12个月里，公司的业绩提高了10%。

4 VERB 动词 **成功对付；设法应对** If you **manage**, you succeed in coping with a difficult situation.

She had **managed** perfectly well without medication for three years...

3年来，她一直没有服药却挺了过来。

I am managing, but I could not possibly give up work...

我正在努力应付，但我不可能放弃工作。

How did your mother **manage** when your father left?

你父亲走了以后，你母亲是怎么熬过来的呢？

5 VERB 动词 **抽出，腾出，安排出(时间、金钱等)** If you say that you can **manage** an amount of time or money for something, you mean that you can afford to spend that time or money on it.

This makes it ideal for those who can only **manage** a few hours in the morning or evening...

对于那些只能在早晚抽出几个小时的人来说，这是最理想不过的了。

'All right, I can **manage** a fiver,' McMinn said with reluctance.

麦克明不情愿地说：“好吧，我可以出5镑。”

6 VERB 动词 **勉强做出(微笑、寒暄等)；强作** If you say that someone **managed** a particular response, such as a laugh or a greeting, you mean that it was difficult for them to do it because they were feeling sad or upset.

He looked dazed as he spoke to reporters, managing only a weak smile...

跟记者谈话的时候，他只是勉强挤出一丝淡淡的微笑，显得非常恍惚。

He **managed** a few sentences about his visit to the prison...

他勉强描述了一下探监情况。

Now is the time to forge ahead with all the enthusiasm and optimism that you can **manage**.

现在到了拿出你最大的热情和积极性，努力进取的时候了。

7 CONVENTION 惯用语 (对他人给予帮助的婉拒) **我能对付，我能行** You say 'I can manage' or 'I'll manage' as a way of refusing someone's offer of help and insisting on doing something by yourself.

I know you mean well, but I can **manage** by myself...

我知道您是一番好意，不过我一个人能行。

'I'll do it, Eleanor,' Angus said, quickly jumping up. But this time she only shook her head. 'I'll **manage**,' she said firmly.

安格斯一跃而起道：“让我来，埃莉诺。”可是，这一次她只是摇了摇头，坚定地说：“我能应付。”

management

★★★★☆

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (商务或机构的) **管理，经营** **Management** is the control and organizing of a business or other organization.

The zoo needed better **management** rather than more money...

这座动物园需要更好的管理，而不是更多的资金。

The dispute is about wages, working conditions and the **management** of the mining industry.

这场争论围绕着工资、工作条件以及矿业管理展开。

...the responsibility for its day to day **management**.

负责日常管理

...having just completed a **management** studies course.

刚刚完成一门管理学课程

2 N-VAR-COLL 可变集合名词 **资方；管理部门；经营者** You can refer to the people who control and organize a business or other organization as the **management**.

The **management** is doing its best to improve the situation...

管理部门正在竭尽全力改善局面。

We need to get more women into top **management**...

我们需要让更多的女性进入高层管理。

A change of **management** would help.

管理层方面的变化会有帮助。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **管理；安排；驾驭** **Management** is the way people control different parts of their lives.

...her **management** of her professional life.

她对自己职业生涯的规划

...intelligent money **management**, for example paying big bills monthly where possible.

聪明的理财手法，例如尽量按月支付大宗的账单

...the secret of time **management**.

管理时间的诀窍

manager ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **经理；管理人** A manager is a person who is responsible for running part of or the whole of a business organization.

The chef, staff and **managers** are all Chinese.

厨师、工作人员和经理都是中国人。

...Linda Emery, marketing **manager** for Wolf's sausages.

琳达·埃默里——沃尔香肠公司的营销经理

...a retired bank **manager**.

退休的银行经理

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(明星、艺人等的)经纪人，业务管理人** The manager of a pop star or other entertainer is the person who looks after their business interests.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(球队的)主教练(在美国英语中，该词只用于棒球球队，其他运动则用 coach 一词指主教练)** The manager of a sports team is the person responsible for training the players and organizing the way they play. In American English, **manager** is only used for baseball; in other sports, **coach** is used instead.

mark ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **斑点；污点；污迹** A mark is a small area of something such as dirt that has accidentally got onto a surface or piece of clothing.

The dogs are always rubbing against the wall and making dirty **marks**...

那些狗老是往墙上蹭，留下了斑斑污迹。

A properly fitting bra should never leave red **marks**.

合适的胸罩不会留下红色勒痕。

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)留下印迹；(使)留下污痕** If something **marks** a surface, or if the surface **marks**, the surface is damaged by marks or a mark.

Leather overshoes were put on the horses' hooves to stop them **marking** the turf...

马蹄上套了皮套子，以免弄脏赛马场。

I have to be more careful with the work tops, as wood **marks** easily.

我必须格外小心使用操作台，因为木头容易留下污迹。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **记号；符号** A mark is a written or printed symbol, for example a letter of the alphabet.

He made **marks** with a pencil.

他用铅笔做了记号。

4 VERB 动词 **标示；为...作记号；为...作标记** If you **mark** something with a particular word or symbol, you write that word or symbol on it.

The bank **marks** the check 'certified'...

银行在支票上标有“保付”的字样。

Mark the frame with your postcode...

在这一格里写上你的邮政编码。

For more details about these products, send a postcard **marked** HB/FF.

要了解这些产品的详细信息，请寄来标明HB/FF字样的明信片。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(考试或竞赛的)成绩，分数** A mark is a point that is given for a correct answer or for doing something well in an exam or competition. A mark can also be a written symbol such as a letter that indicates how good a student's or competitor's work or performance is.

...a simple scoring device of **marks** out of 10, where '1' equates to 'Very poor performance'...

简单的十分评分制，其中“1”即“极差”

Candidates who answered 'b' could be awarded half **marks** for demonstrating some understanding of the process...

回答b的选手表明对这个过程有所了解，因此可以得到一半的分数。

He did well to get such a good **mark**.

他表现不错，得了这么高的分数。

6 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **评价** If someone gets good or high **marks** for doing something, they have done it well. If they get poor or low **marks**, they have done it badly.

You have to give her top **marks** for moral guts...

你不得不对她维护正义的勇气竖起大拇指。

His administration has earned low **marks** for its economic policies.

他的班子在经济政策上所获评价很低。

7 VERB 动词 **给(作业)评分(或打分)** When a teacher **marks** a student's work, the teacher decides how good it is and writes a number or letter on it to indicate this opinion.

He was **marking** essays in his small study.

正在他的小书房里批阅文章。

marking
For the rest of the lunchbreak I do my **marking**.
我在余下的午休时间里批改作业。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(重要的)标准，指标** A particular **mark** is a particular number, point, or stage which has been reached or might be reached, especially a significant one.

Unemployment is rapidly approaching the one million **mark**.

失业人数正迅速逼近百万大关。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **特征；特色** The **mark** of something is the characteristic feature that enables you to recognize it.

The **mark** of a civilized society is that it looks after its weakest members.

文明社会的特征是照顾最弱势群体。

10 N-SING 单数名词 **(品质、情感、情景的)标志，表现，迹象** If you say that a type of behaviour or an event is a **mark** of a particular quality, feeling, or situation, you mean it shows that that quality, feeling, or situation exists.

It was a **mark** of his unfamiliarity with Hollywood that he didn't understand that an agent was paid out of his client's share...

他居然不知道经纪人的报酬得从其客户的收入中出，这说明他对好莱坞太不了解了。

Shopkeepers closed their shutters as a **mark** of respect.

店主们暂时停业以示敬意。

11 VERB 动词 **标明(方位)；标示** If something **marks** a place or position, it shows where something else is or where it used to be.

A huge crater **marks** the spot where the explosion happened.

巨大的弹坑标明了爆炸发生的地点。

...the river which **marks** the border with Thailand.

标明了与泰国分界线的河

12 VERB 动词 **标志；意味着；是...的征兆** An event that **marks** a particular stage or point is a sign that something different is about to happen.

The announcement **marks** the end of an extraordinary period in European history...

声明标志着欧洲历史上一个伟大时代的终结。

That programme received critical acclaim and **marked** a turning point in Sonita's career.

那个项目赢得了评论界的好评，成为索尼塔事业的转折点。

13 VERB 动词 **纪念；庆祝** If you do something to **mark** an event or occasion, you do it to show that you are aware of the importance of the event or occasion.

The four new stamps **mark** the 100th anniversary of the British Astronomical Association...

这四枚新邮票是为了纪念英国天文协会成立100周年而发行的。

Hundreds of thousands of people took to the streets to **mark** the occasion.

数十万人走上街头庆祝这一时刻。

14 VERB 动词 **是...的特色；是...的典型特征** If a particular quality or feature **marks** something, it is a quality or feature which that thing typically has.

Tragedy has **marked** Wilmette's life...

悲剧笼罩着薇尔梅特的一生。

The style is **marked** by simplicity, clarity, and candor.

这种风格的特点是简洁、清楚、直截了当。

15 VERB 动词 **将...归为；把...列为；给...确定性质** Something that **marks** someone as a particular type of person indicates that they are that type of person.

Her opposition to abortion and feminism **mark**

her as a convinced traditionalist.

她对堕胎和女权主义的反对态度表明她是个不折不扣的传统主义者。

16 VERB 动词 (团队比赛中)盯住(对方球员) In a team game, when a defender is **marking** an attacker, they are trying to stay close to the attacker and prevent them from getting the ball.

...Manchester United defender Rio Ferdinand, who so effectively **marked** Michael Owen.

成功盯住了迈克尔·欧文的曼联后卫里奥·费迪南德

in AM, use 美国英语用 guard, cover

marking

They had stopped Ecuador from building up attacks with good **marking**.

他们运用出色的盯人技术使厄瓜多尔队无法组织起进攻。

17 N-COUNT 可数名词 马克(德国使用欧元之前的货币单位) The **mark** was the unit of money used in Germany before it was replaced by the euro.

The government gave 30 million **marks** for new school books.

政府拨款3000万马克用于购置学校的新教材。

The **mark** was also used to refer to the German currency system. 德国货币体系

The **mark** appreciated 12 per cent against the dollar.

德国马克对美元升值了12%。

18 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (煤气炉上表示温度的)刻度, 挡 Mark is used before a number to indicate a particular temperature level in a gas oven.

Set the oven at gas **mark** 4.

将煤气炉开至4挡。

19 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (汽车、机器、设备等的)型, 式 Mark is used before a number to indicate a particular version or model of a vehicle, machine, or device.

...his **Mark II** Ford Cortina.

他的福特葛天娜二代车

20 See also: [marked](#); [marking](#); [black mark](#); [check mark](#); [exclamation mark](#); [full marks](#); [high-water mark](#); [punctuation mark](#); [question mark](#); [scuff mark](#); [stretch marks](#);

21 PHRASE 短语 留下深刻的印记; 留下深远的影响 If someone or something **leaves their mark** or **leaves a mark**, they have a lasting effect on another person or thing.

Years of conditioning had left their **mark** on her, and she never felt inclined to talk to strange men.

多年的熏陶对她影响很深, 她从不愿意跟陌生人说话。

22 PHRASE 短语 成就不凡; 获得名望; 成名 If you **make your mark** or **make a mark**, you become noticed or famous by doing something impressive or unusual.

She made her **mark** in the film industry in the 1960s.

她在20世纪60年代的电影界占有一席之地。

23 PHRASE 短语 (理解力或反应)敏捷的/迟钝的, 灵敏的/缓慢的 If you are **quick off the mark**, you are quick to understand or respond to something. If you are **slow off the mark**, you are slow to understand or respond to something.

24 CONVENTION 惯用语 各就各位 On your **marks** in British English, or on your **mark** in American English, is a command given to runners at the beginning of a race in order to get them into the correct position to start.

On your **marks**—get set—go!

各就各位! 预备! 跑!

25 PHRASE 短语 不正确; 不得要领; 不够贴切/完全正确; 切中要害; 十分贴切 If something is **off the mark**, it is inaccurate or incorrect. If it is **on the mark**, it is accurate or correct.

Robinson didn't think the story was so far off the **mark**...

鲁宾逊认为这个报道根本算不上离谱。

He's right on the **mark** about movies being out of step with American culture.

他认为电影正在偏离美国文化的看法完全正确。

26 PHRASE 短语 达到标准; 符合要求 If something is **up to the mark**, it is good enough.

The workers get rid of those whose work is not up to the **mark**.

工人们赶走了工作不符合要求的人。

27 PHRASE 短语 离谱; 大错特错 If something such as a claim or estimate is **wide of the mark**, it is incorrect or inaccurate.

That comparison isn't as wide of the **mark** as it seems.

那种比较并非像看起来那么离谱。

28 PHRASE 短语 你听着(表示强调) You can say **mark you** to emphasize and draw attention to something you have just said.

We're not extremists, **mark you**.

你听好了, 我们不是极端分子。

29 to **overstep the mark**→see: [overstep](#); mark my words→see: [word](#);

相关词组:

[mark down](#) [mark off](#) [mark out](#) [mark up](#)

marriage ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 婚姻 A **marriage** is the relationship between a husband and wife.

In a good **marriage**, both husband and wife work hard to solve any problems that arise...

美满的婚姻中, 夫妻双方会共同努力去解决出现的任何问题。

When I was 35 my **marriage** broke up...

35岁时我的婚姻破裂了。

His son by his second **marriage** lives in Paris.

他二婚生的儿子住在巴黎。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 结婚; 婚礼 A **marriage** is the act of marrying someone, or the ceremony at which this is done.

I opposed her **marriage** to Darryl.

我反对她嫁给达里尔。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 婚姻生活; 已婚状态 **Marriage** is the state of being married.

Marriage might not suit you...

婚姻也许并不适合你。

In twenty years of **marriage** he has only taken two proper vacations.

结婚二十年里, 他只像样地度过两次假。

4 See also: [arranged marriage](#);

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **marriage** and **wedding**. A **wedding** is a ceremony in which a man and woman get married. It usually includes a meal or other celebration that takes place after the ceremony itself. *It wasn't a formal wedding. This ceremony can also be called a marriage. ...the day of my marriage.* **Marriage** can also be used to refer to the relationship between a husband and wife. *It has been a happy marriage.*

不要混淆 **marriage** 与 **wedding**。wedding 指婚礼, 通常包括婚宴或结婚仪式后的其他庆祝活动。例如: *It wasn't a formal wedding* (那不是正式的婚礼)。这种仪式也可称为 **marriage**, 例如: *the day of my marriage* (我结婚那天)。

marriage 也可指婚姻生活: *It has been a happy marriage* (那是桩幸福美满的婚姻)。

marry ★★★★★

1 V-RECIP 相互动词 结婚; 嫁; 娶 When two people **get married** or **marry**, they legally become husband and wife in a special ceremony. **Get married** is less formal and more commonly used than **marry**.

I thought he would change after we got **married**...

我原以为我们结婚后他会改变的。

They **married** a month after they met...

他们相识一个月后就结婚了。

He wants to **marry** her...

他想娶她为妻。

He got **married** to wife Beryl when he was 19...

19岁的时候他同妻子贝丽尔结了婚。

I am getting **married** on Monday...

我星期一结婚。

She ought to **marry** again, don't you think?

她应该再婚, 难道你不这么认为吗?

2 VERB 动词 (牧师或官员)为...主持婚礼 When a priest or official **marries** two people, he or she conducts the ceremony in which the two people legally become husband and wife.

The local vicar has agreed to **marry** us in the chapel on the estate...

当地的牧师已经同意在庄园的小教堂里为我们主持婚礼。

In July 1957, we were married in New York.

我们于1957年7月在纽约举行了婚礼。

3 VERB 动词 **把...嫁给；为...娶亲** If a parent **marries** their child to someone, the parent chooses who their child will marry and arranges it.

He married his three daughters to princes of the ruling house.

他把三个女儿都嫁给了王室的王子。

相关词组：

[marry off](#)

mass ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 **(聚成一体的一团，一堆，一块)** A **mass** of things is a large number of them grouped together.

On his desk is a **mass** of books and papers.

他的书桌上有大堆的书籍和文件。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **大堆；许多；大量** A **mass** of something is a large amount of it.

She had a **mass** of auburn hair.

她有一头浓密的棕发。

3 QUANT 数量词 **大量；许多；一大堆** Masses of something means a great deal of it.

There's **masses** of work for her to do...

她有一大堆的工作要做。

It has **masses** of flowers each year.

它每年都开许多花。

4 ADJ 形容词 **一大群的；大批的** Mass is used to describe something which involves or affects a very large number of people.

...ideas on combating **mass** unemployment...

对付大量失业的点子

All the lights went off, and **mass** hysteria broke out.

所有的灯都熄灭了，大家都变得歇斯底里起来。

...weapons of **mass** destruction.

大规模杀伤性武器

...the harm caused by **mass** tourism.

大众旅游造成的危害

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(尤指无固定形状的)块，堆，团** A **mass** of a solid substance, a liquid, or a gas is an amount of it, especially a large amount which has no definite shape.

...before it cools and sets into a solid **mass**...

在它冷却成为固态之前

The fourteenth century cathedral was reduced to a **mass** of rubble.

这座14世纪的大教堂变成了一堆瓦砾。

...the strong temperature difference between the two **masses** of air.

两个气团之间强烈的温差

6 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(与领导或受过高等教育的人相对的)普通老百姓，民众，平民大众** If you talk about **the masses**, you mean the ordinary people in society, in contrast to the leaders or the highly educated people.

His music is commercial. It is aimed at the **masses**...

他的音乐走商业化路线，针对的是一般大众。

This issue has aroused much resentment among the **masses**.

这个问题在民众中间引起了强烈的不满。

...appealing to the middle class and business as well as the **masses**.

符合中产阶级、商务人士和普通百姓的需要

7 N-SING 单数名词 **(民众中的)大部分，大多数** **The mass** of people are most of the people in a country, society, or group.

The 1939-45 world war involved the **mass** of the population...

1939至1945年间的世界大战使大多数民众卷入其中。

Schools allowed the **mass** of children to leave school at 16 with poor qualifications.

学校允许大部分考试成绩差的学生16岁时毕业离校。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(人)一大群，一大堆** A **mass** of people is a large crowd of them.

...**masses** of excited people clogged the streets.

情绪激动的人群挤满了街道。

...a **mass** of grinning teenage faces.

一张张少年的笑脸

9 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)聚集；(使)集中；(使)集结** When people or things **mass**, or when you **mass** them, they gather together into a large crowd or group.

Shortly after the workers went on strike, police began to **mass** at the shipyard...

工人们罢工后不久，警察就开始在船厂集结。

The clouds **massed**, whipped up by the wind...

云卷云舒随风起。

The General was **massing** his troops for a counterattack.

将军正在集结部队准备反攻。

10 N-SING 单数名词 **充满；布满** If you say that something is a **mass** of things, you mean that it is covered with them or full of them.

His body was a **mass** of sores...

他遍体鳞伤。

In the spring, the meadow is a **mass** of daffodils.

春天，草地上开满了黄水仙。

11 N-VAR 可变名词 **(物理学中的)质量** In physics, the **mass** of an object is the amount of physical matter that it has.

Astronomers know that Pluto and Triton have nearly the same size, **mass**, and density.

天文学家知道冥王星与海卫一拥有几乎相同的体积、质量与密度。

12 N-VAR 可变名词 **弥撒(尤指天主教或东正教的圣餐仪式，以此纪念耶稣基督的最后的晚餐)** **Mass** is a Christian church ceremony, especially in a Roman Catholic or Orthodox church, during which people eat bread and drink wine in order to remember the last meal of Jesus Christ.

She attended a convent school and went to **Mass** each day.

她上的是教会学校，每天都去做弥撒。

13 N-COUNT 可数名词 **弥撒曲** A **Mass** is a piece of music which uses the prayers from the Christian ceremony of **Mass** as the words that are sung.

14 See also: [massed](#) ; [critical mass](#) ; [landmass](#) ;

master ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **主人；雇主；老板** A servant's **master** is the man that he or she works for.

My **master** ordered me not to deliver the message except in private...

我的主人命令我务必私下里传递消息。

In 1777 several northern states encouraged white **masters** to free their slaves for military service.

1777年，北方的几个州鼓励白人奴隶主解放奴隶，让他们参军。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(狗的)拥有者，主人** A dog's **master** is the man or boy who owns it.

The dog yelped excitedly when his **master** opened a desk drawer and produced his leash.

主人打开抽屉拿出牵狗用的皮带时，狗兴奋地叫了起来。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [post master](#) ; **专家；能手；高手** If you say that someone is a **master** of a particular activity, you mean that they are extremely skilled at it.

She was a **master** of the English language...

她是英文高手。

He is a **master** at blocking progress...

他特别擅长充当拦路虎。

They appear **masters** in the art of making regulations work their way.

他们似乎十分擅长利用规章制度为自己服务。

...a **master** craftsman.

手艺高超的工匠

...a **master** criminal.

手段高明的罪犯

4 N-VAR 可变名词 **(局势的)控制者，主宰者** If you are **master** of a situation, you have complete control over it.

Jackson remained calm and always **master** of his passions...

杰克逊镇定自若，始终克制着情绪。

He was under no illusions as to who was **master** in his house.

对于谁当家作主，他不抱任何幻想。

5 VERB 动词 **掌握；精通** If you **master**

something, you learn how to do it properly or you succeed in understanding it completely.

Duff soon **mastered** the skills of radio production...

达夫很快掌握了广播节目制作的技能。

Students are expected to **master** a second language.

学生应该掌握一门第二语言。

6 VERB 动词 **控制；掌控** If you **master** a difficult situation, you succeed in controlling it.

When you have **mastered** one situation you have to go on to the next...

一旦控制住了一个局面，又得接着应付下一个。

His genius alone has **mastered** every crisis.

仅凭天分，他就控制了所有的危机。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 See

also: **headmaster**; **housemaster**; **男教师** A **master** is a male teacher.

Mr Palmer was a retired maths **master**.

帕尔默先生是一名退休的数学教师。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: **old master**; **(已故) 著名画家，艺术大师** A famous male painter of the past is often called a **master**.

...a portrait by the Dutch **master**, Vincent Van Gogh.

一幅由荷兰著名画家文森特·凡·高所作的画像

9 ADJ 形容词 **(电影、录音等) 原始拷贝的，母盘的，母带的** A **master** copy of something such as a film or a tape recording is an original copy that can be used to produce other copies.

Keep one as a **master** copy for your own reference and circulate the others.

一盘留作母带自用，其余的都分发出去。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(商船的) 船长** The **master** of a ship that carries passengers or goods is its captain.

...the Royal Pacific's **master**.

“皇家太平洋”号的船长

11 N-SING 单数名词 **硕士学位** A **master's degree** can be referred to as a **master's**.

I've a **master's** in economics.

我获得了经济学硕士学位。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 **长老(信徒对宗教法师或领袖的称呼)** **Master** is sometimes used by the followers of a male religious teacher or leader as a way of referring to him or addressing him.

She believed that she had been selected by the **Master** to reveal forgotten wisdom.

她认为自己是被长老选中来揭示被人们遗忘的智慧的。

13 N-TITLE 头衔名词 **(旧时的) 少爷，小主人；君(现在用于信件中对男孩的称谓)** In the past, **Master** was used before a boy's name as a polite way of referring to him or addressing him. Nowadays, **Master** can be written before a boy's name when addressing a letter to him.

Nice to see you, **Master** Simon.

很高兴见到您，西蒙少爷。

14 PHRASE 短语 **自己作主；独立自主** If you say that you **are your own master**, you mean that your decisions are not controlled by other people and you are free to do what you want.

It was no place for a man who liked to be his own **master**.

这绝非喜爱独立自主的人能呆下去的地方。

material ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **物质；材料** A **material** is a solid substance.

...electrons in a conducting **material** such as a metal.

金属等导电材料中的电子

...the design of new absorbent **materials**.

新型高吸水性材料的设计

...recycling of all **materials**.

所有材料的回收

2 N-MASS 物质名词 **布料；衣料；织物** **Material** is cloth.

...the thick **material** of her skirt...

她的裙子的厚布料

The **materials** are soft and comfortable to wear.

这些布料质地柔软，穿着很舒服。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **原料；材料** **Materials** are the things that you need for a particular activity.

The builders ran out of **materials**.

建筑商耗尽了材料。

...sewing **materials**.

缝纫材料

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(书、戏剧或电影的) 素材，资料** Ideas or information that are used as a basis for a book, play, or film can be referred to as **material**.

In my version of the story, I added some new **material**.

我在讲述这个故事时加入了新的素材。

...the film producer's debt to the author of original screen **material**.

影片的制片人受到了创作影片原始素材的作者的启发

5 ADJ 形容词 **(指与抽象相对) 物质的，有形的，实体的** **Material** things are related to possessions or money, rather than to more abstract things such as ideas or values.

Every room must have been stuffed with **material** things.

每个房间肯定都塞满了东西。

...the **material** world.

物质世界

...his descriptions of their poor **material** conditions.

他们对他们贫困的物质生活的描述

materially

He has tried to help this child **materially** and spiritually...

他尽力在物质和精神上帮助这个孩子。

They believe that a tough, **materially** poor childhood is character-building...

他们认为一个艰难贫困的童年有助于性格的培养。

The object has no real value, **materially** or emotionally.

无论从物质还是情感上说，这个东西都一无是处。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **人才；(做...的) 料** If you say that someone is a particular kind of **material**, you mean that they have the qualities or abilities to do a particular job or task.

She was not university **material**...

她不是上大学的料。

His message has changed little since he became presidential **material**.

成为总统候选人后，他的直言并没有多少变化。

7 ADJ 形容词 **(证据或信息) 直接相关的，实质性的，重要的** **Material** evidence or information is directly relevant and important in a legal or academic argument.

The nature and availability of **material** evidence was not to be discussed...

实质性证据的性质和可用性毋庸讨论。

They contend that the company failed to disclose **material** information.

他们坚持认为该公司并未透露实质性的信息。

maybe ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **或许；大概；可能** You use **maybe** to express uncertainty, for example when you do not know that something is definitely true, or when you are mentioning something that may possibly happen in the future in the way you describe.

Maybe she is in love...

她大概是恋爱了。

Maybe he sincerely wanted to help his country...

或许他是诚心诚意地想帮助自己的祖国。

I do think about having children, **maybe** when I'm 40...

我的确在考虑要孩子的问题，也许等到我40岁吧。

Things are **maybe** not as good as they should be...

情况也许并没有情理之中那么好。

Bill will come on then **maybe** Ralph, then Bobby and Johnny doing their hits.

比尔先上，然后大概是拉尔夫，接下来是博比和约翰尼击球。

2 ADV 副词 **也许，或许(用于提出建议、作出礼貌的请求等)** You use **maybe** when you are making suggestions or giving advice. **Maybe** is also used to introduce polite requests.

Maybe we can go to the movies or something...

也许我们可以去看场电影什么的。

Maybe you'd better tell me what this is all about...

也许你应该告诉我这究竟是怎么回事。

Maybe you shouldn't eat in that restaurant anymore.

也许你不该再去那家餐厅吃饭了。

Maybe if you tell me a little about her?...

也许你可以跟我讲一点关于她的事情？

Wait a while, maybe a few days.

等一等吧，也许要过几天。

3 ADV 副词 **可能，也许**(用于表示某一观点部分属实，但另一观点也应该加以考虑) You use **maybe** to indicate that, although a comment is partly true, there is also another point of view that should be considered.

Maybe there is jealousy, but I think the envy is more powerful...

也许是羡慕，但我认为更多的是嫉妒。

OK, maybe I am a failure, but, in my opinion, no more than the rest of this country.

好吧，也许我是个失败者，不过在我看来，这个国家里的其他人也不比我成功到哪里去。

4 ADV 副词 **可能吧**(用于表示未置可否) You can say **maybe** as a response to a question or remark, when you do not want to agree or disagree.

Do you think that another country will step in to become the dominant military power in the region? — 'Maybe.'...

“您认为另一个国家会介入在该地区建立军事霸权吗？”——“可能吧。”

Is she coming back? — 'Maybe. No one hears from her.'

“她快回来了吗？”——“也许吧。都还没信儿呢。”

5 ADV 副词 **大概，大约**(用于对数目、数量或价值等作出约略的估计) You use **maybe** when you are making a rough guess at a number, quantity, or value, rather than stating it exactly.

The men were maybe a hundred feet away and coming closer.

那些人大约有100英尺远，正在向这里靠近。

6 ADV 副词 **有时**(尤用于笼统地描述某人的行为或经常发生的事情) People use **maybe** to mean 'sometimes', particularly in a series of general statements about what someone does, or about something that regularly happens.

They'll come to the bar for a year, or maybe even two, then they'll find another favourite spot.

他们会在一年，有时甚至是两年里一直光顾这个酒吧，然后再另寻好去处。

means ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **方法；手段；工具**(means 用于此意时单复数同形) A **means** of doing something is a method, instrument, or process which can be used to do it. **Means** is both the singular and the plural form for this use.

The move is a **means** to fight crime...

采取这项举措是为了打击犯罪。

The army had perfected the use of terror as a **means** of controlling the population...

军队已经深谙利用恐怖手段控制民众之道。

Business managers are focused on increasing their personal wealth by any available **means**.

企业经理一心只想用尽办法增加个人财富。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **收入；财富；金钱** You can refer to the money that someone has as their **means**.

...a person of **means**...

富人

He did not have the **means** to compensate her.

他没有钱来补偿她。

3 PHRASE 短语 **超出财力；入不敷出**(在财力之内；量入为出) If someone is living **beyond their means**, they are spending more money than they can afford. If someone is living **within their means**, they are not spending more money than they can afford.

The more gifts she received, the more she craved, until he was living beyond his **means**...

得到的礼物越多，她的胃口就越大，直到他捉襟见肘为止。

It is far better to pay off old debts steadily by living within your **means**.

量入为出地一步步偿还旧债，这个方法要好得多。

4 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **用；以；通过** If you do something **by means of** a particular method, instrument, or process, you do it using that method, instrument, or process.

This is a two year course taught by **means of** lectures and seminars...

本课程为期两年，授课形式为讲座与研讨。

The trailer was connected to the car by **means of** a complicated system of hoses, pipes and rods.

活动房屋通过一系列复杂的软管、管道和连杆与汽车相连。

5 CONVENTION 惯用语 **当然可以；完全可以** You can say 'by all **means**' to tell someone that you are very willing to allow them to do something.

'Can I come and have a look at your house?' — 'Yes by all **means**'.

“我可以过来看看你的房子吗？”“当然可以。”

6 PHRASE 短语 **决不；丝毫不；一点儿也不** You use expressions such as 'by no **means**', 'not by any **means**', and 'by no manner of **means**' to emphasize that something is not true.

This is by no **means** out of the ordinary...

这丝毫不足为奇。

They were not finished, however, not by any **means**.

不过，他们并没有结束，绝对没有。

7 PHRASE 短语 **达到目的的手段** If you say that something is a **means to an end**, you mean that it helps you to achieve what you want, although it may not be enjoyable or important itself.

We seem to have lost sight of the fact that marketing is only a **means to an end**.

我们似乎忽略了这样一个事实：营销只是达到目的的手段。

meanwhile ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **同时；与此同时** **Meanwhile** means while a particular thing is happening.

Brush the aubergines with oil, add salt and pepper, and bake till soft. Meanwhile, heat the remaining oil in a heavy pan...

把油涂在茄子上，加盐和胡椒烤至松软。与此同时，在厚锅中加热剩余的油。

Kate turned to beckon Peter across from the car, but Bill waved him back, meanwhile pushing Kate inside.

凯特转身示意汽车对面的彼得过来，可是比尔却挥手示意他回去，同时把凯特推进车内。

2 ADV 副词 **在此期间；其间** **Meanwhile** means in the period of time between two events.

You needn't worry; I'll be ready to greet them. Meanwhile I'm off to discuss the Fowler's party with Felix.

你不必担心，我会招呼他们的。其间，我还要去跟费利克斯商量一下福勒举办聚会的事。

In the meanwhile means the same as **meanwhile**. **in the meanwhile** 同 **meanwhile**

'I can very easily explain my dealings with them.' — 'I am sure you can, sir. But in the **meanwhile** I must ask you to come with me.'

“我跟他们之间的交往很好解释。”——“这我相信，先生。不过，我还得请您跟我走一趟。”

3 ADV 副词 (引出某一情形的另一方面，尤指与前面提到的完全相反时)与之相比，然而 You use **meanwhile** to introduce a different aspect of a particular situation, especially one that is completely opposite to the one previously mentioned.

He had always found his wife's mother a bit annoying. The mother-daughter relationship, meanwhile, was close.

他总是觉得丈母娘有点烦人，然而她们母女之间的关系却非常亲密。

measure ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **衡量；估量；评估；判定** If you **measure** the quality, value, or effect of something, you discover or judge how great it is.

I continued to **measure** his progress against the charts in the doctor's office...

我继续比照医生办公室里的图表来判断他病情的发展。

A grammar school's success was **measured** in terms of the number of pupils who got into university...

一所文法学校成功与否是以考上大学的学生人数为衡量依据的。

It was difficult to **measure** the precise impact of the labor action.

此次罢工影响几何，难以作出准确的评估。

2 VERB 动词 **测量；度量；计量** If you **measure** a quantity that can be expressed in numbers, such as the length of something, you discover it using a

particular instrument or device, for example a ruler.

Measure the length and width of the gap...

测量一下这条缝隙的长与宽。

He measured the speed at which ultrasonic waves travel along the bone.

他测出了超声波穿过骨头的速度。

3 VERB 动词 距离(或长度、宽度、数量等)为... If something **measures** a particular length, width, or amount, that is its size or intensity, expressed in numbers.

The house is more than twenty metres long and **measures** six metres in width...

这座房子长20多米，宽6米。

This hand-decorated plate **measures** 30cm across...

这只手工绘制的盘子直径为30厘米。

Their paddock **measures** 24 metres square.

他们的围场为24米见方。

4 N-SING 单数名词 相当数量；一定程度 A **measure** of a particular quality, feeling, or activity is a fairly large amount of it.

With the exception of Juan, each attained a **measure** of success...

除了胡安之外，每个人都获得了相当大的成功。

The colonies were claiming a larger **measure** of self-government.

殖民地正要求获得更大程度上的自治。

5 N-SING 单数名词 (情形严重或发展到了一定程度的)体现，表现，标志 If you say that one aspect of a situation is a **measure** of that situation, you mean that it shows that the situation is very serious or has developed to a very great extent.

It is a **measure** of their plight that few of them have anywhere to go to...

他们几乎全都无处可归，看得出他们是陷入了困境。

That is a **measure** of how bad things have become at the bank.

那简直就是银行里糟糕局面的写照。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 措施；办法 When someone, usually a government or other authority, takes **measures** to do something, they carry out particular actions in order to achieve a particular result.

The government warned that police would take tougher **measures** to contain the trouble...

政府警告说，警方将采取更为强硬的措施来遏制动乱。

He said stern **measures** would be taken against the killers...

他说将会采取严厉措施惩罚凶手。

As a precautionary **measure** repeat the medication.

作为预防性措施，请重复用药。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (标准量的一)杯(烈性酒) A **measure** of a strong alcoholic drink such as brandy or whisky is an amount of it in a glass. In pubs and bars, a **measure** is an official standard amount.

He poured himself another generous **measure** of malt.

他又为自己倒了满满一大杯麦芽威士忌。

...a pub **measure** of spirits.

一杯烈酒

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 (音乐的)小节 In music, a **measure** is one of the several short parts of the same length into which a piece of music is divided.

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 bar

9 See also: [measured](#) ; [measuring](#) ; [counter-measure](#) ; [half-measure](#) ; [tape-measure](#) ;

10 PHRASE 短语 非常；极其 If you say that something has changed or that it has affected you **beyond measure**, you are emphasizing that it has done this to a great extent.

Mankind's knowledge of the universe has increased **beyond measure**...

人类对于宇宙的了解已经大为增加。

She irritated him **beyond measure**.

她让他大为光火。

11 PHRASE 短语 附加地；除此之外地 If you say that something is done **for good measure**, you mean that it is done in addition to a number of other things.

I repeated my question **for good measure**...

另外，我重复了我的问题。

For good measure, a few details of hotels were included.

除此之外还包括对宾馆的一些详细介绍。

12 PHRASE 短语 了解；熟悉；估量...的能力/掂量出...的分量；摸清...的底细 If you **get or take the measure** of someone or something, you discover what they are like, so that you are able to control them or deal with them. If you **have the measure** of someone or something, you have succeeded in doing this.

The governments of the industrialized world had failed to get the **measure** of the crisis...

工业化国家的政府没能意识到这次危机的严重程度。

Has he taken the **measure** of us and concluded that we're not willing to risk a life?...

他有没有掂掂我们的分量，知道我们并不愿冒生命危险？

Lili was the only person I knew who had the **measure** of her brother.

在我认识的人中间，只有莉莉清楚她兄弟几斤几两。

13 PHRASE 短语 在某种程度上/在很大程度上 If something is true **in some measure** or **in large measure**, it is partly or mostly true.

Power is in **some measure** an act of will...

权力在某种程度上是意志的表现。

In Britain, we have so far escaped, in **large measure**, either of these afflictions.

在英国，我们迄今为止已经远远地避开了这两类麻烦。

相关词组：

[measure out](#) [measure up](#)

media ★★★★★

1 N-SING-COLL 单数集合名词 See also: [mass media](#) ; [multimedia](#) ; 媒体，传播工具，传播媒介(如电视、广播、报纸和杂志等) You can refer to television, radio, newspapers, and magazines as **the media**.

It is hard work and not a glamorous job as portrayed by the **media**.

这是份苦差，并非像媒体描绘的那般令人向往。

...bias in the news **media**...

新闻媒体的偏见

Media coverage of cycling in July was pretty impressive.

媒体对7月份骑自行车活动的报道令人记忆深刻。

2 (medium 的复数之一) **Media** is a plural of **medium**.

medical ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 医学的；医疗的；医术的 **Medical** means relating to illness and injuries and to their treatment or prevention.

Several police officers received **medical** treatment for cuts and bruises.

几名警官因割伤和擦伤而接受了医治。

...the **medical** profession.

医疗行业

medically

Therapists cannot prescribe drugs as they are not necessarily **medically** qualified.

由于治疗师不一定具有行医资格，所以他们不可以开处方。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 体格检查；体检 A **medical** is a thorough examination of your body by a doctor, for example before you start a new job.

memory ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 记忆力；记性 Your **memory** is your ability to remember things.

All the details of the meeting are fresh in my **memory**...

我对会议的所有细节都记忆犹新。

He'd a good **memory** for faces, and he was sure he hadn't seen her before...

他对别人的长相过目不忘，他确信自己以前没有见过她。

But locals with long memories thought this was fair revenge for the injustice of 1961...

可是，对以前的事记忆犹新的当地人却认为，这是对1961年那起非正义事件的正当复仇。

Two major areas in which mentally retarded children require help are **memory** and attention.

智障儿童主要是在记忆力和注意力这两方面需要帮

助。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **记忆**；**记忆中的事物**；**回忆** A **memory** is something that you remember from the past.

She cannot bear to watch the film because of the bad memories it brings back...

她看不了那部电影，因为它会勾起一些痛苦的回忆。

Her earliest **memory** is of singing at the age of four to wounded soldiers...

她最早的记忆是在4岁时为受伤的战士唱歌。

He had happy memories of his father.

他对父亲有着愉快的记忆。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **存储器**；**内存** A computer's **memory** is the part of the computer where information is stored, especially for a short time before it is transferred to disks or magnetic tapes.

The data are stored in the computer's **memory**.

资料存在计算机内存里。

4 N-SING 单数名词 **对死者的怀念**，**记忆** If you talk about the **memory** of someone who has died, especially someone who was loved or respected, you are referring to the thoughts, actions, and ceremonies by which they are remembered.

She remained devoted to his **memory**...

她对他仍十分怀念。

The congress opened with a minute's silence in **memory** of those who died in the struggle.

代表大会开幕时进行了一分钟的默哀，以怀念在斗争中牺牲的人。

5 PHRASE 短语 **凭记忆(诵诗、奏曲等)** If you do something **from memory**, for example speak the words of a poem or play a piece of music, you do it without looking at it, because you know it very well.

Many members of the church sang from **memory**...

许多教徒都是凭记忆唱颂歌。

Children write down the word, cover it up and then try to spell it from **memory**.

孩子们把这个词写下来蒙住，然后试着凭记忆拼出来。

6 PHRASE 短语 **在人们的记忆中(最...的事情)** If you say that something is, for example, the best, worst, or first thing of its kind **in living memory**, you are emphasizing that it is the only thing of that kind that people can remember.

The floods are the worst in living **memory**...

那次洪水是人们记忆中最严重的一次。

No-one in living **memory** has come back from that place alive.

在人们的记忆中，没有人从那个地方生还。

7 PHRASE 短语 **失去记忆力**；**失忆** If you **lose your memory**, you forget things that you used to know.

His illness caused him to lose his **memory**.

疾病使他失忆了。

8 to **commit** something to **memory** → see: [commit](#) ;

mention ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **(简短地)谈及**，**说起**，**提到** If you **mention** something, you say something about it, usually briefly.

She did not **mention** her mother's absence...

她并没有说起她母亲不在场的事。

I may not have **mentioned** it to her...

我可能没跟她提过这件事。

I had **mentioned** that I didn't really like contemporary music...

我说过，我其实并不喜欢当代音乐。

She shouldn't have **mentioned** how heavy the dress was...

她本不该说起这条裙子有多沉。

I felt as though I should **mention** it as an option.

我觉得我好像应该把它作为一种选择提出来。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **提及**；**论及** A **mention** is a reference to something or someone.

The statement made no **mention** of government casualties...

声明里没有提及政府方面的伤亡情况。

At the community centre, **mention** of funds produces pained looks.

在社区中心一提到资金问题，大家就会愁眉不展。

3 VERB 动词 **(在文章中)提到**，**谈及(某人的名字)** If someone is **mentioned** in writing, a reference is made to them by name, often to criticize or praise something that they have done.

I was absolutely outraged that I could be even **mentioned** in an article of this kind...

我大为恼火，我的名字居然出现在这种文章里面。

As for your father, he won't be **mentioned** in my will.

至于你父亲，我的遗嘱里不会提到他的名字。

...Brigadier Ferguson was **mentioned** in the report as being directly responsible.

弗格森准将作为直接负责人在报道中被提及。

4 VERB 动词 **提名**；**推荐** If someone is **mentioned** as a candidate for something such as a job, it is suggested that they might become a candidate.

His appointment is a complete surprise — he has never been **mentioned** as a front runner...

他的任命完全出人意料——他从来都不是呼声最高的候选人。

Her name has been **mentioned** as a favoured leadership candidate.

提到她的名字时，说她是领导职位的热门候选人。

5 N-VAR 可变名词 **提名表扬** A special or honourable **mention** is formal praise that is given for an achievement that is very good, although not usually the best of its kind.

So many people have helped me with this book that it is hard to pick out the few for special **mention**.

帮助我完成本书的人数太多，难以从中选出几位特别致谢。

6 CONVENTION 惯用语 **别客气**；**不用谢** People sometimes say 'don't mention it' as a polite reply to someone who has just thanked them for doing something.

'Thank you very much.' — 'Don't mention it.'

“非常感谢！”——“别客气。”

7 PHRASE 短语 **不用说**；**更不必说** You use **not to mention** when you want to add extra information which emphasizes the point that you are making.

The audience, not to **mention** the bewildered cast, were not amused...

观众们并没有觉得好笑，更不用说那些一头雾水的演员了。

It was both deliberate and malicious, not to **mention** clever.

这件事是处心积虑、早有预谋的，更不用说其手段的高明。

8 to be **mentioned** in **dispatches** → see: [dispatch](#) ;

Usage Note :

If you **mention** something, you say it, but only briefly, especially when you have not talked about it before. *He mentioned that he might go to New York.* If you **comment** on a situation, or make a **comment** about it, you give your opinion on it. *Mr Cook has not commented on these reports... I was wondering whether you had any comments.* If you **remark** on something, or make a **remark** about it, you say what you think or what you have noticed, often in a casual way. *Visitors remark on how well the children look... General Sutton's remarks about the conflict.*

mention 指简单地说起某事，尤其是以前没有说过的事，例如，He mentioned that he might go to New York (他提到过可能会去纽约)。
comment 则是指发表评论或意见，例如，Mr Cook has not commented on these reports (库克先生没有对这些报道发表评论)，I was wondering whether you had any comments (不知道你是否有什么意见)。
remark 指随意地说出自己的想法或者注意到的事情，例如，Visitors remark on how well the children look (前来探望的人说起孩子们看上去有多健康)，General Sutton's remarks about the conflict (萨顿将军对这场冲突的看法)。

message ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **书信**；**消息**；**留言** A **message** is a piece of information or a request that you send to someone or leave for them when you cannot speak to them directly.

I got a **message** you were trying to reach me...

我收到一条留言，说你想跟我联系。

Would you like to leave a **message**?...

您要留言吗？

A **message** taped by the President was broadcast to US troops around the world.

一条总统录音的口讯被播送给全世界的美国军队。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (书、戏剧等的)要旨, 主题思想, 寓意 The **message** that someone is trying to

communicate, for example in a book or play, is the idea or point that they are trying to communicate.

The report's **message** was unequivocal...

报告中传达的信息是明确的。

I no longer want to stay friendly with her but I don't know how to get the **message** across...

我再也不想和她做朋友了, 但是又不知如何告诉她。

I think they got the **message** that this is wrong.

我认为他们已经得到了消息, 知道这是错误的。

3 VERB 动词 (用电脑、手机等)给...发消息, 给...留言

If you **message** someone, you send them a message electronically using a computer or another device such as a mobile phone.

People who **message** a lot feel unpopular if they don't get many back...

如果人们发出大量短信但收到的回复却不多, 就会觉得自己不受欢迎。

She **messaged** him saying she wished they were together.

她给他留言说希望跟他在一起。

method ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 方法; 办法 A **method** is a particular way of doing something.

The pill is the most efficient **method** of birth control.

服用避孕药是最有效的避孕方法。

...new teaching **methods**...

新式教学法

The usual **method** of getting through the Amsterdam traffic is to cycle to your local railway station and take the train.

克服阿姆斯特丹城市交通障碍的常用方法是骑自行车到附近的火车站乘火车。

mile ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 英里(等于1,760码或约等于1.6公里) A **mile** is a unit of distance equal to 1,760 yards or approximately 1.6 kilometres.

They drove 600 **miles** across the desert...

他们驱车600英里穿越沙漠。

The hurricane is moving to the west at about 18 **miles** per hour...

飓风正以每小时18英里的速度向西推进。

She lives just half a **mile** away...

她就住在半英里以外的地方。

There's a lake up there, about ten **miles** long.

那里有一个湖泊, 长约10英里。

...a 50-**mile** bike ride.

骑自行车50英里的路程

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 很长的路程; 长距离 Miles is used, especially in the expression **miles away**, to refer to a long distance.

If you enrol at a gym that's **miles** away, you won't be visiting it as often as you should...

如果你加入的健身房非常远, 就不会去得那么经常了。

I was **miles and miles** from anywhere...

我离任何地方都非常远。

'Shall I come to see you?' — 'Are you kidding? It's **miles**.'

“我去看望你好吗?”——“你在开玩笑吗? 路很远的。”

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 很大的程度(强调区别或目标与现实的差距) Miles or a **mile** is used with the meaning 'very much' in order to emphasize the difference between two things or qualities, or the difference between what you aimed to do and what you actually achieved.

You're **miles** better than most of the performers we see nowadays...

你比当下我们见到的大多数表演者都强多了。

With a Labour candidate in place they won by a **mile**...

有一个工党的候选人坐镇, 他们大获全胜。

The rehearsals were **miles** too slow and no work was getting done.

排练的进度实在太慢, 什么工作都没有完成。

4 PHRASE 短语 思想不集中; 开小差; 走神 If you say that someone is **miles away**, you mean that they are unaware of what is happening around them because they are thinking about something else.

What were you thinking about? You were **miles** away.

你刚才在想什么呢? 你开小差了。

5 PHRASE 短语 加倍努力; 加把劲 If you say that someone is willing to **go the extra mile**, you mean that they are willing to make a special effort to do or achieve something.

The President is determined 'to go the extra **mile** for peace'.

总统决心“为实现和平而加倍努力”。

6 PHRASE 短语 打老远, 一眼(认出) If you say that you can see or recognize something a **mile off**, you are emphasizing that it is very obvious and easy to recognize.

You can spot undercover cops a **mile** off.

你一眼就可以认出便衣警察。

7 PHRASE 短语 (因极度害怕或不愿面对)避而远之, 跑得远远的 If you say that someone would **run a mile** when faced with a particular situation, you mean that they would be very frightened or unwilling to deal with it.

If anybody had told me when I first got married that I was going to have seven children, I would have run a **mile**...

若是有人在我刚结婚时跟我说我会生7个孩子, 我一定会躲得远远的。

I'm very squeamish and when I see needles I run a **mile**.

我神经非常脆弱, 见到针头就会逃之夭夭。

8 PHRASE 短语 显而易见; 很明显 If you say that something or someone **sticks out a mile** or **stands out a mile**, you are emphasizing that they are very obvious and easy to recognize.

'How do you know he's Irish?' — 'Sticks out a **mile**!'...

“你是怎么知道他是爱尔兰人的呢?”——“明摆的事儿嘛。”

We stood out a **mile** on that first day at school.

上学第一天, 我们就非常惹人注意。

millionth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第一百万 The **millionth** item in a series is the one you count as number one million.

Last year the **millionth** truck rolled off the assembly line.

去年, 第100万台卡车驶下流水线。

2 FRACTION 分数词 百万分之一 A **millionth** of something is one of a million equal parts of it.

The bomb must explode within less than a **millionth** of a second.

炸弹必须在不到百万分之一秒的时间内爆炸。

ministry ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (政府的)部 In Britain and some other countries, a **ministry** is a government department which deals with a particular thing or area of activity, for example trade, defence, or transport.

...the Ministry of Justice.

司法部

...a spokesman for the Agriculture Ministry.

农业部发言人

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 圣职; 神职 The **ministry** of a religious person is the work that they do that is based on or inspired by their religious beliefs.

His **ministry** is among the poor.

他是穷人的牧师。

3 N-SING-COLL 单数集合名词 (基督教的)全体牧师 Members of the clergy belonging to some branches of the Christian church are referred to as **the ministry**.

So what prompted him to enter the **ministry**?

那么, 是什么促使他成为牧师的呢?

minority ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 少数; 少数派 If you talk about a **minority** of people or things in a larger group, you are referring to a number of them that forms less than half of the larger group, usually much less than half.

Local authority nursery provision covers only a tiny **minority** of working mothers...

当地政府提供的保育服务只有少数上班族母亲才能够享受到。

These children are only a small **minority**.

这些孩子只是很少的一部分。

...**minority** shareholders.

少数股东

If people are **in a minority** or **in the minority**, they belong to a group of people or things that form less than half of a larger group. **属于少数派；占少数**

Even in the 1960s, politically active students and academics were in a **minority**...

即使在20世纪60年代，热衷于政治的学生与大学教师也是少数。

In the past conservatives have been in the **minority**.

过去保守派一直占少数。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **少数民族；少数群体** A **minority** is a group of people of the same race, culture, or religion who live in a place where most of the people around them are of a different race, culture, or religion.

...the region's ethnic **minorities**...

这个地区的少数民族

Students have called for greater numbers of women and **minorities** on the faculty...

学生要求聘请更多女教师和少数民族族裔的老师。

A final settlement must respect **minority** rights.

最终的解决方案必须尊重少数群体的权利。

mission ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(尤指赴他国的)使命，重要任务** A **mission** is an important task that people are given to do, especially one that involves travelling to another country.

Salisbury sent him on a diplomatic **mission** to North America...

索尔兹伯里派他到北美执行一项外交任务。

He has been on a **mission** to help end Lebanon's political crisis.

他已经被派执行一项旨在帮助结束黎巴嫩政治危机的使命。

...the most crucial stage of his latest peace **mission**.

他最近执行的和平使命中最关键的一个阶段

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **驻外使团；出国代表团** A **mission** is a group of people who have been sent to a foreign country to carry out an official task.

...the head of the **mission** in South Africa.

驻南非代表团团长

...a senior member of a diplomatic **mission**.

外交使团的高级成员

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(军用飞机或航天火箭的)飞行任务** A **mission** is a special journey made by a military aeroplane or space rocket.

...a bomber that crashed during a training **mission** in the west Texas mountains.

在得克萨斯州西部山区执行训练任务时坠毁的轰炸机

...the first shuttle **mission**.

首次航天飞行任务

4 N-SING 单数名词 **使命；天职** If you say that you have a **mission**, you mean that you have a strong commitment and sense of duty to do or achieve something.

He viewed his **mission** in life as protecting the weak from the evil...

他认为自己毕生的使命就是保护弱者不受邪恶势力的欺凌。

There is an enormous sense of **mission** in his speech and gesture.

他的一言一行都带着强烈的使命感。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(基督教徒的)传教，布道** A **mission** is the activities of a group of Christians who have been sent to a place to teach people about Christianity.

They say God spoke to them and told them to go on a **mission** to the poorest country in the Western Hemisphere.

他们说上帝让他们去西半球最贫困的国家传播教义。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **传教区；布道所** A **mission** is a building or group of buildings in which missionary work is carried out.

I reside at the **mission** at St Michael's.

我住在圣·米歇尔教堂的传道会里。

...schools, monasteries and other **mission** buildings.

学校、修道院及其他布道场所

mistake ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **错误；过失** If you make a **mistake**, you do something which you did not intend to do, or which produces a result that you do not want.

They made the big **mistake** of thinking they could seize its border with a relatively small force...

他们大错特错，居然认为以较少的兵力就能够夺取其边境地区。

I think it's a serious **mistake** to confuse books with life...

我认为把书本同生活混为一谈是大错特错。

Jonathan says it was his **mistake**...

乔纳森说这是他的错。

There must be some **mistake**...

一定是弄错了。

He has been arrested by **mistake**.

警方误抓了他。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **不正确的事；错事** A **mistake** is something or part of something which is incorrect or not right.

Her mother sighed and rubbed out another **mistake** in the crossword puzzle.

她的母亲叹了口气，擦去了纵横填字游戏里另一个填错的地方。

...spelling **mistakes**.

拼写错误

3 VERB 动词 **搞错；把...误认为；把...错当成** If you **mistake** one person or thing for another, you wrongly think that they are the other person or thing.

I mistook you for Carlos...

我把你错当成卡洛斯了。

When hay fever first occurs it is often **mistaken** for a summer cold.

花粉病初期常被误认为是风热感冒。

4 VERB 动词 **认错；误解；搞错；误会** If you **mistake** something, you fail to recognize or understand it.

The government completely mistook the feeling of the country...

政府完全没有把握住该国民意。

No one should **mistake** how serious the issue is.

任何人都不要低估该问题的严重性。

5 PHRASE 短语 **绝不可能搞错** You can say **there is no mistaking** something when you are emphasizing that you cannot fail to recognize or understand it.

There's no mistaking the eastern flavour of the food...

那种食物就是东方风味，绝对错不了。

There was no mistaking Magda's sincerity, or her pain.

玛格达的真诚和痛苦都绝不可能是假装的。

mix ★★★★★

1 V-RECIP-ERG **(使)混合；(使)调和；(使)掺和** If two substances **mix** or if you **mix** one substance with another, you stir or shake them together, or combine them in some other way, so that they become a single substance.

Oil and water don't **mix**...

油和水不相溶。

It **mixes** easily with cold or hot water to make a tasty, filling drink...

它极易溶于冷水或热水，冲成既可口又充饥的饮料。

A quick stir will **mix** them thoroughly...

迅速搅拌可使它们充分混合。

Mix the cinnamon with the rest of the sugar...

把桂皮和剩下的糖混合在一起。

Mix the ingredients together slowly.

把各种原料慢慢搅拌在一起。

mixing

This final part of the **mixing** is done slowly and delicately.

调和的最后一步要缓慢而精心。

2 VERB 动词 **调制；配制** If you **mix** something, you prepare it by mixing other things together.

He had spent several hours **mixing** cement...

他花了几个小时搅拌水泥。

Are you sure I can't **mix** you a drink?

你确定不用我为你调一杯饮料吗？

3 N-VAR 可变名词 (制作糕点、调味汁等的)混合原料，混合配料 A **mix** is a powder containing all the substances that you need in order to make something such as a cake or a sauce. When you want to use it, you add liquid.

For speed we used packets of pizza dough **mix**...

为了节约时间，我们用了几包做比萨饼的混合面粉。

It was a packet **mix**.

这是一小包混合配料。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 结合体；混合体 A **mix** of different things or people is two or more of them together.

The story is a magical **mix** of fantasy and reality...

这个故事是幻想与现实的奇妙结合。

We get a very representative **mix** of people.

我们现在有了非常具有代表性的一群人。

5 V-RECIP-ERG 相协调；相容 If two things or activities do not **mix** or if one thing does not **mix** with another, it is not a good idea to have them or do them together, because the result would be unpleasant or dangerous.

Politics and sport don't **mix**.

政治与体育不可混为一谈。

...some of these pills that don't **mix** with drink...

一些不能用饮料冲服的药片

Ted managed to **mix** business with pleasure...

特德设法做到了工作与娱乐两不误。

The military has accused the clergy of **mixing** religion and politics.

军方指责该牧师将宗教与政治混为一谈。

6 V-RECIP 相互动词 交际；交往；结交 If you **mix** with other people, you meet them and talk to them. You can also say that people **mix**.

I ventured the idea that the secret of staying young was to **mix** with older people...

我大胆地提出了这样的观点：保持年轻的秘诀就在于和年长的人交往。

People are supposed to **mix**, do you understand?...

人们应该互相交际，你明白吗？

When you came away you made a definite effort to **mix**.

你离开时一定要努力和大家搞好关系。

7 VERB 动词 混录；混合录制 When a record producer **mixes** a piece of music, he or she puts together the various sounds that have been recorded in order to make the finished record.

They've been **mixing** tracks for a new album due out later this year.

他们一直在为定于今年稍后推出的新专辑录制歌曲。

mixing
Final **mixing** should be completed by the end of this week.
最后的录制工作应该于本周末完成。

8 PHRASE 短语 经常大吵大闹，动不动就大打出手 (美国英语用 **mix it up**) If you say that someone **mixes it**, or in American English **mixes it up**, you mean that they often fight or argue strongly about things.

【搭配模式】：V inflects

【STYLE标签】：INFORMAL 非正式

Stewart has developed a tendency to **mix it** verbally with the opposition.

斯图尔特现在变得只要和别人意见不合，就准备大吵一架。

9 See also: [mixed](#); [sake mix to mix your metaphors](#); →see: [metaphor](#);

相关词组：

[mix up](#)

model ★★★★★

in AM, use 美国英语用 modeling, modeled

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 模型 A **model** of an object is a physical representation that shows what it looks like or how it works. The model is often smaller than the object it represents.

...an architect's **model** of a wooden house.

一幢木屋的建筑模型

...a working scale **model** of the whole Bay Area...

实际应用的整个旧金山湾区比例模型

I made a **model** out of paper and glue.

我用纸和胶水制作了一个模型。

Model is also an adjective.
I had made a **model** aeroplane.

我做了一架模型飞机。

...a **model** railway.

铁路模型

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 模范；榜样 A **model** is a system that is being used and that people might want to copy in order to achieve similar results.

We believe that this is a general **model** of managerial activity...

我们认为这可以作为管理活动的普遍范例。

He wants companies to follow the European **model** of social responsibility.

他希望各公司能够以欧洲公司为榜样，承担社会责任。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (理论描述的)模型 A **model** of a system or process is a theoretical description that can help you understand how the system or process works, or how it might work.

Darwin eventually put forward a **model** of biological evolution...

达尔文最终提出了生物进化的模型。

He proposed a **model** of stress reaction in the body.

他提出了一个人体内应激反应的模型。

4 VERB 动词 创立(系统或过程)的 (理论描述)模型 If someone such as a scientist **models** a system or process, they make an accurate theoretical description of it in order to understand or explain how it works.

...the mathematics needed to **model** a nonlinear system like an atmosphere.

创立诸如大气层之类的非线性系统的模型所需的数学知识

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (某种特质的)典型，典范 If you say that someone or something is a **model** of a particular quality, you are showing approval of them because they have that quality to a large degree.

A **model** of good manners, he has conquered any inward fury...

作为一个非常懂礼貌的人，他已经学会了克制内心的任何愤怒情绪。

His marriage and family life is a **model** of propriety.

他的婚姻和家庭生活都是规规矩矩的。

6 ADJ 形容词 模范的；榜样的 You use **model** to express approval of someone when you think that they perform their role or duties extremely well.

As a girl she had been a **model** pupil...

还是个小女孩的时候，她就是一个模范学生。

Hospital staff say he is a **model** patient.

医务人员说他是一个模范病人。

7 VERB 动词 按特定模型制造；仿特定样式做出 If one thing is **modelled** on another, the first thing is made so that it is like the second thing in some way.

The quota system was **modelled** on those operated in America and continental Europe...

该配额制度是仿照美国以及欧洲大陆国家的同类制度制定的。

The program will be **modeled** after a popular BBC series called 'The Archers'...

这个节目将仿照英国广播公司的人气系列剧《阿彻一家》制作。

She asked the author if she had **modelled** her hero on anybody in particular.

她问作者书中的主人公是否是以某个人为原型。

8 VERB 动词 使仿效；使模仿 If you **model** yourself on someone, you copy the way that they do things, because you admire them and want to be like them.

There's absolutely nothing wrong in **modelling** yourself on an older woman...

以年纪较长的女性作为自己仿效的对象绝没有什么不对。

They will tend to **model** their behaviour on the teacher's behaviour.

他们会倾向于模仿老师的行为举止。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 (机器等的)型号 A particular **model** of a machine is a particular version of it.

→see usage note at: [brand](#)

To keep the cost down, opt for a basic **model**...
要想花钱少些，就选择基本的型号。

The **model** number is 1870/285.
该型号的编号为1870/285。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 (绘画或雕塑的)模特儿 An artist's **model** is a person who stays still in a particular position so that the artist can make a picture or sculpture of them.

11 VERB 动词 (为艺术家)当模特儿 If someone **models** for an artist, they stay still in a particular position so that the artist can make a picture or sculpture of them.

Tullio has been **modelling** for Sandra for eleven years.
图利奥已为桑德拉做了11年的模特儿。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 (时装)模特儿 A fashion **model** is a person whose job is to display clothes by wearing them.

...Paris's top photographic fashion **model**.
巴黎顶尖时装摄影模特儿。

13 VERB 动词 当模特儿展示 (服装) If someone **models** clothes, they display them by wearing them.

I wasn't here to **model** clothes...
我不是到这里来当时装模特儿的。

She began **modelling** in Paris aged 15.
她15岁就开始在巴黎做时装模特儿。

modelling

She was being offered a **modelling** contract.
她获得了一份做时装模特儿的合约。

14 VERB 动词 (用黏土、木头等)做...的模型；塑造 If you **model** shapes or figures, you make them out of a substance such as clay or wood.

There she began to **model** in clay...
在那儿她开始用黏土做模型。

Sometimes she carved wood and sometimes stone; sometimes she **modelled** clay...
她有时刻木雕，有时刻石雕，有时塑泥塑。

The artist recorded interviews on a variety of topics and **modelled** an appropriate animal for each voice.
这位艺术家把关于各种话题的访谈录了下来，并为每种声音塑造了一个贴切的动物模型。

15 See also: [role model](#) ;

modern ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 近代的；现代的 **Modern** means relating to the present time, for example the present decade or present century.

...the problem of materialism in **modern** society.
现代社会的实利主义问题

...the risks facing every **modern** marriage...
所有现代婚姻所面临的危机

It's the sort of thing that would be very difficult to prove in any **modern** court of law.
这属于那种任何现代法庭都很难证明的事情。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 现代化的；新式的；最新的 Something that is **modern** is new and involves the latest ideas or equipment.

Modern technology has opened our eyes to many things...
现代科技开阔了我们的眼界，让我们了解了许多事物。

In many ways, it was a very **modern** school for its time...
从很多方面来说，这所学校在当时是非常先进的。

As the country's economy prospered, it was bound to want a **modern** army.
随着经济的繁荣，这个国家肯定想要建立一支现代化军队。

modernity

...an office block that astonished the city with its **modernity**.
现代化程度令市民叹为观止的一幢办公楼

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 新潮的；时髦的；摩登的 People are sometimes described as **modern** when they have opinions or ways of behaviour that have not yet been accepted by most people in a society.

They were very **modern** Tories in almost every sense...
从几乎所有意义上说，他们都属于非常新潮的保守主义分子。

She is very **modern** in outlook.
她的观点非常新潮。

4 ADJ 形容词 (艺术、舞蹈、音乐、建筑的风格)现代的，近代的 **Modern** is used to describe styles of art, dance, music, and architecture that have developed in recent times, in contrast to classical styles.

...a **modern** dance company.
现代舞蹈团

...the Museum of Modern Art.
现代艺术博物馆

The **moderns** are artists who follow modern styles. [现代艺术家](#)

I don't have much time for the **moderns**. Chaucer's my favourite.
我不愿花太多时间关注那些现代文学家，乔叟才是我的最爱。

mortgage ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 房屋抵押贷款 A **mortgage** is a loan of money which you get from a bank or building society in order to buy a house.

...an increase in **mortgage** rates.
房屋抵押贷款利率的提高

2 VERB 动词 抵押(房屋、土地)借款 If you **mortgage** your house or land, you use it as a guarantee to a company in order to borrow money from them.

They had to **mortgage** their home to pay the bills.
他们不得不抵押房屋借贷来支付这些款项。

...mortgaged homes.
按揭房

motor ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 发动机；引擎 The **motor** in a machine, vehicle, or boat is the part that uses electricity or fuel to produce movement, so that the machine, vehicle, or boat can work.

She got in and started the **motor**.
她坐上车，发动了引擎。

2 ADJ 形容词 机动的；由发动机驱动的 **Motor** vehicles and boats have a petrol or diesel engine.

Theft of **motor** vehicles is up by 15.9%.
机动车辆偷盗案上升了15.9%。

3 ADJ 形容词 汽车的；车辆的 **Motor** is used to describe activities relating to vehicles such as cars and buses.

...the future of the British **motor** industry...
英国汽车工业的未来

He worked as a **motor** mechanic.
他是一名汽车修理工。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 automotive, automobile

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 汽车；轿车 Some people refer to a car as a **motor** .

5 VERB 动词 自驾游览；乘汽车旅行 If you **motor** somewhere, you travel there in a car, usually for pleasure.

I had **motored** down from Cheshire.
我从柴郡一路南下开过来。

6 VERB 动词 使用发动机驾驶帆船 If people in a small sailing boat **motor** somewhere, they use the boat's motor rather than the power of the wind to get there.

Restarting the engine, we **motored** downriver.
我们重新启动马达，沿河而下。

7 See also: [motoring](#) ; [outboard motor](#) ;

mountain ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 山；山岳；高山 A **mountain** is a very high area of land with steep sides.

Ben Nevis, in Scotland, is Britain's highest **mountain**.
苏格兰境内的本尼维斯山是英国最高的山。

...a lovely little **mountain** village.
怡人的小山村

2 QUANT 数量词 大量；大堆 If you talk about a **mountain** of something, or **mountains** of something, you are emphasizing that there is a large amount of it.

They are faced with a **mountain** of bureaucracy...
他们面对一大堆繁文缛节。

They have **mountains** of coffee to sell.

他们有大量的咖啡要卖。

3 PHRASE 短语 **极大的困难；难办的事情；棘手的难题** If you say that someone has a **mountain to climb**, you mean that it will be difficult for them to achieve what they want to achieve.

'We had a **mountain** to climb after the second goal went in,' said Crosby.

克罗斯比说：“进第二个球之后，我们面临着严峻的挑战。”

4 to **make a mountain out of a molehill**→see: [molehill](#) ;

mouth ★★★★★

Pronounced /maʊθ/ for the noun, and /maʊb/ for the verb. The form mouths is pronounced /maʊðz/. 名词读作 /maʊθ /, 动词读作 /maʊb/. mouths 读作 /maʊðz/.

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **口；嘴** Your **mouth** is the area of your face where your lips are or the space behind your lips where your teeth and tongue are.

She clamped her hand against her **mouth**...

她用手捂着嘴。

His **mouth** was full of peas.

他满嘴都是豌豆。

...an inflammation of the **mouth**.

口腔发炎

-mouthed

He straightened up and looked at me,

open-**mouthed**.

他直起身，目瞪口呆地看着我。

...a wide-**mouthed**, gray-haired policeman.

大嘴巴、灰头发的警察

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **说话方式；言谈** You can say that someone has a particular kind of **mouth** to indicate that they speak in a particular kind of way or that they say particular kinds of things.

I've always had a loud **mouth**, I refuse to be silenced...

我一贯大声说出自己的想法，不会迫于压力而一言不发。

You've got such a crude **mouth**!

你说话真粗鲁！

-mouthed

...Simon, their smart-**mouthed** teenage son.

西蒙，他们十几岁的儿子，口齿伶俐

...mean-**mouthed** heavies with the sly sadistic eyes of professional bullies.

满嘴秽言的打手，有着职业恶棍狡诈、恶毒的眼神

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(洞的)出入口；(瓶)口** The **mouth** of a cave, hole, or bottle is its entrance or opening.

By the **mouth** of the tunnel he bent to retie his lace.

到隧道出入口时，他弯腰重新系好鞋带。

-mouthed

He put the flowers in a wide-**mouthed** blue vase.

他把花放进蓝色阔口花瓶里。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **河口；入海口** The **mouth** of a river is the place where it flows into the sea.

...the town at the **mouth** of the River Dart.

位于达特河入海口的城镇

5 VERB 动词 **不出声地说；用口型默示** If you **mouth** something, you form words with your lips without making any sound.

I **mouthed** a goodbye and hurried in behind Momma...

我用口型默示告别，然后匆匆跟在妈妈身后走了进去。

She winked broadly at him and silently **mouthed** something...

她使劲冲他使眼色，不出声地对他说了些什么。

'It's for you,' he **mouthed**.

他用口型示意：“这是给你的。”

6 VERB 动词 **言不由衷地说；信口说；不知所云地说** If you **mouth** something, you say it, especially without believing it or without understanding it.

I **mouthed** some sympathetic platitudes...

我言不由衷地说了一些表示同情的客套话。

They **mouthed** the values of family, religion and charity, but demonstrated the opposite in their private lives.

他们大谈家庭、宗教和慈善的价值，但他们在个人生活中的表现却恰恰相反。

7 PHRASE 短语 **需要赡养的人；要养活的人** If you have a number of **mouths to feed**, you have the responsibility of earning enough money to feed and look after that number of people.

He had to feed his family on the equivalent of four hundred pounds a month and, with five

mouths to feed, he found this very hard.

他要用相当于400英镑的月收入来维持五口之家的生计，感觉很艰难。

8 PHRASE 短语 **开口说话；发言** If you say that someone does not **open their mouth**, you are emphasizing that they never say anything at all.

Sometimes I hardly dare open my **mouth**...

有时我几乎不敢开口说话。

He hasn't opened his **mouth** since he's been there.

他从到那儿后一直没有开口。

9 PHRASE 短语 **保持缄默；守口如瓶** If you **keep your mouth shut** about something, you do not talk about it, especially because it is a secret.

You wouldn't be here now if she'd kept her

mouth shut.

如果她守口如瓶的话，你现在就不会在这儿啦。

10 to **live hand to mouth**→see: [hand](#) ; heart in your mouth→see: [heart](#) ; from the horse's mouth→see: [horse](#) ;

to put your money where your mouth is→see: [money](#) ; shut your mouth→see: [shut](#) ;

to be born with a silver spoon in your mouth→see: [spoon](#) ; word of mouth→see: [word](#) ;

to put words into someone's mouth→see: [word](#) ;

movement ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(拥有共同信仰、思想或目标的)运动，运动团体** A **movement** is a group of people who share the same beliefs, ideas, or aims.

It's part of a broader Hindu nationalist

movement that's gaining strength throughout the country.

这是一场凝聚全国力量的更大规模的印度教民族主义运动的一部分。

...the women's **movement**.

妇女运动

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **活动；运行；移动** Movement involves changing position or going from one place to another.

They actually monitor the **movement** of the fish going up river.

他们实际上在监测鱼类迁往上游的活动。

...the plan for free **movement** of people, goods,

capital and services across internal Community borders...

劳动力、货物、资本和服务在共同体各成员国间自由流动的计划

There was **movement** behind the window in the back door...

后门窗户后面有动静。

A tall, thin man was waving his arms in an effort to direct the **movements** of a large removal van...

一个身材瘦高的男士正挥舞双臂想指挥一辆大型搬运车行驶。

Her hand **movements** are becoming more animated.

她双手舞动得越发欢快了。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 **(军队作战或演习时的)调遣，调动** A **movement** is a planned change in position that an army makes during a battle or military exercise.

There are reports of fresh troop **movements**

across the border.

有报告说，新近有军队越过边境。

4 N-VAR 可变名词 **(态度、观点、政策等的)逐渐变化，趋势，动向** Movement is a gradual development or change of an attitude, opinion, or policy.

...the **movement** towards democracy in Latin America...

拉丁美洲的民主进程

There was a very good atmosphere at the talks and the participants believed **movement** forward was possible.

会谈气氛非常融洽，与会者相信会取得进展。

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(某人在某一时期内的)行动，活动，动向** Your **movements** are everything which you do or plan to do during a period of time.

I want a full account of your **movements** the night Mr Gower was killed.

请你完整地描述一下高尔先生被杀的那天晚上你的一切行踪。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **乐章** A **movement** of a piece of classical music is one of its main sections.

...the first **movement** of Beethoven's 7th symphony.

贝多芬《第七交响曲》第一乐章

movie ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **电影；影片** A **movie** is a film.

In the first **movie** Tony Curtis ever made he played a grocery clerk.

托尼·柯蒂斯在其首部电影里，扮演了一个食品杂货店店员。

...a horror **movie**.

恐怖电影

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **看电影** You can talk about **the movies** when you are talking about seeing a movie in a movie theater.

He took her to the **movies**.

他带她去看电影。

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 the cinema

MP ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(英国)下院议员** In Britain, an **MP** is a person who has been elected to represent the people from a particular area in the House of Commons. **MP** is an abbreviation for (缩略=) 'Member of Parliament'. →see usage note at: [government](#)

...Colin Pickthall, **MP** for West Lancashire...

西兰开夏郡的下院议员科林·皮克索尔

Several Conservative **MPs** have voted against the government.

几个保守党下院议员给政府投了反对票。

2 (写在人名后) ...**下院议员** **MP** is written after someone's name to indicate that they have been elected as an MP.

...Margaret Beckett **MP**.

下院议员玛格丽特·贝克特

murder ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **谋杀；杀害；凶杀** **Murder** is the deliberate and illegal killing of a person. →see usage note at: [kill](#)

The three accused, aged between 19 and 20, are charged with attempted **murder**...

3个年龄在19到20岁之间的被告被控谋杀未遂。

She refused to testify, unless the **murder** charge against her was dropped.

除非撤销对她的谋杀指控，否则她拒绝作证。

...brutal **murders**.

残忍的谋杀案

2 VERB 动词 **谋杀；杀害** To **murder** someone means to commit the crime of killing them deliberately.

...a thriller about two men who **murder** a third to see if they can get away with it.

关于两个男人为了看看是否能成功逃脱惩罚而去谋杀另一名男子的惊悚片

...the body of a **murdered** religious and political leader.

被谋杀的宗教和政治领袖的尸体

3 PHRASE 短语 **(做坏事而)安然无恙，逍遥法外，为所欲为** If you say that someone **gets away with murder**, you are complaining that they can do whatever they like without anyone trying to control them or punish them.

His charm and the fact that he is so likeable often allows him to get away with **murder**.

他很有魅力而且讨人喜欢，这常让他能够为所欲为。

4 PHRASE 短语 **(对不喜欢的东西)大惊小怪地拼命叫嚷** If you say that someone **screams blue murder** or **screams bloody murder**, you are emphasizing that they are making a lot of noise or fuss about something that they do not like.

People are screaming **blue murder** about the amount of traffic going through their town.

人们对那些穿越他们城市的川流不息的车辆大呼小叫。

museum ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **博物馆；博物院** A **museum** is a building where a large number of interesting and valuable objects, such as works of art or historical items, are kept, studied, and displayed to the public.

For months Malcolm had wanted to visit the Parisian art **museums**.

几个月来马尔科姆一直想参观巴黎的艺术博物馆。

...the American Museum of Natural History.

美国自然历史博物馆

Muslim ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **穆斯林；伊斯兰教信徒** A **Muslim** is someone who believes in Islam and lives according to its rules.

2 ADJ 形容词 **穆斯林的；伊斯兰教的** **Muslim** means relating to Islam or Muslims.

...Iran and other **Muslim** countries.

伊朗和其他伊斯兰国家

myself ★★★★★

Myself is the first person singular reflexive pronoun. myself 是第一人称单数反身代词

1 PRON-REFL 反身代词 **(用作动词或介词宾语，与句子主语指代同一个人)我自己** A speaker or writer uses **myself** to refer to himself or herself. **Myself** is used as the object of a verb or preposition when the subject refers to the same person.

I asked **myself** what I would have done in such a situation...

我问自己在这种情况下我会怎么做。

I looked at **myself** in the mirror...

我看着镜子里的自己。

I felt ashamed of **myself**.

我感到惭愧。

2 PRON-REFL-EMPH 强调反身代词 **(用于强调第一人称单数主语)我本人，我自己** You use **myself** to emphasize a first person singular subject. In more formal English, **myself** is sometimes used instead of 'me' as the object of a verb or preposition, for emphasis.

I **myself** enjoy cinema, poetry, eating out and long walks...

我本人喜欢电影、诗歌、外出吃饭和长途散步。

I'm fond of cake **myself**...

我本人很喜欢蛋糕。

He was roughly the same age as **myself**.

他大概和我同岁。

...a complete beginner like **myself**.

和我一样的完完全全的初学者

3 PRON-REFL-EMPH 强调反身代词 **独自地；独立地** If you say something such as I did it **myself**, you are emphasizing that you did it, rather than anyone else.

'Where did you get that embroidery?' — 'I made it **myself**.'

“你从哪儿弄到那件刺绣品的？”——“我自己绣的。”

narrow ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **狭窄的；狭小的** Something that is **narrow** measures a very small distance from one side to the other, especially compared to its length or height.

...through the town's **narrow** streets...

穿过该镇狭窄的街道

She had long, **narrow** feet.

她的双脚瘦长。

...the **narrow** strip of land joining the peninsula to the rest of the island.

把半岛和岛屿其他部分连在一起的狭长陆地

narrowness

...the **narrowness** of the river mouth.

河口的狭窄

2 VERB 动词 **变狭窄；变窄** If something **narrows**, it becomes less wide.

The wide track **narrows** before crossing another stream.

宽宽的小径在穿过另一条小溪前逐渐收窄。

3 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)(眼睛)眯起** If your eyes **narrow** or if you **narrow** your eyes, you almost close them, for example because you are angry or because you are trying to concentrate on something.

Coggins' eyes **narrowed** angrily. 'You think I'd tell you?'

科金斯气得眯起眼睛。“你认为我会告诉你？”

He paused and **narrowed** his eyes in concentration.

他停下来，眯起眼睛专注地看着。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (想法、态度或信仰) **狭隘的；有局限的** If you describe someone's ideas, attitudes, or beliefs as **narrow**, you disapprove of them because they are restricted in some way, and often ignore the more important aspects of an argument or situation.

...a **narrow** and outdated view of family life...

对家庭生活狭隘过时的看法

I would have preferred somebody who had wider ideas, and he was rather **narrow**.

我会更倾向于一个思路开阔些的人，他的想法太狭隘了。

narrowly

The present A-level system requires schoolchildren to specialise far too early and too **narrowly**...

目前的高级程度考试体系过早地要求中小学生学习有专攻，也使他们过于局限。

They're making judgments based on a **narrowly** focused vision of the world.

他们的判断是基于一种狭隘的世界观。

narrowness

...the **narrowness** of their mental and spiritual outlook.

他们心理和精神世界的狭隘

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **缩小；(使)变小** If something **narrows** or if you **narrow** it, its extent or range becomes smaller.

Most recent opinion polls suggest that the gap between the two main parties has **narrowed**...

最新的民意测验显示这两大主要政党之间的差距已经缩小了。

Senate negotiators further **narrowed** their differences over the level of federal spending for anti-drug programs.

关于联邦政府在反毒品项目上的支出问题，参议院的谈判代表们进一步缩小了分歧。

narrowing

...a **narrowing** of the gap between rich members and poor.

成员间贫富差距的缩小

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (胜利) **勉强**的；(胜负) **差距微弱**的；**险胜**的 If you have a **narrow** victory, you succeed in winning but only by a small amount.

Delegates have voted by a **narrow** majority in favour of considering electoral reform.

代表们投票表决，以微弱多数票赞同考虑选举制度的改革。

narrowly

She **narrowly** failed to win enough votes...

她只差一点点就能获得足够的选票。

The People's Party is **narrowly** behind the Socialists in the polls.

民意测验中人民党以微弱票数之差排在社会党人之后。

narrowness

The **narrowness** of the government's victory reflected deep division within the Party.

政府的勉强获胜反映了党内的严重分歧。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **很险**的；**勉强**的 If you have a **narrow** escape, something unpleasant nearly happens to you.

Two police officers had a **narrow** escape when separatists attacked their vehicles.

分裂主义者袭击他们的车辆时，两名警官死里逃生。

narrowly

Five firemen **narrowly** escaped death when a staircase collapsed beneath their feet.

他们脚下的一段楼梯坍塌时，5名消防队员险些丧命。

narrowness

If he was shaken by the **narrowness** of his recent escape he showed no signs of it.

若说最近死里逃生的经历令他受到了惊吓，那他可一点都没表现出来。

8 →see: [on the straight and narrow](#) **straight** ;

相关词组：

[narrow down](#)

natural ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **自然的；正常的；合乎常情的** If you say that it is **natural** for someone to act in a particular way or for something to happen in that way, you mean that it is reasonable in the circumstances.

It is only **natural** for youngsters to crave the excitement of driving a fast car...

年轻人追求开快车的刺激是太正常不过的事情。

It is only **natural** that he should resent you...

他怨恨你是很自然的事。

A period of depression can be a perfectly **natural** response to certain aspects of life.

某段时间感到抑郁可能是对生活某些方面很正常的反应。

2 ADJ 形容词 (行为) **出于本性的，生来就有的** **Natural** behaviour is shared by all people or all animals of a particular type and has not been learned.

...the insect's **natural** instinct to feed...

昆虫进食的本能

Anger is the **natural** reaction we experience when we feel threatened or frustrated.

我们觉得受到威胁或遭受挫折时本能地会感到气愤。

3 ADJ 形容词 (能力或技能) **天赋的，天生的** Someone with a **natural** ability or skill was born with that ability and did not have to learn it.

She has a **natural** ability to understand the motives of others...

她有一种洞察他人动机的天赋。

He had a **natural** flair for business.

他有做生意的天分。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **天生的料子；天才** If you say that someone is a **natural**, you mean that they do something very well and very easily.

He's a **natural** with any kind of engine...

他天生就会摆弄各种发动机。

She proved to be a **natural** on camera.

事实证明她在镜头前很有表演天赋。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **轻松自如的；不局促的；不做作的** If someone's behaviour is **natural**, they appear to be relaxed and are not trying to hide anything.

Bethan's sister was as friendly and **natural** as the rest of the family...

贝唐的妹妹和她家的其他人一样友好、随意。

Hannah's **natural** manner reassured her, and she relaxed.

汉娜轻松自然的举止消除了她的疑虑，于是她放松了下来。

naturally

For pictures of people behaving **naturally**, not posing for the camera, it is essential to shoot unnoticed...

要拍出不专门摆姿势、举止自然的人物照片，抓拍是关键。

She is magnificent at making you feel you can talk quite **naturally** to her.

她很了不起，能让你感觉可以自然随意地和她交谈。

naturalness

The critics praised the reality of the scenery and the **naturalness** of the acting.

评论家称赞了舞台布景的现实逼真和表演的真实自然。

6 ADJ 形容词 **非人为的；自然的；天然的** **Natural** things exist or occur in nature and are not made or caused by people.

It has called the typhoon the worst **natural** disaster in South Korea in many years...

它称这次台风为韩国多年来最严重的自然灾害。

The gigantic **natural** harbour of Poole is a haven for boats.

巨型天然港普尔港是船只的避风港。

naturally

Nitrates are chemicals that occur **naturally** in water and the soil...

硝酸盐是水和土壤中自然存在的化学物质。

Honey is a **naturally** acidic substance.

蜂蜜是天然的酸性物质。

7 ADJ 形容词 (父母或子女) **亲生的，有血缘关系的** Someone's **natural** parent is their biological father or mother, as opposed to an adult who is looking after them or has adopted them. Someone's **natural** child is their biological son or daughter, as opposed to a child they are looking after or have adopted.

She has been reunited with her **natural** mother...

她和亲生母亲团聚了。

His commitments to the stepchildren will not reduce his obligation to his **natural** children.
他对继子女的关爱和投入不会减少他对亲生子女的责任。

1 ADJ 形容词 (音符)本位音的, 标有还原号的 In music, a **natural** note is the ordinary note, not its sharp or flat form.

...B **natural**. B

本位音

Natural is also a noun.

Is that F a **natural** or a sharp?

那个F是本位音还是升半音?

2 PHRASE 短语 (死亡)出于自然原因 If someone dies **of or from natural causes**, they die because they are ill or old rather than because of an accident or violence.

According to the Home Office, your brother died **of natural causes**...

根据内政部的调查, 你哥哥属正常死亡。

A prisoner collapsed and died yesterday, apparently **from natural causes**.

一名囚犯昨天突然倒下死了, 看上去像是正常死亡。

nature ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 See also: [Mather](#)

[Nature](#); 大自然; 自然界 **Nature** is all the animals, plants, and other things in the world that are not made by people, and all the events and processes that are not caused by people. →see usage note at: [countryside](#)

The most amazing thing about **nature** is its infinite variety.

大自然最让人惊叹的是它的无限多样性。

...grasses that grow wild in **nature**.

自然界里各种野生的草

...the ecological balance of **nature**.

自然界的生态平衡

2 N-SING 单数名词 本质; 性质 The **nature** of something is its basic quality or character.

Mr Sharp would not comment on the **nature** of the issues being investigated.

夏普先生不愿就被调查问题的性质发表评论。

...the ambitious **nature** of the programme...

雄心勃勃的计划

The protests had been non-political by **nature**...

这些抗议活动不带政治色彩。

The rise of a major power is both economic and military in **nature**.

一个大国的崛起究其实质包括经济和军事两个方面。

3 N-SING 单数名词 See also: [human nature](#); 性格; 性情; 禀性; 天性 Someone's **nature** is their character, which they show by the way they behave.

Jeya feels that her ambitious **nature** made her unsuitable for an arranged marriage...

耶姬觉得她不安分的个性不适合包办的婚姻。

She trusted people. That was her **nature**...

她信任别人, 这是她的天性。

He was by **nature** affectionate.

他生性温柔亲切。

4 PHRASE 短语 违反自然; 反常 If you say that something is **against nature**, you think that it is unnatural.

All these activities are **against nature**.

所有这些活动都是违背常理的。

5 PHRASE 短语 回归自然; 返璞归真 If you want to get **back to nature**, you want to return to a simpler way of living.

She was very anxious to get away from cities and back to **nature**.

她特别渴望离开城市, 回归自然。

6 PHRASE 短语 按其固有的性质; 就其本质 If you say that something has a particular characteristic **by its nature** or **by its very nature**, you mean that things of that type always have that characteristic.

Peacekeeping, **by its nature**, makes pre-planning difficult...

维和行动本身的特点决定了预先制订计划很困难。

One could argue that smoking, **by its very nature**, is addictive.

有人可能认为抽烟从本质上说就具有成瘾性。

7 PHRASE 短语 (委婉说法)内急, 需要去洗手间 Some people talk about a **call of nature** when referring politely to the need to go to the toilet.

I'm afraid I have to answer a **call of nature**.

抱歉我要去趟洗手间。

8 PHRASE 短语 理所当然地; 必然地 If you say that something is **in the nature of things**, you mean that you would expect it to happen in the circumstances mentioned.

Of course, **in the nature of things**, and with a lot of drinking going on, people failed to notice...

喝了那么多酒, 大家当然没能察觉到。

Many have already died, and **in the nature of things** many more will die.

很多人已经死去, 更多的人势必也将会死去。

9 PHRASE 短语 具有...性质的; 与...类似的; ...之类的 If you say that one thing is **in the nature of** another, you mean that it is like the other thing.

There is movement towards, I think, something **in the nature of** a pluralistic system...

我想, 出现了某种向类似多元体系转变的趋势。

It was **in the nature of** a debate rather than an argument.

那更像是一场辩论, 而不是争吵。

10 PHRASE 短语 第二天性; 习性 If a way of behaving is **second nature** to you, you do it almost without thinking because it is easy for you or obvious to you.

Planning ahead had always come as **second nature** to her...

预先计划一直是她的习惯。

It's not easy at first, but it soon becomes **second nature**.

起初不容易, 但很快就习惯了。

navy ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 海军 A country's **navy** consists of the people it employs to fight at sea, and the ships they use.

The government announced an order for three Type 23 frigates for the Royal Navy yesterday...

政府昨天宣布为皇家海军订购3艘23型护卫舰。

Her own son was also in the Navy.

她自己的儿子那时也在海军。

...a United States **navy** ship.

一艘美国海军军舰

2 COLOUR 颜色词 海军蓝; 深蓝色; 藏青色 Something that is **navy** or **navy-blue** is very dark blue.

I mostly wore black or **navy** trousers.

我大部分时间穿黑色或深蓝色裤子。

...a **navy-blue** blazer.

海军蓝的便上装

nearly ★★★★★

1 ADV-GRADED 副词 几乎; 差不多 **Nearly** is used to indicate that something is not quite the case, or not completely the case.

Goldsworth stared at me in silence for **nearly** twenty seconds...

将近20秒的时间, 戈兹沃思就那么一声不响地盯着我看。

Hunter knew **nearly** all of this already...

这事亨特几乎已全知道了。

Several times Thorne **nearly** fell...

有好几次索恩都差点跌倒。

I **nearly** had a heart attack when she told me...

当她告诉我时, 我差点没犯心脏病。

The beach was **nearly** empty...

海滩差不多空无一人了。

They **nearly** always ate outside.

他们几乎总在外面吃饭。

2 ADV-GRADED 副词 即将; 就要 **Nearly** is used to indicate that something will soon be the case.

It was already **nearly** eight o'clock...

已经快8点了。

I was **nearly** asleep...

我差不多都睡着了。

The voyage is **nearly** over...

航行即将结束。

You're **nearly** there...

你就快猜到了。

I've **nearly** finished the words for your song.

我马上就要完成你那首歌的歌词了。

3 PHRASE 短语 **远远不；根本不；远非** You use **not nearly** to emphasize that something is not the case.

Father's flat in Paris wasn't **nearly** as grand as this...

爸爸在法国的公寓远不如此处宽敞。

Minerals in general are not **nearly** so well absorbed as other nutrients...

总体来说，矿物质远远不如其他营养成分好吸收。

British car workers did not earn **nearly** enough money to buy the products they were turning out.

英国汽车工人的工资远不足以购买自己制造的产品。

necessary ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **必要的；必需的** Something that is **necessary** is needed in order for something else to happen.

I kept the engine running because it might be **necessary** to leave fast...

我没让发动机熄火，因为也许需要迅速离开。

We will do whatever is **necessary** to stop them...

我们要采取一切必要措施去阻止他们。

Is that really **necessary**?...

那真有必要吗？

Make the **necessary** arrangements.

做一下必要的安排。

2 ADJ 形容词 **(结果或联系)必然的，势必的** A **necessary** consequence or connection must happen or exist, because of the nature of the things or events involved.

Wastage was no doubt a **necessary** consequence of war...

巨大的损耗无疑是战争的必然结果。

Scientific work is differentiated from art by its **necessary** connection with the idea of progress.

科学工作与艺术的区别在于它与人类进步有着必然联系。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **基本生活必需；必需品**

Necessaries are things, such as food or clothing, that you need to have in order to live.

...a small parcel of **necessaries** tied up in a handkerchief and carried on a stick.

用手绢包好挑在棍子上的一小包生活必需品

4 PHRASE 短语 **如果必要的话** If you say that something will happen **if necessary**, **when necessary**, or **where necessary**, you mean that it will happen if it is necessary, when it is necessary, or where it is necessary.

If necessary, the airship can stay up there for days to keep out of danger...

必要时，飞艇能在那里停留数天以躲避危险。

The army needs men who are willing to fight, **when necessary**...

军队需要在必要时愿意投入战斗的军人。

All the rigging had been examined, and renewed **where necessary**.

所有索具都进行了检查，并把该更换的部件全部更换一新。

Usage Note :

Be careful with the spelling of this word.

注意该词的拼写。

negotiate ★★★★★

1 V-RECIP 相互动词 **谈判；协商；洽谈** If people **negotiate with each other** or **negotiate an agreement**, they talk about a problem or a situation such as a business arrangement in order to solve the problem or complete the arrangement.

It is not clear whether the president is willing to **negotiate with the democrats**...

还不清楚总统是否愿意和民主人士洽谈。

When you have two adversaries negotiating, you need to be on neutral territory...

让敌对双方坐下来谈判时，你得保持中立。

The local government and the army **negotiated a truce**...

地方政府和部队经过谈判达成休战协定。

Western governments have this week urged him to **negotiate and avoid force**...

西方各国政府本周敦促他进行谈判，避免使用武力。

The South African president has **negotiated an end to white-minority rule**...

南非总统已通过谈判达成协议，结束了少数白人的统治。

His publishing house had just begun negotiating for her next books...

他的出版社刚刚开始就她随后几本书的出版问题进行商谈。

There were reports that three companies were negotiating to market the drug.

有报道说，有3家公司在洽谈这种药的市场推广。

2 VERB 动词 **顺利通过；成功越过** If you **negotiate an area of land**, a place, or an obstacle, you successfully travel across it or around it.

Frank Mariano **negotiates the desert terrain** in his battered pickup...

弗兰克·马里亚诺驾驶他那辆破烂不堪的皮卡车成功穿越了沙漠地带。

I **negotiated the corner** on my motorbike and pulled to a stop...

我骑摩托车顺利通过拐角，然后停了下来。

I **negotiated my way out of the airport** and joined the flow of cars.

我驱车驶出机场，汇入车流之中。

negotiation ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **(尤指商业或政治方面的)谈判，协商，磋商** **Negotiations** are formal discussions between people who have different aims or intentions, especially in business or politics, during which they try to reach an agreement.

We have had meaningful **negotiations** and I believe we are very close to a deal...

我们已进行了有益的磋商，我相信我们很快能成交。

After 10 years of **negotiation**, the Senate ratified the strategic arms reduction treaty.

经过10年协商，参议院已经正式批准了《削减战略武器条约》。

neither ★★★★★

1 CONJ-COORD-NEG 连词 **既不...(也不...)** You use **neither** in front of the first of two or more words or expressions when you are linking two or more things which are not true or do not happen. The other thing is introduced by 'nor'.

Professor Hisamatsu spoke **neither** English nor German...

久松教授既不会讲英语，也不会讲德语。

The play is **neither** as funny nor as disturbing as Tabori thinks it is.

这部戏既不像塔博里想象的那么滑稽，也不像他想象的那么让人讨厌。

2 DET-NEG 否定限定词 **两个都不；(两者之中)无一个** You use **neither** to refer to each of two things or people, when you are making a negative statement that includes both of them.

At first, **neither** man could speak.

起初，两个人都不会说。

Neither is also a quantifier.

Neither of us felt like going out.

我俩都不想外出。

Neither is also a pronoun.

They both smiled; **neither** seemed likely to be aware of my absence for long.

他俩都笑了，看来两人都未意识到我已离开很长时间了。

3 CONJ-COORD-NEG 连词 **也不；都不** If you say that one person or thing does not do something and **neither** does another, what you say is true of all the people or things that you are mentioning.

I never learned to swim and **neither** did they...

我从没学过游泳，他们也没有。

Britain does not agree and **neither** do Denmark, Portugal and Ireland.

英国不同意，丹麦、葡萄牙和爱尔兰也持反对意见。

4 CONJ-COORD-NEG 连词 **(用于否定陈述后，强调要引出另一否定陈述)也不** You use **neither** after a negative statement to emphasize that you are introducing another negative statement.

I can't ever recall Dad hugging me. **Neither** did I sit on his knee.

我不记得爸爸曾经抱过我，我也没在他膝盖上坐过。

5 PHRASE 短语 **不相干；无关紧要** If you say that something is **neither here nor there**, you mean that it does not matter because it is not a relevant point.

'I'd never heard of her before I came here.' —

'That is **neither** here nor there.'

“我之前我从未听说过她。”——“那没什么。”

Whether or not he realised the fact was **neither** here nor there.

他是否认识到事实真相无关紧要。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **neither** and **none**. You use **neither** in negative statements to refer to two people or things. *Neither had close friends at university.* You use **neither of** in the same way, followed by a pronoun or a noun group. *Neither of them spoke... Neither of these extremes is desirable.* Note that you can also use **neither** before a singular count noun. *Neither side can win.* You use **none** in negative statements to refer to three or more people or things. *None could afford the food.* You use **none of** in the same way, followed by a pronoun or a noun group. *None of them had learned anything... None of his companions answered.*

不要混淆 **neither** 和 **none** 的用法。**neither** 是对两个人或物的否定，如：Neither had close friends at university (两个人在上大学时都没有亲密的朋友)；**neither of** 的用法与 **neither** 相同，后跟代词或名词短语，如：Neither of them spoke (两个人都不说话)，Neither of these extremes is desirable (两个极端都不可取)；注意可以在单数可数名词前使用 **neither**，如：Neither side can win (双方都赢不了)。在否定三个或三个以上的人或物时，使用 **none**，如：None could afford the food (没有人买得起这些食物)；**none of** 的用法与 **none** 相同，后跟代词或名词短语，如：None of them had learned anything (他们中谁也没学到任何东西)，None of his companions answered (他的同伴谁也没吭声)。

network ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **网状物；网状系统** A **network of lines, roads, veins, or other long thin things** is a large number of them which cross each other or meet at many points.

...Strasbourg, with its rambling **network of** medieval streets...

中世纪街道纵横交织的斯特拉斯堡

The uterus is supplied with a rich **network of** blood vessels and nerves.

密布的血管和神经网络向子宫输送养料。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: **old-boy network** ; (人或机构组成的)网络 A **network of people or institutions** is a large number of them that have a connection with each other and work together as a system.

Distribution of the food is going ahead using a **network of** local church people and other volunteers...

食品正通过当地教会人士和其他志愿者形成的网络分发下去。

He is keen to point out the benefits which the family **network** can provide.

他很乐意指出家庭网络可以带来的好处。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: **neural network** ; 网络；联动系统 A particular **network** is a system of things which are connected and which operate together. For example, a **computer network** consists of a number of computers that are part of the same system.

...a computer **network** with 154 terminals...

有154个终端的计算机网络

Huge sections of the rail **network** are out of action.

铁路网的很多区段停运。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **广播网；电视网** A radio or television **network** is a company or group of companies that broadcasts radio or television programmes throughout an area.

An American **network** says it has obtained the recordings.

美国一家广播网声称已经得到了那些录音材料。

...Fuji Television Network, a highly successful commercial station.

富士电视网，一家非常成功的商业电视台

5 VERB 动词 **对(电视或广播节目)进行联播** When a television or radio programme **is networked**, it is broadcast at the same time by several different television companies.

Lumsdon would like to see his programme sold and **networked**...

拉姆斯敦希望看到自己的节目卖出，并进行联播。

He had once had his own **networked** chat show.

他曾经拥有自己的电视联播访谈节目。

6 VERB 动词 **建立工作关系网；交际** If you **network**, you try to meet new people who might be useful to you in your job.

In business, it is important to **network** with as many people as possible on a face to face basis.

在生意场上，通过与尽可能多的人面对面地打交道来建立工作关系很重要。

newspaper ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **报纸；报** A **newspaper** is a publication consisting of a number of large sheets of folded paper, on which news, advertisements, and other information is printed.

He was carrying a **newspaper**...

他拿着一份报纸。

They read their daughter's allegations in the **newspaper**.

他们从报纸上看到了女儿的说法。

...a Sunday **newspaper** feature about AIDS in America.

周日报纸上一篇关于美国艾滋病情况的专题文章

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **报馆；报社** A **newspaper** is an organization that produces a newspaper.

It is Britain's fastest growing national daily **newspaper**...

这是英国发展最快的全国性日报社。

Alexander Lazarus is a food critic for the **newspaper**.

亚历山大·拉扎勒斯是为该报撰稿的饮食评论家。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (尤指用作他途的)旧报纸 **Newspaper** consists of pieces of old newspapers, especially when they are being used for another purpose such as wrapping things up.

He found two pots, each wrapped in **newspaper**.

他发现了两个分别用报纸包着的罐子。

nice ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **吸引人的；美好的；令人愉快的** If you say that something is **nice**, you mean that you find it attractive, pleasant, or enjoyable.

I think silk ties can be quite **nice**...

我认为丝绸领带相当不错。

It's **nice** to be here together again...

又在这儿相聚太好了。

We had a **nice** meal with a bottle of champagne.

我们美餐了一顿，还喝了一瓶香槟。

nicely

He's just written a book, **nicely** illustrated and not too technical...

他刚写完一本书，插图精美，内容也并不艰涩。

The horse jumps **nicely**.

这匹马跳跃得很好。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (常用于表示谢意)好心的，体贴人的 If you say that it is **nice** of someone to say or do something, you are saying that they are being kind and thoughtful. This is often used as a way of thanking someone.

It's awfully **nice** of you to come all this way to see me...

你真是太好了，大老远来看我。

'How are your boys?' — 'How **nice** of you to ask.'...

“你的几个儿子好么？”——“谢谢关心。”

This has been so **nice**, so terribly kind of you.

这太好了，你真是太体贴了。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **友好的；亲切的；可爱的** If you say that someone is **nice**, you mean that you like them because they are friendly and pleasant.

I've met your father and he's rather **nice**...

我已经见过你爸爸了，他非常和蔼可亲。

He was a **nice** fellow, very quiet and courteous.

他是个好小伙，非常温和，彬彬有礼。

niceness

Mr Pearce was rather bowled over by his **niceness**, his concern and his ordinariness.

皮尔斯先生简直为他的友善、关心和平民化惊呆了。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词

的形容词 (对人)友好的, 亲切的 If you are **nice** to people, you are friendly, pleasant, or polite towards them.

She met Mr and Mrs Ricciardi, who were very **nice** to her.

她见到了里恰尔迪夫妇, 他们对她非常友好。

nicely

He treated you very **nicely** and acted like a decent guy.

他对你非常有礼貌, 举止得体。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (天气)温暖的, 宜人的 When the weather is **nice**, it is warm and pleasant.

He nodded to us and said, 'Nice weather we're having.'

他冲我们点点头, 说道: “天气真不错。”

6 ADJ 形容词 (用于加强语气)美好的, 令人喜爱的

You can use **nice** to emphasize a particular quality that you like.

With a **nice** dark colour, the wine is medium to full bodied...

这种葡萄酒色泽深暗悦目, 是中等浓郁至浓香型的。

People have got used to **nice** glossy magazines...

人们已经习惯了用精美的亮光纸印刷的杂志了。

Add the oats to thicken the mixture and stir until it is **nice** and creamy...

加上燕麦让混合料变稠, 然后搅拌成奶油状。

I'll explain it **nice** and simply so you can understand.

我会清楚简单地进行解释, 以便能让你们明白。

7 ADJ 形容词 (观点, 区别等)细致的, 微妙的, 精细的

A **nice** point or distinction is very clear, precise, and based on good reasoning.

Those are **nice** academic arguments, but what about the immediate future?

那些是微妙的学术上的辩论, 但不久的将来怎么办?

nicely

I think this puts the problem very **nicely**.

我认为这点很好地说明了那个问题。

8 ADJ 形容词 (用于打招呼)很高兴见到你

You can use **nice** when you are greeting people. For example, you can say 'Nice to meet you', 'Nice to have met you', or 'Nice to see you'.

Good morning. Nice to meet you and thanks for being with us this weekend...

早上好! 见到你真高兴, 感谢你和我们共度这个周末。

'It's so **nice** to see you,' said Charles.

查尔斯说: “见到你真是太高兴了。”

9 CONVENTION 惯用语 See also: **nicely**; (表示称赞)真不错, 真妙, 真棒

If someone says **nice one**, they are showing their approval of something clever or funny that they have just seen or heard.

Knowles became Torquay's manager. **Nice one**.

诺尔斯成了托奇酒店的经理, 干得很棒。

nineteenth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第十九 The **nineteenth** item in a series is the one that you count as number nineteen.

...my **nineteenth** birthday.

我的19岁生日

...the **nineteenth** century.

19世纪

ninetieth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第九十 The **ninetieth** item in a series is the one that you count as number ninety.

He celebrates his **ninetieth** birthday on Friday.

他周五过90大寿。

ninth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第九 The **ninth** item in a series is the one that you count as number nine.

...January the **ninth**.

1月9日

...students in the **ninth** grade.

9年级学生

...**ninth** century illustrated manuscripts.

9世纪配有插图的手稿

2 FRACTION 分数词 九分之一 A **ninth** is one of nine equal parts of something.

In Brussels the dollar rose by a **ninth** of a cent...

在布鲁塞尔美元升值了1/9美分。

What you see is only the tip. Eight **ninths** of it is under the sea.

你看到的只是一角, 8/9的部分在海里。

nobody ★★★★★

1 PRON-INDEF-NEG 否定不定代词 没有人; 无人

Nobody means not a single person, or not a single member of a particular group or set.

They were shut away in a little room where **nobody** could overhear...

他们被关在一个小屋里, 没人能听到他们的动静。

Nobody realizes how bad things are...

没人意识到事情是多么糟糕。

Nobody ever spoke to me at press conferences...

记者招待会上一直没人和我说话。

Nobody else in the neighbourhood can help.

邻居中找不到谁还能帮忙。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 无名之辈; 小人物 If someone says that a person is a **nobody**, they are saying in an unkind way that the person is not at all important.

A man in my position has nothing to fear from a **nobody** like you.

处在我这样位置的人, 一点都不害怕像你这种小人物。

Usage Note :

You do not use **nobody** or **no one** in front of **of** to talk about a particular group of people. The word you need is **none**. *None of his companions answered.*

不能将 **nobody** 或 **no one** 置于介词 **of** 前谈论特定的人群, 需要使用的词是 **none**。如, *None of his companions answered* (他的同伴中没人回答)。

none ★★★★★

1 QUANT 数量词 没有一点儿; 全无; 没有一个人或物

None of something means not even a small amount of it. **None of** a group of people or things means not even one of them.

She did **none** of the maintenance on the vehicle itself...

她对车子本身没有进行半点养护。

None of us knew how to treat her.

我们没有人知道该如何对待她。

None is also a pronoun.

I turned to bookshops and libraries seeking information and found **none**...

我去了书店和图书馆查找资料, 但什么也没找到。

No one could imagine a great woman painter. **None** had existed yet...

没有谁能想象出一位伟大的女画家是什么样子。这样的画家还没有出现过。

Only two cars produced by Austin-Morris could reach 100 mph and **none** could pass the 10-second acceleration test.

奥斯丁-莫里斯集团生产的车中只有两款能达到每小时100英里的速度, 而且没有一款能通过10秒加速测试。

2 PHRASE 短语 同...不沾边; 不准; 拒绝接受 If you say that someone **will have none of** something, or **is having none of** something, you mean that they refuse to accept it.

He knew his own mind and was having **none of** their attempts to keep him at home.

他心意已决, 坚决不答应他们想要将自己留在家中。

3 PHRASE 短语 只有; 除...之外没有 **None but** means only.

None but God will ever know what I suffered...

只有上帝知道我受过什么苦。

He whispered so softly that **none but** Julie heard him.

他这般低声耳语, 只有朱莉听得见。

4 PHRASE 短语 (用于形容词或副词前, 强调提到的特质不存在)毫无, 毫不 You use **none too** in front of an adjective or adverb in order to emphasize that the quality mentioned is not present.

He was **none too** thrilled to hear from me at that hour...

在那个钟点接到我的电话, 他一点也兴奋不起来。

Her hand grasped my shoulder, **none too** gently.

她的手紧紧抓住了我的肩膀。

PHRASE 短语 (表示原有的特质现已失去)毫不, 一点

5 **也不** You use **none the** to say that someone or something does not have any more of a particular quality than they did before.

You could end up committed to yet another savings scheme and **none the** wiser about managing your finances...

你可能最终又会把钱投入另一个储蓄计划，在理财方面丝毫没有变得明智些。

He became convinced that his illness was purely imaginary: that made it **none the** better.

他逐渐相信了自己的病纯粹是想象出来的，但那也没有让他的病情有任何好转。

6 **none of your business** → see: [business](#); none other than → see: [other](#); second to none → see: [second](#);

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **none** and **neither**. You use **none** in negative statements to refer to three or more people or things. *None could afford the food.* You use **none of** in the same way, followed by a pronoun or a noun group. *None of them had learned anything...* *None of his companions answered.* You use **neither** in negative statements to refer to two people or things. *Neither had close friends at university.* You use **neither of** in the same way, followed by a pronoun or a noun group. *Neither of them spoke...* *Neither of these extremes is desirable.* Note that you can also use **neither** before a singular count noun. *Neither side can win.*

不要混淆 **none** 和 **neither**。**none** 是对三个或更多的人或物的否定：*None could afford the food* (没人买得起食物)。**none of** 的用法与 **none** 相同，后接表示一组人或物的代词或名词短语：*None of them had learned anything* (他们所有人都什么也没学到)，*None of his companions answered* (他的同伴中没人回答)。**neither** 是对两个人或物的否定。例如，*Neither had close friends at university* (两个人在学时都没有亲密的朋友)。**neither of** 的用法与 **neither** 相同，后跟指两个人或物的代词或名词短语：*Neither of them spoke* (两个人都不说话)，*Neither of these extremes is desirable* (两个极端都不可取)。注意可以在单数可数名词前使用 **neither**。如，*Neither side can win* (双方都赢不了)。

no one ★★★★★

1 PRON-INDEF-NEG 否定不定代词 **没有人；无人**

No one means not a single person, or not a single member of a particular group or set.

Everyone wants to be a hero, but **no one** wants to die...

每个人都想成为英雄，但没有人想死。

No one can open mail except the person to whom it has been addressed.

除收信人本人外，没人能打开邮件。

nor ★★★★★

1 CONJ-COORD-NEG 连词 (在否定句中用于 **neither** 之后以引出第二项或几项中的最后一项) **也不，也没有**

You use **nor** after 'neither' in order to introduce the second alternative or the last of a number of alternatives in a negative statement.

Neither Mr Rose **nor** Mr Woodhead was available for comment yesterday...

昨天罗斯先生和伍德黑德先生都无暇发表意见。

I can give you neither an opinion **nor** any advice...

我既不能给你意见，也不能提供任何建议。

They can neither read **nor** write, **nor** can they comprehend such concepts.

他们不会读，不会写，也理解不了这样的概念。

2 CONJ-COORD-NEG 连词 (用于否定陈述后，表示该否定句也适用于自己、其他人或其他事物) **也不，也没有**

You use **nor** after a negative statement in order to indicate that the negative statement also applies to you or to someone or something else.

'None of us has any idea how long we're going to be here.' — 'Nor do I.'...

“我们没有人知道要在这儿呆多久。”——“我也不知道。”

'If my husband has no future,' she said, 'then **nor** do my children.'...

“如果我丈夫没有前途，”她说，“那我的孩子们也没有。”

He doesn't want to live in the country when he grows up, **nor** does he want to live in the city.

他长大后不想住在乡下，也不想住在城里。

3 CONJ-COORD-NEG 连词 (用于否定句后，引出另一否定句补充前句) You use **nor** after a negative statement in order to introduce another negative statement which adds information to the previous one.

Cooking up a quick dish doesn't mean you have to sacrifice flavour. **Nor** does fast food have to be junk food.

烹饪快餐并不意味着牺牲风味，快餐也不见得就一定是垃圾食品。

normal ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **正常的；通常的；平常的** Something that is **normal** is usual and ordinary, and is what people expect.

He has occasional injections to maintain his good health but otherwise he lives a **normal** life...

他偶尔要注射药物保持身体健康，但除此之外他生活一切正常。

The two countries resumed **normal** diplomatic relations...

两国恢复了正常的外交关系。

Some of the shops were closed but that's quite **normal** for a Thursday afternoon...

一些商店关门了，但在星期四下午这是很平常的。

In November, Clean's bakery produced 50 percent more bread than **normal**...

克林面包房11月份烤的面包比平常多50%。

Life in Israel will continue as **normal**.

在以色列，生活将一如既往。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **身体健康的；精神正常的** A **normal** person has no serious physical or mental health problems.

Statistics indicate that depressed patients are more likely to become ill than are **normal** people...

统计显示抑郁症患者比正常人更容易生病。

Will the baby be **normal**?

婴儿会一切正常吗？

note ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **便条；便笺** A **note** is a short letter.

Stevens wrote him a **note** asking him to come to his apartment...

史蒂文斯给他写了张便条，请他去自己的公寓。

I'll have to leave a **note** for Karen.

我得给卡伦留张便条。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **记录；笔记** A **note** is something that you write down to remind yourself of something.

I knew that if I didn't make a **note** I would lose the thought so I asked to borrow a pen or pencil...

我知道如果我不把这个想法记下来就会忘记，所以我找人借了支笔。

Take **notes** during the consultation as the final written report is very concise.

磋商的时候要作记录，因为最终的书面报告非常简洁。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (书或文章的) **按语，注释，说明** In a book or article, a **note** is a short piece of additional information.

See Note 16 on p. 223.

参见第223页的注释16。

... 'Exiles' by James Joyce, edited with an Introduction and **notes** by J.C.C. Mays.

詹姆斯·乔伊斯的《流亡者》，由J.C.C. 梅斯作序并注释

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **票据；单据；证明书** A **note** is a short document that has to be signed by someone and that gives official information about something.

Since Mr Bennett was going to need some time off work, he asked for a sick **note**...

因为贝内特先生要请假一段时间，他请医生开了病假条。

I've got half a ton of gravel in the lorry but he won't sign my delivery **note**.

我的卡车里装着半吨沙砾，但他不给我签收送货单。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **纸币；钞票** You can refer to a banknote as a **note**.

They exchange traveller's cheques at a different

rate from **notes**.

他们兑换旅行支票时依据的汇率跟兑换现钞时不同。

...a five pound **note**.

5英镑的纸币

in AM, use 美国英语用 bill

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **音符** In music, a **note** is the sound of a particular pitch, or a written symbol representing this sound.

She has a deep voice and doesn't even try for the high **notes**...

她嗓音低沉，从没试过高音。

If the **note** of D is sounded on a harp, all the corresponding D strings of other octaves will likewise resonate.

如果用竖琴演奏D音符，其他八度音阶所有相应的D弦都将发出共鸣。

7 N-SING 单数名词 (说活的)声调，语气 You can use **note** to refer to a particular quality in someone's voice that shows how they are feeling.

There is an unmistakable **note** of nostalgia in his voice when he looks back on the early years of the family business...

他回忆早些年家族生意时，无疑是带着一种怀旧的语气的。

It was not difficult for him to catch the **note** of bitterness in my voice.

他不难听出我话语中的愤愤不平。

8 N-SING 单数名词 调子；感觉；印象；气氛 You can use **note** to refer to a particular feeling, impression, or atmosphere.

Yesterday's testimony began on a **note** of passionate but civilized disagreement...

昨天的作供是在激烈但文明地表达分歧的氛围中开始的。

Somehow he tells these stories without a **note** of horror...

不知为什么他讲这些故事时一点都不害怕。

The furniture strikes a traditional **note** which is appropriate to its Edwardian setting.

这些家具给人一种古香古色的感觉，与周围爱德华七世时期风格的布置很协调。

9 VERB 动词 留意到；意识到 If you **note** a fact, you become aware of it.

The White House has **noted** his promise to support any attack that was designed to enforce the UN resolutions...

白宫已经注意到他承诺支持所有旨在贯彻联合国决议的打击。

Suddenly, I **noted** that the rain had stopped...

突然，我意识到雨已经停了。

Haig **noted** how he 'looked pinched and rather tired'.

黑格注意到了他“看上去消瘦，非常劳累”的样子。

10 VERB 动词 注意；留意 If you tell someone to **note** something, you are drawing their attention to it.

Note the statue to Sallustio Bandini, a prominent Siennese...

请看这座萨卢斯蒂奥·班迪尼的雕像，他是一位杰出的锡耶纳人。

Please **note** that there are a limited number of tickets.

请注意，票的数量有限。

11 VERB 动词 强调指出；特别提到 If you **note** something, you mention it in order to draw people's attention to it.

The report **notes** that export and import volumes picked up in leading economies...

报告特别指出经济大国的进出口量攀升。

The yearbook also **noted** a sharp drop in reported cases of sexually transmitted disease.

年鉴同时指出，性传播疾病报告病例数显著下降。

12 VERB 动词 记录；记下 When you **note** something, you write it down as a record of what has happened.

He has had his tonsils out and has been ill, too,' she **noted** in her diary...

“他切除了扁桃体，一直病着，”她在日记里写道。

One policeman was clearly visible noting the number plates of passing cars...

能清楚地看到一名警察记下了经过车辆的车牌号。

A guard came and took our names and **noted** where each of us was sitting.

一名警卫来记了我们的名字，还记下了我们每个人的座位。

13 See also: [noted](#) ; [promissory note](#) ; [sleazy note](#) ;

14 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 交换意见；交流情况 If you **compare notes** with someone on a particular subject, you talk to them and find out whether their opinion, information, or experience is the same as yours.

The women were busily comparing **notes** on the queen's outfit...

女人们忙着交换对女王衣着看法。

They exchanged greetings, compared **notes** on their wives and families, and finally got down to business.

他们互致问候，聊了聊家常，然后才言归正传。

15 PHRASE 短语 显要的；有名的 Someone or something that is **of note** is important, worth mentioning, or well-known.

...politicians of **note**...

政要

He has published nothing of **note** in the last ten years.

他在过去的10年里没有发表任何有影响的作品。

16 PHRASE 短语 表达...的情感；带有...的印象；营造...的氛围 If someone or something **strikes a particular note** or **sounds a particular note**, they create a particular feeling, impression, or atmosphere.

Before his first round of discussions, Mr Baker sounded an optimistic **note**...

第一轮讨论前，贝克先生听上去还比较乐观。

Plants growing out of cracks in paving strike the right **note** up a cottage-garden path.

从铺路石缝隙间长出的植物恰好营造出乡间农舍花园小径的感觉。

17 PHRASE 短语 留心；注意 If you **take note of** something, you pay attention to it because you think that it is important or significant.

Take **note of** the weather conditions...

留心一下天气状况。

They took **note** that she showed no surprise at the news of the murder.

他们注意到她对谋杀的消息一点都不感到惊讶。

18 to make a **mental note** → see: [mental](#) ;

相关词组：

[note down](#)

notice ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 觉察；注意 If you **notice** something or someone, you become aware of them.

People should not hesitate to contact the police if they've **noticed** anyone acting suspiciously...

如果发现形迹可疑的人，应该马上报警。

I **noticed** that most academics were writing papers during the summer...

我注意到大部分学者暑期都在写论文。

Luckily, I'd **noticed** where you left the car...

幸运的是我注意到了你把车停在哪里。

Mrs Shedden **noticed** a bird sitting on the garage roof...

谢登夫人注意到一只鸟落在车库顶上。

She needn't worry that he'll think she looks a mess. He won't **notice**.

她不必担心自己在他眼里显得不修边幅，他根本不会注意。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (书面)通知；告示；通告牌 A **notice** is a written announcement in a place where everyone can read it.

Notices in the waiting room requested that you neither smoke nor spit...

候车室的公告牌要求人们不要吸烟和随地吐痰。

A few guest houses had 'No Vacancies' **notices** in their windows.

有几家旅社在窗户上贴出了“客满”的告示。

...a **notice** which said 'Beware Flooding'.

写有“小心山洪”字样的告示牌

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 预告；警告；事先声明 If you give **notice** about something that is going to happen, you give a warning in advance that it is going to happen.

Interest is paid monthly. Three months' **notice** is required for withdrawals...

利息按月支付。提款须提前3个月通知银行。

Unions are required to give seven days' **notice** of industrial action...

工会组织劳工行动应提前7天作出声明。

She was transferred without **notice**.

她事先没接到通知就被调走了。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (报刊上的)启事, 声明 A **notice** is a formal announcement in a newspaper or magazine about something that has happened or is going to happen.

I rang The Globe with news of Blake's death, and put **notices** in the personal column of The Times...

我给环球剧院打电话告知了布莱克的死讯, 然后在《泰晤士报》的私人广告栏登了讣告。

The request is published in **notices** in today's national newspapers.

这一请求刊登在今天全国各大报纸的启事栏里。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (机构发送给相关人员的)通告 A **notice** is one of a number of letters that are similar or exactly the same which an organization sends to people in order to give them information or ask them to do something.

Bonus **notices** were issued each year from head office to local agents...

分红通告每年由总公司发送至地方代理商。

There will be a creditors meeting on June 15 and **notices** will be circulated to all known creditors.

6月15号有一个债权人会议, 通告将送达所有已知的债权人。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (报刊上关于戏剧、电影或音乐会的)短评, 评论 A **notice** is a written article in a newspaper or magazine in which someone gives their opinion of a play, film, or concert.

Nevertheless, it's good to know you've had good **notices**, even if you don't read them.

不过, 即便你不看, 知道有一些对你的好评也挺好。

7 PHRASE 短语 随时/接到通知后立即/提前24小时通知 **Notice** is used in expressions such as 'at **short notice**', 'at a **moment's notice**' or 'at **twenty-four hours' notice**', to indicate that something can or must be done within a short period of time.

There's no one available at such **short notice** to take her class...

只提前这么短的时间通知, 找不到人替她的课。

All our things stayed in our suitcase, as if we had to leave at a **moment's notice**.

我们的东西都放在手提箱里, 好像我们一经通知就得马上离开。

8 PHRASE 短语 引起(某人)对...的注意; 使(某人)察觉到 If you **bring** something to someone's **notice**, you make them aware of it.

I am so glad that you have brought this to my **notice**...

我很高兴你让我注意到了这件事情。

It was in 1982 that his name was first brought to our **notice**.

他的名字第一次引起我们注意是在1982年。

9 PHRASE 短语 引起...注意 If something comes to your **notice**, you become aware of it.

Her work also came to the **notice** of the French actor-producer Louis Jouvet...

她的作品也引起了法国演员兼制片人路易·茹韦的注意。

As I write, a very interesting case has come to my **notice**.

在我写作过程中, 一个非常有趣的案例引起了我的注意。

10 PHRASE 短语 没有引起...注意; 没有被...察觉 If something **escapes** your **notice**, you fail to recognize it or realize it.

It hasn't escaped our **notice** that the hospital has come out of all the proposed changes really quite nicely...

我们注意到医院很好地兑现了所有拟议的变革举措。

From the smallest to the largest production unit, no one escaped **notice**.

从最小的到最大的生产单位, 全都在监控之下。

11 PHRASE 短语 直至另行通知 If a situation is said to exist **until further notice**, it will continue for an uncertain length of time until someone changes it.

All flights to Lanchow had been cancelled **until further notice**.

所有飞往兰州的航班都已取消, 何时恢复另行通知。

12 PHRASE 短语 通知...离职; 给...解雇通知 If an employer **gives** an employee **notice**, the employer tells the employee that he or she must leave his or her job within a fixed period of time.

The next morning I telephoned him and gave him his **notice**.

第二天早晨我给他打了电话, 通知他已被解雇。

13 PHRASE 短语 提出辞职; 递交辞呈 If you **hand in** your **notice** or **give in** your **notice**, you tell your employer that you intend to leave your job soon within a set period of time.

He handed in his **notice** at the bank and ruined his promising career.

他向银行提出了辞职, 毁掉了自己的大好前程。

14 PHRASE 短语 注意; 关注 If you **take notice** of a particular fact or situation, you behave in a way that shows that you are aware of it.

We want the government to **take notice** of what we think they should do for single parents...

我们希望政府能够关注单亲父母, 为他们做一些应该做的事。

This should make people sit up and **take notice**.

这件事应引起人们的关注。

15 PHRASE 短语 不关注; 不理睬 If you **take no notice** of someone or something, you do not consider them to be important enough to affect what you think or what you do.

They took **no notice** of him, he did not stand out, he was in no way remarkable...

他们没在意他, 他并不突出, 一点也不引人注目。

I tried not to **take any notice** at first but then I was offended by it.

起初我尽量不予理会, 但后来我被惹恼了。

novel ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (长篇)小说 A **novel** is a long written story about imaginary people and events.

...a **novel** by Herman Hesse...

一部赫尔曼·黑塞的小说

...historical **novels** set in the time of the Pharaohs.

以法老时代为背景的历史小说

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 新的; 新奇的; 新颖的 **Novel** things are new and different from anything that has been done, experienced, or made before.

Protesters found a **novel** way of demonstrating against steeply rising oil prices...

抗议者找到了抗议油价飞涨的新办法。

The very idea of a sixth form college was **novel** in 1962.

第六学级学院在1962年还是新提法。

nuclear ★★★★★☆

1 ADJ 形容词 原子核的; 核能的 **Nuclear** means relating to the nuclei of atoms, or to the energy released when these nuclei are split or combined.

...a **nuclear** power station.

核电站

...**nuclear** energy.

核能

...**nuclear** physics.

核物理

2 ADJ 形容词 核武器的 **Nuclear** means relating to weapons that explode by using the energy released when the nuclei of atoms are split or combined.

They rejected a demand for the removal of all **nuclear** weapons from UK soil.

他们拒绝了将所有核武器从英国国土上撤除的要求。

...**nuclear** testing.

核试验

object ★★★★★☆

The noun is pronounced /'ɒbdʒɪkt/. The verb is pronounced /əb'dʒekt/. 名词读作/'ɒbdʒɪkt/。动词读作/əb'dʒekt/。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 物体; 东西 An **object** is anything that has a fixed shape or form, that you can touch or see, and that is not alive.

He squinted his eyes as though he were studying an **object** on the horizon.

他眯起眼睛, 就好像在端详地平线上的某一物体。

...an **object** the shape of a coconut...

形似椰子的物体

In the cosy consulting room the children are surrounded by familiar **objects**.

在温馨的诊疗室里，孩子们周围摆满了亲切熟悉的东

西。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **目的；目标；宗旨** The **object** of what someone is doing is their aim or purpose.

The **object** of the exercise is to raise money for the charity...

那样做旨在筹集善款。

He made it his **object** in life to find the island...

他把找到那座岛屿当成自己的人生目标。

My **object** was to publish a scholarly work on Peter Mourne.

我的目标是出版一本关于彼得·莫恩的学术著作。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [sex object](#) ; (情感或反应的) **对象** The **object** of a particular feeling or reaction is the person or thing it is directed towards or that causes it.

The **object** of her hatred was 24-year-old model Ros French...

令她心头生恨的是24岁的模特罗斯·弗伦奇。

The **object** of great interest at the Temple was a large marble tower built in memory of Buddha...

这处庙宇最引人注目的是一座为纪念佛陀而修建的宏伟的大理石塔。

She knew that she was an **object** of pity among her friends.

她知道自己是朋友们同情的对象。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [direct object](#) ; [indirect object](#) ; (语法中的) **宾语** In grammar, the **object** of a verb or a preposition is the word or phrase which completes the structure begun by the verb or preposition.

5 VERB 动词 **不喜欢；不赞成；反对** If you **object** to something, you express your dislike or disapproval of it.

A lot of people will **object** to the book...

很多人都会对这本书表示反感。

Cullen **objected** that his small staff would be unable to handle the added work...

卡伦提出反对，说他的人手较少，无法完成额外工作。

We **objected** strongly but were outvoted...

我们强烈表示反对，但还是被否决了。

'Hey, I don't know what you're talking about,' Russo **objected**.

“喂，我不知道你在说些什么，”拉索反驳道。

6 PHRASE 短语 **钱不成问题/距离不在话下** If you say that **money is no object** or **distance is no object**, you are emphasizing that you are willing or able to spend as much money as necessary or travel whatever distance is required.

Hugh Johnson's shop in London has a range of superb Swedish crystal glasses that I would have if money were no **object**...

休·约翰逊伦敦店出售各种美轮美奂的瑞典水晶玻璃杯，不考虑钱的话我都想买。

Although he was based in Wales, distance was no **object**.

虽然他主要住在威尔士，但是距离不成问题。

obvious ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **明显的；显然的；无疑的** If something is **obvious**, it is easy to see or understand.

...the need to rectify what is an **obvious** injustice...

矫正明显不公的需要

Determining how the Democratic challenger would conduct his presidency isn't quite so **obvious**.

这位民主党挑战者将如何履行总统职务还不能明确判断。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **不必要的；无新意的；缺乏想象力的** If you describe something that someone says as **obvious**, you are being critical of it because you think it is unnecessary or shows lack of imagination.

There are some very **obvious** phrases that we all know or certainly should know better than to use.

我们都知道或是肯定应该知道有些说法已毫无新意，最好避免使用。

obviousness

PHRASE 短语

Francis smiled agreement, irritated by the **obviousness** of his answer.

弗朗西斯笑了笑以示赞同，对他那了无新意的回答有些恼火。

If you say that someone is **stating the obvious**, you mean that they are saying something that everyone already knows and understands. 陈述人人皆知的事实（或道理）；说出明摆着的事

It may be **stating the obvious**, but most teleworking at present is connected with computers.

这一点或许人人皆知，但当前大部分远程办公都离不开计算机。

obviously ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词（用于陈述认为听者已经知道的事）**显然地，无疑地** You use **obviously** when you are stating something that you expect the person who is listening to know already.

Obviously, they've had sponsorship from some big companies...

很显然，他们已经得到某些大公司的赞助。

There are **obviously** exceptions to this.

这其中无疑存在特例。

2 ADV-GRADED 副词 **明显地；显而易见地** You use **obviously** to indicate that something is easily noticed, seen, or recognized.

They **obviously** appreciate you very much...

他们显然对你十分感激。

She's so **obviously** cleverer and prettier than I am.

她明显要比我聪明、漂亮得多。

occasion ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **时刻；时候；时节；场合** An **occasion** is a time when something happens, or a case of it happening.

I often think fondly of an **occasion** some years ago at Covent Garden...

我时常愉快地回想起几年前在科文特花园的一个时刻。

Mr Davis has been asked on a number of **occasions**.

戴维斯先生曾多次被问及。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **重大活动；仪式；庆典** An **occasion** is an important event, ceremony, or celebration.

Taking her with me on official **occasions** has been a challenge...

带着她出席正式场合对我来说一直是个挑战。

It will be a unique family **occasion**.

这将是一次特别的家庭聚会。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **机会；时机** An **occasion** for doing something is an opportunity for doing it.

It is an **occasion** for all the family to celebrate...

这是个值得举家庆祝的时刻。

It is always an important **occasion** for setting out government policy.

这历来都是阐明政府政策的重要时机。

4 VERB 动词 **导致；引起；使发生** To **occasion** something means to cause it.

He argued that the release of hostages should not **occasion** a change in policy.

他认为释放人质不应造成政策的改变。

5 See also: [sense of occasion](#) ;

6 PHRASE 短语 **有必要（做）；需要（做）** If you **have occasion to** do something, it is necessary for you to do it.

We have had **occasion to** deal with members of the group on a variety of charges.

我们有必要以多项罪名起诉该组织的成员。

7 PHRASE 短语 **偶尔；间或；有时** If something happens **on occasion**, it happens sometimes, but not very often.

He treated them seriously and, **on occasion**, entertained them hilariously...

他对待他们严肃认真，偶尔又逗得他们捧腹不已。

He translated not only from the French but also, **on occasion**, from the Polish.

他不仅做法文翻译，有时也做些波兰语翻译。

8 PHRASE 短语 **成功应付困难局面；关键时刻发挥作用** If you say that someone **rose to the occasion**, you mean that they did what was necessary to successfully overcome a difficult situation.

Inverness, however, **rose to the occasion** in the second half, producing some of the best football they have played for some time.

然而，因弗内斯队在下半场经受住了考验，踢出了很长一段时间以来的最佳水平。

occupy ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 居住，使用(建筑物或某地) The people who **occupy** a building or a place are the people who live or work there.

There were over 40 tenants, all **occupying** one wing of the hospital...

共有40多位房客，他们全部住在这家医院的一个病区。

Land is, in most instances, purchased by those who **occupy** it.

在大多数情况下，土地都是由其使用者购得。

2 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 占用，使用(房间、座位等) If a room or something such as a seat is **occupied**, someone is using it, so that it is not available for anyone else.

The hospital bed is no longer **occupied** by his wife...

他的妻子不在这张病床上了。

I saw three camp beds, two of which were **occupied**.

我看见了3张折叠床，其中两张已有人占了。

3 VERB 动词 占领；占据；侵占 If a group of people or an army **occupies** a place or country, they move into it, using force in order to gain control of it.

U.S. forces now **occupy** a part of the country...

美国军队现在占领了该国的一部分。

Alexandretta had been **occupied** by the French in 1918 after the defeat of Turkey.

土耳其溃败之后，亚历山大勒塔在1918年被法国人占领。

...the **occupied territories**.

被占领的领土

4 VERB 动词 担任(...职务)；居于(...地位) If someone or something **occupies** a particular place in a system, process, or plan, they have that place.

We **occupy** a quality position in the market place...

我们在市场上居于高端地位。

Men still **occupy** more positions of power than women.

担任要职的男性仍然比女性多。

5 VERB 动词 使忙碌；使全神贯注 If something **occupies** you, or if you **occupy** yourself, your time, or your mind with it, you are busy doing that thing or thinking about it.

Her parliamentary career has **occupied** all of her time...

她整日忙于议会的工作。

He hurried to take the suitcases and **occupy** himself with packing the car...

他急匆匆地去拎手提箱，忙着往车里装。

I would deserve to be pitied if I couldn't **occupy** myself.

如果我都不能让自己忙碌起来，那真是太可怜了。

occupied

Keep the brain **occupied**...

保持大脑全神贯注。

I had forgotten all about it because I had been so **occupied** with other things.

因为忙于其他事情，我把这件事忘得精光。

6 VERB 动词 使从事；使关注；使花费时间 If something **occupies** you, it requires your efforts, attention, or time.

I had other matters to **occupy** me, during the day at least...

至少白天我还有别的事情要做。

This challenge will **occupy** Europe for a generation or more.

这将是欧洲在未来二三十年或者更长的时间里所要面临的挑战。

7 VERB 动词 占(空间或面积) If something **occupies** a particular area or place, it fills or covers it, or exists there.

Even quite small aircraft **occupy** a lot of space...

哪怕很小的飞机也要占很大的空间。

Bookshelves **occupied** most of the living room walls.

这些书架占了起居室的大部分墙面。

8 VERB 动词 占，耗费(时间) If something such as a journey **occupies** a particular period of time, it takes that amount of time to complete.

She reached Karachi on Monday evening, the journey having **occupied** three days and nine hours.

她在星期一晚上抵达了卡拉奇，这段行程耗时3天9小时。

occur ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 发生 When something **occurs**, it happens.

If headaches only **occur** at night, lack of fresh air and oxygen is often the cause...

如果只是在晚上头疼，那常常是由于缺乏新鲜空气和氧气的缘故。

The crash **occurred** when the crew shut down the wrong engine...

机务人员关错了引擎，随即飞机坠毁。

In March 1770, there **occurred** what became known as the Boston Massacre.

1770年3月在那里发生了后来闻名的波士顿惨案。

2 VERB 动词 存在；出现；有 When something **occurs** in a particular place, it exists or is present there.

The cattle disease **occurs** more or less anywhere in Africa where the fly **occurs**...

在非洲凡是有这种蝇虫的地方，几乎都会出现这一牛病。

These snails do not **occur** on low-lying coral islands or atolls.

在地势低平的珊瑚岛或环礁上没有这种螺。

3 VERB 动词 (想法或主意)被想到，被想起，浮现于脑海中 If a thought or idea **occurs** to you, you suddenly think of it or realize it.

It did not **occur** to me to check my insurance policy...

我没有想到要核实我的保险单条款。

It **occurred** to me that I could have the book sent to me...

我想到可以让人把书寄给我。

The same idea had **occurred** to Elizabeth.

伊丽莎白也想到了这个主意。

odd ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 See also: [odd-looking](#)；奇怪的；古怪的；奇特的；异常的 If you describe someone or something as **odd**, you think that they are strange or unusual.

He'd always been **odd**, but not to this extent...

他一直比较怪异，不过并没有到这种程度。

What an **odd** coincidence that he should have known your family...

他居然认识你的家人，真是太巧了。

Something **odd** began to happen.

怪事开始出现。

oddly

...an **oddly** shaped hill...

形状怪异的小山

His own boss was behaving rather **oddly**.

他自己的老板举动相当反常。

oddness

Perhaps it was that very **oddness** that attracted me to Glen's music.

也许正是格伦音乐的怪异之处吸引了我。

2 ADJ 形容词 (用于名词前) 少量的，微小的，不重要的 You use **odd** before a noun to indicate that you are not mentioning the type, size, or quality of something because it is not important.

...moving from place to place where she could find the **odd** bit of work...

她为了找到点儿零散活计不断地搬来搬去

He had various **odd** cleaning jobs around the place...

他在这附近干过各种零碎的保洁工作。

I knew that Alan liked the **odd** drink.

我知道艾伦喜欢偶尔喝点酒。

3 ADV 副词 (用于数字后) 大约，左右，略多 You use **odd** after a number to indicate that it is only approximate.

How many pages was it, 500 **odd**?...

这有多少页，500来页？

He has now appeared in sixty **odd** films...

他迄今演过60多部影片。

'How long have you lived here?' — 'Twenty **odd** years.'

“你在这里住多久了？”——“20多年了。”

4 ADJ 形容词 奇数的；单数的 **Odd** numbers, such as 3 and 17, are those which cannot be divided exactly by the number two.

The **odd** numbers are on the left as you walk up the street.

沿这条街走，在左边的是单号。

There's an **odd** number of candidates.

候选人总数为单数。

5 ADJ 形容词 **不同类的；不成对的；单只的** You say that two things are **odd** when they do not belong to the same set or pair.

I'm wearing **odd** socks today by the way.

顺便提一下，我今天穿的袜子不成对。

6 PHRASE 短语 **与集体不合的人；剩下孤零零的一人；异类** The **odd man out**, **the odd woman out**, or **the odd one out** in a particular situation is a person who is different from the other people in it.

Azerbaijan has been the **odd man out**, the one republic not to hold democratic elections...

阿塞拜疆没有举行民主选举，是这些共和国中的异类。

Mark and Rick were the **odd ones out** in claiming to like this cherry beer.

只剩下马克和里克声称喜欢喝这种樱桃啤酒。

7 See also: [odds](#) ; [odds and ends](#) ;

oh ★★★★★

1 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(引出答话或评语) 哦，噢** You use **oh** to introduce a response or a comment on something that has just been said.

'Had you seen the car before?' — 'Oh yes, it was always in the drive.'...

“之前你见过那辆车吗？”——“哦，见过，它总是停在车道上。”

'Would you like me to phone and explain the situation?' — 'Oh, would you?'...

“你需要我打电话解释一下情况吗？”——“哦，可以吗？”

'You don't understand!' — 'Oh, I think I do, Grace.'

“你根本就不明白！”——“噢，我想我明白，格雷丝。”

2 EXCLAM 感叹语 See also: [O](#) ; **(表示惊讶、痛苦、恼怒或喜悦等) 唉，啊，呀，哈** You use **oh** to express a feeling such as surprise, pain, annoyance, or happiness.

'Oh!' Kenny blinked. 'Has everyone gone?'...

“啊！”肯尼眨了眨眼睛，“人都走了吗？”

'Oh, my God,' Korontzis moaned...

“哎呀，我的天啊，”科龙齐斯呻吟道。

Oh, I'm so glad you're here.

哈，你在这儿我太高兴了。

3 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(表示犹豫) 呃，嗯** You use **oh** when you are hesitating while speaking, for example because you are trying to estimate something, or because you are searching for the right word.

I've been here, **oh**, since the end of June...

我是，呃，6月底来到这里的。

The invaders have destroyed the, **oh**, I don't know what the right word is—the atmosphere,

the ambience.

入侵者破坏了，呃，我不知道用什么字眼好——气氛，氛围。

okay ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **(表示令人满意或可以接受) 不错的，可以的** If you say that something is **okay**, you find it satisfactory or acceptable.

...a shooting range where it's OK to use weapons...

可以使用武器的射击场

Is it **okay** if I come by myself?...

我一个人来行吗？

I guess for a fashionable restaurant like this the prices are OK.

我想对于这样一家时髦的餐馆来说，这样的价格算是可以接受吧。

Okay is also an adverb.

We seemed to manage **okay** for the first year or so after David was born.

戴维出生后的头一两年，我们似乎还能对付。

2 ADJ 形容词 **(人) 安全的，健康的，无恙的** If you say that someone is **okay**, you mean that they are safe and well.

Check that the baby's **okay**...

看看孩子是否还好。

'Don't worry about me,' I said. 'I'll be **okay**.'

“别担心我，”我说，“我不会有事的。”

3 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(表示同意) 好的** You can say 'Okay' to show that you agree to something.

'Just tell him Sir Kenneth would like to talk to him.' — 'OK.'...

“就跟他说肯尼思爵士想跟他谈谈。”——“好的。”

'Shall I give you a ring on Friday?' — 'Yeah **okay**.'

“我星期五给你打电话好吗？”——“好的。”

4 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(询问对方是否领会或同意) 好吗，行吗，明白吗** You can say 'Okay?' to check whether the person you are talking to understands what you have said and accepts it.

Add them together, divide by five, and you've got the average. Okay?...

把它们相加再除以5就是平均数，明白吗？

We'll get together next week, OK?

我们下周聚一聚，好吗？

5 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(表示希望转换话题或做别的事情) 好了** You can use **okay** to indicate that you want to start talking about something else or doing something else.

OK. Now, let's talk some business...

好了，我们现在言归正传吧。

Tim jumped to his feet. 'Okay, let's go.'

蒂姆一跃而起，“好了，我们走吧。”

6 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(不情愿地表示接受对方观点以制止其争辩) 得了，行了** You can use **okay** to stop someone arguing with you by showing that you accept the point they are making, though you do not necessarily regard it as very important.

Okay, there is a slight difference...

行了，是略有不同。

Okay, so I'm forty-two.

得了，我就算42岁吧。

7 VERB 动词 **批准；同意；允许** If someone in authority **okays** something, they officially agree to it or allow it to happen.

His doctor wouldn't OK the trip...

医生不会同意他去去旅行。

We are all wondering why the government is suddenly **okaying** a brand new school on the island.

我们都很疑惑为什么政府突然批准在岛上建一所新学校。

Okay is also a noun.

He gave the **okay** to issue a new press release...

他同意发布一篇新的新闻稿。

We are ready to start flying to Britain as soon as we get the **okay**.

一旦获得批准，我们将随即启程飞往英国。

opinion ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **意见；看法；主张；见解** Your **opinion** about something is what you think or believe about it.

I wasn't asking for your **opinion**, Dick...

我并不是在征求你的意见，迪克。

He held the **opinion** that a government should think before introducing a tax...

他认为政府在开征新税前应仔细斟酌的。

Most who expressed an **opinion** spoke favorably of Thomas.

大多数发表看法的人都支持托马斯。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **(对某人的) 评价，印象** Your **opinion** of someone is your judgment of their character or ability.

That improved Mrs Goole's already favourable **opinion** of him.

那件事更加深了古尔太太对他的好印象。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **舆论；(群体的) 信仰，观点** You can refer to the beliefs or views that people have as **opinion**.

Some, I suppose, might even be in positions to influence **opinion**...

有的人，我认为，甚至有可能影响舆论。

There is a broad consensus of **opinion** about the policies which should be pursued.

对应当实行何种政策，舆论达成了广泛一致的意见。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **专家意见；鉴定** An **opinion** from an expert is the advice or judgment that they give you in the subject that they know a lot about.

Even if you have had a regular physical check-up recently, you should still seek a

medical **opinion**.

即使近期做过一次常规体检，也应当征求医生的意见。

5 See also: [public opinion](#) ; [second opinion](#) ;

6 PHRASE 短语 在...看来；据...的意见 You add expressions such as 'in my opinion' or 'in their opinion' to a statement in order to indicate that it is what you or someone else thinks, and is not necessarily a fact.

The book is, in Henry's **opinion**, the best book on the subject...

依照亨利的看法，这本书是关于该主题的最佳著述。

Well he's not making a very good job of it in my **opinion**.

然而，在我看来，这件事他做得不尽如人意。

7 PHRASE 短语 持...观点；认为；相信 If someone is of the **opinion** that something is the case, that is what they believe.

Frank is of the **opinion** that the 1934 yacht should have won.

弗兰克认为本该是那艘1934年的帆船获胜。

8 a matter of **opinion** → see: [matter](#) ;

opportunity ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 See also: [photo opportunity](#) ; [机会](#) ; [时机](#) An **opportunity** is a situation in which it is possible for you to do something that you want to do.

I had an **opportunity** to go to New York and study...

我曾经有一个去纽约学习的机会。

The best reason for a trip to London is the super **opportunity** for shopping...

绝佳的购物机会是前往伦敦的最好理由。

I want to see more opportunities for young people.

我希望年轻人能有更多机会。

...equal opportunities in employment.

同等的就业机会

Usage Note :

Be careful with the spelling of this word.

注意该词的拼写。

opposition ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (强烈的) 反对，不赞成 **Opposition** is strong, angry, or violent disagreement and disapproval.

The government is facing a new wave of **opposition** in the form of a student strike...

政府面临着学生通过罢课掀起的新一轮反对浪潮。

Much of the **opposition** to this plan has come from the media.

该计划的主要反对声音来自媒体。

2 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 (与政府意见相反的) 反对党，在野党，反对派 **The opposition** is the political parties or groups that are opposed to a government.

The main **opposition** parties boycotted the election, saying it would not be conducted fairly.

主要反对党联合抵制这次选举，认为该选举将缺乏公正性。

3 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 (议会或立法机构中的) 反对党，在野党，反对派 In a country's parliament or legislature, **the opposition** refers to the politicians or political parties that form part of the parliament or legislature, but are not the government.

...the Leader of the **Opposition**.

反对党领袖

4 N-SING-COLL 单数集合名词 (体育比赛中的) 对手，竞争者，竞争队伍 **The opposition** is the person or team you are competing against in a sports event.

Poland provide the **opposition** for the Scots' last warm-up match at home.

苏格兰队在国内最后一场热身赛的对手是波兰队。

option ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 可选择的事物 An **option** is something that you can choose to do in preference to one or more alternatives.

He's argued from the start that America and its allies are putting too much emphasis on the military **option**...

他从一开始就认为美国及其盟国过于强调军事手段。

What other **options** do you have?

你还有什么别的选择吗？

2 N-SING 单数名词 选择；选择权 If you have the **option** of doing something, you can choose whether to do it or not.

Criminals are given the **option** of going to jail or facing public humiliation...

罪犯可以选择要么坐牢，要么遭受当众羞辱。

We had no **option** but to abandon the meeting.

我们别无选择，只有放弃这次会面。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (将来的) 购买权，出售权；期权 In business, an **option** is an agreement or contract that gives someone the right to buy or sell something such as property or shares at a future date.

Each bank has granted the other an **option** on 19.9% of its shares.

两家银行都同意给予对方其19.9%股份的期权。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 选修课 An **option** is one of a number of subjects which a student can choose to study as a part of his or her course.

Several **options** are offered for the student's senior year.

为毕业班学生开设了几门选修课。

5 PHRASE 短语 暂不作决定；保留选择权 If you **keep your options open** or **leave your options open**, you delay making a decision about something.

I am keeping my **options** open. I have not made a decision on either matter.

我保留选择权，这两件事我都还没有作出决定。

6 PHRASE 短语 最容易的选择；最保险的选择 If you take the **soft option**, you do the thing that is easiest or least likely to cause trouble in a particular situation.

We take the **soft option**. I like to keep the crowd happy because that's what they pay for...

我们决定采取最保险的方案。我希望让观众开心，因为他们就是为这个掏钱的。

The job of chairman can no longer be regarded as a convenient **soft option**.

别再以为董事长这份工作是那么容易做的。

orange ★★★★★

1 COLOUR 颜色词 橙色；橙黄色 Something that is **orange** is of a colour between red and yellow.

...men in bright **orange** uniforms.

身着亮橙色制服的人

2 N-VAR 可变名词 橙；甜橙 An **orange** is a round juicy fruit with a thick, orange coloured skin.

An **orange** a day will give you all the vitamin C you need.

每天吃一个橙子能充分摄取所需的维生素C。

...**orange** trees.

橙树

...fresh **orange** juice.

鲜橙汁

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 橙汁；橘子水 **Orange** is a drink that is made from or tastes of oranges.

...vodka and **orange**.

橙汁伏特加酒

order ★★★★★

1 SUBORDINATING CONJUNCTION USES

[从属连词用法](#)

2 COMMANDS AND REQUESTS 命令；要求

3 ARRANGEMENTS, SITUATIONS, AND

[GROUPINGS](#) 安排；情形；归类

1 PHR-CONJ-SUBORD 为了；以便；目的在于 If you do something **in order to** achieve a particular thing or **in order that** something can happen, you do it because you want to achieve that thing.

Most schools are extremely unwilling to cut down on staff **in order to** cut costs.

大部分学校都很不愿意为减少开支而裁员。

...asking them to risk their lives **in order that** the rest of us can sleep better.

为了让我们其余这些人能够睡得更安稳而要他们冒生命危险

2 PHR-CONJ-SUBORD (某人)要想... (必须) ...

someone must be in a particular situation in **order** to achieve something they want, they cannot achieve that thing if they are not in that situation.

We need to get rid of the idea that we must be liked all the time in **order** to be worthwhile...

我们必须抛弃那种认为要想活得有价值就得始终取悦他人的想法。

They need hostages in **order** to bargain with the government.

他们要想同政府讨价还价就得有人质。

3 PHR-CONJ-SUBORD (某事必须发生)...才能... If something must happen in **order** for something else to happen, the second thing cannot happen if the first thing does not happen.

In **order** for their computers to trace a person's records, they need both the name and address of the individual.

在他们的电脑上查询个人记录，需要提供被查询人的姓名和地址。

1 VERB 动词 命令，要求，指示 (某人做...) If a person in authority **orders** someone to do something, they tell them to do it.

Williams **ordered** him to leave...

威廉斯命令他离开。

He **ordered** the women out of the car...

他命令这些女人下车。

'Let him go!' he **ordered**...

“让他走！”他命令道。

'Go up to your room. Now,' he **ordered** him.

“上楼回你的房间去。现在就去！”他命令他道。

2 VERB 动词 就...下令 If someone in authority **orders** something, they give instructions that it should be done.

The President has **ordered** a full investigation...

总统已经下令进行全面调查。

The radio said that the prime minister had **ordered** price controls to be introduced...

据电台报道，首相已下令实行价格管制。

He **ordered** that all party property be confiscated...

他指示没收所有党产。

The President **ordered** him moved because of fears that his comrades would try to free him.

由于担心他的同党会设法营救他，总统下令将他转移。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 命令；要求；指示 If someone in authority gives you an **order**, they tell you to do something.

The activists were shot when they refused to obey an **order** to halt...

这些激进分子因拒不服从停止前进的命令而被击毙。

As darkness fell, Clinton gave **orders** for his men to rest...

夜幕降临，克林顿命令手下休息。

I don't take **orders** from him any more...

我不再听他差遣。

He was released on the **orders** of the President.

遵照总统的指示，他被释放了。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (法院的) 决议，指令 A court **order** is a legal instruction stating that something must be done.

She has decided not to appeal against a court **order** banning her from keeping animals...

对于法院禁止她饲养动物的指令，她决定不再上诉。

He was placed under a two-year supervision **order**.

他被处以两年的监管。

5 VERB 动词 点，叫 (饭菜等)；订购 When you **order** something that you are going to pay for, you ask for it to be brought to you, sent to you, or obtained for you.

Atanas **ordered** a shrimp cocktail and a salad...

阿塔纳斯点了一份鸡尾冷虾和一份色拉。

Iris finally **ordered** coffees for herself and Tania...

艾丽斯最后为自己和塔妮娅点了咖啡。

The waitress appeared. 'Are you ready to **order**'?

女侍者走上前来，“您准备好点餐了吗？”

We **ordered** him a beer.

我们给他叫了一瓶啤酒。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 点餐；点单；订购；订单 An **order** is a request for something to be brought, made, or obtained for you in return for money.

British Rail are going to place an **order** for a hundred and eighty-eight trains.

英国铁路公司将订购188列火车。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 点的餐；订购的货物 Someone's **order** is what they have asked to be brought, made, or obtained for them in return for money.

The waiter returned with their **order** and Graham signed the bill...

侍者把他们点的餐端了过来，格雷厄姆签了单。

They can't supply our **order**.

我们订的货他们无法供应。

8 See also: [holy orders](#); [mail order](#); [postal order](#); [standing order](#);

9 PHRASE 短语 订购中；订制中 Something that is **on order** at a shop or factory has been asked for but has not yet been supplied.

The airlines still have 2,500 new aeroplanes **on order**.

这家航空公司尚有2,500架新飞机在订购中。

10 PHRASE 短语 按照吩咐 (或要求) If you do something **to order**, you do it whenever you are asked to do it.

She now makes wonderful dried flower arrangements **to order**...

现在她为顾客定做漂亮的干花插花。

Cars are stolen **to order** for clients.

偷什么样的车买主说了算。

11 PHRASE 短语 遵照命令，按照指示 (做) If you are **under orders** to do something, you have been told to do it by someone in authority.

I am **under orders** not to discuss his mission or his location with anyone.

遵照命令，我不能与任何人谈论他执行的任务和他所在的地点。

12 your **marching orders**→see: [march](#); a tall order→see: [tall](#);

相关词组：

[order around](#)

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 顺序；次序 If a set of things are arranged or done in a particular **order**, they are arranged or done so one thing follows another, often according to a particular factor such as importance.

Write down (in **order** of priority) the qualities you'd like to have...

(按照优先次序) 写下你想具有的品质。

Music shops should arrange their recordings in simple alphabetical **order**, rather than by category...

音像店应当按照简单的字母顺序而不是依类别来摆放唱片。

List the key headings and sort them into a logical **order**...

列出关键标题并按逻辑顺序排列。

The chairman has rearranged the **order** of the speakers.

主席重新安排了发言者的顺序。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 整齐；有条理 **Order** is the situation that exists when everything is in the correct or expected place, or happens at the correct or expected time.

The wish to impose **order** upon confusion is a kind of intellectual instinct...

想在混乱中理出头绪是一种知性本能。

Making lists can create **order** and control.

列表能使一切井然有序、便于管理。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 秩序；治安 **Order** is the situation that exists when people obey the law and do not fight or riot.

Troops were sent to the islands to restore **order** last November...

去年11月，军队被派往这些岛屿以恢复秩序。

He has the power to use force to maintain public **order**.

他掌握着动用武力维持公共治安的权力。

4 N-SING 单数名词 (社会的) 制度，结构 When people talk about a particular **order**, they mean the way society is organized at a particular time.

The end of the Cold War has produced the prospect of a new world **order** based on international co-operation...

冷战的结束带来了建立一个以国际合作为基础的世界新秩序的希望。

Some feminists sought reforms within the existing social **order**.

一些女权主义者寻求在现存的社会制度内进行改革。

5 VERB 动词 **组织；安排；整理** The way that something is **ordered** is the way that it is organized and structured.

...a society which is **ordered** by hierarchy...

按等级划分的社会

We know the French **order** things differently.

我们知道法国人安排事情的方式与众不同。

...a carefully **ordered** system in which everyone has his place.

精心设定、大家各司其职的体制

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **种类；类别** If you refer to something of a particular **order**, you mean something of a particular kind.

Another unexpected event, though of quite a different **order**, occurred one evening in 1973...

1973年的一个夜晚，又发生了一件始料未及的事情，不过这两件事完全不同。

Our commitment will be of the highest **order**.

我们一诺千金。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **修道会** A religious **order** is a group of monks or nuns who live according to a particular set of rules.

...the Benedictine **order** of monks.

本笃会

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **勋位** People who belong to a particular **order** have been given a particular honour or rank by the head of their country as a reward for their services or achievements.

The highest Order of Knighthood is the Order of the Garter.

最高骑士勋位是嘉德勋位。

9 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(提醒开会者)安静，肃静** The person in charge of a meeting can say 'Order!' to tell people to stop making a noise.

10 See also: [ordered](#) ; [law and order](#) ; [pecking order](#) ; [point of order](#) ;

11 PHRASE 短语 **整齐；井然有序** If you put or keep something **in order**, you make sure that it is tidy or properly organized.

Now he has a chance to put his life back **in order**...

现在他有了一个让自己的生活重新步入正轨的机会。

It was her job to keep the room **in order**...

保持房间整洁是她的工作。

Someone comes in every day to check all is **in order**.

每天都有人来检查是否一切都井然有序。

12 PHRASE 短语 **应当发生(或提供)的；自然的；合宜的** If you think something is **in order**, you think it should happen or be provided.

Reforms are clearly **in order**...

改革势在必行。

It's great to have you back. Congratulations are surely **in order**!

你回来真是太好了，就等着向你道贺呢！

13 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **(用于数字前)大约，大概** You use **in the order of** or **of the order of** when mentioning an approximate figure.

They borrowed something **in the order of** £10 million...

他们借了大约1,000万英镑。

At other times the discrepancy was **of the order of** 20%.

往常的出入约为20%。

14 PHRASE 短语 **处于良好状态** If something is **in good order**, it is in good condition.

The vessel's safety equipment was not **in good order**.

这艘船的安全设备被损坏。

15 PHRASE 短语 **(机器、设备等)处于正常工作状态** A machine or device that is **in working order** is functioning properly and is not broken.

Only half of the spacecraft's six science instruments are still **in working order**.

这艘宇宙飞船的6件科学仪器中只有一半还在正常运转。

16 PHRASE 短语 **时下常见的；普遍的；流行的** If a particular way of behaving or doing something is **the order of the day**, it is very common.

These are strange times in which we live, and strange arrangements appear to be **the order of the day**.

我们生活在这个光怪陆离的时代，各种奇怪的生活安排如今都司空见惯。

17 PHRASE 短语 **(机器、设备等)出故障，有毛病** A machine or device that is **out of order** is broken and does not work.

Their phone's **out of order**.

他们的电话坏了。

18 PHRASE 短语 **令人无法接受的；不得体的；不公平的** If you say that someone or their behaviour is **out of order**, you mean that their behaviour is unacceptable or unfair.

You don't think the paper's a bit **out of order** in publishing it?

你不觉得这份报纸发表这篇文章有点不妥吗？

19 to **put your house in order**→see: [house](#) ; order of magnitude→see: [magnitude](#) ;

organization ★★★★★

in BRIT, also use 英国英语亦用 organisation

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **组织；机构；团体** An **organization** is an official group of people, for example a political party, a business, a charity, or a club.

Most of these specialized schools are provided by voluntary **organizations**.

这些专业学校大多由志愿组织建立。

...a report by the International Labour Organisation.

国际劳工组织的报告

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **组织；安排；筹备** The **organization** of an event or activity involves making all the necessary arrangements for it.

...the exceptional attention to detail that goes into the **organization** of this event...

这次活动的组织筹备中对细节的特别关注

Several projects have been delayed by poor **organization**.

几个项目都因组织不力而被推迟。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **编排；配置；结构** The **organization** of something is the way in which its different parts are arranged or relate to each other.

I am aware that the **organization** of the book leaves something to be desired.

我知道该书的编排还有待改进。

organize ★★★★★

in BRIT, also use 英国英语亦用 organise

1 VERB 动词 **组织；安排；筹备** If you **organize** an event or activity, you make sure that the necessary arrangements are made.

In the end, we all decided to **organize** a concert for Easter.

最终，我们一致决定组织一场复活节音乐会。

...a two-day meeting organised by the United Nations...

由联合国组织的为期两天的会议

The initial mobilisation was well **organised**.

初步动员安排到位。

2 VERB 动词 **提供，准备(想要或所需之物)** If you **organize** something that someone wants or needs, you make sure that it is provided.

I will **organize** transport...

我来安排交通。

He rang his wife and asked her to **organize** coffee and sandwiches.

他给妻子打电话，叫她准备好咖啡和三明治。

3 VERB 动词 **整理；使有条理；使具结构** If you **organize** a set of things, you arrange them in an ordered way or give them a structure.

He began to **organize** his materials...

他开始整理材料。

She took a hasty cup of coffee and tried to **organize** her scattered thoughts.

她匆匆喝了杯咖啡，试图整理一下纷乱的思绪。

...the way in which the Army is **organised**.

陆军的编制

4 VERB 动词 **规划(自己)；使有序高效** If you

organize yourself, you plan your work and activities in an ordered, efficient way.

...changing the way you **organize** yourself...

改变自我规划的方式

Go right ahead, I'm sure you don't need me to **organize** you...

只管干吧，我相信你用不着我来为你安排。

Get organised and get going.

规划起来，马上行动吧。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)组织起来 If someone **organizes** workers or if workers **organize**, they form a group or society such as a trade union in order to have more power.

...helping to **organize** women working abroad...

帮助组织在国外工作的妇女

It's the first time farmers have decided to **organize**.

这是农场主首次决定组织起来。

...organised labour.

参加工会的劳工

original ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 起初的；最初的；原先的；原来的 You use **original** when referring to something that existed at the beginning of a process or activity, or the characteristics that something had when it began or was made.

The **original** plan was to hold an indefinite stoppage...

最初的计划是无限期停工。

The inhabitants have voted overwhelmingly to restore the city's **original** name of Chemnitz.

居民以压倒多数票同意恢复该市原来的名字“开姆尼茨”。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 原物；原件；原作；原著；原文 If something such as a document, a work of art, or a piece of writing is an **original**, it is not a copy or a later version.

When you have filled in the questionnaire, copy it and send the **original** to your employer...

填好这份问卷后，复印一份并将原卷交给雇主。

For once the sequel is as good as the **original**.

续集破天荒地跟第一部一样精彩。

3 ADJ 形容词 原物的；原件的；原作的；非复制的 An **original** document or work of art is not a copy.

...an **original** movie poster.

原版电影海报

4 ADJ 形容词 新创作的；未发表的；未发行的；未曾演出的 An **original** piece of writing or music was written recently and has not been published or performed before.

...its policy of commissioning **original** work.

其委托创作新作品的政策

...with catchy **original** songs by Richard Warner.

以及理查德·沃纳最新创作的朗朗上口的歌曲

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 首创的；独创的；新颖的 If you describe someone or their work as **original**, you mean that they are very imaginative and have new ideas.

It is one of the most **original** works of imagination in the language.

这是用该语言写成的最具独创性和想象力的作品之一。

...an **original** writer.

独树一帜的作家

...a chef with an **original** touch and a measure of inspiration.

有几分创意和灵感的厨师

originality

He was capable of writing things of startling **originality**.

他能够写出极具创意的作品。

6 PHRASE 短语 以(未经翻译的)原语言 If you read or sing something **in the original** or, for example, **in the original French**, you read or sing it in the language it was written in, rather than a translation.

He read every book or author it deals with, often **in the original**...

这方面的每一本书和每一位作家他都读过，而且通常均为原著。

The texts were sung **in the original** Italian.

这些歌词是用原来的意大利语演唱的。

otherwise ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 否则；不然 You use **otherwise** after stating a situation or fact, in order to say what the result or consequence would be if this situation or fact was not the case.

Make a note of the questions you want to ask. You will invariably forget some of them **otherwise**...

把想提的问题记下来，否则总是会漏掉其中的一些。

I'm lucky that I'm interested in school work, **otherwise** I'd go mad.

我很庆幸自己对学习怀有兴趣，不然我会疯掉的。

...men who want to provide positive role models for kids who might **otherwise** be out on the streets.

想为那些可能会流落街头的孩子树立榜样的人

2 ADV 副词 除此以外；在其他方面 You use **otherwise** before stating the general condition or quality of something, when you are also mentioning an exception to this general condition or quality.

The decorations for the games have lent a splash of colour to an **otherwise** drab city.

为运动会所作的装扮给原本毫无生气的城市增添了一抹亮色。

...a blue and gold caravan, slightly travel-stained but **otherwise** in good condition.

除了在旅途中弄得有点脏以外，性能良好的蓝金色旅行拖车

3 ADV 副词 与之不同地；相反地 You use **otherwise** to refer in a general way to actions or situations that are very different from, or the opposite to, your main statement.

Take approximately 60mg up to four times a day, unless advised **otherwise** by a doctor...

每次服用大约60毫克，每天最多4次，或遵医嘱。

There is no way anything would ever happen between us, and believe me I've tried to convince myself **otherwise**...

相信我，我已经努力试图说服自己我们之间存有希望，但我们真的是绝对不可能的。

All photographs are by the author unless **otherwise** stated.

若无特殊说明，所有照片均出自该作者。

4 ADV 副词 以其他方式；用别的方法 You use **otherwise** to indicate that other ways of doing something are possible in addition to the way already mentioned.

The studio could punish its players by keeping them out of work, and **otherwise** controlling their lives.

电影公司能通过让艺人坐冷板凳来惩罚他们，并采用其他方式控制他们的生活。

5 PHRASE 短语 及其他；或相反；或其反面 You use **or otherwise** or **and otherwise** to mention something that is not the thing just referred to or is the opposite of that thing.

It was for the police to assess the validity or **otherwise** of the evidence...

应该由警方来判断证据有效与否。

He didn't want company, talkative or **otherwise**...

他不想跟人搭伴，不管这个伴儿是否健谈。

I was feeling really ill, mentally and **otherwise**.

我觉得身心俱疲。

overall ★★★★★

The adjective and adverb are pronounced /əʊvəɹ'ɔ:l/. The noun is pronounced /əʊvəɹɔ:l/. 形容词和副词读作 /əʊvəɹ'ɔ:l/。名词读作 /əʊvəɹɔ:l/。

1 ADJ 形容词 总的；总体的；全面的 You use **overall** to indicate that you are talking about a situation in general or about the whole of something.

...the **overall** rise in unemployment...

失业率总体的上升

Cut down your **overall** amount of physical activity...

减少体力活动的总量。

It is usually the woman who assumes **overall** care of the baby.

通常由女性负责照顾孩子的方方面面。

Overall is also an adverb.

Overall, I like Connie. I think she's great...

总的说来，我喜欢康妮，我认为她人挺不错。

Overall I was disappointed...

总的说来，我很失望。

The college has few ways to assess the quality of education **overall**.

总体看来，这所大学评估教育质量的方法寥寥无几。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (上下连身的) 工作服, 防护服 **Overalls**

Overalls consist of a single piece of clothing that combines trousers and a jacket. You wear overalls over your clothes in order to protect them while you are working.

...workers in blue **overalls**.

穿着蓝色连身工作服的工人

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (吊带) 工装裤 **Overalls**

Overalls are trousers that are attached to a piece of cloth which covers your chest and which has straps going over your shoulders.

An elderly man dressed in faded **overalls** took the witness stand.

一位穿着褪色吊带工装裤的老人上了证人席。

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 dungarees

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (工作时穿的) 罩衣 **An overall**

An overall is a piece of clothing shaped like a coat that you wear over your clothes in order to protect them while you are working.

owner ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [home](#)

owner; **landowner**; 物主; 业主; 所有人; 主人
The **owner** of something is the person to whom it belongs.

The **owner** of the store was sweeping his floor when I walked in...

我进去的时候这家商店的店主正在扫地。

Every pet **owner** knows their animal has its own personality...

宠物的主人都不知道它们有自己的个性。

New **owners** will have to wait until September before moving in.

新业主要等到9月份才能入住。

pack ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 把...装进行囊; 打点(行装) When you pack a bag, you put clothes and other things into it, because you are leaving a place or going on holiday.

When I was 17, I **packed** my bags and left home...

17岁时, 我背起行囊离开了家。

I decided to **pack** a few things and take the kids to my Mum's...

我决定收拾些东西, 带孩子们去我妈妈家。

I **packed** and said goodbye to Charlie.

我收拾好东西告别了查理。

packing

She left Frances to finish her **packing**.

她让弗朗西丝把她的行装收拾完。

2 VERB 动词 将...打包; 把...装箱 When people pack things, for example in a factory, they put them into containers or parcels so that they can be transported and sold.

They offered me a job **packing** goods in a warehouse...

他们给了我一份在货栈打包的工作。

Machines now exist to **pack** olives in jars.

现在可用机器将橄榄装进罐子里。

...sardines **packed** in oil.

油浸沙丁鱼罐头

packing

His onions cost 9p a lb wholesale; **packing** and transport costs 10p.

他的洋葱批发价每磅9便士; 打包送货的话要10便士。

3 VERB 动词 挤满; 塞满 If people or things pack into a place or if they pack a place, there are so many of them that the place is full.

Hundreds of thousands of people **packed** into the mosque...

几十万人挤进了那座清真寺。

Seventy thousand people will **pack** the stadium.

将有7万人挤满整个体育场。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 包; 盒 A pack of things is a collection of them that is sold or given together in a box or bag.

The club will send a free information **pack**.

这家俱乐部会邮寄一个免费资料包。

...a **pack** of cigarettes...

一包烟

She read the back of the **pack** and said it had the same ingredients.

她看了看盒子背面, 说成分一样。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 背包; 旅行包 A pack is a bag containing your possessions that you carry on your back when you are travelling.

I hid the money in my **pack**.

我把钱藏在旅行包里。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 一群; 一伙; 一帮 You can refer to a group of people who go around together as a pack, especially when it is a large group that you feel threatened by.

...a **pack** of journalists eager to question him...

一群急着要问他问题的记者

Sal was the leader of the **pack**.

萨尔是这伙人的头儿。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (狼或狗的) 一群 A pack of wolves or dogs is a group of them that hunt together.

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 (纸牌的) 一副 A pack of playing cards is a complete set of playing cards.

...a **pack** of cards.

一副纸牌

...shuffle the **pack**.

洗牌

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 deck

9 VERB 动词 带(枪); 佩(枪) If someone packs a gun, they carry it.

...eight bodyguards, at least one of them **packing** a pistol.

8名保镖, 其中至少有1人佩枪

10 VERB 动词 在(陪审团、委员会、会议等)中安插支持者 If someone packs a jury, committee, or meeting, they make sure that it includes people who support them.

Opposition parties have boycotted the proceedings, saying the government has **packed** the conference with its own supporters...

反对党派抵制了该议程, 声称政府在大会上安插了亲信。

John Major will not try to **pack** the House of Lords.

约翰·梅杰不会在上议院安插亲信。

11 See also: [packed](#); [packing](#);

12 PHRASE 短语 一派谎言 If you say that an account is a pack of lies, you mean that it is completely untrue.

You told me a **pack** of lies.

你跟我说的都是一派胡言。

13 PHRASE 短语 产生巨大影响; 震撼 If something packs a punch, it has a very powerful effect.

W. Somerset Maugham's novel still **packs** an emotional punch.

威廉·萨默塞特·毛姆的小说仍具有强烈的情感冲击力。

...drinks that **pack** a punch.

烈酒

14 PHRASE 短语 叫...卷铺盖; 撵...走; 叫...滚蛋 If you send someone packing, you make them go away.

I decided I wanted to live alone and I sent him **packing**.

我决定要一个人生活, 于是叫他走人。

15 PHRASE 短语 (在竞赛中) 领先其他对手 You can say that someone is ahead of the pack or leading the pack if they are ahead of everyone else in a race or competition.

The Socialists may still finish ahead of the **pack**...

社会党最终仍可能会领先。

Europe has got used to following rather than leading the **pack**.

欧洲已经习惯了跟从, 而不是领头儿。

相关词组:

[pack in](#) [pack into](#) [pack off](#) [pack up](#)

package ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 包裹 A package is a small parcel.

I tore open the **package**.

我撕开了那个包裹。

...a package addressed to Miss Claire Montgomery.

寄给克莱尔·蒙哥马利小姐的包裹

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **包装盒；包装袋** A package is a small container in which a quantity of something is sold. Packages are either small boxes made of thin cardboard, or bags or envelopes made of paper or plastic.

...a package of doughnuts...

一包炸面圈

It is listed among the ingredients on the package.

它是包装盒标明的成分之一。

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 packet

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一揽子建议；一揽子提议** A package is a set of proposals that are made by a government or organization and which must be accepted or rejected as a group.

The government has announced a package of measures to help the British film industry...

政府已经公布了帮助英国电影产业的一揽子措施。

They put together a Western economic aid package for Moscow.

他们为莫斯科准备了一整套西方经济援助计划。

4 VERB 动词 **(销售前)包装(产品)** When a product is packaged, it is put into containers to be sold.

The beans are then ground and packaged for sale as ground coffee...

然后那些咖啡豆被磨碎，包装好作为咖啡粉出售。

Packaged foods have to show a list of ingredients.

包装食品必须列出食品成分。

5 VERB 动词 **(为提高吸引力或趣味性而)包装** If something is packaged in a particular way, it is presented or advertised in that way in order to make it seem attractive or interesting.

A city has to be packaged properly to be attractive to tourists.

城市必须进行适当的包装以吸引游客。

...entertainment packaged as information.

被包装成知识性节目的娱乐节目

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **包价(旅游)** A package tour, or in British English a package holiday, is a holiday arranged by a travel company in which your travel and your accommodation are booked for you.

If you are on a package holiday, your travel company's rep should act on your behalf.

如果你是参加包价旅游，你的旅行社代表将代为行事。

pain ★★★★★☆

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **痛；疼痛** Pain is the feeling of great discomfort you have, for example when you have been hurt or when you are ill.

...back pain.

背痛

...a bone disease that caused excruciating pain...

造成剧痛的骨病

To help ease the pain, heat can be applied to the area with a hot water bottle...

用热水瓶热敷疼痛部位有助于缓解疼痛。

I felt a sharp pain in my lower back...

我感觉到后腰一阵剧痛。

The illness began with a nagging pain.

那种病一开始是持续疼痛。

...chest pains.

胸痛

If you are in pain, you feel pain in a part of your body, because you are injured or ill. **感到疼痛**

She was writhing in pain, bathed in perspiration.

她痛苦地扭动着，全身都汗湿了。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **痛苦；悲痛** Pain is the feeling of unhappiness that you have when something unpleasant or upsetting happens.

...grey eyes that seemed filled with pain.

似乎充满了痛苦的灰眼睛

3 VERB 动词 **使痛苦；使苦恼** If a fact or idea pains you, it makes you feel upset and disappointed.

This public acknowledgment of Ted's disability pained my mother...

这一下大家都知道了特德的残疾，这让母亲非常痛苦。

It pains me to think of you struggling all alone.

想到你一个人苦苦挣扎，我很难过。

4 PHRASE 短语 **讨厌鬼，烦心事** (英国英语亦用 a pain in the arse, a pain in the backside等，美国英语亦用 a pain in the ass, a pain in the butt等，但多数人认为冒犯意味) In informal English, if you call someone or something a pain or a pain in the neck, you mean that they are very annoying or irritating. Expressions such as a pain in the arse and a pain in the backside in British English, or a pain in the ass and a pain in the butt in American English, are also used, but most people consider them offensive.

5 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指为避免困境而)急切想做，迫切想要做** If someone is at pains to do something, they are very eager and anxious to do it, especially because they want to avoid a difficult situation.

Mobil is at pains to point out that the chances of an explosion at the site are remote.

美孚公司急于说明那个地点发生爆炸的可能性微乎其微。

6 PHRASE 短语 **作为辛劳的回报；付出千辛万苦，到头来却...** You say that something was all you got for your pains when you are mentioning the disappointing result of situation into which you put a lot of work or effort.

All Corfield got for his pains was a bullet in the head...

科菲尔德千辛万苦，到头来却被一枪爆头。

The Professor lavished his learning on the young visitor but gained little gratitude for his pains.

教授将自己的学识倾囊传授给那位年轻访客，到头来却没有获得一点感激。

7 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **如违反则以...处罚** If someone is ordered not to do something on pain of or under pain of death, imprisonment, or arrest, they will be killed, put in prison, or arrested if they do it.

We were forbidden, under pain of imprisonment, to use our native language.

我们被禁止使用母语，违者将被关进监狱。

8 PHRASE 短语 **煞费苦心；尽心竭力** If you take pains to do something or go to great pains to do something, you try hard to do it, because you think it is important to do it.

Social workers went to great pains to acknowledge men's domestic rights...

社会工作者尽量尊重男性的家庭权利。

I had taken great pains with my appearance.

我在自己的容貌上下了很多工夫。

paint ★★★★★☆

1 N-MASS 物质名词 **油漆；涂料** Paint is a coloured liquid that you put onto a surface with a brush in order to protect the surface or to make it look nice, or that you use to produce a picture.

...a pot of red paint...

一罐红漆

They saw some large letters in white paint.

他们看见了用白漆写的几个大大的字母。

...water-based artist's paints.

水性美术颜料

2 N-SING 单数名词 **(已干的)油漆层，涂层** On a wall or object, the paint is the covering of dried paint on it.

The paint was peeling on the window frames...

窗框上的油漆在剥落。

They'll probably scrape the paint off and make it look like a regular patrol car.

他们可能会将油漆刮掉，使它看起来像一部普通的巡逻警车。

3 VERB 动词 **给...上油漆(或涂料)** If you paint a wall or an object, you cover it with paint.

They started to mend the woodwork and paint the walls...

他们开始修补木建部分，粉刷墙壁。

I made a guitar and painted it red.

我做了一把吉他，并把它漆成了红色。

...painted furniture.

上漆的家具

4 VERB 动词 **(用颜料)绘，画** If you paint something or paint a picture of it, you produce a picture of it using paint.

He is painting a huge volcano...

他正在画一座巨大的火山。

Why do people paint pictures?...

人们为什么画画？

I had come here to **paint**.

我来这里作画。

5 VERB 动词 **用漆写 (或画)** When you **paint** a design or message on a surface, you put it on the surface using paint.

...a machine for **painting** white lines down roads...

用漆在马路上划白线的机器

They went around **painting** rude slogans on cars...

他们到处在汽车上涂写粗鲁的标语。

The recesses are decorated with gold stars, with smaller stars **painted** along the edges.

那些壁龛用金色的星星作装饰，边缘则用漆绘着小一些的星星。

6 VERB 动词 **涂，抹 (嘴唇、指甲等)** If a woman **paints** her lips or nails, she puts a coloured cosmetic on them.

She propped the mirror against her handbag and began to **paint** her lips...

她把镜子靠在手包上支好，开始涂口红。

She **paints** her fingernails bright red.

她把指甲涂成了亮红色。

7 VERB 动词 **描绘；描述** If you **paint** a grim or vivid picture of something, you give a description of it that is grim or vivid.

The report **paints** a grim picture of life there...

那则报道把那里的生活描绘得很凄惨。

He went on to **paint** a rosy picture about how much has already been accomplished.

他继续描绘着已经取得多大成就的美好画卷。

8 See also: [painting](#) ; [gloss paint](#) ; [oil](#)

[paint](#) ; [poster paint](#) ; [war paint](#) ;

painting ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **画作** A **painting** is a picture which someone has painted.

...a large oil-**painting** of Queen Victoria.

维多利亚女王的大幅油画

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **绘画** **Painting** is the activity of painting pictures.

...two hobbies she really enjoyed, **painting** and gardening.

她的两大嗜好: 绘画和园艺

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **粉刷；上漆** **Painting** is the activity of painting doors, walls, and some other parts of buildings.

...**painting** and decorating.

粉刷和装潢

pair ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **双；对；副** A **pair** of things are two things of the same size and shape that are used together or are both part of something, for example shoes, earrings, or parts of the body.

...a **pair** of socks.

一双袜子

...trainers that cost up to 90 pounds a **pair**...

售价高达90英镑一双的运动鞋

72,000 **pairs** of hands clapped in unison to the song.

72,000双手和着歌曲整齐划一地打着拍子。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **套，条，把，副 (由两个尺寸和形状相同的部分组成的物品，如裤子、剪刀)**

Some objects that have two main parts of the same size and shape are referred to as a **pair**, for example a **pair** of trousers or a **pair** of scissors .

...a **pair** of faded jeans.

一条褪色的牛仔裤

...a **pair** of binoculars.

一副双筒望远镜

3 N-SING 单数名词 **一对伴儿；一对夫妻；一对情侣** You can refer to two people as a **pair** when they are standing or walking together or when they have some kind of relationship with each other.

A **pair** of teenage boys were smoking cigarettes...

两个十来岁的男孩正在吸烟。

The **pair** admitted that their three-year-old marriage was going through 'a difficult time'...

那对夫妻承认他们3年的婚姻正在经历一个“困难期”。

He and Paula made an unlikely **pair**.

他和葆拉不太可能成为一对儿。

4 VERB 动词 **使配对；使配成搭档** If one thing is **paired** with another, it is put with it or considered with it.

The trainees will then be **paired** with experienced managers.

实习生随后将会与经验丰富的经理结成对子。

pairing

...the **pairing** of these two fine musicians.

这两位出色音乐家的联袂

5 See also: [au pair](#) ;

Usage Note :

The noun **pair** can take either a singular verb or a plural verb, depending on whether it refers to one thing seen as a unit or a collection of two things or people. *A good, supportive and protective pair of trainers is essential... The pair are still friends and attend functions together.*

pair作名词时，其后跟动词的单数还是复数形式取决于所指的是看作一个整体的一件东西，还是两个事物或人的组合：A good, supportive and protective pair of trainers is essential... (一双兼具支撑性和保护性的好的运动鞋是必不可少的)，The pair are still friends and attend functions together (他们俩依然是朋友，仍一起出席一些社交活动)。

6 PHRASE 短语 **可靠的好帮手；可以委托的人** If you say that someone is or has a **safe pair of hands**, you mean that they are reliable and will not make any serious mistakes.

He has now held five cabinet posts and remains a **safe pair** of hands.

他现在担任5个内阁职位，仍是一个靠得住的人。

相关词组：

[pair off](#) [pair up](#)

park ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **公园** A **park** is a public area of land with grass and trees, usually in a town, where people go in order to relax and enjoy themselves.

...Regent's Park...

摄政公园

...a brisk walk with the dog around the **park**...

牵着狗在公园里轻快地散步

They stopped and sat on a **park** bench.

他们停下来，坐在公园长椅上。

2 VERB 动词 See also: [double-park](#) ; **停放 (车辆)；泊 (车)** When you **park** a vehicle or **park** somewhere, you drive the vehicle into a position where it can stay for a period of time, and leave it there.

Greenfield turned into the next side street and **parked**...

格林菲尔德转进下一个小巷，停好车。

He found a place to **park** the car...

他找到了一个停车位。

Ben **parked** across the street.

本把车停在街对面。

...rows of **parked** cars.

一排排停放的汽车

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(作为特定活动场地的) ... 园，...区** You can refer to a place where a particular activity is carried out as a **park** .

...a science and technology **park**.

科技园区

...a business **park**.

商务区

4 N-VAR 可变名词 **庄园；庭院；园林** A private area of grass and trees around a large country house is referred to as a **park** .

...a 19th century manor house in six acres of **park** and woodland.

位于6英亩园林和树林中的19世纪庄园宅第

5 N-SING 单数名词 **足球场；橄榄球场** Some people refer to a football or rugby field as **the park** .

Chris was also the best player on the **park**.

克里斯同时也是场上的最佳球员。

6 N-COUNT ; also N-IN-NAMES 可数名词；名称名词 **棒球场 (亦用于某些棒球场名称中)** A **park** is a park or stadium where baseball is played. **Park** is also used in the names of some parks.

...a spot where professional baseball has been played in one **park** or another since 1896...

自1896年以来其中多个棒球场举办过职业棒球赛的地方

The network was broadcasting the World Series from Candlestick Park when the quake struck. 地震发生时，该电视网正在烛台棒球场直播世界系列赛。

2 See also: [parked](#) ; [amusement](#)

[park](#) ; [ballpark](#) ; [car park](#) ; [national park](#) ; [safari park](#) ; [theme park](#) ;

Usage Note :

Note that you do not use the word 'parking' to refer to a place where cars are parked. Instead, you talk about a **car park** in British English and a **parking lot** in American English. **Parking** is used only to refer to the action of parking your car, or to the state of being parked... a 'No Parking' sign.

注意：停车场不能用 parking 表示，在英国英语中用 car park，美国英语中用 parking lot，parking 只用来指停车的动作或车停好的状态，如：a 'No Parking' sign (“禁止停车”的标志) 。

particular ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **特定的；特指的** You use **particular** to emphasize that you are talking about one thing or one kind of thing rather than other similar ones.

I remembered a **particular** story about a postman who was a murderer...

我记得有个故事，讲的是一个邮递员杀人的事情。

I have to know exactly why it is I'm doing a **particular** job.

我必须明确知道我为什么要做特定的一项工作。

...if there are **particular** things you're interested in.

如果有你感兴趣的东西

2 ADJ 形容词 **特殊的；特别的；独特的** If a person or thing has a **particular** quality or possession, it is distinct and belongs only to them.

I have a **particular** responsibility to ensure I make the right decision...

我肩负特殊责任，必须确保自己作出的决定是正确的。

Fatigue is a **particular** problem for women.

疲劳是女性特有的问题。

3 ADJ 形容词 **格外的；特别的；尤其的** You can use **particular** to emphasize that something is greater or more intense than usual.

Particular emphasis will be placed on oral language training.

将会特别强调口语训练。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **挑剔的；讲究的** If you say that someone is **particular**, you mean that they choose things and do things very carefully, and are not easily satisfied.

Ted was very **particular** about the colors he used.

特德在用色上非常讲究。

5 See also: [particulars](#) ;

6 PHRASE 短语 **尤其；特别** You use **in particular** to indicate that what you are saying applies especially to one thing or person.

The situation in Ethiopia **in particular** is worrying...

埃塞俄比亚的局势尤其令人担忧。

Why should he notice her car **in particular**?...

他为什么会特别注意到她的车？

In particular I admire Gary Lineker.

我特别崇拜加里·莱因克尔。

7 PHRASE 短语 **没什么重要（或特别）的事物（或人）** You use **nothing in particular** or **nobody in particular** to mean nothing or nobody important or special.

I went along thinking of **nothing in particular** only looking at things around me...

我一路走着，没想什么特别的事，只是四下张望着。

Drew made some remarks to **nobody in particular** and said goodbye.

德鲁说了一些不针对任何人的话就告辞了。

particularly ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **特别；尤其** You use **particularly** to indicate that what you are saying applies especially to one thing or situation.

Keep your office space looking good, **particularly** your desk...

保持办公环境的整洁，尤其是你的桌子。

More local employment will be created, **particularly** in service industries...

当地会创造出更多的就业机会，尤其是服务行业。

I often do absent-minded things, **particularly** when I'm worried.

我常做些心不在焉的事，尤其是在我焦虑不安时。

2 ADV 副词 **格外；异乎寻常地** **Particularly** means more than usual or more than other things.

Progress has been **particularly** disappointing...

进展情况格外令人失望。

I **particularly** liked the wooden chests and chairs.

我格外喜欢木箱子和木椅子。

partner ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **配偶；（性）伴侣** Your **partner** is the person you are married to or are having a romantic or sexual relationship with.

Wanting other friends doesn't mean you don't love your **partner**.

想交其他朋友并不意味着你不爱你的伴侣。

...his choice of marriage **partner**.

他对婚姻伴侣的选择

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **同伴；搭档** Your **partner** is the person you are doing something with, for example dancing with or playing with in a game against two other people.

...to dance with a **partner**...

和舞伴跳舞

My **partner** for the event was the marvellous American player.

那场比赛我的搭档是那位了不起的美国选手。

...a **partner** in crime.

共犯

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **合伙人** The **partners** in a firm or business are the people who share the ownership of it.

He's a **partner** in a Chicago law firm.

他是芝加哥一家律师事务所的合伙人。

...her business **partner** Max Hampshire.

她生意上的合伙人马克斯·汉普希尔

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **盟友；伙伴** The **partner** of a country or organization is another country or organization with which they work or do business.

Spain has been one of Cuba's major trading **partners**.

西班牙一直是古巴的主要贸易伙伴之一。

...the main coalition **partner** in the Slovak government.

斯洛伐克联合政府中的主要盟友

5 VERB 动词 **（比赛或舞蹈中）做...的伙伴（或搭档），与...配对** If you **partner** someone, you are their partner in a game or in a dance.

He had **partnered** the famous Russian ballerina...

他已经和那位著名的俄罗斯芭蕾舞女演员做了搭档。

He will be **partnered** by Ian Baker, the defending champion...

他将和卫冕冠军伊恩·贝克搭档。

He **partnered** Andre Agassi to victory.

他和安德烈·阿加西搭档取得胜利。

patient ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **患者；病人** A **patient** is a person who is receiving medical treatment from a doctor or hospital. A **patient** is also someone who is registered with a particular doctor. →see usage note at: [clinic](#)

The earlier the treatment is given, the better the **patient's** chances...

病人越早接受治疗，康复的可能性就越大。

She was tough but wonderful with her **patients**...

她很严厉，但对患者却很好。

He specialized in treatment of cancer **patients**.

他是治疗癌症病人的专家。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **能忍耐的；有耐心的** If you are **patient**, you stay calm and do not get annoyed, for example

when something takes a long time, or when someone is not doing what you want them to do.

Please be **patient** — your cheque will arrive...

请耐心等待——你的支票会来的。

He was endlessly kind and **patient** with children.

他对孩子们总是非常好，很有耐心。

patiently

She waited **patiently** for Frances to finish.

她耐心地等弗朗西丝弄完。

pattern ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **模式；方式** A **pattern** is the repeated or regular way in which something happens or is done.

All three attacks followed the same **pattern**...

3次袭击模式相同。

A change in the **pattern** of his breathing became apparent.

他的呼吸方式明显起了变化。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **图案；花样** A **pattern** is an arrangement of lines or shapes, especially a design in which the same shape is repeated at regular intervals over a surface.

...a golden robe embroidered with red and purple thread stitched into a **pattern** of flames.

用红线和紫线绣着火焰图案的金色礼袍

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **模型；样板** A **pattern** is a diagram or shape that you can use as a guide when you are making something such as a model or a piece of clothing.

...cutting out a **pattern** for trousers...

裁出裤子的样板

Send for our free **patterns** to knit yourself.

欢迎函索免费式样体验自己编织的乐趣。

...sewing **patterns**.

缝纫样板

payment ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **付款额；支付的款项；支付；付款** A **payment** is an amount of money that is paid to someone, or the act of paying this money.

Thousands of its customers are in arrears with loans and mortgage **payments**...

有数千客户拖欠其贷款和抵押贷款还款。

The fund will make **payments** of just over £1 billion next year.

该基金明年的支付额刚好过10亿英镑。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **支付；付款** **Payment** is the act of paying money to someone or of being paid.

He had sought to obtain **payment** of a sum which he had claimed was owed to him.

他声称别人欠他一笔钱，他在想方设法讨要回来。

3 See also: [balance of payments](#) ; [down payment](#) ;

perfect ★★★★★

The adjective is pronounced /'pi:fi:kt/. The verb is pronounced /pə'fekt/. 形容词读作/'pi:fi:kt/，动词读作/pə'fekt/。

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **完美的；最佳的** Something that is **perfect** is as good as it could possibly be. **practice makes perfect**→see: [practice](#) ;

He spoke **perfect** English...

他英语说得棒极了。

Hiring a nanny has turned out to be the **perfect** solution...

雇用保姆结果成了解决问题的最佳方法。

It's a **perfect** example of a house reflecting the person who lives there...

这是房子反映主人个性的最佳例子。

Nobody is **perfect**.

人无完人。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **绝配的；十分合适的** If you say that something is **perfect for** a particular person, thing, or activity, you are emphasizing that it is very suitable for them or for that activity.

Carpet tiles are **perfect for** kitchens because they're easy to take up and wash...

方块地毯非常适用于厨房，因为其便于揭起来清洗。

So this could be the **perfect** time to buy a home.

所以这可能是买房子的绝佳时机。

3 ADJ 形容词 **无瑕的；完好的；完美无缺的** If an object or surface is **perfect**, it does not have any marks on it, or does not have any lumps, hollows, or cracks in it.

Use only clean, Grade A, **perfect** eggs.

只用表面干净、无碰撞的A级鸡蛋。

...their **perfect** white teeth.

他们洁白无瑕的牙齿

4 ADJ 形容词 **十足的；完全的** You can use **perfect** to give emphasis to the noun following it.

She was a **perfect** fool...

她愚蠢至极。

Some people are always coming up to **perfect** strangers and asking them what they do...

有些人总爱和完全不认识的人搭讪，询问人家的职业。

What he had said to her made **perfect** sense.

他对她说的话非常合乎情理。

5 VERB 动词 **使完美；完善** If you **perfect** something, you improve it so that it becomes as good as it can possibly be.

We **perfected** a hand-signal system so that he could keep me informed of hazards...

我们完善了一套手势信号，这样他就能随时告知我什么时候有危险了。

I removed the fibroid tumours, using the techniques that I have **perfected**.

我用完善后的技术摘掉了纤维瘤。

...girls who needed to **perfect** their English.

需要提高英语水平的女孩们

6 ADJ 形容词 See also: [future](#) ; [present perfect](#) ; [past perfect](#) ; (动词) **完成时的** The **perfect** tenses of a verb are the ones used to talk about things that happened or began before a particular time, as in 'He's already left' and 'They had always liked her'. The present perfect tense is sometimes called the **perfect** tense.

perform ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **做，执行，履行（尤指复杂的任务或行动）** When you **perform** a task or action, especially a complicated one, you do it.

We're looking for people of all ages who have **performed** outstanding acts of bravery, kindness or courage...

我们正在寻找那些见义勇为、乐于助人、勇气可嘉的人，年龄不限。

His council had had to **perform** miracles on a tiny budget...

他的委员会不得不以极少的预算去创造奇迹。

Several grafts may be **performed** at one operation.

在一次手术中可能会进行多次植皮。

2 VERB 动词 **起...作用；有...功能** If something **performs** a particular function, it has that function.

A complex engine has many separate components, each **performing** a different function.

一个复杂发动机有很多独立零部件，每个零部件具有不同作用。

3 VERB 动词 **演出；表演；演奏** If you **perform** a play, a piece of music, or a dance, you do it in front of an audience.

Gardiner has pursued relentlessly high standards in **performing** classical music...

加德纳一直不懈地追求古典音乐演奏的高水准。

This play was first **performed** in 411 BC...

该剧于公元前411年首演。

He began **performing** in the early fifties, singing and playing guitar.

他从50年代早期开始表演吉他弹唱。

4 VERB 动词 **（人）表现良好/很差；（事物）运转良好/糟糕** If someone or something **performs well**, they work well or achieve a good result. If they **perform badly**, they work badly or achieve a poor result.

He had not **performed** well in his exams...

他考试没考好。

England **performed** so well against France at Wembley...

在温布利球场上，英格兰队表现出色，击败了法国队。

'State-owned industries will always **perform** poorly,' John Moore informed readers...

“国有企业经营不善将是常态，”约翰·穆尔告诉读者。

When there's snow and ice, how's this car going

to perform?

路面有冰雪时，这种汽车性能如何？

performance ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **表演；演出** A performance involves entertaining an audience by doing something such as singing, dancing, or acting.

Inside the theatre, they were giving a performance of Bizet's Carmen.

在剧院里，他们正在演出比才的作品《卡门》。

...her performance as the betrayed Medea...

她所演绎的遭人背叛的美狄亚

The Festival Of Asian Arts & Music will include two days of live performances.

亚洲艺术音乐节将安排两天的现场表演。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **表现；业绩；性能；运行情况**

Someone's or something's performance is how successful they are or how well they do something.

That study looked at the performance of 18 surgeons...

那项研究调查了18名外科医生的工作表现。

The poor performance has been blamed on the recession and cheaper sports car imports...

业绩不佳的原因被归咎于经济衰退和低价跑车的进口。

The job of the new director-general was to ensure that performance targets were met.

新主管的任务是确保实现业绩目标。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(汽车的)性能** A car's performance is its ability to go fast and to increase its speed quickly.

4 ADJ 形容词 See also: [high-performance](#) ; **性能卓越的；高性能的** A performance car is one that can go very fast and can increase its speed very quickly.

5 N-SING 单数名词 **执行；履行；做** The performance of a task is the fact or action of doing it.

He devoted in excess of seventy hours a week to the performance of his duties...

为了完成任务，他每周工作70多个小时。

The people believe that the performance of this ritual is the will of the Great Spirit.

该部族的人认为举行这种仪式是大神的意志。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **复杂的事情；麻烦事** You can describe something that is or looks complicated or difficult to do as a performance.

The whole process is quite a performance...

整个过程相当复杂。

She made a big performance of sprinkling all the spices on.

她费了不少劲才把所有的香料都撒在上面。

7 a repeat performance → see: [repeat](#) ;

period ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一段时间；时期** A period is a length of time.

This crisis might last for a long period of time.

这次危机可能持续很长时间。

...a period of a few months.

几个月时间

...for a limited period only.

只在有限的时期内

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(个人、组织或社会的)阶段，时期，时代** A period in the life of a person, organization, or society is a length of time which is remembered for a particular situation or activity.

...a period of economic good health and expansion...

经济健康发展并且不断扩张的一段时期

He went through a period of wanting to be accepted...

有一段时间他很想被人接受。

The South African years were his most creative period.

在南非的那些年是他创作最旺盛的时期。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(历史上的)阶段，时期** A particular length of time in history is sometimes called a period. For example, you can talk about the Victorian period or the Elizabethan period in Britain.

...the Roman period...

罗马帝国时代

No reference to their existence appears in any literature of the period.

这一时期的文学作品中都没有提及他们的存在。

...the most difficult periods of history.

历史上最艰难的时期

4 ADJ 形容词 **(服装、家具、乐器)过去的，古代的，具有某个时代特征的** Period costumes, furniture, and instruments were made at an earlier time in history, or look as if they were made then.

...dressed in full period costume.

穿着宽松的古装

...replicas of period instruments.

古乐器的复制品

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(练习、训练、学习的)时间，时段** Exercise, training, or study periods are lengths of time that are set aside for exercise, training, or study.

They accompanied him during his exercise periods.

练习的时候他们陪着他。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **课；课时；节** At a school or college, a period is one of the parts that the day is divided into during which lessons or other activities take place.

...periods of private study.

自习课

...taking his scripts to school in order to learn the lines in free periods.

把他的剧本带到学校以便空闲的时候背台词

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **月经** When a woman has a period, she bleeds from her womb. This usually happens once a month, unless she is pregnant.

8 ADV 副词 **到此为止；不再说了** Some people say period after stating a fact or opinion when they want to emphasize that they are definite about something and do not want to discuss it further.

I don't want to do it, period.

我不想做，这事就到此为止吧。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **句号** A period is the punctuation mark (.) which you use at the end of a sentence when it is not a question or an exclamation.

in BRIT, use [英国英语用](#) full stop

personal ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **个人的；私人的** A personal opinion, quality, or thing belongs or relates to one particular person rather than to other people.

He learned this lesson the hard way — from his own personal experience...

吃一堑长一智，他这个教训来之不易——是从他自己的亲身经历中得来的。

That's my personal opinion.

那是我的个人观点。

...books, furniture, and other personal belongings...

书、家具和其他个人物品

Refugees also complain that soldiers steal food and personal property from them and demand bribes in exchange for food or shelter...

难民们同时抱怨说士兵偷他们的食品和私人财物，而且借提供食物和住处之机向他们索贿。

The President arrived, followed by his personal bodyguard.

总统来了，随行的是他的私人保镖。

...an estimated personal fortune of almost seventy million dollars.

估计个人财产接近7,000万美元

2 ADJ 形容词 **亲自的；本人的** If you give something your personal care or attention, you deal with it yourself rather than letting someone else deal with it.

...a business that requires a great deal of personal contact.

经常需要本人亲自联系、打理的生意

...a personal letter from the President's secretary...

总统秘书亲自寄出的信

People do not mind paying a bit extra for the personal touch.

冲着个性化设计人们不介意多花点儿钱。

3 ADJ 形容词 **(感情、关系、健康方面)个人的，人际的，自己的** Personal matters relate to your feelings, relationships, and health.

...teaching young people about marriage and personal relationships...

教导年轻人有关婚姻和人际关系方面的事情

You never allow **personal** problems to affect your performance...

绝不要让个人问题影响你的表现。

We sacrifice our **personal** lives to our work...

我们为工作牺牲了私人生活。

Mr Knight said that he had resigned for **personal** reasons.

奈特先生说他是由于个人原因而辞职。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **针对个人的；人身攻击的** **Personal** comments refer to someone's appearance or character in an offensive way.

Newspapers resorted to **personal** abuse...

报纸采取了人身攻击的手段。

Myra was attacking something I'd written, and her attack got a little **personal**.

迈拉批评我写的东西，她的批评多少有些人身攻击的味道。

5 ADJ 形容词 **外貌的；身体的** **Personal** care involves looking after your body and appearance.

...men who take as much trouble over **personal** hygiene as women.

像女人一样不嫌麻烦打理个人卫生的男人

6 ADJ 形容词 **私人的；非业务关系的** A **personal** relationship is one that is not connected with your job or public life.

He was a **personal** friend whom I've known for many many years...

他是一位我认识多年的私人朋友。

What began as a professional relationship became a **personal** one pretty quickly, despite us coming from very different backgrounds.

尽管我们各自背景不同，但我们还是很快从工作关系发展成了私下的好朋友。

7 See also: [personals](#) ;

phone ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 **电话** The **phone** is an electrical system that you use to talk to someone else in another place, by dialling a number on a piece of equipment and speaking into it.

You can buy insurance over the **phone**...

你可以通过电话购买保险。

She looked forward to talking to her daughter by **phone**...

她盼望着能打电话和女儿交谈。

Do you have an address and **phone** number for him?

你有他的地址和电话号码么？

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [cellular phone](#) ; [mobile phone](#) ; **电话机** The **phone** is the piece of equipment that you use when you dial someone's phone number and talk to them.

Two minutes later the **phone** rang...

两分钟后电话响了。

Doug's 14-year-old son Jamie answered the **phone**.

道格14岁的儿子杰米接了电话。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **电话听筒** If you say that someone picks up or puts down the **phone**, you mean that they lift or replace the receiver.

She picked up the **phone**, and began to dial Maurice Campbell's number...

她拿起电话听筒，开始拨打莫里斯·坎贝尔的号码。

Trembling, she put the **phone** down. It rang again almost immediately.

她颤抖着放下电话听筒，电话几乎立刻又响了起来。

4 VERB 动词 **给...打电话** When you **phone** someone, you dial their phone number and speak to them by phone.

He'd **phoned** Laura to see if she was better...

他打电话给劳拉看她是不是好些了。

I got more and more angry as I waited for her to **phone**.

我等她电话的时候，越等越生气。

5 PHRASE 短语 **在通话** If you say that someone is **on the phone**, you mean that they are speaking to someone else by phone.

She's always **on the phone**, wanting to know what I've been up to.

她老来电话，想知道我在做什么。

6 PHRASE 短语 **装了电话的；可用电话联系的** If you are **on the phone**, you have a phone in your home or place of work, so that you can be contacted by phone.

The Frosts were not **on the phone**.

福罗斯特家没装电话。

相关词组：

[phone in](#) [phone up](#)

photograph ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **照片；相片** A **photograph** is a picture that is made using a camera.

He wants to take some **photographs** of the house...

他想给这幢房子拍一些照片。

Her **photograph** appeared on the front page of The New York Times.

她的照片登在了《纽约时报》的头版上。

2 VERB 动词 **给...拍照；为...拍照** When you **photograph** someone or something, you use a camera to obtain a picture of them.

She **photographed** the children...

她给孩子们拍了照。

I hate being **photographed**...

我讨厌照相。

They were **photographed** kissing on the platform.

有人拍到了他们在站台接吻的照片。

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **身体的；肉体的；躯体的** **Physical** qualities, actions, or things are connected with a person's body, rather than with their mind.

...the **physical** and mental problems caused by the illness...

这种病引起的生理和心理的问题

Physical activity promotes good health...

体育活动促进身体健康。

The attraction between them is **physical**.

他们之间的彼此吸引是肉体上的。

2 ADJ 形容词 **物质的；有形的；实物的** **Physical** things are real things that can be touched and seen, rather than ideas or spoken words.

Physical and ideological barriers had come down in Eastern Europe.

物质和意识形态上的障碍在东欧已不复存在。

...**physical** evidence to support the story.

支持这种说法的实证

...the **physical** similarities among the towns.

城市之间外在的相似之处

3 ADJ 形容词 **外部的；外观的；有形的** **Physical** means relating to the structure, size, or shape of something that can be touched and seen.

...the **physical** characteristics of the terrain.

这种地形的外在特征

...the **physical** properties (weight, volume, hardness, etc.) of a substance.

物质的外部特性（重量、体积、硬度等）

4 ADJ 形容词 **物理学的** **Physical** means connected with physics or the laws of physics.

...the **physical** laws of combustion and thermodynamics.

燃烧和热力学物理定律

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **喜欢动手动脚的；有大量身体接触（或碰撞）的** Someone who is **physical** touches people a lot, either in an affectionate way or in a rough way.

We decided that in the game we would be **physical** and aggressive.

我们决定在比赛中积极拼抢，大胆进攻。

6 ADJ 形容词 **肉体的；性的** **Physical** is used in expressions such as **physical** love and **physical** relationships to refer to sexual relationships between people.

the book celebrated the sublime joys of **physical**

love...

本书赞美了性爱带来的无比美妙的愉悦。

It had been years since they had shared any meaningful form of **physical** relationship.

他们已多年没有真正意义上的性生活了。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **体格检查；身体检查** A **physical** is a medical examination, done in order to see if someone is fit and well enough to do a particular job or to join the army.

Bob failed his **physical**...

鲍勃体检不合格。

Routine **physicals** are done by a nurse.

由一名护士做常规体检。

pick ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **挑选；选择** If you **pick** a particular person or thing, you choose that one.

Mr Nowell had **picked** ten people to interview for six sales jobs in London...

诺埃尔先生为伦敦的6个销售职位选出了10人进行面试。

I had deliberately **picked** a city with a tropical climate.

我特意选了一个热带气候的城市。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **精华；精品；精英** You can refer to the best things or people in a particular group as **the pick** of that group.

The boys here are the **pick** of the under-15 cricketers in the country...

这儿的男孩是全国15岁以下板球手中的佼佼者。

We had the **pick** of suits from the shop.

我们买了店里最好的套装。

3 VERB 动词 **采；摘** When you **pick** flowers, fruit, or leaves, you break them off the plant or tree and collect them.

She used to **pick** flowers in the Cromwell Road...

她过去常到克伦威尔路采花。

He helps his mother **pick** fruit.

他帮母亲摘果子。

4 VERB 动词 **拿取；挪移** If you **pick** something from a place, you remove it from there with your fingers or your hand.

He **picked** the napkin from his lap and placed it alongside his plate...

他拿起腿上的餐巾，放在盘子旁边。

He **picked** the telephone off the wall bracket.

他从墙上的固定托架上摘下电话。

5 VERB 动词 **抠（鼻）；剔（牙）** If you **pick** your **nose** or **teeth**, you remove substances from inside your nose or between your teeth.

Edgar, don't **pick** your nose, dear...

埃德加，不要抠鼻子，宝贝儿。

He had just had a meal and was **picking** his teeth after it.

他刚吃完饭，正在剔牙。

6 VERB 动词 **寻找...的口实；寻（衅）；找（碴儿）** If you **pick** a fight or quarrel with someone, you deliberately cause one.

He **picked** a fight with a waiter and landed in jail...

他找碴儿跟服务生打了一架，最后进了监狱。

He was clearly in a mood to **pick** a quarrel with anybody.

他现在的心情明显是逮谁就想跟谁吵。

7 VERB 动词 **撬开（锁）；扒窃...中的东西** If someone such as a thief **picks** a lock, they open it without a key, for example by using a piece of wire.

He **picked** each lock deftly, and rifled the papers within each drawer.

他熟练地撬开每一把锁，把每个抽屉里的文件都偷走了。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **同 pickaxe** A **pick** is the same as a **pickaxe**.

9 See also: [hand-pick](#); [ice pick](#);

10 PHRASE 短语 **挑挑拣拣；挑三拣四；挑剔** If you **pick and choose**, you carefully choose only things that you really want and reject the others.

As a vocational teacher I could pretty much **pick and choose** my work...

作为一名职业教师，我几乎可以随意挑拣自己的工作。

We, the patients, cannot **pick and choose** our doctors.

我们患者不能对医生挑挑拣拣。

11 PHRASE 短语 **可从...中任意挑选** If you **have your pick** of a group of things, you are able to choose any of them that you want.

Here is an actress who could have her **pick** of any part...

这是一个角色任她挑选的女演员。

Klein could have had his **pick** of the world's top models.

克莱恩本可以从世界顶尖模特中想选谁就选谁。

12 PHRASE 短语 **任意挑选** If you are told to **take your pick**, you can choose any one that you like from a group of things.

Accountants can take their **pick** of company cars...

会计师可以任选配备的公车。

Take your **pick** from ten luxury hotels...

10家豪华宾馆任你选择。

See our selection of autumn favourites and take your **pick**.

看看我们的秋季精选，然后挑出你想要的。

13 PHRASE 短语 **择路而行；小心行路** If you **pick your way** across an area, you walk across it very carefully in order to avoid obstacles or dangerous things.

The girls were afraid of snakes and **picked** their way along with extreme caution...

女孩们害怕蛇，于是谨小慎微地择路而行。

I moved away from the shack and **picked** my way among the rubble.

我离开木屋，小心地走在瓦砾间。

14 to **pick** someone's **brains**→see: [brain](#);

to **pick** holes in something→see: [hole](#);

to **pick** someone's pocket→see: [pocket](#);

15 PHRASE 短语 **收拾残局；努力恢复正常** When you **pick up the pieces** after a disaster, you do what you can to get the situation back to normal again.

Do we try and prevent problems or do we try and **pick up the pieces** afterwards?...

我们是想要防患未然呢，还是想要事后收拾残局？

She died, and somehow I never **picked up the pieces** and started again.

她死后我竟一蹶不振，无法重新来过。

16 PHRASE 短语 **加速** When a vehicle **picks up speed**, it begins to move more quickly.

Brian pulled away slowly, but **picked up speed**.

布赖恩慢慢开动汽车，但很快就加速了。

相关词组：

[pick at](#) [pick off](#) [pick on](#) [pick out](#) [pick over](#)

[pick up](#)

picture ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **图画；绘画；图片** A **picture** consists of lines and shapes which are drawn, painted, or printed on a surface and show a person, thing, or scene.

A **picture** of Rory O'Moore hangs in the dining room at Kildangan.

一幅罗里·奥穆尔的画像挂在基尔丹根的餐厅里。

...drawing a small **picture** with coloured chalks.

用彩色粉笔画一张小画

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **照片** A **picture** is a photograph.

The tourists have nothing to do but take **pictures** of each other...

游客无事可做，只能互相拍照。

The Observer carries a big front-page **picture** of rioters in a litter-strewn street.

《观察家报》在头版刊登了一张暴乱者聚集在满是垃圾的街头的大幅照片。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **（电视）图像，画面**

Television **pictures** are the scenes which you see on a television screen.

...heartrending television **pictures** of human suffering.

令人心碎的人类遭受苦难的电视画面

4 VERB 动词 **（在报纸、杂志等上）登载...的照片（或图片）** To **be pictured** somewhere, for example in a newspaper or magazine, means to appear in a photograph or picture.

The golfer is **pictured** on many of the front

pages, kissing his trophy as he holds it aloft.

许多报纸的头版上都刊登了那个高尔夫球手高高举起奖杯亲吻的照片。

...a woman who claimed she had been pictured dancing with a celebrity in Stringfellows nightclub...

宣称自己在斯特林费洛夜总会和某位名人跳舞的照片上了报纸的女子

The rattan and wrought-iron chair pictured here costs £125.

这张图片中的铁艺藤椅要价125英镑。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **影片；电影** You can refer to a film as a **picture**.

Warner Communications Inc. has refused to distribute the **picture** in the United States.

华纳通信公司已拒绝在美国发行这部电影。

...a director of epic action **pictures**.

史诗动作片的导演

6 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **电影院** If you go to the **pictures**, you go to a cinema to see a film.

We're going to the **pictures** tonight...

我们今晚要去看电影。

I'd rather see it at the **pictures** than on video anyway.

我本来就宁可去电影院看，而不是看录像。

in AM, use 美国英语用 the movies

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **想象；印象；心中的形象；头脑中的情景** If you have a **picture** of something in your mind, you have a clear idea or memory of it in your mind as if you were actually seeing it.

They have in their mind a **picture** of what an alcoholic should look like...

他们的心中有一个酒鬼应有的样子。

We are just trying to get our **picture** of the whole afternoon straight...

我们只是想把整个下午的情形搞清楚。

I tried to put the **picture** from my mind.

我试图将这幅画面从脑海中抹去。

8 VERB 动词 **想象；设想** If you **picture** something in your mind, you think of it and have such a clear memory or idea of it that you seem to be able to see it.

He **pictured** her with long black braided hair...

他想象她留着黑油油的长辫子的样子。

I never would have **pictured** this as her home...

我怎么也想不出她的家会是这样。

He **pictured** Claire sitting out in the car, waiting for him...

他想象克莱尔坐在外面车里等他的情景。

She **pictured** herself working with animals...

她设想自己从事接触动物的工作。

I tried to **picture** the place, but could not.

我尽力想象那个地方，但想不出来。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **描述；描绘；写照** A **picture** of something is a description of it or an indication of what it is like.

I'll try and give you a better **picture** of what the boys do...

我会试着更清楚地向你描述一下这些男孩子都干些什么。

Her book paints a bleak **picture** of the problems women now face...

她的书是女性当下所面临问题的凄凉写照。

From the files that have now been released, a truer **picture** emerges.

从现在已公布的文件看，真相开始浮现。

10 N-SING 单数名词 **事态；情况；局面** When you refer to the **picture** in a particular place, you are referring to the situation there.

But as with other charitable bodies, these figures mask the true **picture**...

但和其他慈善机构一样，这些数字掩盖了实情。

It's a similar **picture** across the border in Ethiopia.

在边界那边的埃塞俄比亚，情况也大致相似。

11 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指通过他人描述)弄明白情况，了解情形** If you **get the picture**, you understand the situation, especially one which someone is describing to you.

Luke never tells you the whole story, but you always **get the picture**.

卢克从不告诉你事情的来龙去脉，但你总会弄明白是怎么回事。

12 PHRASE 短语 **牵涉其中/不涉其中；在局内/在局外** If you say that someone is **in the picture**, you mean that they are involved in the situation that you are talking about. If you say that they are **out of the picture**, you mean that they are not involved in the situation.

Meyerson is back **in the picture** after disappearing in July...

迈耶森在7月份消失后现在又掺和了进来了。

Sometimes security was so tight that people who might have had something important to offer were left **out of the picture**.

有时安全措施过于严密，使本来可能会提供重要情况的人成了局外人。

13 PHRASE 短语 **(形容模样)健康的化身/痛苦的典型** You use **picture** to describe what someone looks like. For example, if you say that someone is a **picture of health** or **the picture of misery**, you mean that they look extremely healthy or extremely miserable.

We found her standing on a chair, the **picture** of terror, screaming hysterically.

我们发现她站在一把椅子上，满脸恐惧地发出歇斯底里的尖叫。

14 PHRASE 短语 **使了解内情；向...介绍情况** If you **put someone in the picture**, you tell them about a situation which they need to know about.

Has Inspector Fayard put you **in the picture**?

法亚尔督察把情况都告诉你了吗？

piece ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(新下、撕下或切下的)块，片，段，截** A **piece** of something is an amount of it that has been broken off, torn off, or cut off.

...a **piece** of cake.

一块蛋糕

...a **piece** of wood.

一截木头

...a few words scrawled on a **piece** of paper...

潦草写在一张纸上的几个词

Cut the ham into **pieces**...

把火腿切成片。

Do you want another **piece**?

你还想再来一块吗？

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(尤指可拆卸的)部件，部分** A **piece** of an object is one of the individual parts or sections which it is made of, especially a part that can be removed.

...assembling objects out of standard **pieces**...

用标准部件组装物品

The equipment was taken down the shaft in **pieces**.

该设备被拆卸成几部分送下了井。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(土地的)一块，一片** A **piece** of land is an area of land.

People struggle to get the best **piece** of land.

人们竞相争夺最好的土地。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(与不可数名词连用)桩，项，条，件** You can use **piece of** with many uncount nouns to refer to an individual thing of a particular kind. For example, you can refer to some advice as a **piece of advice**.

When I produced this **piece** of work, my lecturers were very critical...

当我拿出这件作品时，我的讲师们提出了诸多批评意见。

It is a highly complex **piece** of legislation.

它是一项非常复杂的法规。

...an interesting **piece** of information.

一则有趣的信息

...a sensitive **piece** of equipment used to detect radiation.

一台灵敏的探测辐射设备

...a sturdy **piece** of furniture...

一件结实的家具

What essential **piece** of clothing would you take?

你会带哪件必不可少的衣服呢？

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(报纸或杂志上的一篇)文章；(一首或一部)音乐作品；(一段)广播节目；(一出)戏剧** You can refer to an article in a newspaper or magazine, some music written by someone, a broadcast, or a play as a **piece**.

I disagree with Andrew Russell over his **piece** on British Rail.

我不同意安德鲁·拉塞尔那篇关于英国铁路公司的文章。

...a vaguely familiar orchestral **piece**...

隐约有点熟悉的一首管弦乐

The day after his death there was a **piece** about him on television.

他去世的第二天，电视上播放了一段关于他的报道。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (一件) 艺术品 You can refer to a work of art as a **piece**.

Each **piece** is unique, an exquisite painting of a real person, done on ivory...

每一件艺术品都是绘在象牙上的精美绝伦的真人肖像，都是独一无二的。

None of the **pieces** is insured.

没有一件艺术品上过保险。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 硬币 You can refer to specific coins as **pieces**. For example, a 10p **piece** is a coin that is worth 10p.

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 棋子 The **pieces** which you use when you play a board game such as chess are the specially made objects which you move around on the board.

9 QUANT 数量词 (某物的) 一部分，一份 A **piece** of something is part of it or a share of it.

They got a small **piece** of the net profits and a screen credit.

他们得到了一小部分纯利润以及电影演职人员字幕中的署名权。

...the disclosure that Texas Air might sell a **piece** or all of Continental.

得克萨斯航空公司可能会卖掉部分或整个大陆航空公司这一消息的披露

10 See also: [museum piece](#); [party piece](#); [sci piece](#);

[piece](#);

11 PHRASE 短语 向...表明不满；对...直言 If you give someone a **piece** of your mind, you tell them very clearly that you think they have behaved badly.

How very thoughtless. I'll give him a **piece** of my mind.

真是太没头脑了，我要告诉他我很生气。

12 PHRASE 短语 (与...) 一致 If something with several different parts is **all of a piece**, each part is consistent with the others. If one thing is **of a piece** with another, it is consistent with it.

At its peak in the Thirties, Underground design and architecture was **all of a piece**...

在30年代的顶峰时期，地铁的设计和建筑风格都一模一样。

The essays that Parsons completed in the latter part of his life are **of a piece** with his earlier work.

帕森斯后半生完成的文章和他的早期著作一脉相承。

13 PHRASE 短语 安然无恙的；完好无损的 If someone or something is still **in one piece** after a dangerous journey or experience, they are safe and not damaged or hurt.

...providing that my brother gets back alive and in **one piece** from his mission.

如果我哥哥执行任务能够平安归来

14 PHRASE 短语 说自己想说的话；(毫不保留且不受打断地) 发表意见 If you say your **piece**, you say everything you want to say about a particular matter without being interrupted, although people may be wanting to express opposing views.

I'll answer your questions when I've said my **piece**.

说完我想说的，我会回答你的问题。

15 PHRASE 短语 成碎片地；散了架地；成组件地 You use **to pieces** in expressions such as 'smash to pieces', and mainly in British English 'fall to pieces' or 'take something to pieces', when you are describing how something is broken or comes apart so that it is in separate pieces.

If the shell had hit the boat, it would have blown it **to pieces**...

如果炮弹击中了小船，它早就被炸成碎片了。

He took it **all to pieces**, cleaned it inside and out and put it together again...

他把它全拆了，里外清洁了一下，然后又装了起来。

Do you wear your old clothes until they fall **to pieces**?

你一直穿你的旧衣服，直到穿烂了为止吗？

16 PHRASE 短语 (难过或紧张得) 崩溃，垮掉 If you go **to pieces**, you are so upset or nervous that you lose control of yourself and cannot do what you should do.

She's a strong woman, but she nearly went **to pieces** when Arnie died.

她是个坚强的女性，但阿尼去世时，她几乎崩溃了。

17 PHRASE 短语 把...说得一钱不值；把...批得体无完肤 If someone **tears you to pieces**, **pulls your work to pieces**, or **picks your work to pieces**, they criticize you or your work very severely.

He made numerous errors of fact and was **torn to pieces** during the subsequent question time...

他犯了数不清的事实错误，并在随后的答疑时间中被批得体无完肤。

Every error is captured, every decision **picked to pieces**.

每个错误都会被抓住，每个决定都会被骂得一无是处。

18 PHRASE 短语 下流坯；坏东西；恶棍 If you say that someone is **a nasty piece of work**, you mean that they are very unkind or unpleasant.

19 a **piece of the action**→see: [action](#); bits and pieces→see: [bit](#); a **piece of cake**→see: [cake](#); to pick up the **pieces**→see: [pick up](#);

相关词组：

[piece together](#)

pink ★★★★★

1 COLOUR 颜色词 粉红色；淡红色 Pink is the colour between red and white.

...**pink** lipstick.

粉红色的口红

...white flowers edged in **pink**.

带粉边的白花

...sweaters in a variety of **pinks** and blues.

各种各样粉色和蓝色的毛衣

pinkish

Her nostrils were **pinkish**, as though she had a cold.

她的鼻孔略带粉红，好像患了感冒似的。

pinkness

Meat which has been cooked thoroughly shows no traces of **pinkness**.

彻底煮熟的肉不会带有血色。

2 COLOUR 颜色词 (因窘迫、愤怒或剧烈活动而) 脸色发红 If you go **pink**, your face turns a slightly redder colour than usual because you are embarrassed or angry, or because you are doing something energetic.

She went **pink** again as she remembered her mistake.

想起自己的错误，她又脸红了。

3 ADJ 形容词 与同性恋者有关的 Pink is used to refer to things relating to or connected with homosexuals.

Businesses are now more aware of the importance of the '**pink pound**'.

现在商家更加意识到同性恋族群消费力、即所谓‘粉红英镑’的重要性。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 石竹 Pinks are small plants that people grow in their gardens. They have sweet-smelling pink, white, or red flowers.

5 PHRASE 短语 非常健康；满面红光；容光焕发 If you are **in the pink**, you are fit, healthy, and happy.

A glass of red wine keeps you **in the pink**.

一杯红酒有益健康。

6 to be tickled **pink**→see: [tickle](#);

plane ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 飞机 A **plane** is a vehicle with wings and one or more engines, which can fly through the air.

He had plenty of time to catch his **plane**...

他有足够的时间赶飞机。

Her mother was killed in a **plane** crash.

她母亲在一次坠机中遇难。

...fighter **planes**.

战斗机

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (可能带有斜度的) 平面 A **plane** is a flat, level surface which may be sloping at a particular angle.

...a building with angled **planes**.

带有坡面的建筑物

3 N-SING 单数名词 (想象中的) 平面 If a number of points are in the same **plane**, one line or one flat surface could pass through them all.

All the **planets** orbit the Sun in roughly the same **plane**, round its equator.
所有的行星大致在同一平面上绕太阳赤道运转。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (精神的) 水平, 水准, 层次 If you say that something is on a **higher plane**, you mean that it is more spiritual or less concerned with ordinary things.

...life on a **higher plane** of existence...
更高境界的生活

We felt we were living life on several different **planes**.
我们感到大家生活的精神层次各不相同。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 木工刨; 刨子 A **plane** is a tool that has a flat bottom with a sharp blade in it. You move the **plane** over a piece of wood in order to remove thin pieces of its surface.

6 VERB 动词 刨; 刨平; 刨光 If you **plane** a piece of wood, you make it smaller or smoother by using a **plane**.

She watches him **plane** the surface of a walnut board...
她看着他刨平一块胡桃木板。

Again I **planed** the surface flush.
我又一次把表面刨平。

Plane down means the same as **plane**. **plane down** 同 **plane**
The piece was reduced in size by **planing down** the four corners.
这块木头的4个角刨过后就变小了。

7 VERB 动词 (轻触水面) 疾驶, 滑行 If something such as a boat **planes across** water, it moves quickly across the water, just touching the surface.

All four of the boats **planed across** the Solent with the greatest of ease.
4艘船都极其自如地掠过索伦特海峡。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 悬铃木 A **plane tree** is a large tree with broad leaves which often grows in towns.

相关词组:

[plane down](#)

please ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 (表示有礼貌地请求或邀请) 请, 烦劳 You say **please** when you are politely asking or inviting someone to do something.

Can you help us **please**?...
能请你帮帮我们吗?

Would you **please** open the door?...
请你开一下门好吗?

Please come in...
请进。

'May I sit here?' — 'Please do!'
“我能坐这儿吗?”——“请坐。”

Can we have the bill **please**?
劳驾, 买单。

2 ADV 副词 (表示客气地接受) 谢谢, 行 You say **please** when you are accepting something politely.

'Tea?' — 'Yes, **please**.'
“要茶吗?”——“好的, 谢谢。”

'You want an apple with your cheese?' — 'Please.'
“要不要加个苹果和奶酪一起吃?”——“行啊。”

3 CONVENTION 惯用语 (表示要求对方停止做某事或别再开口) 请别, 请不必 You can say **please** to indicate that you want someone to stop doing something or stop speaking. You would say this if, for example, what they are doing or saying makes you angry or upset.

Please, Mary, this is all so unnecessary...
玛丽, 请不要这样, 这完全没必要。

Isabella. Please. I don't have time for this.
伊莎贝拉, 别再说了, 我没有时间听这个。

4 CONVENTION 惯用语 (用于吸引对方注意, 特别是儿童对老师或其他成人时) 请问, 对不起 You can say **please** in order to attract someone's attention politely. Children in particular say 'please' to attract the attention of a teacher or other adult.

Please sir, can we have some more?...
请问, 先生, 我们能再要一些吗?

Please, Miss Smith, a moment.
对不起, 史密斯小姐, 能耽误你一会儿吗?

5 VERB 动词 使高兴; 使喜欢; 使满意 If someone or something **pleases** you, they make you feel happy and satisfied.

More than anything, I want to **please** you...
最重要的是, 我想让你高兴。

Much of the food **pleases** rather than excites...
这些食物中许多只是让人满意, 但并不让人兴奋。

It **pleased** him to talk to her.
能和她交谈让他很高兴。

6 PHRASE 短语 愿意; 喜欢; 认为合适 You use **please** in expressions such as **as she pleases**, **whatever you please**, and **anything he pleases** to indicate that someone can do or have whatever they want.

Women should be free to dress and act as they **please**...
女性应该有穿衣和行动的自由。

He does whatever he **pleases**...
他想干什么就干什么。

Isabel can live where she **pleases**.
伊莎贝尔可以喜欢住哪儿就住哪儿。

7 PHRASE 短语 (用于强调) 极尽..., ...的程度怎么说都不为过 You can use **as you please** in expressions such as **bold as you please** or **casually as you please** or **charming as you please** in order to emphasize what you are saying.

He walked by my table and, **casually as you please**, picked up my address book...
他走到我的桌旁, 非常随意地拿起了我的通讯录。

Bold as you please, she grabbed me by the sleeve.
她真够大胆的, 竟抓住了我的衣袖。

8 CONVENTION 惯用语 (表示很有礼貌和正式地吸引对方注意或提出请求) 对不起, 烦请 If you **please** is sometimes used as a very polite and formal way of attracting someone's attention or of asking them to do something.

Ladies and gentlemen, if you **please**. Miss Taylor's going to play for us...
女士们, 先生们, 烦请泰勒小姐为我们表演。

Sir Harry! Stop, if you **please**!
哈里爵士! 对不起, 请等一下!

9 PHRASE 短语 (表示惊讶、恼怒或难以置信) 竟然, 你说怪不怪 You can say **if you please** to indicate that a situation surprises or annoys you, or is difficult to believe.

She was pretty unforthcoming. Made Sally wait till she'd cooked Selby's lunch, if you **please**.
她爱搭不理地把萨莉晾在一边, 直到她为塞尔比做好午饭, 你说怪不怪。

10 CONVENTION 惯用语 (无礼地表示不在意或不关心) 请便, 随你的便 You say '**please yourself**' to indicate in a rather rude way that you do not mind or care whether the person you are talking to does a particular thing or not.

'Do you mind if I wait?' I asked. Melanie shrugged: 'Please yourself.'
我问道: “要不我等会儿吧?”梅拉妮耸耸肩说: “随你便。”

11 **please God**→see: [God](#);

plus ★★★★★

1 CONJ-COORD 连词 加; 加上 You say **plus** to show that one number or quantity is being added to another.

Send a cheque for £18.99 **plus** £2 for postage and packing...
请寄上18.99英镑的支票, 外加2英镑的邮资和包装费。

They will pay about \$673 million **plus** interest.
他们将支付约6.73亿美元再加上利息。

2 ADJ 形容词 正(数)的; 在零以上的 **Plus** before a number or quantity means that the number or quantity is greater than zero. **plus or minus**→see: [minus](#);

The aircraft was subjected to temperatures of minus 65 degrees and **plus** 120 degrees.
这架飞机经历了零下65度和零上120度的温度变化。

3 CONJ-COORD 连词 而且; 还有 You can use **plus** when mentioning an additional item or fact.

There's easily enough room for two adults and three children, **plus** a dog in the boot...

能宽松容纳下两个大人、三个孩子，而且后备箱里还可以放只狗。

We had to have an actor who could generate real empathy. Plus he had to carry the audience through a lot of plot.

我们得找一名能真正入戏的男演员，而且他还得能让观众跟上复杂的剧情中。

4 ADJ 形容词 (用于数字或数量后) 多于...的 You use **plus** after a number or quantity to indicate that the actual number or quantity is greater than the one mentioned.

There are only 35 staff to serve 30,000-**plus** customers...

只有35名员工，却要服务3万多顾客。

Among the guests were 16 high-flying executives, all on salaries of £50,000 a year **plus**.

客人中有16位极为成功的主管，年薪都超过了5万英镑。

5 (用于给学生作业评分) 好于...的，高于...的 Teachers use **plus** in grading work in schools and colleges. 'B plus' is a better grade than 'B', but it is not as good as 'A'.

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 有利因素；好处 A **plus** is an advantage or benefit.

Experience of any career in sales is a big **plus**...

任何销售领域的工作经验都是一大优势。

There are plenty of **plus** points about being an older first-time mum.

年龄稍长再做妈妈有很多好处。

politician ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 从政者，政治家 (尤指议会或国会成员) A **politician** is a person whose job is in politics, especially a member of parliament or congress.

They have arrested a number of leading opposition **politicians**.

他们已经逮捕了数名反对党领袖。

politics ★★★★★

1 N-PLURAL 复数名词 See also: [party politics](#) ; 政治；政治事务；政治活动 (其后的动词既可用单数，又可用复数) **Politics** are the actions or activities concerned with achieving and using power in a country or society. The verb that follows **politics** may be either singular or plural.

The key question in British **politics** was how long the prime minister could survive...

英国政治的关键问题是首相能坚持多久。

He quickly involved himself in local **politics**...

他很快涉足地方政治事务。

The film takes no position on the **politics** of Northern Ireland...

这部电影未在爱尔兰政治问题上选择站边。

Politics is by no means the only arena in which women are excelling.

政坛绝不是女性大显身手的唯一舞台。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 政治信仰；政治主张；政治见解 Your **politics** are your beliefs about how a country ought to be governed.

My **politics** are well to the left of centre.

我的政治主张相当偏左。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 政治学 **Politics** is the study of the ways in which countries are governed.

He began studying **politics** and medieval history.

他开始学习政治学和中世纪史。

...young **politics** graduates.

年轻的政治学毕业生

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词 手腕；权术；策略 (其后的动词既可用单数，又可用复数) **Politics** can be used to talk about the ways that power is shared in an organization and the ways it is affected by personal relationships between people who work together. The verb that follows **politics** may be either singular or plural.

You need to understand how office **politics** influence the working environment.

你需要了解办公室权术是如何影响工作氛围的。

poll ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [opinion poll](#) ; [straw poll](#) ; 民意测验；民意调查 A **poll** is a survey in which people are asked their opinions about something, usually in order to find out how popular something is or what people intend to do in the future.

Polls show that the European treaty has gained support in Denmark...

民意测验显示该欧盟条约已在丹麦获得支持。

We are doing a weekly **poll** on the president, and clearly his popularity has declined...

我们每周就总统进行一次民意调查，很显然他的支持率下降了。

The Socialist Party, which won a convincing victory in elections in June, has been losing support in the **polls** recently.

最近的民意测验表明，6月份在选举中大胜的社会党的支持率一直在下滑。

2 VERB 动词 对...进行民意测验 (或调查) If you are **polled** on something, you are asked what you think about it as part of a survey.

More than 18,000 people were **polled**...

超过1.8万人接受了民意测验。

Audiences were going to be **polled** on which of three pieces of contemporary music they liked best...

将对观众进行民意调查，询问他们在3部当代音乐作品中最喜欢哪一部。

More than 70 per cent of those **polled** said that they approved of his record as president.

超过70%的被调查者称对他总统任期的政绩表示满意。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 政治选举；大选；投票地点 **The polls** means an election for a country's government, or the place where people go to vote in an election.

In 1945, Winston Churchill was defeated at the **polls**...

温斯顿·丘吉尔在1945年的大选中被击败。

Voters are due to go to the **polls** on Sunday to elect a new president...

选民应于星期日前往投票站选举新总统。

The **polls** have closed in the Pakistan parliamentary elections.

巴基斯坦议会选举投票已结束。

4 VERB 动词 获得 (...票数) If a political party or a candidate **polls** a particular number or percentage of votes, they get that number or percentage of votes in an election.

It was a disappointing result for the Greens who **polled** three percent...

这个结果让绿党感到失望，他们只获得了3%的选票。

The result showed he had **polled** enough votes to force a second ballot.

结果显示，他已获得了足够把对手拖入二次投票的票数。

5 See also: [polling](#) ; [desd poll](#) ;

poor ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (人) 贫穷的，贫困的 Someone who is **poor** has very little money and few possessions.

The reason our schools cannot afford better teachers is because people here are **poor**...

我们的学校请不起好老师的原因是因为这里的人穷。

He was one of thirteen children from a **poor** family.

他是13名来自贫困家庭的孩子之一。

The poor are people who are poor. (总称) 穷人，贫民 Even the **poor** have their pride.

即使穷人也有自尊。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (国家、地区等) 贫穷的，贫困的 The people in a **poor** country or area have very little money and few possessions.

Many countries in the Third World are as **poor** as they have ever been.

很多第三世界国家仍和过去一样穷困。

...a settlement house for children in a **poor** neighborhood.

为贫民区儿童设立的街坊文教馆

3 ADJ 形容词 可怜的；不幸的 You use **poor** to express your sympathy for someone.

I feel sorry for that **poor** child...

我为那个可怜的孩子感到难过。

Poor chap — he was killed in an air crash...

不幸的家伙，他死于空难。

Poor Gordon!

可怜的戈登！

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **劣质的；糟糕的** If you describe something as **poor**, you mean that it is of a low quality or standard or that it is in bad condition.

The flat was in a **poor** state of repair...
公寓严重失修。

The gap between the best and **poorest** childcare provision in the European Union has widened...
欧盟最好和最差的儿童保育服务之间的差距扩大了。

The wine was **poor**.
这葡萄酒很劣质。

poorly

Some are living in **poorly** built dormitories, even in tents...

有些人住在建筑质量很差的宿舍里，甚至帐篷里。

They were dressed and fed **poorly**.

他们的衣食状况都很糟糕。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (数量、比率等) **不理想的；不合理的** If you describe an amount, rate, or number as **poor**, you mean that it is less than expected or less than is considered reasonable.

...**poor** wages and working conditions.

低薪和恶劣的工作条件

poorly

During the first week, the evening meetings were **poorly** attended...

第一周时，晚上的会参加人数很少。

For one of the top ten releases in rock history, the record sold **poorly**.

作为摇滚音乐史上的10大唱片之一，它的销量却差强人意。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **不熟练的；蹩脚的** You use **poor** to describe someone who is not very skilful in a particular activity.

He was a **poor** actor...

他是个蹩脚的演员。

Hospitals are **poor** at collecting information.

医院收集信息能力很差。

poorly

That is the fact of Hungarian football — they can play very well or very **poorly**.

那就是匈牙利足球的现实，他们能踢得非常棒，也有可能非常糟。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **贫乏的；缺少的** If something is **poor** in a particular quality or substance, it contains very little of the quality or substance.

Fats and sugar are very rich in energy but **poor** in vitamins, minerals and dietary fibre.

脂肪和糖类热量很高，但维生素、矿物质和膳食纤维贫乏。

...soil that is **poor** in zinc.

缺锌的土壤

popular ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **受喜爱的；受欢迎的；当红的** Something that is **popular** is enjoyed or liked by a lot of people.

This is the most **popular** ball game ever devised...

这是有史以来发明出的最受欢迎的球类运动。

Chocolate sauce is always **popular** with youngsters.

巧克力酱总是深受年轻人的喜爱。

popularity

...the growing **popularity** of Australian wines among consumers...

澳大利亚葡萄酒越来越为消费者所青睐

Walking and golf increased in **popularity** during the 1980s.

在20世纪80年代越来越多的人喜欢上了远足或是打高尔夫球。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (人) **讨人喜欢的，得人心的** Someone who is **popular** is liked by most people, or by most people in a particular group.

He remained the most **popular** politician in France...

他一直是法国最受人爱戴的政治家。

He was not only talented but immensely **popular** with his colleagues.

他不仅才华横溢，而且深受同事的喜爱。

popularity

It is his **popularity** with ordinary people that sets him apart.

正是他在普通民众中的声望使他与众不同。

3 ADJ 形容词 (报纸、电视节目、艺术形式等) **通俗的，流行的，大众化的** **Popular** newspapers, television programmes, or forms of art are aimed at ordinary people and not at experts or intellectuals.

Once again the **popular** press in Britain has been rife with stories about their marriage.

英国通俗报刊又一次对他们的婚姻进行了铺天盖地的报道。

...one of the classics of modern **popular** music.

现代流行音乐的经典之一

...the **popular** culture of his native Mexico.

他的故土墨西哥的通俗文化

4 ADJ 形容词 (想法、情绪或态度) **普遍的** **Popular** ideas, feelings, or attitudes are approved of or held by most people.

Contrary to **popular** belief, the oil companies can't control the price of crude...

与人们普遍的看法相反，石油公司并不能控制原油价格。

The military government has been unable to win **popular** support...

军政府一直未能赢得广泛的支持。

Popular anger has been expressed in demonstrations.

普遍的愤怒情绪通过各种游行示威表达了出来。

popularity

Over time, though, Watson's views gained in **popularity**.

然而渐渐地，沃森的观点赢得了大家的支持。

5 ADJ 形容词 (政治活动) **民众的，人民的** **Popular** is used to describe political activities which involve the ordinary people of a country, and not just members of political parties.

The late President Ferdinand Marcos was overthrown by a **popular** uprising in 1986.

已故总统费迪南德·马科斯于1986年被民众起义赶下了台。

population ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (某一国家或地区的) **全体人民，人口** The **population** of a country or area is all the people who live in it.

Bangladesh now has a **population** of about 110 million.

孟加拉国现有大约1.1亿人口。

...the annual rate of **population** growth.

人口年增长率

...the local **population**.

当地人口

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (某一国家或地区某类人或动物的) **总数** If you refer to a particular type of **population** in a country or area, you are referring to all the people or animals of that type there.

...75.6 per cent of the male **population** over sixteen.

16岁以上男性中的75.6%

...areas with a large black **population**.

黑人人口众多的地区

...the elephant **populations** of Tanzania and Kenya.

坦桑尼亚和肯尼亚的大象种群

positive ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **抱有希望的；有信心的；积极的** If you are **positive** about things, you are hopeful and confident, and think of the good aspects of a situation rather than the bad ones.

Be **positive** about your future and get on with living a normal life...

要对自己的未来充满信心，继续过一种正常的生活。

Her husband became much more **positive** and was soon back in full-time employment.

她丈夫自信大增，不久便重新开始全职工作。

...a **positive** frame of mind.

积极的心态

positively

You really must try to start thinking **positively**.

你真的必须努力开始以一种积极的心态思考问题了。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **愉快的；有益的** A **positive** fact, situation,

experience is pleasant and helpful to you in some way.

The parting from his sister had a **positive** effect on John...

和姐姐分开对约翰来说有好处。

Working abroad should be an exciting and **positive** experience for all concerned.

在海外工作对所有相关人员来说都应该是一段让人兴奋而愉快的经历。

The positive in a situation is the good and pleasant aspects of it. **好的一面；愉快的方面**

Work on the **positive**, creating beautiful, loving and fulfilling relationships.

致力于好的方面，努力营造美好的、友爱的、令人满意的关系。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **明确的；果断的** If you make a **positive** decision or take **positive** action, you do something definite in order to deal with a task or problem.

There are **positive** changes that should be implemented in the rearing of animals...

应该对动物饲养进行明确的改革。

He was expected to make a very **positive** contribution to the 1996 Games organisation...

人们期待他为1996年奥运会的组织做出积极的贡献。

Having a good diet gives me a sense that I'm doing something **positive** and that I'm in control.

合理膳食让我感觉自己并非无所作为且能安排好自己的生活。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **积极的；肯定的** A **positive** response to something indicates agreement, approval, or encouragement.

There's been a **positive** response to the UN Secretary-General's recent peace efforts.

联合国秘书长近期为和平所作出的努力得到了积极的回应。

positively

He responded **positively** and accepted the fee of £1,000 I had offered.

他作出了肯定的答复，并接受了我给他的1,000英镑的费用。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **有把握的；确信的** If you are **positive** about something, you are completely sure about it.

I'm as **positive** as I can be about it...

我对它有绝对的把握。

'She's never late. You sure she said eight?' — 'Positive.'

“她从不迟到，你肯定她说的是8点？”——“肯定。”

6 ADJ 形容词（**证据**）**确凿的，毋庸置疑的**

Positive evidence gives definite proof of the truth or identity of something.

There was no **positive** evidence that any birth defects had arisen as a result of Vitamin A intake.

没有确凿证据证明，摄取维生素A会导致出生缺陷。

positively

He has **positively** identified the body as that of his wife.

他已确认那是他妻子的尸体。

7 ADJ 形容词（**化验或试验结果**）**阳性的** If a medical or scientific test is **positive**, it shows that something has happened or is present. **HIV positive**→see: **HIV**;

If the test is **positive**, a course of antibiotics may be prescribed...

如果化验结果呈阳性，可能会开一个疗程的抗生素。

He was stripped of his Olympic Hundred Metres gold medal after testing **positive** for steroids.

类固醇检测呈阳性后，他的奥运百米金牌被收回。

8 ADJ 形容词 See also: **positively**;（**强调名词**）**完全全的，千真万确的，实实在在的** You can use **positive** to emphasize a noun.

Good day to you, Bernard! It's a **positive** delight to see you...

你好，伯纳德！见到你真高兴。

He was in a **positive** fury...

他确实发怒了。

The man was being a **positive** embarrassment.

这位男士极为尴尬。

9 ADJ 形容词（**数字**）**正的，大于零的** A **positive** number is greater than zero.

It's really a simple numbers game with negative and **positive** numbers.

它其实就是正负数的简单数字游戏。

10 ADJ 形容词 **带正电的；阳极的** If something has a **positive** electrical charge, it has the same charge as a proton and the opposite charge to an electron.

positively

...**positively** charged ions.

阳离子

11 **proof positive**→see: **proof**;

possibility ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **可能性；可能** If you say there is a **possibility** that something is the case or that something will happen, you mean that it might be the case or it might happen.

We were not in the least worried about the **possibility** that sweets could rot the teeth...

我们以前完全不担心吃糖果有可能会蛀牙。

Tax on food has become a very real **possibility**.

极有可能征收食物税。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词（**一种**）**可能；可能的事** A **possibility** is one of several different things that could be done.

The government now owns a lot of our land — one **possibility** would be to compensate us with other property...

政府现在占了我们的大量土地，一种可能是用其他地产来对我们作出补偿。

There were several possibilities open to each manufacturer.

每个制造商都可以有几种不同的选择。

3 PHRASE 短语 **可能的事；能做到的事** You can say 'It is not beyond the realms of possibility' or 'It is not beyond the bounds of possibility' when you are stating something that you believe is possibly true, but which other people might consider unlikely or impossible.

It's not beyond the realms of **possibility** that the security services do bug important public figures.

安全部门完全有可能窃听重要公众人物的谈话。

Usage Note :

Note that you do not use **possibility** in sentences like 'I had the possibility to do it'. The words you need are **opportunity** or **chance**. **Opportunity** is more formal. *Later Donald had the opportunity of driving the car... The people of Northern Ireland would have the chance to shape their own future.*

注意不要说：I had the possibility to do it，而要用opportunity或chance。opportunity一词比较正式，例如：Later Donald had the opportunity of driving the car（后来，唐纳德有机会开这辆车了），The people of Northern Ireland would have the chance to shape their own future（北爱尔兰人民会有机会决定自己的未来的）。

possibly ★★★★★☆

1 ADV 副词 **或许；也许** You use **possibly** to indicate that you are not sure whether something is true or might happen.

Exercise will not only lower blood pressure but **possibly** protect against heart attacks...

锻炼不仅会降低血压，而且可能对心脏病有预防效果。

They were smartly but casually dressed; **possibly** students...

他们衣着时尚，但很休闲，也许是学生。

Do you think that he could **possibly** be right?

你觉得他有可能是对的吗？

2 ADV 副词（**表示对所见或所闻感到惊讶、困惑或震惊**） You use **possibly** to emphasize that you are surprised, puzzled, or shocked by something that you have seen or heard.

It was the most unexpected piece of news one could **possibly** imagine...

这条新闻最出人意料了，真是让人想象不到。

I mean, how could they **possibly** eat that stuff?...

我的意思是，他们怎么可能吃那东西呢？

What could this **possibly** mean?

这到底是什么意思？

3 ADV 副词 **尽量；尽可能地** You use **possibly** to emphasize that someone has tried their hardest to do something, or has done it as well as they can.

They've done everything they can **possibly** think

of...

凡是能想到的，他们都去做了。

It's one of the nicest feelings you can **possibly** have.

这是一种极其美妙的感觉。

4 ADV 副词 (加强语气) 无论如何也 You use **possibly** to emphasize that something definitely cannot happen or definitely cannot be done.

No I really can't **possibly** answer that!

不，我无论如何也回答不了那个问题。

There's nothing more they can **possibly** do right...

他们除此之外啥也做不了。

We cannot **possibly** risk so many innocent lives...

我们绝不可能拿这么多无辜者的生命冒险。

That can't **possibly** be right.

那绝不可能是对的。

potential ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 潜在的；可能的 You use **potential** to say that someone or something is capable of developing into the particular kind of person or thing mentioned.

The firm has identified 60 **potential** customers at home and abroad...

该公司已在国内外找到60个潜在客户。

...**potential** party members...

有可能发展成党员的人

We are aware of the **potential** problems and have taken every precaution.

我们已意识到潜在的问题，并采取了全面的预防措施。

potentially

Clearly this is a **potentially** dangerous situation...

这无疑是一种潜在的危险局势。

Potentially this could damage the reputation of the whole industry.

这可能会毁掉整个行业的声誉。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 潜力；潜质 If you say that someone or something has **potential**, you mean that they have the necessary abilities or qualities to become successful or useful in the future.

The boy has great **potential**...

这个男孩非常有潜质。

The school strives to treat pupils as individuals and to help each one to achieve their full **potential**...

学校力求对每一个学生因材施教，帮助他们充分发挥其潜力。

Denmark recognised the **potential** of wind energy early.

丹麦早就认识到了风能的潜力。

...the economic **potentials** of Eastern and Western Europe.

东欧和西欧的经济潜能

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 可能性；潜在性 If you say that someone or something has **potential for** doing a particular thing, you mean that it is possible they may do it. If there is the **potential for** something, it may happen.

John seemed as horrified as I about his **potential for** violence...

约翰似乎和我一样害怕他自己会使用暴力。

The meeting has the **potential to be** a watershed event...

这次会议有可能成为具有转折性的事件。

The **potential for** conflict is great...

爆发冲突的可能性很大。

Death and murder always lurk as **potentials** in very violent relationships.

充满暴力的男女关系中总是存在着死亡和凶杀的可能性。

powerful ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 See also: [all-powerful](#)； 有权力的；有势力的；有影响力的 A **powerful** person or organization is able to control or influence people and events.

You're a **powerful** man — people will listen to you.

你是有影响力的人，大家会听你的。

...Russia and India, two large, **powerful** countries.

两大强国，俄罗斯和印度

...Hong Kong's **powerful** business community.

香港有影响力的商界

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 强壮的；强健的 You say that someone's body is **powerful** when it is physically strong.

Hans flexed his **powerful** muscles...

汉斯活动了一下他那强健的肌肉。

It's such a big **powerful** dog.

它是一条如此强壮的大狗。

powerfully

He is described as a strong, **powerfully**-built man of 60...

他被描述成一个强壮的、肌肉发达的60岁老人。

You can contract your muscles more **powerfully** by linking up your breathing to the exercise.

你可以将呼吸与运动保持一致，使肌肉收缩更有力。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (机器) 大功率的；强效的；高效能的 A **powerful** machine or substance is effective because it is very strong.

The more **powerful** the car the more difficult it is to handle.

汽车的功率越大，就越难驾驭。

...**powerful** computer systems...

功能强大的计算机系统

Alcohol is also a **powerful** and fast-acting drug.

酒也是一种效力强且迅速给人快感的毒品。

powerfully

Crack is a much cheaper, smokable form of cocaine which is **powerfully** addictive.

强效可卡因更便宜，可以吸食，极易使人上瘾。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (气味) 强烈的，浓的 A **powerful** smell is very strong.

There was a **powerful** smell of stale beer.

有一种呛人的过期啤酒味。

...tiny creamy flowers with a **powerful** scent.

散发浓香的淡黄色小花

powerfully

The railway station smelt **powerfully** of cats and drains.

火车站上有冲鼻的猫味和臭水沟味。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (声音) 响亮的，洪亮的 A **powerful** voice is loud and can be heard from a long way away.

At that moment Mrs. Jones's **powerful** voice interrupted them, announcing a visitor.

就在那一刻，琼斯夫人响亮的声音打断了他们，说有人来访。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (文章、演讲或艺术品) 极具感染力的，有震撼力的 You describe a piece of writing, speech, or work of art as **powerful** when it has a strong effect on people's feelings or beliefs.

...Bleasdale's **powerful** 11-part drama about a corrupt city leader.

布利兹戴尔创作的关于一个腐败市领导的极具感染力的电视剧，共有11集

...one of the world's most **powerful** and moving operas, Verdi's 'Otello'.

威尔第创作的《奥泰罗》，世界最具感染力、最动人的歌剧之一

...a **powerful** new style of dance-theatre.

有感染力的新型舞蹈剧

powerfully

It's a play — painful, funny and **powerfully** acted.

这是一部悲喜交加、表演感人的戏剧。

practice ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 通常做法；常规；惯例 You can refer to something that people do regularly as a **practice**.

Some firms have cut workers' pay below the level set in their contract, a **practice** that is illegal in Germany...

一些公司把工人薪水减至低于合同规定的水平，这种做法在德国是非法的。

Gordon Brown has demanded a public inquiry into bank **practices**.

戈登·布朗已要求对银行的惯例做法进行公开调查。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 练习；训练 Practice means

doing something regularly in order to be able to do it better. A **practice** is one of these periods of doing something.

She was taking all three of her daughters to basketball **practice** every day...

她每天都带3个女儿进行篮球训练。

...the hard **practice** necessary to develop from a learner to an accomplished musician...

从初学者成长为有造诣的音乐家所必需的艰苦训练

The defending world racing champion recorded the fastest time in a final **practice** today.

世界赛车卫冕冠军在今天最后的训练中创下了最快的纪录。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (医生或律师的) **业务活动, 工作; 宗教活动** The work done by doctors and lawyers is referred to as the **practice** of medicine and law. People's religious activities are referred to as the **practice** of a religion.

...the **practice** of internal medicine...

内科业务

I eventually realized I had to change my attitude toward medical **practice**.

我终于认识到自己不得不改变对医务工作的看法。

...a law guaranteeing the people freedom of conscience and religious **practice**.

保证人们信仰自由和宗教活动自由的法律

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **诊所; 律师事务所** A doctor's or lawyer's **practice** is his or her business, often shared with other doctors or lawyers.

The new doctor's **practice** was miles away from where I lived...

新开的诊所离我住的地方有几英里远。

My law **practice** isn't the most important thing in my life, you know.

你知道, 我的律师事务所不是我生活里最重要的事情。

5 See also: [practise](#) ;

Usage Note :

Take care not to confuse **practice** and **practise**.

注意不要混淆practice和practise.

6 PHRASE 短语 **事实上; 实际上** What happens in **practice** is what actually happens, in contrast to what is supposed to happen.

...the difference between foreign policy as presented to the public and foreign policy in actual **practice**...

公布于众的外交政策和实际外交政策的区别

In **practice**, workers do not work to satisfy their needs.

事实上, 工人工作并不是为了满足本身的需要。

7 PHRASE 短语 **惯例; 常规; 一般做法** If something such as a procedure is **normal practice** or **standard practice**, it is the usual thing that is done in a particular situation.

It is normal **practice** not to reveal details of a patient's condition...

不透露患者病情的细节是惯常的做法。

The transcript is full of codewords, which is standard **practice** in any army.

抄本上全是密码, 这种做法是所有军队的惯例。

8 PHRASE 短语 **疏于练习; 荒疏; 荒废** If you are **out of practice** at doing something, you have not had much experience of it recently, although you used to do it a lot or be quite good at it.

'How's your German?' — 'Not bad, but I'm out of **practice**.'

"你的德语如何?" —— "还行, 只是长时间没练习了。"

9 PHRASE 短语 **熟能生巧** If you say '**practice makes perfect**', you mean that it is possible to learn something or develop a skill if you practise enough. People often say this to encourage someone to keep practising.

10 PHRASE 短语 **实施; 实行; 实践** If you **put a belief or method into practice**, you behave or act in accordance with it.

Now that he is back, the prime minister has another chance to put his new ideas into **practice**...

既然首相又掌权了, 他就重新有机会实施他的新想法。

We weren't allowed to put into **practice** in our daily lives the teachings we received.

我们不能够将所受的教义在日常生活中付诸实践。

prefer ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **更喜欢; 偏好** If you **prefer** someone or something, you like that person or thing better than another, and so you are more likely to choose them if there is a choice.

Does he **prefer** a particular sort of music?...

他有特别喜欢的音乐吗?

I became a teacher because I **preferred** books and people to politics...

我当了老师, 因为我更喜欢书本和人而不是权术。

I **prefer** to go on self-catering holidays...

我喜欢膳食自助的度假。

I would **prefer** him to be with us next season...

我更希望他下一个赛季和我们在一起。

Bob **prefers** making original pieces rather than reproductions...

鲍勃更喜欢创作原创作品, 而不是制作复制品。

The woodwork's green now. I **preferred** it blue...

这个木制品现在是绿色的, 我更喜欢它是蓝色的。

Her own **preferred** methods of exercise are hiking and long cycle rides.

她自己喜欢徒步旅行和骑自行车长途旅行这样的运动方式。

Usage Note :

Note that **prefer** can often sound rather formal in ordinary conversation. Verbal expressions such as **like...better** and **would rather** are used more frequently. For example, instead of saying 'I prefer football to tennis', you can say 'I **like football better than tennis**', instead of 'I'd prefer an apple', you can say 'I'd **rather have an apple**', and instead of 'I'd prefer to walk', you can say 'I'd **rather walk**'.

注意, prefer在日常对话中听起来往往很正式, 像like...better和would rather这样的口头表达更为常用。例如, 我们一般用I like football better than tennis (我更喜欢足球, 而不太喜欢网球) 代替 I prefer football to tennis, 用 I'd rather have an apple (我宁愿吃苹果) 代替 I'd prefer an apple, 用 I'd rather walk (我宁愿走路) 代替 I'd prefer to walk.

prepare ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **把...准备好; 使预备好** If you **prepare** something, you make it ready for something that is going to happen.

Two technicians were preparing a videotape recording of last week's programme...

两个技术人员正在准备上周节目的录像带。

On average each report requires 1,000 hours to **prepare**...

准备一份报告平均需要1,000小时。

The crew of the Iowa has been preparing the ship for storage.

"艾奥瓦号"的船员一直都在为货物储存准备船只。

2 VERB 动词 **为...做准备; 筹备** If you **prepare** for an event or action that will happen soon, you get yourself ready for it or make the necessary arrangements.

The Party leadership is using management consultants to help **prepare** for the next election...

该党的领导层正在管理顾问的帮助下筹备下一届的选举。

President Castro has warned Cubans to **prepare** for a profound economic emergency...

卡斯特罗主席已经提醒古巴人民为严重的经济危急状况做准备。

He had to go back to his hotel and **prepare** to catch a train for New York...

他不得不回到酒店, 准备赶火车去纽约。

His doctor had told him to **prepare** himself for surgery.

他的医生已经告诉他做好动手术的准备。

3 VERB 动词 **准备 (食物); 做 (饭菜)** When you **prepare** food, you get it ready to be eaten, for example by cooking it.

She made her way to the kitchen, hoping to find someone preparing dinner...

她走到厨房, 希望看到有人在准备晚饭。

The best way of preparing the nuts is to rehydrate them by soaking overnight.

做这些坚果的最好方法就是用水浸泡一个晚上, 为其补充水分。

prepared ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 愿意(做...)的 If you are **prepared to do something**, you are willing to do it if necessary.

Are you **prepared** to take industrial action?...
你们愿意采取劳工行动吗?

Members of the KGB service were only **prepared** to take orders from the President.
克格勃的成员只接受总统的命令。

2 ADJ 形容词 准备好的;有准备的 If you are **prepared for something** that you think is going to happen, you are ready for it.

Police are **prepared** for large numbers of demonstrators...
警方已经为应对大量示威者做好了准备。

I'm well **prepared** for a 12-round fight.
我已经为迎战12个回合的拳击比赛作好了充分准备。

3 ADJ 形容词 预先准备好的;事先做好的 You can describe something as **prepared** when it has been done or made beforehand, so that it is ready when it is needed.

He ended his **prepared** statement by thanking the police.
在这份事先准备好的声明的最后,他对警方表示了感谢。

presence ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 出席;到场 Someone's **presence** in a place is the fact that they are there.

They argued that his **presence** in the village could only stir up trouble...
他们认为他在村里出现只会招惹麻烦。

Her Majesty later honoured the Headmaster with her **presence** at lunch.
随后女王陛下出席了午餐,令校长感到荣幸。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 风度;风采;仪态 If you say that someone has **presence**, you mean that they impress people by their appearance and manner.

They do not seem to have the vast, authoritative **presence** of those great men...
他们看起来并没有那些伟人的翩翩风度和威严。

Hendrix's stage **presence** appealed to thousands of teenage rebels.
亨德里克斯在台上的风采吸引了成千上万的叛逆少年。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 鬼怪;幽灵 A **presence** is a person or creature that you cannot see, but that you are aware of.

The forest was dark and silent, haunted by shadows and unseen **presences**...
这个森林黑暗寂静,经常有幽灵和看不见的鬼怪出没。

She started to be affected by the ghostly **presence** she could feel in the house.
她觉得这座房子里有可怕的鬼怪,开始变得神经紧张。

4 N-SING 单数名词 (军队的)驻扎,进驻,存在 If a country has a military **presence** in another country, it has some of its armed forces there.

The Philippine government wants the US to maintain a military **presence** in Southeast Asia.
菲律宾政府希望美国继续在东南亚驻军。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 存在;被包含 If you refer to the **presence** of a substance in another thing, you mean that it is in that thing.

The somewhat acid flavour is caused by the **presence** of lactic acid.
这种微酸的味道是因为含有乳酸造成的。

...the **presence** of a carcinogen in the water...
水中含有的一种致癌物质

Although the fluid presents no symptoms to the patient, its **presence** can be detected by a test.
虽然这种液体不会使患者出现任何症状,但是它可以通过测试检测出来。

6 PHRASE 短语 引起注意;使得到关注 If you **make your presence felt**, you do something which makes people notice you or pay attention to you.

Rather than politely lobbying politicians, Gay Dignity will be making its **presence felt** through demonstrations.
“同性恋尊严”游行活动不会彬彬有礼地向政客们游说,而会通过示威引起关注。

7 PHRASE 短语 当着...的面;在...面前 If you are **in someone's presence**, you are in the same place as that person, and are close enough to them to be seen or heard.

The talks took place in the **presence** of a diplomatic observer.
会谈是在一位外交观察员在场的情况下进行的。

8 PHRASE 短语 镇定自若;沉着冷静 If you say that someone had **the presence of mind** to do something, you approve of them because they were able to think and act calmly in a difficult situation.

He had the **presence of mind** to put his emergency oxygen tube in his mouth.
他镇定自若地把应急输氧管放进了自己的嘴里。

present ★★★★★

[1. EXISTING OR HAPPENING NOW 存在的;正在发生的](#)

[2. BEING SOMEWHERE 在某处](#)

[3. GIFT 礼物](#)

[4. VERB USES 动词用法](#)

1 ADJ 形容词 现在的;目前的 You use **present** to describe things and people that exist now, rather than those that existed in the past or those that may exist in the future.

He has brought much of the **present** crisis on himself...
目前的大部分危机都是他自己引起的。

...the government's **present** economic difficulties...
政府当前的经济难题

It has been skilfully renovated by the **present** owners...
现在的主人非常巧妙地将它翻修了。

No statement can be made at the **present** time.
目前不能发表任何声明。

2 N-SING 单数名词 现在;目前;现状 The **present** is the period of time that we are in now and the things that are happening now.

...his struggle to reconcile the past with the **present**.
他为协调过去和现在所付出的努力。

...continuing right up to the **present**...
一直持续到现在

Then her thoughts would switch to the **present**.
然后,她的思绪会转到现在。

3 ADJ 形容词 现在时的;现在式的 In grammar, the **present** tenses of a verb are the ones that are used to talk about things that happen regularly or situations that exist at this time. The simple present tense uses the base form or the 's' form of a verb, as in 'I play tennis twice a week' and 'He works in a bank'.

4 PHRASE 短语 目前;现在;眼下 A situation that exists **at present** exists now, although it may change.

There is no way **at present** of predicting which individuals will develop the disease...
目前还没有办法预测谁会得这种病。

At present children under 14 are not permitted in bars.
目前,14岁以下儿童不允许进酒吧。

5 PHRASE 短语 当代;现代 The **present day** is the period of history that we are in now.

...Western European art from the period of Giotto to the **present day**.
从乔托时期直至现代的西欧艺术

...monastic music of the **present day**.
当代的寺庙音乐

6 PHRASE 短语 暂时;暂且 Something that exists or will be done **for the present** exists now or will continue for a while, although the situation may change later.

The ministers had expressed the unanimous view that sanctions should remain in place **for the present**.
大臣们一致认为暂时还不能取消制裁。

7 PHRASE 短语 机不可失,失不再来;就在当下 If you say 'There's no time like the **present**', you are suggesting to someone that they should do something now, not later.

Don't wait until New Year to resolve to organise your life. There's no time like the **present**.
不要等到新年才下决心规划生活。要把握当下。

1 ADJ 形容词 **出席的；在场的** If someone is **present** at an event, they are there.

The president was not **present** at the meeting...
总裁没有出席这次会议。

Nearly 85 per cent of men are **present** at the birth of their children...
将近85%的男性在他们的孩子出生时都在场。

The whole family was **present**.
全家人都到场了。

2 ADJ 形容词 (尤指物质、疾病) **存在于...的，包含于...的** If something, especially a substance or disease, is **present** in something else, it exists within that thing.

This special form of vitamin D is naturally **present** in breast milk...
这种特殊形态的维生素D天然存在于母乳中。

One theory is that the infection has been **present** in humans for a very long time...
有一种理论认为，这种传染病存在于人类中已经有很长时间了。

If the gene is **present**, a human embryo will go on to develop as a male.
如果这种基因存在，人类胚胎就会发育为男性。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **礼物；礼品** A **present** is something that you give to someone, for example at Christmas or when you visit them.

The carpet was a wedding **present** from the Prime Minister...
这张地毯是首相送的结婚礼物。

I bought a birthday **present** for my mother...
我给母亲买了一份生日礼物。

This book would make a great Christmas **present**.
这本书会是一份很不错的圣诞礼物。

1 VERB 动词 **颁发；授予；呈献；呈递** If you **present** someone with something such as a prize or document, or if you **present** it to them, you formally give it to them.

The mayor **presented** him with a gold medal at an official city reception...
市长在一次正式的市政招待会上给他颁发了一枚金质奖章。

Prince Michael of Kent **presented** the prizes...
肯特亲王迈克尔颁发了奖品。

The group intended to **present** this petition to the parliament.
这个团体打算把这份请愿书呈递给议会。

presentation

Then came the **presentation** of the awards by the Queen Mother.
然后由王太后颁奖。

2 VERB 动词 **引起；导致；带来；提供** If something **presents** a difficulty, challenge, or opportunity, it causes it or provides it.

This **presents** a problem for many financial consumers...
这给很多金融消费者带来了一个问题。

The future is going to be one that **presents** many challenges...
未来将会面临诸多挑战。

This summer school **presents** an opportunity to experience all aspects of dance...
今年夏天，学校提供了一次全方位体验舞蹈的机会。

Public policy on the family **presents** liberals with a dilemma.
有关家庭的公共政策使自由主义者陷入了进退两难的境地。

3 VERB 动词 (机会或问题) **产生，意外出现** If an opportunity or problem **presents itself**, it occurs, often when you do not expect it.

Their colleagues insulted them whenever the opportunity **presented** itself...
一有机会，同事们就会侮辱他们。

A further obstacle has **presented** itself, however.
然而，突然又出现了一个障碍。

presentation

We spend the time collating and **presenting** the information in a variety of chart forms...
我们花费时间用各种各样的图表来比照和展示这些信息。

We **presented** three options to the unions for discussion...
我们向工会提供了3种选择供讨论。

In effect, Parsons **presents** us with a beguilingly simple outline of social evolution.
事实上，帕森斯向我们展示了一个看似简单的社会沿革轮廓图。

4 VERB 动词 **呈现；展示；陈述** When you **present** information, you give it to people in a formal way.

...in his first **presentation** of the theory to the Berlin Academy.
当他第一次向柏林学院陈述该理论的时候

...a fair **presentation** of the facts to a jury...
向陪审团就事实所作的公正陈述

No amount of slick **presentation** can disguise the gap between what the government promised and what it has delivered.
无论多少漂亮的说辞都掩盖不了政府的承诺和实际的兑现之间的差距。

5 VERB 动词 **描述；形容** If you **present** someone or something in a particular way, you describe them in that way.

The government has **presented** these changes as major reforms...
政府将这些变化描述为重大的改革。

The British like to **present** themselves as a nation of dog-lovers...
英国人喜欢把自己说成是一个爱狗的民族。

In Europe, Aga Khan III **presented** himself in a completely different light.
在欧洲，阿迦汗三世表现得完全是另一副样子。

6 VERB 动词 (通过言行举止) **表现(自己)** The way you **present yourself** is the way you speak and act when meeting new people.

...all those tricks which would help him to **present** himself in a more confident way in public.
能使他在公众面前表现得更为自信的那些窍门

7 VERB 动词 **表现；展现** If someone or something **presents** a particular appearance or image, that is how they appear or try to appear.

The small group of onlookers **presented** a pathetic sight...
这一小群旁观者看上去让人觉得悲哀。

In **presenting** a more professional image the party risks losing its individuality.
为了给人一种更为职业的形象，该党可能会丧失自身特色。

...**presenting** a calm and dignified face to the world at large.
向全世界展示出一副冷静和威严的面孔

8 VERB 动词 **出席；到场** If you **present yourself** somewhere, you officially arrive there, for example for an appointment.

She was told to **present** herself at the Town Hall at 11.30 for the induction ceremony...
她被告知于11点30分在市政厅参加就职仪式。

We **presented** ourselves to the authorities promptly.
我们立即向当局备案。

9 VERB 动词 **主持(电视或广播节目)** If someone **presents** a programme on television or radio, they introduce each item in it.

She **presents** a monthly magazine programme on the BBC.
她在英国广播公司主持一个月刊节目。

10 VERB 动词 **上演；组织(演出或展览)** When someone **presents** something such as a production of a play or an exhibition, they organize it.

The Lyric Theatre is **presenting** a new production of 'Over the Bridge'.
利里克剧院正在上演新排的《桥对面》。

11 VERB 动词 **引见；介绍** If you **present** someone to someone else, often an important person, you formally introduce them.

Fox stepped forward, welcomed him in Malay, and **presented** him to Jack...
福克斯走向前，用马来语向他表示欢迎，并把他介绍给了杰克。

Allow me to **present** my wife's cousin, Mr Zachary Colenso.
请允许我介绍我妻子的表哥，扎卡里·科伦索先生。

12 See also: [presentation](#) ;

presidential ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **总统的；与总统有关的** **Presidential** activities or things relate or belong to a president.

...Peru's **presidential** election...

秘鲁总统选举

There are several **presidential** candidates.

有数位总统候选人。

pretty ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (**尤指女孩**) **漂亮的，好看的，标致的** If you describe someone, especially a girl, as **pretty**, you mean that they look nice and are attractive in a delicate way.

She's a very charming and very **pretty** girl.

她是一个非常迷人的漂亮女孩。

prettily

She smiled again, **prettily**.

她又微微一笑，非常迷人。

prettiness

Her **prettiness** had been much admired.

她的美貌让众人羡慕不已。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (**地方或事物**) **漂亮的，美丽的 (但无特殊之处)** A place or a thing that is **pretty** is attractive and pleasant, in a charming but not particularly unusual way.

Whitstable is still a very **pretty** little town.

惠斯特布尔仍然是一个非常漂亮的小镇。

...comfortable sofas covered in a **pretty** floral print.

罩着漂亮的印花布的舒适沙发

prettily

The living-room was **prettily** decorated.

客厅装修得很漂亮。

prettiness

...shells of quite unbelievable **prettiness**.

漂亮得让人难以置信的贝壳

3 ADV 副词 **很；颇；相当** You can use **pretty** before an adjective or adverb to mean 'quite' or 'rather'. →see usage note at: [fairly](#)

I had a **pretty** good idea what she was going to do...

我很清楚她会怎么做。

Pretty soon after my arrival I found lodgings.

我到达之后，很快就找到了住处。

4 PHRASE 短语 **几乎；近乎；差不多** **Pretty much or pretty well** means 'almost'.

His new government looks **pretty much** like the old one...

他的新政府看起来和旧政府没什么两样。

I travel **pretty well** every week.

我几乎每周都出去旅行。

5 PHRASE 短语 **处于有利的位置；处境优越** If you say that someone is **sitting pretty**, you mean that they are in a good, safe, or comfortable position.

When the war started, they thought they were **sitting pretty**, because they had all that extra grain.

战争开始的时候，他们认为自己境况不错，因为他们粮食准备充足。

6 **not a pretty sight** →see: [sight](#) ;

Usage Note :

When you are describing someone's appearance, you generally use **pretty** and **beautiful** to describe women, girls, and babies. **Beautiful** is a much stronger word than **pretty**. The equivalent word for a man is **handsome**. **Good-looking** and **attractive** can be used to describe people of either sex. **Pretty** can also be used to modify adjectives and adverbs but is less strong than **very**. In this sense, **pretty** is informal.

当描述人的外貌时，通常用 **pretty** 和 **beautiful** 来描述妇女、女孩和婴儿。**beautiful** 比 **pretty** 语气强烈很多。描写男性的对应词是 **handsome**。**good-looking** 和 **attractive** 可用来描述两性。**pretty** 也可以用来修饰形容词和副词，但是语气不如 **very** 强烈。表示这个意义时，**pretty** 为非正式用语。

prevent ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **防止；预防；阻止** To **prevent** something means to ensure that it does not happen.

These methods **prevent** pregnancy...

这些方法能防止怀孕。

Further treatment will **prevent** cancer from developing...

进一步的治疗将阻止癌症恶化。

We recognized the possibility and took steps to **prevent** it happening.

我们认识到了这种可能性，并且采取了一些预防措施。

prevention

...the **prevention** of heart disease.

预防心脏病

...crime **prevention**.

防止犯罪

2 VERB 动词 **阻止；制止；阻碍** To **prevent** someone **from** doing something means to make it impossible for them to do it. →see usage note at: [avoid](#)

He said this would **prevent** companies from creating new jobs...

他说这将使公司无法创造新的工作机会。

Its nationals may be **prevented** from leaving the country...

其国民可能会被禁止出境。

The police have been trying to **prevent** them carrying weapons.

警方一直都没法阻止他们携带武器。

previous ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **先前的；以前的；早先的** A **previous** event or thing is one that happened or existed before the one that you are talking about.

She has a teenage daughter from a **previous** marriage...

她前一段婚姻有一个十几岁的女儿。

He has no **previous** convictions.

他没有前科。

2 ADJ 形容词 **上一次的；上一个的** You refer to the period of time or the thing immediately before the one that you are talking about as the **previous** one.

It was a surprisingly dry day after the rain of the **previous** week...

上星期刚下过雨，天气却出奇地干燥。

He recalled exactly what Bob had told him the **previous** night.

他清楚记得前一天晚上鲍勃告诉他的话。

prince ★★★★★

1 N-TITLE ; N-COUNT 头衔名词；可数名词 **王子；亲王；王孙** A **prince** is a male member of a royal family, especially the son of the king or queen of a country.

...Prince Edward and other royal guests...

爱德华王子和其他皇室宾客

The Prince won warm applause for his ideas.

王子的想法赢得了热烈的掌声。

2 N-TITLE ; N-COUNT 头衔名词；可数名词 (**小国的**) **君王，国君** A **prince** is the male royal ruler of a small country or state.

He was speaking without the **prince's** authority.

他说话的时候没有君王的威严。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **大师；名家；巨匠** If someone describes a man as the **prince** of a particular type of work, they mean that he is the best man doing that type of work.

To his 19th-century peers, Robert Brown was the **prince** of botany.

对于19世纪的同行来说，罗伯特·布朗是植物学巨匠。

princess ★★★★★

1 N-TITLE ; N-COUNT 头衔名词；可数名词 **公主；王妃；亲王夫人** A **princess** is a female member of a royal family, usually the daughter of a king or queen or the wife of a prince.

Princess Anne topped the guest list.

安妮公主排在宾客名单之首。

...Caroline Lindon, Princess of Monaco.

摩纳哥公主卡罗琳·林登

principle ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **道德原则；行为准则；操守** A **principle** is a general belief that you have about the way you should behave, which influences your behaviour.

Buck never allowed himself to be bullied into doing anything that went against his **principles**...

巴克从来不会因为受到威胁而做违背自己原则的事情。

...moral **principles**...

道德准则

It's not just a matter of **principle**.

这不仅仅是原则的问题。

...a man of **principle**.

讲究原则的男人

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **法则；原则；原理** The **principles** of a particular theory or philosophy are its basic rules or laws.

...a violation of the basic **principles** of Marxism...

违背马克思主义的基本原则

The doctrine was based on three fundamental **principles**.

这个学说建立在三条基本原理之上。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(科学)原理，定律**

Scientific **principles** are general scientific laws which explain how something happens or works.

These people lack all understanding of scientific **principles**.

这些人对科学原理一窍不通。

...the **principles** of quantum theory.

量子论原理

4 PHRASE 短语 **大体上；基本上** If you agree with something **in principle**, you agree in general terms to the idea of it, although you do not yet know the details or know if it will be possible.

I agree with it **in principle** but I doubt if it will happen in practice.

我大体上同意这一点，但是怀疑它是否能够付诸实践。

5 PHRASE 短语 **从理论上说；按道理** If something is possible **in principle**, there is no known reason why it should not happen, even though it has not happened before.

Even assuming this to be **in principle** possible, it will not be achieved soon.

即使假定这在理论上行得通，它也不可能于短期内实现。

6 PHRASE 短语 **按照原则；根据信念** If you refuse to do something **on principle**, you refuse to do it because of a particular belief that you have.

He would vote against it **on principle**...

他会根据原则投反对票。

His father, **on principle**, did not like to hear requests for money.

从原则上来说，他父亲不喜欢别人借钱。

print ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **打印；印刷** If someone **prints** something such as a book or newspaper, they produce it in large quantities using a machine.

He started to **print** his own posters to distribute abroad...

他开始印刷自己的海报并发往国外。

The Slovene bank has **printed** a specimen bank note...

斯洛文尼亚银行已经印刷了纸币票样。

Our brochure is **printed** on environmentally-friendly paper...

我们的小册子是用环保纸张印刷的。

We found that television and radio gave rise to far fewer complaints than did the **printed** media.

我们发现电视和广播引发的投诉比印刷媒体要少多了。

In American English, **print up** means the same as **print**.

(美国英语中) **print up** 同 **print**

Community workers here are **printing up** pamphlets for peace demonstrations...

这里的社区工作者正在为和平示威游行印刷小册子。

Hey, I know what, I'll get a bumper sticker **printed up**.

嘿，有了，我会找人印刷一些保险杠贴纸。

printing

His brother ran a **printing** and publishing company.

他哥哥经营了一家印刷出版公司。

...stocks of paper and **printing ink**.

库存的纸张和印刷油墨

2 VERB 动词 **(在报纸、杂志上)刊印，刊登，发表** If a newspaper or magazine **prints** a piece of writing, it includes it or publishes it.

We can only **print** letters which are accompanied by the writer's name and address.

我们只能刊登附有作者姓名和地址的信件。

...a questionnaire **printed** in the magazine recently.

最近在杂志上刊登的一份调查问卷

3 VERB 动词 **印(数字、字母或图案)；印染** If numbers, letters, or designs are **printed on** a surface, they are put on it in ink or dye using a machine. You can also say that a surface is **printed with** numbers, letters, or designs.

...the number **printed** on the receipt...

印在发票上的数字

The company has for some time **printed** its phone number on its products...

有一段时间，公司把电话号码印在产品上。

The shirts were **printed** with a paisley pattern...

这些衬衫上印着佩斯利旋纹图案。

'Ecu' was **printed** in lower case rather than capital letters.

ecu是用小写字母而不是大写字母印刷的。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **印花织物；印刷品；印花；印制图案** A **print** is a piece of clothing or material with a pattern printed on it. You can also refer to the pattern itself as a **print**.

Her mother wore one of her dark summer **prints**...

她妈妈穿着一件深色印花夏装。

In this living room we've mixed glorious floral **prints**.

在这间客厅，我们粘贴了各种美丽的印花纸。

...multi-coloured **print jackets**.

五颜六色的印花夹克

5 VERB 动词 **冲洗，冲印(照片)** When you **print** a photograph, you produce it from a negative.

Printing a black-and-white negative on to colour paper produces a similar monochrome effect...

将一张黑白底片冲印到彩色相纸上会产生相似的单色效果。

I selected two negatives to **print** from.

我选了两张底片进行冲印。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(冲印出来的)照片** A **print** is a photograph from a film that has been developed.

...black and white **prints** of Margaret and Jean as children.

玛格丽特和吉恩小时候的黑白照片

...35mm colour **print films**.

35毫米的彩色胶片

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **电影拷贝** A **print** of a cinema film is a particular copy or set of copies of it.

First released in 1957, the movie now appears in a new **print**.

1957年首次上映后，这部影片现在有了新的拷贝。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **绘画复制品；版画** A **print** is one of a number of copies of a particular picture. It can be either a photograph, something such as a painting, or a picture made by an artist who puts ink on a prepared surface and presses it against paper.

...William Hogarth's famous series of **prints**.

威廉·霍加斯著名的版画系列

9 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **印出的字；印刷字体** **Print** is used to refer to letters and numbers as they appear on the pages of a book, newspaper, or printed document.

...columns of tiny **print**...

一栏栏极小的印刷字

Laser **printers** give high quality **print**.

激光打印机的打印质量很好。

10 ADJ 形容词 **印刷(媒体)的；纸媒的** The **print media** consists of newspapers and magazines, but not television or radio.

I have been convinced that the **print media** are more accurate and more reliable than television.

我已经确信印刷媒体比电视更准确、更可靠。

...**print journalists**.

报业记者

11 VERB 动词 **用印刷体书写** If you **print** words, you write in letters that are not joined together and that look like the letters in a book or newspaper.

Print your name and address on a postcard and send it to us.

在明信片上用印刷体写上你的名字和地址，然后邮寄给我们。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 **脚印；足迹** You can refer to a mark left by someone's foot as a **print**.

He crawled from **print** to **print**, sniffing at the earth, following the scent left in the tracks.

它沿着脚印向前爬，在地面上嗅着，追踪着路上留下的气味。

...boot **prints**.

靴印

13 N-COUNT 可数名词 **指纹** You can refer to invisible marks left by someone's fingers as their **prints**.

Fresh **prints** of both girls were found in the flat.

在公寓里发现了两个女孩不久前留下的指纹。

14 See also: [printing](#) ;

15 PHRASE 短语 **(在书刊或报纸上)发表，刊登**

If you appear **in print**, or get **into print**, what you say or write is published in a book, newspaper, or magazine.

Many of these poets appeared **in print** only long after their deaths...

这些诗人中有很多都是在去世很久以后作品才得以发表的。

There was no immediate prospect of the diaries getting **into print**.

这些日记近期不会发表。

16 PHRASE 短语 **(书)仍在印行，仍在出版** If a book is **in print**, copies of it are still being produced.

Many of their books have been **in print** for nearly 40 years.

他们的很多书都印行将近40年了。

17 PHRASE 短语 **(书)已经停印，已经绝版** If a book is **out of print**, copies of it are no longer being produced.

I believe the book is now **out of print**, but it can easily be borrowed from libraries.

我想这本书现在已经停印了，但从图书馆很容易借到。

18 PHRASE 短语 **(广告、合同等的)细节，附属细则，小号字体印刷条款** The **small print** or the **fine print** of something such as an advertisement or a contract consists of the technical details and legal conditions, which are often printed in much smaller letters than the rest of the text.

I'm looking at the **small print** ; I don't want to sign anything that I shouldn't sign...

我正在看附属细则，我可不想签署任何不应该签署的东西。

This might be a good time for Button's management to study the **fine print** of his contract.

这可能是巴顿的管理人员研读他的合同细则的好时机。

19 a **licence to print money** → see: [licence](#) ;

相关词组：

[print out](#) [print up](#)

prison ★★★★★☆

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **监狱；监牢；看守所** A **prison** is a building where criminals are kept as punishment or where people accused of a crime are kept before their trial.

The **prison's** inmates are being kept in their cells...

这个监狱的犯人被关在他们的囚室里。

He was sentenced to life in **prison**...

他被判处终身监禁。

They released Mr Mandela from **prison** in 1990.

1990年，他们将曼德拉先生从狱中释放。

...the gas chamber at San Quentin Prison.

圣昆廷监狱的毒气室

prisoner ★★★★★☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **囚犯；犯人** A **prisoner** is a person who is kept in a prison as a punishment for a crime that they have committed.

The committee is concerned about the large number of **prisoners** sharing cells.

这个委员会对牢房拥挤问题表示担忧。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **俘虏；战俘** A **prisoner** is a person who has been captured by an enemy, for example in war.

...wartime hostages and concentration-camp **prisoners**...

战时的人质和集中营的战俘

He was held **prisoner** in Vietnam from 1966 to 1973...

他在1966年到1973年间被作为战俘关押在越南。

He was taken **prisoner** in North Africa in 1942.

他于1942年在北非被俘。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **为...所困的人；陷于...不能摆脱的人** If you say that you are a **prisoner of** a situation, you mean that you are trapped by it.

We are all **prisoners of** our childhood and feel an obligation to it...

我们都无法忘记自己的童年时代，觉得仍然为它所缚。

She was a **prisoner of** her own ego.

她为自己的自尊心所困。

private ★★★★★☆

1 ADJ 形容词 **(产业、服务)私立的，私有的，私营的，民营的** **Private** industries and services are owned or controlled by an individual person or a commercial company, rather than by the state or an official organization.

...a joint venture with **private** industry...

与私营企业建立的合资企业

Bupa runs **private** hospitals in Britain...

保柏在英国开办私立医院。

Brazil says its constitution forbids the **private** ownership of energy assets.

巴西称其宪法禁止个人占有能源资产。

privately

No other European country had so few **privately** owned businesses...

再没有哪个欧洲国家有如此之少的私有企业。

She was **privately** educated at schools in Ireland and Paris.

她在爱尔兰和巴黎的学校接受过私立教育。

2 ADJ 形容词 **个人的；私人的** **Private** individuals are acting only for themselves, and are not representing any group, company, or organization.

...the law's insistence that **private** citizens are not permitted to have weapons...

法律坚持要求公民个人不得持有武器

The King was on a **private** visit to enable him to pray at the tombs of his ancestors...

国王以私人身份出访，以便能够祭拜先祖陵墓。

The family tried to bring a **private** prosecution against him for assault.

这家人试图以侵犯人身为由对他提起自诉。

3 ADJ 形容词 **(财物等)个人所有的，私有的，私人的** Your **private** things belong only to you, or may only be used by you.

The landowners have had to sell their **private** aircraft...

这些土地所有者不得不卖掉自己的私人飞机。

They want more State control over **private** property...

他们希望加强国家对私有财产的控制。

There are 76 individually furnished bedrooms, all with **private** bathrooms...

这里有76间陈设各异的卧室，都配有独立卫生间。

I took the precaution of clearing out my desk before I left, and only my **private** secretary knows it.

我在离开之前预先把桌子整理好了，这一点只有我的私人秘书知道。

4 ADJ 形容词 **(地方、聚会等)非公开的，私人的** **Private** places or gatherings may be attended only by a particular group of people, rather than by the general public.

673 **private** golf clubs took part in a recent study...

673家私人高尔夫俱乐部参与了最近的研究。

The door is marked 'Private'...

这扇门上标着“私人房间”。

Brian Epstein was buried in a **private** ceremony at Long Lane Cemetery, Liverpool.

在利物浦朗雷恩公墓为布赖恩·爱泼斯坦举行了私人葬礼。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(会议、讨论、活动等)秘密的，私下的** **Private** meetings, discussions, and other activities involve only a small number of people,

and very little information about them is given to other people.

Don't bug **private** conversations, and don't buy papers that reprint them.

不要窃听私人谈话，不要购买重印这些谈话的报纸。

privately

Few senior figures have issued any public statements but **privately** the resignation's been welcomed...

几乎没有高层人员发表任何公开声明，但私下里大家都为这次辞职窃喜。

I had not talked to Winnette **privately** for weeks.

我好几个星期没有和温尼特私下谈过话了。

6 ADJ 形容词 (生活) 私人的, 个人的, 与工作无关的 Your **private** life is that part of your life that is concerned with your personal relationships and activities, rather than with your work or business.

I've always kept my **private** and professional life separate...

我总是将私生活和工作分开。

My **private** affairs are no one's business but my own.

我自己的事自己管，不用其他人操心。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (想法、感觉) 私密的, 隐私的, 内心的 Your **private** thoughts or feelings are ones that you do not talk about to other people.

We all felt as if we were intruding on his **private** grief.

我们都觉得似乎触及到了他内心的伤痛。

...the enactment of her **private** sexual fantasies...

她内心产生了性幻想

It's just that it's something very **private**, and I simply can't talk about it.

只不过这是非常隐私的事情，我根本不能谈论这个。

privately

Privately, she worries about whether she's really good enough...

她暗自担心自己是不是真的有那么好。

He had **privately** resolved he would buy her the dress.

他暗地里下定决心要给她买那件衣服。

8 ADJ 形容词 只有自己人明白的 You can use **private** to describe situations or activities that are understood only by the people involved in them, and not by anyone else.

Chinese waiters stood in a cluster, sharing a **private** joke...

华人服务生们站在一起，讲着只有他们自己才懂的笑话。

As many as 40 per cent of twins have a **private** language that excludes the rest of the family.

多达40%的双胞胎都有自己的语言，其他家庭成员都听不懂。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (地方等) 僻静的, 幽静的, 无人打扰的 If you describe a place as **private**, or as somewhere where you can be **private**, you mean that it is a quiet place and you can be alone there without being disturbed.

It was the only reasonably **private** place they could find.

这是他们能找到的唯一一个还算僻静之处。

...a very attractive country house set within a uniquely beautiful and **private** position...

坐落在风景独特的僻静之处的非常别致的乡间别墅

We were alone, completely **private**, with not even Angela present.

就我们自己，没有其他人打扰，连安吉拉也不在。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (人) 内敛的, 文静内向的, 孤僻的 If you describe someone as a **private** person, you mean that they are very quiet by nature and do not reveal their thoughts and feelings to other people.

She has always been a rather **private** person...

她一直是一个相当内向的人。

Gould was an intensely **private** individual.

古德以前是个极为孤僻的人。

11 ADJ 形容词 私人教授的; 私下辅导的 You can use **private** to describe lessons that are not part of ordinary school activity, and which are given by a teacher to an individual pupil or a small group, usually in return for payment.

Martial arts: **Private** lessons: £8 per hour.

武术: 私人教授: 每小时8英镑

...Donald Tovey, who took her as his **private** pupil for the piano.

唐纳德·托维，她的私人钢琴老师

12 N-COUNT; N-TITLE 可数名词; 头衔名词 列兵, 二等兵 (级别最低的士兵) A **private** is a soldier of the lowest rank in an army or the marines.

One gunner in each battery was an NCO and the rest were **privates**.

每个炮兵连都有一个炮手是军士，其余都是二等兵。

...Private Martin Ferguson.

二等兵马丁·费格森

13 N-PLURAL 复数名词 私处; 阴部 Your **privates** are your genitals.

You should wash your feet and your **privates** every day.

应该每天洗脚，并清洗阴部。

14 See also: [privately](#);

15 PHRASE 短语 私下地; 秘密地 If you do something **in private**, you do it without other people being present, often because it is something that you want to keep secret.

Some of what we're talking about might better be discussed **in private**.

我们要谈论的一些事情最好是在私下里讨论。

prize ★★★★★

The spelling **prise** is also used in British English for meanings 5 and 6. 在英国英语中，义项5和6亦可拼作 **prise**.

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 奖品; 奖赏; 奖金 A **prize** is money or something valuable that is given to someone who has the best results in a competition or game, or as a reward for doing good work.

You must claim your **prize** by telephoning our claims line...

您必须通过拨打我们的领奖电话来领取奖品。

He won first **prize** at the Leeds Piano Competition...

他在利兹国际钢琴比赛中荣获一等奖。

He was awarded the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1985...

他于1985年被授予诺贝尔物理学奖。

They were going all out for the **prize**-money, £6,500 for the winning team.

他们正全力争取队伍获胜，以赢得6,500英镑的奖金。

2 ADJ 形容词 可以获奖的; 获奖的 You use **prize** to describe things that are of such good quality that they win prizes or deserve to win prizes.

...a **prize** bull.

获奖的公牛

...**prize** blooms.

有望获奖的花

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 非常珍贵的人(或物); 十分重要的人(或物) You can refer to someone or something as a **prize** when people consider them to be of great value or importance.

With no lands of his own, he was no great matrimonial **prize**.

他没有自己的地产，不是结婚的上佳人选。

4 VERB 动词 重视; 珍惜 Something that is **prized** is wanted and admired because it is considered to be very valuable or very good quality.

Military figures, made out of lead are **prized** by collectors...

收藏家们对铅铸的军人塑像视若珍宝。

One of the gallery's most **prized** possessions is the portrait of Ginevra de'Benci.

这个美术馆最珍贵的藏品之一是达芬奇的《女子肖像》。

5 VERB 动词 撬; 撬动; 撬开; 掰开 If you **prize** something open or **prize** it away from a surface, you force it to open or force it to come away from the surface.

He tried to **prize** the dog's mouth open...

他试图把这条狗的嘴掰开。

I **prised** off the metal rim surrounding one of the dials...

我把其中一个刻度盘的金属边缘撬开了。

He held on tight but she **prised** it from his fingers.

他抓得很紧，但她还是掰开他的手，把它拿走了。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 pry

6 VERB 动词 竭力打探(消息等); 说服...透露

消息) If you **prize** something such as information **out of** someone, you persuade them to tell you although they may be very unwilling to.

Alison and I had to **prize** conversation out of him.

我和艾莉森只得从他口中撬出谈话内容。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 pry

producer ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **制片人；制作人** A **producer** is a person whose job is to produce plays, films, programmes, or CDs.

Vanya Kewley is a freelance film **producer**.

万尼亚·丘利是自由电影制片人。

...Mike Morley, the **producer** of Central Television's Dennis Nilsen documentary.

迈克·摩利，中央电视台播出的丹尼斯·尼尔森纪录片的制片人

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **生产商；制造商；生产国** A **producer** of a food or material is a company or country that grows or manufactures a large amount of it.

The estate is generally a **producer** of high quality wines.

这片土地盛产优质葡萄酒。

...Saudi Arabia, the world's leading oil **producer**.

沙特阿拉伯，世界主要的石油生产国

production ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(大量)生产，制造，制作** **Production** is the process of manufacturing or growing something in large quantities.

That model won't go into **production** before late 1990.

那种型号在20世纪90年代末以前不会批量生产。

...tax incentives to encourage domestic **production** of oil.

鼓励国内石油生产的税收优惠政策

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **产量** **Production** is the amount of goods manufactured or grown by a company or country.

We needed to increase the volume of **production**...

我们需要提高产量。

It expected to maintain **production** of cars at the same level as last year.

预期今年汽车的产量会和去年持平。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **产生；形成；生成** The **production** of something is its creation as the result of a natural process.

These proteins stimulate the **production** of blood cells.

这些蛋白质会刺激血细胞的产生。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(戏剧的)排演；(电影、电视节目的)制作；(唱片的)灌制** **Production** is the process of organizing and preparing a play, film, programme, or CD, in order to present it to the public.

During the film's **production**, the director wanted to shoot a riot scene but the filming was blocked...

在影片摄制期间，导演想拍摄一个暴乱场面，但是被禁止了。

She is head of the **production** company.

她是制片公司的负责人。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **演出** A **production** is a play, opera, or other show that is performed in a theatre.

For this **production** she has learnt the role in Spanish.

为了这次演出，她已经学会了用西班牙语演这个角色。

...a critically acclaimed **production** of Othello.

获得好评的《奥赛罗》

6 PHRASE 短语 **通过出示；通过展示；通过亮出** When you can do something **on production of** or **on the production of** documents, you need to show someone those documents in order to be able to do that thing.

Entry to the show is free to members **on production of** their membership cards.

会员只要出示会员卡就可以免费观看演出。

professional ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **职业的；专业的** **Professional** means relating to a person's work, especially work that requires special training.

His **professional** career started at Liverpool University.

他的职业生涯是从利物浦大学开始的。

professionally

...a **professionally-qualified** architect...

一个具有专业从业资格的建筑师

The opening months of 1987 were difficult, personally and **professionally**.

无论从个人生活还是从工作上来说，1987年初的几个月都非常艰难。

2 ADJ 形容词 **(人)职业的，专业的** **Professional** people have jobs that require advanced education or training.

...highly qualified **professional** people like doctors and engineers.

像医生和工程师这样需要高技能的专业人员

Professional is also a noun.

My father wanted me to become a **professional** and have more stability.

我父亲想让我成为职业人士，这样能更稳定一些。

3 ADJ 形容词 **专门从事的；非业余的** You use **professional** to describe people who do a particular thing to earn money rather than as a hobby.

This has been my worst time for injuries since I started as a **professional** footballer...

这是我当职业足球运动员以来受伤来得最不是时候的一次。

Jack Nicklaus has played in every Major Championship since he turned **professional** in 1961.

杰克·尼克劳斯自从1961年转为职业选手以来参加了四大赛的所有比赛。

Professional is also a noun.

He had been a **professional** since March 1985.

他从1985年3月开始就成了职业选手。

professionally

By age 16 he was playing **professionally** with bands in Greenwich Village.

16岁的时候，他就为格林尼治村的乐队进行专业演奏。

4 ADJ 形容词 **(运动)职业性质的** **Professional** sports are played for money rather than as a hobby.

...an art student who had played **professional** football for a short time.

踢过短时间职业足球的艺术系学生

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **专业的；内行的；高水平的** If you say that something that someone does or produces is **professional**, you approve of it because you think that it is of a very high standard.

They run it with a truly **professional** but personal touch.

他们的经营既有真正的专业水准又不乏个人特色。

Professional is also a noun.

...a dedicated **professional** who worked harmoniously with the cast and crew.

一位非常敬业的、同所有演职人员合作融洽的专业人士

professionally

These tickets have been produced very **professionally**.

这些标签制作得非常专业。

6 See also: [semi-professional](#) ;

professor ★★★★★

1 N-TITLE ; N-COUNT ; N-VOC

头衔名词；可数名词；称呼名词

(美国大学的)教授 A **professor** in a British university is the most senior teacher in a department.

...Professor Cameron...

卡梅伦教授

In 1979, only 2% of British **professors** were female.

1979年，英国只有2%的教授是女性。

2 N-COUNT ; N-TITLE ; N-VOC

可数名词；头衔名词；称呼名词

(美国或加拿大的)大学教师，学院教师 A **professor** in an American or Canadian university or college is a teacher of the highest rank.

Robert Dunn is a **professor** of economics at George Washington University.

罗伯特·达恩是乔治·华盛顿大学经济学的教师。

profit ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **利润；收益；盈利** A **profit** is

an amount of money that you gain when you are paid more for something than it cost you to make, get, or do it.

The bank made pre-tax **profits** of £3.5 million...

这家银行的税前利润为350万英镑。

You can improve your chances of **profit** by sensible planning...

你可以通过合理计划来提高盈利的机会。

The **profit** motive is inherently at odds with principles of fairness and equity.

盈利动机天生就与公平和公正的原则相抵触。

2 VERB 动词 **盈利**；**获取利润**；**赚钱** If you **profit** from something, you earn a profit from it.

Footballers are accustomed to **profiting** handsomely from bonuses...

足球运动员对获取丰厚的奖金已习以为常。

He has **profited** by selling his holdings to other investors...

他将自己的股票卖给其他投资者，从中获利。

The dealers **profited** shamefully at the expense of my family.

这些经销商通过损害我家人的利益不光彩地赚钱。

3 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **得益(于)**；**对...有益**；**对...有好处** If you **profit** from something, or it **profits** you, you gain some advantage or benefit from it.

Jennifer wasn't yet totally convinced that she'd **profit** from a more relaxed lifestyle...

珍妮弗还不完全相信更轻松的生活方式会对她有好处。

So far the French alliance had **profited** the rebels little...

到目前为止叛军都没有从法国同盟那里获得什么好处。

Whom would it **profit** to terrify or to kill James Sinclair?

恐吓或者干掉詹姆斯·辛克莱对谁会有好处？

Profit is also a noun.

The artist found much to his **profit** in the Louvre.

这位艺术家从卢浮宫受益颇多。

program ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **程序** A **program** is a set of instructions that a computer follows in order to perform a particular task.

The chances of an error occurring in a computer **program** increase with the size of the **program**.

计算机程序越长，出错的概率也越大。

2 VERB 动词 **为(计算机)编制程序** When you **program** a computer, you give it a set of instructions to make it able to perform a particular task.

He **programmed** his computer to compare all the possible combinations.

他给他的计算机编制了一套程序，以比较所有可能的组合。

...45 million people, about half of whom can **program** their own computers.

4,500万人中约有半数可以给他们自己的计算机编制程序

...a computer **programmed** to translate a story given to it in Chinese.

编制有程序可以对输入其中的汉语故事进行翻译的计算机

programming

...programming skills...

编程技术

...the concepts of **programming**.

编程的概念

3 See also: [programme](#) ;

progress ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /'prɒɡres, am 'prɒ:-/. The verb is pronounced /prə'gres/. 名词读作 /'prɒɡres, 美 'prɒ:-/, 动词读作 /prə'gres/.

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **进步**；**进展** **Progress** is the process of gradually improving or getting nearer to achieving or completing something.

The medical community continues to make **progress** in the fight against cancer...

医学界在抗癌的斗争中不断取得进步。

The two sides made little if any **progress** towards agreement.

双方在达成协议方面的进展甚微。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **进展**；**进程** **The progress** of a situation or action is the way in which it develops.

The Chancellor is reported to have been delighted with the **progress** of the first day's talks...

据报道，总理对第一天会谈的进展表示满意。

Ellen would keep me abreast of the **progress** by phone.

埃伦会通过电话及时向我通报进展情况。

3 VERB 动词 **进步**；**进展**；**发展**；**改进** To **progress** means to move over a period of time to a stronger, more advanced, or more desirable state.

He will visit once a fortnight to see how his new staff are **progressing**...

他会每两个星期来访一次，看看他的新员工进展如何。

Were you surprised that his disease **progressed** so quickly?...

他的病情发展得这么快，您是否感到意外？

He started with sketching and then **progressed** to painting.

他先是画素描，然后发展到画油画。

4 VERB 动词 **继续进行**；**逐步发展** If events **progress**, they continue to happen gradually over a period of time.

As the evening **progressed**, sadness turned to rage...

随着夜幕逐渐降临，悲伤变成了愤怒。

Life was hard, and it became harder as the war **progressed**.

那时候生活很艰难，并且随着战争的持续愈发艰难了。

5 VERB 动词 **使...发展**；**使...取得进展** If you **progress** something, you cause it to develop.

Very little was done to **progress** the case in the first 10 or so months after K was charged.

在K被指控后最初的10个月左右，这个案子进展缓慢。

6 PHRASE 短语 **正在进行中** If something is **in progress**, it has started and is still continuing.

The game was already **in progress** when we took our seats...

我们坐下来时，比赛已经开始了。

The diaries are a mixture of confession, work **in progress** and observation.

这些日记里既有自白，也有当下工作记录，还有见闻评论。

project ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /'prɒdʒekt/. The verb is pronounced /prə'dʒekt/ and is hyphenated project. 名词读作 /'prɒdʒekt/, 动词读作 /prə'dʒekt/, 分音节形式为 project.

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **项目**；**工程**；**计划**；**规划** A **project** is a task that requires a lot of time and effort.

Money will also go into local development **projects** in Vietnam...

钱也会用于越南的地方发展项目当中。

...an international science **project**...

国际科学项目

Besides film and record **projects**, I have continued to work in the theater.

除了电影和唱片工作外，我还继续从事戏剧表演。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(学生的)课题**，**研究项目** A **project** is a detailed study of a subject by a pupil or student.

Students complete **projects** for a personal tutor, working at home at their own pace.

学生完成了做私人家教的课题，在家里按自己的步调工作。

3 VERB 动词 **规划**；**计划**；**预计** If something is **projected**, it is planned or expected.

Africa's mid-1993 population is **projected** to more than double by 2025...

预计到2025年，非洲的人口会是1993年年中人口的两倍多。

The government had been **projecting** a 5% consumer price increase for the entire year.

政府预测全年消费价格将增长5%。

...a **projected** deficit of \$1.5 million.

预计赤字为150万美元

4 VERB 动词 **(使)呈现**；**(使)表现**；**(使)展现** If you **project** someone or something in a particular way, you try to make people see them in that way. If you **project** a particular feeling or quality, you show it in your behaviour.

Bradley **projects** a natural warmth and

sincerity...

布拉德利表现出一种自然的热情和真诚。

He just hasn't been able to **project** himself as the strong leader...

他根本没能表现出一个强有力的领导者的样子。

His first job will be to **project** Glasgow as a friendly city...

他的第一项任务将是树立格拉斯哥作为一座友好城市的形象。

The initial image **projected** was of a caring, effective president.

他最初表现出的是一个充满爱心、办事有效的总统形象。

5 VERB 动词 **把 (情感、想法) 投射转移 (到他人身上)** If you **project** feelings or ideas **on to** other people, you imagine that they have the same ideas or feelings as you.

He **projects** his own thoughts and ideas onto her.

他以为她有着和自己相同的想法和观点。

6 VERB 动词 **投射; 放映** If you **project** a film or picture **onto** a screen or wall, you make it appear there.

The team tried **projecting** the maps with two different **projectors** onto the same screen.

这个小组想用两台不同的投影仪把这些地图投射到同一个屏幕上。

7 VERB 动词 **伸出; 凸出** If something **projects**, it sticks out above or beyond a surface or edge.

...the remains of a war-time defence which **projected** out from the shore.

海滨凸立着的战时防御工事的遗迹

...a piece of **projecting** metal.

一块凸立着的金属

8 See also: [housing project](#) ;

promise ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **承诺; 保证; 答应** If you **promise** that you will do something, you say to someone that you will definitely do it.

The post office has **promised** to resume first class mail delivery to the area on Friday...

邮局承诺于星期五恢复对这个地区第一类邮件的递送。

He had **promised** that the rich and privileged would no longer get preferential treatment...

他已经保证富人和特权阶层不会再得到优惠待遇。

Promise me you will not waste your time...

答应我，不要浪费自己的时间。

'We'll be back next year,' he **promised**...

“我们明年会回来的，”他承诺道。

'You **promise**?' — 'All right, I **promise**.'

“你保证？”——“好的，我保证。”

2 VERB 动词 **答应给予; 承诺给予; 保证让...得到** If you **promise** someone something, you tell them that you will definitely give it to them or make sure that they have it.

In 1920 the great powers **promised** them an independent state...

1920年，列强承诺让他们成为一个独立的国家。

The officers **promise** a return to multiparty rule.

这些官员承诺恢复多党统治。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **诺言; 承诺; 保证** A **promise** is a statement which you make to a person in which you say that you will definitely do something or give them something.

If you make a **promise**, you should keep it...

如果做出了承诺，就应该遵守。

The program has lived up to its **promise** to promote family welfare.

这个项目恪守了其改善家庭福利的承诺。

4 VERB 动词 **有可能; 有希望** If a situation or event **promises** to have a particular quality or to be a particular thing, it shows signs that it will have that quality or be that thing.

While it will be fun, the seminar also **promises** to be most instructive.

这次的研讨会不仅会有趣，而且有可能会颇具启发意义。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(非常好的或成功的) 希望, 迹象, 指望** If someone or something shows **promise**, they seem likely to be very good or successful.

The boy first showed **promise** as an athlete in grade school.

这个男孩在上小学的时候就初次显示出成为运动员的潜力。

promote ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **促进; 增进; 提倡** If people **promote** something, they help or encourage it to happen, increase, or spread.

You don't have to sacrifice environmental protection to **promote** economic growth...

不必为了促进经济增长而牺牲环境保护。

In many ways, our society actively **promotes** alcoholism.

我们的社会从多个方面助长了酗酒的风气。

promotion

The government has pledged to give the promotion of democracy higher priority.

政府已经保证把促进民主摆在更重要的位置。

...disease prevention and health promotion.

预防疾病和增进健康

2 VERB 动词 **促销; 推广; 推销** If a firm **promotes** a product, it tries to increase the sales or popularity of that product.

Paul Weller has announced a full British tour to **promote** his second solo album.

保罗·韦勒已经宣布到英国巡演，以推广他的第二张专辑。

...a special St Lucia week where the island could be **promoted** as a tourist destination.

在特殊的圣卢西亚活动周期间这个岛屿可以作为旅游胜地进行宣传推广

3 VERB 动词 **晋升; 提升; 擢升** If someone is **promoted**, they are given a more important job or rank in the organization that they work for.

I was **promoted** to editor and then editorial director...

我先是被提升为编辑，然后又晋升为编务总监。

In fact, those people have been **promoted**.

事实上，那些人已经升职了。

4 VERB 动词 **使 (联赛队伍) 升级** If a team that competes in a league is **promoted**, it starts competing in a higher division in the next season because it was one of the most successful teams in the lower division.

Woodford Green won the Second Division title and are **promoted** to the First Division.

伍德福德格林队赢得了乙级联赛的冠军，成功升甲。

promotion

Fans of Leeds United have been celebrating their team's promotion to the first division.

利兹联队的球迷们一直都在庆祝他们的球队升入甲级联赛。

property ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **财产; 资产; 所有物** Someone's **property** is all the things that belong to them or something that belongs to them.

Richard could easily destroy her personal **property** to punish her for walking out on him...

理查德能轻易毁掉她的私人财产来惩罚她对他的背叛。

Security forces searched thousands of homes, confiscating weapons and stolen **property**.

安全部队搜查了数千所住宅，没收了武器和赃物。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **房地产** A **property** is a building and the land belonging to it.

Cecil inherited a family **property** near Stamford...

塞西尔继承了斯坦福德附近的一处家族房产。

This vehicle has been parked on private **property**.

这辆车停在了私人地产上。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **特性; 性质; 性能; 属性** The **properties** of a substance or object are the ways in which it behaves in particular conditions.

A radio signal has both electrical and magnetic **properties**.

无线电信号具有电、磁双重属性。

proposal ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **提议; 建议; 提案** A **proposal** is a plan or an idea, often a formal or written one, which is suggested for people to think about and decide upon.

The President is to put forward new **proposals** for resolving the country's constitutional crisis...

总统将提出解决国家宪法危机的新议案。

...the government's **proposals** to abolish free health care...

政府关于废除免费医疗保健的提案

The Security Council has rejected the latest peace **proposal**.

安理会拒绝了最新的和平提案。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **求婚** A **proposal** is the act of asking someone to marry you.

After a three-weekend courtship, Pamela accepted Randolph's **proposal** of marriage.

经过3个周末的追求之后，帕梅拉接受了伦道夫的求婚。

propose ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **提出；建议；提议** If you **propose** something such as a plan or an idea, you suggest it for people to think about and decide upon.

Britain is about to **propose** changes to some institutions...

英国将提议对一些机构进行改革。

It was George who first **proposed** that we dry clothes in that locker.

是乔治首先提议我们把衣服挂在那个储物柜里晾干的。

2 VERB 动词 **打算；计划** If you **propose to do** something, you intend to do it.

It's still far from clear what action the government **proposes** to take over the affair...

政府打算采取何种行动处理该事件仍然十分不明朗。

And where do you **propose** building such a huge thing?

那么你打算在哪里建这么一个庞然大物呢？

3 VERB 动词 **提出（理论或解释）** If you **propose** a theory or an explanation, you state that it is possibly or probably true, because it fits in with the evidence that you have considered.

This highlights a problem faced by people proposing theories of ball lightning...

这使得球状闪电理论的提出者所面临的一个问题凸显出来。

Newton **proposed** that heavenly and terrestrial motion could be unified with the idea of gravity.

牛顿提出天体和地球的运动可以用万有引力来解释。

4 VERB 动词 **提出；提名；推荐** If you **propose** a motion for debate, or a candidate for election, you begin the debate or the election procedure by formally stating your support for that motion or candidate.

A delegate from Siberia **proposed** a resolution that he stand down as party chairman...

一名来自西伯利亚的代表提议他辞去党主席的职务。

I asked Robin Balfour and Derek Haig to **propose** and second me.

我请罗宾·鲍尔弗和德里克·黑格提名并支持我。

proposer

...Mr Ian Murch, the **proposer** of the motion.

伊恩·默奇先生，该动议的提议者

5 VERB 动词 **提议祝（酒）；提议为...干杯** If you **propose** a toast to someone or something, you ask people to drink a toast to them.

Usually the bride's father **proposes** a toast to the health of the bride and groom.

通常新娘的父亲会提议为新郎新娘的健康干杯。

6 VERB 动词 **向...求婚** If you **propose to** someone, or **propose marriage to** them, you ask them to marry you.

He had **proposed to** Isabel the day after taking his seat in Parliament.

当选议员的第二天，他向伊莎贝尔求婚了。

prospect ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /'prɒspekt, am 'prɑ: -/. The verb is pronounced /prə'spekt, am 'prɑ:spekt/ and is hyphenated prospect.

名词读作 /'prɒspekt, 美 'prɑ: -/。动词读作 /prə'spekt, 美 'prɑ:spekt/，分音节形式为 prospect。

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **可能性；希望** If there is some **prospect** of something happening, there is a possibility that it will happen.

Unfortunately, there is little **prospect** of seeing these big questions answered...

不幸的是，几乎不可能看到这些重大问题得到回复。

The **prospects** for peace in the country's eight-year civil war are becoming brighter...

该国经历8年内战之后重归和平的前景正逐渐变得光明。

There is a real **prospect** that the bill will be defeated in parliament.

该议案很有可能会被议会否决。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **期望中的事；将要发生的事；预期；展望** A particular **prospect** is something that you expect or know is going to happen.

They now face the **prospect** of having to wear a cycling helmet by law...

他们现在面临的情形是：不久将需要依法佩戴摩托车头盔。

After supper he'd put his feet up and read. It was a pleasant **prospect**.

晚饭后，他会架起脚来看书。想起来就让人愉快。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **（尤指事业的）成功机会，前景，前途** Someone's **prospects** are their chances of being successful, especially in their career.

I chose to work abroad to improve my career **prospects**.

我选择出国工作以求在事业上有更好的发展。

...a detailed review of the company's **prospects**.

对该公司前景的详细考查

4 VERB 动词 **勘探；勘察** When people **prospect for** oil, gold, or some other valuable substance, they look for it in the ground or under the sea.

He had **prospected for** minerals everywhere from the Gobi Desert to the Transvaal...

他已在从戈壁沙漠到德兰士瓦的无数地方勘探过矿藏。

In fact, the oil companies are already **prospecting** not far from here.

事实上，石油公司已经在离此不远处进行勘探。

prospecting

He was involved in oil, zinc and lead **prospecting**.

他参与了石油、锌和铅的勘探。

prospector

The discovery of gold brought a flood of **prospectors** into the Territories.

金子的发现吸引了大量的勘探者进入这些地区。

protect ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **保护；防护** To **protect** someone or something means to prevent them from being harmed or damaged.

So, what can women do to **protect** themselves from heart disease?...

那么，女性怎样做才能使自己不得心脏病呢？

A long thin wool coat and a purple headscarf **protected** her against the wind...

一件薄薄的羊毛长外套和一条紫色的头巾为她挡住了风。

The government is committed to **protecting** the interests of tenants.

政府承诺保护租户们的利益。

2 VERB 动词 **（保险单）为...提供保险** If an insurance policy **protects** you **against** an event such as death, injury, fire, or theft, the insurance company will give you or your family money if that event happens.

Many manufacturers have policies to **protect** themselves against blackmailers.

许多厂家都购买了保险，以防遭到敲诈。

protection ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **保护；防护** To give or be **protection** against something unpleasant means to prevent people or things from being harmed or damaged by it.

Such a diet is widely believed to offer **protection** against a number of cancers...

这种饮食结构被广泛认为可以预防多种癌症。

It is clear that the primary duty of parents is to provide **protection** for our children...

很明显，父母的首要职责是为孩子们提供保护。

Innocence and decent living are no **protection** from the evil elements within our society...

清白做人和正派生活无法保护我们不受社会中邪恶力量的伤害。

The birch is still considered a **protection** against evil spirits by some people in northern Europe.

一些北欧人仍然认为白桦可以辟邪。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **（保险单提供的）保险** If an insurance policy gives you **protection** against an event such as death, injury, fire, or theft, the insurance company will give you or your

family money if that event happens.

The new policy is believed to be the first scheme to offer **protection** against an illness.

这份新的保险单被认为是首个承保疾病风险的保险方案。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **保护法；保护条例；保护措施** **Protections** are laws and other official measures intended to protect people's rights and freedoms.

...civil rights bills providing a myriad of **protections** for gays, women and the disabled.

为同性恋者、妇女和残疾人提供了诸多保护的民权法案

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **贸易保护；关税保护** If a government has a policy of **protection**, it helps its own industries by putting a tax on imported goods or by restricting imports in some other way.

Over the same period trade **protection** has increased in the rich countries.

在同一时期，富国的贸易保护有所抬头。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(歹徒索取保护费后提供的)保护** If criminals offer people **protection**, they demand money from them and in return promise not to hurt them or damage their property.

A businessman who refused to pay **protection** money was shot nine times.

一位拒交保护费的商人被打了9枪。

...**protection** rackets.

勒索保护费

protest ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /prə'test/. The noun is pronounced /prə'test/. 动词读作 /prə'test/，名词读作 /prə'test/。

1 VERB 动词 **抗议；提出异议；反对** If you **protest against** something or **about** something, you say or show publicly that you object to it. In American English, you usually say that you **protest** it.

Groups of women took to the streets to **protest** against the arrests...

成群结队的妇女上街抗议逮捕行动。

The students were **protesting** at overcrowding in the university hostels...

学生们在抗议大学宿舍过于拥挤。

They were **protesting** soaring prices...

他们抗议物价暴涨。

He picked up the cat before Rosa could **protest**.

未等罗莎表示异议，他就抱起了猫。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **抗议；反对** A **protest** is the act of saying or showing publicly that you object to something.

The opposition now seems too weak to stage any serious **protests** against the government...

反对党现在似乎势力非常弱小，无法针对政府发起真正的抗议。

The unions called a two-hour strike in **protest** at the railway authority's announcement.

各工会号召罢工两小时，以对铁路当局所发通告表示抗议。

...a **protest** march.

抗议游行

3 VERB 动词 **申辩；申明** If you **protest that** something is the case, you insist that it is the case, when other people think that it may not be.

When we tried to **protest** that Mo was beaten up they didn't believe us...

我们试图申明莫遭到了毒打，他们却不相信我们。

'I never said any of that to her,' he **protested**...

“我从来没有对她那么说过，”他申辩道。

He has always **protested** his innocence.

他一直申辩自己是无辜的。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **申明；声明；断言** A **protest that** something is true is a strong declaration that it is true.

That was how she usually dealt with their **protests** that she was spoiling her grandchildren.

当他们坚持说她是在溺爱孙儿，她通常会作出那样的回应。

prove ★★★★★

1 V-LINK 连系动词 **证明是；原来是；结果是** If something **proves to be** true or **to have** a particular quality, it becomes clear after a period of time that it is true or has that quality.

We have been accused of exaggerating before, but unfortunately all our reports **proved to be** true...

以前一直有人指责我们夸大事实，但遗憾的是，我们所有的报道都证明是真实的。

In the past this process of transition has often **proven** difficult.

过去这一过渡过程常常很艰难。

...an experiment which was to **prove** a source of inspiration for many years to come.

在之后多年证明一直都是灵感源泉的一项实验

2 VERB 动词 **证明；证实** If you **prove that** something is true, you show by means of argument or evidence that it is definitely true.

You brought this charge. You **prove** it!...

你提出了这项控告。你拿出证据来！

The results **prove** that regulation of the salmon farming industry is inadequate.

结果证明对鲑鱼饲养行业的管理不够完善。

...trying to **prove** how groups of animals have evolved...

试图证明动物群体是如何进化的

That made me hopping mad and determined to **prove** him wrong...

那使我极为恼火，下决心要证明他是错的。

History will **prove** him to have been right all along.

历史将证明他一直是正确的。

...a **proven** cause of cancer.

已确证的癌症病因

3 VERB 动词 **证明；显示** If you **prove yourself to** have a certain good quality, you show by your actions that you have it.

Margaret **proved** herself to be a good mother...

玛格丽特证明了自己是个好妈妈。

As a composer he **proved** himself adept at large dramatic forms...

身为作曲家的他证明了自己在创作大型戏剧方面驾轻就熟。

A man needs time to **prove** himself...

人需要时间来证明自己。

Few would argue that this team has experience and **proven** ability.

这个队伍的丰富经验和表现出来的实力是众所公认的。

4 PHRASE 短语 **证明自己的能力（或知识）** If you **prove a point**, you show other people that you know something or can do something, although your action may have no other purpose.

They made a 3,000 mile detour simply to **prove** a point.

他们绕行3,000英里只是为了证明自己能够做到。

publish ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **出版；发行** When a company **publishes** a book or magazine, it prints copies of it, which are sent to shops to be sold.

They **publish** reference books...

他们出版工具书。

His latest book of poetry will be **published** by Faber in May.

他的最新诗集将由菲贝尔出版公司于5月出版。

2 VERB 动词 **刊登；登载** When the people in charge of a newspaper or magazine **publish** a piece of writing or a photograph, they print it in their newspaper or magazine.

The ban was imposed after the magazine **published** an article satirising the government...

这家杂志刊登了一篇讽刺政府的文章后被停刊。

I don't encourage people to take photographs like this without permission, but by law we can **publish**.

我不鼓励人们未经允许就拍摄这样的照片，但根据法律我们可以刊登。

3 VERB 动词 **发表；出版** If someone **publishes** a book or an article that they have written, they arrange to have it published.

John Lennon found time to **publish** two books of his humorous prose.

约翰·列侬抽时间出版了两本幽默散文。

4 VERB 动词 **公布；发布** If you **publish** information or an opinion, you make it known to the public by having it printed in a newspaper, magazine, or official document.

The demonstrators called on the government to **publish** a list of registered voters.

游行呼吁政府公布注册选民的名单。

pull ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 拉；拖；牵；扯 When you **pull** something, you hold it firmly and use force in order to move it towards you or away from its previous position.

They have **pulled out** patients' teeth unnecessarily...

他们毫无必要地拔掉了病人的牙。

He **pulled on** a jersey...

他套上一件运动衫。

Erica was solemn, **pulling at** her blonde curls...

埃丽卡表情严肃，扯着自己卷曲的金发。

I helped **pull** him out of the water...

我帮忙把他从水里拉了出来。

Someone **pulled her hair**...

有人扯她的头发。

He knew he should **pull** the trigger, but he was suddenly paralysed by fear...

他知道他应该扣动扳机，但突然间害怕得动弹不得。

Pull as hard as you can...

用全力拉。

I let myself out into the street and **pulled the door shut**.

我出门上街并拉上了门。

Pull is also a noun.

The feather must be removed with a straight, firm **pull**.

拔羽毛必须干净利落。

2 VERB 动词 拿出；抽出 When you **pull** an object from a bag, pocket, or cupboard, you put your hand in and bring the object out.

Jack **pulled the slip of paper** from his shirt pocket...

杰克从衬衫口袋里抽出这张纸条。

Wade walked quickly to the refrigerator and **pulled out** another beer.

韦德快步走到冰箱边又拿出一罐啤酒。

3 VERB 动词 拉，拖（车或机械装置） When a vehicle, animal, or person **pulls** a cart or piece of machinery, they are attached to it or hold it, so that it moves along behind them when they move forward.

This is early-20th-century rural Sussex, when horses still **pulled** the plough...

这是20世纪早期的萨塞克斯乡村，那时还是用马拉犁。

He **pulls** a rickshaw, probably the oldest form of human taxi service.

他拉黄包车，这可能是人类最古老的载客服务形式了。

4 VERB 动词 挣脱；移开；抽出 If you **pull yourself** or **pull** a part of your body in a particular direction, you move your body or a part of your body with effort or force.

Hughes **pulled himself** slowly to his feet...

休斯慢慢站了起来。

He **pulled his arms** out of the sleeves...

他把胳膊从袖子里抽出来。

She tried to **pull her hand** free...

她想把自己的手挣脱开。

Lillian brushed his cheek with her fingertips. He **pulled away** and said, 'Don't!'

莉莲用指尖碰他的脸颊。他挣开了说，“不要这样！”

5 VERB 动词 停车；停下 When a driver or vehicle **pulls to** a stop or a halt, the vehicle stops.

He **pulled to a stop** behind a pickup truck...

他在一辆皮卡货车后面停了下来。

The train **pulled to a halt** at the platform.

火车在站台边停下。

6 VERB 动词 超前；领先 In a race or contest, if you **pull ahead of** or **pull away from** an opponent, you gradually increase the amount by which you are ahead of them.

He **pulled away**, extending his lead to 15 seconds...

他把领先优势逐渐扩大到了15秒。

The six states he won in 1988 are the same states in which he has yet to **pull ahead of** his opponent.

1988年他获胜的6个州也是他目前有待领先于对手的几个州。

7 VERB 动词 拆开；拆散 If you **pull** something **apart**, you break or divide it into small pieces, often in order to put them back together again in a different way.

If I wanted to improve the car significantly I would have to **pull** it apart and start again.

如果想好好地改进这辆车，我将不得不把它拆开重装。

8 VERB 动词 拔出（枪或刀）威胁 If someone **pulls** a gun or a knife **on** someone else, they take out a gun or knife and threaten the other person with it.

They had a fight. One of them **pulled a gun on** the other...

他们打了起来。其中一人拔出枪指着另一个人。

I **pulled a knife** and threatened her.

我拔出刀威胁她。

9 VERB 动词 吸引，拉拢（人群、观众或选民） To **pull** crowds, viewers, or voters means to attract them.

The organisers have to employ performers to **pull a crowd**.

组织者不得不雇些演员来聚拢人气。

Pull in means the same as **pull** . **pull in**同**pull**

They provided a far better news service and **pulled in** many more viewers...

他们提供的新闻播报要好得多，因此吸引了更多的观众。

She is still beautiful, and still **pulling them in** at sixty.

她依然很美丽，虽已年届60，对他们仍很有吸引力。

10 VERB 动词 吸引；影响 If something **pulls** you or **pulls** your thoughts or feelings in a particular direction, it strongly attracts you or influences you in a particular way.

Joe felt there was little he could do to help Betty, and his heart was **pulling** him elsewhere.

乔感到帮不上贝蒂什么忙，他的心思在别的地方。

Pull is also a noun.

No matter how much you feel the **pull** of the past, make a determined effort to look to the future.

不管对过去有多么留恋，你也要下定决心往前看。

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 拉力；牵引力；吸力；引力 A **pull** is a strong physical force which causes things to move in a particular direction.

...the **pull** of gravity.

重力的牵引

12 VERB 动词 支持；鼓励；为...打气 If you **are pulling for** someone, you support and encourage them, especially in a competition.

We're all **pulling for** each other because we're desperate to win the Cup back...

因为我们非常想赢回奖杯，所以一直在互相打气。

You know I've been **pulling for** you.

你知道我一直在为你加油。

13 VERB 动词 扭伤；拉伤 If you **pull** a muscle, you injure it by straining it.

Dave **pulled a back muscle** and could barely kick the ball...

戴夫背部拉伤，几乎没法踢球。

He suffered a **pulled calf muscle**.

他小腿肚肌肉拉伤。

14 VERB 动词 深吸（一口烟） If someone **pulls on** a cigarette, they take a deep breath with the cigarette in their mouth.

Jeff leaned back and **pulled on** his cigarette.

杰夫往后一靠，深深地吸了一口烟。

Pull is also a noun.

He took a deep **pull** of his cigarette and exhaled the smoke.

他深吸了一口烟，然后轻轻吐了出来。

15 VERB 动词（对某人）耍（花招），玩弄（手段） To **pull** a stunt or a trick **on** someone means to do something dramatic or silly in order to get their attention or trick them.

Everyone saw the stunt you **pulled on** me.

大家都看见了你对我耍的花招。

16 VERB 动词 吸引；引诱 If someone **pulls** someone else, they succeed in attracting them sexually and in spending the rest of the evening or night with them.

17 PHRASE 短语 别打哈哈了 You can say to someone '**Pull the other one**' or '**Pull the other one, it's got bells on**' to tell them that you do not believe what they have told you and you think they must be joking.

What! A big bloke like you, beaten by his wife!

Pull the other one ; **it's got bells on**.

什么！你这么一个大块头居然被他的妻子打了！别

远了。

- 18** to pull oneself up by one's bootstraps → see: [bootstraps](#) ;
to pull a face → see: [face](#) ;
to pull a fast one → see: [fast](#) ;
to pull someone's leg → see: [leg](#) ;
to pull your punches → see: [punch](#) ;
to pull rank → see: [rank](#) ;
to pull your socks up → see: [sock](#) ;
to pull out all the stops → see: [stop](#) ;
to pull strings → see: [string](#) ;
to pull your weight → see: [weight](#) ;
to pull the wool over someone's eyes → see: [wool](#) ;

相关词组：
[pull away](#) [pull back](#) [pull down](#) [pull in](#) [pull into](#) [pull off](#) [pull out](#) [pull over](#) [pull through](#) [pull together](#) [pull up](#) [pull up on](#)

purchase ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **买；购买；采购** When you purchase something, you buy it.

He purchased a ticket and went up on the top deck...
他买了一张票，然后上到顶层甲板。

Most of those shares were purchased from brokers.
大部分的股份是从经纪人手中购得的。

purchaser

The broker will get 5% if he finds a purchaser...
找到一个买家，经纪人就能提成5%。

The group is the second largest purchaser of fresh fruit in the US.
该集团是美国新鲜水果的第二大买主。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 See also: [hire purchase](#) ; **购买行为** The purchase of something is the act of buying it.

Some of the receipts had been for the purchase of cars.
其中一些收据是购买汽车时开的。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **所购之物；购置物** A purchase is something that you buy.

She opened the tie box and looked at her purchase. It was silk, with maroon stripes.
她打开领带盒，看着她买回的东西：一条带有褐红色条纹的丝制领带。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **紧握；牢牢抓住** If you get a purchase on something, you manage to get a firm grip on it.

I got a purchase on the rope and pulled...
我紧抓住绳子，用力去拉。

I couldn't get any purchase with the screwdriver on the damn screws.
我用螺丝刀拧那些该死的螺丝钉时一点也使不上劲儿。

purple ★★★★★

1 COLOUR 颜色词 **紫色** Something that is purple is of a reddish-blue colour.

She wore purple and green silk.
她穿着紫绿相间的绸缎衣服。

...sinister dark greens and purples.
不祥的暗绿色和紫色

2 ADJ 形容词 **(文章)词藻华丽的，堆砌意象的** Purple prose or a purple patch is a piece of writing that contains very elaborate language or images.

...passages of purple prose describing intense experiences.
一篇篇描述强烈感受的词藻华丽的散文

3 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指运动员或球队)接连成功，好运不断** If someone, especially a sports player or team, goes through a purple patch, they are very successful or lucky for a period.

In the last 10 minutes Tranmere struck a purple patch which culminated in their goal.
最后10分钟，特兰米尔队时来运转，终于收获了进球。

purpose ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **意义；用途** The purpose of something is the reason for which it is made or done.

The purpose of the occasion was to raise money for medical supplies...
那次活动是为筹集资金购买医药物资。

Various insurance schemes already exist for this purpose.
已经有各种保险计划可以实现这一目的。

...the use of nuclear energy for military purposes...
核能在军事上的运用

He was asked about casualties, but said it would serve no purpose to count bodies...
有人问他伤亡情况，但他说清点尸体是没有意义的。

Most of them are destroyed because they've served their purpose.
它们中大多数在完成使命后被销毁。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **目标；目的** Your purpose is the thing that you want to achieve.

They might well be prepared to do you harm in order to achieve their purpose...
为达成自己的目的，他们说不定已经做好了伤害你的准备。

His purpose was to make a profit by improving the company's performance.
他的目标是通过提高公司的业绩来实现盈利。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **意志；毅力；决心**

Purpose is the feeling of having a definite aim and of being determined to achieve it.

The teachers are enthusiastic and have a sense of purpose.
教师们很热情并且很有决心。

4 See also: [cross-purposes](#) ;

5 PHRASE 短语 **实际上** You use for all practical purposes or to all intents and purposes to suggest that a situation is not exactly as you describe it, but the effect is the same as if it were.

For all practical purposes the treaty has already ceased to exist...
实际上协议已经不复存在。

To all intents and purposes the case was closed.
实际上该案已经了结了。

6 PHRASE 短语 **特意地；故意地；有意地** If you do something on purpose, you do it intentionally.

Was it an accident or did David do it on purpose?
是意外还是戴维故意所为？

push ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **推；操；推开** When you push something, you use force to make it move away from you or away from its previous position.

The woman pushed back her chair and stood up...
那女人把椅子往后一推站了起来。

They pushed him into the car.
他们把他推进了车里。

...a woman pushing a pushchair...
推婴儿车的女人

He put both hands flat on the door and pushed as hard as he could...
他两只手平放在门上，用尽全力推。

When there was no reply, he pushed the door open.
没有人应答，他就把门推开了。

Push is also a noun.

He gave me a sharp push...
他猛地推了我一下。

Information is called up at the push of a button.
按一个键信息就会被调出来。

2 VERB 动词 **用力挤过** If you push through things that are blocking your way or push your way through them, you use force in order to move past them.

I pushed through the crowds and on to the escalator...
我挤出人群，踏上了自动扶梯。

Dix pushed forward carrying a glass...
迪克斯拿着杯子往前挤。

He pushed his way towards her, laughing.
他笑着朝她挤了过去。

3 VERB 动词 **(部队)开进，挺进** If an army pushes into a country or area that it is attacking or invading, it moves further into it.

One detachment pushed into the eastern suburbs towards the airfield...

一支小分队开进了东部郊区向飞机场挺进。

The army may **push** southwards into the Kurdish areas.

军队可能南下向库尔德地区挺进。

Push is also a noun.

All that was needed was one final **push**, and the enemy would be vanquished once and for all.

只需要发动最后一次进攻，就能把敌人彻底消灭。

4 VERB 动词 **推动** (增长或降低) To **push** a value or amount **up** or **down** means to cause it to increase or decrease.

Any shortage could **push up** grain prices...

任何一种短缺都会抬高粮食价格。

The government had done everything it could to **push down** inflation...

政府已经采取了所有可能的措施来抑制通货膨胀。

Interest had **pushed** the loan up to \$27,000.

利息已经使得贷款金额提高到了27,000美元。

5 VERB 动词 **推行**；**推进**；**使发展** If someone or something **pushes** an idea or project in a particular direction, they cause it to develop or progress in a particular way.

We are continuing to **push** the business forward...

我们正在继续推进业务的发展。

The government seemed intent on **pushing** local and central government in opposite directions.

政府似乎一心想让地方政府和中央政府背道而驰。

6 VERB 动词 **鼓励**；**督促**；**逼迫** If you **push** someone to do something or **push** them into doing it, you encourage or force them to do it.

She thanks her parents for keeping her in school and **pushing** her to study...

她感谢父母送她上学并督促她学习。

James did not **push** her into stealing the money...

詹姆斯没有必愿她去偷钱。

I knew he was **pushing** himself to the limit and felt rather anxious...

我知道他正把自己逼到极限，而且感觉非常焦虑。

There is no point in **pushing** them unless they are talented and they enjoy it.

除非他们很有才华而且自己喜欢，否则逼迫他们是没有任何意义的。

Push is also a noun.

We need a **push** to take the first step.

我们需要一点儿鼓励才能迈出第一步。

7 VERB 动词 **努力争取**；**力劝** If you **push for** something, you try very hard to achieve it or to persuade someone to do it.

Britain's health experts are **pushing for** a ban on all cigarette advertising...

英国的健康专家正努力争取取缔任何形式的香烟广告。

Germany is **pushing for** direct flights to be established.

德国正在努力争取直飞航班的开通。

Push is also a noun.

In its **push** for economic growth it has ignored projects that would improve living standards...

在努力实现经济增长之时，它忽略了那些能提高生活水平的项目。

They urged negotiators to make a final **push** to arrive at an agreement.

他们敦促谈判者为达成协议作最后的努力。

8 VERB 动词 **力劝接受**；**极力宣传**；**推销** If someone **pushes** an idea, a point, or a product, they try in a forceful way to convince people to accept it or buy it.

Ministers will **push** the case for opening the plant...

部长们将极力劝说人们接受开办工厂一事。

She knew enough about publishing to know that they could **push** a hundred thousand copies into the bookshops.

关于出版业她非常了解，很清楚他们能够向书店推销10万本书。

9 VERB 动词 **贩卖** (毒品) When someone **pushes** drugs, they sell them illegally.

She was sent for trial yesterday accused of **pushing** drugs.

她因被控贩毒昨天被送交法院接受审判。

10 VERB 动词 (行为或声明) **冒险**，**走极端** If you say that someone is **pushing** it, you mean that their actions or claims are rather excessive or risky.

I think that he was **pushing** it a bit when he said it was the best stadium in the world.

他说这是世界上最好的体育场，我觉得说得有些过头。

11 See also: [pushed](#) ; [pushing](#) ;

12 PHRASE 短语 **被解雇**；**断绝关系** If you get the **push** or are given the **push**, you are told that you are not wanted any more, either in your job or by someone you are having a relationship with.

Two cabinet ministers also got the **push**.

两位内阁大臣也被撤职了。

13 to **push the boat out**→see: [boat](#) ;

to **push your luck**→see: [luck](#) ; if push comes to shove→see: [shove](#) ;

相关词组：

[push ahead](#) [push around](#) [push aside](#) [push forward](#) [push in](#) [push off](#) [push on](#) [push over](#) [push through](#)

quality ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **质量**；**品质** The **quality** of something is how good or bad it is.

Everyone can greatly improve the **quality** of life...

每个人都可以大大改善生活质量。

Other services vary dramatically in **quality**.

其他服务在质量上差别很大。

...high **quality** paper and plywood.

优质的纸张和胶合板

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **优质**；**高级** Something of **quality** is of a high standard.

...a college of **quality**...

优秀的学院

In our work, **quality** is paramount.

我们的工作追求品质至上。

We have been successful because we are offering a **quality** service.

我们之所以成功，是因为我们提供了优质的服务。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **优秀品质**；**品德** Someone's **qualities** are the good characteristics that they have which are part of their nature.

Sometimes you wonder where your kids get their good **qualities**...

有时你会想，孩子们身上的优秀品质是从何而来呢？

He wanted to introduce mature people with leadership **qualities**...

他想引进具有领导素质的成熟人才。

A job analysis should also include what skills and personal **qualities** are required.

工作岗位分析也应当包括必备技能与个人素质。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **特征**；**性质**；**特性** You can describe a particular characteristic of a person or thing as a **quality**.

...a childlike **quality**.

孩子般的天真特质

...the pretentious **quality** of the poetry...

这首诗浮夸造作的特点

Thyme tea can be used by adults for its antiseptic **qualities**.

百里香茶的杀菌功效可用于成人。

5 ADJ 形容词 **内容严肃的报纸** The **quality papers** or the **quality press** are the more serious newspapers which give detailed accounts of world events, as well as reports on business, culture, and society.

Even the **quality papers** agreed that it was a triumph.

即使是内容严肃的报纸也认为这是一次胜利。

quarter ★★★★★

1 FRACTION 分数词 **四分之一** A **quarter** is one of four equal parts of something.

A **quarter** of the residents are over 55 years old...

1/4的居民年龄在55岁以上。

I've got to go in a **quarter** of an hour...

一刻钟以后我就得走了。

Prices have fallen by a **quarter** since January...

1月份以来，价格已经下跌了25%。

Cut the peppers into **quarters**.

将辣椒切为4瓣。

Quarter is also a predeterminer.

The largest asteroid is Ceres, which is about a **quarter** the size of the moon.

最大的小行星是谷神星，体积约为月球的1/4。

Quarter is also an adjective.

...the past **quarter** century...

过去的25年

He closed his door and started the **quarter**-mile walk down the hill.

他关上门，踏上了1/4英里长的下山路。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **季度；季** A **quarter** is a fixed period of three months. Companies often divide their financial year into four quarters.

The group said results for the third **quarter** are due on October 29.

该集团表示第三季度的结果将于10月29日公布。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **一刻钟；十五分钟**

When you are telling the time, you use **quarter** to talk about the fifteen minutes before or after an hour. For example, 8.15 is **quarter past eight**, and 8.45 is **quarter to nine**. In American English, you can also say that 8.15 is a **quarter after eight** and 8.45 is a **quarter of nine**.

It was a **quarter** to six...

当时是6点差一刻。

See you about **quarter** to nine...

8点45分左右再见。

I got a call at **quarter** of seven one night...

一天晚上6点45分时，我接到了一个电话。

Nobody else turned up till a **quarter past ten**...

直到10点一刻，其他人才露面。

The time was recorded at a **quarter after five**.

时间显示是5点15分。

4 VERB 动词 **把...分成四等份** If you **quarter** something such as a fruit or a vegetable, you cut it into four roughly equal parts.

Chop the mushrooms and **quarter** the tomatoes.

把蘑菇切成丁，再把西红柿切成四瓣。

5 VERB 动词 **把...降至原先的四分之一；把...减少四分之三** If the number or size of something is **quartered**, it is reduced to about a quarter of its previous number or size.

The doses I suggested for adults could be halved or **quartered**.

我之前建议成人服用的剂量可以降低到1/2或者1/4。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(美国或加拿大的)25分硬币** A **quarter** is an American or Canadian coin that is worth 25 cents.

I dropped a **quarter** into the slot of the pay phone.

我向付费电话的投币孔里投了一枚25分硬币。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(城镇中某一类人群生活或工作的)区，地区** A particular **quarter** of a town is a part of the town where a particular group of people traditionally live or work.

Look for hotels in the French **Quarter**.

在法国人居住区寻找旅馆。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(做出反应或行动的)某位人士，某个团体** To refer to a person or group you may not want to name, you can talk about the reactions or actions from a particular **quarter**.

Help came from an unexpected **quarter**...

援助来自于一个意想不到的团体。

There are fears in some **quarters** that the republic would have little chance of surviving on its own.

某些人士担心共和国独立支撑下去的希望很渺茫。

9 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(军人、水手、仆人的)住处，宿舍，营房** The rooms provided for soldiers, sailors, or servants to live in are called their **quarters**.

Mckinnon went down from deck to the officers' **quarters**.

麦金农走下甲板，来到军官们的住处。

10 VERB 动词 **为...提供临时住所** If people are **quartered** somewhere, they are provided with accommodation for a short time, usually while they are working away from home.

Our soldiers are **quartered** in Peredelkino.

我们的士兵在佩列杰利基诺扎营。

11 PHRASE 短语 **近距离地；近在咫尺；接近地** If you do something **at close quarters**, you do it very near to a particular person or thing.

You can watch aircraft take off or land at close **quarters**...

你可以近距离观察飞机的起降。

12 PHRASE 短语 **不仁慈；不宽恕** If you say that someone was given **no quarter**, you mean that they were not treated kindly by someone who had power or control over them.

This is not war as you learned it. It is brutal work, with no **quarter** given.

这并不是你所了解的战争。它残酷无情，对人没有半点怜悯。

queen ★★★★★

1 N-TITLE ; N-COUNT 头衔名词；可数名词 **女王；女皇** A **queen** is a woman who rules a country as its monarch.

...Queen Victoria...

维多利亚女王

She met the Queen last week.

上周她受到了女王的接见。

2 N-TITLE ; N-COUNT 头衔名词；可数名词 **皇后；王后** A **queen** is a woman who is married to a king.

The king and **queen** had fled.

国王和王后都逃之夭夭了。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: **beauty queen** ; **(某一活动的)女王，出众的女子** If you refer to a woman as **the queen of a particular activity**, you mean that she is well-known for being very good at it.

...the **queen** of crime writing.

犯罪小说女王

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(女性化的)同性恋男子** A **queen** is a male homosexual who dresses and speaks rather like a woman.

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(国际象棋中的)后** In chess, the **queen** is the most powerful piece. It can be moved in any direction.

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(纸牌中的)王后(牌)，Q (牌)** A **queen** is a playing card with a picture of a queen on it.

...the **queen** of spades.

黑桃王后

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **蜂王** A **queen** or a **queen bee** is a large female bee which can lay eggs.

quiet ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **轻声的；安静的；静悄悄的** Someone or something that is **quiet** makes only a small amount of noise.

Tania kept the children reasonably **quiet** and contented...

塔妮娅把孩子们哄得安安静静而又心满意足。

A **quiet** murmur passed through the classroom...

一阵悄悄的低语声传遍了整个教室。

The airlines have invested enormous sums in new, **quieter** aircraft.

航空公司投入了大笔资金购买噪音较小的新型飞机。

quietly
This is goodbye, isn't it? she said **quietly**...

“这就算是告别了，是吗？”她轻轻地说。

He closed the door **quietly**.

他悄悄地关上了门。

quietness
...the smoothness and **quietness** of the flight.

飞行时的平稳和安静

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(地方)寂静的，安静的，清静的** If a place is **quiet**, there is very little noise there.

She was received in a small, **quiet** office...

她在一个安静的小办公室里受到接待。

The street was unnaturally **quiet**.

街上安静得有些异常。

quietness
I miss the **quietness** of the countryside.

我非常怀念乡间的宁静。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(地方、环境、时光)安宁的，清静的，平静的，宁静的** If a place, situation, or time is **quiet**, there is no excitement, activity, or trouble.

...a **quiet** rural backwater...

平静而与世隔绝的农村地区

It is very **quiet** without him...

他不在的时候这里非常清静。

While he wanted Los Angeles and partying, she wanted a **quiet** life...

他喜欢洛杉矶，喜欢聚会，她却希望过平静的生活。

The city is now relatively **quiet** but there's palpable anger as people cope with shortages...
现在这座城市比较安静，但却因物资匮乏而明显充斥着怒气。

quietly

His most prized time, though, will be spent **quietly** on his farm.

不过，他最宝贵的时光将在自己的农场里平静地度过。

quietness

I do very much appreciate the **quietness** and privacy here.

我的确非常喜欢这里宁静幽雅、不受打扰的氛围。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **安静；静谧** Quiet is silence.

He called for **quiet** and announced that the next song was in our honor...

他叫大家安静，然后宣布下一首歌要送给我们。

Jeremy wants some peace and **quiet** before his big match.

杰里米希望在大赛来临之前能享受到些许平静和安宁。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **沉默的；不出声的；一言不发的** If you are **quiet**, you are not saying anything.

I told them to be **quiet** and go to sleep...

我叫他们不要说话，马上睡觉。

I just went **quiet**, embarrassed, and couldn't answer...

我一下子收了声，红了脸，答不出话来。

They were both **quiet** for a while. Then Charlie said: 'I must go.'...

他们两都沉默了一会儿。然后查理说：“我得走了”。

Then a voice called out, 'Quiet, everybody, please!'

这时有人大声喊道：“安静，请各位安静！”

quietly

Amy stood **quietly** in the doorway watching him.

埃米一言不发地站在门口看着他。

6 ADJ 形容词 **(感情)不外露的，不张扬的，内敛的，含蓄的** If you refer, for example, to someone's **quiet** confidence or **quiet** despair, you mean that they do not say much about the way they are feeling.

He has a **quiet** confidence in his ability...

他对自己胸有成竹，但却并不张扬。

All through his life he has shown a **quiet** determination to get things done.

他一生都在默默而坚定地做事。

quietly

Nigel Deering, the publisher, is **quietly** confident about the magazine's chances.

出版商奈杰尔·迪林心中对这份杂志的成功很有把握。

7 ADJ 形容词 **暗中的；秘密的；私下的** You describe activities as **quiet** when they happen in secret or in such a way that people do not notice them.

The Swedes had sought his freedom through **quiet** diplomacy...

瑞典人通过秘密的外交手段来争取他的自由。

Then it was back to the house for a **quiet** celebration...

然后就回到房子里悄悄地庆祝一番。

Can I have a **quiet** word with you, son?

孩子，我能和你私下谈一谈吗？

quietly

I slipped away **quietly**...

我不声不响地溜走了。

The goal of shifting freight from road to rail has been **quietly** abandoned...

已经悄悄放弃了将货物从公路改走铁路运输的目标。

Lee's body was flown to the US, where he was **quietly** buried in Seattle.

李的遗体被空运至美国，并在西雅图悄悄地下葬了。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **温和的；文静的；不易激动(或动怒)的** A **quiet** person behaves in a calm way and is not easily made angry or upset.

He's a nice **quiet** man.

他是一个温和友善的人。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(颜色、服饰)素净的，朴素大方的** You describe colours or clothes as **quiet** when they are not bright or not very noticeable.

They dress in **quiet** colors so as not to call attention to themselves.

为了避免别人注目，他们穿得很朴素。

10 V-ERG 及物不及物动词 **(使)安静；(使)平静下来** If someone or something **quiets** or if you **quiet** them, they become less noisy, less active, or silent.

The wind dropped and the sea **quieted**...

风势减弱了，海面平静下来。

Estela started to say something but a gesture from her husband **quieted** her at once.

埃丝特拉正要说什么，但是看到丈夫的一个手势，马上就不说话了。

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 **quieten**

11 VERB 动词 **消除，减轻(恐惧)；平息(抱怨)** To **quiet** fears or complaints means to persuade people that there is no good reason for them.

Music seemed to **quiet** her anxiety and loneliness.

音乐似乎能够减轻她的焦虑和孤独。

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 **quieten**

12 PHRASE 短语 **(不抗议、不抱怨地)安静离开** If someone does not **go quietly**, they do not leave a particular job or a place without complaining or resisting.

She's not going to go **quietly**.

她不会乖乖离开的。

13 PHRASE 短语 **将...保密；保守...的秘密** If you **keep quiet about** something or **keep something quiet**, you do not say anything about it.

I told her to keep **quiet** about it...

我告诉她此事要保密。

I think I found it easier than Nell to keep our engagement **quiet**.

我觉得，我比内尔更容易守得住我们订婚的秘密。

14 PHRASE 短语 **在暗中；秘密地；私下里** If something is done **on the quiet**, it is done secretly or in such a way that people do not notice it.

She'd promised to give him driving lessons, **on the quiet**, when no one could see.

她已经保证要在别人看不见的时候私下教他开车。

Usage Note :

Take care not to confuse **quiet** and **quite**.

注意不要混淆 **quiet** 和 **quite**。

相关词组：

[quiet down](#)

quote ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **引述；引用** If you **quote** someone as saying something, you repeat what they have written or said.

He **quoted** Mr Polay as saying that peace negotiations were already underway...

他引用波利先生的话，说和谈已在进行之中。

She was **quoted** in the Express by an unnamed source as saying: 'I won't bail out those two silly girls.'...

一位匿名的作者在《快报》中引用了她的话说：“我不会保释那两个傻丫头的”。

She **quoted** a great line from a book by Romain Gary...

她引用了罗曼·加里的一本书中的名句。

Yesterday the Belgian newspaper Le Soir **quoted** a professor who said he witnessed the killings...

昨天比利时《晚报》援引了一名称目击了谋杀经过的教授的话。

I gave the letter to our local press and they **quoted** from it.

我把信交给了我们当地的媒体，他们引用了其中的一部分内容。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **引文；引语；语录** A **quote** from a book, poem, play, or speech is a passage or phrase from it.

The article starts with a **quote** from an unnamed member of the Cabinet.

文章的开头引用了一位未透露姓名的内阁成员说过的话。

3 VERB 动词 **援引，引用(法律条款、事实等)** If you **quote** something such as a law or a fact, you state it because it supports what you are saying.

Mr Meacher **quoted** statistics saying that the standard of living of the poorest people had fallen.

米彻先生援引统计数据来说明最贫困人口的生活水平下降了。

4 VERB 动词 **报价**；**开价** If someone **quotes** a price for doing something, they say how much money they would charge you for a service they are offering or for a job that you want them to do.

A travel agent **quoted** her £160 for a flight from Bristol to Palma...

一位旅行社职员给她开出的从布里斯托尔至帕尔马的机票报价是160英镑。

He **quoted** a price for the repairs.

他给出了维修费用的报价。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **报价**；**开价** A **quote** for a piece of work is the price that someone says they will charge you to do the work.

Always get a written **quote** for any repairs needed.

每次进行修理都要一份书面的报价单。

6 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 **报...的牌价**；**为...报价** If a company's shares, a substance, or a currency is **quoted** at a particular price, that is its current market price.

In early trading in Hong Kong yesterday, gold was **quoted** at \$368.20 an ounce...

在香港昨天早些时候的交易中，黄金的牌价为每盎司368.20美元。

Heron is a private company and is not **quoted** on the Stock Market.

赫伦公司是一家私营公司，没有在股票交易市场挂牌。

7 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **同 quotation mark** **Quotes** are the same as **quotation marks**.

The word 'remembered' is in **quotes**.

remembered 一词用引号括了起来。

8 CONVENTION 惯用语 **原话是**；**这是...的原话**

You can say '**quote**' to show that you are about to quote someone's words.

He predicts they will have, **quote**, 'an awful lot of explaining to do'.

他预计他们需要“大费周章地解释一番”，这是他的原话。

radical ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **重大的**；**根本的**；**基本的**；**彻底的** **Radical** changes and differences are very important and great in degree.

The country needs a period of calm without more surges of **radical** change...

国家需要一段时间的稳定，其间不要再有重大的变革。

The Football League has announced its proposals for a **radical** reform of the way football is run in England.

足联宣布了它关于对目前英格兰足球运作方式进行彻底改革的提议。

radically

...two large groups of people with **radically** different beliefs and cultures.

信仰和文化上存在根本差异的两大群体

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **激进的**；**激进派的** **Radical** people believe that there should be great changes in society and try to bring about these changes.

...threats by left-wing **radical** groups to disrupt the proceedings.

来自于左翼激进团体可能破坏会议进程的威胁

...political tension between **radical** and conservative politicians.

激进派和保守派政治人士之间的紧张对峙

A **radical** is someone who has radical views. **激进派**；**激进分子**

rain ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **雨**；**雨水** **Rain** is water that falls from the clouds in small drops.

I hope you didn't get soaked standing out in the **rain**...

我希望你站在外面没有被雨淋透。

A spot of **rain** fell on her hand.

一滴雨落在她的手上。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **雨季** In countries where rain only falls in certain seasons, this rain is referred to as **the rains**.

...the spring, when the **rains** came...

春天，雨季来临时

The **rains** have failed again in the Horn of Africa.

雨季又没有光顾非洲之角。

3 VERB 动词 **下雨**；**降雨** When rain falls, you can say that **it is raining**.

It **rained** the whole weekend...

整个周末都在下雨。

It was **raining** hard, and she hadn't an umbrella.

雨下得很大，但她没有雨伞。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)如雨点般落下**；**(使)大量降下** If someone **rains** blows, kicks, or bombs on a person or place, the person or place is attacked by many blows, kicks, or bombs. You can also say that blows, kicks, or bombs **rain on** a person or place.

The police, **raining** blows on rioters and spectators alike, cleared the park...

警察不分闹事者与观众统统一顿猛击，把人们清除出了足球场。

Rockets, mortars and artillery rounds **rained** on buildings.

火箭炮、迫击炮和各种炮弹如雨点般落在大楼上。

Rain down means the same as **rain**. **rain down**同**rain**

Fighter aircraft **rained** down high explosives...

战斗机投下大量烈性炸药。

Grenades and mortars **rained** down on Dubrovnik.

手榴弹和迫击炮弹如雨点般落在杜布罗夫尼克。

5 N-SING 单数名词 **(从空中落下的)一阵**，**一连串** A **rain** of things is a large number of things that fall from the sky at the same time.

A **rain** of stones descended on the police.

一阵乱石砸向警察。

6 PHRASE 短语 **祸不单行** You can use the expression **it never rains but it pours** to mean that several unfortunate events often happen at the same time.

7 PHRASE 短语 **完全康复**；**完全恢复** If you say that someone is **as right as rain**, you mean that they are completely well or healthy again, for example when they have recovered from an illness or a shock.

You'll be as right as **rain** as soon as you are back in your own home with your baby.

你一回家同孩子在一起就会完全没事了。

8 PHRASE 短语 **不管晴天或下雨**；**风雨无阻** If you say that someone does something **rain or shine**, you mean that they do it regularly, without being affected by the weather or other circumstances.

Frances took her daughter walking every day, **rain or shine**.

弗朗西丝无论晴天还是下雨，每天都带女儿去散步。

相关词组：

[rain off](#) [rain out](#)

range ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(同类事物的)一系列**，**一连串** A **range** of things is a number of different things of the same general kind.

A wide **range** of colours and patterns are available...

各种颜色和样式都有。

The two men discussed a **range** of issues...

那两个人讨论了一系列问题。

The **range** includes chests of drawers, tables and wardrobes.

该系列包括五斗柜、桌子和衣橱。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **幅度**；**等级**；**范围** A **range** is the complete group that is included between two points on a scale of measurement or quality.

The average age **range** is between 35 and 55.

平均年龄在35岁到55岁之间。

...properties available in the price **range** they are looking for.

在他们寻求的价格范围内的房产

...top-of-the-**range** products for which people are prepared to pay a little bit more.

人们愿意多花一点钱购买的高档产品

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **最大范围**；**射程** The **range** of something is the maximum area in which it can reach things or detect things.

The 120mm mortar has a **range** of 18,000 yards...

口径为120毫米的迫击炮的射程是1.8万码。

The trees on the mountains within my **range** of vision had all been felled...

山上我视野范围内的树木都被砍倒了。

Tactical nuclear weapons have shorter **ranges**.

战术核武器的威力范围较小。

4 VERB 动词 (在一定幅度内)变化,变动 If things **range** between two points or **range** from one point to another, they vary within these points on a scale of measurement or quality.

They **range** in price from \$3 to \$15.

它们的价格从3美元到15美元不等。

...offering merchandise ranging from the everyday to the esoteric.

供应从日常用品到专业用具等各种商品

...temperatures ranging between 5°C and 20°C.

温度变化在5°C到20°C之间

5 VERB 动词 (文章或讲话)涉及,包括 If a piece of writing or speech **ranges** over a group of topics, it includes all those topics.

The conversation **ranged** over the desirability of such restaurants, the shortcomings of men, and why it had only taken 15 minutes to cross a continent.

谈话涉及了这类餐馆的吸引人之处、男人的弱点,还有为什么只用15分钟就跨越了一个大洲。

6 VERB 动词 使(人或物)排成行或列 If people or things are **ranged** somewhere, they are arranged in a row or in lines.

Some 300 trees have been **ranged** along the perimeter hedge...

沿着绿篱栽种着大约300棵树。

More than 1,500 police and troops are **ranged** against them.

1,500多名警察和士兵列队与他们对峙。

7 VERB 动词 (人或动物)漫游,自由活动 If animals or people **range** somewhere, they move around in a place without having a particular destination in mind.

Feeding is not a problem because the birds **range** over such a large area...

这种鸟活动的范围很大,因此觅食不成问题。

They **range** widely in search of carrion.

它们在广阔区域内搜寻腐肉。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 山脉 A **range** of mountains or hills is a line of them.

...the massive mountain **ranges** to the north.

向北延伸的巨大山脉

...an impressive **range** of hills topped with trees

山顶覆盖着树木的绵绵山峦

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指美国的)牧场,牧区 A **range** is a large area of open land, especially land in the United States where cattle are kept.

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 射击场;靶场 A rifle **range** or a shooting **range** is a place where people can practise shooting at targets.

It reminds me of my days on the rifle **range** preparing for duty in Vietnam.

它使我想起了在靶场练习射击准备去越南服役的日子。

...an Army firing **range**.

陆军射击场

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 (旧式)炊具 A **range** or **kitchen range** is an old-fashioned metal cooker.

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 炉灶 A **range** or **kitchen range** is a large metal device for cooking food using gas or electricity. A range consists of a grill, an oven, and some gas or electric rings.

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 cooker

13 See also: [free-range](#) ;

14 PHRASE 短语 在可及的范围内/在可及的范围外 If something is **in range** or **within range**, it is near enough to be reached or detected. If it is **out of range**, it is too far away to be reached or detected.

Cars are driven through the mess, splashing everyone **in range**.

车从脏水里驶过,溅了周围所有人一身水。

...a base **within range** of enemy missiles...

在敌人导弹射程内的基地

...**out of range** of their rockets...

在他们火箭炮的射程之外

The fish stayed 50 yards offshore, well **out of range**.

这种鱼生活在离岸50码的地方,完全钓不到。

15 PHRASE 短语 接近地/靠近地以...的距离 If you see or hit something **at close range** or **from close range**, you are very close to it when you see it or hit it. If you do something **at a range** of half a mile, for example, you are half a mile away from it when you do it.

He was shot in the head **at close range**...

他在近距离内被人用枪击中头部。

McCoist knocked the ball in **from close range**.

麦克科伊斯特门前近距离将球攻入。

...photographing wild animals **from close range**...

对野生动物进行近距离拍摄

The enemy opened fire **at a range** of only 20 yards.

敌人在距离仅20码的地方开火了。

rapid ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 快速的;迅速的 A **rapid** change is one that happens very quickly.

...the country's **rapid** economic growth in the 1980's...

20世纪80年代该国经济的迅速增长

This signals a **rapid** change of mind by the government.

这标志着政府思想的急剧转变。

...the **rapid** decline in the birth rate in Western Europe.

西欧人口出生率的迅速下降

rapidly

...countries with **rapidly** growing populations...

人口迅速增长的国家

Try to rip it apart as **rapidly** as possible...

动作尽可能快地把它撕开。

'Operating profit is rising more **rapidly**,' he said.

“营业利润增长愈加迅速,”他说。

rapidity

...the **rapidity** with which the weather can change.

天气的迅速变化

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (动作)很快的,迅速进行的 A **rapid** movement is one that is very fast.

He walked **at a rapid** pace along Charles Street.

他快步走过查尔斯大街。

...whether the Tunnel will provide more **rapid** car transport than ferries...

隧道是否能够提供比渡船更加快捷的车辆运输

Breathing becomes more **rapid** and sweating starts.

呼吸变得更加急促并且开始流汗。

rapidly

He was moving **rapidly** around the room...

他在房间里来来回回地快步走着。

They **rapidly** spread out over the field.

他们很快便在田野上散开。

rapidity

The water rushed through the holes with great **rapidity**.

湍急的水流奔通过洞口。

reaction ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 反应;回应;反响 Your **reaction** to something that has happened or something that you have experienced is what you feel, say, or do because of it.

Reaction to the visit is mixed...

对这次访问的反应不一。

The initial **reaction** of most participants is fear...

多数参与者的最初反应是恐惧。

He was surprised that his answer should have caused such a strong **reaction**.

他很惊讶自己的回答会引起如此强烈的反响。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 反对;反抗;抵制 A **reaction** against something is a way of behaving or doing something that is deliberately different from what has been done before.

All new fashion starts out as a **reaction** against existing convention...

所有新时尚都是从打破现有常规开始的。

Her three years of freedom seemed like a **reaction** against that childhood.

她那3年的自由仿佛是对孩童时代的反叛。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **抵制 抵触** If there is a **reaction against** something, it becomes unpopular.

Premature moves in this respect might well provoke a **reaction against** the reform...

在这方面不成熟的举动很可能引发对改革的抵触情绪。

The government response seems to be the result of strong public **reaction against** the police apathy.

政府的回应似乎是公众强烈抵制警察冷漠执法的结果。

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **反应力；应变能力** Your **reactions** are your ability to move quickly in response to something, for example when you are in danger.

If his **reactions** are so slow, he shouldn't be in charge of a bus...

如果他的反应太慢，就不应该开公交汽车。

The sport requires very fast **reactions**.

这项运动要求极快的反应力。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **保守思想；反动思想**

Reaction is the belief that the political or social system of your country should not change.

Thus, he aided **reaction** and thwarted progress.

因此，他帮助反动派阻挠进步。

...their victory against the forces of **reaction** and censorship.

他们取得的对保守势力和审查制度的胜利

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(化学)反应，变化** A chemical **reaction** is a process in which two substances combine together chemically to form another substance.

Ozone is produced by the **reaction** between oxygen and ultraviolet light...

臭氧由氧气和紫外线发生反应而产生。

Catalysts are materials which greatly speed up chemical **reactions**.

催化剂是可以大大加速化学反应的物质。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **过敏；不良反应** If you have a **reaction** to a substance such as a drug, or to something you have touched, you are affected unpleasantly or made ill by it.

Every year, 5000 people have life-threatening **reactions** to anaesthetics...

每年有5,000人对麻醉剂产生致命反应。

Common foods which cause this kind of **reaction** are fish, eggs, and shellfish.

引发这种不良反应的常见食物包括鱼、蛋和贝类。

reader ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **读者** The **readers** of a newspaper, magazine, or book are the people who read it.

If you are a regular **reader** of *Homes & Gardens* you will know what an invaluable source of inspiration it is...

如果你常读《家和花园》杂志的话，就会知道它是一个多么宝贵的灵感源泉。

These texts give the **reader** an insight into the Chinese mind.

这些文章使读者对中国人的思维有了深层次的认识。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **爱读书的人；有读书习惯的人**

A **reader** is a person who reads, especially one who reads for pleasure.

Thanks to that job I became an avid **reader**...

多亏了那份工作我才成了一个喜欢阅读的人。

Their books are loved by young **readers** the world over.

他们的书得到了全世界年轻读者的喜爱。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(出版社的)审稿人，审阅人**

A **reader** is a person who reads books for a publisher in order to give an opinion on whether they should be published or not.

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(英国大学中仅次于教授的)高级讲师** In British universities, a **reader** is a senior lecturer, with a rank just below that of a professor.

John Stevenson is **Reader** in History at the University of Sheffield.

约翰·史蒂文森是谢菲尔德大学的历史学高级讲师。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(美国大学的)助教** In American universities and colleges, a **reader** is an assistant to a teacher. Readers' duties include reading and marking examination papers and other work.

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(帮助阅读或学习外语的)读本，读物** A **reader** is a book to help children to learn to read, or to help people to learn a foreign language. It contains passages of text, and often exercises to give practice in reading and writing.

ready ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **(人)准备就绪的；(物品)准备好的** If someone is **ready**, they are properly prepared for something. If something is **ready**, it has been properly prepared and is now able to be used.

It took her a long time to get **ready** for church...

她花了很长时间才做好去教堂的准备。

The cocaine was **ready** for distribution...

那些可卡因已经准备好进行分销了。

Are you **ready** to board, Mr. Daly?...

你准备好登机了吗，戴利先生？

In a few days time the sprouts will be **ready** to eat...

再过几天球芽甘蓝就可以吃了。

Tomorrow he would tell his pilot to get the aircraft **ready**...

明天他会告诉他的飞行员准备好飞机。

It's eight-fifteen, dear, and your breakfast's **ready**.

8点15分了，亲爱的，你的早餐已经做好了。

2 ADJ 形容词 **准备好的；胜任的** If you are **ready for** something or **ready to** do something, you have enough experience to do it or you are old enough and sensible enough to do it.

She says she's not **ready** for marriage...

她说自己还没有准备好结婚。

You'll have no trouble getting him into a normal school when you feel he's **ready** to go.

当你觉得他可以应付的时候再把他弄进一所普通学校是不会有问题的。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **愿意的；乐意的；情愿的；甘愿的** If you are **ready to** do something, you are willing to do it.

They were **ready** to die for their beliefs...

他们甘愿为信仰而死。

She was always **ready** to give interviews.

她一向乐意接受采访。

4 ADJ 形容词 **需要的；想要的** If you are **ready for** something, you need it or want it.

I don't know about you, but I'm **ready** for bed...

我不知道你怎样，但是我要睡觉了。

After five days in the heat of Bangkok, we were **ready** for the beach.

在曼谷的炎热天气中呆了5天之后，我们想要去海边。

5 ADJ 形容词 **即将...的；可能...的** To be **ready to** do something means to be about to do it or likely to do it.

She looked **ready** to cry...

她看起来要哭了。

Just as we were **ready** to sit down to dinner, a little boy came running in...

正当我们要吃晚餐的时候，一个小男孩跑着进来了。

He says it's like a volcano **ready** to erupt.

他说这就像一座即将喷发的火山。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **现成的；就绪的；易于得到的** You use **ready** to describe things that are able to be used very quickly and easily.

I didn't have a **ready** answer for this dilemma...

我没有想出解决这个困境的现成答案。

'But not quite yet,' he says quickly, with that **ready** smile of his...

“但还不至于如此，”他脱口而出，脸上保持着他那一贯的微笑。

Why does German industry enjoy such a **ready** supply of well-trained and well-motivated workers?

为什么德国工业能有如此现成的训练有素且积极肯干的劳动力资源呢？

7 ADJ 形容词 **现金的；现钱的** **Ready money** is in the form of notes and coins rather than cheques or credit cards, and so it can be used immediately.

I'm afraid I don't have enough **ready** cash.

恐怕我身上没有足够的现金。

Ready money is sometimes referred to as **the readies**. **现金；现钱；现钞**

She was a bit short of the **readies**.

她手头现金有点儿紧张。

8 VERB 动词 使做好准备；准备好 When you **ready** something, you prepare it for a particular purpose.

John's soldiers were **readying** themselves for the final assault...

约翰的手下正在为最后的进攻做准备。

In Egypt, two new camps were **readied** for the absorption of refugees...

在埃及，两个新的营地已经准备好收留难民了。

Cameras were **readied** tripods.

摄影师们架好了三脚架。

9 COMB in ADJ 与形容词构成的词（与过去分词连用）表示“已经...好的”，“事先...” **Ready** combines with past participles to indicate that something has already been done, and that therefore you do not have to do it yourself.

You can buy **ready-printed** forms for wills at stationery shops...

你可以在文具店买到已印好的遗嘱单。

If you buy the fish **ready filleted**, make sure the flesh is firm and springy.

如果你要买已经片好的鱼片，一定要买鱼肉紧实有弹性的。

10 PHRASE 短语 现成的；可以立即使用的；在手边的 If you have something **at the ready**, you have it in a position where it can be quickly and easily used.

Soldiers came charging through the forest, guns **at the ready**.

荷枪实弹的士兵穿过林区冲了上来。

11 PHRASE 短语 准备就绪；整装待发 If you want to emphasize that a person is properly prepared for something, or that something can now be used, you can say that they are **ready and waiting**.

She liked to be **ready and waiting** at home when Bernard returned from work...

她想在伯纳德下班回家的时候把一切准备就绪。

The chalet was kept **ready and waiting** for them at all times.

小屋已收拾好随时迎接他们的到来。

12 CONVENTION 惯用语 已经准备就绪；就等你先开始 If you say to someone '**Ready when you are**', you are telling them that you are now ready to do something and that as soon as they are ready, you will do it.

'Are you **ready to pull out**?' — 'I'm **ready when you are**, Captain.'

“准备好出发了吗？”——“就等你了，船长。”

reality ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 See also: [virtual reality](#) ; 现实；事实 You use **reality** to refer to real things or the real nature of things rather than imagined, invented, or theoretical ideas.

Fiction and **reality** were increasingly blurred...

虚构和现实越来越难以区分了。

Psychiatrists become too caught up in their theories to deal adequately with **reality**.

精神病专家太纠结于理论，无法很好地处理现实问题。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词（尤指不愉快的或困难的）真实情况，实际情形 **The reality of** a situation is the truth about it, especially when it is unpleasant or difficult to deal with.

...the harsh **reality of** top international competition...

高层次的国际竞争的严酷现实

Other psychoanalysts do accept the **reality of** child sexual abuse.

其他心理分析师确实接受了儿童性侵犯的现实。

3 N-SING 单数名词 现实存在；真实发生的事 You say that something has become a **reality** when it actually exists or is actually happening.

...the whole procedure that made this book become a **reality**...

本书成书的整个过程

The **reality** is that they are poor.

现状是他们很贫穷。

4 PHRASE 短语 事实上；实际上 You can use **in reality** to introduce a statement about the real nature of something, when it contrasts with something incorrect that has just been described.

He came across as streetwise, but **in reality** he was not.

他给人的印象是很适应都市生活，但实际上并非如此。

realize ★★★★★

in BRIT, also use 英国英语亦用 realise

1 VERB 动词 认识到；意识到；了解 If you **realize** that something is true, you become aware of that fact or understand it.

As soon as we **realised** something was wrong, we moved the children away...

我们刚意识到有什么不对劲就把孩子转移了。

People don't **realize** how serious this recession has actually been...

人们没有意识到这次经济衰退事实上有多严重。

Once they **realised** their mistake the phone was reconnected again...

他们一意识到他们的错误，电话就重新接通了。

'That's my brother.' — 'Oh, I hadn't **realized**.'

“那是我弟弟。”——“哦，我没认出来呀。”

realization

There is now a growing **realisation** that things cannot go on like this for much longer...

现在人们越来越认识到事情不能再像这样发展了。

He nearly cried out at the sudden **realization** of how much Randall looked like him.

当他意识到兰德尔和自己有多么相像时，几乎叫了出来。

2 VERB 动词（希望、心愿或恐惧）实现，成为现实，发生 If your hopes, desires, or fears are **realized**, the things that you hope for, desire, or fear actually happen.

Straightaway our worst fears were **realised**...

我们最恐惧的事情一下发生了。

Those are our hopes; we are starting this clinical trial to investigate whether those hopes will be **realised**.

那些就是我们的希望；我们正在开展这些临床试验以调查那些希望是否可以实现。

realization

...the **realization of** his worst fears.

他最怕的事情的发生

3 VERB 动词 实现；实施；实行 When someone **realizes** a design or an idea, they make or organize something based on that design or idea.

Various textile techniques will be explored to **realise** design possibilities...

将尝试和探索纺织技巧来把这些设计变为现实。

The kaleidoscopic quality of the book is brilliantly **realised** on stage.

该书包罗万象、精彩纷呈的特质在舞台上得到了精彩再现。

4 VERB 动词 发挥，实现（潜力） If someone or something **realizes** their potential, they do everything they are capable of doing, because they have been given the opportunity to do so.

The support systems to enable women to **realize** their potential at work are seriously inadequate...

使妇女在工作中发挥潜力的支持体系严重不足。

I think probably that the laser has not **realised** the potential that was expected of it in that domain.

我想可能激光在那个领域并没有充分发挥其潜力。

5 VERB 动词 实现（利润）；卖得... If something **realizes** a particular amount of money when it is sold, that amount of money is paid for it.

A selection of correspondence from P G Wodehouse **realised** £ 1,232.

PG 沃德豪斯的书信选集卖了1,232英镑。

realization

I have taken this course solely to assist the **realisation** of my assets for the benefit of all my creditors.

我采取这种行动只是为了变现我的资产以偿清欠款。

rebel ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /ˈreɪbəl/. The verb is pronounced /rɪˈbel/. 名词读作/ˈreɪbəl/，动词读作/rɪˈbel/。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 叛军；反叛者；叛乱者

Rebels are people who are fighting against their own country's army in order to change the political system there.

...fighting between **rebels** and government forces.

叛军和政府军之间的战争

...**rebel** forces in Liberia.

利比里亚的叛军

2 N-COUNT 可数名词（政党内部的）持不同政见者，反对派 Politicians who oppose some of their

own party's policies can be referred to as rebels.

The **rebels** want another 1% cut in interest rates.
反对派希望利率再降一个百分点。

...**rebel** MPs.

持不同政见的国会议员

3 VERB 动词 (政见不同者) 反抗, 反对 If politicians **rebel** against one of their own party's policies, they show that they oppose it.

More than forty Conservative MPs **rebelled** against the government and voted against the bill.

40多个保守党议员反对政府的主张, 对法案投了反对票。

...MPs planning to **rebel** over the proposed welfare cuts...

打算反对削减社会福利提议的国会议员

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 叛逆者; 不循规蹈矩的人

You can say that someone is a **rebel** if you think that they behave differently from other people and have rejected the values of society or of their parents.

She had been a **rebel** at school.

她在学校时就是个叛逆者。

5 VERB 动词 表现叛逆; 不守规矩 When someone **rebels**, they start to behave differently from other people and reject the values of society or of their parents.

The child who **rebels** is unlikely to be overlooked...

叛逆的孩子不太容易被忽视。

I was very young and **rebellious** against everything.

我当时非常年轻, 对一切都表现出叛逆。

recall ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /rɪ'kɔ:l/. The noun is pronounced /rɪ'kɔ:l/. 动词读作/rɪ'kɔ:l/, 名词读作/rɪ'kɔ:l/.

1 VERB 动词 记起; 回想起; 回忆说 When you **recall** something, you remember it and tell others about it.

Henderson **recalled** that he first met Pollard during a business trip to Washington...

亨德森记起他第一次见到波拉德是在一次去华盛顿出差的时候。

Her teacher **recalled**: 'She was always on about modelling'...

她的老师回忆说: “她那时老是说要当模特。”

Colleagues today **recall** with humor how meetings would crawl into the early morning hours...

同事们现在回忆起会议总是慢吞吞地一直开到第二天凌晨的情景, 都把它当作一番笑谈。

I **recalled** the way they had been dancing together...

我回忆起他们一起跳舞时的情景。

I have no idea what she said, something about airline travel, I seem to **recall**.

我记不得她说什么了, 好像是坐飞机旅行什么的, 如果我没记错的话。

2 VERB 动词 (用于引出双方都已意识到的事) 记得 You can say as I **recall**, you might **recall**, or you will **recall** to someone that you are talking to when you want to mention something that you are both already aware of which is relevant to the discussion.

As I **recall**, you're not on the board, Joe; you're only a minor shareholder...

我记得你并没有进董事会, 乔, 你只是一个小股东而已。

You will **recall** that I sent you a warning of troubled times. Well now, almost everything I forecast has come about.

你还记得我警告过你时局会出现动荡吧。现在看来, 几乎我预测的每件事都发生了。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 记性; 记忆力 **Recall** is the ability to remember something that has happened in the past or the act of remembering it.

He had a good memory, and total **recall** of her spoken words.

他记忆力很好, 她当时说的话他全都记得起来。

4 VERB 动词 召回; 叫回 If you are **recalled** to your home, country, or the place where you work, you are ordered to return there.

Spain has **recalled** its Ambassador after a row over refugees seeking asylum at the embassy...

在对难民到使馆寻求庇护一事产生严重分歧后, 西班牙召回了其大使。

Parliament was **recalled** from its summer recess.

国会在夏季休会之后又重新开议。

Recall is also a noun.

The **recall** of ambassador Alan Green was a public signal of America's concern.

召回艾伦·格林大使是美国关注此事的一个公开信号。

5 VERB 动词 召回 (运动员); 使归队 In sport, if a player is **recalled** to a team, he or she is included in that team again after being left out.

Dean Richards was **recalled** to the England squad for the match with Wales...

迪安·理查兹被召回英格兰队参加对阵威尔士的比赛。

I had done enough after being **recalled** against Pakistan to have got on the tour to India.

在被征召入队参加与巴基斯坦的比赛后, 我为前往印度的行程做了充分准备。

Recall is also a noun.

It would be great to get a **recall** to the England squad for Sweden.

若能够被召进英格兰队参加对瑞典的比赛那就太棒了。

6 VERB 动词 召回 (公司产品) If a company **recalls** a product, it asks the shops or the people who have bought that product to return it because there is something wrong with it.

The company said it was **recalling** one of its drugs...

这个公司说正在召回他们生产的一种药。

More than 3,000 cars were **recalled** yesterday because of a brake problem.

3,000多辆汽车因为刹车问题昨天被召回。

7 PHRASE 短语 记不起来; 无法忆起; 无法恢复原状; 面目全非 If something is **beyond recall**, it is no longer possible to remember how it was or to bring it back to its original condition.

The ground has been polluted **beyond recall**...

这片土地已被污染得面目全非。

...the realities of operating a traditional canal boat can be readily imagined, even if the life itself is **beyond recall**.

经营一艘传统的运河船的现实情形很容易想象, 尽管那种生活本身已经无法忆起了。

recently ★★★★★

1 ADV-GRADED 副词 近来; 最近 If you have done something **recently** or if something happened **recently**, it happened only a short time ago.

The bank **recently** opened a branch in Germany...

这家银行最近在德国开设了分行。

It is only fairly **recently** that historians have begun to investigate the question...

只是到最近历史学家才开始探究这个问题。

He was until very **recently** the most powerful banker in the city.

到最近为止, 他一直都是这个城市最有实力的银行家。

recession ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 经济衰退; 经济不景气 A **recession** is a period when the economy of a country is doing badly, for example because industry is producing less and more people are becoming unemployed.

The **recession** caused sales to drop off...

经济不景气使销量下降。

We should concentrate on sharply reducing interest rates to pull the economy out of **recession**...

我们应该着力大幅下调利率以使经济走出衰退。

The oil price increases sent Europe into deep **recession**.

油价上涨使欧洲陷入严重的经济衰退。

recognize ★★★★★

in BRIT, also use 英国英语亦用 recognise

1 VERB 动词 认识; 认出 If you **recognize** someone or something, you know who that person is or what that thing is.

The receptionist **recognized** him at once...

接待员一眼就认出他了。

He did not think she could **recognize** his car in the snow...

他觉得她在雪天里认不出他的车子。

A man I easily **recognized** as Luke's father sat

with a newspaper on his lap.

我一眼就认出那人是卢克的父亲，他坐在那里，膝盖上放着一份报纸。

2 VERB 动词 **认可；承认** If someone says that they **recognize** something, they acknowledge that it exists or that it is true.

I **recognize** my own shortcomings...

我承认自己的缺点。

Well, of course I **recognize** that evil exists.

嗯，我当然承认邪恶的存在。

3 VERB 动词 **正式认可；承认；正式接受；赞成** If people or organizations **recognize** something as valid, they officially accept it or approve of it.

Most doctors appear to **recognize** homeopathy as a legitimate form of medicine...

大多数医生似乎都接受顺势疗法是一种合理的医疗手段。

France is on the point of recognizing the independence of the Baltic States.

法国即将承认波罗的海诸国的独立。

...a nationally **recognized** expert on psychology.

全国公认的心理学家

4 VERB 动词 **赞赏，认可（某人的所作所为）**

When people **recognize** the work that someone has done, they show their appreciation of it, often by giving that person an award of some kind.

The RAF **recognized** him as an outstandingly able engineer...

英国皇家空军表彰他是一名非常能干的机械师。

He had the insight to **recognize** their talents...

他很有眼力，慧眼识英才。

Nichols was **recognized** by the Hall of Fame in 1949.

尼科尔斯在1949年正式入选名人堂。

recommend ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **推荐；介绍** If someone **recommends** a person or thing to you, they suggest that you would find that person or thing good or useful.

I have just spent a holiday there and would **recommend** it to anyone...

我刚刚在那里度过假，很想把它推荐给每一个人。

'You're a good worker, boy,' he told him. 'I'll **recommend** you for a promotion.'

“你是个好员工，孩子，”他告诉他，“我将推荐你升职。”

Ask your doctor to **recommend** a suitable therapist.

让你的医生给你推荐一个合适的治疗专家。

recommended

Though ten years old, this book is highly **recommended**.

尽管是10年前出版的，这本书仍值得大力推荐。

2 VERB 动词 **建议；劝说（做...）** If you **recommend** that something is done, you suggest that it should be done.

The judge **recommended** that he serve 20 years in prison...

法官建议判处他20年监禁。

We strongly **recommend** reporting the incident to the police...

我们强烈建议报警。

It is **recommended** that you should consult your doctor...

建议你去咨询医生。

The **recommended** daily dose is 12 to 24 grams...

建议每天的服用剂量为12到24克。

Many financial planners now **recommend** against ever fully paying off your home loan.

现在许多理财专家不建议人们把住房贷款全部还清。

3 VERB 动词 **使受欢迎；使有优势** If something or someone has a particular quality to **recommend** them, that quality makes them attractive or gives them an advantage over similar things or people.

La Noblesse restaurant has much to **recommend** it...

“贵族”餐馆有很多值得称道之处。

He had little but his enthusiasm to **recommend** him...

他拥有的优势只有他的热情。

These qualities **recommended** him to Olivier.

这些品质让他受到奥利维尔的青睐。

Usage Note :

Be careful with the spelling of this word.

注意该词的拼写。

reduce ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **减少；减小；减轻** If you **reduce** something, you make it smaller in size or amount, or less in degree.

It **reduces** the risks of heart disease...

这降低了患心脏病的风险。

Consumption is being **reduced** by 25 per cent...

消费下降了25个百分点。

The **reduced** consumer demand is also affecting company profits.

消费需求的降低也影响到了公司的利润。

2 VERB 动词 **使沦为，使陷入（不好的境地）** If someone is **reduced to** a weaker or inferior state, they become weaker or inferior as a result of something that happens to them.

They were **reduced to** extreme poverty...

他们陷入极端贫困的状态。

They wanted the army **reduced to** a police force.

他们想把这支队伍降级为一支警察部队。

3 VERB 动词 **迫使；使不得不（做）；使只得** If you say that someone is **reduced to** doing something, you mean that they have to do it, although it is unpleasant or embarrassing.

He was **reduced to** begging for a living.

他不得不以乞讨为生。

4 VERB 动词 **使变成；使简化为** If something is changed to a different or less complicated form, you can say that it is **reduced to** that form.

All the buildings in the town have been **reduced to** rubble...

城里所有的建筑都成了废墟。

Politics has been **reduced to** class struggle.

政治变成了阶级斗争。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词（烹调中）**使变浓稠，收汁** If you **reduce** liquid when you are cooking, or if it **reduces**, it is boiled in order to make it less in quantity and thicker.

Boil the liquid in a small saucepan to **reduce** it by half...

用小炖锅炖，收一半汤汁。

Simmer until mixture **reduces**.

用小火煮到汤汁收浓。

6 PHRASE 短语 **境况变差；生活拮据** If you say that someone is living **in reduced circumstances**, you mean that they do not have as much money as they used to have.

They are the descendants of emperors and kings and are now living in **reduced circumstances**.

他们是帝王的后代，但是现在境况大不如前了。

7 PHRASE 短语 **使...无言** If someone or something **reduces you to silence**, they make you feel so upset or confused that you cannot speak.

Her challenge **reduced** them to silence.

她的质问让他们哑口无言。

8 PHRASE 短语 **使...落泪** If someone or something **reduces you to tears**, they make you feel so unhappy that you cry.

The attentions of the media **reduced** her to tears.

媒体的关注把她弄哭了。

refer ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **谈及；提到；提及** If you **refer to** a particular subject or person, you talk about them or mention them.

In his speech, he **referred to** a recent trip to Canada.

他在讲演中提到了前不久的加拿大之行。

2 VERB 动词 **称...（为）** If you **refer to** someone or something as a particular thing, you use a particular word, expression, or name to mention or describe them.

Marcia had **referred to** him as a dear friend...

马西娅把他称作好朋友。

He simply **referred to** him as Ronnie...

他就叫他龙尼。

Our economy is **referred to** as a free market.

我们的经济被称作自由市场经济。

3 VERB 动词 **涉及；提及；描述** If a word **refers**

to a particular thing, situation, or idea, it describes it in some way.

The term **electronics** refers to electrically-induced action.

电子学这个术语涉及电感应作用。

4 VERB 动词 **将...转到 (医院就医)** ; **将...转给 (专科医生)** If a person who is ill is **referred to** a hospital or a specialist, they are sent there by a doctor in order to be treated.

Patients are mostly **referred to** hospital by their general practitioners...

病人大多数是在他们的全科医生建议下转往医院就医。

The patient should be **referred** for tests immediately.

病人必须马上转去医院做化验。

5 VERB 动词 **提交 ; 送交 ; 委托** If you **refer** a task or a problem to a person or an organization, you formally tell them about it, so that they can deal with it.

He could **refer** the matter to the high court.

他可以将此事交由高等法院裁决。

6 VERB 动词 **推荐 ; 介绍** If you **refer** someone to a person or organization, you send them there for the help they need.

Now and then I **referred** a client to him.

我不时地介绍客户给他。

7 VERB 动词 **查阅 , 参考 (资料)** If you **refer to** a book or other source of information, you look at it in order to find something out.

He **referred** briefly to his notebook.

他简单地看了看自己的笔记。

8 VERB 动词 **指引 ; 让...去查询** If you **refer** someone to a source of information, you tell them the place where they will find the information which they need or which you think will interest them.

Mr Bryan also **referred** me to a book by the American journalist Anthony Scaduto.

布赖恩先生还建议我去查阅美国记者安东尼·斯卡杜托的一本书。

reflect ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **反映 ; 表现 ; 显示** If something **reflects** an attitude or situation, it shows that the attitude or situation exists or it shows what it is like.

The Los Angeles riots **reflected** the bitterness between the black and Korean communities in the city...

洛杉矶的暴乱反映出这个城市的黑人社区和韩裔社区之间的仇恨。

Concern at the economic situation was **reflected** in the government's budget.

政府的预算反映了对经济运行状况的关注。

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (光、热或其他射线) **反射** When light, heat, or other rays **reflect** off a surface or when a surface **reflects** them, they are sent back from the surface and do not pass through it.

The sun **reflected** off the snow-covered mountains...

冰雪覆盖的山峰反射着阳光。

The glass appears to **reflect** light naturally.

玻璃似乎可以自然反射光线。

3 VERB 动词 (在镜子或水中) **映出** When something is **reflected** in a mirror or in water, you can see its image in the mirror or in the water.

His image seemed to be **reflected** many times in the mirror.

那面镜子里好像映现出很多个他的影像。

4 VERB 动词 **沉思 ; 深思** When you **reflect on** something, you think deeply about it.

We should all give ourselves time to **reflect**...

我们都应该给自己时间好好想想。

I **reflected** on the child's future.

我认真考虑了孩子的将来。

5 VERB 动词 **认为 ; 想** You can use **reflect** to indicate that a particular thought occurs to someone.

Things were very much changed since before the war, he **reflected**.

情况与战前大不同了，他想。

6 VERB 动词 **使对...产生某种印象** If an action or situation **reflects** in a particular way on someone or something, it gives people a good or bad impression of them.

The affair hardly **reflected** well on the British...

这个事件很难让人们人们对英国人有好印象。

Your own personal behavior as a teacher, outside of school hours, **reflects** on the school itself.

作为教师，你在课堂以外的个人行为会影响人们对学校的印象。

reform ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **变革 ; 改革 ; 革新 ; 改良** **Reform** consists of changes and improvements to a law, social system, or institution. A **reform** is an instance of such a change or improvement.

The party embarked on a programme of economic **reform**...

这个党开始进行经济改革。

He has urged **reform** of the welfare system...

他极力主张进行福利制度改革。

The Socialists introduced fairly radical **reforms**.

社会主义者推行了相当激进的改革。

2 VERB 动词 **改良 ; 革新 ; 变革 ; 改革** If someone **reforms** something such as a law, social system, or institution, they change or improve it.

...his plans to **reform** the country's economy...

他的国家经济改革计划

A **reformed** party would have to win the approval of the people.

一个革新的政党需要赢得人民的认可。

3 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (人) **洗心革面 ; (使)改过自新 ; 改造** When someone **reforms** or when something **reforms** them, they stop doing things that society does not approve of, such as breaking the law or drinking too much alcohol.

When his court case was coming up, James promised to **reform**...

他的案子即将开审的时候，詹姆斯保证会改过自新。

We will try to **reform** him within the community.

我们将尽力在社区内部对他进行改造。

reformed
...a **reformed** alcoholic.
改过自新的酒鬼

4 See also: [re-form](#) ;

refugee ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **难民 ; 寻求庇护者** **Refugees** are people who have been forced to leave their homes or their country, either because there is a war there or because of their political or religious beliefs.

refuse ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /rɪ'fju:z/. The noun is pronounced /'refju:s/ and is hyphenated refuse. 动词读作/rɪ'fju:z/。名词读作/'refju:s/，分音节位置为refuse。

1 VERB 动词 **拒绝 ; 回绝** If you **refuse** to do something, you deliberately do not do it, or you say firmly that you will not do it.

He **refused** to comment after the trial...

庭审之后他拒绝作出评论。

He expects me to stay on here and I can hardly **refuse**.

他希望我继续留在这里，我很难拒绝。

2 VERB 动词 **拒绝给予 ; 不肯给予** If someone **refuses** you something, they do not give it to you or do not allow you to have it.

The United States has **refused** him a visa...

美国拒绝给他发放签证。

She was **refused** access to her children...

她被禁止探视她的孩子。

The town council had **refused** permission for the march.

市政委员会未批准这一游行示威。

3 VERB 动词 **拒绝 (接受)** If you **refuse** something that is offered to you, you do not accept it.

He offered me a second drink which I **refused**...

他请我再喝一杯，我没有接受。

The patient has the right to **refuse** treatment.

病人有权利拒绝接受治疗。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **废物 , 垃圾 (主要用于官方语言)** **Refuse** consists of the rubbish and all the things that are not wanted in a house, shop, or factory, and that are regularly thrown away ; used mainly in official language.

The District Council made a weekly collection of refuse.

区政务委员会每周收取一次垃圾。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **refuse** and **deny**. If you **refuse** to do something, you deliberately do not do it, or you say firmly that you will not do it. ...*people who refuse to change their opinions...* *He refused to condemn them.* You can **refuse** something that someone offers you. *The patient has the right to refuse treatment.* If someone does not allow you to have something you ask for, or to do something you have asked to do, you can say that they **refuse** you. *He can run to Dad for money if I refuse him.* If you **deny** something, you say that it is not true. *The allegation was denied by government spokesmen.* If someone **denies** you something, they do not allow you to have it. *I never denied her anything.*

不要混淆 **refuse** 和 **deny**。refuse 指有意或坚决地拒绝。如，people who refuse to change their opinions (拒绝改变观点的人)，He refused to condemn them (他拒绝谴责他们)。refuse 也可以表示拒绝接受别人给你的东西：The patient has the right to refuse treatment (病人有权利拒绝接受治疗)。refuse 后面可以直接接人，表示拒绝某人的要求或拒绝某人做某事。如，He can run to Dad for money if I refuse him (如果我不给他的话，他可能跑去找爸爸要钱)。deny 指否认某事属实，如，The allegation was denied by government spokesmen (政府的发言人否认了该项指控)。deny 也指不给予，如，I never denied her anything (我对她从来都是有求必应)。

regard ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **认为；把...看作** If you **regard** someone or something **as** being a particular thing or **as** having a particular quality, you believe that they are that thing or have that quality.

He was **regarded** as the most successful Chancellor of modern times...

他被认为是现代最为成功的财政大臣。

I **regard** creativity both as a gift and as a skill.

我认为创造力既是一种天赋也是一种技巧。

2 VERB 动词 **对...怀有(某种感情)；以(某种感情)看待** If you **regard** something or someone **with** a feeling such as dislike or respect, you have that feeling about them.

He **regarded** drug dealers with loathing...

他对贩毒分子深恶痛绝。

Displays of emotion are **regarded** with suspicion...

情感的流露会招致猜疑。

He was a highly **regarded** scholar.

他是一位声誉很高的学者。

3 VERB 动词 **(以某种方式)看，注视** If you **regard** someone in a certain way, you look at them in that way.

She **regarded** him curiously for a moment...

她好奇地看了他一会儿。

The clerk **regarded** him with benevolent amusement.

这个职员好心而又饶有兴趣地看着他。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **尊重；重视；敬爱** If you have **regard** for someone or something, you respect them and care about them. If you hold someone in high regard, you have a lot of respect for them.

I have a very high **regard** for him and what he has achieved...

我非常钦佩他的为人和成就。

There were armed people about, people with little **regard** for human life...

到处都是武装分子，视人命如草芥。

The Party ruled the country without **regard** for the people's views.

该党治国对民意视而不见。

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **问候，致意(尤用于信中表示问好)** Regards are greetings. You use **regards** in expressions such as **best regards** and **with kind regards** as a way of expressing friendly feelings towards someone, especially in a letter.

Give my **regards** to your family...

请代我向你家人问好。

My best **regards** to Mary.

请转达我对玛丽的美好祝愿。

6 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **至于；关于** You can use **as regards** to indicate the subject that is being talked or written about.

As **regards** the war, Haig believed in victory at any price.

至于这场战争，黑格认为要不惜任何代价取得胜利。

7 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **关于；至于** You can use **with regard to** or **in regard to** to indicate the subject that is being talked or written about.

The department is reviewing its policy with **regard to** immunisation.

这个部门正在审度其有关疫苗接种的政策。

8 PHRASE 短语 **在这/那方面；就这/那一点** You can use **in this regard** or **in that regard** to refer back to something that you have just said.

In **this regard** nothing has changed...

在这方面没什么变化。

I may have made a mistake in **that regard**.

我在那一点上可能已经犯了一个错误。

region ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **地区；地带；行政区域** A **region** is a large area of land that is different from other areas of land, for example because it is one of the different parts of a country with its own customs and characteristics, or because it has a particular geographical feature.

...Barcelona, capital of the autonomous **region** of Catalonia.

加泰罗尼亚自治区首府巴塞罗那

...a remote mountain **region**.

边远山区

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(首都以外的)各地区，外省** The **regions** are the parts of a country that are not the capital city and its surrounding area.

...London and the **regions**...

伦敦和外省地区

Tax incentives would be used to attract firms to the **regions**, away from the South-East.

将采取税收优惠政策把公司吸引到东南部以外的各地区。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(身体的)部位，区域** You can refer to a part of your body as a **region**.

...the pelvic **region**.

骨盆区

...the frontal **region** of the brain.

大脑的额区

4 PHRASE 短语 **(指数量)差不多，在...左右，大约** You say **in the region of** to indicate that an amount that you are stating is approximate.

The scheme will cost in the **region of** six million pounds.

这个计划将耗资大约600万英镑。

regional ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **地区的；区域的** **Regional** is used to describe things which relate to a particular area of a country or of the world.

...the autonomous **regional** government of Andalusia.

安达卢西亚自治区政府

...concern about **regional** security...

对地区安全的担忧

Many people in Minnesota and Tennessee have noticeable **regional** accents.

明尼苏达州和田纳西州的许多人都有明显的地区口音。

regionally

The impact of these trends has varied **regionally**.

这些潮流的影响依区域而不同。

regular ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **定时的；定期的；有规律的** **Regular** events have equal amounts of time between them, so that they happen, for example, at the same time each day or each week.

Take **regular** exercise...

定期进行锻炼。

Now it's time for our **regular** look at the world of international sport...

现在我们来关注一下国际体坛的消息。

We're going to be meeting there on a **regular**

basis...

我们将定期在那里会面。

The cartridge must be replaced at **regular** intervals.

弹药必须定时更换。

regularly

Exercise **regularly**...

定期锻炼。

He also writes **regularly** for 'International Management' magazine.

他也定期给《国际管理》杂志撰稿。

regularity

The overdraft arrangements had been generous because of the **regularity** of the half-yearly payments.

因为是每半年定期还款，所以透支额度还算高。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **经常的；频繁的** Regular events happen often.

...after a morning punctuated by **regular** volleys of gunfire...

过了枪声阵阵的早上之后

This condition usually clears up with **regular** shampooing.

这种情形通常多用香波洗洗头即可消除。

regularly

Fox, badger, weasel and stoat are **regularly** seen here...

狐狸、獾、黄鼠狼和白鼬在这里很常见。

Potentially dangerous bacteria are **regularly** sent from one laboratory to another.

有潜在危险的细菌经常被从一个实验室传到另一个实验室。

regularity

Closures and job losses are again being announced with monotonous **regularity**.

倒闭和失业的消息又在一次次地反复宣布着。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **经常光顾的；经常去的** If you are, for example, a **regular** customer at a shop or a **regular** visitor to a place, you go there often.

Tell me, Mr Mentakis, was Mrs Savalas one of your **regular** customers?...

“告诉我，门塔基斯先生，萨瓦拉斯夫人是您的常客吗？”

She has become a **regular** visitor to Houghton Hall.

她已经成了霍顿府的常客。

...people who are not **regular** churchgoers.

不常去教堂的人

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **常客；老顾客；固定成员；正式成员** The **regulars** at a place or in a team are the people who often go to the place or are often in the team.

Regulars at his local pub have set up a fund to help out...

经常光顾他的酒吧的人伸出援手成立了一个基金会。

I wasn't one of their **regulars**.

我并不是他们的正式成员。

5 ADJ 形容词 **经常使用的；固定的** You use **regular** when referring to the thing, person, time, or place that is usually used by someone. For example, someone's **regular** place is the place where they usually sit.

The man sat at his **regular** table near the window.

这个人坐在他固定的靠窗的位置。

...samples from one of their **regular** suppliers.

他们的一个固定供货商提供的样品

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(声音或动作)规律的，规则的** A **regular** rhythm consists of a series of sounds or movements with equal periods of time between them.

...a very **regular** beat...

非常规律的节拍

He stood in the doorway, listening to her quiet, **regular** breathing.

他站在走道里，听着她那沉静而规律的呼吸声。

regularly

Remember to breathe **regularly**.

记住要保持呼吸均匀。

regularity

Experimenters have succeeded in controlling the rate and **regularity** of the heartbeat.

实验者已经成功控制了心跳的速度和频率。

7 ADJ 形容词 **正常的；常见的；普通的** Regular is used to mean 'normal'.

The product looks and burns like a **regular** cigarette...

这种产品看起来和点燃后都与常见的香烟没什么两样。

He describes himself as just a **regular** guy from suburban Chicago.

他说自己就是一个从芝加哥郊区来的普通人。

8 ADJ 形容词 **(饮品或食物)分量适中的，中份的** In some restaurants, a **regular** drink or quantity of food is of medium size.

...a cheeseburger and **regular** fries.

一个奶酪汉堡和中份薯条

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **整齐排列的；(间距)均匀的** A **regular** pattern or arrangement consists of a series of things with equal spaces between them.

...strange small rounded sandy hillocks, that look as if they've been scattered in a **regular** pattern on the ground.

奇怪的圆形小沙丘，看上去好像是被整齐地散放在地上似的

...**regular** rows of wooden huts.

整齐的一排排小木屋

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **匀称的；对称的** If something has a **regular** shape, both halves are the same and it has straight edges or a smooth outline.

...some **regular** geometrical shape.

一些对称的几何图形

regularity

...the chessboard **regularity** of their fields.

他们的田地像棋盘一样方正

11 ADJ 形容词 **(军队)常规的，常备的** Regular troops are professional soldiers who are a permanent part of an official national army.

Most schemes attempt to reduce the cost of defence through a smaller **regular** army...

大多数方案都试图通过缩减常备军的规模来降低国防支出。

Only about a third of the reinforcements will be **regular** troops.

增援部队中仅有约1/3是常备军。

Regulars are regular troops. **正规军队；常备军队**

...the presence of a garrison of British **regulars**.

英国正规军的进驻

12 ADJ 形容词 **(语法中)按规则变化的，规则的** In grammar, a **regular** verb, noun, or adjective inflects in the same way as most verbs, nouns, or adjectives in the language.

reject ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /rɪ'dʒekt/. The noun is pronounced /rɪ'dʒekt/. 动词读作/rɪ'dʒekt/。名词读作/rɪ'dʒekt/。

1 VERB 动词 **拒绝考虑；不接受；不同意** If you **reject** something such as a proposal, a request, or an offer, you do not accept it or you do not agree to it.

The British government is expected to **reject** the idea of state subsidy for a new high speed railway...

预计英国政府不会考虑为修建一条新的高速铁路提供国家补贴的想法。

Seventeen publishers **rejected** the manuscript before Jenks saw its potential.

17家出版社回绝了这部手稿，直到詹克斯看到了它的潜在价值。

rejection

The **rejection** of such initiatives indicates that voters are unconcerned about the environment.

此类倡议遇冷表明选民对环境并不关心。

2 VERB 动词 **摒弃，抛弃，不接受(信仰或政治制度)** If you **reject** a belief or a political system, you refuse to believe in it or to live by its rules.

...the children of Eastern European immigrants who had **rejected** their parents' political and religious beliefs.

抛弃了父母一代政治和宗教信仰的东欧移民子女

rejection

...his **rejection** of our values.

他对我们的价值观的摒弃

3 VERB 动词 **不录用；不录取** If someone is **rejected** for a job or course of study, it is not offered to them.

One of my most able students was **rejected** by

another university.

我的一个最有能力的学生申请另一所大学落选了。

rejection

Be prepared for lots of **rejections** before you land a job.

在找到一份工作之前，要做好屡次碰壁的准备。

4 VERB 动词 **冷漠对待；拒绝...的爱意** If someone **rejects** another person who expects affection from them, they are cold and unfriendly towards them.

You make friends with people and then make unreasonable demands so that they **reject** you.

你和别人交朋友，然后向人家提出无理要求，结果被人家拒绝。

...people who had been **rejected** by their lovers.

被爱人拒绝的人

rejection

These feelings of **rejection** and hurt remain.

被拒绝和受伤的感觉还在。

5 VERB 动词 **排斥(移植器官)；对...产生排斥反应**

If a person's body **rejects** something such as a new heart that has been transplanted into it, it tries to attack and destroy it.

It was feared his body was **rejecting** a kidney he received in a transplant four years ago.

令人担心的是，他的身体可能对4年前移植的肾产生了排斥反应。

rejection

...a special drug which stops **rejection** of transplanted organs.

一种可以阻止身体对移植器官产生排异反应的特殊药物

6 VERB 动词 **(投币设备)拒绝接受(硬币)** If a machine **rejects** a coin that you put in it, the coin comes out and the machine does not work.

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **残次品；等外品** A **reject** is a product that has not been accepted for use or sale, because there is something wrong with it.

relation

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [industrial relations](#) ; [public relations](#) ; [race relations](#) ; (人、团体或国家之间的)联系，关系，往来 **Relations**

between people, groups, or countries are contacts between them and the way in which they behave towards each other.

Greece has established full diplomatic **relations** with Israel...

希腊已经和以色列建立了全面的外交关系。

Apparently **relations** between husband and wife had not improved...

很明显夫妇之间的关系没有改善。

The company has a track record of good employee **relations**.

公司有员工关系良好的记录。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(两者之间的)关系，联系，关联** If you talk about the **relation of** one thing to another, you are talking about the ways in which they are connected.

It is a question of the **relation of** ethics to economics.

这是一个伦理学和经济学的关系问题。

...a **relation** between youthful unemployment and drug-related offences...

年轻人失业与毒品相关犯罪之间的关联

This theory bears no **relation** to reality.

这个理论和现实没什么联系。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [poor relation](#) ; **亲戚；亲属；家庭成员** Your **relations** are the members of your family.

...visits to friends and **relations**...

拜访亲友

In America they are touting Hugh Grant as the next Cary Grant (no **relation**).

在美国，他们把休·格兰特吹捧为第二个加里·格兰特(两人并无亲属关系)。

4 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **与...相比** You can talk about something **in relation to** something else when you want to compare the size, condition, or position of the two things.

The money he'd been ordered to pay was minimal **in relation to** his salary.

他被要求支付的金额与他的薪水相比微不足道。

...women's position **in relation to** men in the context of the family...

在家庭范围内女人相对于男人的位置

You are given a map so that you can see where your villa is **in relation to** the swimming pool.

你会拿到一张地图，这样你就能了解自己的别墅与游泳池的相对位置。

5 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 **关于；涉及** If something is said or done **in relation to** a subject, it is said or done in connection with that subject.

...a question which has been asked many times **in relation to** Irish affairs...

被问过多次的关于爱尔兰事务的问题

He is the sixth person to be arrested **in relation to** the coup plot.

他是政变阴谋牵涉到的第6个被捕的人。

relationship

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(人、团体等之间的)关系，关联** The **relationship** between two people or groups is the way in which they feel and behave towards each other.

...the friendly **relationship** between France and Britain...

法国和英国之间的友好关系

...family **relationships**.

家庭关系

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **恋爱关系；性关系；感情关系** A **relationship** is a close friendship between two people, especially one involving romantic or sexual feelings.

We had been together for two years, but both of us felt the **relationship** wasn't really going anywhere.

我们在一起已经两年了，但我们双方都觉得这段感情不会有什么结果。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(事物之间的)关系，关联，联系** The **relationship** between two things is the way in which they are connected.

There is a **relationship** between diet and cancer.

饮食结构和癌症之间有一定关联。

...an analysis of market mechanisms and their **relationship** to state capitalism and political freedom.

对于市场机制及其与国家资本主义和政治自由之间关系的分析

relief

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **宽慰；安心；欣慰；解脱** If you feel a sense of **relief**, you feel happy because something unpleasant has not happened or is no longer happening.

I breathed a sigh of **relief**...

我如释重负地松了口气。

The news will come as a great **relief** to the French authorities...

这个消息会让法国当局大大松一口气。

To his **relief** a loud knock on the door spared him from giving an explanation...

一声重重的敲门声让他松了一口气，他可以不用解释了。

It's a **relief** to get out of the office once in a while.

偶尔走出办公室去透透气也是一种调剂。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(疼痛或苦痛的)解除，免除，减轻，缓解** If something provides **relief from** pain or distress, it stops the pain or distress.

This brought considerable **relief** from the pain.

这相当大地缓解了疼痛。

...a self-help programme which can give lasting **relief** from the torment of hay fever.

可以持续缓解枯草热病痛的自助项目

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **救济；救援物资** **Relief** is money, food, or clothing that is provided for people who are very poor, or who have been affected by war or a natural disaster.

Relief agencies are stepping up efforts to provide food, shelter and agricultural equipment.

救济机构正加大力度提供食物、住所和农用器械。

...famine **relief**.

饥荒救济

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **接班人；换班工人** A **relief** worker is someone who does your work when you go home, or who is employed to do it instead of you when you are sick.

No **relief** drivers were available.

找不到接班司机。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **浮雕** A **relief** is a sculpture that is carved out of a flat vertical surface.

6 See also: [bas-relief](#) ; [tax relief](#) ;

religious ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 宗教的；信教的 You use **religious** to describe things that are connected with religion or with one particular religion.

...**religious** groups.

宗教团体

...different **religious** beliefs.

不同的宗教信仰

religiously

India has always been one of the most **religiously** diverse countries.

印度一直都是宗教信仰最多元的国家之一。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 虔诚的；宗教信仰坚定的 Someone who is **religious** has a strong belief in a god or gods.

They are both very **religious** and felt it was a gift from God.

他们俩都很虔诚，感觉这是上帝的恩赐。

3 See also: [religiously](#) ;

remove ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 移动；搬动；取出 If you **remove** something from a place, you take it away.

As soon as the cake is done, **remove** it from the oven...

蛋糕一烤好，立即把它从烤箱中取出。

At least three bullets were **removed** from his wounds...

从他的伤口至少取出了3颗子弹。

Often, the simplest answer is just to **remove** yourself from the situation...

通常情况下，最简单的办法就是让你自己脱离那个环境。

He went to the refrigerator and **removed** a bottle of wine.

他走到冰箱处拿出一瓶酒。

2 VERB 动词 脱下(衣服) If you **remove** clothing, you take it off.

He **removed** his jacket.

他脱下了夹克。

3 VERB 动词 (用化学品)去除，洗掉(污渍) If you **remove** a stain from something, you make the stain disappear by treating it with a chemical or by washing it.

This treatment **removes** the most stubborn stains...

这种处理方式会清除最顽固的污渍。

Try using lemon juice to **remove** tobacco stains from your fingers.

试试用柠檬汁去除手指上的烟渍。

4 VERB 动词 免除(职务) If people **remove** someone from power or from something such as a committee, they stop them being in power or being a member of the committee.

The student senate voted to **remove** Fuller from office...

学生评议会投票免除了富勒的职位。

The president could only be **removed** from power once free elections were organised...

总统只有在开始自由选举时才能被免职。

All senior officers involved in the coup will have to be **removed**.

所有参与政变的高级官员都将被免职。

5 VERB 动词 消除(障碍)；取消(限制)；解决(问题) If you **remove** an obstacle, a restriction, or a problem, you get rid of it.

The agreement **removes** the last serious obstacle to the signing of the arms treaty...

这个协议排除了签订武器条约的最后一个严重障碍。

Most of her fears had been **removed**.

她的恐惧基本上消除了。

6 PHRASE 短语 间接地 If you do or experience something at one **remove**, you do not do it or experience it yourself, but someone else does it or experiences it instead of you.

She enjoyed his company and the excitement of feeling herself linked at one **remove** to London society...

她喜欢他的陪伴，也很享受离伦敦社交圈仅仅一步之遥的兴奋感觉。

She can know the world only at several **removes**.

她只能间接地认知这个世界。

repeat ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 重复；重写 If you **repeat** something, you say or write it again. You can say I **repeat** to show that you feel strongly about what you are repeating.

He **repeated** that he had been misquoted...

他反复说他的话被错误引用了。

I **repeat** that medicine is on the brink of a revolution...

我要再次强调，医学面临着变革。

The Libyan leader Colonel Gadaffi **repeated** his call for the release of hostages...

利比亚领导人卡扎菲上校反复呼吁释放人质。

'You fool,' she kept **repeating**.

“你这个傻瓜，”她不断地重复着。

2 VERB 动词 复述；转述 If you **repeat** something that someone else has said or written, you say or write the same thing, or tell it to another person.

She had an irritating habit of **repeating** everything I said to her...

她有个惹人讨厌的习惯，我跟她说的每一件事她都告诉别人。

I trust you not to **repeat** that to anyone else...

我相信你不会把我的话告诉别人。

Now, brother, **repeat** after me, 'All praise to Allah, Lord of All the Worlds'.

现在，我的兄弟，跟着我说，“至上伟大的真主，全世界的主宰。”

3 VERB 动词 反复说；说话反反复复 If you **repeat yourself**, you say something which you have said before, usually by mistake.

Then he started rambling and **repeating** himself.

他接下来就开始不着边际、说话来回重复了。

4 CONVENTION 惯用语 再说一次；重申一遍 People sometimes say **repeat** before saying again a word they have just said, in order to emphasize it or to make sure that people hear it.

We are not, I **repeat**, not actually in the negotiating process...

我们不是，我重申一下，实际上不是在进行谈判。

Find and destroy, **repeat** destroy, these units.

找到并且销毁，重复一下，销毁这些部件。

5 VERB 动词 重复做(动作) If you **repeat** an action, you do it again.

The next day I **repeated** the procedure...

第二天我重复了这个程序。

He said Japan would never **repeat** its mistakes...

他说日本永远不会再犯同样的错误。

Hold this position for 30 seconds, release and **repeat** on the other side.

保持这个姿势30秒钟，放松，然后换另一侧重复。

6 VERB 动词 重复发生；再次发生 If an event or series of events **repeats itself**, it happens again.

The UN will have to work hard to stop history **repeating** itself...

联合国必须努力避免历史重演。

The cycle then **repeats** itself.

这个循环周而复始。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (通常指令人不快的事件的)再次发生 If there is a **repeat** of an event, usually an undesirable event, it happens again.

There were fears that there might be a **repeat** of last year's campaign of strikes.

有人担心去年的罢工运动可能再次重演。

...in order to prevent a **repeat** tragedy.

为了防止悲剧的再次发生

8 ADJ 形容词 回头客的；再次光顾的 If a company gets **repeat** business or **repeat** customers, people who have bought their goods or services before buy them again.

Nearly 60% of our bookings come from **repeat** business and personal recommendation.

我们近60%的订单来自于回头客和熟人介绍。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 (电视或广播节目的)重播 A **repeat** is a television or radio programme that has been broadcast before.

There's nothing except sport and **repeats** on TV.

除了体育节目和重播节目外，电视上没什么新鲜内容。

in AM, use 美国英语用 re-run

10 PHRASE 短语 (通常指令人不快的事件的)再次出现，再次发生 If there is a **repeat performance**

of something, usually something undesirable, it happens again.

This year can only see a **repeat** performance of the decline.

今年还会出现下降。

replace ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **替换；取代；代替** If one thing or person **replaces** another, the first is used or acts instead of the second.

The council tax **replaces** the poll tax next April.

市政稅在明年4月将取代人头稅。

...the city lawyer who **replaced** Bob as chairman of the company...

取代鮑勃成为公司主席的市政律師

The smile disappeared to be **replaced** by a

doleful frown.

笑容消失了，取而代之的是哀伤的蹙眉。

2 VERB 动词 **以...取代；以...接替** If you **replace** one thing or person **with** another, you put something or someone else in their place to do their job.

I clean out all the grease and **replace** it with oil

so it works better in very low temperatures...

我把所有的油脂清除干净，然后用油来代替，从而使它在低温条件下运转得更好。

The BBC decided it could not **replace** her.

英国广播公司认定那不能取代她。

3 VERB 动词 **换下(坏的)；以新的替换** If you **replace** something that is broken, damaged, or lost, you get a new one to use instead.

The shower that we put in a few years back has

broken and we cannot afford to **replace** it.

我们几年前安装的淋浴器坏了，但买不起新的来换。

4 VERB 动词 **把...放回(原处)** If you **replace** something, you put it back where it was before.

The line went dead. Whitlock **replaced** the

receiver...

线路中断了，惠特洛克把听筒放回原处。

Replace the caps on the bottles.

把瓶盖重新盖上。

reply ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **回复；回答** When you **reply to** something that someone has said or written to you, you say or write an answer to them.

'That's a nice dress,' said Michael. 'Thanks,' she

replied solemnly...

“那件衣服很好看，”迈克尔说。“谢谢，”她严肃地回答。

He replied that this was absolutely impossible...

他回答说这是绝对不可能的。

Grace was too terrified to **reply**...

格雷斯吓坏了，不能作答。

I've not replied to Lee's letter yet...

我还没有给李回信呢。

To their surprise, hundreds replied to the

advertisement.

令他们吃惊的是，有几百人对广告作出了回应。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **回信；回复；回应** A **reply** is something that you say or write when you answer someone or answer a letter or advertisement.

I called out a challenge, but there was no **reply**...

我提出挑战，但是没人回应。

David has had 12 replies to his ad...

戴维的广告已经有12条回复了。

They went ahead without waiting for a **reply**

from the Germans...

他们没等德国人答复就接着往下推进。

He said in **reply** that the question was unfair.

他回答说这个问题不公平。

3 VERB 动词 **(在体育比赛中)以得分回应，回敬** In sports, if you **reply to** a goal or a number of points scored by your opponents, you also score a goal or a number of points.

Graeme Hick scored an unbeaten 58 as

Worcestershire replied to Middlesex's 202 with 132-3...

格雷姆·希克未出局拿得58分，从而使伍斯特郡队以132分3人出局的成绩回敬了米德尔塞克斯队的202分。

Deryck Fox gave Featherstone the lead early in

the first half with a penalty, but Saints were

quick to **reply**.

德里克·福克斯在上半场的罚球使费瑟斯通队领先，但是圣徒队很快进行了反击。

4 VERB 动词 **(以行动)作出回应，回击，反击** If you **reply to** something such as an attack **with** violence or **with** another action, you do something in response.

Farmers threw eggs and empty bottles at police,

who replied with tear gas...

农民向警察扔鸡蛋和空瓶子，警察则以催泪弹回击。

The National Salvation Front has already replied

to this series of opposition moves with its own

demonstrations.

民族救亡阵线已经组织了示威，以此回击反对派的一系列活动。

reporter ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **记者** A **reporter** is someone who writes news articles or who broadcasts news reports.

...a TV **reporter**.

电视记者

...a trainee sports **reporter**...

见习体育记者

Our **reporter** Chris Loosemore sums up the

findings.

我们的记者克里斯·卢斯莫尔总结了这些发现。

reporting ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **新闻报道工作**

Reporting is the presenting of news in newspapers, on radio, and on television.

...honest and impartial political **reporting**.

坦诚而公正的政治新闻报道

represent ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **代理，代表(个人或团体)** If someone such as a lawyer or a politician **represents** a person or group of people, they act on behalf of that person or group.

...the politicians we elect to **represent** us...

我们选举出来代表我们的政界人士

The offer has yet to be accepted by the lawyers

representing the victims.

受害者的代理律师还没有接受这个提议。

2 VERB 动词 **代表(个人或团体)出席** If you **represent** a person or group at an official event, you go there on their behalf.

The general secretary may **represent** the

president at official ceremonies.

总书记可以在一些官方仪式上代表主席。

3 VERB 动词 **(在竞赛或体育赛事中)代表(国家或地区)** If you **represent** your country or town in a competition or sports event, you take part in it on behalf of the country or town where you live.

My only aim is to **represent** Britain at the

Olympics.

我唯一的目标是代表英国参加奥运会。

4 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 **使有代表性** If a group of people or things **is well represented** in a particular activity or in a particular place, a lot of them can be found there.

Women are already well **represented** in the area

of TV drama...

女性在电视剧领域占据了一席之地。

In New Mexico all kinds of cuisines are

represented.

在新墨西哥州，有各种各样的烹饪方法。

5 V-LINK 连系动词 **相当于，代表着(变化、成就、胜利等)** If you say that something **represents** a change, achievement, or victory, you mean that it is a change, achievement, or victory.

The pieces on view are not grouped around any

one theme, but rather **represent** superb

examples from various periods...

展出的作品并非围绕着一个主题，而是不同时期的经典之作。

These developments **represented** a major

change in the established order.

这些发展代表了现有秩序的重大转变。

6 VERB 动词 **(标志或符号)意味着，代表着，标志着** If a sign or symbol **represents** something, it is accepted as meaning that thing.

...a black dot in the middle of the circle is

supposed to **represent** the source of the

radiation.

圆圈中心的黑点应该是表示放射源。

7 VERB 动词 象征；体现；反映 To **represent** an idea or quality means to be a symbol or an expression of that idea or quality.

We believe you **represent** everything British racing needs.

我们相信你代表了英国赛马所需要的一切。

8 VERB 动词 描绘；描写 If you **represent** a person or thing as a particular thing, you describe them as being that thing.

The popular press tends to **represent** him as an environmental guru.

大众媒体往往把他描绘成环保领袖。

representative ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 代表；代理人 A

representative is a person who has been chosen to act or make decisions on behalf of another person or a group of people.

...trade union **representatives**...

工会代表

Employees from each department elect a **representative**.

每个部门的员工选举一名代表。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 销售代表；销售代理 A

representative is a person whose job is to sell a company's products or services, especially by travelling round and visiting other companies.

She had a stressful job as a sales **representative**.

作为一名销售代表，她的工作压力很大。

3 ADJ 形容词 由代表组成的；代议制的 A

representative group consists of a small number of people who have been chosen to make decisions on behalf of a larger group.

The new head of state should be chosen by an 87 member **representative** council.

新的国家元首应该由包括87名成员的代表委员会选出。

...the institutions of a **representative**

government.

代议制政府的各个机构

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 典型的；有代表性的 Someone who is typical of the group to which they belong can be described as **representative**.

He was in no way **representative** of dog-trainers in general.

他远不是一般意义上的驯狗师。

...fairly **representative** groups of adults.

相当典型的成年人群体

representativeness

...a process designed to ensure the

representativeness of the sample interviewed.

为保证抽样的对象具有代表性而设计的过程

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (美国)众议员 In the United States, a **Representative** is a member of the House of Representatives, the less powerful of the two parts of Congress.

See also: [House of Representatives](#) ;

republic ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [banana republic](#) ; 共和国；共和政体 A **republic** is a country where power is held by the people or the representatives that they elect. Republics have presidents who are elected, rather than kings or queens.

In 1918, Austria became a **republic**.

1918年，奥地利成为共和国。

...the Baltic **republics**.

波罗的海沿岸诸共和国

...the Republic of Ireland.

爱尔兰共和国

republican ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 共和国的；共和政体的 **Republican** means relating to a republic. In **republican** systems of government, power is held by the people or the representatives that they elect.

...the nations that had adopted the **republican** form of government.

实行共和政体的国家

2 ADJ 形容词 (美国)共和党的，支持共和党的 In the United States, if someone is **Republican**, they belong to or support the Republican Party.

...Republican voters...

支持共和党的选民们

Some families have been **republican** for generations.

有些家庭世代都支持共和党。

A **Republican** is someone who supports or belongs to the Republican Party. 共和党人；共和党支持者

What made you decide to become a Republican?

是什么让你决定加入共和党的？

3 ADJ 形容词 (支持北爱尔兰脱离英国加入爱尔兰共和国的)共和主义者，共和派 In Northern Ireland, if someone is **Republican**, they believe that Northern Ireland should not be ruled by Britain but should become part of the Republic of Ireland.

...a Republican paramilitary group.

共和派的准军事组织

A **Republican** is someone who has Republican views. 共和派；共和主义者

...a Northern Ireland **republican**.

北爱尔兰共和主义人士

request ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 请求；要求 If you **request** something, you ask for it politely or formally.

Mr Dennis said he had **requested** access to a telephone...

丹尼斯先生说他已经请求使用电话。

She had **requested** that the door to her room be left open.

她要求不要关闭通向她房间的们。

2 VERB 动词 请求...做；要求...做 If you **request** someone to do something, you politely or formally ask them to do it.

They **requested** him to leave...

他们要求他离开。

Students are **requested** to park at the rear of the Department.

学生必须把车停在该系后面。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 请求；要求 If you make a **request**, you politely or formally ask someone to do something.

France had agreed to his **request** for political asylum...

法国已经同意了他寻求政治庇护的请求。

Vietnam made an official **request** that the meeting be postponed.

越南已经正式请求将会议推迟。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 点播的乐曲 A **request** is a song or piece of music which someone has asked a performer or disc jockey to play.

If you have any **requests**, I'd be happy to play them for you.

您点播任何歌曲，我都会很乐意为您演奏。

5 PHRASE 短语 应邀；应...的请求；按照...的要求 If you do something **at someone's request**, you do it because they have asked you to.

The evacuation is being organised **at the request** of the United Nations Secretary General.

根据联合国秘书长的要求，正在组织撤退。

6 PHRASE 短语 一经要求；根据请求 If something is given or done **on request**, it is given or done whenever you ask for it.

Leaflets giving details are available **on request**...

备有介绍详情的传单以供索取。

Chambermaids will bring an iron or hair dryer **on request**.

只要提出要求，清理房间的女服务员就会送来熨斗或电吹风。

require ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 需要；有赖于 If you **require** something or if something is **required**, you need it or it is necessary.

If you **require** further information, you should consult the registrar...

如果需要进一步了解信息，请咨询教务主任。

This isn't the kind of crisis that **requires** us to drop everything else...

这样的危机并不需要我们抛弃其他的一切。

Some of the materials **required** for this technique may be difficult to obtain.

这项技术需要的某些材料可能很难获取。

2 VERB 动词 要求；命令；规定 If a law or rule **requires** you to do something, you have to do it.

The rules also **require** employers to provide safety training...

这些规定还要求雇主提供安全培训。

At least 3 manufacturers have flouted a law requiring prompt reporting of such malfunctions...

至少有35名制造商触犯了要求此类故障出现后立即上报的法律。

The law now **requires** that parents serve on the committees that plan and evaluate school programs...

现在，法律要求家长在规划和评估学校项目的委员会中任职。

Then he'll know exactly what's **required** of him. 到那时他就会确切地知道对他的要求是什么了。

1 PHRASE 短语 **必读的** If you say that something is **required reading** for a particular group of people, you mean that you think it is essential for them to read it because it will give them information which they should have.

...an important research study that should be **required reading** for every member of the cabinet.

每一位内阁成员都应阅读的一份重要研究论文

reserve ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **保留；留出；预留** If something is **reserved** for a particular person or purpose, it is kept specially for that person or purpose.

A double room with a balcony overlooking the sea had been **reserved** for him...

特地为他预留了一间带阳台的海景双人房。

In the United States lanes are **reserved** for cars with more than one occupant.

在美国，多人乘坐的汽车有专行道。

2 VERB 动词 **预订；保留；预约** If you **reserve** something such as a table, ticket, or magazine, you arrange for it to be kept specially for you, rather than sold or given to someone else.

I'll **reserve** a table for five...

我要预订一张5人的桌子。

Demand will be huge, so ask your newsagent to **reserve** your copy today.

需求量会很大，所以今天得请卖报摊主为你预留出你那份。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **储备；储存物资；储量** A **reserve** is a supply of something that is available for use when it is needed.

The Gulf has 65 per cent of the world's oil **reserves**...

海湾地区拥有全世界65%的石油储备。

A friend can be a **reserve** of help in times of trouble.

朋友可以在困难的时候提供帮助。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **预备队员；替补队员** In sports, a **reserve** is someone who is available to play as part of a team if one of the members is ill or cannot play.

He ended up as a **reserve**, but still qualified for a team gold medal.

他最后成了替补队员，但仍有资格获得团体金牌。

in AM, use 美国英语用 substitute

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(野生生物)保护区** A nature **reserve** is an area of land where the animals, birds, and plants are officially protected.

Marine biologists are calling for Cardigan Bay to be created a marine nature **reserve** to protect the dolphins.

海洋生物学家号召将卡迪根湾建成一个海洋自然保护区，以保护那里的海豚。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **寡言；矜持；内敛** If someone shows **reserve**, they keep their feelings hidden.

The subject is one which must be discussed with **reserve**...

对这个话题必须进行慎重的讨论。

His natural **reserve** made him appear self-conscious.

他天生的内敛性格让他显得有些拘谨。

7 PHRASE 短语 **留出备用；保留；储存** If you have something **in reserve**, you have it available for use when it is needed.

...the bottle of whisky that he kept **in reserve**...

他特地留的那瓶威士忌

There were patrol cars on the streets and riot police standing by **in reserve**.

巡逻车在街上守候，防暴警察也在一旁待命。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **后备军；预备役部队** A military **reserve** is a group of soldiers who are ready to join a military operation if they are needed.

9 to **reserve judgment**→see: [judgment](#) ;

to **reserve the right**→see: [right](#) ;

resident ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **居民；住户；居住者** The **residents** of a house or area are the people who live there.

The Archbishop called upon the government to build more low cost homes for local **residents**...

大主教呼吁政府为当地居民建造更多低成本的住宅。

More than 10 percent of Munich **residents** live below the poverty line.

超过10%的慕尼黑居民生活在贫困线以下。

2 ADJ 形容词 **(在某地)居住的，居留的** Someone who is **resident in** a country or a town lives there.

He moved to Belgium in 1990 to live with his son, who had been **resident in** Brussels since 1967.

他于1990年搬到比利时和儿子一起住。他儿子自1967年起就住在布鲁塞尔。

3 ADJ 形容词 **(医生或教师)住在任职地的** A **resident** doctor or teacher lives in the place where he or she works.

The morning after your arrival, you meet with the **resident** physician for a private consultation.

到达后的第二天早上，你就去见住院医生，进行私人问诊。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **实习医生** A **resident** or a **resident** doctor is a doctor who is receiving a period of specialized training in a hospital after leaving university.

5 ADJ 形容词 **特聘的；专聘的** If an institution has a **resident** specialist, that specialist works for the institution.

Having begun her career at Gray's Pottery, she stayed there as **resident** designer for seven years.

在格雷陶器场开始自己的职业生涯后，她在那里做了7年的特聘设计师。

resolution ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **正式决定；决议** A **resolution** is a formal decision taken at a meeting by means of a vote.

He replied that the UN had passed two major **resolutions** calling for a complete withdrawal.

他答复说联合国已经通过了两项号召全面撤军的重要决议。

...a draft **resolution** on the occupied territories.

针对被占领领土的决议草案

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [New Year's resolution](#) ; **决心；决定** If you make a **resolution**, you decide to try very hard to do something.

They made a **resolution** to lose all the weight gained during the Christmas period.

他们下定决心要减去圣诞节期间增加的体重。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **坚定；坚决；果断** **Resolution** is determination to do something or not do something.

'I think I'll try a hypnotist,' I said with sudden **resolution**.

“我会找催眠师试试，”我突然坚决地说。

4 N-SING 单数名词 **解决** The **resolution** of a problem or difficulty is the final solving of it.

...the successful **resolution** of a dispute involving UN inspectors in Baghdad.

涉及联合国驻巴格达观察员的争端的成功解决

...in order to find a peaceful **resolution** to the crisis.

为了和平解决此次危机

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **分辨率；清晰度** The **resolution** of an image is how clear the image is.

Now this machine gives us such high **resolution** that we can see very small specks of calcium.

现在这台机器可以呈现很高的分辨率，我们可以看见非常小的钙微粒。

resource ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **资源；物力；财力** The **resources** of an organization or person are the materials, money, and other things that they have and can use in order to function properly.

Some families don't have the **resources** to feed

themselves properly...

有些家庭无力维持生活。

There's a great shortage of **resource** materials in many schools.

很多学校物资都十分短缺。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (国家的)资源, 财富 A country's **resources** are the things that it has and can use to increase its wealth, such as coal, oil, or land.

...**resources** like coal, tungsten, oil and copper...

煤、钨、石油和铜之类的资源

Today we are overpopulated, straining the earth's **resources**.

现在我们人口过多, 致使地球资源使用过度。

respect ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 尊敬; 敬重; 尊重 If you **respect** someone, you have a good opinion of their character or ideas.

I want him to **respect** me as a career woman...

我希望他把我当作一个职业女性来尊重。

He needs the advice of people he **respects**, and he **respects** you.

他需要从他敬重的人那里获得建议, 而他一向都很敬重你。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 See also: [self-respect](#); 尊敬; 敬重; 尊重 If you have **respect** for someone, you have a good opinion of them.

I have tremendous **respect** for Dean...

我非常敬重迪安。

His voice was warm with friendship and **respect**.

他的声音里充满了友善和敬意。

3 VERB 动词 尊重; 遵守; 遵从; 顾及 If you **respect** someone's wishes, rights, or customs, you avoid doing things that they would dislike or regard as wrong.

Finally, trying to **respect** her wishes, I said I'd leave.

最后, 为了尊重她的意愿, 我说我会离开。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 尊重; 遵守; 遵从; 顾及 If you show **respect** for someone's wishes, rights, or customs, you avoid doing anything they would dislike or regard as wrong.

They will campaign for the return of traditional lands and **respect** for aboriginal rights and customs.

他们会争取讨回世代相传的土地, 并要求尊重土著居民的权利和风俗。

5 VERB 动词 遵守, 遵从 (法律或道德规范) If you **respect** a law or moral principle, you agree not to break it.

It is about time tour operators **respected** the law and their own code of conduct.

旅行社是时候该遵守法律和行业规范了。

Respect is also a noun.

... **respect** for the law and the rejection of the use of violence.

遵守法律, 反对使用暴力

6 PHRASE 短语 恕我直言, 恕我冒昧(用于礼貌地表示不同意见或批评) You can say **with respect** when you are politely disagreeing with someone or criticizing them.

With respect, Minister, you still haven't answered my question...

部长, 恕我冒昧, 您还没有回答我的问题。

With respect, I hardly think that's the point.

恕我直言, 但我认为这不是重点。

7 PHRASE 短语 探望, 拜访 (以示敬意) If you **pay your respects** to someone, you go to see them or speak to them. You usually do this to be polite, and not necessarily because you want to do it.

Carl had asked him to visit the hospital and to **pay his respects** to Francis.

卡尔已经让他去医院看望弗朗西斯。

8 PHRASE 短语 和(死者)告别; 参加...的葬礼 If you **pay your last respects** to someone who has just died, you show your respect or affection for them by coming to see their body or their grave.

The son had nothing to do with arranging the funeral, but came along to **pay his last respects**.

这个儿子没有参与葬礼的安排, 但是来向遗体告别了。

9 PHRASE 短语 在这个方面 在许多方面 You use expressions like **in this respect** and **in many respects** to indicate that what you are saying applies to the feature you have just mentioned or to many features of something.

The children are not unintelligent—in fact, they seem quite normal **in this respect**...

这些孩子并非愚钝——事实上, 在这个方面他们似乎很正常。

In many respects Asian women see themselves as equal to their men.

在很多方面, 亚洲女性都认为自己和丈夫是平等的。

10 PHRASE 短语 See also: [respected](#); 关于, 至于 (英国英语中也用 **in respect of**) You use **with respect to** to say what something relates to. In British English, you can also say **in respect of**.

Parents often have little choice **with respect to** the way their child is medically treated...

关于孩子的治疗方法, 父母通常没有什么选择的余地。

Where Dr Shapland feels the system is not working most effectively is **in respect of** professional training.

沙普兰博士认为系统在专业培训上的运作效率不是非常高。

respond ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 回复; 回答; 回应 When you **respond** to something that is done or said, you react to it by doing or saying something yourself.

They are likely to **respond** positively to the President's request for aid...

他们可能会对总统的援助要求作出积极回应。

The army **responded** with gunfire and tear gas...

军队用炮火和催泪瓦斯予以反击。

'Are you well enough to carry on?' — 'Of course,' she **responded** scornfully...

"你的身体状况可以继续工作吗?"——"当然," 她不屑地回答道。

The Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs **responded** that the protection of refugees was a matter for an international organization...

比利时外交大臣回应说, 保护难民是国际组织的事情。

2 VERB 动词 应对; 作出回应; 作出反应 When you **respond to** a need, crisis, or challenge, you take the necessary or appropriate action.

This modest group size allows our teachers to **respond** to the needs of each student.

这样的小组规模适中, 可以使老师照顾到每一个学生需求。

3 VERB 动词 有良好反应; 有积极效果 If a patient or their injury or illness is **responding to** treatment, the treatment is working and they are getting better.

I'm pleased to say that he is now doing well and **responding** to treatment.

我很高兴地说, 他现在恢复得不错, 治疗取得了积极的效果。

response ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 回复; 回答; 回应 Your **response** to an event or to something that is said is your reply or reaction to it.

There has been no **response** to his remarks from the government...

政府尚未对他的言论作出回应。

Your positive **response** will reinforce her actions...

你积极的回应会使她的行为更加坚定。

The meeting was called **in response** to a request from Venezuela.

应委内瑞拉的要求召开了这次会议。

responsibility ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 责任; 义务 If you have **responsibility** for something or someone, or if they are your **responsibility**, it is your job or duty to deal with them and to take decisions relating to them.

Each manager had **responsibility** for just under 600 properties...

每位经理负责将近600处房产。

We need to take **responsibility** for looking after our own health...

我们必须对自己的健康负责。

'She's not your **responsibility**,' he said gently.

"她不归你负责," 他温和地说道。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 责任; 过失 If you accept **responsibility** for something that has

happened, you agree that you were to blame for it or you caused it.

No one admitted **responsibility** for the attacks...

没有人对这些袭击负责。

Someone had to give orders and take

responsibility for mistakes.

必须得有人下令，并为错误负责。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **职责；任务** Your **responsibilities** are the duties that you have because of your job or position.

He handled his responsibilities as a counselor in

an intelligent and caring fashion.

作为一名顾问他精明能干、热心周到。

...programmes to help employees balance work

and family responsibilities.

帮助雇员兼顾工作和家庭责任的项目

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **重任；职权** If someone is given **responsibility**, they are given the right or opportunity to make important decisions or to take action without having to get permission from anyone else.

She would have loved to have a better-paying

job with more **responsibility**...

她本想有一份报酬更高、职权更大的工作。

Carrington held a position of **responsibility**

within the government.

卡林顿在政府机构身居要职。

5 N-SING 单数名词 (**道义上的**) **责任，义务** If you think that you have a **responsibility to do** something, you feel that you ought to do it because it is morally right to do it.

The court feels it has a **responsibility to ensure**

that customers are not misled...

法院认为它有责任确保消费者不受误导。

As parents we have a **responsibility to give our**

children a sense of belonging.

作为父母，我们有责任给孩子一种归属感。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **对...的责任** If you think that you have a **responsibility to someone**, you feel that it is your duty to take action that will protect their interests.

She had decided that as a doctor she had a

responsibility to her fellow creatures.

她已经决定，作为医生，她应该对自己的同胞负责。

responsible ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **负有责任的；应承担责任的** If someone or something is **responsible for** a particular event or situation, they are the cause of it or they can be blamed for it.

He still felt **responsible** for her death...

他仍然觉得自己对她的死负有责任。

I want you to do everything you can to find out

who's **responsible**.

我希望你能尽一切可能找出责任人。

2 ADJ 形容词 **对(某事物)负责的** If you are **responsible for** something, it is your job or duty to deal with it and make decisions relating to it.

...the minister **responsible** for the environment...

负责环境工作的部长

The man **responsible** for finding the volunteers

is Dr. Charles Weber.

负责寻找志愿者的人是查尔斯·韦伯博士。

3 ADJ 形容词 **对(某人或某团体)负责的** If you are **responsible to** a person or group, they have authority over you and you have to report to them about what you do.

I'm **responsible to** my board of directors...

我对董事会负责。

The government will be **responsible to** the

President alone.

政府只对总统一人负责。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **负责的；有责任心的；可靠的** **Responsible** people behave properly and sensibly, without needing to be supervised.

He's a very **responsible** sort of person...

他是个非常有责任心的人。

He feels that the media should be more

responsible in what they report.

他觉得媒体应该对报道的内容更负责任些。

responsibly

He urged everyone to act responsibly.

他敦促大家做事要有责任心。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **责任重大的** **Responsible** jobs involve making important decisions or carrying out important tasks.

I work in a government office. It's a **responsible**

position, I suppose, but not very exciting...

我在政府机关工作。我想那是一个责任重大的职位，但并不是很有意思。

They have been demoted to less **responsible**

jobs.

他们被降职去做不太重要的工作。

rest ★★★★★

[1. QUANTIFIER USES 数量词用法](#)

[2. VERB AND NOUN USES 动词和名词用法](#)

1 QUANT 数量词 **剩余部分** The rest is used to refer to all the parts of something or all the things in a group that remain or that you have not already mentioned.

It was an experience I will treasure for the **rest**

of my life...

我的余生都会珍惜这次经历。

I'm going to throw a party, then invest the **rest** of

the money...

我会开一个派对，然后把剩下的钱用来投资。

He was unable to travel to Barcelona with the

rest of the team.

他未能和其他队员一起去巴塞罗那。

Rest is also a pronoun.

Only 55 per cent of the raw material is canned. The

rest is thrown away.

只有55%的原材料被罐装储存。其余的都被扔掉了。

2 PHRASE 短语 **诸如此类；如此等等；不一而足** You can add **and the rest** or **all the rest of it** to the end of a statement or list when you want to refer in a vague way to other things that are associated with the ones you have already mentioned.

...a man with nice clothes, a Range Rover and

the **rest**...

一个穿着体面、开着路虎如此等等的男人

And what about racism and all the **rest** of it?

那种族主义之类的观念又怎么样呢？

Usage Note :

If you are talking about something that cannot be counted, the verb following **rest** is singular. *The rest of the food was delicious.* If you are talking about several people or things, the verb is plural. *The rest of the boys were delighted.*

谈论对象是不可数名词时，跟在rest后面的动词用单数：The rest of the food was delicious (其余的食物非常可口)。如果是谈论多个人或物，动词则用复数：The rest of the boys were delighted (其余的男孩都很高兴)。

1 VERB 动词 **休息；歇息；放松(身体)** If you **rest** or if you **rest** your body, you do not do anything active for a time.

He's tired and exhausted, and has been advised

to **rest** for two weeks...

他精疲力竭，被建议休息两周。

Try to **rest** the injured limb as much as possible.

尽量不要活动受伤的手臂。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **休息；歇息** If you get some **rest** or have a **rest**, you do not do anything active for a time.

'You're worn out, Laura,' he said. 'Go home and

get some **rest**.'

"你太累了，劳拉，"他说，"回家休息一下吧。"

After I've had a good **rest**, I'll tell you

everything.

我先好好歇一会儿，之后再告诉你一切。

3 VERB 动词 **依赖；取决于；以...为基础** If something such as a theory or someone's success **rests on** a particular thing, it depends on that thing.

Such a view **rests on** a number of incorrect

assumptions...

这样的观点建立在很多不正确的假设之上。

The long-term future of the country **rests on**

how we teach our children.

国家的长远未来取决于我们如何教育孩子。

VERB 动词 (**权力、责任、决定权**) 在于，属于 If

4 authority a responsibility, or a decision rests with you, you have that authority or responsibility, or you are the one who will make that decision.

The judge said that whether Miss Bergman wishes to admit it or not, the responsibility rests with her. ...

法官说不管伯格曼小姐愿不愿意承认，这件事的责任都在她。

The final decision **rested** with the President.

最后的决定权在于总统。

5 VERB 动词 **放置；安置** If you **rest** something somewhere, you put it there so that its weight is supported.

He **rested** his arms on the back of the chair...
他把手臂放在椅背上。

He **rested** one of his crutches against the rail.
他把一根拐杖靠在栏杆上。

6 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)倚靠；(被)支撑**

If something is **resting** somewhere, or if you are **resting** it there, it is in a position where its weight is supported.

His head was **resting** on her shoulder...
他的头靠在她的肩上。

He had been **resting** his head in his hands, deep in thought.

他双手撑着头，陷入了沉思。

7 VERB 动词 **靠；倚；躺** If you **rest** on or against someone or something, you lean on them so that they support the weight of your body.

He **rested** on his pickaxe for a while.

他在尖嘴镐上靠了一会儿。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(尤指头或四肢的)支撑物；撑架；托架** A **rest** is an object that is used to support something, especially your head, arms, or feet.

When you are sitting, keep your elbow on the arm **rest**.

坐立时，把胳膊肘靠在扶手上。

9 VERB 动词 **(目光)停留，凝视** If your eyes **rest** on a particular person or object, you look directly at them, rather than somewhere else.

As she spoke, her eyes **rested** on her husband's face.

她说话的时候，眼睛凝视着丈夫的脸。

10 See also: [rested](#) ;

11 PHRASE 短语 **停止移动** When an object that has been moving **comes to rest**, it finally stops.

The plane had plowed a path through a patch of forest before coming to **rest** in a field.

飞机猛冲过一片森林，在一片田野中停了下来。

12 PHRASE 短语 **放心；高枕无忧；不担心** If you say that someone can **rest easy**, you mean that they don't need to worry about a particular situation.

How can any woman **rest easy** now, knowing her breast cancer may be misdiagnosed?

知道自己的乳腺癌可能被误诊，哪个女人能不担心呢？

13 PHRASE

短语

暂停；暂时不做 If someone tells you to **give something a rest**, they want you to stop doing it because it annoys them or because they think it is harming you.

Give it a **rest**, will you? We're trying to get some sleep...

你安静一下，好吗？我们想睡一会儿。

I think you ought to give football a **rest** for a time.

我认为你应该暂时停止踢足球。

14 PHRASE 短语 **安葬** If you say that someone who has died is **laid to rest**, you mean that they are buried.

His dying wish was to be laid to **rest** at the church near his Somerset home.

他的遗愿是把他安葬在家乡萨默塞特郡附近的教堂里。

15 PHRASE 短语 **消除(恐惧)；平息(语言)** If you **lay** something such as fears or rumours to **rest** or if you **put** them to **rest**, you succeed in proving that they are not true.

His speech should lay those fears to **rest**...

他的演说应当会消除那些忧虑。

I am determined to put to **rest** these rumours that we are in financial trouble.

我决定平息那些说我们正面临财政困难的谣言。

16 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指长时间的谈论后)停止讨论(某个话题)** If someone refuses to **let a subject rest**, they refuse to stop talking about it, especially after they have been talking about it for a long time.

I am not prepared to let this matter **rest**...

我不准备就此罢休。

Let it **rest**, Rachel. Leave her in peace.

别说了，雷切尔。让她平静一下。

17 PHRASE 短语 **让...安心；使...放心** To **put** someone's **mind at rest** or **set** their **mind at rest** means to tell them something that stops them worrying.

She was quick to put his mind at **rest**. 'Mrs Barrett will be delighted to have your brothers back,' she said...

她很快就让他放心了。“巴雷特太太会很高兴让你的兄弟们回来的，”她说道。

A brain scan last Friday finally set his mind at **rest**.

上周五的脑部扫描终于让他放心了。

18 **rest assured**→see: [assured](#) ;

to **rest on your laurels**→see: [laurel](#) ;

to **rest in peace**→see: [peace](#) ;

restaurant ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **餐馆；饭店** A **restaurant** is a place where you can eat a meal and pay for it. In restaurants your food is usually served to you at your table by a waiter or waitress. →see usage note at: [café](#)

They ate in an Italian **restaurant** in Forth Street...

他们在第四大街的一家意大利餐馆吃了饭。

We had dinner in the hotel's **restaurant**.

我们在这家宾馆的餐厅吃了晚饭。

reveal ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **显示；表明；透露** To **reveal** something means to make people aware of it.

She has refused to **reveal** the whereabouts of her daughter...

她不肯透露她女儿的行踪。

A survey of the British diet has **revealed** that a growing number of people are overweight...

对英国人饮食进行的一项调查显示有越来越多的人超重。

After the fire, it was **revealed** that North Carolina officials had never inspected the factory...

大火过后人们发现北卡罗来纳州的官员从没对这家工厂进行过检查。

No test will **reveal** how much of the drug was taken.

没有哪项测试可以测出用量。

2 VERB 动词 **揭露；展示；使显露** If you **reveal** something that has been out of sight, you uncover it so that people can see it.

A grey carpet was removed to **reveal** the original pine floor.

一块灰色的地毯被揭开，露出了原来的松木地板。

review ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **检查；审查；审核** A **review** of a situation or system is its formal examination by people in authority. This is usually done in order to see whether it can be improved or corrected.

The president ordered a **review** of US economic aid to Jordan...

总统下令对美国向约旦提供的经济援助进行审查。

The White House quickly announced that the policy is under **review**.

白宫很快宣布该项政策正在审核中。

2 VERB 动词 **仔细研究；审视；细查；详查** If you **review** a situation or system, you consider it carefully to see what is wrong with it or how it could be improved.

The Prime Minister **reviewed** the situation with his Cabinet yesterday...

昨天，首相和他的内阁对局势进行了审度。

The next day we **reviewed** the previous day's work.

第二天，我们仔细检查了头一天的工作。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(对书、电影等的)评论文章；书评；影评** A **review** is a report in the media in which someone gives their opinion of something such as a new book or film.

Disney's 'Beauty And The Beast' has won rave reviews...

迪斯尼出品的电影《美女与野兽》赢得了众多好评。

We've never had a good review in the music press.

我们从未在音乐媒体获得过好评。

4 VERB 动词 **写 (新书、新上映电影等) 的评论** If someone reviews something such as a new book or film, they write a report or give a talk on television or radio in which they express their opinion of it.

Richard Coles reviews all of the latest video releases...

理查德·科尔斯为所有最新发行的录影带都写了评论。

His book about Afghanistan is reviewed here by Anthony Hyman.

安东尼·海曼在此就他那本关于阿富汗的书写了书评。

5 VERB 动词 **检阅(军队)；阅(兵)** When a military or political leader reviews troops, they examine them, or watch them marching.

When he reviewed the troops they cheered him as he smiled and raised his hat.

他检阅军队时微笑着举起帽子，人们与此同时都向他欢呼。

6 VERB 动词 **(为备考)复习，温习** When you review for an examination, you read things again and make notes in order to be prepared for the examination.

Reviewing for exams gives you a chance to bring together all the individual parts of the course...

考前复习让你有机会把一门课程所有零碎的知识都融会贯通。

Review all the notes you need to cover for each course.

把每一门课程需要掌握的笔记都复习一下。

Review is also a noun.

Begin by planning on three two-hour reviews with four chapters per session.

先安排3次温习时间，每次用2个小时复习4个章节。

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 revise

rich ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **富裕的；有钱的；富有的** A rich person has a lot of money or valuable possessions.

You're going to be a very rich man...

你将会成为一个非常有钱的人。

Their one aim in life is to get rich...

他们人生的一个目标就是要变成有钱人。

With nothing but his own talent, he made himself rich and famous.

他一无所有，仅靠自身才能就变得富有而出名。

The rich are rich people. **富人；有钱人**

This is a system in which the rich are cared for and the poor are left to suffer...

在这种制度之下，富人备受关照而穷人却受苦受难。

Only the very rich have really benefited.

只有非常有钱的人才真正受益了。

...a gossip page featuring the rich and famous.

关注富人和名人的八卦版

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **财富；财产** Riches are valuable possessions or large amounts of money.

An Olympic gold medal can lead to untold riches for an athlete...

一枚奥运金牌能给运动员带来无尽的财富。

Some people want fame or riches — I just wanted a baby.

有人希望得到名望，有人希望获得财富——我只想要个孩子。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(国家)富有的，富饶的** A rich country has a strong economy and produces a lot of wealth, so many people who live there have a high standard of living.

There is hunger in many parts of the world, even in rich countries.

世界上很多地方，甚至在富有的国家里，都有人忍饥挨饿。

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **资源** If you talk about the earth's riches, you are referring to things that exist naturally in large quantities and that are useful and valuable, for example minerals, wood, and oil.

...Russia's vast natural riches.

俄罗斯丰富的自然资源

...the oil riches of the Middle East.

中东的石油资源

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **富含...的；含有大量...的** If something is rich in a useful or valuable substance or is a rich source of it, it contains a lot of it.

Liver and kidney are particularly rich in vitamin A...

肝脏和肾脏的维生素A含量尤其丰富。

Fish is a rich source of protein.

鱼肉富含蛋白质。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(食物)油腻的** Rich food contains a lot of fat or oil.

...the hearty, rich foods of Gascony...

加斯科涅丰盛而油腻的食物

Additional cream would make it too rich.

再加奶油会让它过于油腻。

richness

The coffee flavour complemented the richness of the pudding.

咖啡的味道中和了布丁的油腻感。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(土地)肥沃的，丰饶的，富饶的** Rich soil contains large amounts of substances that make it good for growing crops or flowers in.

Farmers grow rice in the rich soil.

农民们在肥沃的土地上种植稻子。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(矿藏等)丰富的，大量的** A rich deposit of a mineral or other substance is a large amount of it.

...the country's rich deposits of the metal, lithium.

这个国家丰富的锂金属矿藏

richness

...the richness of the country's mineral deposits.

该国丰富的矿藏

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **充满(幽默感、创意等)的；(信息)丰富的** If you say that something is a rich vein or source of something such as humour, ideas, or information, you mean that it can provide a lot of that thing.

The director discovered a rich vein of sentimentality...

导演发现了一个丰富的情感源泉。

My collection of Victorian literature turned out to be a rich and often hilarious source of information.

我收藏的维多利亚时代的文学作品竟成了一个资源丰富、信息量巨大的宝库，而且内容常常令人捧腹。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(气味)浓郁的，香浓的；(颜色)浓艳的，强烈的，鲜艳的；(声音)低沉的，浑厚的** Rich smells are strong and very pleasant. Rich colours and sounds are deep and very pleasant.

...a rich and luxuriously perfumed bath essence.

香味浓郁的沐浴香精

...an attractive, glossy rich red colour.

迷人而富有光泽的艳红色

richness

...the richness of colour in Gauguin's paintings.

高更画作中绚丽的颜色

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(生活或历史)丰富多彩的** A rich life or history is one that is interesting because it is full of different events and activities.

A rich and varied cultural life is essential for this couple.

丰富多样的文化生活对这对夫妇而言至关重要。

...the rich history of the island...

这个岛屿灿烂的历史

Manchester has a rich cultural, economic and sporting heritage.

曼彻斯特有丰富的文化、经济和体育遗产。

richness

It all adds to the richness of human life.

这一切让人类的生活更加丰富多彩。

12 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(收藏或混合物)丰富的，各种各样的** A rich collection or mixture contains a wide and interesting variety of different things.

Visitors can view a rich and colorful array of aquatic plants and animals...

游客们可以看到一系列各种各样、色彩斑斓的水生动物植物。

Australia has a **rich** cultural mix.

澳大利亚拥有丰富多样的文化。

...a **rich** vocabulary.

大量的词汇

richness

...a huge country, containing a **richness** of culture and diversity of landscape.

拥有丰富的文化和复杂多样的地貌的大国

13 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **不合情理的；荒谬的；荒唐的** If you say that something a person says or does is **rich**, you are making fun of it because you think it is a surprising and inappropriate thing for them to say or do.

Gil says that women can't keep secrets. That's **rich**, coming from him, the professional sneak.

吉尔说女人不能保守秘密。这话从他这样一个整天打小报告的人嘴里说出来真是太荒唐了。

14 PHRASE 短语 **富得流油；一身铜臭味** If you say that someone is **filthy rich** or **stinking rich**, you disapprove of them because they have a lot of money.

He's **stinking rich**, and with no more talent than he ever had before.

他现在已经有几个臭钱了，但仍然和以前一样没什么才能。

...a handful of **filthy rich** young men who work eight months a year.

少数几个每年只工作8个月的腰缠万贯的年轻人

ride

1 VERB 动词 **骑(马)** When you **ride** a horse, you sit on it and control its movements.

I saw a girl riding a horse...

我看见一个骑马的女孩。

Can you **ride**?...

你会骑马吗？

He was riding on his horse looking for the castle...

他正骑着马寻找那座城堡。

They still **ride** around on horses.

他们仍然骑着马到处转。

2 VERB 动词 **骑(自行车或摩托车)；驾驶** When you **ride** a bicycle or a motorcycle, you sit on it, control it, and travel along on it.

Riding a bike is great exercise...

骑自行车是很好的运动。

Two men riding on motorcycles opened fire on him...

两个骑摩托车的男人向他开了枪。

He rode to work on a bicycle.

他骑自行车上班。

3 VERB 动词 **搭乘，乘坐(交通工具)** When you **ride in** a vehicle such as a car, you travel in it.

He prefers travelling on the Tube to riding in a limousine...

他更愿意乘地铁出行，不愿坐豪华轿车。

I was riding on the back of a friend's bicycle...

我当时坐在一个朋友的自行车后座上。

I remember the village full of American servicemen riding around in jeeps...

我记得当时村子里满是开着吉普到处转悠的美国兵。

I rode to Lily's in a cab.

我乘出租车去了莉莉家。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(骑马、骑自行车或乘车的)旅行，旅程；车程** A **ride** is a journey on a horse or bicycle, or in a vehicle.

She took some friends for a **ride** in the family car...

她开着自己的家庭轿车载着几个朋友出去兜了一圈。

Would you like to go for a **ride**?...

你想出去兜风吗？

She lives just a short bus **ride** from school.

她住的地方从学校乘公交车就几站地。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(游乐场中)供骑乘的游乐设施** In a fairground, a **ride** is a large machine that people ride on for fun.

6 VERB 动词 **依赖；依靠；取决于** If you say that one thing is **riding on** another, you mean that the first thing depends on the second thing.

Billions of pounds are riding on the outcome of the election...

几十亿英镑都取决于这次选举的结果。

Everything **rides** on the judgment of these few men.

一切都取决于对这几个人的判决。

7 See also: [riding](#) ;

Usage Note :

When you want to say that someone is controlling a horse, bicycle, or motorbike, you can use **ride** as a transitive verb, with the object coming immediately after it. *Whether you ride a motorbike, scooter or moped, get yourself properly trained.* However, if you want to say that someone is a passenger in a vehicle, **ride** must be followed by a preposition. *I was riding on the back of a friend's bicycle... We are still letting our children ride in the front seat of our cars.* If **ride** is used without an object, a preposition, or any other phrase that specifies the context, it usually refers to the activity of riding a horse. *'Do you ride?' — 'No, I've never been on a horse.'*

表示骑马、自行车或摩托车时，ride可以用作及物动词，宾语紧接其后：Whether you ride a motorbike, scooter or moped, get yourself properly trained (不管是骑摩托车、小轮摩托车还是机动自行车，都应接受适当的培训)。然而，表示乘交通工具时，ride必须和介词连用：I was riding on the back of a friend's bicycle (我当时坐在一个朋友的自行车后座上)，We are still letting our children ride in the front seat of our cars (我们仍然让孩子们坐在汽车的前座上)。如果ride后未接宾语、介词或其他明确语境的词组，通常表示骑马：'Do you ride?' — 'No, I've never been on a horse' (“你会骑马吗？”——“不会，我从来没有骑过”)。

8 PHRASE 短语 **人气高涨；春风得意** If you say that someone or something is **riding high**, you mean that they are popular or successful at the present time.

He was riding high in the public opinion polls...

他在民意调查中支持率颇高。

His team is riding high.

他的团队正春风得意。

9 PHRASE 短语 **难题；非难；困境** If you say that someone faces a **rough ride**, you mean that things are going to be difficult for them because people will criticize them a lot or treat them badly.

The Chancellor could face a **rough ride** unless the plan works...

除非这个计划能够奏效，否则财政大臣将举步维艰。

The woman who is brave enough to pursue her own path must prepare herself for a **rough ride**.

勇于走自己道路的女人就必须准备好面对外界的非难。

10 PHRASE 短语 **上当受骗；被欺骗** If you say that someone **has been taken for a ride**, you mean that they have been deceived or cheated.

When he had not returned with my money an hour later I realized that I had been taken for a **ride**.

1个小时后他没有带着我的钱回来，我才意识到自己上当受骗了。

11 to **ride roughshod over** → see: [roughshod](#) ;

相关词组：

[ride out](#) [ride up](#)

risk

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **风险；危险** If there is a **risk** of something unpleasant, there is a possibility that it will happen.

There is a small **risk** of brain damage from the procedure...

该手术有导致脑损伤的轻微风险。

In all the confusion, there's a serious **risk** that the main issues will be forgotten.

在一片混乱中，主要的问题很有可能会被遗忘。

...mentally disordered women who pose a serious **risk** to the public...

给民众构成严重威胁的精神错乱的女人

I suppose people do it because there is that element of danger and **risk**...

我想人们这样做是因为其中存在危险和风险的因

素。

Obesity is a major **risk** factor in many diseases.
肥胖是引发多种疾病的重要因素。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **有风险的事** If something that you do is a **risk**, it might have unpleasant or undesirable results.

You're taking a big **risk** showing this to Kravis...
你把这个给克拉维斯看会有很大的风险。

This was one **risk** that paid off.
这是一个成功的冒险。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **冒险行为；威胁；隐患；危险的人** If you say that something or someone is a **risk**, you mean they are likely to cause harm.

It's being overfat that constitutes a health **risk**...
威胁健康的一个因素是身体过于肥胖。

The restaurant has been refurbished — it was found to be a fire **risk**...
这家餐馆已经重新整修了——之前发现存在火灾隐患。

He was not seen as a **risk** to national security.
人们不认为他是威胁国家安全的危险分子。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **贷款对象；赊销对象** If you are considered a good **risk**, a bank or shop thinks that it is safe to lend you money or let you have goods without paying for them at the time.

Before providing the cash, they will have to decide whether you are a good or bad **risk**...
在提供资金之前，他们得确认你是不是信誉良好的贷款对象。

If you are already considered a credit **risk** by a bank, a secured loan might be your only alternative.
如果银行已经认为你有信用风险，那么抵押贷款就是你唯一的选择了。

5 VERB 动词 **冒着...的危险；担着...的风险** If you **risk** something unpleasant, you do something which might result in that thing happening or affecting you.

Those who fail to register **risk** severe penalties...
那些没有注册的人可能会受到严厉的处罚。

Pregnant women who are heavy drinkers **risk** damaging the unborn foetus.
酗酒的孕妇可能会给体内的胎儿造成伤害。

6 VERB 动词 **冒险(做...)** If you **risk** doing something, you do it, even though you know that it might have undesirable consequences.

The captain was not willing to **risk** taking his ship through the straits in such bad weather.
船长不愿意在这样恶劣的天气里冒险将船驶过海峡。

At the top, I **risked** a glance back...
在顶端，我壮着胆回头看了一眼。

Don't **risk** it. It isn't worth it.
不要冒这个险。这样做不值得。

7 VERB 动词 **冒着(失去生命等)的危险** If you **risk** your life or something else important, you behave in a way that might result in it being lost or harmed.

She **risked** her own life to help a disabled woman...
她冒着生命危险去帮助一个残疾妇女。

Why should he have **risked** all that to become an agent of a foreign power?
为什么就该他冒失去这一切的风险做外国势力的代理人呢？

8 PHRASE 短语 **处境危险；有风险的；在危险中** To be **at risk** means to be in a situation where something unpleasant might happen.

Up to 25,000 jobs are still **at risk**...
多达25,000份工作仍受到威胁。

An estimated seven million people are **at risk** of starvation...
估计有700万人面临着饿死的危险。

If they have the virus they are putting patients **at risk**.
如果他们有这样的病毒，就会将病人置于危险境地。

9 PHRASE 短语 **冒着...危险；担着...的风险** If you do something **at the risk of** something unpleasant happening, you do it even though you know that the unpleasant thing might happen as a result.

At the risk of being repetitive, I will say again that statistics are only a guide...
尽管会显得啰嗦，但我还得再说一遍，统计数字只是一个参考。

Americans wanted to aid Britain even **at the risk of** war.
哪怕冒着开战的危险，美国人也想帮助英国人。

10 PHRASE 短语 **自担风险；责任自负；后果自负** If you tell someone that they are doing something **at their own risk**, you are warning them that, if they are harmed, it will be their own responsibility.

Those who wish to come here will do so **at their own risk**.
那些想来这里的人风险自负。

11 PHRASE 短语 **冒着...危险** If you **run the risk of** doing or experiencing something undesirable, you do something knowing that the undesirable thing might happen as a result.

The officers had **run the risk of** being dismissed...
这些警官冒了被开除的风险。

I knew I was **running a great many risks**.
我知道我正担着很多的风险。

12 to **risk** your neck→see: **neck** ;

rival ★★★★★

in AM, use 美国英语用rivaling, rivaled

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **竞争者；对手；敌手** Your **rival** is a person, business, or organization who you are competing or fighting against in the same area or for the same things.

The world champion finished more than two seconds ahead of his nearest **rival**...
世界冠军领先第二名2秒多钟到达终点。

He eliminated his **rivals** in a brutal struggle for power...
他在一场残酷的权力争斗中将对手一一铲除。

The police believe the fight was due to a dispute between **rival** teenage gangs.
警察认为这场打斗是由两个敌对的青少年帮派之间的纠纷引起的。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **没有敌手；独一无二；无人能及** If you say that someone or something has **no rivals** or is **without rival**, you mean that it is best of its type.

...a wonderfully fragrant wine which has **no rivals** in the Rhone...
在罗纳河地区独一无二的无比香醇的葡萄酒

He is a pastry chef **without rival**.
他是最好的面点师。

3 VERB 动词 **能与...媲美；与...匹敌；与...不分高低** If you say that one thing **rivals** another, you mean that they are both of the same standard or quality.

Cassette recorders cannot **rival** the sound quality of CDs...
卡式磁带录音机的音质无法和CD相媲美。

An epidemic to **rival** that which killed 26,000 in 1989 may hit the UK.
一种流行病可能会袭击英国，其危害程度不亚于1989年导致26,000人丧生的疾病。

river ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **河；江** A **river** is a large amount of fresh water flowing continuously in a long line across the land.

...a chemical works on the banks of the **river**.
跨河而建的一家化工厂

...boating on the River Danube.
在多瑙河上划船

rock ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **岩石；石头** **Rock** is the hard substance which the Earth is made of.

The hills above the valley are bare **rock**...
山谷上方的小山全是光秃秃的石头。

A little way below the ridge was an outcrop of **rock** that made a rough shelter.
山脊下方不远处有一块露出地面的岩石，大致形成了一个掩蔽处。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **巨石；岩石；礁石** A **rock** is a large piece of rock that sticks up out of the ground or the sea, or that has broken away from a mountain or a cliff.

She sat cross-legged on the **rock**.
她盘腿坐在那块巨大的岩石上。

...the sound of the sea crashing against the **rocks**...
海浪冲击岩石的声音

He and two friends were climbing a **rock face**

when they heard cries for help.

他和两个朋友正在攀岩时突然听到了求救声。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **石块；小石头；石子** A **rock** is a piece of rock that is small enough for you to pick up.

She bent down, picked up a **rock** and threw it into the trees.

她弯腰捡起一块石子，扔进了树丛中。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)来回摆动；(使)左右摇晃** When something **rocks** or when you **rock** it, it moves slowly and regularly backwards and forwards or from side to side.

His body **rocked** from side to side with the train...

他的身体随着火车左右摇晃。

He stood a few moments, **rocking** back and forwards on his heels...

他站了一会儿，踮着脚跟前后摇晃。

She sat on the porch and **rocked** the baby.

她坐在门廊上，摇晃着孩子。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)震动；(使)摇晃** If an explosion or an earthquake **rocks** a building or an area, it causes the building or area to shake. You can also say that the building or area **rocks**.

Three people were injured yesterday when an explosion **rocked** one of Britain's best known film studios...

昨天，一起爆炸使得英国最著名的电影制片厂之一发生强烈震动，导致3人受伤。

...a country that's **rocked** by dozens of earthquakes every year...

每年遭受十几次地震袭击的国家

As the buildings **rocked** under heavy shellfire, he took refuge in the cellars.

当一座座楼房在猛烈的炮火中颤动摇晃时，他躲进了地下室。

6 VERB 动词 **使震惊；使震动；使不安** If an event or a piece of news **rocks** a group or society, it shocks them or makes them feel less secure.

His death **rocked** the fashion business.

他的去世震惊了整个时装界。

...the latest scandal to **rock** the monarchy...

震惊了整个王国的最新丑闻

Wall Street was **rocked** by the news and shares fell 4.3 per cent by the end of trading.

这则消息震惊了整个华尔街，股票在交易日结束时下跌了4.3%。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **摇滚乐** **Rock** is loud music with a strong beat that is usually played and sung by a small group of people using instruments such as electric guitars and drums.

He once told an interviewer that he didn't even like **rock** music.

他曾告诉一位采访者，他甚至都不喜欢摇滚乐。

...a **rock** concert.

摇滚音乐会

...famous **rock** stars.

摇滚明星

8 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(常在英国海滨城镇销售的)棒形硬糖** **Rock** is a sweet that is made in long, hard sticks and is often sold in towns by the sea in Britain.

...a stick of **rock**.

一条硬棒糖

9 PHRASE 短语 **左右为难；进退维谷** If you are caught between a **rock** and a **hard** place, you are in a difficult situation where you have to choose between two equally unpleasant courses of action.

10 PHRASE 短语 **加冰块的** If you have an alcoholic drink such as whisky **on the rocks**, you have it with ice cubes in it.

...a Scotch **on the rocks**.

加冰块的苏格兰威士忌

11 PHRASE 短语 **(婚姻)濒临破裂；(企业等)濒临失败；岌岌可危** If something such as a marriage or a business is **on the rocks**, it is experiencing very severe difficulties and looks likely to end very soon.

She confided to her mother six months ago that her marriage was **on the rocks**...

6个月前，她向母亲透露自己的婚姻已经岌岌可危。

Our film industry is **on the rocks**.

我们的电影业困难重重。

12 to **rock** the boat → see: [boat](#) ;

roll ★★★★★

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)滚；(使)滚动** When something **rolls** or when you **roll** it, it moves along a surface, turning over many times.

The ball **rolled** into the net...

球滚进了网中。

Their car went off the road and **rolled** over...

他们的车冲出公路，翻倒在一旁。

I **rolled** a ball across the carpet...

我把球滚过地毯。

Roll the meat in coarsely ground black pepper to season it.

将肉在粗研的黑胡椒粉里滚一下以调味。

2 VERB 动词 **(身体)滚动，打滚** If you **roll** somewhere, you move on a surface while lying down, turning your body over and over, so that you are sometimes on your back, sometimes on your side, and sometimes on your front.

When I was a little kid I **rolled** down a hill and broke my leg...

我小时候从一座山坡上滚了下来，把腿摔断了。

They just **rolled** about on the floor punching each other like schoolboys...

他们像小学生一样，在地板上滚来滚去，互相挥着拳头揍对方。

She **rolled** over and propped herself up on her elbows.

她打了个滚，然后用胳膊肘把自己撑了起来。

3 VERB 动词 **(车辆)慢慢开动，缓缓行进** When vehicles **roll** along, they move along slowly.

The lorry quietly **rolled** forward.

卡车静静地缓慢前行。

4 VERB 动词 **(机器)转动，运转，工作** If a machine **rolls**, it is operating.

He slipped and fell on an airplane gangway as the cameras **rolled**...

在摄像时他不慎滑倒在飞机座位间的通道上。

The newspaper presses are **rolling** in Pittsburgh again today.

今天，匹兹堡的报纸又开始印刷了。

5 VERB 动词 **(液体)滚落，滑落** If drops of liquid **roll** down a surface, they move quickly down it.

She looked at Ginny and tears **rolled** down her cheeks.

她看着金尼，泪水滑落脸庞。

6 VERB 动词 **卷；绕；使成筒状(或球状)** If you **roll** something flexible **into** a cylinder or a ball, you form it into a cylinder or a ball by wrapping it several times around itself or by shaping it between your hands.

He took off his sweater, **rolled** it into a pillow and lay down on the grass...

他脱下毛衣，将它卷成一个枕头，然后在草地上躺了下来。

He **rolled** and lit another cigarette.

他又卷了一支烟并点着了。

Roll up means the same as **roll**. [roll up](#) 同 [roll](#)

Stein **rolled** up the paper bag with the money inside.

斯坦把装了钱的纸袋卷了起来。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [toilet roll](#) ; **卷；卷轴** A **roll** of paper, plastic, cloth, or wire is a long piece of it that has been wrapped many times around itself or around a tube.

The photographers had already shot a dozen **rolls** of film.

摄影师们已经照了一打胶卷了。

...a **roll** of blue insulated wire.

一卷蓝色的绝缘电线

8 VERB 动词 **摇(车窗)；卷(窗帘等)** If you **roll up** something such as a car window or a blind, you cause it to move upwards by turning a handle. If you **roll it down**, you cause it to move downwards by turning a handle.

In mid-afternoon, shopkeepers began to **roll** down their shutters...

下午三时左右，店主们开始放下百叶窗。

She **rolled** up the window and drove on...

她把车窗摇上来，继续开车。

He **rolled** his window down and gave the man the money.

他把窗户摇下来，把钱递给这个男人。

9 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **转动(眼睛)；(眼球)骨碌碌地转** If you **roll** your eyes or if your eyes **roll**,

they move round and upwards. People sometimes roll their eyes when they are frightened, bored, or annoyed.

People may **roll** their eyes and talk about overprotective, interfering grandmothers...

人们可能会翻着白眼谈论那些溺爱儿孙、样样都要插手的祖母。

His eyes **rolled** and he sobbed.

他转了转眼睛，呜咽起来。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 (一人份的)小圆面包，面包卷 A **roll** is a small piece of bread that is round or long and is made to be eaten by one person. Rolls can be eaten plain, with butter, or with a filling.

He spread butter on a **roll**.

他把黄油抹在小圆面包上。

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [drum roll](#) ; (鼓的)咚咚声，隆隆声，持续的轰鸣声 A **roll of drums** is a long, low, fairly loud sound made by drums.

As the town clock struck two, they heard the **roll** of drums.

当小镇的时钟敲响两点钟时，他们听到了隆隆的鼓声。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 名单；名册 A **roll** is an official list of people's names.

...the electoral **roll**.

选民名单

13 See also: [rolling](#) ; [rock and roll](#) ; [sausage roll](#) ;

14 PHRASE 短语 连连成功；连交好运 If someone is **on a roll**, they are having great success which seems likely to continue.

I made a name for myself and I was **on a roll**, I couldn't see anything going wrong.

我靠自己的能力成名了，接二连三地获得成功，我觉得一切似乎一帆风顺。

15 PHRASE 短语 盼望；期待 If you say **roll on** something, you mean that you would like it to come soon, because you are looking forward to it.

Roll on the day someone develops an effective vaccine against malaria.

盼望有一天有人会研制出一种能有效预防疟疾的疫苗。

16 PHRASE 短语 集于一身；融为一体 If something is several things **rolled into one**, it combines the main features or qualities of those things.

Experts claimed that teachers had to be Einstein, Marie Curie and Linford Christie **rolled into one** to help children grasp the new national curriculum...

专家们称老师必须集爱因斯坦、居里夫人和林弗德·克里斯蒂的本领于一身，才能帮助孩子们掌握新的国家课程大纲。

This is our kitchen, sitting and dining room all **rolled into one**.

这既是我们的厨房，又是客厅和餐厅。

17 to start the ball rolling → see: [ball](#) ; heads will roll → see: [head](#) ;

相关词组：

[roll back](#) [roll in](#) [roll up](#)

route ★★★★★

Pronounced /ru:t/ or /raʊt/ in American English. 在美国英语中读作 /ru:t/ 或 /raʊt/.

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 道路；路线；路途 A **route** is a way from one place to another.

...the most direct **route** to the town centre...

到市中心最直接的路线

All escape **routes** were blocked by armed police...

所有逃跑的路都被武警封锁了。

Tens of thousands lined the **route** from Dublin airport.

从都柏林机场出来的道路两边站着数万人。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 行车路线；航线 A bus, air, or shipping **route** is the way between two places along which buses, planes, or ships travel regularly.

...the main shipping **routes** to Japan.

去往日本的主要航运线路

3 N-IN-NAMES 名称名词 (用于美国干线公路号码前) In the United States, **Route** is used in front of a number in the names of main roads between major cities.

...the Broadway-Webster exit on **Route** 580.

580号公路的百老汇 - 韦伯斯特出口

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (作为工作的)走访，拜访 Your **route** is the series of visits you make to different people or places, as part of your job.

He began cracking open big blue tins of butter cookies and feeding the dogs on his **route**...

他打开装黄油饼干的蓝色大罐子，开始沿路给狗喂食。

They would go out on his **route** and check him.

他们会到他那里走访一下，看看他的情况。

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 round, rounds

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 途径；方法 You can refer to a way of achieving something as a **route**.

Researchers are trying to get at the same information through an indirect **route**...

研究人员正试图通过间接的途径获得相同的信息。

Buying the best is as sure a **route** to success in investment as in any other field.

和其他领域一样，投资领域获得成功的途径也是买进最佳商品。

6 VERB 动词 按特定路线发送(车辆、货物或乘客) If vehicles, goods, or passengers are **routed** in a particular direction, they are made to travel in that direction.

Double-stack trains are taking a lot of freight that used to be **routed** via trucks...

以往由卡车运送的很多货物现在都改用双层列车运送了。

Approaching cars will be **routed** into two lanes.

驶来的车辆会分流到两条车道。

7 VERB 动词 以...线路发送(电话或其他电子信号) If telephone calls or other electronic signals are **routed** in a particular way, the signals are sent through a particular series of connections.

...plans to **route** every emergency call in Britain through just three telephone exchanges.

只通过3次电话转接来传送英国境内所有紧急呼叫的计划

8 PHRASE 短语 在途中，沿途(在不规范英语中有时拼作 on route) En **route** to a place means on the way to that place. En **route** is sometimes spelled on toute in non-standard English.

They have arrived in London en **route** to the United States...

他们已经到达伦敦，正在前往美国的途中。

One of the bags was lost en **route**.

其中一个包在途中丢失了。

9 PHRASE 短语 (新闻用语) 作为(较长进程)的一部分，在...之前 Journalists sometimes use en **route** when they are mentioning an event that happened as part of a longer process or before another event.

The German set three tournament records and equalled two others en **route** to grabbing golf's richest prize.

那个德国人在获得高尔夫球赛最高奖金的同时刷新了3项锦标赛纪录，平了其他两项纪录。

10 PHRASE 短语 把事情进行到底；贯彻始终 If you go **the route**, you do something fully or continue with a task until you have completely finished.

They have gone **the route**, in many cases, of just big — big bowls, big statues, big masks, big everything.

在很多情况下，他们从头到尾都只做大的东西——大碗，大雕像，大面具，所有东西都是大的。

royal ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 国王的；女王的；王室的；皇室的 **Royal** is used to indicate that something is connected with a king, queen, or emperor, or their family. A **royal** person is a king, queen, or emperor, or a member of their family.

...an invitation to a **royal** garden party.

参加皇家游园会的邀请

...the Japanese **royal** couple, Emperor Akihito and Empress Michiko.

明仁天皇和美智子皇后这对日本皇室夫妇

2 ADJ 形容词 (用于机构或组织名称) 皇家的 **Royal** is used in the names of institutions or organizations that are officially appointed or supported by a member of a royal family.

...the **Royal** Academy of Music.

皇家音乐学院

...several pilots of the Royal Navy's 846 Squadron.

皇家海军846中队的几个领航员

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **王室成员；皇族** Members of the royal family are sometimes referred to as **royals**.

The **royals** have always been patrons of charities pulling in large donations.
王室成员一向热心慈善事业，捐资数目巨大。

running ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **奔跑；赛跑；跑步**

Running is the activity of moving fast on foot, especially as a sport.

We chose to do cross-country **running**.

我们选择了越野赛跑。

...**running shoes**.

跑鞋

2 N-SING 单数名词 **管理；经营** The **running** of something such as a business is the managing or organizing of it.

...the committee in charge of the day-to-day **running** of the party.

负责党内日常事务管理的委员会

3 ADJ 形容词 **接连的；连续的** You use **running** to describe things that continue or keep occurring over a period of time.

He also began a **running** feud with Dean Acheson...

他也开始接二连三地和艾奇逊院长发生争执。

The song turned into a **running** joke between him and the press.

这首歌一时成了他和媒体之间的一个笑料。

4 ADJ 形容词 **不断增加的；持续增长的** A **running** total is a total which changes because numbers keep being added to it as something progresses.

He kept a **running** tally of who had called him, who had visited, who had sent flowers...

他不断记录着又有谁给他打电话，拜访过他，或给他送花。

So far, his **running** total in transfers fees is £2 million.

到目前为止，他持续增长的转会费已高达200万英镑。

5 ADV 副词 **连续，一连（发生几次）** You can use **running** when indicating that something keeps happening. For example, if something has happened every day for three days, you can say that it has happened for the third day **running** or for three days **running**.

He said drought had led to severe crop failure for the second year **running**...

他说干旱已经连续两年导致农作物严重歉收。

She changes her look so often that she never seems the same woman two days **running**.

她经常改变形象，一天一个样。

6 ADJ 形容词 **(水等)流动的** **Running** water is water that is flowing rather than standing still.

The forest was filled with the sound of **running** water...

森林中处处都能听到流水声。

Wash the lentils under cold **running** water.

用流动的凉水冲洗小扁豆。

7 ADJ 形容词 **自来（水）的** If a house has **running** water, water is supplied to the house through pipes and taps.

...a house without electricity or **running** water in a tiny African village.

非洲一座小村庄里既没有电，也没有自来水的房子

8 PHRASE 短语 **有没有希望获胜；有没有机会得到** If someone is **in the running** for something, they have a good chance of winning or obtaining it. If they are **out of the running** for something, they have no chance of winning or obtaining it.

Her role in *Death and the Maiden*, which put her in the **running** for the Laurence Olivier Award...

她在电影《不道德的审判》中的演出使她很有希望获得劳伦斯·奥利弗奖

Until this week he appeared to have ruled himself out of the **running** because of his age.

他似乎一直因为年龄问题不认为自己有获胜的可能，但情况在这周改变了。

9 PHRASE 短语 **率先；带头；开头** If someone is **making the running** in a situation, they are more active than the other people involved.

Republicans are furious that the Democrats currently seem to be making all the **running**.

现在民主党人好像成了领头羊，这让共和党人非常愤怒。

10 PHRASE 短语 **(系统或地方等)正常运转，正常运营** If something such as a system or place is **up and running**, it is operating normally.

We're trying to get the medical facilities up and **running** again.

我们正努力让这些医疗机构恢复正常运行。

safe ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(对身体)无害的，安全的** Something that is **safe** does not cause physical harm or danger.

Officials arrived to assess whether it is **safe** to bring emergency food supplies into the city...

官员们赶来评估向该市调拨紧急救援食品是否安全。

Most foods that we eat are **safe** for birds.

我们食用的大多数食物对鸟类都无害。

...a **safe** and reliable birth control option.

安全可靠的节育方法

...a programme to make Russian nuclear reactors **safer**.

提高俄罗斯核反应堆安全性的方案

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **不会受伤的；不会受损的** If a person or thing is **safe from** something, they cannot be harmed or damaged by it.

In the future people can go to a football match knowing that they are **safe** from hooliganism...

今后人们去看足球比赛时不必担心会受到足球流氓的骚扰。

On beaches, keep your camera **safe** from sand by enveloping it inside a plastic bag...

在沙滩上时，将相机用塑料袋包裹起来以防止进沙子。

Crime Prevention Officers can visit your home and suggest ways to make it **safer**.

预防犯罪的官员可以登门拜访并就如何使居所更安全向你提出建议。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **安全的；没有受伤的；安然无恙的** If you are **safe**, you have not been harmed, or you are not in danger of being harmed.

Where is Sophy? Is she **safe**?...

索菲在哪里？她没有受伤吧？

A baby boy is **safe** after rescue workers pulled him from a 12-foot-deep construction hole...

营救人员将一名男婴从12英尺深的建筑工地的深坑里拉出来时，他安然无恙。

He kissed me twice and I realized suddenly that I felt warm and **safe**.

他吻了我两次，我突然意识到自己觉得很温暖、很安全。

safely

All 140 guests were brought out of the building **safely** by firemen.

消防队员把140名客人全部从大楼里安全营救出来。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(地方)安全的，可靠的，保险的** A **safe** place is one where it is unlikely that any harm, damage, or unpleasant things will happen to the people or things that are there.

Many refugees have fled to **safer** areas...

许多难民已经逃往了更安全的地方。

The elimination of all nuclear weapons would make the world a **safer** place...

销毁所有的核武器将会使世界变得更安全。

We shall take the treasure away to a **safe** place.

我们应该把这些宝物带到一个安全的地方。

safely

The banker keeps the money tucked **safely** under his bed.

这位银行家为保险起见将钱塞在床下。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(旅途)平安的，无损的，一路顺风的** If people or things have a **safe** journey, they reach their destination without harm, damage, or unpleasant things happening to them.

I'm heading back to Ireland again for another weekend.' — 'Have a **safe** journey.'

“我要再回爱尔兰过一个周末。”——“一路平安。”

...the UN plan to deploy 500 troops to ensure the safe delivery of food and other supplies.

联合国部署一支 500 人的军队以确保食物和其他补给物资安全运送的计划

safely

The space shuttle returned **safely** today from a 10-day mission...

航天飞机完成 10 天的飞行任务后于今日安全返回。

Once Mrs Armsby was **safely** home, she called the police again.

阿姆斯比太太一安全到家便再次给警方打了电话。

8 ADJ 形容词 (距离)安全的, 不会遭到伤害的 If you are at a **safe** distance from something or someone, you are far enough away from them to avoid any danger, harm, or unpleasant effects.

I shall conceal myself at a **safe** distance from the battlefield...

我会躲在一个远离战场的安全地带。

He thinks he can find a way to vaccinate the elephants from a **safe** distance.

他认为自己能找到一种从安全距离给大象接种疫苗的方法。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 不会丢失的; 志在必得的; 稳操胜券的 If something you have or expect to obtain is **safe**, you cannot lose it or be prevented from having it.

We as consumers need to feel confident that our jobs are **safe** before we will spend spare cash...

我们作为消费者在把闲钱花掉之前, 需要确信自己不会失业。

Is the National Health Service **safe** with the Conservative party?...

保守党能否继续实行国民医疗保健制度?

Rovers made the game **safe** with a spectacular second goal in the 84th minute.

流浪者队凭借第 84 分钟精彩的第二粒进球锁定了胜局。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (行动)风险小的, 万无一失的, 保险的 A **safe** course of action is one in which there is very little risk of loss or failure.

Electricity shares are still a **safe** investment...

电力股仍然是低风险投资。

It might not be **safe** politically for the President to leave the country.

总统离开国家可能会有政治上的危险。

safely

We reveal only as much information as we can **safely** risk at a given time.

我们仅能透露在某一时刻被认为是没有风险的信息量。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 四平八稳的; 缺乏新意的; 不够刺激的 If you disapprove of something because you think it is not very exciting or original, you can describe it as **safe**.

...frustrated artists who became lawyers at an early age because it seemed a **safe** option...

趁年轻改行从事律师这一看似稳定的职业的失意落魄的艺术家们

Rock'n'roll has become so commercialised and **safe** since punk.

摇滚乐自从朋克乐以后就已经过于商业化而缺乏新意了。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 有把握的; 不会有错的; 可以肯定的 If it is **safe** to say or assume something, you can say it with very little risk of being wrong.

I think it is **safe** to say that very few students expend the effort to do quality work in school...

我认为可以肯定地说学校里很少有学生肯为学好功课下功夫。

The only **safe** assumption is that the world's financial markets will have to find solutions themselves.

唯一可以断定的是世界金融市场将不得不自己寻找出路。

safely

If I go to a grocer I know and trust, I can **safely** assume the eggs will be fresh...

如果去的是一家我了解并信赖的杂货店, 我便能确信鸡蛋是新鲜的。

I think you can **safely** say she will not be appearing in another of my films.

我认为你可以打包票说在我今后的电影里不会再有她出现了。

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (秘密)不会被泄漏的, 会被保守的, 安全的 If you say to someone that their secret is **safe** with you, you are promising not to tell it to anyone.

Don't worry, Mr Palin, your secret is **safe** with me.

别担心, 佩林先生, 我会保守你的秘密。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 保险柜 A **safe** is a strong metal cupboard with special locks, in which you keep money, jewellery, or other valuable things.

The files are now in a **safe** to which only he has the key.

文件目前放在一个只有他才能打开的保险柜里。

13 See also: [safely](#) ;

14 PHRASE 短语 得到妥善照顾的; 由可靠的人保护(或保管)的 If you say that a person or thing is **in safe hands**, or is **safe in someone's hands**, you mean that they are being looked after by a reliable person and will not be harmed.

I had a huge responsibility to ensure these packets remained in **safe hands**...

我负有确保这些包裹得到妥善保管的重大责任。

Don't worry, Uncle Tim, your future is **safe** in our hands.

别担心, 蒂姆大叔, 你将来由我们照顾。

15 PHRASE 短语 非常安全的; 绝对安全的 If you say that something or someone is **as safe as houses**, you mean that they are completely safe.

The Government insisted that Britain's nuclear power stations are **as safe as houses**.

英国政府坚称英国的核电站非常安全。

16 PHRASE 短语 使(某地)适合开展(某活动); 使适宜 If someone tries to **make a place safe for** a particular activity, they try to make the place suitable for that activity, although their efforts may have very undesirable effects.

Why did these men fight and die? Supposedly it was to make the world **safe** for democracy.

为什么这些人战死了呢? 据说, 是为了在全世界实现民主。

17 PHRASE 短语 谨慎行事; 避免冒险 If you **play safe** or **play it safe**, you do not take any risks.

If you want to **play safe**, cut down on the amount of salt you eat...

如果想要谨慎点的话, 就减少盐的摄入量。

The pilot decided that Christchurch was too far away, and **played it safe** and landed at Wellington.

飞行员认为克赖斯特彻奇距离太远, 为求稳妥, 就降落在了惠灵顿。

18 PHRASE 短语 谨慎为是; 以防万一; 为安全起见 If you say you are doing something **to be on the safe side**, you mean that you are doing it in case something undesirable happens, even though this may be unnecessary.

You might still want to go for an X-ray, however, just to be on the **safe side**.

不过, 为稳妥起见, 你可能还想要照一个 X 光。

19 PHRASE 短语 宁可事先谨慎有余, 不要事后追悔莫及 If you say 'it's **better to be safe than sorry**', you are advising someone to take action in order to avoid possible unpleasant consequences later, even if this seems unnecessary.

Don't be afraid to have this checked by a doctor — **better safe than sorry!**

不要害怕找医生检查一下——宁求稳妥以免后悔!

20 PHRASE 短语 平平安安的; 安然无恙的 You say that someone is **safe and sound** when they are still alive or unharmed after being in danger.

All I'm hoping for is that wherever Trevor is he will come home **safe and sound**.

我只希望不管特雷弗在哪里, 他都能平平安安回家。

21 a **safe pair of hands**→see: [pair](#) ; safe in the knowledge→see: [knowledge](#) ;

safety ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 平安; 安全 Safety is the state of being safe from harm or danger.

The report goes on to make a number of recommendations to improve **safety** on aircraft.

该报告接着给出了一系列改善飞机安全性能的建议。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 安全场所; 安全的地方 If you reach **safety**, you reach a place where you are safe from danger.

He stumbled through smoke and fumes given off from her burning sofa to pull her to **safety**...

她的沙发着火了，他冒着浓烟跌跌撞撞地把她拉到安全的地方。

Guests ran for **safety** as the device went off in a ground-floor men's toilet...

一层男厕所里的炸弹爆炸后，客人们纷纷逃命而去。

The refugees were groping their way through the dark, trying to reach **safety**.

难民摸黑前进，试图转移到安全的地方。

...the **safety** of one's own home.

自己安全的家中

3 N-SING 单数名词 **安全程度；安全性；无害；无危险** If you are concerned about the **safety** of something, you are concerned that it might be harmful or dangerous.

...consumers are showing growing concern about the **safety** of the food they buy...

消费者越来越关注所购食品的安全性。

The **safety** of tacrine has not yet been proven, and there is concern that it causes damage to the liver.

他克林的安全性尚未得到证实，有人担心它会对肝脏造成损害。

4 N-SING 单数名词 **(某人的)安全** If you are concerned for someone's **safety**, you are concerned that they might be in danger.

There is grave concern for the **safety** of witnesses...

人们非常担心证人的安全。

The two youths today declined to testify because they said they feared for their **safety**.

这两个年轻人今天拒绝作证，称他们是出于对自身安全的担心。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(特征、措施)保障安全的** **Safety** features or measures are intended to make something less dangerous.

The built-in **safety** device compensates for a fall in water pressure.

该内置式安全装置在水压下降时能提供保护。

...**safety** glasses.

护目镜

6 PHRASE 短语 **人多保险；人多势众** If you say that there is **safety in numbers**, you mean that you are safer doing something if there are a lot of people doing it rather than doing it alone.

Many people still feel there is **safety in numbers** when belonging to a union.

许多人仍然感到加入工会后会有强大的后盾。

sanction ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **(正式)认可，准许，批准** If someone in authority **sanctions** an action or practice, they officially approve of it and allow it to be done.

He may now be ready to **sanction** the use of force...

他现在可能打算批准使用武力。

He seemed to be preparing to **sanction** an increase in public borrowing.

他似乎正准备批准增加公共贷款。

Sanction is also a noun.

The king could not enact laws without the **sanction** of Parliament.

未经议会批准，国王不能制定法律。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(对某国的)制裁** **Sanctions** are measures taken by countries to restrict trade and official contact with a country that has broken international law.

In 1935 the League of Nations imposed **sanctions** against Italy following its invasion of Ethiopia.

1935年国际联盟在意大利入侵埃塞俄比亚之后对其实施了制裁。

He expressed his opposition to the lifting of **sanctions**.

他对解除制裁表示反对。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **处罚；制裁；惩罚** A **sanction** is a severe course of action which is intended to make people obey instructions, customs, or laws.

As an ultimate **sanction**, they can sell their shares.

作为最高的处罚，他们可以出售他们的股份。

4 VERB 动词 **对...实施制裁；处罚** If a country or an authority **sanctions** another country or a person for doing something, it declares that the country or person is guilty of doing it and imposes sanctions on them.

...their failure to **sanction** Japan for butchering whales in violation of international conservation treaties.

对日本违反国际保护条约残杀鲸鱼的行为他们未能进行制裁

save ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **拯救；搭救；挽救；救助** If you **save** someone or something, you help them to avoid harm or to escape from a dangerous or unpleasant situation.

...a final attempt to **save** 40,000 jobs in Britain's troubled aero industry...

为保住陷入困境中的英国航空业的4万份工作所作的最后一次努力

One man was still missing last night after the Belgian trawler Lucky capsized off the Dutch coast. Three other men were **saved**...

昨晚比利时拖网渔船“幸运号”在荷兰海岸附近沉没后，仍有1人失踪，其余3人被救起。

A new machine no bigger than a 10p piece could help **save** babies from cot death...

一种体积不超过10便士硬币大小的新机器能防止婴儿猝死。

The national health system **saved** him from becoming a cripple.

在国民医疗保健系统的救助下，他免于致残。

-saving

His boxing career was ended after two sight-saving operations.

他的拳击生涯在两次视力救治手术之后终止了。

2 VERB 动词 **储蓄；积攒；攒钱** If you **save**, you gradually collect money by spending less than you get, usually in order to buy something that you want.

The majority of people intend to **save**, but find that by the end of the month there is nothing left...

大多数人都打算存钱，但月末时就会发现已一文不剩。

Tim and Barbara are now saving for a house in the suburbs...

蒂姆和芭芭拉正在攒钱，准备在郊区买一栋房子。

They could not find any way to **save** money.

他们没办法存下钱。

Save up means the same as **save**. **save up** 同 **save**

Julie wanted to put some of her money aside for holidays or **save up** for something special...

朱莉打算把她的钱拿出一部分用于度假或者存起来作特殊用途。

People often put money aside in order to **save up** enough to make one major expenditure.

人们常常为了一笔大的开销而存钱。

3 VERB 动词 **节省；节约** If you **save** something such as time or money, you prevent the loss or waste of it.

It **saves** time in the kitchen to have things you use a lot within reach...

把厨房里常用的东西放在触手可及的地方能节省做饭时间。

More cash will be **saved** by shutting studios and selling outside-broadcast vehicles...

通过关闭演播室和出售实况转播车将节省更多资金。

I'll try to **save** him the expense of a flight from Perth...

我会设法替他省下要从珀斯飞来的机票费用。

I got the fishmonger to skin the fish which helped **save** on the preparation time.

我让鱼贩把鱼鳞刮了，这样准备烹制时能省点儿事。

-saving

...labor-saving devices.

节省劳力的设备

4 VERB 动词 **保留；留下** If you **save** something, you keep it because it will be needed later.

Drain the beans thoroughly and **save** the stock for soup...

将豆角彻底控干，并把滤出的豆汁留下做汤。

Scraps of material were **saved**, cut up and pieced together for quilts.

边角碎料都保留下来，剪好后拼在一起做成被子。

5 VERB 动词 **免去；省去；使免受** If someone or something **saves** you **from** an unpleasant action or experience, they change the situation so that you do not have to do it or experience it.

The scanner will **save** risk and pain for patients...

扫描仪将使病人免遭风险和痛苦。

She was hoping that something might **save** her from having to make a decision...

她希望有什么能使自己不必作决定。

He arranges to collect the payment from the customer, thus **saving** the client the paperwork.

他安排直接向顾客收取费用，免去了顾客填写各种文件的麻烦。

6 VERB 动词 **保存；存盘** If you **save** data in a computer, you give the computer an instruction to store the data on a tape or disk.

Try to get into the habit of **saving** your work regularly...

要努力养成经常将工作内容存盘的习惯。

Import your scanned images from the scanner and **save** as a JPG file.

从扫描仪导入扫描后的图像，并保存为 JPG 文件。

7 VERB 动词 **救(球)** If a goalkeeper **saves**, or **saves** a shot, they succeed in preventing the ball from going into the goal.

He **saved** one shot when the ball hit him on the head.

球砸中他的脑袋，从而让他化解了一次射门。

Save is also a noun.

Spurs could have had several goals but for some brilliant **saves** from John Hallworth.

要不是约翰·霍尔沃思几次精彩的扑救，热刺队原本可以射进好几个球。

8 PREP 介词 **除...之外** You can use **save** to introduce the only things, people, or ideas that your main statement does not apply to.

There is almost no water at all in Mochudi **save** that brought up from bore holes.

除了从钻孔中抽上来的水外，莫丘迪几乎滴水无存。

Save for means the same as **save** . **save for** [同 save](#)

The parking lot was virtually empty **save** for a few cars clustered to one side.

除了集中停在一边的少数几辆车之外，停车场几乎是空无一物。

9 to **save** someone's **bacon**→see: [bacon](#) ;

to **save** the day→see: [day](#) ;

to **save** face→see: [face](#) ;

相关词组：

[save up](#)

scale ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 See also: [full-scale](#) ; [large-scale](#) ; [small-scale](#) ; **大小；(尤指庞大的)规模，范围，程度** If you refer to the **scale** of something, you are referring to its size or extent, especially when it is very big.

However, he underestimates the **scale** of the problem...

然而，他低估了问题的严重性。

You may feel dwarfed by the sheer **scale** of the place...

看到此处气势如此恢宏，你可能会觉得自己很渺小。

The breakdown of law and order could result in killing on a **massive scale**...

法治一旦崩溃可能导致大肆杀戮。

The British aid programme is small in **scale**.

英国的援助项目规模不大。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [sliding scale](#) ; [timescale](#) ; **等级；级别；等级体系** A **scale** is a set of levels or numbers which are used in a particular system of measuring things or are used when comparing things.

...an earthquake measuring five-point-five on the Richter **scale**...

里氏 5.5 级地震

The patient rates the therapies on a **scale** of zero to ten...

患者按十分制给这些治疗方法打分。

The higher up the social **scale** they are, the more the men have to lose.

社会地位越高，失去的东西就越多。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(根据年龄、工种等核定的)工资或费用级别，标准** A **pay scale** or **scale of fees** is a list that shows how much someone should be paid, depending, for example, on their age or what work they do.

...those on the high end of the **pay scale**...

工资级别最高的人

A Registered Osteopath will be pleased to tell you his **scale** of fees before you decide on a consultation.

在病人决定是否就诊之前，注册整骨医师会很乐意告知其收费标准。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [full-scale](#) ; [large-scale](#) ; **(地图、图纸、模型的)比例，比例尺** The **scale** of a map, plan, or model is the relationship between the size of something in the map, plan, or model and its size in the real world.

The map, on a **scale** of 1:10,000, shows over 5,000 individual paths.

该地图以 1:10,000 的比例尺显示了 5,000 多条不同道路。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(模型或复制品)按比例缩小的** A **scale** model or **scale** replica of a building or object is a model of it which is smaller than the real thing but has all the same parts and features.

Franklin made his mother an intricately detailed **scale** model of the house.

富兰克林为他的母亲制作了一个复杂精细的房屋模型。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **音阶** In music, a **scale** is a fixed sequence of musical notes, each one higher than the next, which begins at a particular note.

...the **scale** of C major.

C 大调音阶

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **鱼鳞；(爬行动物的)鳞片** The **scales** of a fish or reptile are the small, flat pieces of hard skin that cover its body.

8 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **天平；秤；磅秤** **Scales** are a piece of equipment used for weighing things, for example for weighing amounts of food that you need in order to make a particular meal.

...a pair of kitchen **scales**.

一台厨房秤

...bathroom **scales**...

浴室体重秤

I step on the **scales** practically every morning.

我几乎每天早上都称一下体重。

9 VERB 动词 **爬越；攀登；翻过** If you **scale** something such as a mountain or a wall, you climb up it or over it.

In 1981, five members of a climbing party died while **scaling** Mount Hood.

1981 年，一支登山队的 5 名队员在攀登胡德峰时遇难。

The men **scaled** a wall and climbed down scaffolding on the other side.

那些男人攀上一堵墙然后顺着另一侧的脚手架爬了下去。

10 PHRASE 短语 **与...不成比例；和...不相称** If something is **out of scale** with the things near it, it is too big or too small in relation to them.

The tower was surmounted by an enormous statue, utterly **out of scale** with the building.

那座塔的顶部矗立着一尊巨型雕像，与整个建筑完全不成比例。

11 PHRASE 短语 **按比例** If the different parts of a map, drawing, or model are **to scale**, they are the right size in relation to each other.

...a miniature garden, with little pagodas and bridges all **to scale**.

内有全部按比例建造的小塔和小桥的微缩花园

相关词组：

[scale back](#) [scale down](#) [scale up](#)

scene ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(戏剧、书的)场面，片段；(电影)镜头** A **scene** in a play, film, or book is part of it in which a series of events happen in the same place.

I found the **scene** in which Percy proposed to Olive tremendously poignant.

我觉得珀西向奥利芙求婚的一幕太让人心酸了。

...the opening **scene** of 'A Christmas Carol'.

《圣诞颂歌》的开幕场景

...love **scenes**.

情爱场面

...Act I, **scene** 1.

第一幕第一场

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (给人以某种印象的)景象, 场景, 场面 You refer to a place as a **scene** when you are describing its appearance and indicating what impression it makes on you.

It's a **scene** of complete devastation...
那是一副满目疮痍的景象。

Thick black smoke billowed over the **scene**...
在这一场景中浓浓的黑烟滚滚升起。

You can just picture the **scene**, can't you?
你完全能想象出那个画面, 对吗?

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (通过画面显示的或看到的)事件, 场面, 情景 You can describe an event that you see, or that is broadcast or shown in a picture, as a **scene** of a particular kind.

There were emotional **scenes** as the refugees enjoyed their first breath of freedom...
当难民们呼吸到第一口自由的空气时, 有许多感人至深的场面。

Television broadcasters were warned to exercise caution over depicting **scenes** of violence...
电视台受到警告, 要求对暴力场面的描绘采取谨慎态度。

It was a bizarre **scene**.
那是怪诞的一幕。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (事情发生的)地点, 现场 The **scene** of an event is the place where it happened.

The area has been the **scene** of fierce fighting for three months...
这一地区 3 个月以来不断发生激战。

...traces left at the **scene** of a crime...
犯罪现场留下的痕迹

Fire and police crews rushed to the **scene**, but the couple were already dead...
消防队员和警察匆匆赶往现场, 但这对夫妻已经丧命。

Riot vans were on the **scene** in minutes.
防暴车几分钟就赶到了现场。

5 N-SING 单数名词 (活动)领域, 圈子; 界; 坛 You can refer to an area of activity as a particular type of **scene**.

Sandman is a cult figure on the local music **scene**.
桑德曼是当地音乐界的偶像人物。

...when he first burst onto the national political **scene** at age 28.
当他在 28 岁刚刚闯入国家政坛时

...a youth guide to London's club **scene**.
针对年轻人的伦敦夜店指南

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 风景画 Paintings and drawings of places are sometimes called **scenes**.

...James Lynch's country **scenes**.
詹姆斯·林奇的多村风景画

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (当众)发脾气, 吵闹 If you make a **scene**, you embarrass people by publicly showing your anger about something.

I'm sorry I made such a **scene**.
对不起, 我失态了。

8 PHRASE 短语 在幕后; 秘密地; 不公开地 If something is done **behind the scenes**, it is done secretly rather than publicly.

But **behind the scenes** Mr Cain will be working quietly to try to get a deal done.
但是, 凯恩先生将背地里偷偷行动以争取达成协议。

...**behind-the-scenes** discussions.
秘密讨论

9 PHRASE 短语 (电影、戏剧、广播电视节目的制作)在幕后, 在后台 If you refer to what happens **behind the scenes**, you are referring to what happens during the making of a film, play, or radio or television programme.

It's an exciting opportunity to learn what goes on **behind the scenes**.
可以有机会了解幕后的工作, 令人非常兴奋。

10 PHRASE 短语 换换环境 If you have a **change of scene**, you go somewhere different after being in a particular place for a long time.

What you need is a **change of scene**. Why not go on a cruise?
你需要换换环境。为什么不乘船去旅行呢?

11 PHRASE 短语 介绍背景; 事先介绍情况 If you **set the scene** for someone, you tell them what they need to know in order to understand what is going to happen or be said next.

But first to **set the scene**: I was having a drink with my ex-boyfriend.
不过首先介绍一下背景: 我当时正在和前男友喝饮料。

12 PHRASE 短语 为...铺平道路; 为...做好准备 Something that **sets the scene** for a particular event creates the conditions in which the event is likely to happen.

Gillespie's goal **set the scene** for an exciting second half.
古莱斯皮的进球为下半场的精彩比赛铺平了道路。

13 PHRASE 短语 登场/离场; 到场/消失; 介入/摆脱 When a person or thing appears **on the scene**, they come into being or become involved in something. When they disappear **from the scene**, they are no longer there or are no longer involved.

He could react rather jealously when and if another child comes **on the scene**...
如果别的孩子也加入其中, 他可能会表现得相当嫉妒。

Harris disappeared **from the scene** as suddenly as he had appeared.
哈里斯突然出现, 又突然消失了。

14 PHRASE 短语 不喜欢; 不合意 If you say that an activity or place is **not your scene**, you mean that you do not like it or enjoy it.

Lying on the beach all week isn't my **scene**.
我不喜欢整个星期都躺在沙滩上。

Usage Note :
Take care not to confuse **scene** and **scenery**
注意不要混淆 **scene** 和 **scenery**.

schedule ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 工作计划; 日程安排 A **schedule** is a plan that gives a list of events or tasks and the times at which each one should happen or be done.

He has been forced to adjust his **schedule**...
他被迫调整了自己的日程安排。

We both have such hectic **schedules**.
我们俩日程安排得都很紧。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 计划的时间(或方式) You can use **schedule** to refer to the time or way something is planned to be done. For example, if something is completed **on schedule**, it is completed at the time planned.

The jet arrived in Johannesburg two minutes **ahead of schedule**...
喷气式飞机提前两分钟到达了约翰内斯堡。

Everything went according to **schedule**...
一切都按计划进行。

It will be completed several weeks **behind schedule**.
这将比原计划晚几个星期完成。

3 VERB 动词 (在时间上)安排, 计划 If something is **scheduled** to happen at a particular time, arrangements are made for it to happen at that time.

The space shuttle had been **scheduled** to blast off at 04:38...
航天飞机已经预定于凌晨 4 点 38 分发射升空。

A presidential election was **scheduled** for last December...
总统选举原计划在去年 12 月举行。

No new talks are **scheduled**.
没有安排新的会谈。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (价格、细节或条件等)的一览表, 明细表, 清单 A **schedule** is a written list of things, for example a list of prices, details, or conditions.

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (火车、客轮、公共汽车或航班的)时刻表, 时间表 A **schedule** is a list of all the times when trains, boats, buses, or aircraft are supposed to arrive at or leave a particular place.

...a bus **schedule**.
公共汽车时刻表

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 **timetable**

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (学校的)课程表 In a school or college, a **schedule** is a diagram that shows the times in the week at which particular subjects are taught.

in BRIT, usually use 英国英语通常用 **timetable**

scheme ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (政府或其他组织的)计划, 方案, 安排 A **scheme** is a plan or arrangement

involving many people which is made by a government or other organization.

...schemes to help combat unemployment.

有助于减少失业的方案

...a private pension scheme...

私人养老金计划

The company was pouring around \$30 million into the scheme.

该公司要向该计划注资约 3,000 万美元。

in AM, use 美国英语用 program

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **计谋；阴谋；诡计；计划** A scheme is someone's plan for achieving something.

...a quick money-making scheme to get us through the summer...

能够让我们撑过这夏天的快速赚钱之道

They would first have to work out some scheme for getting the treasure out...

他们首先得想个法子把财宝取出来。

Tourists can be vulnerable to scams and con schemes of all kinds.

游客们会很容易陷入各种形形色色的骗局。

3 VERB 动词 **密谋；图谋；秘密策划** If you say that people are scheming, you mean that they are making secret plans in order to gain something for themselves.

Everyone's always scheming and plotting...

人人时刻都在谋划着。

The bride's family were scheming to prevent a wedding...

新娘家人正密谋阻止婚礼。

They claimed that their opponents were scheming against them...

他们声称对手正在算计他们。

You're a scheming little devil, aren't you?

你是个耍阴谋诡计的小魔鬼，对不对？

scheming
...their favourite pastimes of scheming and gossiping.
她们最喜欢在一起交头接耳、说长道短来消磨时光

4 See also: [colour scheme](#) ; [pension scheme](#) ;

5 PHRASE 短语 **人生的安排** Someone's **scheme of things** is the way in which they think that things in their life should be organized.

He did not quite know how to place women in his scheme of things.

他不太清楚在自己的人生安排中应把女人摆在什么位置。

6 PHRASE 短语 **(世界万物的)格局** When people talk about **the scheme of things** or **the grand scheme of things**, they are referring to the way that everything in the world seems to be organized

We realize that we are infinitely small within the scheme of things.

我们认识到在大千世界中我们极其渺小。

science ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **科学；自然科学；自然科学知识** Science is the study of the nature and behaviour of natural things and the knowledge that we obtain about them.

The best discoveries in science are very simple.

最伟大的科学发现都非常简单。

...science and technology.

科学技术

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(自然科学的)学科；理科** A science is a particular branch of science such as physics, chemistry, or biology.

Physics is the best example of a science which has developed strong, abstract theories.

物理学是自然科学中发展出了强有力的抽象理论的最好例子。

...the science of microbiology.

微生物学

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(研究人类行为的)学科，社会科学** A science is the study of some aspect of human behaviour, for example sociology or anthropology.

...the modern science of psychology.

现代心理学

4 See also: [domestic science](#) ; [exact science](#) ; [Master of Science](#) ; [political science](#) ; [social science](#) ;

scientist ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [social scientist](#) ; **科学家；科学工作者** A scientist is someone who has studied science and whose job is to teach or do research in science.

Scientists have collected more data than expected.

科学家们已经收集到了比预期更多的数据。

score ★★★★★

In meaning 10, the plural form is scores. 义项 10 的复数形式为 scores.

1 VERB 动词 **(比赛中)得分，进球** In a sport or game, if a player scores a goal or a point, they gain a goal or point.

Against which country did Ian Wright score his first international goal?...

在与哪个国家的比赛中伊恩·赖特打进了他在国际比赛中的首粒进球？

England scored 282 in their first innings...

英格兰队第一局就获得了 282 分。

Gascoigne almost scored in the opening minute.

加斯科因在开场第一分钟就差点儿进球得分。

2 VERB 动词 **(考试等)得分** If you score a particular number or amount, for example as a mark in a test, you achieve that number or amount.

Kelly had scored an average of 147 on three separate IQ tests...

凯利在 3 项不同的智商测试中平均得分 147。

Congress as an institution scores low in public opinion polls.

作为一个公共机构，国会在公众民意调查中得分很低。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(考试或比赛中的)得分，成绩** Someone's score in a game or test is a number, for example, a number of points or runs, which shows what they have achieved or what level they have reached.

The U.S. Open golf tournament was won by Ben Hogan, with a score of 287...

本·霍根以 287 杆的成绩赢得了美国高尔夫公开赛。

Robin Smith made 167, the highest score by an England batsman in this form of cricket...

罗宾·史密斯得到 167 分，创下了英格兰击球手在这类板球比赛中的最高得分纪录。

There was also a strong link between children's low maths scores and parents' numeracy problems.

孩子数学成绩差也与父母算术不好密切相关。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(比赛的)比分，结果** The score in a game is the result of it or the current situation, as indicated by the number of goals, runs, or points obtained by the two teams or players.

4-1 was the final score...

最终比分是 4 比 1。

They beat the Giants by a score of 7 to 3...

他们以 7 比 3 的比分击败了巨人队。

Even in Zurich he kept up with the County cricket scores.

即使身在苏黎世，他也一直关注着郡际板球赛的比分。

5 VERB 动词 **赢得；获得；取得** If you score a success, a victory, or a hit, you are successful in what you are doing.

His abiding passion was ocean racing, at which he scored many successes...

他一直酷爱海上赛艇，并多次在比赛中获胜。

In recent months, the rebels have scored some significant victories...

最近几个月里，叛乱分子已经取得了一些不小的胜利。

Soldiers using a multiple rocket launcher scored a direct hit on the steeple of a church.

士兵们使用多管火箭筒直接击中一所教堂的尖塔。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(电影、戏剧等的)配乐** The score of a film, play, or similar production is the music which is written or used for it.

The dance is accompanied by an original score by Henry Torgue.

这支舞蹈的配乐是由亨利·托尔格所作的一首原创曲目。

...the composer of classic film scores such as West Side Story.

为《西区故事》等经典影片配乐的作曲家

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **总谱；曲谱** The score of a piece of music is the written version of it.

He recognizes enough notation to be able to

follow a score.

他认得足够多的乐符，看懂乐谱不成问题。

8 VERB 动词 **为(音乐作品)编写总谱** If you score a piece of music, you write it or arrange it for specific instruments or voices.

Strauss spent much of 1941 scoring his last opera, Capriccio...

施特劳斯用了1941年的大部分时间为自己的最后一部歌剧《随想曲》编写总谱。

He has mastered enough of the complexities of arrangement to write and score a piece for a chamber music ensemble.

他对改编的复杂之处已有了足够的掌握，能够谱写一部室内合奏曲了。

9 QUANT 数量词 **许多；大量** If you refer to scores of things or people, you are emphasizing that there are very many of them.

Campaigners lit scores of bonfires in ceremonies to mark the anniversary.

参加运动的人们在各种仪式上点起一垛垛篝火以纪念周年庆典。

You can also use scores as a pronoun.

Two people were killed and scores were injured.

两人死亡，多人受伤。

10 NUM 数词 **二十；二十左右** A score is twenty or approximately twenty.

A score of countries may be producing or planning to obtain chemical weapons...

大概有20个国家可能正在制造或计划获取化学武器。

The company already has around four score titles commissioned and planned for publication...

那家公司已有约80本书委托好了作者并计划出版。

The Bible states that the life of man is three score and ten.

《圣经》中说人的寿命是70年。

11 VERB 动词 **刻痕于；划线于** If you score a surface with something sharp, you cut a line or number of lines in it.

Lightly score the surface of the steaks with a knife.

在牛排表面轻轻打花刀。

12 VERB 动词 **非法购买(毒品)** If someone scores drugs, they buy them illegally.

Me and my mate went to score a kilo of amphetamine down in London.

我和爱人去伦敦市区搞到了一公斤苯丙胺。

13 PHRASE 短语 **大量(发生或存在)** If things happen or exist by the score, they happen or exist in large numbers.

The companies brought out new products by the score.

那些公司生产了大量的新产品。

14 PHRASE 短语 **数，记下(数量)** If you keep score of the number of things that are happening in a certain situation, you count them and record them.

You can keep score of your baby's movements before birth by recording them on a kick chart.

你可以通过胎动图表记录分娩前胎儿的活动情况。

15 PHRASE 短语 **了解情况；了解真相；知道问题的症结** If you know the score, you know what the real facts of a situation are and how they affect you, even though you may not like them.

I don't feel sorry for Carl. He knew the score, he knew what he had to do and couldn't do it.

我不为卡尔感到难过。他了解情况。他知道自己必须做什么但却没能做成。

16 PHRASE 短语 **在那一点上/在这一点上；(尤指)在那个难题上/在这个关注点上** You can use on that score or on this score to refer to something that has just been mentioned, especially an area of difficulty or concern.

I became pregnant easily. At least I've had no problems on that score...

我很容易就怀上了孩子。至少在那方面我没有问题。

If someone you know has cancer, don't let worry on this score stop you from visiting them.

如果你认识的人得了癌症，不要因为这方面的担忧就不去探望他们。

17 PHRASE 短语 **(通常指通过巧妙或更有说服力的发言驳倒，占上风)** If you score a point over someone, or score points off them, you gain an advantage over them, usually by saying something clever or making a better argument.

The Prime Minister was trying to score a political point over his rivals...

首相正设法在政治上将对手一一驳倒。

The politicians might be forced to touch on the real issues rather than scoring points off each other.

政客们可能会被迫讨论真正的问题而不只是互相抬杠。

18 PHRASE 短语 **报复** If you settle a score or settle an old score with someone, you take revenge on them for something they have done in the past.

The groups had historic scores to settle with each other.

这两个集团之间有几笔旧账要了结。

screen ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: **big screen** ; **small screen** ; **widescreen** ; (电视、电脑的)屏幕；(电影的)银幕 A screen is a flat vertical surface on which pictures or words are shown. Television sets and computers have screens, and films are shown on a screen in cinemas.

2 N-SING 单数名词 (总称)电影，电视 You can refer to film or television as **the screen** .

Many viewers have strong opinions about violence on the screen...

许多观众对银幕暴力心存反感。

She was the ideal American teenager, both on and off screen.

无论是在荧幕上还是在生活中，她都是人们心目中完美的美国青少年。

3 VERB 动词 **放映(电影)；播放(电视节目)** When a film or a television programme is screened, it is shown in the cinema or broadcast on television.

The series is likely to be screened in January...

这个系列剧可能在1月份播放。

TV firms were later banned from screening any pictures of the demo.

后来各电视台被禁止播放任何有关这次游行的画面。

screening

The film-makers will be present at the screenings to introduce their works.

制作人将出席电影放映礼介绍他们的作品。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **屏风；隔板** A screen is a vertical panel which can be moved around. It is used to keep cold air away from part of a room, or to create a smaller area within a room.

They put a screen in front of me so I couldn't see what was going on.

他们在我面前竖了一面屏风，所以我看不到发生了什么事情。

5 VERB 动词 **遮挡；遮蔽** If something is screened by another thing, it is behind it and hidden by it.

Most of the road behind the hotel was screened by a block of flats.

宾馆后面的那条路大部分被一片公寓楼遮住了。

6 VERB 动词 **检查，筛查(以确定是否患病)** To screen for a disease means to examine people to make sure that they do not have it.

...a quick saliva test that would screen for people at risk of tooth decay.

能快速核查是否长蛀牙的唾液检验

screening

Britain has an enviable record on breast screening for cancer.

英国妇女的乳腺癌患病率很低，着实令人羡慕。

7 VERB 动词 **筛选，甄别(看是否可靠)** When an organization screens people who apply to join it, it investigates them to make sure that they are not likely to cause problems.

They will screen all their candidates.

他们会对所有求职者进行筛选。

...screening procedures for the regiment.

部队的筛选程序

8 VERB 动词 **对人、行李进行安全检查** To screen people or luggage means to check them using special equipment to make sure they are not carrying a weapon or a bomb.

The airline had been screening baggage on X-ray machines.

该航空公司已采用X光机对行李进行安全检查。

9 VERB 动词 **转接，甄别(来电以决定是否接听)** If you screen your telephone calls, calls made to you are connected to an answering machine or are

answered by someone else, so that you can choose whether or not to speak to the people phoning you.

I employ a secretary to **screen** my calls.

我雇用了一名秘书转接打给我的电话。

相关词组：

[screen off](#) [screen out](#)

sea ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 **海；海洋** The sea is the salty water that covers about three-quarters of the earth's surface.

Most of the kids have never seen the sea...

多数孩子从未见过海。

All transport operations, whether by sea, rail or road, are closely monitored at all times.

所有的交通活动，无论是通过海路、铁路还是公路，都时刻受到密切监视。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **海面状态；海域** You use seas when you are describing the sea at a particular time or in a particular area.

He drowned after 30 minutes in the rough seas...

他在汹涌的海浪中挣扎了30分钟后淹死了。

The seas are warm further south.

海水的温度越往南越高。

3 N-COUNT ; N-IN-NAMES 名称名词；名称名词 **内海** A sea is a large area of salty water that is part of an ocean or is surrounded by land.

...the North Sea.

北海

...the huge inland sea of Turkana.

图尔卡纳浩瀚的内陆海

4 N-SING 单数名词 **大量；茫茫一片** A sea of people or things is a very large number of them together.

Down below them was the sea of upturned faces...

他们下面是无数张仰望的脸。

His eyes ran over the sea of bottles and glasses on the table.

他扫了一眼满桌的瓶子和玻璃杯。

5 PHRASE 短语 **茫然；困惑；不知所措** You can say that someone is **all at sea** when they are in a state of confusion or uncertainty.

If you had never seen a telly ad, you would be all at sea with popular culture.

如果你从没看过电视广告，你就搞不懂什么是大众文化。

6 PHRASE 短语 **在海上；在海里** At sea means on or under the sea, far away from land.

The boats remain at sea for an average of ten days at a time...

这些船只每次在海上平均航行10天。

His body was found at sea in waters off the Canary Islands.

他的尸体在离加那利群岛不远的海上被发现。

7 PHRASE 短语 **到海上；向海上** If you go or look out to sea, you go or look across the sea.

...fishermen who go to sea for two weeks at a time...

每次出海两周的渔夫们

He pointed out to sea.

他指向大海。

search ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **搜寻；搜索；搜查；寻求** If you search for something or someone, you look carefully for them.

The Turkish security forces have started searching for the missing men...

土耳其安全部队已经开始搜寻失踪人员。

They searched for a spot where they could sit on the floor...

他们在地板上寻找一处能够坐下的地方。

Nonetheless there are signs that both sides may be searching for a compromise.

然而，有迹象表明双方可能都在寻求和解。

2 VERB 动词 **在...中搜寻(或搜索)；搜查(某地)** If you search a place, you look carefully for something or someone there.

Armed troops searched the hospital yesterday...

武装部队昨天搜查了该医院。

She searched her desk for the necessary information...

她在她的书桌上搜寻必要的信息。

Relief workers are still searching through collapsed buildings looking for victims.

救援人员仍然在倒塌的建筑中搜寻罹难者。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **搜寻；寻求** A search is an attempt to find something or someone by looking for them carefully.

There was no chance of him being found alive and the search was abandoned...

他没有生还的可能，因此人们放弃了搜寻。

Egypt has said there is no time to lose in the search for a Middle East settlement.

埃及称寻求中东和解刻不容缓。

4 VERB 动词 **搜查；对...搜身** If a police officer or someone else in authority searches you, they look carefully to see whether you have something hidden on you.

The man took her suitcase from her and then searched her...

那名男子拿过她手中的提箱，然后对她搜身。

His first task was to search them for weapons.

他首先要搜查他们身上是否携带武器。

5 VERB 动词 **(在电脑上)搜索，检索** If you search for information on a computer, you give the computer an instruction to find that information.

You can use a directory service to search for people on the Internet.

你可以利用因特网的目录服务搜索人名。

Search is also a noun.

He was doing a computer search of local news articles.

他在电脑上搜索当地的新闻报道。

6 See also: [searching](#) ; [strip-search](#) ;

7 PHRASE 短语 **寻找；寻求** If you go in search of something or someone, you try to find them.

Miserable, and unexpectedly lonely, she went in search of Jean-Paul...

内心痛苦、突感寂寞的她去寻找琼·保罗。

The law already denies entry to people in search of better economic opportunities.

法律已经将那些逐寻更好商机的人们拒之门外。

8 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(用于强调)我怎么知道** You say 'search me' when someone asks you a question and you want to emphasize that you do not know the answer.

'So why did he get interested all of a sudden?' — 'Search me.'

“那他为什么突然感兴趣了？”——“我怎么知道。”

相关词组：

[search out](#)

seat ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **座椅；椅子；座位** A seat is an object that you can sit on, for example a chair.

Stephen returned to his seat...

斯蒂芬回到自己的座位上。

Ann could remember sitting in the back seat of their car.

安记得坐在他们车里的后排座上了。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(椅子等的)座部，椅面** The seat of a chair is the part that you sit on.

The stool had a torn, red plastic seat.

那个凳子的红色塑料座面已经破旧不堪。

3 VERB 动词 **坐下；就座** If you seat yourself somewhere, you sit down.

He waved towards a chair, and seated himself at the desk.

他挥手指了指一把椅子，自己在书桌旁坐了下来。

...a portrait of one of his favourite models seated on an elegant sofa.

一幅他最喜欢的模特之一的画像，画中人坐在雅致的沙发上。

4 VERB 动词 **(房间、车辆)可坐...人，容纳...人** A building or vehicle that seats a particular number of people has enough seats for that number.

The Theatre seats 570.

那个剧院可容纳570人。

5 N-SING 单数名词 **(裤子的)臀部** The seat of a piece of clothing is the part that covers your bottom.

Then he got up and brushed off the seat of his jeans.

然后他站起来，拍了拍牛仔裤的臀部。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (国会、议会、参议院中的)席位 When someone is elected to a parliament, congress, or senate, you can say that they, or their party, have won a **seat**.

Independent candidates won the majority of **seats** on the local council.

无党派候选人在地方议会选举中赢得了多数席位。

...a Maryland Republican who lost his **seat**.

一名失掉席位的马里兰州共和党党员

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (公司董事会、委员会中的)席位，职位 If someone has a **seat** on the board of a company or on a committee, they are a member of it.

He has been unsuccessful in his attempt to win a **seat** on the board of the company.

他始终未能如愿以偿地在公司董事会中谋得一席之地。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 (组织、活动的)中心地，所在地；(豪门的)宅邸 The **seat** of an organization, a wealthy family, or an activity is its base.

Gunfire broke out early this morning around the **seat** of government in Lagos.

今天凌晨在拉各斯的政府大楼周围发生了枪战。

...Weston Park, family **seat** of the Earl of Bradford.

韦斯顿公园，布拉德福德伯爵的祖宅

9 See also: [deep-seated](#) ; [hot seat](#) ;

10 PHRASE 短语 让权于他人；退居次要位置 If you **take a back seat**, you allow other people to have all the power and to make all the decisions.

You need to **take a back seat** and think about both past and future...

你得退居二线，把过去和将来都将清楚。

This is a country where women usually **take a back seat**.

在这个国家通常是男尊女卑。

11 PHRASE 短语 坐下；入座 If you **take a seat**, you sit down.

'Take a **seat**,' he said in a bored tone...

“请坐，”他不耐烦地说道。

Rachel smiled at him as they took their **seats** on opposite sides of the table.

他们分坐在桌子两边，雷切尔对他微笑了一下。

12 **bums on seats**→see: [bum](#) ; in the driving seat→see: [driving seat](#) ; by the seat of your pants→see: [pants](#) ;

secret ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 See also: [top secret](#) ; 秘密的；机密的；保密的 If something is **secret**, it is known about by only a small number of people, and is not told or shown to anyone else.

Soldiers have been training at a **secret** location...

士兵们一直在一个秘密场所训练。

The police have been trying to keep the documents **secret**.

警方一直设法将这些文件保密。

secretly
He wore a hidden microphone to **secretly** tape-record conversations.
他身上藏了一个传声器，打算偷偷录下谈话内容。
...**secretly** organised events.
秘密组织的活动

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 秘密；机密；内情 A **secret** is a fact that is known by only a small number of people, and is not told to anyone else.

I think he enjoyed keeping our love a **secret**...

我觉得他喜欢和我偷偷摸摸地谈恋爱。

I didn't want anyone to know about it, it was my **secret**.

我不想任何人知道这件事，这是我的秘密。

3 N-SING 单数名词 秘诀；诀窍 If you say that a particular way of doing things is **the secret of** achieving something, you mean that it is the best or only way to achieve it.

The **secret of** success is honesty and fair dealing...

成功的秘诀在于诚实和公平交易。

I learned something about writing. The **secret** is to say less than you need.

我学过一点写作方面的技巧，秘诀就是欲说还休。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 奥秘；奥妙 Something's **secrets** are the things about it which have never been fully explained.

We have an opportunity now to really unlock the **secrets** of the universe...

我们现在有机会去真正解开宇宙的奥秘。

The past is riddled with deep dark **secrets**.

过去承载了诸多不可告人的惊天秘密。

5 PHRASE 短语 秘密地；暗地里 If you do something **in secret**, you do it without anyone else knowing.

Dan found out that I had been meeting my ex-boyfriend **in secret**.

丹发现我一直在跟前男友偷偷见面。

6 PHRASE 短语 保守秘密 If you say that someone can **keep a secret**, you mean that they can be trusted not to tell other people a secret that you have told them.

Tom was utterly indiscreet, and could never **keep a secret**.

汤姆言语很不谨慎，什么时候也别想他守住秘密。

7 PHRASE 短语 不隐瞒；开诚布公 If you **make no secret of** something, you tell others about it openly and clearly.

His wife **made no secret of** her hatred for the formal occasions...

他的妻子公开表示厌恶那些礼节性的场合。

Ministers are **making no secret** about their wish to buy American weapons.

部长们毫不隐瞒他们想要购买美国武器的愿望。

section ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [cross-section](#) ; 部分 A **section** of something is one of the parts into which it is divided or from which it is formed.

He said it was wrong to single out any **section** of society for Aids testing...

他说把社会中的任何一部分人抽选出来做艾滋病检查都是不对的。

They moulded a complete new bow **section** for the boat.

他们为这艘船铸造了一个完整的新船头。

...a large orchestra, with a vast percussion **section**.

拥有大型打击乐器组的大管弦乐队

...the Georgetown **section** of Washington, D.C.

华盛顿特区的乔治敦区

...a geological **section** of a rock.

岩石的地质剖面

2 VERB 动词 把...切成片；把...分成段(或组等) If something is **sectioned**, it is divided into sections.

It holds vegetables in place while they are being peeled or **sectioned**.

将蔬菜削皮或切片时用它来固定。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (文件的)节，章；(法律的)条，款，项 A **section** of an official document such as a report, law, or constitution is one of the parts into which it is divided.

...**section** 14 of the Trade Descriptions Act 1968.

1968年《商品说明法》第14条

...the all-important **section** on the powers of the federal government.

规定联邦政府权力的至关重要的条款

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 断面图；剖面图；截面图 A **section** is a diagram of something such as a building or a part of the body. It shows how the object would appear to you if it were cut from top to bottom and looked at from the side.

For some buildings a vertical **section** is more informative than a plan.

有些建筑的立面图能比平面图提供更多的信息。

5 **Caesarean section**→see: [Caesarean](#) ;

相关词组：

[section off](#)

sector ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [public sector](#) ; [private sector](#) ; (经济的)部门，行业，领域 A particular **sector** of a country's economy is the part connected with that specified type of industry.

...the nation's manufacturing **sector**.

该国的制造业

...the service **sector** of the Hong Kong economy.

香港经济中的服务行业

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (大型组织的)部分, 小群体 A sector of a large group is a smaller group which is part of it.

Workers who went to the Gulf came from the poorest sectors of Pakistani society.

前往海湾的工人来自巴基斯坦最贫穷的社会阶层。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 军事管制区; 军事防御区 A sector is an area of a city or country which is controlled by a military force.

Officers were going to retake sectors of the city.

军官们打算重新夺回该市的防御区。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 扇形 A sector is a part of a circle which is formed when you draw two straight lines from the centre of the circle to the edge.

secure ★★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 (经过努力)获得, 争取到 If you secure something that you want or need, you obtain it, often after a lot of effort.

Federal leaders continued their efforts to secure a ceasefire...

联邦领导人继续争取促成停火协议。

Graham's achievements helped secure him the job.

出色的成绩帮助格雷厄姆拿下了这份工作。

2 VERB 动词 使...免遭攻击(或伤害); 保卫; 保护 If you secure a place, you make it safe from harm or attack.

Staff withdrew from the main part of the prison but secured the perimeter...

工作人员从监狱的主要区域撤出, 但外围仍派人守卫。

The shed was secured by a hasp and staple fastener.

棚屋由一个搭钩和U型扣件固定着。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 锁牢的; 严密防守的 A secure place is tightly locked or well protected, so that people cannot enter it or leave it.

We shall make sure our home is as secure as possible from now on.

我们应该确保家里从今往后尽量锁紧门窗。

securely

He locked the heavy door securely and kept the key in his pocket.

他把笨重的大门锁紧, 将钥匙放在口袋里。

...territory once securely under the control of the rebels.

一度被叛军牢牢控制的领土

4 VERB 动词 使固定; 缚牢; 系紧 If you secure an object, you fasten it firmly to another object.

He helped her close the cases up, and then he secured the canvas straps as tight as they would go...

他帮她关上箱子, 然后将帆布带子尽量系紧。

The frames are secured by horizontal rails to the back wall.

框架用横杆牢牢固定在后墙上。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 固定不动的; 绑紧的; 系牢的 If an object is secure, it is fixed firmly in position.

Check joints are secure and the wood is sound...

检查一下连接处是否稳固及木料是否结实。

Shelves are only as secure as their fixings.

架子的牢固程度取决于固件。

securely

Ensure that the frame is securely fixed to the ground with bolts...

确保用螺栓把框架牢牢地固定在地面上。

Builders must fasten down roofs of newly-built homes more securely.

建造工人必须把新建房屋的屋顶固定得更牢靠些。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 稳固的; 稳定的; 可靠的 If you describe something such as a job as secure, it is certain not to change or end.

...trade union demands for secure wages and employment...

工会要求稳定的工资和工作。

Senior citizens long for a more predictable and secure future.

老年人渴望有一个更稳定、更可预见的未来。

...the failure of financial institutions once thought to be secure.

一度被认为安全可靠的一些金融机构的倒闭

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (基础)坚固的, 坚实的, 可靠的 A secure base or foundation is strong and reliable.

He was determined to give his family a secure and solid base.

他决定给家人一个牢固坚实的生活基础。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 安心的; 心里踏实的; 无忧无虑的 If you feel secure, you feel safe and happy and are not worried about life.

She felt secure and protected when she was with him...

和他在一起的时候, 她感到一种被人保护的安全感。

The government must feel secure before it will be willing to make the concessions needed for peace.

政府只有有足够的把握了才会愿意为和平作出让步。

9 VERB 动词 为(借款等)作保 If a loan is secured, the person who lends the money may take property such as a house from the person who borrows the money if they fail to repay it.

The loan is secured against your home...

这笔贷款以你的房子作为抵押。

His main task is to raise enough finance to repay secured loans.

他的主要任务是筹集足够的资金以偿还抵押贷款。

seed ★★★★★☆

1 N-VAR 可变名词 籽; 种子 A seed is the small, hard part of a plant from which a new plant grows.

...a packet of cabbage seed...

一包卷心菜籽

I sow the seed in pots of soil-based compost.

我把种子种在几盆掺有堆肥的土里。

...sunflower seeds.

葵花籽

2 VERB 动词 在(地里)播种 If you seed a piece of land, you plant seeds in it.

Men mowed the wide lawns and seeded them...

人们割了大片草地的草, 然后在上边播种。

The primroses should begin to seed themselves down the steep hillside.

报春花应该开始沿着陡峭的山坡一路撒播种子了。

...his newly seeded lawns.

他那几片刚刚播种的草地

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (感情、过程的)起源, 开端, 萌芽 You can refer to the seeds of something when you want to talk about the beginning of a feeling or process that gradually develops and becomes stronger or more important.

He raised questions meant to plant seeds of doubts in the minds of jurors...

他提出几个问题意欲引起陪审员的疑心。

He considered that there were, in these developments, the seeds of a new moral order.

他认为在这些事态发展中包蕴着一种新的道德秩序的萌芽。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (网球、羽毛球等体育项目中的)种子选手 In sports such as tennis or badminton, a seed is a player who has been ranked according to his or her ability.

...Pete Sampras, Wimbledon's top seed and the world No.1...

皮特·桑普拉斯, 温布尔登网球锦标赛的头号种子, 世界排名第一

In the final Capriati, the third seed, defeated Katerina Maleeva.

在决赛中, 三号种子选手卡普里亚蒂击败了凯特林娜·马莉娃。

5 VERB 动词 将(选手或参赛队)排列名次 When a player or a team is seeded in a sports competition, they are ranked according to their ability.

In the UEFA Cup the top 16 sides are seeded for the first round...

在欧洲联盟杯比赛中, 排名前 16 位的球队已按位次进入首轮。

He is seeded second, behind Brad Beven...

他被列为二号种子选手, 位居布拉德·贝文之后。

The top four seeded nations are through to the semi-finals.

排名前四位的国家进入半决赛。

6 PHRASE 短语 开花结籽 If vegetable plants go to seed or run to seed, they produce flowers and seeds as well as leaves.

If unused, winter radishes run to **seed** in spring.

如果不去动的话，冬萝卜会在春天开花结籽。

2 PHRASE 短语 **衰老；风光不再；衰退；退化** If you say that someone or something **has gone to seed** or **has run to seed**, you mean that they have become much less attractive, healthy, or efficient.

He says the economy has gone to seed...

他说经济已经走向衰退。

He was a big man in his forties; once he had a lot of muscle but now he was running to seed.

他40多岁时很魁梧，曾经肌肉发达，但如今身体逐渐衰弱了。

Senate ★★★★★

1 N-PROPER-COLL 专有集合名词 (美国、澳大利亚等国议会的)参议院 The Senate is the smaller and more important of the two parts of the parliament in some countries, for example the United States and Australia. →see usage note at: [government](#)

The Senate is expected to pass the bill shortly.

预计参议院不久就会通过此议案。

...a Senate committee.

参议院委员会

2 N-PROPER-COLL 专有集合名词 (某些大学的)大学理事会，大学评议会 Senate or the Senate is the governing council at some universities.

By the time I was Vice Chancellor, Senate had become a much larger and a much more democratic body...

到了我当校长的时候，大学评议会的人员规模已显著扩大，也变得更加民主了。

The new bill would remove student representation from the university Senate.

新议案将取消大学评议会中的学生代表。

senior ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (在组织或专业领域中)级别高的，资深的

The senior people in an organization or profession have the highest and most important jobs.

...senior officials in the Israeli government.

以色列政府的高级官员

...the company's senior management...

公司的高级管理层

Television and radio needed many more women in senior jobs.

电视和广播领域需要有更多女性来担任高级职位。

2 ADJ 形容词 职位高于...的；资格比...老的；更资深的 If someone is **senior to** you in an organization or profession, they have a higher and more important job than you or they are considered to be superior to you because they have worked there for longer and have more experience.

The position had to be filled by an officer senior to Haig...

这个位置必须由一个职位高于黑格的官员来担任。

Williams felt himself to be senior to all of them.

威廉斯自认为比他们所有人资格都要老。

Your seniors are the people who are senior to you. 上级；上司；前辈

He was described by his seniors as a model officer.

上司们形容他是个模范官员。

3 N-SING 单数名词 较年长的人；比...大...岁的人

Senior is used when indicating how much older one person is than another. For example, if someone is ten years your senior, they are ten years older than you.

She became involved with a married man many years her senior.

她和一个比自己大很多岁的已婚男子好上了。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (中学或大学里的)高年级学生，毕业班学生 Seniors are students in a high school, university, or college who are the oldest and who have reached an advanced level in their studies.

5 ADJ 形容词 (比赛)成人的，高水平的 If you take part in a sport at senior level, you take part in competitions with adults and people who have reached a high degree of achievement in that sport.

This will be his fifth international championship and his third at senior level.

这将是他的第五个世界冠军，第三个成人级别赛事的冠军。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (高尔夫、网球等体育运动中的)年长的运动员，资深运动员 In sports such as golf and tennis, a senior is a professional player who is fairly old and who plays in special competitions against other older players.

sentence ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 句子 A sentence is a group of words which, when they are written down, begin with a capital letter and end with a full stop, question mark, or exclamation mark. Most sentences contain a subject and a verb.

2 N-VAR 可变名词 See also: [death sentence](#); [life sentence](#); [suspended sentence](#); 判决；宣判；判刑 In a law court, a sentence is the punishment that a person receives after they have been found guilty of a crime.

They are already serving prison sentences for their part in the assassination...

他们因参与这起刺杀已经开始在监狱服刑了。

He was given a four-year sentence...

他被判了4年徒刑。

The offences carry a maximum sentence of 10 years.

这些罪行最高可判10年徒刑。

...demands for tougher sentences...

从严量刑的要求

The court is expected to pass sentence later today.

预计法院今天晚些时候会宣布判决。

3 VERB 动词 判决；宣判；判刑 When a judge sentences someone, he or she states in court what their punishment will be.

A military court sentenced him to death in his absence...

一所军事法庭在他缺席的情况下判处他死刑。

She was sentenced to nine years in prison...

她被判9年徒刑。

He has admitted the charge and will be sentenced later.

他已经认罪，会在晚些时候宣判。

separate ★★★★★

The adjective and noun are pronounced /ˈseɪpəreɪ/. The verb is pronounced /ˈseɪpəret/. 形容词和名词读作 /ˈseɪpəreɪ/，动词读作 /ˈseɪpəret/。

1 ADJ 形容词 分开的；单独的；独立的 If one thing is **separate from** another, there is a barrier, space, or division between them, so that they are clearly two things.

Each villa has a separate sitting-room...

每栋别墅都有一间独立的起居室。

They are now making plans to form their own separate party...

他们如今正计划组建自己的独立政党。

Business bank accounts were kept separate from personal ones.

银行的商业账户和个人账户是分开管理的。

separateness

...establishing Australia's cultural separateness from Britain.

确立澳大利亚相对于英国的文化独立性

2 ADJ 形容词 不同的；各别的 If you refer to **separate** things, you mean several different things, rather than just one thing.

Use separate chopping boards for raw meats, cooked meats, vegetables and salads...

切生肉、熟肉、蔬菜和拌色拉的青菜时要使用不同的切菜板。

Men and women have separate exercise rooms...

男女有各自的健身房。

The authorities say six civilians have been killed in two separate attacks.

当局声称在两次不相关的袭击中已有6名平民丧生。

3 V-RECIP-ERG (使)分开；(使)分离；分割；划分 If you **separate** people or things that are together, or if they **separate**, they move apart.

Police moved in to separate the two groups...

警方介入进来，将两拨人分开。

The pans were held in both hands and swirled around to separate gold particles from the dirt...

双手握住淘选盘不停旋转将沙金和尘土分开。

The front end of the car separated from the rest of the vehicle...

汽车的前端和车身分开了。

They separated. Stephen returned to the square...

他们分开了，斯蒂芬返回了广场。

They're **separated** from the adult inmates.
他们同成年犯分开关押。

4 V-RECIP-ERG (使)分离；(使)分裂；(使)分开 If you **separate** people or things that have been connected, or if one **separates** from another, the connection between them is ended.

They want to **separate** teaching from research...
他们想把教学和研究分开。

It's very possible that we may see a movement to **separate** the two parts of the country...
很可能我们会目睹一场分裂该国这两个地区的运动。

He announced a new ministry to deal with Quebec's threat to **separate** from Canada.
他宣布成立一个新部门，专门处理魁北克威胁要从加拿大分裂出去一事。

5 V-RECIP 相互动词 分居 If a couple who are married or living together **separate**, they decide to live apart.

Her parents **separated** when she was very young...
她很小的时候父母就分居了。

Since I **separated** from my husband I have gone a long way.
自从我和我丈夫分开后，我的生活发生了很大的变化。

6 VERB 动词 隔开；阻隔；使分开 An object, obstacle, distance, or period of time which **separates** two people, groups, or things exists between them.

...the white-railed fence that **separated** the yard from the paddock...
将院子和小围场隔开的白色围栏

They had undoubtedly made progress in the six years that **separated** the two periods...
毫无疑问，他们在这两个时期相隔的6年间取得了进展。

Rural communities are widely **separated** and often small...
乡村村落彼此离得很远，而且通常规模很小。

But a group of six women and 23 children got **separated** from the others.
但是有一群人和其他人走散了，其中有6名妇人和23个孩子。

7 VERB 动词 分辨；区分；区别 If you **separate** one idea or fact from another, you clearly see or show the difference between them.

It is difficult to **separate** legend from truth...
很难将传说和事实区别开来。

...learning how to **separate** real problems from imaginary illnesses...
学习如何分辨真实的和想象出的疾病

It is difficult to **separate** the two aims.
很难将这两个目标区分开来。

Separate out means the same as **separate**. [separate out](#) 同 [separate](#)

How can one ever **separate** out the act from the attitudes that surround it?
一个人的行为及与其息息相关的态度怎么能区分得开呢？

8 VERB 动词 使得以区分；使获得区别 A quality or factor that **separates** one thing from another is the reason why the two things are different from each other.

The single most important factor that **separates** ordinary photographs from good photographs is the lighting...
区分普通照片和出色照片的一个至关重要的因素就是光线。

What **separates** terrorism from other acts of violence?
恐怖主义和其他暴力行为的区别是什么？

9 VERB 动词 (两个参赛队或竞争者比分)相隔，相差 If a particular number of points **separate** two teams or competitors, one of them is winning or has won by that number of points.

In the end only three points **separated** the two teams.
最终两队只相差3分。

10 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 分割；划分；拆散 If you **separate** a group of people or things into smaller elements, or if a group **separates**, it is divided into smaller elements.

The police wanted to **separate** them into smaller groups...
警察想把他们拆散成几小股。

Wallerstein's work can be **separated** into three main component themes...
沃勒斯坦的作品可以细分成3个主要的主题。

Let's **separate** into smaller groups...
我们分成几个小组吧。

So all the colours that make up white light are sent in different directions and they **separate**.
这样构成白色光的所有颜色被投射到不同方向，从而分离开来。

Separate out means the same as **separate**. [separate out](#) 同 [separate](#)

If prepared many hours ahead, the mixture may **separate** out.
如果提前几个小时就准备好了，混合物可能会分离开。

11 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (非覆盖全身的)单件衣服 **Separates** are clothes such as skirts, trousers, and shirts which cover just the top half or the bottom half of your body.

12 See also: [separated](#) ;

13 PHRASE 短语 分道扬镳；分手；分路而行

When two or more people who have been together for some time go their **separate** ways, they go to different places or end their relationship.

Sue and her husband decided to go their **separate** ways.
苏和丈夫决定离婚。

14 to **separate** the wheat from the chaff → see: [chaff](#) ;

Usage Note :

Be careful with the spelling of this word.

注意该词的拼写。

相关词组 :

[separate out](#)

series ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 一连串；一系列；连续；接连 A **series** of things or events is a number of them that come one after the other.

...a **series** of meetings with students and political leaders.
与学生和政治领袖的一系列会面

...a **series** of explosions.
一连串的爆炸事件

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (广播或电视的)系列节目，系列片 A radio or television **series** is a set of programmes of a particular kind which have the same title.

...the TV **series** 'The Trials of Life' presented by David Attenborough.
由戴维·阿滕伯勒主持的电视系列片《生命之源》

...the world's longest-running radio **series**, Britain's 'The Archers'.
世界上最长的广播剧，英国的《阿彻一家》

Usage Note :

Take care not to confuse **series** and **serial**

注意不要混淆 **series** 和 **serial**。

serve ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 为...服务；为...效力；为...效忠 If you **serve** your country, an organization, or a person, you do useful work for them.

It is unfair to soldiers who have **served** their country well for many years...
这对那些为国效忠多年的士兵们来说是不公平的。

I have always said that I would **serve** the Party in any way it felt appropriate.
我一直说，只要需要，我愿意为党效力，不管以何种方式。

2 VERB 动词 (尤指在部队)服役；(在政府部门)任职 If you **serve** in a particular place or as a particular official, you perform official duties, especially in the armed forces, as a civil servant, or as a politician.

During the second world war he **served** with RAF Coastal Command...
二战期间他在英国皇家空军海防总队服役。

He also **served** on the National Front's national executive committee...
他还曾就职于民族阵线全国执行委员会。

For seven years until 1991 he **served** as a district

councillor in Solihull.

直到1991年他连续7年在索利霍尔担任区议员。

3 VERB 动词 用作；可当...使用；充作 If something **serves** as a particular thing or serves a particular purpose, it performs a particular function, which is often not its intended function.

She ushered me into the front room, which **served** as her office...

她把我领进了她用作办公室的前厅。

I really do not think that an inquiry would **serve** any useful purpose...

我真的认为调查没有任何实际意义。

Their brief visit has **served** to underline the deep differences between the two countries...

他们短暂的访问恰恰凸显了两国间分歧的严重程度。

The old drawing room **serves** her as both sitting room and study.

原来那间起居室成了她的客厅兼书房。

4 VERB 动词 供应(某地或某人)；为...提供服务 If something **serves** people or an area, it provides them with something that they need.

This could mean the closure of thousands of small businesses which **serve** the community...

这可能意味着成千上万家服务社会的小企业将要倒闭。

...improvements in the public water-supply system serving the Nairobi area...

内罗毕地区的公共供水系统的改善

Cuba is well **served** by motorways.

古巴的高速公路四通八达。

...a desire to make education **serve** the needs of politicians and business.

让教育为政治家和企业的需求服务的欲望

5 VERB 动词 对...有用；能满足...的需要；符合...的利益 Something that **serves** someone's interests benefits them.

The economy should be organized to **serve** the interests of all the people...

经济的组织运行应符合所有人的利益。

They may well decide that their interests would be best **served** by joining in.

他们很有可能认定参与其中才会令其利益最大化。

6 VERB 动词 (给...)提供，端上(食物)；上(菜)；开(饭) When you **serve** food and drink, you give people food and drink.

Serve it with French bread...

把它和法式面包一起端上去。

Serve the cakes warm...

趁热上蛋糕。

Prepare the garnishes shortly before you are ready to **serve** the soup.

在快要准备上汤前再在上面加点装饰菜。

...the pleasure of having someone **serve** you champagne and caviar in bed...

有人把香槟和鱼子酱给你端到床边的惬意

They are expected to babysit, run errands, and help **serve** at cocktail parties.

要求他们做的事情有:看孩子、跑腿儿、在鸡尾酒会上帮忙招待。

Serve up means the same as **serve**. **serve up** 同 **serve**

After all, it is no use **servicing** up TV dinners if the kids won't eat them...

毕竟，如果孩子不想吃冷冻快餐，给他们也没用。

He **served** it up on delicate white plates.

他把它放在精美的白色碟子里端上了桌。

7 VERB 动词 (食物的量)足够...吃 **Serve** is used to indicate how much food a recipe produces. For example, a recipe that **serves** six provides enough food for six people.

Garnish with fresh herbs. **Serves** 4.

配以新鲜香草，4人份。

8 VERB 动词 接待，服务，招待(顾客) Someone who **serves** customers in a shop or a bar helps them and provides them with what they want to buy.

They wouldn't **serve** me in any pubs 'cos I looked too young...

这些酒吧都不让我进，因为我看上去太小了。

Auntie and Uncle suggested she **serve** in the shop.

阿姨和叔叔建议她去商店工作。

9 VERB 动词 送交(令状等)；把...送达 When the police or other officials **serve** someone with a legal order or **serve** an order on them, they give or send the legal order to them.

Immigration officers tried to **serve** her with a deportation order...

移民局官员试图向她下达驱逐令。

Police said they had been unable to **serve** a summons on 25-year-old Lee Jones.

警方说他们无法传唤25岁的李·琼斯。

10 VERB 动词 服(刑)；当(学徒) If you **serve** something such as a prison sentence or an apprenticeship, you spend a period of time doing it.

...Leo, who is currently **serving** a life sentence for murder...

因谋杀罪正在服无期徒刑的利奥

He was able to **serve** his apprenticeship as a trainer with Eddie Futch.

他当时师从埃迪·富齐学当拳击教练员。

11 VERB 动词 (在网球、羽毛球等比赛中)发球 When you **serve** in games such as tennis and badminton, you throw up the ball or shuttlecock and hit it to start play.

He **served** 17 double faults...

他有17次双发失误。

If you **serve** like this nobody can beat you.

如果你像这样发球，没有人可以击败你。

Serve is also a noun.

His second **serve** clipped the net.

他的第二发球擦网了。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 (某些球类比赛中的)发球 When you describe someone's **serve**, you are indicating how well or how fast they serve a ball or shuttlecock.

His powerful **serve** was too much for the defending champion.

他的大力发球让卫冕冠军难以招架。

13 See also: [serving](#) ;

14 PHRASE 短语 咎由自取；罪有应得；活该 If you say **it serves** someone **right** when something unpleasant happens to them, you mean that it is their own fault and you have no sympathy for them.

Serves her **right** for being so stubborn.

她太固执了，活该。

相关词组：

[serve out](#) [serve up](#)

session ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (议会等的)会议；(法庭的)开庭 A **session** is a meeting of a court, parliament, or other official group.

...an emergency **session** of parliament...

议会紧急会议

After two late night **sessions**, the Security Council has failed to reach agreement...

在深夜召开两次会议后，安全理事会还是没有达成一致。

The court was in **session**.

法庭在开庭。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (议会等的)会期；(法庭的)开庭期 A **session** is a period during which the meetings of a court, parliament, or other official group are regularly held.

The parliamentary **session** ends on October 4th...

议会会期在10月4日结束。

From September until December, Congress remained in **session**.

从9月到12月，国会一直都在开会。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (某项活动的一段时间，一场，一节) A **session** of a particular activity is a period of that activity.

The two leaders emerged for a photo **session**.

两位领导现身接受记者拍照。

...group therapy **sessions**.

小组治疗时间

4 ADJ 形容词 (音乐家)伴奏的 **Session** musicians are employed to play backing music in recording studios.

He established himself as a **session** musician.

他成为了一位伴奏音乐家。

...a **session** drummer.

伴奏鼓手

settle ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 解决，结束(争端、纠纷) If people

settle an argument or problem, or if something settles it, they solve it, for example by making a decision about who is right or about what to do.

They agreed to try to **settle** their dispute by negotiation...

他们同意通过谈判来努力解决纠纷。

Both sides are looking for ways to **settle** their differences...

双方都在寻求消除分歧的方法。

Tomorrow's vote is unlikely to **settle** the question of who will replace their leader.

明天的投票不太可能确定将由谁取代他们的领袖。

2 VERB 动词 **庭外和解** If people **settle** a legal dispute or if they **settle**, they agree to end the dispute without going to a court of law, for example by paying some money or by apologizing.

In an attempt to **settle** the case, Molken has agreed to pay restitution...

为了争取庭外和解，莫尔肯同意赔款。

She got much less than she would have done if she had **settled** out of court...

如果她同意庭外和解的话，得到的肯定会更多。

His company **settled** with the American authorities by paying a \$200 million fine.

他的公司和美国当局达成了和解，同意支付 2 亿美元的罚款。

3 VERB 动词 **付清(欠款)；结算(账单)；结账** If you **settle** a bill or debt, you pay the amount that you owe.

I **settled** the bill for my coffee and his two glasses of wine...

我为我的咖啡和他的两杯葡萄酒付了账。

They **settled** with Colin at the end of the evening.

晚上聚会结束的时候他们和科林结清了账。

4 VERB 动词 **决定；确定；安排好** If something is **settled**, it has all been decided and arranged.

As far as we're concerned, the matter is **settled**...

我们这边已经安排妥当了。

That's **settled** then. We'll exchange addresses tonight.

那就定下来了，我们今晚交换联系地址。

5 VERB 动词 **(以遗嘱等正式方式)赠予，授予** To **settle** money on someone means to formally give it to them, for example in a will.

She offered to **settle** a legacy on Katharine.

她提出要把一笔遗产留给凯瑟琳。

6 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **在...定居；使定居；把...安置在** When people **settle** a place or in a place, or when a government **settles** them there, they start living there permanently.

Refugees **settling** in Britain suffer from a number of problems...

在英国定居的难民面临很多问题。

He visited Paris and eventually **settled** there...

他造访了巴黎，并最终在那儿定居下来。

This was one of the first areas to be **settled** by Europeans...

这是欧洲人最早的定居地之一。

Thirty-thousand-million dollars is needed to **settle** the refugees.

安顿这些难民需要耗资 300 亿美元。

7 VERB 动词 **(使)坐下；(使)处于舒适的位置** If you **settle** yourself somewhere or **settle** somewhere, you sit down or make yourself comfortable.

Albert **settled** himself on the sofa...

艾伯特舒舒服服地坐在沙发上。

Jessica **settled** into her chair with a small sigh of relief.

杰茜卡微微松了口气，坐到了椅子上。

8 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)缓慢沉落；(使)逐渐下陷** If something **settles** or if you **settle** it, it sinks slowly down and becomes still.

A black dust **settled** on the walls...

墙上落了一层黑色的粉尘。

Once its impurities had **settled**, the oil could be graded...

一旦杂质沉淀下去，油就可以分级了。

Tap each one firmly on your work surface to **settle** the mixture.

在工作台上逐个轻轻敲紧，让混合物变得密实。

9 VERB 动词 **(目光)落在...上，注视着** If your eyes **settle** on or upon something, you stop looking around and look at that thing for some time.

The man let his eyes **settle** upon Cross's face.

那名男子的目光落在了克罗斯的脸上。

10 VERB 动词 **(鸟、昆虫)降落，栖息** When birds or insects **settle** on something, they land on it from above.

Moths flew in front of it, eventually **settling** on the rough painted metal.

几只蛾子在它前面飞，最终落在了那块粗糙的喷漆金属上。

11 See also: [settled](#) ;

12 **when the dust settles** → see: [dust](#) ;

to settle a score → see: [score](#) ;

相关词组：

[settle down](#) [settle for](#) [settle in](#) [settle on](#) [settle up](#)

settlement ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(争议双方的)正式协议，和解** A **settlement** is an official agreement between two sides who were involved in a conflict or argument.

Our objective must be to secure a peace **settlement**...

我们一定要达成和平协议。

They are not optimistic about a **settlement** of the eleven year conflict.

他们不是很有信心能和平解决这场长达 11 年的纷争。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(通过赔偿等达成的)庭外和解** A **settlement** is an agreement to end a disagreement or dispute without going to a court of law, for example by offering someone money.

She accepted an out-of-court **settlement** of £4,000.

她同意支付 4,000 英镑的庭外和解赔偿金。

...a libel **settlement**.

一宗诽谤案的庭外和解

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(欠款的)偿付，支付，结算，清偿** The **settlement** of a debt is the act of paying back money that you owe.

...ways to delay the **settlement** of debts.

延期清偿债务的办法

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **定居点；聚居地** A **settlement** is a place where people have come to live and have built homes.

The village is a **settlement** of just fifty houses.

这个村子里只住了 50 户人。

...a Muslim **settlement**.

穆斯林聚居区

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **移民；殖民；开拓** The **settlement** of a group of people is the process in which they settle in a place where people from their country have never lived before.

...the **settlement** of immigrants in the occupied territories.

向占领地移民的殖民开拓

set-up ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **体制；组织方式；建制** A particular **set-up** is a particular system or way of organizing something.

It appears to be an idyllic domestic **set-up**...

这似乎是一种田园诗般的家庭组成格局。

I gradually got rather disillusioned with the whole **set-up** of the university.

渐渐地，我对大学的整个体制感到相当失望。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **陷害；栽赃** If you describe a situation as a **set-up**, you mean that people have planned it in order to deceive you or to make it look as if you have done something wrong.

He was asked to pick somebody up and bring them to a party, not realizing it was a **set-up**.

有人让他开车去接几个人来参加聚会，他并没有意识到这是个陷阱。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **(软件或硬件的)安装，设置** The **set-up** of computer hardware or software is the process of installing it and making it ready to use.

The worst part of the **set-up** is the poor instruction manual...

安装时最糟糕的就是操作指南讲述不够清楚。

... the **set-up** program.

安装程序

seventeenth ★★★★★

ORD 序数词 **第十七** The **seventeenth** item in a

1 series is the one that you count as number seventeen.

She gave birth to Annabel just after her **seventeenth** birthday.

她17岁生日刚过便生下了安娜贝尔。

2 FRACTION 分数词 **十七分之一** A **seventeenth** is one of seventeen equal parts of something.

seventh ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第七** The **seventh** item in a series is the one that you count as number seven.

I was the **seventh** child in a family of 11.

我在家里的11个孩子中排行老七。

2 FRACTION 分数词 **七分之一** A **seventh** is one of seven equal parts of something.

A million people died, a **seventh** of the population.

共有100万人丧生，占总人口的七分之一。

seventieth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第七十** The **seventieth** item in a series is the one that you count as number seventy.

...the **seventieth** anniversary of the discovery of Tutankhamun's tomb.

图坦卡蒙发现70周年纪念日

2 FRACTION 分数词 **七十分之一** A **seventieth** is one of seventy equal parts of something.

severe ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **十分严重的；极为恶劣的** You use severe to indicate that something bad or undesirable is great or intense.

...a business with **severe** cash flow problems...

有严重资金周转问题的公司

I suffered from **severe** bouts of depression...

我曾患有严重的抑郁症。

Steve passed out on the floor and woke up blinded and in **severe** pain...

史蒂夫昏倒在地板上，醒来后什么也看不见了，还感到剧烈的疼痛。

Shortages of professional staff are very **severe** in some places.

有些地方专业人员严重短缺。

severely

The UN wants to send food aid to 10 countries in Africa **severely** affected by the drought...

联合国希望给非洲10个旱情严重的国家输送食物援助。

An aircraft overshot the runway and was **severely** damaged.

一架飞机冲出了跑道，严重受损。

...the **severely** depressed construction industry.

十分萧条的建筑业

severity

Several drugs are used to lessen the **severity** of the symptoms.

使用了几种药来减轻症状。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (惩罚、批评) **严厉的，严重的，苛刻的** Severe punishments or criticisms are very strong or harsh.

This was a dreadful crime and a **severe** sentence is necessary...

这一罪行十分恶劣，必须要重判。

Before she could reply, my mother launched into a **severe** reprimand.

她还没来得及回答，我妈妈就开始严厉地训斥起她来。

severely

...a campaign to try to change the law to punish dangerous drivers more **severely**.

试图修改法律以加重对危险驾车者处罚力度的运动

severity

The Bishop said he was sickened by the **severity** of the sentence...

主教说他对如此重的量刑大为震惊。

Believers were treated with the same **severity** as the Christians had been a few years earlier.

和几年前的基督徒一样，信徒们受到了同样严厉的对待。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (外貌、外观) **简朴的，朴素的，不加修饰的** If you describe the appearance of someone or something as severe, you do not like its plain appearance and lack of decoration.

...wearing her felt hats and **severe** grey suits...

戴着她的毡帽，穿着朴素的灰色套装

The cushions add a touch of colour in a room that might otherwise look **severe**.

靠垫给房间添了一抹亮色，不然房间看上去可能太素净了。

severity

When women started working in offices, they opted for **severity** in dress in order to imply sobriety.

女性开始在办公室上班后，就会选择朴素而简洁的着装，以看上去持重冷静。

sex ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [fair sex](#) ; [opposite sex](#) ; [same sex](#) ; [single sex](#) ; 男性；女性；雌性；雄性 The two **sexes** are the two groups, male and female, into which people and animals are divided according to the function they have in producing young.

...an entertainment star who appeals to all ages and both **sexes**.

男女老幼都喜欢的娱乐明星

...differences between the **sexes**.

两性之间的差异

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **性别；性别特征** The **sex** of a person or animal is their characteristic of being either male or female.

She continually failed to gain promotion because of her **sex**...

她因为是女性而迟迟得不到晋升。

The new technique has been used to identify the **sex** of fetuses.

这一新技术已经被用来鉴别胎儿的性别。

...**sex** discrimination.

性别歧视

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **性行为；性交；性活动** Sex is the physical activity by which people can produce young.

He was very open in his attitudes about **sex**...

他对待性的态度非常开放。

The entire film revolves around drugs, **sex** and violence...

整个影片围绕着毒品、性和暴力展开。

We have a very active **sex** life.

我们的性生活非常活跃。

4 VERB 动词 **辨别...的性别；辨识...的雌雄** If an animal is **sexed**, someone finds out whether it is male or female.

The birds must be weighed, **sexed** and tagged.

必须对这些鸟称重，辨识雌雄并挂上标牌。

5 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 **发生性关系；做爱** If two people **have sex**, they perform the act of sex.

I had no intention of having **sex** with him on a first date.

我并没想第一次约会就和他上床。

相关词组：

[sex up](#)

sexual ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **性爱的；性欲的；性行为的** Sexual feelings or activities are connected with the act of sex or with people's desire for sex.

This was the first **sexual** relationship I had had...

这是我第一次与人发生性关系。

Men's **sexual** fantasies often have little to do with their **sexual** desire.

男性的性幻想通常和他们的性欲没什么关系。

sexually

...**sexually** transmitted diseases...

性病

How many kids in this school are **sexually** active?

这个学校有多少年轻学生性行为活跃？

2 ADJ 形容词 **性别的；性别差异的；两性间的** Sexual means relating to the differences between male and female people.

Women's groups denounced **sexual** discrimination.

一些女性团体谴责性别歧视。

...**sexual** and racial equal opportunities.

不同性别、不同种族的人机会平等

sexually

If you're **sexually** harassed, you ought to do

something about it.

如果遭到了性骚扰，你应该采取行动。

3 ADJ 形容词 **性取向的；不同性观念的** **Sexual** means relating to the differences between heterosexuals and homosexuals.

...couples of all **sexual** persuasions.
有各种不同性观念的夫妇们

4 ADJ 形容词 **生殖的；有性繁殖的** **Sexual** means relating to the biological process by which people and animals produce young.

Girls generally reach **sexual** maturity two years earlier than boys.
通常女孩性发育成熟要比男孩早两年。

...**sexual** reproduction.
有性繁殖

sexually

The first organisms that reproduced **sexually** were free-floating plankton.

最早开始有性繁殖的生物是四处漂浮的浮游生物。

shake ★★★★★

The form shook can be used as the past participle for meaning 2 of the phrasal verb shake up. 短语动词 shake up 义项 2 的过去分词形式可写作 shook.

1 VERB 动词 **摇动；抖动；摇晃** If you **shake** something, you hold it and move it quickly backwards and forwards or up and down. You can also **shake** a person, for example, because you are angry with them or because you want them to wake up.

The nurse shook the thermometer and put it under my armpit...
护士把体温计用了用，然后放到了我的腋下。

Shake the rugs well and hang them for a few hours before replacing on the floor...
把地毯好好抖抖，挂起来晾上几小时再铺到地板上。

I've even seen her **shake** Zara when she's been naughty.
我甚至见过她在扎拉淘气的时候使劲摇晃她。

Shake is also a noun.

She picked up the bag of salad and gave it a **shake**.
她拿起色拉袋晃了晃。

2 VERB 动词 **摇动，抖动(身体或身体部位)** If you **shake yourself** or your body, you make a lot of quick, small, repeated movements without moving from the place where you are.

As soon as he got inside, the dog shook himself...
他一进来，狗就开始摇头摆尾。

He shook his hands to warm them up.
他摇动双手让它们暖和起来。

Shake is also a noun.

Take some slow, deep breaths and give your body a bit of a **shake**.
缓缓地深呼吸，并轻轻晃动身体。

3 VERB 动词 **摇头(表示拒绝、怀疑或难过)** If you **shake your head**, you turn it from side to side in order to say 'no' or to show disbelief or sadness.

'Anything else?' Colum asked. Kathryn shook her head wearily...
“还有别的吗？”科拉姆问。凯瑟琳疲惫地摇了摇头。

We were amazed, shocked, dumbfounded, shaking our heads in disbelief.
我们震惊、愕然、目瞪口呆，难以置信地摇着头。

Shake is also a noun.

Palmer gave a sad **shake** of his head.
帕尔默难过地摇了摇头。

4 VERB 动词 **(因为寒冷或害怕而)发抖，颤抖，战栗，哆嗦** If you are **shaking**, or a part of your body is **shaking**, you are making quick, small movements that you cannot control, for example because you are cold or afraid.

He roared with laughter, shaking in his chair...
他放声大笑，笑得身子在椅子上直颤。

My hand shook so much that I could hardly hold the microphone...
我的手抖得如此厉害，几乎都拿不住麦克风了。

I stood there, crying and shaking with fear.
我站在那儿哭，害怕得瑟瑟发抖。

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(因害怕、生病或喝醉酒而产生的)颤抖，战栗，哆嗦** If you have **the shakes**, your body is shaking a lot because you are afraid or ill, or because you have drunk too much alcohol.

Another man constantly chain-smoked and seemed to have **the shakes**.
另一名男子一直一支接一支地抽烟，似乎身体有些发抖。

6 VERB 动词 **(因愤怒而)挥动，舞动(拳头、棍子等)** If you **shake your fist** or an object such as a stick at someone, you wave it in the air in front of them because you are angry with them.

The colonel rushed up to Earle, shaking his gun at him...
上校冲向厄尔，朝他挥着枪。

The protesters burst through police lines into the cathedral square, shaking clenched fists.
抗议者冲破警方封锁线来到教堂广场上，挥舞着愤怒的拳头。

7 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)震颤；(使)震动；(使)摇动** If a force **shakes** something, or if something **shakes**, it moves from side to side or up and down with quick, small, but sometimes violent movements.

...an explosion that shook buildings several kilometers away...
使几公里以外的建筑物都感觉到震动的爆炸

The hiccups may **shake** your baby's body from head to foot...
打嗝可能会让宝宝从头到脚地颤。

The breeze grew in strength, the flags shook, plastic bunting creaked.
微风渐强，旗帜舞动起来，塑料彩纸吱吱作响。

8 VERB 动词 **摇(出)；抖(落)** To **shake** something into a certain place or state means to bring it into that place or state by moving it quickly up and down or from side to side.

Small insects can be collected by shaking them into a jar...
收集小昆虫时可以把它们装进广口瓶里。

She frees her mass of hair from a rubber band and **shakes** it off her shoulders...
她解开橡皮筋，将浓密的头发披散在肩头。

Shake off any excess flour before putting livers in the pan...
将多余的面粉抖落干净，再把肝脏放进锅中。

The prop shaft vibrated like mad and shook the exhaust mounting loose.
支撑杆疯狂地震动，将排气管都震松了。

9 VERB 动词 **(声音因紧张、生气等)颤抖** If your voice is **shaking**, you cannot control it properly and it sounds very unsteady, for example because you are nervous or angry.

His voice shaking with rage, he asked how the committee could keep such a report from the public.
他气得声音发抖，质问委员会这样一份报告怎么能向公众隐瞒。

10 VERB 动词 **使震惊；使激动；使烦乱** If an event or a piece of news **shakes** you, or **shakes** your confidence, it makes you feel upset and unable to think calmly.

The news of Tandy's escape had **shaken** them all...
坦迪逃跑的消息让他们所有人都无比震惊。

She was close to both of her parents and was undeniably **shaken** by their divorce...
她和父母的关系都很亲近，因此毫无疑问，他们的离婚对她打击很大。

Your optimism has been badly **shaken** over the past months.
在过去的几个月中你的乐观态度已经大为动摇。

shaken

Unhurt, but a bit **shaken**, she was trying not to cry.
虽安然无恙，但受了点惊吓，她强忍住不哭出来。

11 VERB 动词 **动摇(某人或其信念)** If an event **shakes** a group of people or their beliefs, it causes great uncertainty and makes them question their beliefs.

It won't **shake** the football world if we beat Torquay...
即便我们击败了托基队也不能撼动足球界。

When events happen that **shake** these beliefs, our fear takes control...
当一些事情的发生动摇这些信念时，恐惧就会占据我们的心灵。

The reforms announced by the health minister aim to win back confidence in a system **shaken** by a major scandal.
卫生部长宣布的改革措施旨在挽回人们对于因重大丑闻而发生动摇的体制的信心。

12 VERB 动词 **使摒弃，使改变(态度、信念)** If you

shake someone out of an attitude or belief that you disapprove of, you cause them to change their attitude or belief to one that is more responsible or sensible.

No amount of reasoning could **shake** him out of his conviction...

再怎样跟他讲道理都不能让他放弃自己认准的事。

Many businessmen still find it hard to **shake** themselves out of the old state-dependent habit.

很多商人发现自己仍然很难摆脱依赖政府的老习惯。

13 N-COUNT 可数名词 同 [milkshake](#) A **shake** is the same as a **milkshake**.

He sent his driver to fetch him a strawberry **shake**.

他让司机去给他买一杯草莓奶昔。

14 PHRASE 短语 [公平的机会](#) If you do not get a **fair shake**, you are not given a reasonable opportunity to succeed or to achieve something.

A lot of people think that they're not going to get a **fair shake** from the courts.

很多人认为他们在法庭上不会受到公平的审判。

15 PHRASE 短语 [技术不高的；不出色的；无效的](#) If you say that someone or something is **no great shakes**, you mean that they are not very skilful or effective.

I'm no great **shakes** as a detective...

作为一名侦探我并不出色。

The protests have failed partly because the opposition politicians are no great **shakes**.

抗议失败了，部分原因是因为反对派政治家们并未发挥积极作用。

16 PHRASE 短语 [与...握手](#) If you **shake** someone's **hand** or **shake** someone **by the hand**, you shake hands with them.

I said congratulations and walked over to him and shook his hand...

我向他表示祝贺，并走过去和他握手。

The Secretary emerged, a big fat man who quickly shook us all by the hand.

这位大臣现身了，是一个大块头，他迅速和我们所有人都握了手。

17 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 [\(打招呼、道别、道贺或表示赞同时\)与...握手](#) If you **shake hands** with someone, you take their right hand in your own for a few moments, often moving it up and down slightly, when you are saying hello or goodbye to them, congratulating them, or agreeing on something. You can also say that two people **shake hands**.

He nodded greetings to Mary Ann and Michael and shook hands with Burke...

他向玛丽·安及迈克尔点头致意，并和伯克握了手。

We shook hands and parted on good terms.

我们握了握手，然后祝福道别。

18 to **shake the foundations of** something→see: [foundation](#) ;

to shake like a leaf→see: [leaf](#) ; more things than you can shake a stick at→see: [stick](#) ; shaken but not stirred→see: [stir](#) ;

相关词组：

[shake down](#) [shake off](#) [shake out](#) [shake up](#)

shall ★★★★★

Shall is a modal verb. It is used with the base form of a verb. shall 是情态动词，和动词原形连用。

1 MODAL 情态动词 [\(用在疑问句中，与和we连用表示提出或征求意见\)](#) You use **shall** with 'I' and 'we' in questions in order to make offers or suggestions, or to ask for advice.

Shall I get the keys?...

我去拿钥匙好吗？

I bought some lovely raisin buns at the bakery.

Shall I bring you one with some tea?...

我在面包店里买了些很好吃的葡萄干圆面包，要不要我给你拿一个，再来点儿茶？

Shall I telephone her and ask her to come here?...

要不要我打电话让她过来？

Well, shall we go?...

嗯，我们可以走了吗？

Let's have a nice little stroll, shall we?...

我们悠悠哉哉地溜达一会儿，好不好？

What shall I do?

我该怎么办呢？

2 MODAL 情态动词 [\(通常与 I 和 we 连用\)将要，将会](#) You use **shall**, usually with 'I' and 'we', when you are referring to something that you intend to do, or when you are referring to something that you are sure will happen to you in the future.

We **shall** be landing in Paris in sixteen minutes, exactly on time...

我们将于 16 分钟后准时在巴黎降落。

I **shall** sail out on the twenty-second...

我将于 22 日启航。

I **shall** know more next month, I hope...

我希望下个月会了解更多情况。

I **shall** miss him terribly.

我会非常想念他。

3 MODAL 情态动词 [\(与和we连用，在演讲或文章中用于引出将要讨论或解释的内容\)后面要，下文会](#) You use **shall** with 'I' or 'we' during a speech or piece of writing to say what you are going to discuss or explain later.

In Chapter 3, I **shall** describe some of the documentation that I gathered...

在第三章，我会介绍我收集到的一些文献记录。

We **shall** refer here to three significant trends that arose in the previous decade...

这里我们将提及过去 10 年中出现的 3 个显著趋势。

The building, as we **shall** see, is very different in its internal planning, with a great complex of halls and rooms.

正如我们下面将看到的，这幢大楼的内部结构风格迥异，走廊和房间如迷宫般复杂交错。

4 MODAL 情态动词 [\(通常指按照规则或法律规定\)必须，一定，将](#) You use **shall** to indicate that something must happen, usually because of a rule or law. You use **shall not** to indicate that something must not happen.

The president **shall** hold office for five years...

总统将任职 5 年。

The Security Council **shall** decide what measures **shall** be taken to restore peace and security...

安理会将决定采取何种措施来恢复和平与安全。

The bank **shall** be entitled to debit the amount of such liability and all costs incurred in connection with it to your account...

银行将有权把此类债务的数额以及随之产生的所有相关费用计入你的账户借方。

You **shall** not make this speech...

你不能做这个演讲。

If you want to pry into other people's business you **shall** not do it here, young man.

如果你想刺探别人的隐私，那你来错地方了，年轻人。

5 MODAL 情态动词 [\(通常与 you 连用\)可以，能够](#) You use **shall**, usually with 'you', when you are telling someone that they will be able to do or have something they want.

Very well, if you want to go, go you **shall**...

好吧，如果你想走，就走吧。

'I want to hear all the gossip, all the scandal.' — 'You **shall**, dearie, you **shall**!'

“把所有的八卦，所有的丑闻都告诉我吧。”——“好的，亲爱的，好的。”

'What I would like, is a membership list and some information on how the Society is run.' — 'Then that is what you **shall** have.'

“我想要的是一份成员名单和有关这个社团如何运作的一些信息。”——“好的，我会给你这些的。”

6 MODAL 情态动词 [\(用于 look forward to 和 hope 之类的动词前表示语气的委婉\)](#) You use **shall** with verbs such as 'look forward to' and 'hope' to say politely that you are looking forward to something or hoping to do something.

Well, we **shall** look forward to seeing him tomorrow...

嗯，我们期待着明天与他会面。

I **shall** hope to see you in my office, young lady, and we'll review your portfolio.

希望你能到我办公室来，小姐，我们将审查一下你的资料。

7 MODAL 情态动词 [\(表示可能的结果或后果\)应该，就会](#) You use **shall** when you are referring to the likely result or consequence of a particular action or situation.

When big City firms cut down on their entertainments, we **shall** know that times really

are hard...

当伦敦商业区的大公司削减他们的娱乐活动开支，我们就知道世道真的变得艰难了。

This is our last chance and we **shall** need to take it if we are to compete and survive.

这是我们最后的机会，如果我们想要竞争并存活下来的话，就一定要抓住这次机会。

8 shall I say → see: [say](#) ;

shape ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **形状；外形；轮廓；样子** The **shape** of an object, a person, or an area is the appearance of their outside edges or surfaces, for example whether they are round, square, curved, or fat.

Each mirror is made to order and can be designed to almost any **shape** or size.

每面镜子都是定制的，几乎可以设计成任何形状和尺寸。

...little pens in the **shape** of baseball bats...

棒球棒形状的小钢笔

The glass bottle is the **shape** of a woman's torso.

玻璃杯呈女子身体的形状。

...sofas and chairs of contrasting **shapes** and colours...

形状和颜色迥异的沙发和椅子

The buds are conical or pyramidal in **shape**...

花蕾呈圆锥形或金字塔形。

These bras should be handwashed to help them keep their **shape**...

这些胸罩要手洗以保持不变形。

Walking is extremely beneficial to your body **shape**.

散步对于塑形非常有好处。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **模糊的影子；蒙的轮廓** You can refer to something that you can see as a **shape** if you cannot see it clearly, or if its outline is the clearest or most striking aspect of it.

The great grey **shape** of a tank rolled out of the village...

一个坦克的巨大灰影从村子里开了出来。

Lying in bed we often see dark **shapes** of herons silhouetted against the moon.

躺在床上，我们常看到月光映衬下鹭的黑色身影。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **形状；图形** A **shape** is a space enclosed by an outline, for example a circle, a square, or a triangle.

...if you imagine a sort of a kidney **shape**...

如果你想象出一种类似肾脏的形状

He suggested that the **shapes** represented a map of Britain and Ireland.

他暗示这些图形象征了英国和爱尔兰的地图。

4 N-SING 单数名词 **(计划或组织的)框架，结构，特点，形式** The **shape** of something that is planned or organized is its structure and character.

The last two weeks have seen a lot of talk about the future **shape** of Europe...

在过去的两周里有很多关于欧洲未来格局的讨论。

Ultimately, we can change the **shape** of people's lives.

最终，我们可以改变人们的生活状况。

5 VERB 动词 **决定...的形成；影响...的发展**

Someone or something that **shapes** a situation or an activity has a very great influence on the way it develops.

Christian Democratic leaders are meeting to discuss their role in **shaping** the future of Europe...

基督教民主党的领袖们正在会晤讨论他们在影响欧洲未来格局的过程中将要扮演的角色。

Like it or not, our families **shape** our lives and make us what we are.

无论喜欢与否，家庭影响了我们的生活，决定了我们成为什么样的人。

6 VERB 动词 **使成为...形状；塑造** If you **shape** an object, you give it a particular shape, using your hands or a tool.

Cut the dough in half and **shape** each half into a loaf.

将生面团一切为二，再分别揉成长条形。

...machinery for **shaping** the plutonium core of nuclear weapons.

制造核武器钚核心的机器

7 See also: [shaped](#) ;

8 PHRASE 短语 **开端；先河；未来发展模式** If you say that something is **the shape of things to come**, you mean that it is the start of a new trend or development, and in future things will be like this.

British Rail says its new Liverpool Street station is **the shape of things to come**.

英国铁路公司声称最新的利物浦街道车站是未来的发展方向。

9 PHRASE 短语 **以任何形式；无论如何** If you say, for example, that you will not accept something **in any shape or form**, or **in any way, shape or form**, you are emphasizing that you will not accept it in any circumstances.

I don't condone violence in **any shape or form**...

我不能容忍任何形式的暴力。

There is absolutely no reason for consumers to be panicking in any way, **shape** or form.

顾客们绝对没有理由产生任何形式的恐慌。

10 PHRASE 短语 **(身体)状况良好/状况不佳；(事物)情况良好/情况糟糕** If someone or something is **in shape**, or **in good shape**, they are in a good state of health or in a good condition. If they are **in bad shape**, they are in a bad state of health or in a bad condition.

...the Fatburner Diet Book, a comprehensive guide to getting **in shape**...

《燃脂塑型饮食指南》，保持身体健康的综合性指南

He was still in better **shape** than many young men...

他仍然比很多年轻人都要健康。

The trees were in **bad shape** from dry rot.

树木得了干腐病，状况堪忧。

11 PHRASE 短语 **(精确说明所指)以...的形式，也就是** You can use **in the shape of** to state exactly who or what you are referring to, immediately after referring to them in a general way.

The Prime Minister found a surprise ally today in the **shape** of Jacques Delors, the Commission President...

首相今天发现了一个令他意外的盟友，即欧洲委员会主席雅克·德洛尔。

What industry needed now was a little hope in the **shape** of an interest-rate cut.

工业目前只希望可以削减利率。

12 PHRASE 短语 **把...训练好；使...符合要求** If you **lick, knock, or whip** someone or something **into shape**, you use whatever methods are necessary to change or improve them so that they are in the condition that you want them to be in.

You'll have four months in which to **lick** the recruits **into shape**...

你将有4个月的时间把这些新兵训练出来。

Few people doubt his ability to **whip** the economy **into shape**.

几乎无人怀疑他整顿经济的能力。

13 PHRASE 短语 **(因受损、处理不当等)变形的，走样的** If something is **out of shape**, it is no longer in its proper or original shape, for example because it has been damaged or wrongly handled.

Once most wires are bent **out of shape**, they don't return to the original position.

大多数金属丝一旦弯曲变形就无法恢复原状。

14 PHRASE 短语 **身体不好的；不健康的** If you are **out of shape**, you are unhealthy and unable to do a lot of physical activity without getting tired.

15 PHRASE 短语 **(人、事物)形形色色，各种各样** If you say that things or people of a certain type **come in all shapes and sizes**, you mean that there are a large number of them, and that they are often very different from each other.

Colleges and universities come in **all shapes and sizes**.

学院和大学林林总总，一应俱全。

16 PHRASE 短语 **逐渐成形；初具雏形** When something **takes shape**, it develops or starts to appear in such a way that it becomes fairly clear what its final form will be.

In 1912 women's events were added, and the modern Olympic programme began to **take shape**.

1912年增加了女子比赛项目，现代奥林匹克运动会开始初具雏形。

相关词组：
[shape up](#)

sharp ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **锋利的；锐利的** A **sharp** point or edge is very thin and can cut through things very easily. A **sharp** knife, tool, or other object has a point or edge of this kind.

The other end of the twig is **sharpened** into a **sharp** point to use as a toothpick...
细枝的另一端被削尖用作牙签。

Using a **sharp** knife, cut away the pith and peel from both fruits...
用一把锋利的刀削去两种水果的外皮和中果皮。

The ground was strewn with **sharp-edged** pebbles.
地上铺满了棱角锋利的石子。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **尖的；有尖角的** You can describe a shape or an object as **sharp** if part of it or one end of it comes to a point or forms an angle.

His nose was thin and **sharp**.
他的鼻子又细又尖。

...black **sharp-toed** cowboy boots.
黑色尖头牛仔靴

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **突然转向的；急转弯的** A **sharp** bend or turn is one that changes direction suddenly.

I was approaching a fairly **sharp** bend that swept downhill to the left.
我正驶向下坡路上一个突然向左的急转弯。

Sharp is also an adverb.

Do not cross the bridge but turn **sharp** left to go down on to the towpath.
不要过桥，向左急转弯开到坡下的纤道上去。

sharply

Room number nine was at the far end of the corridor where it turned **sharply** to the right.
9号房间在走廊尽头向右急转弯处。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(人)敏锐的，灵敏的，敏捷的，机灵的** If you describe someone as **sharp**, you are praising them because they are quick to notice, hear, understand, or react to things.

He is very **sharp**, a quick thinker and swift with repartee...
他非常机敏，反应很快，并且能说会道。

Gates is known to be a superb analyst with a **sharp** eye and an excellent memory.
盖茨是公认的杰出分析家，他目光敏锐且记忆力超群。

sharpness

I much preferred working for Americans: I liked their enthusiasm and **sharpness** of mind.
我非常喜欢为美国人工作：我喜欢他们的热情和思维的敏捷。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(言辞)激烈的，尖锐的，尖刻的，严厉的** If someone says something in a **sharp** way, they say it suddenly and rather firmly or angrily, for example because they are warning or criticizing you.

'Don't contradict your mother,' was Charles's **sharp** reprimand...
“不要和你妈妈顶嘴，”查尔斯严厉地斥责道。

That ruling had drawn **sharp** criticism from civil rights groups.
那项判决已遭到了民权组织的严厉批评。

sharply

'You've known,' she said **sharply**, 'and you didn't tell me?'
“你已经知道了，”她愤怒地说，“却没有告诉我？”

Environmentalists were **sharply** critical of the policy for its failure to encourage conservation.
环境保护主义者对该政策未能促进自然环境的保护提出了强烈的批评。

sharpness

'Let them find their own way out,' said his father with unaccustomed **sharpness**.
“让他们自寻出路，”他父亲一反常态，气愤地说道。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(变化、动作、感情等)急剧的，骤然的，大幅度的，强烈的** A **sharp** change, movement, or feeling occurs suddenly, and is great in amount, force, or degree.

There's been a **sharp** rise in the rate of inflation...
通货膨胀率已大幅上升。

Tennis requires a lot of short **sharp** movements...
打网球需要做大量快速而剧烈的动作。

He felt a **sharp** pain in the abductor muscle in his right thigh.
他感到右大腿外展肌一阵剧痛。

sharply

Unemployment among the over forties has risen **sharply** in recent years...
最近几年40岁以上的人的失业率大幅上升。

I turned my body **sharply** in the chair...
我在椅子上突然转过身子。

The latest survey shows buying plans for homes are **sharply** lower than in June.
最近的调查表明计划买房的人数与6月份相比骤减。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(差异)明显的，鲜明的；(图像、声音等)清晰的** A **sharp** difference, image, or sound is very easy to see, hear, or distinguish.

Many people make a **sharp** distinction between humans and other animals...
很多人认为人类和其他动物截然不同。

Her reticence was in **sharp** contrast to the glamour and star status of her predecessors...
她的寡言少语和前任们的光鲜亮丽、明星范儿十足形成了鲜明的对比。

All the footmarks are quite **sharp** and clear...
所有的脚印都清晰可见。

We heard a voice sing out in a clear, **sharp** tone.
我们听到了一阵清脆嘹亮的歌声。

sharply

Opinions on this are **sharply** divided...
在这个问题上分歧很大。

The woman's figure is **sharply** brought out by the intense light...
在强光照射下，那女子的身材清晰可见。

The things she saw and heard every day made her ever more **sharply** aware of the separation between herself and her family.
每天的所见所闻让她比任何时候都更强烈地意识到自己和家人的分离。

sharpness

The telescope will show us our Universe as we've never seen it before, with wonderful **sharpness** and clarity.
望远镜将使我们无比清晰地看到一个我们从未见过的宇宙。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(味道或气味)强烈的，苦的，冲的** A **sharp** taste or smell is rather strong or bitter, but is often also clear and fresh.

...a colourless, almost odourless liquid with a **sharp**, sweetish taste...
一种几乎无气味的无色液体，尝起来微甜，味道很冲

In the hot sun the rain-washed herbs smelled **sharp** and spicy and sweet all at once.
烈日下，被雨水冲刷过的香草闻起来既冲又香气扑鼻。

sharpness

The pesto vinaigrette added a stimulating **sharpness**.
香蒜酱色拉调味汁增加了一种刺激性的辛辣味道。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(天气等)严寒的；(风)凛冽的** A **sharp** wind, or **sharp** cold, is so strong or intense that it almost hurts you when you are exposed to it.

The wind was not as **sharp** and cruel as it had been.
风不像刚才那么凛冽和凶猛了。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(衣服)整洁的，优雅的，时髦的** **Sharp** clothes are neat, elegant, and fashionable.

Now politics is all about the right haircut and a **sharp** suit...
现在政界讲究的无非是合适的发型和时髦的衣着。

A **sharp** dresser, Wyatt is never seen in casual clothes.
怀亚特衣着入时，从未有人见过他穿便装。

11 ADV 副词 **(...点整；准时地** **Sharp** is used after stating a particular time to show that something happens at exactly the time stated.

She planned to unlock the store at 8.00 **sharp** this morning.
她打算今天早上8点整准时开门营业。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(用于音符后)升半音的(常用#符号表示)** **Sharp** is used after a letter

representing a musical note to show that the note should be played or sung half a tone higher. **Sharp** is often represented by the symbol #.

A solitary viola plucks a lonely, soft F sharp.

一把中提琴独自奏出了一个寂寞柔和的升F调。

13 See also: [razor-sharp](#) ;

14 PHRASE 短语 (活动或工作中)最困难的部分, 最危险的部分 If you say that someone is **at the sharp end** of a particular activity or type of work, you mean that they are involved in the most difficult or dangerous aspects of it.

Vincent French is a real estate broker at the **sharp end** of a tough and exacting business...

文森特·弗伦奇在房地产这个艰难行业做了最吃苦受累的不动产经纪人。

Working at the **sharp end**, many of us have noted an increase in the number of patients attending surgeries.

从事一线工作, 我们很多人已经注意到来做手术的病人越来越多。

15 **short, sharp shock**→see: [shock](#) ;

ship ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 大船; 轮船; 舰 A **ship** is a large boat which carries passengers or cargo.

Within ninety minutes the **ship** was ready for departure...

90分钟之内轮船准备出发。

We went by **ship** over to America.

我们搭轮船去美国。

...merchant **ships**.

商船

2 VERB 动词 运送; 运输; 船运 If people or things are **shipped** somewhere, they are sent there on a ship or by some other means of transport.

Food is being **shipped** to drought-stricken Southern Africa.

食物正被运往遭受旱灾的非洲南部。

3 See also: [shipping](#) ;

相关词组:

[ship out](#)

shock ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 震惊; 惊愕; 令人震惊的事 If you have a **shock**, something suddenly happens which is unpleasant, upsetting, or very surprising.

The extent of the violence came as a **shock**...

暴力程度令人震惊。

He has never recovered from the **shock** of your brother's death...

他从未从你哥哥去世的打击中恢复过来。

It was quite a **shock** to see my face on that screen!

从那个屏幕上看到我的脸, 真让人惊愕不已。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (身心受到的)打击, 震惊 **Shock** is a person's emotional and physical condition when something very frightening or upsetting has happened to them.

The little boy was speechless with **shock**...

那小男孩惊得说不出话来。

She's still in a state of **shock**.

她仍惊魂未定。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 休克 If someone is **in shock**, they are suffering from a serious physical condition in which their blood is not flowing round their body properly, for example because they have had a bad injury.

He was found beaten and **in shock**...

发现他被打得休克了。

They escaped the blaze but were rushed to hospital suffering from **shock**.

他们逃离了火海, 却因休克而被迅速送往医院。

4 VERB 动词 使震惊; 使惊愕; 打击 If something **shocks** you, it makes you feel very upset, because it involves death or suffering and because you had not expected it.

After forty years in the police force nothing much **shocks** me...

在警队呆了40年后, 我对什么都见怪不怪了。

Relief workers were **shocked** by what they saw.

救援人员被眼前的景象惊呆了。

shocked

This was a nasty attack and the woman is still very **shocked**.

这是一次恶意袭击, 那女人仍然惊骇不已。

5 VERB 动词 (因行为粗鲁或不道德而)使不快, 使气愤, 使厌恶, 使反感 If someone or something **shocks** you, it upsets or offends you because you think it is rude or morally wrong.

You can't **shock** me...

我不会被你激怒的。

They were easily **shocked** in those days...

在那个年代, 他们动不动就对一些事情看不顺眼。

We were always trying to be creative and to **shock**.

那时我们总是想搞点儿新意, 以求惊世骇俗。

shocked

Don't look so **shocked**.

别一脸不高兴。

6 ADJ 形容词 (通告、事件等)令人惊愕的, 令人震惊的 A **shock** announcement or event is one which shocks people because it is unexpected.

...the **shock** announcement that she is to resign.

她将要辞职的惊人声明

...a **shock** defeat.

令人震惊的落败

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (对经济、传统、生活方式的)冲击, 撞击 A **shock** is something sudden and unexpected that threatens the economy, traditions, or way of life of a group of people.

This is the latest in a series of **shocks** to the Scandinavian banking system.

这是一系列对斯堪的纳维亚银行系统的冲击中最近的一次。

...the economic pain of two oil **shocks**.

两次原油冲击下的经济萧条

8 N-VAR 可变名词 冲击力 A **shock** is the force of something suddenly hitting or pulling something else.

Steel barriers can bend and absorb the **shock**.

钢制栅栏可以弯曲并能吸收冲击力。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 触电; 电击 A **shock** is the same as an **electric shock**.

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 减震器 A **shock** is a **shock absorber**.

Do you think I need new **shocks**?

你认为我需要换新的减震器吗?

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 浓密的一堆(头发) A **shock** of hair is a very thick mass of hair on a person's head.

...a very old priest with a **shock** of white hair.

满头白发、年事已高的神父

12 See also: [shocking](#) ; [culture shock](#) ; [electric shock](#) ; [shell shock](#) ;

13 PHRASE 短语 从速严惩 A **short, sharp shock** is a punishment that is fairly harsh and severe but only lasts for a short time.

shoot ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 枪杀; 枪击; 射伤; 射杀 If someone **shoots** a person or an animal, they kill them or injure them by firing a bullet or arrow at them.

The police had orders to **shoot** anyone who attacked them...

警察接到命令可以枪击任何攻击他们的人。

Namibian law permits ranchers to **shoot** cheetahs to protect their livestock...

纳米比亚法律允许农场主射杀猎豹以保护家畜。

Gunmen shot dead the brother of the minister...

持枪歹徒开枪打死了部长的弟弟。

The man was shot dead by the police during a raid on his house...

警察在对那名男子的家进行突袭搜查时将其打死。

Her father shot himself in the head with a shotgun.

她父亲用一把猎枪开枪自杀了。

2 VERB 动词 开枪; 射击 To **shoot** means to fire a bullet from a weapon such as a gun.

He taunted armed officers by pointing to his head, as if inviting them to **shoot**...

他用手指着自己的头来嘲弄武装警察, 好像在招引他们开枪一样。

The police came around the corner and they started **shooting** at us...

警察拐过了街角, 开始朝我们开枪。

She had never been able to **shoot** straight...

她没能瞄准过。

Troops began **shooting** in all directions.

部队开始向四面八方射击。

3 VERB 动词 (朝某方向)冲, 奔, 飞驰 If someone or something **shoots** in a particular direction, they move in that direction quickly and suddenly.

They had almost reached the boat when a figure shot past them...

他们差不多快到船边时, 一个人影从他们旁边飞奔而过。

Another car shot out of a junction and smashed into the back of them.

另一辆车从交叉路口飞驰而出, 撞到了他们汽车的尾部。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (突然并迅速地)伸出, 抛出, 抛出 If you **shoot** something somewhere or if it **shoots** somewhere, it moves there quickly and suddenly.

Masters shot a hand across the table and gripped his wrist...

马斯特斯迅速把手伸到桌对面, 紧紧抓住他的手腕。

As soon as she got close, the old woman's hand shot out...

她一靠近, 那老妇人的手就猛地伸了出来。

You'd turn on the water, and it would **shoot** straight up in the air.

你若打开水龙头, 水会直往上喷。

5 VERB 动词 迅速地看, 瞥(一眼) If you **shoot** a look at someone, you look at them quickly and briefly, often in a way that expresses your feelings.

Mary Ann shot him a rueful look...

玛丽·安懊悔地瞥了他一眼。

The man in the black overcoat shot a penetrating look at the other man.

身穿黑大衣的男子目光犀利地扫了另外一名男子一眼。

6 VERB 动词 迅速(成名); 一举(成功) If someone **shoots to fame**, they become famous or successful very quickly.

Alina Reyes shot to fame a few years ago with her extraordinary first novel...

阿丽娜·雷耶斯几年前因她那部不同凡响的小说处女作而迅速成名。

She shot to stardom on Broadway in a Noel Coward play.

她因在百老汇出演了一部诺埃尔·科沃德的戏一炮而红。

7 VERB 动词 拍摄(电影、照片等); 摄制 When people **shoot** a film or **shoot** photographs, they make a film or take photographs using a camera.

He'd love to **shoot** his film in Cuba...

他很乐意在古巴拍摄他的影片。

Three CBS cameramen were on site to **shoot** and edit taped reports. 3

三名哥伦比亚广播公司的摄影记者在现场拍摄并编辑录像报道。

Shoot is also a noun.

...a barn presently being used for a video **shoot**.

眼下正用来拍摄录像的仓库

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 嫩芽; 幼苗; 新枝 Shoots are plants that are beginning to grow, or new parts growing from a plant or tree.

9 VERB 动词 射门; 投篮; 击球 In sports such as football or basketball, when someone **shoots**, they try to score by kicking, throwing, or hitting the ball towards the goal.

Spencer scuttled away from Young to **shoot** wide when he should have scored...

斯潘塞绕开了场却把球射偏了, 他本该进球得分的。

A time limit was set for a team to **shoot** at the basket.

球队在规定时间内必须要投篮。

10 VERB 动词 掷(骰子); 打(落袋台球) When someone **shoots** pool or **shoots** craps, they play a game of pool or the dice game called craps.

People are still hanging out drinking beer, maybe **shooting** some pool.

人们仍聚在那里喝啤酒, 可能还会打会儿台球。

11 See also: [shooting](#); [shot](#);

12 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 聊天; 闲聊 If you **shoot the breeze** or **shoot the bull** with someone, you talk to them about things which are not very serious or important.

They expected me to sit up and **shoot** the breeze with them till one or two in the morning...

他们希望我晚上熬夜陪他们聊天到凌晨一两点。

I also met with Pollack again to kind of **shoot** the bull.

我也再次和波拉克会面, 两人闲聊了会儿。

13 PHRASE 短语 搬起石头砸自己的脚; 自作自受 If you **shoot yourself in the foot**, something you say or do causes you harm.

If I was to insult the contestants I would be **shooting** myself in the foot.

如果我羞辱参赛者, 就会搬起石头砸自己的脚。

14 to shoot from the hip → see: [hip](#);

相关词组:

[shoot down](#) [shoot up](#)

shop ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 商店; 店铺 A **shop** is a building or part of a building where things are sold.

...health food **shops**.

健康食品商店

...a record **shop**...

音像店

It's not available in the **shops**.

商店里都没货。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 store

2 VERB 动词 购物; 去商店买东西 When you **shop**, you go to shops and buy things.

He always **shopped** at the Co-op.

他一直在合作社买东西。

...some advice that's worth bearing in mind when **shopping** for a new carpet.

买新地毯时值得参考的一些建议

...customers who **shop** once a week.

一周购物一次的顾客

shopper

...crowds of Christmas **shoppers**.

一群群圣诞节采购者

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (提供某种服务的)店, 店面 You can refer to a place where a particular service is offered as a particular type of **shop**.

...the barber **shop** where Rodney sometimes had his hair cut.

罗德尼有时去理发的那家理发店

...betting **shops**.

彩票销售点

...your local video **shop**.

你们当地的音像店

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 工厂; 工场; 作坊; 车间 You can refer to a place where things are made or done as a particular kind of **shop**.

...the blacksmith's **shop**.

铁匠作坊

...a repair **shop**.

修理厂

5 VERB 动词 (向警察)告发 If you **shop** someone, you report them to the police for doing something illegal.

His father was so disgusted to discover his son was dealing drugs he **shopped** him to police...

他父亲发现儿子在贩毒时深感憎恶, 就向警察告发了他。

Fraudsters are often **shopped** by honest friends and neighbours.

诈骗犯经常会被正直守法的朋友和邻居告发。

6 See also: [shopping](#); [chip shop](#); [coffee shop](#); [corner shop](#); [paper shop](#); [pawn shop](#); [print shop](#); [sex shop](#); [tea shop](#); [talking shop](#); [thrift shop](#);

Usage Note :

When you want to refer to a particular type of shop, you can often simply use the word for the person who owns or manages the shop. *Down the road there is another greengrocer... Bring me back a paper from the newsagent.* Alternatively,

you can use the possessive form with 's, without a following noun. *...items which can be purchased at the greengrocer's... She also cleans offices and serves in a local newsagent's.* You can also use

the same pattern with other words that refer to a person or business that provides a service, such as **hairdresser** or **dentist**. *Three or four times a*

week they'll go to the hairdresser... It's worse than being at the dentist's.

谈到某种类型的店铺时，常可以直接用店铺拥有者或经营者来指代该店铺。例如，Down the road there is another greengrocer (沿这条路还有一家蔬菜水果店)，Bring me back a paper from the newsagent (从书报亭给我带份报纸回来)。或者，可以用所有格's后不接名词的形式来表示某种店铺：items which can be purchased at the greengrocer's (在蔬菜水果店可以买到的东西)，She also cleans offices and serves in a local newsagent's (她还在办公室做清洁工作，还在当地的一家书报亭卖报)。这种所有格后不接名词的结构还可以用在hairdresser, dentist等表示提供某种服务的人或行业的名词后面指代某种店铺：Three or four times a week they'll go to the hairdresser's (他们一星期去三四次美发店)，It's worse than being at the dentist's (这比去看牙医还要糟糕)。

7 PHRASE 短语 到处；各处 If something is happening **all over the shop**, it is happening in many different places or throughout a wide area.

This gave them the freedom to make trouble all over the **shop** without fear of retribution.

这使他们可以肆意到处惹是生非，而不用担心受到惩罚。

8 PHRASE 短语 开业；开张 If you **set up shop**, you start a business.

He set up **shop** as an independent PR consultant...

他自己开公司，做起了独立公共关系顾问。

He has just set up **shop** in Cherbourg.

他刚刚在瑟堡开业不久。

9 PHRASE 短语 (商店、办事处、公司)休息，下班，打烊，停业，歇业 When a shop, office, or firm **shuts up shop**, it stops doing business and closes, either at the end of the day or permanently.

If they had been faced with the bill they'd have shut up **shop** and fled the country.

他们要是看到这账单，早就关门歇业逃到国外去了。

10 PHRASE 短语 谈论本行工作；三句话不离本行 If you say that people are **talking shop**, you mean that they are talking about their work, and this is boring for other people who do not do the same work.

If you hang around with colleagues all the time you just end up talking **shop**.

如果整天和同事泡在一起的话，你最终就会变得开口闭口都是工作。

11 a **bull in a china shop**→see: [bull](#) ;

相关词组：

[shop around](#)

shot ★★★★★

1 Shot is the past tense and past participle of shoot .

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 开枪；射击 A **shot** is an act of firing a gun.

He had murdered Perceval at point blank range with a single **shot**...

他在近距离一枪射杀了珀西瓦尔。

A man fired a volley of **shots** at them.

一名男子向他们射出了一排子弹。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 射手；枪手 Someone who is a good **shot** can shoot well. Someone who is a bad **shot** cannot shoot well.

He was not a particularly good **shot** because of his eyesight.

他视力不好，算不上是一个出色的射手。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 射门；击球；投篮 In sports such as football, golf, or tennis, a **shot** is an act of kicking, hitting, or throwing the ball, especially in an attempt to score a point.

He had only one **shot** at goal.

他只有一次射门得分。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 一张照片；(电影的)一组镜头 A **shot** is a photograph or a particular sequence of pictures in a film.

...a **shot** of a fox peering from the bushes...

一只狐狸从灌木丛中窥视的照片

He received praise for the atmospheric monochrome **shots** in David Lynch's The Elephant Man.

他在大卫·林奇的电影《象人》中所拍摄的那些渲染气氛的黑白镜头受到了好评。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 尝试；努力 If you have a **shot** at something, you attempt to do it.

The heavyweight champion will be given a **shot** at Holyfield's world title.

这名重量级拳击冠军将尝试挑战霍利菲尔德的世界冠军头衔。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (药品等的)注射 A **shot** of a drug is an injection of it.

He administered a **shot** of Nembutal.

他注射了一针宁比泰。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 一口，一小杯(烈性酒) A **shot** of a strong alcoholic drink is a small glass of it.

...a **shot** of vodka.

一小杯伏特加

...spirits and liqueurs, served in a **shot** glass.

小杯的烈性酒和利口酒

9 PHRASE 短语 尽最大努力 If you **give** something your **best shot**, you do it as well as you possibly can.

I don't expect to win. But I am going to give it my **best shot**.

我没指望赢，但我会尽全力的。

10 PHRASE 短语 对...的警告 If you describe someone's actions as a **shot across the bows** of another person, you mean that it is a warning to that person to stop or change what they are doing.

As a warning **shot across the bows** of rivals, it is already setting aggressive prices.

作为对竞争对手的一个警告，其已报出了很有杀伤力的价格。

11 PHRASE 短语 操纵；发号施令；作决定 The person who **calls the shots** is in a position to tell others what to do.

The directors call the **shots** and nothing happens without their say-so.

董事们掌握大权，没有他们的允许什么都不能做。

12 PHRASE 短语 立刻；飞快地；毫不迟疑地 If you do something **like a shot**, you do it without any delay or hesitation.

I heard the key turn in the front door and I was out of bed **like a shot**...

听到钥匙在开前门的声音，我立即从床上起来了。

If he thought it his duty to arrest me, he'd do it **like a shot**.

如果他认为逮捕我是他的职责，他会毫不迟疑地去。

13 PHRASE 短语 没把握的尝试；不大可能成功的尝试 If you describe something as a **long shot**, you mean that it is unlikely to succeed, but is worth trying.

The deal was a **long shot**, but Bagley had little to lose...

这桩交易有些冒险，不过巴格利也没什么可损失的。

I thought about meeting a handsome stranger but it seemed a bit of a **long shot**.

我想象着能遇到一个英俊的陌生人，不过这似乎希望不大。

14 PHRASE 短语 (表示强调)根本，远远 People sometimes use the expression **by a long shot** to emphasize the opinion they are giving.

The missile-reduction treaty makes sweeping cuts, but the arms race isn't over **by a long shot**.

导弹削减条约大幅度减少了导弹数量，然而军备竞赛还远没有停止。

15 PHRASE 短语 布满，充满，富有(某种因素或特征) If something is **shot through** with an element or feature, it contains a lot of that element or feature.

His work was deeply refreshing, and all of it **shot through** with humour...

他的作品令人耳目一新，充满幽默元素。

This is an argument **shot through** with inconsistency.

这个论点前后矛盾，漏洞百出。

16 a **shot in the dark**→see: [dark](#) ;

shoulder ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 肩；肩膀；肩胛 Your **shoulders** are between your neck and the tops of your arms.

She led him to an armchair, with her arm round his **shoulder**...

她挽着他的肩膀，将他领到一把扶手椅旁。

He glanced over his **shoulder** and saw me watching him.
他扭头瞥了一眼，看见我正看他。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (衣服的)肩部 The **shoulders** of a piece of clothing are the parts that cover your shoulders.

...extravagant fashions with padded **shoulders**.
带垫肩的华丽时装

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (问题、责任等)由...承担，落在...肩上 When you talk about someone's problems or responsibilities, you can say that they carry them **on their shoulders**.

No one suspected the anguish he carried **on his shoulders**...

没人觉察出他所承担的痛苦。

I fervently hope he recognizes and understands the burden that's **on his shoulders**.

我热诚地希望他能认识到并懂得自己肩负的责任。

4 VERB 动词 承担；担负；肩负 If you **shoulder** the responsibility or the blame for something, you accept it.

He has had to **shoulder** the responsibility of his father's mistakes...

他得为他父亲的过错承担责任。

Some of the blame for the disastrous night must be **shouldered** by the promoters.

筹办方必须为那个灾难性的夜晚承担一部分责任。

5 VERB 动词 背；扛；挑；担 If you **shoulder** something heavy, you put it across one of your shoulders so that you can carry it more easily.

The rest of the group **shouldered** their bags, gritted their teeth and set off...

那群人中其余的人扛起包，咬着牙出发了。

He **shouldered** his bike and walked across the finish line.

他扛着自行车走过了终点线。

6 VERB 动词 用肩推(或挤) If you **shoulder** someone **aside** or if you **shoulder** your way somewhere, you push past people roughly using your shoulder.

The policemen rushed past him, **shouldering** him aside...

警察从他身边匆匆而过，把他挤到一边。

She could do nothing to stop him as he **shouldered** his way into the house...

他使劲往屋子里挤，她根本没法儿阻止他。

He **shouldered** past Harlech and opened the door.

他从哈莱克身边挤过去，打开了门。

7 N-VAR 可变名词 (动物的)前腿连筋肉，前胛肉 A **shoulder** is a joint of meat from the upper part of the front leg of an animal.

...**shoulder** of lamb.

小羊的前腿连筋肉

8 See also: **cold-shoulder**; **hard-shoulder**;

9 PHRASE 短语 倾诉的对象 If someone offers you a **shoulder to cry on** or is a **shoulder to cry on**, they listen sympathetically as you talk about your troubles.

Mrs Barrantes longs to be at her daughter's side to offer her a **shoulder** to cry on...

巴兰特斯夫人很希望能在女儿身边听她倾诉。

Roland sometimes saw me as a **shoulder to cry on**.

罗兰有时把我看作是一个可以倾诉的对象。

10 PHRASE 短语 远胜过；大大超越 If you say that someone or something stands **head and shoulders above** other people or things, you mean that they are a lot better than them.

The two candidates stood **head and shoulders above** the rest...

这两名候选人从所有人中脱颖而出。

I am very impressed by your magazine. It is **head and shoulders above** any other.

我对你们的杂志印象非常深刻。感觉比其他杂志好多了。

11 PHRASE 短语 惴惴不安；小心翼翼；小心提防 If you say that someone is **looking over their shoulder**, you mean that they feel anxious all the time about what someone may do to them.

When a company keeps making people redundant, those who are left behind might start **looking over their shoulder**.

当一家公司不停地裁员时，那些留下来的员工也会开始惴惴不安了。

12 PHRASE 短语 并肩；肩并肩 If two or more people stand **shoulder to shoulder**, they are standing next to each other, with their shoulders touching.

They fell into step, walking **shoulder to shoulder** with their heads bent against the rain...

他们开始迈着一致的步伐并肩而行，低着头躲避雨水。

We went on board and saw these people packed **shoulder to shoulder** on the decks.

我们上了船，看见这些人在甲板上肩挨着肩挤在一起。

13 PHRASE 短语 同心协力地 If people work or stand **shoulder to shoulder**, they work together in order to achieve something, or support each other.

They could fight **shoulder-to-shoulder** against a common enemy...

他们可以同心协力，对抗共同的敌人。

We will need you and the chairman standing **shoulder to shoulder** on basic positions.

我们需要你和主席在一些基本立场上共同进退。

14 a **chip on one's shoulder**→see: **chip**;

to rub shoulders with→see: **rub**;

sight ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 视力；视觉 Someone's **sight** is their ability to see.

My **sight** is failing, and I can't see to read any more...

我的视力在下降，看不了书了。

I use the sense of sound much more than the sense of **sight**.

我用听觉比视觉要多得多。

2 N-SING 单数名词 看见；目睹 The **sight** of something is the act of seeing it or an occasion on which you see it.

I faint at the **sight** of blood...

我一见到血就晕。

The **sight** of him entering a room could flood her with desire.

见到他进入房间会使她心中欲望澎湃。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 看见的事物；景象；情景 A **sight** is something that you see.

The practice of hanging clothes across the street is a common **sight** in many parts of the city...

街边晾晒衣服在这座城市的许多地区随处可见。

We encountered the pathetic **sight** of a family packing up its home...

我们目睹了一家人正在收拾家当准备离开的凄惨景象。

Among the most spectacular **sights** are the great sea-bird colonies.

庞大的海鸟群是最壮观的景象之一。

4 VERB 动词 (突然或到那间)看见，发现 If you **sight** someone or something, you suddenly see them, often briefly.

The security forces **sighted** a group of young men that had crossed the border...

安全部队突然看见一群越过边境的年轻人。

A fleet of French ships was **sighted** in the North Sea.

在北海突然发现了一支法国舰队。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (武器等的)准星，瞄准器 The **sights** of a weapon such as a rifle are the part which helps you aim it more accurately.

6 N-PLURAL 复数名词 风景；名胜 The **sights** are the places that are interesting to see and that are often visited by tourists.

We'd toured the **sights** of Paris...

我们游览了巴黎的风景名胜。

I am going to show you the **sights** of our wonderful city...

我会带你浏览我们这座美丽城市的风景名胜。

Once at Elgin day-trippers visit a number of local **sights**.

一到达埃尔金，一日游的游客就参观了一些当地的风景区。

7 ADV 副词 很；非常 You can use a **sight** to mean a lot. For example, if you say that something is a **sight** worse than it was before, you are emphasizing that it is much worse than it was.

She's been no more difficult than most daughters and a **sight** better than some I could mention...

与大多数女儿相比，她并不算太难管，而且比我知道的一些要乖巧得多。

We weren't doing anything different to what we've always done. We're just doing it a damn **sight** quicker.

我们正在做的事和我们一直在做的别无二致，只不过我们现在动作要快得多。

8 See also: [sighted](#); [sighting](#);

9 PHRASE 短语 (突然或刹那间)看见，发现 If you **catch sight of** someone, you suddenly see them, often briefly.

Then he caught **sight** of her small black velvet hat in the crowd...

然后他突然在人群中看见了她那顶小巧的黑色天鹅绒帽子。

Every time I catch **sight** of myself in the mirror, I feel so disappointed.

每次我瞥见镜子里的自己就觉得沮丧。

10 PHRASE 短语 乍一看；一见之下；初看时 If you say that something seems to have certain characteristics **at first sight**, you mean that it appears to have the features you describe when you first see it but later it is found to be different.

It promised to be a more difficult undertaking than might appear **at first sight**...

那项任务可能比乍看之下还要困难。

At first **sight** it resembles a traditional village of two-storeyed, balconied houses, set among well-tended gardens.

乍一看，它就像个传统的村庄：带阳台的两层楼房坐落于精心照料的花园中。

11 PHRASE 短语 看得见/看不见 If something is **in sight** or **within sight**, you can see it. If it is **out of sight**, you cannot see it.

The sandy beach was **in sight**...

沙滩映入眼帘。

The Atlantic coast is **within sight** of the hotel...

从高馆可以看见大西洋海岸。

My companion suggested that we park out of **sight** of passing traffic to avoid attracting attention.

我的同伴建议我们将车停在过往车辆看不见的地方，以免引起注意。

12 PHRASE 短语 在望；在即；临近；即将产生 If a result or a decision is **in sight** or **within sight**, it is likely to happen within a short time.

An agreement on many aspects of trade policy was **in sight**...

一项涉及到贸易政策诸多方面的协议即将达成。

There is no end **in sight** to the struggle for power...

权力的争斗近期不会终止。

She was **within sight** of Navratilova's record of seventy-four consecutive wins.

她已经逼近了纳夫拉蒂洛娃 74 连胜的纪录。

13 PHRASE 短语 忽略；忽视；遗忘 If you **lose sight of** an important aspect of something, you no longer pay attention to it because you are worrying about less important things.

In some cases, US industry has lost **sight** of customer needs in designing products...

某些情况下，美国工业在产品设计上忽略了客户的需求。

We shouldn't lose **sight** of the fact that education is important for its own sake.

教育本身就很重要，我们不应忽视这一事实。

14 PHRASE 短语 与...只是面熟(并不熟识) If you **know someone by sight**, you can recognize them when you see them, although you have never met them and talked to them.

I knew him **by sight** but had never spoken with him.

我和他有几面之缘，但从未说过话。

15 PHRASE 短语

眼不见，心不烦 If you say '**out of sight, out of mind**', you mean that people quickly forget someone if he or she goes away.

The problems of the poor are largely invisible—out of **sight**, out of mind.

穷人的问题人们大多看不见——正所谓“眼不见，心不烦”。

16 PHRASE 短语 一见...马上就 If someone is ordered to do something **on sight**, they have to do it without delay, as soon as a person or thing is seen.

Troops shot anyone suspicious **on sight**...

部队士兵一见到任何可疑的人马上就开枪。

Magee was set free but British authorities were asked to arrest him **on sight**.

马吉被释放了，但是英国当局却被要求一见到他就立即逮捕。

17 PHRASE 短语 不好看；不雅观；有碍观瞻 If you say that someone or something is **not a pretty sight**, you mean that it is not pleasant to look at.

The bathroom is **not a pretty sight**. The wallpaper's peeling, the tiles are crumbling.

浴室破旧不堪。墙纸剥落了，瓷砖也裂了。

18 PHRASE 短语 以...为奋斗目标；志在必得；决心做到 If you **set your sights on** something, you decide that you want it and try hard to get it.

They have set their **sights** on the world record...

他们的目标是冲击世界纪录。

Although she came from a family of bankers, Franklin set her **sights** on a career in scientific research.

尽管出身于银行家家庭，富兰克林还是决心从事科研事业。

19 PHRASE 短语 在未见实物的情况下；事先未经检查 If you agree to buy something **sight unseen**, you agree to buy it, even though you have not seen it and do not know what condition it is in.

Although people sometimes buy property **sight unseen**, it's a remarkably bad idea.

尽管人们有时没看房就买了房，但这真是一个很糟糕的主意。

20 **love at first sight** → see: [love](#);

significant ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 数量相当大的；显著的 A **significant** amount or effect is large enough to be important or affect a situation to a noticeable degree.

A small but **significant** number of 11-year-olds are illiterate.

数量不多但仍有相当一部分 11 岁孩子是文盲。

...foods that offer a **significant** amount of protein...

富含蛋白质的食物

It is the first drug that seems to have a very **significant** effect on this disease.

这是第一种似乎对该病有显著疗效的药物。

significantly

The number of MPs now supporting him had increased **significantly**...

现在支持他的议员人数显著增加。

America's airlines have **significantly** higher productivity than European ones.

美国航空公司的工作效率比欧洲航空公司要高很多。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 重要的；有意义的 A **significant** fact, event, or thing is one that is important or shows something.

Time would appear to be the **significant** factor in this whole drama.

时间似乎是整部剧中一个举足轻重的因素。

...a very **significant** piece of legislation...

一条非常重要的法规

I think it was **significant** that he never knew his own father.

我认为他从不知道他自己的父亲是谁这点很重要。

significantly

Significantly, the company recently opened a huge store in Atlanta.

值得注意的是，该公司最近在亚特兰大开了一家大型商店。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 别有含义的；意味深远的 A **significant** action or gesture is intended to have a special meaning.

Mrs Bycraft gave Rose a **significant** glance.

拜克拉夫特夫人意味深长地瞥了罗丝一眼。

significantly

She looked up at me **significantly**, raising an eyebrow.

她抬起头，眉毛扬起，意味深长地看着我。

similar ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 相像的；相仿的；类似的 If one thing is

similar to another, or if two things are similar, they have features that are the same.

...a savoury cake with a texture similar to that of carrot cake...

口感和胡萝卜蛋糕相似的一种美味蛋糕

The accident was similar to one that happened in 1973.

这次事故和1973年发生的那起事故很相似。

...a group of similar pictures.

一组相似的图画

simple ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 简单的；简明的；易于理解的 If you describe something as simple, you mean that it is not complicated, and is therefore easy to understand.

...simple pictures and diagrams.

简单的图画和图表

...pages of simple advice on filling in your tax form...

几页关于如何填写税务表格的简单建议

Buddhist ethics are simple but its practices are very complex to a western mind.

佛教伦理很简单，但其实践修行对西方人来说却很复杂。

simply

When applying for a visa state simply and clearly the reasons why you need it.

申请签证时，要简单明了地说明申请理由。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 简朴的；朴素的；不加装饰的 If you describe people or things as simple, you mean that they have all the basic or necessary things they require, but nothing extra.

The Holy Family Church was closed and the parish now celebrates mass in this simple side chapel...

圣家堂关闭了，现在该教区的居民在它旁边的简陋的小教堂里做弥撒。

He ate a simple dinner of rice and beans.

他晚饭简单地吃了点米饭和豆子。

...the simple pleasures of childhood...

童年简单的快乐

He lives a very simple life for a man who has become incredibly rich...

作为一个腰缠万贯的人来说，他过着一种非常简朴的生活。

Nothing is simpler than a cool white shirt.

没有什么比穿一件质地轻薄的白衬衣更简洁的了。

simply

The living room is furnished simply with wicker furniture...

客厅里简单地摆放着几件柳编家具。

He dressed simply and led a quiet family life.

他穿着简朴，过着平静的家庭生活。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 好办的；容易的；易解决的；简单的 If a problem is simple or if its solution is simple, the problem can be solved easily.

Some puzzles look difficult but once the solution is known are actually quite simple...

有些谜语看似难解，可一旦知道了谜底其实十分简单。

The answer is simple...

答案很简单。

I cut my purchases dramatically by the simple expedient of destroying my credit cards.

通过销毁信用卡这一简单的权宜之计，我大幅削减了自己的购物支出。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 易做的；易完成的；易解决的 A simple task is easy to do.

The job itself had been simple enough...

工作本身十分容易。

The simplest way to install a shower is to fit one over the bath.

安装花洒最简单的方法就是在浴缸上面装一个。

simply

Simply dial the number and tell us your area.

只需拨这个号码告诉我们你在什么地方。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 头脑简单的；愚蠢的；迟钝的 If you say that someone is simple, you mean that they are not very intelligent and have difficulty learning things.

He was simple as a child.

他头脑简单地像个孩子。

6 ADJ 形容词 (强调原因) 纯粹的，完全的 You use simple to emphasize that the thing you are referring to is the only important or relevant reason for something.

His refusal to talk was simple stubbornness.

他拒绝交谈完全是因为固执。

7 ADJ 形容词 (动词时态) 一般的，简单的 In grammar, simple tenses are ones which are formed without an auxiliary verb 'be', for example 'I dressed and went for a walk' and 'This tastes nice'. Simple verb groups are used especially to refer to completed actions, regular actions, and situations.

8 ADJ 形容词 (语法上指句子) 简单的 In English grammar, a simple sentence consists of one main clause.

9 See also: [simply](#) ;

simply ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 简单地；只不过；仅仅；纯粹 You use simply to emphasize that something consists of only one thing, happens for only one reason, or is done in only one way.

The table is simply a chipboard circle on a base...

这张桌子只不过是在底座上安了一块圆形刨花板。

Most of the damage that's occurred was simply because of fallen trees...

目前大部分损坏都是因为倒下的树木造成的。

Many people switch on the television simply to stave off boredom over the Christmas break...

很多人打开电视仅仅是为了打发圣诞节休息期间的无聊时光而已。

A sitting room can be transformed into a guest bedroom simply by adding a sofa-bed.

加上一张沙发床，客厅便变成了客房。

2 ADV 副词 (用于强调) 简直，根本 You use simply to emphasize what you are saying.

This sort of increase simply cannot be justified...

这种增长根本就不合理。

So many of these questions simply don't have answers...

这些问题有很多根本就没有答案。

In a poll of those leaving the theatre and nine out of ten thought it was simply marvellous.

一项对那些刚在剧院看完这场戏的观众所作的调查显示，十有八九的人都认为它简直棒极了。

3 See also: [simple](#) ;

sir ★★★★★

1 N-VOC 称呼名词 (对不知其姓名的男士或上级的尊称) 先生，长官 People sometimes say sir as a very formal and polite way of addressing a man whose name they do not know or a man of superior rank. For example, a shop assistant might address a male customer as sir.

Excuse me sir, but would you mind telling me what sort of car that is?...

先生，请您告诉我那是什么类型的车好吗？

Good afternoon to you, sir.

下午好，先生。

2 N-TITLE 头衔名词 (用于爵士或准男爵的姓名前) 爵士 Sir is the title used in front of the name of a knight or baronet.

She introduced me to Sir Tobias and Lady Clarke.

她把我引见给了托拜厄斯爵士和克拉克夫人。

3 CONVENTION 惯用语 (正式信函或商务信函开头的称呼语) 先生，阁下 (写信给某组织时使用 Dear sirs) You use the expression Dear sir at the beginning of a formal letter or a business letter when you are writing to a man. You use Dear sirs when you are writing to an organization.

Dear Sir, Your letter of the 9th October has been referred to us.

尊敬的先生，您10月9日的来信已转交我处。

site ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 场地；场所 A site is a piece of ground that is used for a particular purpose or where a particular thing happens.

He became a hod carrier on a building site.

他在建筑工地上当起了小工。

...a bat sanctuary with special nesting sites...

专门辟出了筑巢处的蝙蝠禁猎区

N-COUNT 可数名词 地点；遗址；原址 The site of an

important event is the place where it happened.

Scientists have described the Aral sea as the site of the worst ecological disaster on earth...

科学家把咸海描述成地球上最严重的生态灾难发生地。

Plymouth Hoe is renowned as the site where Drake played bowls before tackling the Spanish Armada.

普利茅斯高地是德雷克在打败西班牙无敌舰队之前玩木球游戏的旧址，因此广为人知。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (建造房屋等的)地皮，地基，遗址 A site is a piece of ground where something such as a statue or building stands or used to stand.

...the site of Moses' tomb.

摩西的墓址

...the Church of the Holy Sepulchre in Jerusalem, which is regarded by some as Christianity's holiest site.

耶路撒冷圣墓教堂——一些人眼中基督教最神圣的地方

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 同 website A site is the same as a website .

5 VERB 动词 使坐落在；给...选址 If something is sited in a particular place or position, it is put there or built there.

He said chemical weapons had never been sited in Germany.

他声称从未在德国部署过化学武器。

...a damp, old castle, romantically sited on a river estuary.

坐落在河湾之上的一座阴冷潮湿的古城堡，仿佛传奇中描述的一般

siting
...controls on the siting of gas storage vessels.

储气罐存放地点的管制

6 PHRASE 短语 在现场；临场 If someone or something is on site, they are in a particular area or group of buildings where people work, study, or stay.

It is cheaper to have extra building work done when the builder is on site.

建筑工在现场干活时，让他额外做工的活工钱会便宜一些。

...the on-site supermarket.

附近的超市

7 PHRASE 短语 不在场；离开 If someone or something is off site, they are away from a particular area or group of buildings where people work, study, or stay.

There is ample car parking off site.

外面有很多地方可以停车。

...off-site accommodation.

住在校外

sixteenth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第十六 The sixteenth item in a series is the one that you count as number sixteen.

...the sixteenth century AD.

公元 16 世纪

2 FRACTION 分数词 十六分之一 A sixteenth is one of sixteen equal parts of something.

...a sixteenth of a second.

1/16秒

...fifteen sixteenths of an inch.

15/16英寸

sixth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第六 The sixth item in a series is the one that you count as number six.

...the sixth round of the World Cup.

世界杯第六轮的比赛

...the sixth of December.

12月6日

2 FRACTION 分数词 六分之一 A sixth is one of six equal parts of something.

The company yesterday shed a sixth of its workforce.

这家公司昨天裁掉了 1/6 的员工。

...five-sixths of a mile.

5/6 英里

sixtieth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第六十 The sixtieth item in a series is the one that you count as number sixty.

He is to retire on his sixtieth birthday.

他准备在 60 岁生日那天退休。

2 FRACTION 分数词 六十分之一 A sixtieth is one of sixty equal parts of something.

size ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 大小；数量；规模 The size of something is how big or small it is. Something's size is determined by comparing it to other things, counting it, or measuring it.

Scientists have found the bones of a hoofed grazing animal about the size of a small horse...

科学家们已经发现了一种约有马驹般大小的有蹄草食性动物的骨骼。

In 1970 the average size of a French farm was 19 hectares...

1970 年，法国农场的平均规模为 19 公顷。

Iraq itself has oil reserves second in size only to Saudi Arabia's.

伊拉克本身的石油储量在世界上居第二位，仅次于沙特阿拉伯。

...shelves containing books of various sizes.

摆放了各种开本书籍的书架

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 巨大；庞大 The size of something is the fact that it is very large.

He knows the size of the task...

他明白这个任务有多艰巨。

Jack walked around the hotel and was mesmerized by its sheer size.

杰克在宾馆里四处转了转，为其宏伟气势所倾倒。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指衣服、鞋子等的)尺寸，尺码，号 A size is one of a series of graded measurements, especially for things such as clothes or shoes.

My sister is the same height but only a size 12...

我姐姐是一样的身高，不过只穿 12 号的。

I tried them on and they were the right size.

我试穿了一下，大小正合适。

4 PHRASE 短语 使有自知之明；灭...的嚣张气焰 If someone is cut down to size, something happens to make them realize that they are not as important as they think they are.

The once-powerful post unions have been cut down to size.

一度很强势的邮政联盟已经威风不再。

5 PHRASE 短语 把...修改到合适的尺寸 If an object is cut to size, its size is altered to make it suitable for a particular purpose.

Every piece of timber was planed, cut to size and stained with cedar preservative.

每根木材都被刨平了，切割成一定尺寸，并涂上了雪松防腐剂。

6 PHRASE 短语 (试试)大小；(试试)是否合适 If you try something on for size, you try it to see if it is suitable for you.

She was trying on an \$8,000 jacket for size...

她正在试穿一件价值 8,000 美元的短外套。

He suggests that Nietzsche was trying each style on for size.

他的言下之意是尼采当时正在尝试每一种风格。

7 comes in all shapes and sizes→see: [shape](#) ;

相关词组：

[size up](#)

skill ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 技术性工作；手艺 A skill is a type of work or activity which requires special training and knowledge.

Most of us will know someone who is always learning new skills, or studying new fields.

我们大多数人都认识某个总是在不停地学习新技术或研究新领域的人。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 技巧；技能；本领；技艺 Skill is the knowledge and ability that enables you to do something well.

The cut of a diamond depends on the skill of its craftsman.

钻石切割靠的是工匠的技艺。

skin ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 皮肤；皮 Your skin is the natural covering of your body.

His **skin** is clear and smooth...

他的皮肤光洁平滑。

There are three major types of **skin** cancer...

主要有 3 种皮肤癌。

The only difference between us is the colour of our **skins**.

我们之间唯一的差别就是肤色。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 兽皮；皮毛 An animal **skin** is skin which has been removed from a dead animal. Skins are used to make things such as coats and rugs.

That was real crocodile **skin**.

那是真正的鳄鱼皮。

...a leopard **skin** coat.

豹皮大衣

3 N-VAR 可变名词 果皮；(蔬菜的)表皮 The **skin** of a fruit or vegetable is its outer layer or covering.

The outer **skin** of the orange is called the 'zest'.

橙子皮称为 zest.

...banana **skins**.

香蕉皮

4 N-SING 单数名词 (液体表面凝结的)薄皮，薄层 If a **skin** forms on the surface of a liquid, a thin, fairly solid layer forms on it.

Stir the custard occasionally to prevent a **skin** forming.

要不时地搅拌牛奶蛋糊，防止其表面结皮。

5 VERB 动词 剥去(死动物)的皮；将...去皮 If you **skin** a dead animal, you remove its skin.

...with the expertise of a chef **skinning** a rabbit.

具有大厨剥兔子皮的娴熟技艺

6 See also: [-skinned](#) ; [banana skin](#) ;

7 PHRASE 短语 吓得魂飞魄散；大吃一惊 If something makes you **jump out of your skin**, it surprises or shocks you very much.

He nearly jumped out of his **skin** when he saw two rats.

他看到两只老鼠，几乎给吓丢了魂。

8 PHRASE 短语 保命；保全自己；设法摆脱困境 If you try to **save your own skin** or **save your skin**, you try to save yourself from something dangerous or unpleasant.

He'd have done anything to anybody to **save his own skin**.

为了活命，他可以不顾任何人，不择手段。

9 PHRASE 短语 侥幸；好不容易才；险些儿没有 If you do something **by the skin of your teeth**, you just manage to do it.

He won, but only **by the skin of his teeth**.

他赢了，但是赢得十分勉强。

10 PHRASE 短语 脸皮厚；不计较面子 If you say that someone has a **thick skin**, you mean that they are able to listen to criticism about themselves without becoming offended.

You need a **thick skin** to be a headmaster.

要当校长，你就得脸皮厚一些。

11 to **make your skin crawl** → see: [crawl](#) ;

sleep ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 睡眠；睡觉 Sleep is the natural state of rest in which your eyes are closed, your body is inactive, and your mind does not think.

They were exhausted from lack of **sleep**...

由于缺乏睡眠，他们非常疲惫。

Try and get some **sleep**...

试着睡一会儿。

Be quiet and go to **sleep**...

别出声，睡觉吧。

Often he would have bad dreams and cry out in his **sleep**.

他常常做噩梦，并且在梦里喊出声来。

2 VERB 动词 睡觉；睡着；入睡 When you **sleep**, you rest with your eyes closed and your mind and body inactive.

During the car journey, the baby **slept**...

坐车来的路上，宝宝睡着了。

I've not been able to **sleep** for the last few nights.

前几个晚上，我一直都无法入睡。

...a pool surrounded by **sleeping** sunbathers.

四周躺着边睡觉边晒日光浴的人们的游泳池

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 一段睡眠时间；一觉 A **sleep** is a period of sleeping.

I think he may be ready for a **sleep** soon.

我想他也许很快就要睡一觉了。

4 VERB 动词 (大楼、房间等)可供(若干人)住宿，睡得下(若干人) If a building or room **sleeps** a particular number of people, it has beds for that number of people.

The villa **sleeps** 10 and costs £530 per person for two weeks.

这座别墅可以住下 10 人，每人两周的费用是 530 英镑。

5 See also: [sleeping](#) ;

Usage Note :

There are several verbal expressions in English using the noun **sleep** which refer to the moment when you start to sleep. When you go to bed at night, you normally **go to sleep** or **fall asleep**. When you **go to sleep**, it is usually a deliberate action. *He didn't want to go to sleep.* You can **fall asleep** by accident, or at a time when you should be awake. *I've seen doctors fall asleep in the operating theatre.* If you have difficulty sleeping, you can say that you cannot **get to sleep**. *Sometimes the fever prevents the child from getting to sleep.*

英语中有几个用 **sleep** 的名词形式表示开始睡觉的动词短语。晚上上床睡觉的时候通常用 **go to sleep** (上床睡觉)或者 **fall asleep** (睡着)。**go to sleep** 通常指一种清醒时有意为之的行为，如：*He didn't want to go to sleep* (他不想上床睡觉)。**fall asleep** 可以指无意中睡着，或是在应该清醒的时候睡着，例如：*I've seen doctors fall asleep in the operating theatre* (我见过医生在手术室里睡着的情形)。假如无法入睡，可以说 **cannot get to sleep**，如：*Sometimes the fever prevents the child from getting to sleep* (有时候发烧使孩子无法入睡)。

6 PHRASE 短语 睡着；入睡 If you cannot **get to sleep**, you are unable to sleep.

I can't **get to sleep** with all that singing.

那些歌声搅得我无法入睡。

7 PHRASE 短语 对...十分担心；为...而睡不着觉 If you say that you didn't **lose any sleep over** something, you mean that you did not worry about it at all.

I didn't **lose too much sleep over** that investigation.

我并不太担心那个调查。

8 PHRASE 短语 好好考虑一夜；把...留待第二天再作决定 If you are trying to make a decision and you say that you will **sleep on it**, you mean that you will delay making a decision on it until the following day, so you have time to think about it.

9 PHRASE 短语 使(尤指有病或有伤的动物)无痛苦地死去；使长眠 If a sick or injured animal is **put to sleep**, it is killed by a vet in a way that does not cause it pain.

I'm going take the dog down to the vet's and have her **put to sleep**.

我要把小狗带到兽医那里，让她安乐死。

10 to **sleep rough** → see: [rough](#) ;

相关词组：

[sleep around](#) [sleep off](#) [sleep over](#) [sleep through](#) [sleep together](#) [sleep with](#)

slightly ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 略微；稍微 **Slightly** means to some degree but not to a very large degree.

His family then moved to a **slightly** larger house...

然后他全家搬到了一个稍微大一点房子里。

They will be **slightly** more expensive but they last a lot longer...

它们的价钱要贵一些，可是更加耐用。

Each person learns in a **slightly** different way...

每个人的学习方法都稍有不同。

You can adjust it **slightly**...

你可以稍加调整。

The best activities for stamina are fairly energetic ; they need to get you **slightly** out of breath.

最能够锻炼耐力的是那些需要一定体能、能让人呼

吸烟敏感化的活动。

slip ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **滑；滑倒** If you **slip**, you accidentally slide and lose your balance.

He had **slipped** on an icy pavement...
他在一条结了冰的人行道上滑了一跤。

Be careful not to **slip**.
小心，别滑倒了。

2 VERB 动词 **滑落；脱落** If something **slips**, it slides out of place or out of your hand.

His glasses had **slipped**...
他的眼镜滑掉了。

The hammer **slipped** out of her grasp.
锤子从她手中滑落。

3 VERB 动词 **迅速而悄无声息地走(到某处)；溜(到某处)** If you **slip** somewhere, you go there quickly and quietly.

Amy **slipped** downstairs and out of the house...
艾米偷偷下楼溜出了房子。

She **slipped** into the driving seat and closed the door.
她溜进了驾驶座，关上了门。

4 VERB 动词 **迅速而不被注意地放置；偷偷塞进** If you **slip** something somewhere, you put it there quickly in a way that does not attract attention.

I **slipped** a note under Louise's door...
我偷偷在路易斯的房门下面塞了一张便条。

He found a coin in his pocket and **slipped** it into her collecting tin...
他摸到口袋里有一枚硬币，便匆匆丢进她的讨钱罐。

Just **slip** in a piece of paper.
只要塞进一张纸就行。

5 VERB 动词 **偷偷地给；把...塞给** If you **slip** something to someone, you give it to them secretly.

Robert had **slipped** her a note in school...
罗伯特在学校里偷偷地塞给她一张纸条。

She looked round before pulling out a package and **slipping** it to the man.
她四下里看了看，然后拿出一个包裹，偷偷地塞给了这个男人。

6 VERB 动词 **不知不觉地转入(某种状态)；逐渐陷入(某种情况)** To **slip into** a particular state or situation means to pass gradually into it, in a way that is hardly noticed.

It amazed him how easily one could **slip into** a routine...
他惊讶地发现人很容易在不知不觉中因循守旧起来。

There was a 50-50 chance that the economy could **slip back into** recession.
经济再次陷入衰退的可能性是 50%。

7 VERB 动词 **下降；下跌** If something **slips to** a lower level or standard, it falls to that level or standard.

Shares **slipped to** 117p...
股价跌至 117 便士。

The club had **slipped to** the bottom of Division Four...
该俱乐部已经跌为了级组的最后一名。

In June, producer prices **slipped** 0.1% from May...
6 月的生产价格比 5 月下降了 0.1%。

Overall business activity is **slipping**.
商业活动整体趋于萧条。

Slip is also a noun.

...a **slip** in consumer confidence.
消费者信心的下降

8 VERB 动词 **迅速轻松地穿上/脱下** If you **slip into** or **out of** clothes or shoes, you put them on or take them off quickly and easily.

She **slipped out of** the jacket and tossed it on the couch...
她麻利地脱下来夹克，扔在了沙发上。

I **slipped off** my woollen gloves.
我迅速地脱下了毛线手套。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(轻微的)过错，过失，疏漏** A **slip** is a small or unimportant mistake.

We must be well prepared, there must be no **slips**.
我们必须好好准备，不能出任何差错。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **片；条** A **slip of paper** is a small piece of paper.

...little **slips of paper** he had torn from a notebook...
他从笔记本上撕下来的一张小纸片

I put her name on the **slip**.
我在纸条上记下了她的名字。

...credit card **slips**.
信用卡刷卡单

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(女裙的)衬裙，薄裙** A **slip** is a thin piece of clothing that a woman wears under her dress or skirt.

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 **瘦小的年轻人** If you refer to someone as a **slip of a girl** or a **slip of a boy**, you mean they are small, thin, and young.

He's a mere **slip of a lad** compared to his brother...
跟他哥哥一比，他不过是个小毛孩。

She was just a **slip of a thing**.
她才是个小丫头。

13 See also: [Freudian slip](#) ;

14 PHRASE 短语 **逃脱；摆脱；避开** If you **give** someone the **slip**, you escape from them when they are following you or watching you.

He gave reporters the **slip** by leaving at midnight.
他在午夜时分离开，避开了记者的追踪。

15 PHRASE 短语 **无意中泄露(秘密)** If you **let slip** information, you accidentally tell it to someone, when you wanted to keep it secret.

I bet he **let slip** that I'd gone to America.
我可以打赌，是他走漏了我去了美国的消息。

16 PHRASE 短语 **被忘掉；被遗忘** If something **slips your mind**, you forget about it.

The reason for my visit had obviously **slipped** his mind.
他显然已经忘掉了我的来意。

17 to **slip through** your fingers→see: [finger](#) ; slip of the tongue→see: [tongue](#) ;

相关词组：

[slip in](#) [slip through](#) [slip up](#)

slow ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **慢的；缓慢的** Something that is **slow** moves, happens, or is done without much speed.

The traffic is heavy and **slow**...
交通拥挤，车流缓慢。

Electric whisks should be used on a **slow** speed.
使用自动搅拌器时应该选用慢档。

...**slow**, regular breathing.
缓慢而均匀的呼吸

slowly
He spoke **slowly** and deliberately...
他说得缓慢而谨慎。

Christian backed **slowly** away.
克里斯琴慢慢地往后退。

slowness
She lowered the glass with calculated **slowness**.
她有意慢慢地放低了玻璃杯。

2 ADV-GRADED 副词 **(用于非正式英语中)缓慢地，慢吞吞地** In informal English, **slower** is used to mean 'at a slower speed' and **slowest** is used to mean 'at the slowest speed'. In non-standard English, **slow** is used to mean 'with little speed'.

I began to walk **slower** and **slower**...
我走得越来越慢。

We got there by driving **slow** all the way.
我们开着车去了那里，一路上开得很慢。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **费时间的；时间长的；迟缓的** Something that is **slow** takes a long time.

The distribution of passports has been a **slow** process.
颁发护照的过程非常缓慢。

slowly
My resentment of her **slowly** began to fade.
我对她的怨恨开始渐渐消退了。

slowness
...the **slowness** of political and economic progress.
政治和经济发展缓慢

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (办事)慢的, 迟的 If someone is **slow** to do something, they do it after a delay.

The world community has been **slow** to respond to the crisis...

国际社会对这次危机反应迟缓。

I've been a bit **slow** in making up my mind.

我下决心有些慢。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)慢下来; (使)放慢速度 If something **slows** or if you **slow** it, it starts to move or happen more slowly.

The rate of bombing has **slowed** considerably...

轰炸的速度明显慢了下来。

She **slowed** the car and began driving up a narrow road...

她放慢车速, 开始驶上一条狭窄的道路。

Reactions were **slowed** by fatigue.

疲劳使反应变得迟缓。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 迟钝的; 反应不灵敏的 Someone who is **slow** is not very clever and takes a long time to understand things.

He got hit on the head and he's been a bit **slow** since.

他的脑袋受过撞击, 从那以后, 他的反应变得有些迟钝。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 呆滞的; 不景气的; 沉闷的 If you describe a situation, place, or activity as **slow**, you mean that it is not very exciting.

Don't be faint-hearted when things seem a bit **slow** or boring...

事情变得有点沉闷无聊的时候, 不要胆怯。

The island is too **slow** for her liking.

这个岛太沉闷了, 不合她的胃口。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (钟表)走得慢的 If a clock or watch is **slow**, it shows a time that is earlier than the correct time.

9 See also: [slow-](#);

10 **slow off the mark**→see: [mark](#); slowly but surely→see: [surely](#); slow on the uptake→see: [uptake](#);

相关词组:

[slow down](#) [slow up](#)

smile ★★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 微笑; 笑 When you **smile**, the corners of your mouth curve up and you sometimes show your teeth. People smile when they are pleased or amused, or when they are being friendly.

When he saw me, he **smiled** and waved...

他看见我的时候, 微笑着朝我挥挥手。

He rubbed the back of his neck and **smiled** ruefully at me...

他挠了挠脖子, 对我苦笑了一下。

His smiling face appears on T-shirts, billboards, and posters.

他的笑脸出现在T恤衫、广告牌和海报上面。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 笑容 A **smile** is the expression that you have on your face when you smile.

She gave a wry **smile**...

她苦笑了一下。

'There are some sandwiches if you're hungry,' she said with a **smile**...

她笑道: "你要是饿的话, 这有一些三明治。"

She had a big **smile** on her face.

她笑容满面。

3 VERB 动词 微笑着说; 微笑着表示 If you **smile** something, you say it with a smile or express it by a smile.

'Aren't we daft?' she **smiled**...

她微笑着问: "我们不是很傻吗?"

She **smiled** her thanks and arranged the guitar under her arm.

她微笑着道了谢, 把胳膊下面的吉他调整了一下。

4 VERB 动词 (命运等)青睐, 眷顾, 垂青 If you say that something such as fortune **smiles on** someone, you mean that they are lucky or successful.

When fortune **smiled on** him, he made the most of it...

当好运来临时, 他充分把握住了。

God is not smiling on our cause.

我们的事业没有得到上帝的垂怜。

5 PHRASE 短语 满面笑容(常指先前因某事发愁) If you say that someone is **all smiles**, you mean that they look very happy, often when they have previously been worried or upset about something.

6 to **wipe the smile off** someone's face→see: [wipe](#);

smoke ★★★★★☆

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 烟 **Smoke** consists of gas and small bits of solid material that are sent into the air when something burns.

A cloud of black **smoke** blew over the city...

一团黑烟吹过城市的上空。

The air was thick with cigarette **smoke**.

空气里充斥着浓浓的烟味。

2 VERB 动词 冒烟 If something is **smoking**, smoke is coming from it.

The chimney was **smoking** fiercely.

烟囱里浓烟滚滚。

...a pile of **smoking** rubble.

一堆冒着烟的瓦砾。

3 VERB 动词 吸(烟); 抽(烟) When someone **smokes** a cigarette, cigar, or pipe, they suck the smoke from it into their mouth and blow it out again. If you **smoke**, you regularly smoke cigarettes, cigars, or a pipe.

He was sitting alone, **smoking** a big cigar...

他独自坐在那儿, 抽着一只大雪茄。

It's not easy to quit **smoking** cigarettes...

戒烟并非易事。

Do you **smoke**?

您抽烟吗?

Smoke is also a noun.

Someone came out for a **smoke**.

有人出来抽烟。

smoker

He was not a heavy **smoker**.

他烟瘾不大。

4 VERB 动词 熏(鱼、肉等) If fish or meat is **smoked**, it is hung over burning wood so that the smoke preserves it and gives it a special flavour.

...the grid where the fish were being **smoked**.

熏鱼用的格栅

...**smoked** bacon.

熏咸肉

5 See also: [smoked](#); [smoking](#);

6 PHRASE 短语 无风不起浪 If someone says **there's no smoke without fire** or **where there's smoke there's fire**, they mean that there are rumours or signs that something is true so it must be at least partly true.

7 PHRASE 短语 被焚毁; 被烧掉; 被付之一炬 If something **goes up in smoke**, it is destroyed by fire.

More than 900 years of British history went up in **smoke** in the Great Fire of Windsor.

900 多年的英国历史在温莎城堡的一场大火中灰飞烟灭。

8 PHRASE 短语 以失败告终; 一事无成 If something that is very important to you **goes up in smoke**, it fails or ends without anything being achieved.

Their dreams went up in **smoke** after the collapse of their travel agency.

他们的旅行社倒闭之后, 他们的梦想也随之破灭了。

相关词组:

[smoke out](#)

soft ★★★★★☆

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 软的; 柔软的 Something that is **soft** is pleasant to touch, and not rough or hard.

Regular use of a body lotion will keep the skin **soft** and supple...

经常使用润肤露可使皮肤柔软而富有弹性。

When it's dry, brush the hair using a **soft**, nylon baby brush.

当头发干后, 用柔软的婴儿用尼龙发刷梳理头发。

...warm, soft, white towels.

温暖而柔软白毛巾

softness

The sea air robbed her hair of its **softness**.

海风使她的秀发不再柔滑。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **软的；易弯曲的** Something that is **soft** changes shape or bends easily when you press it.

She lay down on the **soft**, comfortable bed...

她在柔软而舒适的床上躺了下来。

Add enough milk to form a **soft** dough.

加入足量的牛奶，使面团变得柔软。

...**soft** cheese.

软奶酪

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **线条柔和的；没有棱角的；平缓的** Something that has a **soft** appearance has smooth curves rather than sharp or distinct edges.

This is a smart, yet **soft** and feminine look.

这是一张透着精明的面孔，但是线条柔和，女人味十足。

...the **soft** curves of her body.

她柔和的身体曲线

softly

She wore a **softly** tailored suit.

她穿了一身剪裁得体、非常服帖的套装。

...a fresh, modern hairstyle which has long layers falling **softly** on the neck.

一个新颖而时尚的发型，一层层长发松松地垂在项

际

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(声音、光芒、色彩等)柔和的** Something that is **soft** is very gentle and has no force. For example, a **soft** sound or voice is quiet and not harsh. A **soft** light or colour is pleasant to look at because it is not bright.

There was a **soft** tapping on my door...

有人在轻轻地敲我的门。

When he woke again he could hear **soft** music.

他再次醒来时，听见了轻柔的音乐声。

...a **soft** Irish accent.

轻微的爱尔兰口音

...**soft** muted colours...

柔和的色彩

A **soft** spring rain had fallen all day.

蒙蒙春雨已经下了一整天。

softly

'I'm sorry,' he said **softly**...

“对不起，”他柔声说道。

She crossed the **softly** lit room...

她穿过了灯光柔和的房间。

She bent forward and kissed him **softly**.

她俯身轻轻地吻了他一下。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **宽容的；不严厉的；心慈手软的** If you are **soft** on someone, you do not treat them as strictly or severely as you should do.

The president says the measure is **soft** and weak on criminals...

总统说这一举措对犯罪分子过于宽容，力度太小。

He had initially thought Byrnes too **soft** with the Russians.

原先他还以为伯恩斯对俄国人过于手软呢。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **同情(别人的)；心软的** If you say that someone has a **soft heart**, you mean that they are sensitive and sympathetic towards other people.

Her rather tough and worldly exterior hides a very **soft** and sensitive heart.

她那强硬而世故的外表下掩藏着一颗温柔而敏感的心。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(生活)轻松的，不费力气的** You use **soft** to describe a way of life that is easy and involves very little work.

The regime at Latchmere could be seen as a **soft** option...

在拉奇米尔建立政权可以视为一个简便易行的选择。

There is no way that 20 years of **soft** living could be lost in the first 30 minutes' exercise.

20 年轻松舒适的生活是绝对不可能经过首次 30 分钟的训练就能放弃的。

8 ADJ 形容词 **(大麻等毒品)软性的** Soft drugs are drugs, such as cannabis, which are illegal but which many people do not consider to be strong or harmful.

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(目标)易被攻击的** A **soft** target is a place or person that can easily be attacked.

Women who carry cash about in the streets, as they very often have to, are a very **soft** target.

必须经常携带现金上街的女性特别容易受到攻击。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(水)含钙量低的，软性的** Soft water does not contain much of the mineral calcium and so makes bubbles easily when you use soap.

11 PHRASE 短语 **特别喜爱；特别疼爱；钟爱** If you have a **soft spot** for someone or something, you feel a great deal of affection for them or like them a lot.

Terry had a **soft spot** for me...

特里非常疼我。

I have a **soft spot** for London Zoo.

我特别喜欢伦敦动物园。

12 a **soft touch**→see: **touch** ;

soldier ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **士兵；战士；军人** A **soldier** is a person who works in an army, especially a person who is not an officer.

相关词组：

[soldier on](#)

solution ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(问题、困难等的)解决办法** A **solution** to a problem or difficult situation is a way of dealing with it so that the difficulty is removed.

Although he has sought to find a peaceful **solution**, he is facing pressure to use greater military force.

尽管他试图寻求和平解决，但现在却面临使用更多武力的压力。

...the ability to sort out simple, effective **solutions** to practical problems.

找出简单有效的方法解决实际问题的能力

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **谜底；答案** The **solution** to a puzzle is the answer to it.

...the **solution** to crossword No. 19721.

第 19721 号纵横字谜的答案

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **溶液** A **solution** is a liquid in which a solid substance has been dissolved.

...a warm **solution** of liquid detergent...

热洗涤剂溶液

Vitamins in **solution** are more affected than those in solid foods.

溶液里的维生素比固体食物里的维生素受到的影响更大。

somebody ★★★★★

1 PRON-INDEF 不定代词 **同 someone** **Somebody** means the same as **someone** .

Usage Note :

You use **not anybody** instead of **somebody** in negative sentences. *There isn't anybody here.*

否定句中用 **not anybody** 而不用 **somebody** , 例如 *There isn't anybody here* (这里没有人)。

someone ★★★★★

1 PRON-INDEF 不定代词 **某人；有人** You use **someone** or **somebody** to refer to a person without saying exactly who you mean.

Her father was shot by **someone** trying to rob his small retail store...

她的父亲被企图抢劫他那间小零售店的人开枪打死了。

I need **someone** to help me...

我需要有人帮忙。

She fell in love with **someone** and ran off with him...

她爱上了一个人，和那人私奔了。

If **somebody** asks me how my diet is going, I say, 'Fine'...

要是有人问我节食进行得如何，我就说：“蛮好的”。

He noticed a huge crowd gathered outside — **someone** really famous must be staying there...

他注意到外面聚集了乌压压一大群人——一定是有

某位大名人在那里。

She was tired of him and wanted to leave him, perhaps to marry somebody else.

她已经厌倦了他，打算离开他，也许嫁给别的什么人。

2 PRON-INDEF 不定代词 (某行业或某地方的)重要人物，大人物 If you say that a person is **someone** or **somebody** in a particular kind of work or in a particular place, you mean that they are considered to be important in that kind of work or in that place.

He was somebody in the law division...

他在法律部门是个人物。

'Before she came around,' she says, 'I was somebody in this town'.

“她来之前，”她说道，“我在这个镇上也算得上个人物了。”

Usage Note :

You use **not anyone** instead of **someone** in negative sentences. *There isn't anyone here.*

否定句中用 **not anyone** 而不用 **someone**，例如

There isn't anyone here (这里没有人)。

sometimes ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 有时；不时；间或 You use **sometimes** to say that something happens on some occasions rather than all the time.

During the summer, my skin **sometimes** gets greasy...

夏天我的皮肤有时候会出油。

Sometimes I think he dislikes me...

有时候，我觉得他不喜欢我。

You must have noticed how tired he **sometimes** looks...

你一定注意到他有时候显得特别疲惫。

Other people's jobs were exactly the same—**sometimes** good, **sometimes** bad.

其他人的工作也一样——时好时坏。

song ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 歌；歌曲 A **song** is words sung to a tune.

...a voice singing a Spanish **song**.

正在演唱一首西班牙歌曲的声音

...a love **song**.

情歌

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 歌唱艺术 **Song** is the art of singing.

...dance, music, mime and **song**.

舞蹈、音乐、哑剧以及歌唱

...the history of American popular **song**.

美国流行音乐史

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (鸟儿的)鸣啭，鸣叫 A bird's **song** is the pleasant, musical sounds that it makes.

It's been a long time since I heard a blackbird's **song** in the evening.

我很久没有听见乌鸫的夜鸣了。

4 See also: [birdsong](#) ; [song and dance](#) ; [songbird](#) ; [swansong](#) ;

5 PHRASE 短语 放声歌唱 If someone **bursts into song** or **breaks into song**, they start singing.

I feel as if I should **break into song**.

我觉得自己应该放声歌唱。

6 PHRASE 短语 用很便宜的价钱(买下)；非常便宜地 If you buy something **for a song**, you buy it for much less than its real value.

We found two second-hand chairs that were going **for a song**.

我们发现了两把准备低价出售的二手椅子。

7 PHRASE 短语 竭尽全力，鼓足劲头，处于良好的竞技状态(新闻用语，形容运动员) Journalists **sometimes describe sports players as being on song** when they are playing really well.

Ward is not the most consistent of players, but when he is **on song** he looks a world-beater.

沃德并不是发挥最稳定的球员，可是一旦进入状态，他似乎就是天下无敌的王者。

sorry ★★★★★

1 CONVENTION 惯用语 (用于表示歉意)对不起，抱歉 You say 'Sorry' or 'I'm sorry' as a way of apologizing to someone for something that you have done which has upset them or caused them difficulties, or when you bump into them accidentally.

'We're all talking at the same time.' — 'Yeah. Sorry.'...

“我们俩在同时讲话。”——“噢，抱歉。”

Sorry I took so long...

我耽误了这么长时间，真是对不起。

Sorry for barging in like this...

这么冒失地闯了进来，真是抱歉。

I'm really **sorry** if I said anything wrong...

如果我说错了什么，那真的十分抱歉。

I'm **sorry** to call so late, but I need a favour...

这么晚打电话真是抱歉，可是我需要帮个忙。

The next morning she came into my room and said she was **sorry**.

第二天早晨，她来我的房间向我道了歉。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 遗憾的；难过的；抱歉的；失望的 If you are **sorry** about a situation, you feel regret, sadness, or disappointment about it.

She was very **sorry** about all the trouble she'd caused...

她为自己引起了那么多麻烦而感到非常抱歉。

I'm **sorry** about what's happened...

我为所发生的事情感到遗憾。

I'm **sorry** he's gone...

我为他的离去感到惋惜。

He was **sorry** to see them go.

看到他们离去，他十分难过。

3 CONVENTION 惯用语 (用于告诉别人其不愿意听到的事时)对不起，抱歉，很遗憾 You use **I'm sorry** or **sorry** as an introduction when you are telling a person something that you do not think they will want to hear, for example when you are disagreeing with them or giving them bad news.

No, I'm **sorry**, I can't agree with you...

不，很抱歉，我不同意你的看法。

'I'm **sorry**,' he told the real estate agent, 'but we really must go now.'...

“对不起，”他对房地产代理人说，“但现在我们真的必须走了。”

I'm **sorry**, but Miss Lee is resting and can't be disturbed...

抱歉，李小姐正在休息，不能打扰。

Sorry — no baths after ten o'clock...

抱歉，10点以后没有洗澡水。

I'm **sorry** to have to tell you that Janet West is dead.

很遗憾，我不得不告诉您，珍妮特·韦斯特已经不在人世。

4 PHRASE 短语 (表示威胁或警告)你会后悔的 If someone says 'You'll be **sorry**', they are threatening you or warning you and suggesting that something unpleasant will happen to you because of your actions.

I'll tell Daddy, and then you'll be **sorry** because he'll give you another black eye...

我会告诉爸爸，到时候有你好受的，因为爸爸会再揍你一顿。

Get back in there, or you'll be **sorry**.

滚回那边去，否则你会后悔的。

5 PHRASE 短语 很遗憾，很抱歉(包含失望或不赞成) You use the expression **I'm sorry** to say to express regret together with disappointment or disapproval.

I've only done half of it, I'm **sorry** to say...

很遗憾，我只完成了一半。

This, I am **sorry** to say, is almost entirely wishful thinking.

我很遗憾，这几乎完全是一厢情愿的想法。

6 CONVENTION 惯用语 (用于听到伤心或不愉快的消息时)我深感遗憾，我很难过 You say 'I'm **sorry**' to express your regret and sadness when you hear sad or unpleasant news.

I've heard about Mollie — I'm so **sorry**...

我已经听说了莫莉的事情——我很难过。

'I'm afraid he's ill.' — 'I'm **sorry** to hear that.'

“恐怕他生病了。”——“真是遗憾。”

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (为别人的不幸或不快)感到难过的，表示同情的 If you feel **sorry** for someone who is unhappy or in an unpleasant situation, you feel sympathy and sadness for them.

I felt **sorry** for him and his colleagues — it must have been so frustrating for them...

我为他和他的同事们感到难过——这件事一定让他

们感到非常沮丧。

I am very **sorry** for the family.

我十分同情这家人。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (为自己的遭遇等)感到闷闷不乐, 垂头丧气

You say that someone is feeling **sorry for themselves** when you disapprove of the fact that they keep thinking unhappily about their problems, rather than trying to be cheerful and positive.

What he must not do is to sit around at home

feeling **sorry** for himself.

他万万不可宅在家里自艾自怜。

9 CONVENTION 惯用语 (用于请对方重复所说的话)

没听清, 请再说一遍 You say 'Sorry?' when you have not heard something that someone has said and you want them to repeat it.

10 CONVENTION 惯用语 (用于纠正自己刚才说错的话)不对, 抱歉 You use **sorry** when you correct yourself and use different words to say what you have just said, especially when what you say the second time does not use the words you would normally choose to use.

Barcelona will be hoping to bring the trophy back to Spain — **sorry**, Catalonia — for the first time.

巴塞罗那将有望首次把奖杯捧回西班牙——抱歉, 是捧回加泰罗尼亚。

...refugees (**sorry**, economic migrants) who

refuse to return to Vietnam.

拒绝回到越南的难民(抱歉, 应该说是经济移民)

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (处境)可怜的; (状态)糟糕的 If someone or something is in a **sorry** state, they are in a bad state, mentally or physically.

The fire left Kuwait's oil industry in a **sorry**

state...

这场大火使科威特的石油产业陷入悲惨的境地。

She is a **sorry** sight...

她的样子看上去糟透了。

They were a **sorry** lot.

他们是一群可怜的家伙。

12 **better safe than sorry** → see: **safe** ;

source ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 来源; 产地 The **source** of something is the person, place, or thing which you get it from.

...over 40 per cent of British adults use television as their major **source** of information about the arts...

40%以上的英国成年人把电视当作获取艺术文化信息的主要途径。

Renewable **sources** of energy must be used

where practical...

必须在可行的地方使用可再生能源。

Tourism, which is a major **source** of income for

the city, may be seriously affected.

作为该市主要收入来源的旅游业可能会受到严重影响。

2 VERB 动词 寻找(产品或原料的)货源 In business, if a person or firm **sources** a product or a raw material, they find someone who will supply it.

Together they travel the world, **sourcing** clothes for the small, privately owned company...

他们一道走遍世界各地, 为那家私营小公司寻觅服装货源。

About 60 per cent of an average car is **sourced**

from outside of the manufacturer.

一辆普通汽车上大约有60%的部件是由制造商以外的其他供应商提供的。

...furniture **sourced** from all over the world.

来自世界各地的家具

sourcing

The union is particularly concerned at the **sourcing** of products abroad.

该联盟尤其关注海外的产品货源。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 消息来源; 消息人士; (论文中引文的)出处, 原始资料 A **source** is a person or book that provides information for a news story or for a piece of research.

Military **sources** say the boat was heading south at high speed...

军方称这艘船当时正高速向南行进。

She quotes secondary and primary **sources**

without distinction.

她对二手资料和一手资料的引用毫无区别。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (困难的)根源, 原因 The **source** of a difficulty is its cause.

This gave me a clue as to the **source** of the problem.

这件事给我提供了找出问题根源的线索。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (河流的)源头 The **source** of a river or stream is the place where it begins.

...the **source** of the Tiber.

台伯河的源头

southern ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 南方的; 在南部的; 来自南部的 **Southern** means in or from the south of a region, state, or country.

The Everglades National Park stretches across the **southern** tip of Florida.

大沼泽地国家公园位于佛罗里达州的最南端。

...a place where you can sample **southern** cuisine.

可以品尝到南方美食的地方

space ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 空间; (空余的)地方 You use **space** to refer to an area that is empty or available. The area can be any size. For example, you can refer to a large area outside as a large open **space** or to a small area between two objects as a small **space**.

Under the plan, bits of open **space** — fields, golf-course borders and small parks — will be preserved.

在这份规划里, 一些开放空间——运动场、高尔夫球场边缘以及小公园——将得以保留。

...cutting down yet more trees to make **space** for houses...

砍掉更多的树, 腾出空间来盖房子

I had plenty of **space** to write and sew...

我有足够的空间进行写作和缝纫。

The **space** underneath could be used as a storage area...

底下的空间可用作储藏区。

He looked cautiously through a half-inch **space**

between the curtains and saw an empty

bedroom...

他小心翼翼地透过窗帘上的一条半英寸的缝隙望去, 看见了一个空荡荡的卧室。

The bird was enclosed in such a small **space** that it could not turn without bending its tail...

小鸟被关在这么狭小的空间里, 不弯一下尾巴的话, 都转不过身来。

List in the **spaces** below the specific changes you have made.

在下面空白处列出你所作的具体改动。

Usage Note :

You should use **space** or **room** to refer to an open or empty area. You do not use **place** as an uncount noun in this sense. **Room** is more likely to be used when you are talking about space inside an enclosed area. *There's not enough room in the bathroom for both of us...* *Leave plenty of space between you and the car in front.*

space 或 **room** 可以指一片开阔的区域或一片空地, **place** 不能作为不可数名词用于该义项。

room 多指封闭的空间, 例如: *There's not enough room in the bathroom for both of us* (浴室里容不下我们两个人), *Leave plenty of space between you and the car in front* (和前面的汽车保持足够的距离)。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 (活动或储藏用的)空间, 场所, 面积 A particular kind of **space** is the area that is available for a particular activity or for putting a particular kind of thing in.

...the high cost of office **space**...

办公场所的高额成本

You don't want your living **space** to look like a bedroom...

你可不希望自己居住的地方看上去像个卧室。

Finding a parking **space** in the summer months is still a virtual impossibility...

在夏季, 几乎还是不可能找到一个停车位。

The Women's Gym is a women-only **space** dedicated to women of all ages, shapes and sizes.

女子健身房对各种年龄层次、体型和个头的女性开放。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 开阔; 空旷 If a place gives a feeling of **space**, it gives an impression of

being large and open.

Large paintings can enhance the feeling of space in small rooms...

大型油画可以增加小房间的宽敞感。

The sense of space and emptiness is overwhelming.

巨大的空虚感汹涌袭来。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (思考问题、个人成长所需的时间、余地、空间) If you give someone space to think about something or to develop as a person, you allow them the time and freedom to do this.

You need space to think everything over...

你需要时间把一切好好地考虑清楚。

We will give each other space to develop.

我们会给彼此留出发展的空间。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (文件中用于讨论某个话题的版面、篇幅) The amount of space for a topic to be discussed in a document is the number of pages available to discuss the topic.

We can't promise to publish a reply as space is limited.

由于版面有限，我们不能保证把回复登载出来。

...some work which we couldn't include because of lack of space in this issue.

由于这期篇幅有限，我们无法收纳进来的一些文章

6 N-SING 单数名词 一段(时间)；期间 A space of time is a period of time.

They've come a long way in a short space of time...

他们在很短的时间之内就大老远地赶了过来。

I have known dramatic changes occur in the space of a few minutes with this method.

我知道用这种方法短短几分钟之内就能够产生急剧的变化。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 太空；外层空间 Space is the area beyond the Earth's atmosphere, where the stars and planets are.

The six astronauts on board will spend ten days in space.

飞船上的6名宇航员将在太空度过10天。

...launching satellites into space.

发射人造卫星进入外层空间

...developments in space technology.

太空技术的发展

...outer space.

外层空间

8 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 宇宙空间 Space is the whole area within which everything exists.

She felt herself transcending time and space...

她感到自己正在穿越时空。

The physical universe is finite in space and time.

物质世界在时间和空间上是有限的。

9 VERB 动词 分隔；使有间隔 If you space a series of things, you arrange them so that they are not all together but have gaps or intervals of time between them.

Women once again are having fewer children and spacing them further apart...

女人再次减少了生孩子的数量，而且生育之间相隔的时间也更长了。

His voice was angry and he spaced the words for emphasis.

他的声音里透着愤怒，为了强调，他一字一顿。

Space out means the same as space. [space out](#) 同 [space](#)

He talks quite slowly and spaces his words out...

他说得很慢，每个词之间都有停顿。

I was spacing out the seedlings into divided trays...

我正在把那些小嫩苗分装进有分格的盘子里。

They will have time to draw breath between matches, with their last four fixtures spaced out over three weeks.

由于最后的4场比赛间隔分布在3个星期里，因此他们有时间在比赛的间隙稍作休息。

spaced

Its houses are large, well-spaced and surrounded by gardens...

其房子很大、间距适当，周围全是花园。

The RAC is calling for rest areas spaced at regular intervals on major roads.

皇家汽车俱乐部呼吁：交通主干道上的休息区应均匀分布。

spacing

Generous spacing gives healthier trees and better crops.

足够大的间距能使树木和庄稼长得更茁壮。

10 See also: [spacing](#) ; [airspace](#) ; [breathing space](#) ; [outer space](#) ; [personal space](#) ;

11 PHRASE 短语 直愣愣；茫然(直视) If you are staring into space, you are looking straight in front of you, without actually looking at anything in particular, for example because you are thinking or because you are feeling shocked.

He just sat in the dressing-room staring into space...

他直愣愣地坐在化妆间里。

Molly turned away and gazed off into space, a faraway look in her eyes.

莫莉转过脸去茫然凝视，眼神似已飘到了远方。

12 PHRASE 短语 废物；无用之人 If you describe someone or something as a waste of space, you are indicating that you have a very low opinion of them.

Even Sarah treated him as if he were a waste of space...

连萨拉对他都像是在对待一个废物。

Are we expected to believe those scribblings are art? This piece of trash was a waste of space.

我们难道真要把那些乱涂乱画当作艺术吗？这种垃圾留着都占地方。

13 PHRASE 短语 (新闻记者将进行后续报道时所说的话)请继续关注 Journalists write 'Watch this space' in order to indicate in an informal way that they will be giving more information about something in the future.

Watch this space for details of our next event.

请继续关注我们对下一事件的详细报道。

specific ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (部位、问题、题目等)特定的，特别的 You use specific to refer to a particular fixed area, problem, or subject.

Massage may help to increase blood flow to specific areas of the body...

按摩有助于增加身体特定部位的血液流量。

There are several specific problems to be dealt with...

有几个特定问题需要解决。

Specific groups may be formed to address specific issues.

可能会组成特别小组去解决特定问题。

...the specific needs of the individual.

个人的特别需求

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (表达)明确的，确切的，具体的 If someone is specific, they give a description that is precise and exact. You can also use specific to describe their description.

I asked him to be more specific...

我要求他说得更具体些。

These nerve centres generate rhythmic movements ; or to be more specific, rhythmic stomach movements...

这些神经中心产生有节奏的运动，或者更确切地说，是有节奏的肠胃蠕动。

This report offered the most specific and accurate description of the problems.

该报告对问题进行了最具体、最准确的描述。

specificity

...the kind of extreme specificity normally associated only with computer programmes.

通常只有计算机程序才会具备的那种极端明晰性

3 ADJ 形容词 特有的；独特的；只与...有关的

Something that is specific to a particular thing is connected with that thing only.

Send your resume with a cover letter that is specific to that particular job.

寄出你的简历并附上一份针对那个特定工作岗位的附函。

Specific is also used after nouns. (亦用在名词后)

Most studies of trade have been country-specific.

有关贸易的多数研究都是针对某个具体国家的。

...a job-specific course.

岗位课程

speech ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 说话能力；说话；言语

Speech is the ability to speak or the act of speaking.

...the development of **speech** in children...

儿童言语能力的发展

Intoxication interferes with **speech** and coordination.

醉酒会影响言语能力和协调性。

...a **speech** therapist specialising in stammering.

专治口吃的言语矫治师

2 N-SING 单数名词 **说话方式；言谈** Your **speech** is the way in which you speak.

His **speech** became increasingly thick and nasal...

他说话的声音变得越来越粗，鼻音越来越重。

I'd make fun of her dress and imitate her **speech**.

我会拿她的衣着开玩笑，并模仿她说话。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **口语，言语(与书面语相对而言)** **Speech** is spoken language.

He could imitate in **speech** or writing most of those he admired.

他能模仿大多数自己崇拜的偶像的讲话和写作风格。

...the way common letter clusters are usually pronounced in **speech**.

普通字母组合在口语中的常见读法

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **演说；演讲；讲话；致辞** A **speech** is a formal talk which someone gives to an audience.

She is due to make a **speech** on the economy next week...

她将在下周作一个关于经济的演讲。

He delivered his **speech** in French.

他用法语发表演说。

...a dramatic resignation **speech**.

一场情绪激昂的辞职演说

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(演员的)台词** A **speech** is a group of lines spoken by a character in a play.

...the hilarious **speech** from Alan Bennett's 'Forty Years On'.

艾伦·贝内特的《弹指四十年》中的一段非常有趣的台词

6 See also: [direct speech](#) ; [figure of speech](#) ; [indirect speech](#) ; [maiden speech](#) ; [part of speech](#) ; [reported speech](#) ;

speed ★★★★★

The form of the past tense and past participle is *sped* in meaning 5 but *speeded* for the phrasal verb. 义项 5 的过去式和过去分词为 *sped*，但在短语动词中则为 *speeded*。

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **(运动、运行的)速度，速率** The **speed** of something is the rate at which it moves or travels.

He drove off at high **speed**...

他驱车飞驰而去。

With this type of camera, the shutter **speed** is fixed...

对这类相机而言，快门的速度是固定的。

An electrical pulse in a wire travels close to the **speed** of light...

电线里的电脉冲以接近光速的速度传输。

Wind **speeds** reached force five.

风速达到 5 级。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(某事发生或进展的)速度，进度** The **speed** of something is the rate at which it happens or is done.

In the late 1850s the **speed** of technological change quickened...

19 世纪 50 年代末期，技术变革的速度加快了。

Each learner can proceed at his own **speed**.

每一位学习者都可以按自己的进度学习。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(指运动、运行的)高速，快速** **Speed** is very fast movement or travel.

Speed is the essential ingredient of all athletics...

速度是所有田径运动项目的关键要素。

He put on a burst of **speed**...

他突然加速了。

The car is quite noisy at **speed**.

这辆车高速行驶时噪音很大。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(指某事发生或进展时的)高速，快速** **Speed** is a very fast rate at which something happens or is done.

I was amazed at his **speed** of working.

他办事之麻利让我深感叹服。

...the sheer **speed** of the unification process.

统一进程速度惊人

5 VERB 动词 **(尤指坐车)快速行进** If you **speed** somewhere, you move or travel there quickly, usually in a vehicle.

Trains will **speed** through the Channel Tunnel at 186mph...

火车将以每小时 186 英里的速度快速穿过海峡隧道。

The engine noise rises only slightly as I **speed** along.

我一路高速行驶时，发动机的噪音只提高了一点点。

6 VERB 动词 **(驾车者)超速行驶** Someone who is **speeding** is driving a vehicle faster than the legal speed limit.

This man was not qualified to drive and was **speeding**.

这名男子没有驾驶资格，并且违章超速行驶。

speeding

He was fined for **speeding** last year.

他去年因超速行驶被罚了款。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **安非他明(一种兴奋剂)** **Speed** is an illegal drug such as amphetamine which some people take to increase their energy and excitement.

8 See also: [-speed](#) ;

9 to **pick up speed**→see: [pick](#) ;

10 PHRASE 短语 **掌握最新情况的** If you are **up to speed**, you have all the most recent information that you need about something.

A day has been set aside to bring all councillors up to **speed** on the proposal...

已经确定了一个日子，届时将向所有的市政委员汇报有关该建议的最新进展情况。

Those in charge deluded themselves they were up to **speed**.

那些负责人自以为掌握了最新情况。

相关词组：

[speed up](#)

spirit ★★★★★

1 N-SING 单数名词 See also: [kindred spirit](#) ; **精神；心灵** Your **spirit** is the part of you that is not physical and that consists of your character and feelings.

The human **spirit** is virtually indestructible...

人的精神实际上是不可摧毁的。

Marian retains a restless, youthful **spirit**, in search of new horizons.

玛丽安怀着一颗年轻、不断进取的心去寻求新的天地。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **灵魂** A person's **spirit** is the non-physical part of them that is believed to remain alive after their death.

His **spirit** has left him and all that remains is the shell of his body.

他已灵魂出窍，剩下的只是他的躯壳。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [Holy Spirit](#) ; **鬼魂；幽灵** A **spirit** is a ghost or supernatural being.

...protection against evil **spirits**.

避邪

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **勇气；意志** **Spirit** is the courage and determination that helps people to survive in difficult times and to keep their way of life and their beliefs.

She was a very brave girl and everyone who knew her admired her **spirit**.

她是个非常勇敢的女孩，认识她的人都敬佩她的勇气。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **生命力；精力；活力** **Spirit** is the liveliness and energy that someone shows in what they do.

They played with **spirit**.

他们打得生龙活虎。

6 N-SING 单数名词 **(对待事物的)态度** The **spirit** in which you do something is the attitude you have when you are doing it.

Their problem can only be solved in a **spirit** of compromise...

他们的问题只能通过妥协来解决。

They approached the talks in a conciliatory **spirit**.

他们抱一种和解的态度去参加谈判。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (团体成员对团体的)忠诚 **忠诚**

A particular kind of **spirit** is the feeling of loyalty to a group that is shared by the people who belong to the group.

There is a great sense of team **spirit** among the British Olympic squad...

在英国的奥运代表团中有一种强烈的团队精神。

The president has appealed to the Brazilian people for patriotism and community **spirit**.

总统已经呼吁巴西人民要有爱国情怀和集体主义精神。

8 N-SING 单数名词 **精神**(指某一群体特有的思想、信念、目标) A particular kind of **spirit** is the set of ideas, beliefs, and aims that are held by a group of people.

...the real **spirit** of the Labour movement.
劳工运动的精髓

9 N-SING 单数名词 (法律、协议等的)原意，实质，**精神** The **spirit** of something such as a law or an agreement is the way that it was intended to be interpreted or applied.

The requirement for work permits violates the **spirit** of the 1950 treaty.

对工作许可证的要求违反了1950年条约的精神。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 (具有特定品质的)人 You can refer to a person as a particular kind of **spirit** if they show a certain characteristic or if they show a lot of enthusiasm in what they are doing.

I like to think of myself as a free **spirit**...

我愿意把自己看成是个无拘无束的人。

He was the founder and guiding **spirit** of New York's Shakespeare Festival.

他是纽约莎士比亚戏剧节的创始人及领导者。

11 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **情绪；心情；兴致** Your **spirits** are your feelings at a particular time, especially feelings of happiness or unhappiness.

At supper, everyone was in high **spirits**...

晚餐时，每个人都兴致勃勃。

A bit of exercise will help lift his **spirits**.

进行一点儿体育锻炼能帮助他改善情绪。

12 VERB 动词 **把...迅速而秘密地带走** If someone or something is **spirited** away, or if they are **spirited out of** somewhere, they are taken from a place quickly and secretly without anyone noticing.

He was **spirited** away and probably murdered...

他被秘密带走，可能被杀害了。

His parents had **spirited** him away to the country...

他的父母偷偷地将他带到了该国。

It is possible that he has been **spirited** out of the country.

可能他已经被偷偷带出了国。

13 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (威士忌、杜松子酒等)烈性酒 **Spirits** are strong alcoholic drinks such as whisky and gin.

14 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 See also: [methylated spirits](#); [surgical spirit](#); (用作燃料、清洗等用途的)酒精 **Spirit** or **spirits** is an alcoholic liquid that is used as a fuel, for cleaning things, or for other purposes. There are many kinds of spirit.

15 PHRASE 短语 **热情地参加** If you **enter into the spirit** of something, you take part in it in an enthusiastic way.

16 PHRASE 短语 **精神上**(在某地或和某人在一起，但实际上本人并不在场) If you say you are somewhere **in spirit** or with someone **in spirit**, you mean that although you are not with them, you feel as though you are with them because you are thinking about them a lot.

In spirit I was with you here.
我在精神上支持你。

17 PHRASE 短语 **本质上** You use **in spirit** when you are talking about someone's true nature.

They seemed close **in spirit** to those first independent-minded Turkish women who took professions...

她们在本质上似乎和那些最早出去工作的具有独立思考的土耳其女性很相似。

It is independent **in spirit**.

它本质上是独立的。

18 PHRASE 短语 **时代精神** The **spirit of the age** or the **spirit of the times** is the set of ideas, beliefs, and aims that is typical of people in a particular period in history.

split ★★★★★

The form split is used in the present tense and is the past tense and past participle of the verb. split 的过去式和过去分词与原形相同。

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)断裂；(使)裂开；分割 If something **splits** or if you **split** it, it is divided into two or more parts.

In a severe gale the ship **split** in two...

在一次大风中，船断成了两截。

If the chicken is fairly small, you may simply **split** it in half...

如果鸡比较小，你把它切成两半就行了。

We **split** the boards down the middle to use them for the back of the shelves.

我们把木板从中间锯开，用作架子的背板。

...uniting families **split** by the war.
使因战争分离的家庭重新团圆

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)(团体)意见不合；(使)分裂 If an organization **splits** or is **split**, one group of members disagrees strongly with the other members, and may form a group of their own.

Yet it is feared the Republican leadership could **split** over the agreement...

但有人担心，共和党的领导层可能会在该协议上出现意见分歧。

Women priests are accused of **splitting** the church.

女牧师被指责分裂教会。

...these organizations all have similar aims and programs and are really **split** by personal rivalries as much as by politics.

这些组织都有类似的目标和规划，之所以出现分歧实际上是源于个人之间的对立和政治斗争。

Split is also an adjective.

The Kremlin is deeply **split** in its approach to foreign policy.

克里姆林宫的领导层在外交政策上存在很深的分歧。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (团体中的)意见分歧 A **split** in an organization is a disagreement between its members.

They accused both radicals and conservatives of trying to provoke a **split** in the party.

他们指责激进派和保守派都在试图挑起党内分歧。

4 N-SING 单数名词 **区分；不同** A **split** between two things is a division or difference between them.

...a **split** between what is thought and what is felt.

所想到的和感受到的之间的不同

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)(木头、衣服)开裂，出现裂缝；撕开 If something such as wood or a piece of clothing **splits** or is **split**, a long crack or tear appears in it.

The seat of his short grey trousers **split**...

他的灰色短裤的臀部开裂了。

Twist the mixture into individual sausages without **splitting** the skins...

将混合物拧成一段段的香肠，不要把皮弄破。

He had a **split** lip and an eye that wouldn't open properly.

他长着兔唇，一只眼睛无法正常睁开。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **裂缝；裂口** A **split** is a long crack or tear.

The plastic-covered seat has a few small **splits** around the corners.

塑料面椅子的四角上有几道小裂缝。

7 VERB 动词 See also: [splitting](#); **分担；分享；分得** If two or more people **split** something, they share it between them.

I would rather pay for a meal than watch nine friends pick over and **split** a bill...

我宁可掏钱请客，也不愿看到9位朋友算来算去分摊账单。

Split the wages between you...

工钱由你们两人平分。

All exhibits are for sale, the proceeds being **split** between Oxfam and the artist.

所有展品都将出售，收入由乐施会和艺术家平分。

相关词组：

[split off](#) [split up](#)

spokesman ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **男发言人** A **spokesman** is a male spokesperson.

A UN **spokesman** said that the mission will carry

20 tons of relief supplies.

联合国的一名男发言人说，该代表团将携带 20 吨救济物资。

sport ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **体育运动；运动** Sports are games such as football and basketball and other competitive leisure activities which need physical effort and skill.

I'd say football is my favourite sport...

我最喜欢的运动要数足球了。

She excels at sport...

她在体育方面很优秀。

Mark was mainly interested in sport at school, playing rugby as well as soccer...

在学校，马克主要对体育运动很感兴趣，他打橄榄球，也踢足球。

Billy turned on a radio to get the sports news.

比利打开收音机听体育新闻。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **开明大度的人** If you say that someone is a sport or a good sport, you mean that they cope with a difficult situation or teasing in a cheerful way.

He was accused of having no sense of humor, of not being a good sport.

他被指责缺乏幽默感，不够大度。

3 VERB 动词 **引人注目地穿戴；炫耀** If you say that someone sports something such as a distinctive item of clothing, you mean that they wear it without any shyness.

He sported a collarless jacket with pleated black panels...

他穿着一件带有黑色褶子饰条的无领上衣。

He was heavily-built and sported a red moustache...

他身材魁梧，留着红色的八字胡。

People sported swastikas and walls were covered with inflammatory slogans.

人们佩戴着纳粹党的卐字标志，墙上写满了煽动性口号。

spot ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **小圆点；斑点** Spots are small, round, coloured areas on a surface.

The leaves have yellow areas on the top and underneath are powdery orange spots...

叶子的表面有黄色斑点，背面则有桔色粉状圆点。

The swimsuit comes in navy with white spots or blue with green spots.

这款泳衣有藏青色带白色圆点的，也有蓝色带绿色圆点的。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(皮肤上的)小肿块，斑点** Spots on a person's skin are small lumps or marks.

Never squeeze blackheads, spots or pimples.

千万不要挤黑头、小肿块或粉刺。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(液体的)滴，点** A spot of a liquid is a small amount of it.

Spots of rain had begun to fall...

雨点开始落下来了。

Secure with a few spots of glue.

用几滴胶水粘住。

4 QUANT 数量词 **少量；少许** If you have a spot of something, you have a small amount of it.

Mr Brooke is undoubtedly in a spot of bother...

布鲁克先生肯定遇到了点小麻烦。

A year or two ago I found myself indulging in a spot of yachting in Finnish waters...

一两年前，我有一阵子曾迷上了在芬兰海域中进行帆船运动。

We've given all the club members tea, coffee and a spot of lunch.

我们为所有俱乐部成员都提供了茶、咖啡和简单的午餐。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **地点；处所** You can refer to a particular place as a spot.

They stayed at several of the island's top tourist spots...

他们在岛上最著名的几处旅游景点作了停留。

They all stood there staring, as if frozen to the spot.

他们都站在那儿发愣，就像被冻在那里似的。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(电视、广播节目的)固定时段** A spot in a television or radio show is a part of it that is regularly reserved for a particular performer or type of entertainment.

Unsuccessful at screen writing, he got a spot on a CNN film show.

写电影剧本未获成功后，他在美国有线电视网的一档电影节目中争取到了一个固定时段。

7 VERB 动词 See also: [spotted](#); [black spot](#); [blind spot](#); **看到；发现；认出** If you spot something or someone, you notice them.

Vicenzo failed to spot the error...

维森佐未能发现该错误。

He left the party seconds before smoke was spotted coming up the stairs.

就在他离开聚会几秒钟后有人发现烟雾顺着楼梯冒上来了。

8 PHRASE 短语 **在现场** If you are on the spot, you are at the actual place where something is happening.

...areas where troops are on the spot and protecting civilians...

有部队在现场保护平民的地区

Mr Connolly is their 'man on the spot' and the person you can call if you have a complaint.

康诺利先生是他们的“现场代表”，要投诉可以和他联系。

9 PHRASE 短语 **立即；当场** If you do something on the spot, you do it immediately.

James was called to see the producer and got the job on the spot...

詹姆斯被叫去见制片人，当场就得到了那份工作。

The surveyor will use a laptop computer to give on the spot advice.

检测员会用一台手提电脑当场给出意见。

10 PHRASE 短语 **使...陷入困境；使...为难** If you put someone on the spot, you cause them to have to answer a difficult question or make a difficult decision.

He put me on the spot a bit because he invited me right in front of his mum and I didn't particularly want to go...

他让我有点难堪，因为他当着他母亲的面邀请我，而我又不太想去。

Even clever people are not terribly clever when put on the spot.

即便是聪明人在面对难题时也未必就能表现得特别聪明。

11 PHRASE 短语 **处于困境** If you are in a tight spot, you are in a difficult situation.

In a tight spot there is no one I would sooner see than Frank.

有麻烦时，我会首先去找弗兰克。

12 **rooted to the spot** → see: [rooted](#);

to have a soft spot for someone → see: [soft](#);

spread ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **摊开；铺开** If you spread something somewhere, you open it out or arrange it over a place or surface, so that all of it can be seen or used easily.

She spread a towel on the sand and lay on it...

她在沙滩上铺了一条毛巾，躺上面。

His coat was spread over the bed.

他的外套摊在床上。

Spread out means the same as spread. [spread out](#) 同 [spread](#)

He extracted several glossy prints and spread them out on a low coffee table...

他掏出几张光面照片，将它们摆在一张矮茶几上。

In his room, Tom was spreading out a map of Scandinavia on the bed.

房间里，汤姆正将一张斯堪的纳维亚地图在床上铺开。

2 VERB 动词 **伸出；张开，叉开(手臂、双手、手指、双腿等)** If you spread your arms, hands, fingers, or legs, you stretch them out until they are far apart.

Sitting on the floor, spread your legs as far as they will go without overstretching...

坐在地板上，在不要拉伤的前提下将双腿尽量分开。

He stepped back and spread his hands wide.

"You are most welcome to our home."

他往后退了一步，伸开双手。“非常欢迎你到我们家来。”

Spread out means the same as spread. [spread out](#) 同 [spread](#)

David made a gesture, spreading out his hands as if he were showing that he had no explanation to make...

戴维做了个手势，摊开双手，好像在说他没有什么

可解释的。

You need a bed that's large enough to let you **spread** yourself out.

你需要一张能让自己舒展四肢躺着的大床。

3 VERB 动词 **涂；抹；敷** If you **spread** a substance on a surface or **spread** the surface with the substance, you put a thin layer of the substance over the surface.

Spread the mixture in the cake tin and bake for 30 minutes...

将混合物抹在蛋糕烤盘里，烘烤 30 分钟。

A thick layer of wax was **spread** over the surface...

表面涂上了厚厚的一层蜡。

Spread the bread with the cheese.

在面包上抹奶酪。

4 N-MASS 物质名词 **涂抹在面包上的酱** Spread is a soft food which is put on bread.

...a wholemeal salad roll with low fat **spread**.

涂有低脂酱的全麦色拉面包卷

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)传播；(使)散布；(使)扩散** If something **spreads** or **is spread** by people, it gradually reaches or affects a larger and larger area or more and more people.

The industrial revolution which started a couple of hundred years ago in Europe is now **spreading** across the world.

两百多年前始于欧洲的工业革命目前正在向全世界传播。

...the sense of fear **spreading** in residential neighborhoods...

在住宅小区中蔓延的恐惧感

He was fed-up with the lies being **spread** about him.

关于自己的流言蜚语满天乱飞，他实在受够了。

Spread is also a noun.

The greatest hope for reform is the gradual **spread** of information...

对改革的最大希望是信息能得以逐渐传播。

Thanks to the **spread** of modern technology, trained workers are now more vital than ever.

由于现代技术的普及，现在受过培训的工人的作用比以往任何时候都更为重要。

6 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)扩散；(使)散开；(使)蔓延** If something such as a liquid, gas, or smoke **spreads** or **is spread**, it moves outwards in all directions so that it covers a larger area.

Fire **spread** rapidly after a chemical truck exploded...

一辆装有化学品的卡车爆炸后，火势迅速蔓延。

A dark red stain was **spreading** across his shirt...

一块深红色的污渍正在他的衬衫上渗开。

In Northern California, a wildfire has **spread** a haze of smoke over 200 miles.

在加利福尼亚州北部，一场野火产生的烟雾已扩散了 200 多英里。

Spread is also a noun.

The situation was complicated by the **spread** of a serious forest fire.

一场严重的森林大火的蔓延使得形势更加复杂。

7 VERB 动词 **将...分散(在一段时间内)；分期做** If you **spread** something over a period of time, it takes place regularly or continuously over that period, rather than happening at one time.

There seems to be little difference whether you eat all your calorie allowance in one go, or **spread** it over the day...

不管你是一次性摄入全天的卡路里限量，还是在一天内分次摄入，结果好像没有多大差别。

The course is **spread** over a five week period.

这门课将持续 5 周时间。

8 VERB 动词 **分摊；均摊** If you **spread** something such as wealth or work, you distribute it evenly or equally.

...policies that **spread** the state's wealth more evenly...

更加平均地分配国家财富的政策

The loss of jobs has been far more evenly **spread** across the regions than it was during the early 1980s.

失业数字在各地区之间的分布要比 20 世纪 80 年代初均衡多了。

Spread is also a noun.

There are easier ways to encourage the even **spread** of wealth.

有一些更简单的方法可以促进财富的平均分配。

9 N-SING 单数名词 **(想法、兴趣等的)广泛，多样** A **spread** of ideas, interests, or other things is a wide variety of them.

A topic-based approach can be hard to assess in primary schools with a typical **spread** of ability...

因为学生的能力通常差异很大，基于话题的教学方法在小学里评估起来可能很难。

We have an enormous **spread** of industries, mainly in the Home Counties and East Anglia.

我们拥有种类繁多的工业，主要位于伦敦周围各郡和东英吉利地区。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(尤指为某一特殊场合准备的)丰盛饭菜，盛宴** A **spread** is a large meal, especially one that has been prepared for a special occasion.

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(书籍、杂志、报纸中)横贯两版的篇幅** A **spread** is two pages of a book, magazine, or newspaper that are opposite each other when you open it at a particular place.

There was a double-page **spread** of a dinner for 46 people.

有一张横贯两版的、由 46 人参加的宴席的照片。

12 N-SING 单数名词 **(股票的)价差** Spread is used to refer to the difference between the price that a seller wants someone to pay for a particular stock or share and the price that the buyer is willing to pay.

Market makers earn their livings from the **spread** between buying and selling prices.

做市商靠赚取买卖价差生存。

13 to **spread** your wings → see: [wing](#) ;

相关词组：
[spread out](#)

square ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **正方形；四方形** A **square** is a shape with four sides that are all the same length and four corners that are all right angles.

Serve the cake warm or at room temperature, cut in **squares**...

等蛋糕温热或凉至室温时切成四方块端上桌。

There was a calendar on the wall, with large **squares** around the dates...

墙上有一幅日历，每个日期都用大方框框着。

Most of the rugs are simple cotton **squares**.

多数小地毯是简单的棉质方块垫。

2 N-COUNT ; N-IN-NAMES 名称名词；名称名词 **(通常方方形的)广场** In a town or city, a **square** is a flat open place, often in the shape of a square.

The house is located in one of Pimlico's prettiest garden **squares**...

房子位于皮姆利科最美丽的一个花园广场上。

The town centre is thick with churches and cafe-lined **squares**.

市中心随处可见教堂和被咖啡店包围的广场。

...St Mark's Square.

圣马克广场

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **正方形的；方的** Something that is **square** has a shape the same as a square or similar to a square.

Round tables seat more people in the same space as a **square** table...

在相同的空间里，圆桌比起方桌可以坐下更多的人。

His finger nails were **square** and cut neatly across.

他的手指甲是方形的，修剪得很齐。

4 ADJ 形容词 **(用于长度单位前表示面积)平方的** Square is used before units of length when referring to the area of something. For example, if something is three metres long and two metres wide, its area is six square metres.

Canary Wharf was set to provide 10 million **square** feet of office space...

金丝雀码头计划要提供 1,000 万平方英尺的办公面积。

The Philippines has just 6,000 **square** kilometres of forest left.

菲律宾只剩下 6,000 平方公里的森林了。

5 ADJ 形容词 **(用于长度面积后表示四方形容物的边长长宽为...的)** Square is used after units of length when you are giving the length of each side of

something that is square in shape.

...a linen cushion cover, 45 cm square.

一个亚麻靠垫套，长宽为 45 厘米

...two pieces of wood 4 inches square.

两块长宽均为 4 英寸的木片

6 VERB 动词 **使成二次幂；将(数字)平方** To square a number means to multiply it by itself. For example, 3 squared is 3 x 3, or 9. 3 squared is usually written as 3².

Take the time in seconds, square it, and multiply by 5.12...

记下用了多少秒时间，将其平方，再乘以5.12。

A squared plus B squared equals C squared.

A 的平方加上 B 的平方等于 C 的平方。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **二次幂；平方** The square of a number is the number produced when you multiply that number by itself. For example, the square of 3 is 9.

...the square of the speed of light, an

exceedingly large number.

光速的平方，一个天文数字

8 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)不同想法或行动协调一致** If you square two different ideas or actions with each other or if they square with each other, they fit or match each other.

That explanation squares with the facts, doesn't it...

那个解释和事实相符，不是吗？

He set out to square his dreams with reality.

他开始让自己的梦想接近现实。

9 VERB 动词 **就...征得...的同意** If you square something with someone, you ask their permission or check with them that what you are doing is acceptable to them.

I squared it with Dan, who said it was all right

so long as I was back next Monday morning...

我征得了丹的同意，他说只要我下周一早上能回来就行。

She should have squared things with Jay before

she went into this business with Walker.

她本该在和沃克联手进入这一行之前先征得杰伊的同意。

10 See also: [squared](#); [squarely](#);

11 PHRASE 短语 **将圆的变成方的；做不可能做到的事** If you say that someone squares the circle, you mean that they bring together two things which are normally thought to be so different that they cannot exist together.

He has squared the circle of keeping the City

happy and doing something to improve business cash flow...

他做到了不可能做到的事，既让伦敦城满意，又增加了企业的现金流量。

'Nirvana' squared the circle by making a record

that was both superb pop and rock music at the same time.

“涅槃”乐队做到了不可能做到的事，录制了一张既有流行风又带有摇滚范儿的唱片。

12 PHRASE 短语 **(因行动失败而)重新开始，重起炉灶** If you are back to square one, you have to start dealing with something from the beginning again because the way you were dealing with it has failed.

If your complaint is not upheld, you may feel

you are back to square one...

如果你的投诉没有得到支持，你可能会感到自己又得重新开始。

We got a phone call from the lawyers and is was

back to square one.

我们接到了律师的一个电话，一切又得从头开始。

13 PHRASE 短语 **不适宜做某工作的人；与环境格格不入的人** If you describe someone as a square peg in a round hole, you mean that they are completely unsuitable for the job they are doing or the situation they are in.

Taylor is clearly the wrong man for the job—a

square peg in a round hole.

泰勒显然不是做这份工作的合适人选——简直就是方枘圆凿。

14 fair and square→see: [fair](#);

相关词组：

[square away](#) [square off](#) [square up](#)

stable ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **稳定的；稳固不变的** If something is stable, it is not likely to change or come to an end suddenly.

The price of oil should remain stable for the rest

of 1992.

油价会在 1992 年剩下的时间里保持稳定。

...a stable marriage.

稳定的婚姻

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(性格)平和稳重的，持重的** If someone has a stable personality, they are calm and reasonable and their mood does not change suddenly.

Their characters are fully formed and they are

both very stable children.

他们的性格已经完全形成，两人都是非常持重的孩子。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(病人)病情稳定的** You can describe someone who is seriously ill as stable when their condition has stopped getting worse.

The injured man was in a stable condition.

伤者情况稳定。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(化学物质)稳定的** Chemical substances are described as stable when they tend to remain in the same chemical or atomic state.

The less stable compounds were converted into

a compound called Delta-A THC.

不太稳定的化合物被转换成了一种叫做Delta-A THC的化合物。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **稳固的；牢固的** If an object is stable, it is firmly fixed in position and is not likely to move or fall.

This structure must be stable.

这一结构必须得很稳固。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **马厩** A stable or stables is a building in which horses are kept.

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(繁殖、训练赛马的)养马场** A stable or stables is an organization that breeds and trains horses for racing.

Miss Curling won on two horses from Mick

Trickey's stable.

柯林小姐在来自米克·特里齐养马场的两匹马身上下了注，结果她赢了。

8 VERB 动词 **把(马)关进马厩** When horses are stabled, they are put into a stable.

The animals had been fed and stabled...

牲畜已经喂好并关进厩里了。

You should allow your stabled horse a couple of

hours' freedom per day.

你应该每天把关在马厩里的马放出来自由活动几个小时。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **接受同一经纪人服务的一群人** You can say that someone has a stable of people when they manage and promote the careers of that group of people.

As chief executive, he assembled a polished

stable of celebrities.

作为首席执行官，他手下云集了一批优雅的名人名士。

10 PHRASE 短语 **亡羊补牢** If you say that someone has closed or shut the stable door after the horse has bolted, you mean that they have tried to prevent something happening but they have done so too late to prevent damage being done.

stake ★★★★★

1 PHRASE 短语 **处于危险境地；处于成败关头** If something is at stake, it is being risked and might be lost or damaged if you are not successful.

The tension was naturally high for a game with

so much at stake...

对于一场成败攸关的比赛来说气氛自然非常紧张。

At stake is the success or failure of world trade

talks...

世界贸易谈判正处于成败的重要关头。

At stake are more than 20,000 jobs in Britain's

aerospace sector.

英国航天部门 2 万多人面临失业的危险。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **(比赛或行动的)赌注，风险** The stakes involved in a contest or a risky action are the things that can be gained or lost.

The game was usually played for high stakes between two large groups...

游戏通常在两大集团之间进行，下的赌注一般都很

大。

By arresting the organisation's two top leaders the government and the army have now raised the stakes...

逮捕了该组织的两名主要头目后，政府和军队现在

面临的风险更大了。

For Mr Blair the political stakes could hardly have been higher.

对布莱尔来说，这已经是最高的政治赌注了。

3 VERB 动词 将...押(在...);以...打赌;拿...冒险

If you stake something such as your money or your reputation on the result of something, you risk your money or reputation on it.

He has staked his political future on an election victory...

他把自己的政治前途押在竞选获胜上。

He has staked his reputation on the outcome.

他将自己的名声赌在了这个结果上。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 利害关系;重大利益;(企业等中的)股本,股份

If you have a stake in something such as a business, it matters to you, for example because you own part of it or because its success or failure will affect you.

He was eager to return to a more entrepreneurial role in which he had a big financial stake in his own efforts...

他渴望回到一个更多参与创业的角色,那样他所付出的努力会与自己的经济利益息息相关。

Detectives now believe the Mafia also had a stake in the plot and killed him when it went wrong.

侦探们现在相信黑手党在这个阴谋中也有利害关系,并在事败后杀了他。

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 比赛;竞赛

You can use stakes to refer to something that is like a contest. For example, you can refer to the choosing of a leader as the leadership stakes.

Britain lags behind in the European childcare stakes.

英国在儿童保育方面落后于欧洲其他国家。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 桩

A stake is a pointed wooden post which is pushed into the ground, for example in order to support a young tree.

7 PHRASE 短语 提出权利要求;主张权利

If you stake a claim, you say that something is yours or that you have a right to it.

Jane is determined to stake her claim as an actress...

简决心主张自己作为一名女演员的权利。

Baguet's success staked his claim for a place in Belgium's world championship team.

巴古埃特的成功使他有资格成为比利时世界锦标赛参赛队伍中的一员。

相关词组:

[stake out](#)

standard ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (尤指合格的)水平,水准

A standard is a level of quality or achievement, especially a level that is thought to be acceptable.

The standard of professional cricket has never been lower...

职业板球的水平从来没有这么低过。

There will be new national standards for hospital cleanliness.

有关医院清洁的新国家标准将会出台。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (用以衡量质量的)标准,基准

A standard is something that you use in order to judge the quality of something else.

...systems that were by later standards absurdly primitive.

以后来的标准来衡量显得非常原始的系统

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 See also: [double standard](#); [道德准则](#); [行为规范](#)

Standards are moral principles which affect people's attitudes and behaviour.

My father has always had high moral standards.

我父亲一直具有很高的道德准则。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 普通的;常规的

You use standard to describe things which are usual and normal.

It was standard practice for untrained clerks to advise in serious cases such as murder...

让未经过训练的书记员在诸如谋杀等重大案件中提供建议是普遍的做法。

No other executive car can offer you the same level of standard equipment at this price.

再无其他高级轿车能按这个价格水平为你提供同样水准的标准配置。

5 ADJ 形容词 (作品等)受广泛阅读的,最受推崇的,最具权威性的

A standard work or text on a particular subject is one that is widely read and often recommended.

statement ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (正式或明确的口头或书面)陈述,声明

A statement is something that you say or write which gives information in a formal or definite way.

Andrew now disowns that statement, saying he was depressed when he made it...

安德鲁现在推翻了那个说法,说那是自己在情绪低落时说的话。

'Things are moving ahead.'— I found that statement vague and unclear.

“事情正在取得进展。”——我认为这个说法含糊不清。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (为某一场合特别发表的)官方声明,正式声明

A statement is an official or formal announcement that is issued on a particular occasion.

The statement by the military denied any involvement in last night's attack.

军方发表声明称其和昨晚的袭击无任何关系。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (嫌疑人或证人向警方提供的)陈述,证词

You can refer to the official account of events which a suspect or a witness gives to the police as a statement.

The 350-page report was based on statements from witnesses to the events.

这份350页的报告是根据各位证人对这些事件的证词写成的。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (意见或观点的)表现,表达

If you describe an action or thing as a statement, you mean that it clearly expresses a particular opinion or idea that you have.

The following recipe is a statement of another kind—food is fun!

下面的食谱是另一种观点的表现——食物可以带来乐趣!

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 财务报表;结算单

A printed document showing how much money has been paid into and taken out of a bank or building society account is called a statement.

6 VERB 动词 证明(儿童)有特殊教育需求

If a child is **stated**, social services staff write a document stating that the child has special educational needs, and the local education authority has to make sure that everything that is necessary is provided for that child.

Nearly a year later, it was agreed that Tom would be **stated**...

近一年后,汤姆被批准将获得特殊教育。

I had eight **stated** children in my class.

我的班里有8名需要接受特殊教育的孩子。

station ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 火车站

A station is a building by a railway line where trains stop so that people can get on or off.

Ingrid went with him to the railway station to see him off...

英格丽德和他一起去火车站送他。

Businessmen stream into one of Tokyo's main train stations.

商人不断涌进东京的一个主要火车站。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (公共汽车)站

A bus station is a building, usually in a town or city, where buses stop, usually for a while, so that people can get on or off.

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 广播电台(或电视台)

If you talk about a particular radio or television station, you are referring to the programmes broadcast by a particular radio or television company.

...an independent local radio station...

独立的地方电台

It claims to be the most popular television station in the UK.

它自称是英国最受欢迎的电视台。

4 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 安置,派驻(士兵或官员);

驻扎 If soldiers or officials are **stationed** in a place, they are sent there to do a job or to work for a period of time.

Reports from the capital, Lome, say troops are **stationed** on the streets...

来自首都洛美的报道称，部队驻扎在大街上。

I was **stationed** there just after the war.
战争刚结束，我就被派驻到那里。

...United States military personnel **stationed** in the Philippines.

美国驻扎在菲律宾的军事人员

5 VERB 动词 (常指为某一特定目的)在...守候 If you **station yourself** somewhere, you go there and wait, usually for a particular purpose.

The musicians **stationed** themselves quickly on either side of the stairs...

乐师们很快就静候在了楼梯的两边。

He **stationed** himself at the door.
他在门口守候着。

6 See also: [fire station](#) ; [gas station](#) ; [petrol station](#) ; [police station](#) ; [power station](#) ; [service station](#) ; [space station](#) ; [way station](#) ;

status ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **社会地位；专业资格；职位** Your **status** is your social or professional position.

People of higher **status** tend more to use certain drugs.
社会地位较高的人往往更容易吸食某种毒品。

...women and men of wealth and **status**.
有钱有势的男男女女

...promoted to the **status** of foreman.
提升为领班

...his wife's former **status** as his secretary.
他妻子原先作为他秘书的身份

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (在公众或某一团体中的)威望，地位，身份 **Status** is the importance and respect that someone has among the public or a particular group.

Nurses are undervalued, and they never enjoy the same **status** as doctors...

护士的作用被人们低估了，她们从未享有和医生同样的地位。

He has risen to gain the **status** of a national hero.
他已被推崇为民族英雄。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **重要性** The **status** of something is the importance that people give it.

Those things that can be assessed by external tests are being given unduly high **status**...

那些可以通过外部测试来评估的东西被过于重视了。

The fact that the most senior judge of the High Court's Family Division had taken control of the case was proof of its urgency and **status**.

高等法院家庭庭里资历最高的法官已接管这个案子，这就证明了此案的紧迫性和重要性。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (个人、组织或地方的)法律地位，法律身份，状况 A particular **status** is an official description that says what category a person, organization, or place belongs to, and gives them particular rights or advantages.

Bristol regained its **status** as a city in the local government reorganisation.

布里斯托尔在地方政府重组过程中重新获得了自己作为一个城市的法律地位。

...his **status** as a British citizen...

他的英国公民身份

The WHO recommendation has no legal **status**...

世界卫生组织的建议不具备法律效应。

The personal allowance depends on your age and marital **status**.

个人免税额的多少取决于年龄和婚姻状况。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **状况；情况** The **status** of something is its state of affairs at a particular time.

The Council unanimously directed city staff to prepare a **status** report on the project...

委员会一致要求市政府工作人员就该项目准备一份进度报告。

What is your current financial **status**?...

你目前的经济状况如何？

Please keep us informed of the **status** of this project.

请随时告知我们该项目的进展情况。

sterling ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **英国货币；英镑** Sterling is the money system of Great Britain.

The stamps had to be paid for in **sterling**.
这些邮票必须用英镑购买。

2 ADJ 形容词 (人的品格或工作)优异的，出色的 Sterling means very good in quality ; used to describe someone's work or character.

Those are **sterling** qualities to be admired in anyone.

那些是在任何人身上都值得敬佩的优秀品质。

...his years of **sterling** service.
他多年出色的工作表现

stick ★★★★★

[1. NOUN USES 名词用法](#)

[2. VERB USES 动词用法](#)

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **枯枝；柴枝** A **stick** is a thin branch which has fallen off a tree.

...people carrying bundles of dried **sticks** to sell for firewood.

背着成捆的干树枝去当薪柴卖的人们

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [carrot and stick](#) ; **杖；棍；棒** A **stick** is a long thin piece of wood which is used for supporting someone's weight or for hitting people or animals.

He looks old and walks with a **stick**...

他看起来很老，走路时拄着一根拐杖。

Crowds armed with **sticks** and stones took to the streets.

人群手持棍棒和石块走上了街头。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (用于某一特定用途的)木条，木棍 A **stick** is a long thin piece of wood which is used for a particular purpose.

...kebab **sticks**.
烤肉扦

...lolly **sticks**.
冰棍棍

...drum **sticks**.
鼓槌

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (体育运动中使用的)杖，棍，棒 Some long thin objects that are used in sports are called **sticks**.

...lacrosse **sticks**.
兜网球棍

...hockey **sticks**.
曲棍球棍

...ski-**sticks**.
滑雪杖

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **条状物；棒状物；棍状物** A **stick** of something is a long thin piece of it.

...a **stick** of celery.
一根芹菜

...cinnamon **sticks**.
肉桂条

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **严厉的批评；大肆的取笑** If you give someone some **stick**, you criticize them or tease them roughly.

It's not motorists who give you the most **stick**, it's the general public...

对你批评最严厉的并不是驾车人，而是普通民众。

I get some **stick** from the lads because of my faith but I don't mind.

我由于自己的信仰遭到了伙伴们的取笑，但我不在乎。

7 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **偏远乡村；边远地区** If you say that someone lives in **the sticks**, you mean that they live a long way from any large cities.

He lived out in the **sticks** somewhere.
他住在某个偏远的乡村。

8 PHRASE 短语 **批评别人的依据** If you say that something is a **stick to beat someone with**, you mean that it is used, or could be used, as a basis for criticism.

Unfortunately historic American fiction is constantly being used as a **stick** to beat contemporary British writers with.

不幸的是，经典的美国小说经常被用来作为批评当代英国作家的依据。

9 PHRASE 短语 (完全)误解；错误地理解 If someone gets the **wrong end of the stick** or gets **hold of the wrong end of the stick**, they do not understand something correctly and get the wrong idea about it.

10 PHRASE 短语 很多 If you say that there are **more things than you could or can shake a stick at**, you are emphasizing in a humorous way that there are a lot of them.

...a man with more medals than you can shake a **stick at**.

拥有很多奖章的人

1 VERB 动词 (随便地)放，搁，塞 If you **stick** something somewhere, you put it there in a rather casual way.

He folded the papers and **stuck** them in his desk drawer...

他将文件叠起来，塞进自己的书桌抽屉里。

Jack opened his door and **stuck** his head out.

杰克打开门，探出头来。

2 VERB 及物/不及物动词 刺；扎；戳 If you **stick** a pointed object **in** something, or if it **sticks in** something, it goes into it or through it by making a cut or hole.

They sent in loads of male nurses and **stuck** a needle in my back...

他们派来了很多男护士，在我的背上扎了一针。

Some punk **stuck** a knife in her last night...

有个小流氓昨晚扎了她一刀。

The soldiers went at once to the mound and began to **stick** their bayonets through it...

士兵们马上赶到土丘处，开始用刺刀往里戳。

The knife **stuck** in the ground at his feet.

刀扎在了他脚边的地上。

3 VERB 动词 突出/扎进 If something is **sticking out** from a surface or object, it extends up or away from it. If something is **sticking into** a surface or object, it is partly in it.

They lay where they had fallen from the crane, **sticking out** of the water...

它们还在从起重机上掉落的地方，一部分露出水面。

Something was **sticking** from the pocket of the little man's grimy shorts...

小个子男人脏乎乎的短裤口袋里鼓鼓的，伸出来个什么东西。

His hair **sticks up** in half a dozen directions.

他的头发胡乱支棱着。

...when we see her with lots of tubes and needles **sticking into** her little body.

当我们看到她瘦小的身体上插着很多导管和针头时

4 VERB 动词 (用胶水、胶带等)粘，粘贴 If you **stick** one thing to another, you attach it using glue, sticky tape, or another sticky substance.

Don't forget to clip the token and **stick** it on your card...

别忘了剪下标志，贴到你的卡上。

We just **stuck** it to the window...

我们就把它贴在窗户上了。

He has nowhere to **stick up** his posters...

他没地方贴海报了。

Stick down any loose bits of flooring.

把松动的地板块都粘好。

5 VERB 动词 黏附；附着在 If one thing **sticks to** another, it becomes attached to it and is difficult to remove.

The soil **sticks to** the blade and blocks the plough...

土粘在犁铧上，卡住了犁。

Peel away the waxed paper if it has **stuck to** the bottom of the cake...

如果蜡纸已粘在蛋糕的底部，就把它撕掉。

If left to stand, cooked pasta **sticks together**.

煮好的面放置时间长了会变坨。

6 VERB 动词 铭记在心；经久不忘 If something **sticks in** your mind, you remember it for a long time.

The incident **stuck in** my mind because it was the first example I had seen of racism in that country...

这件事一直萦绕在我的脑海里，因为这是我在那个国家看到的首起种族主义实例。

That song has **stuck in** my head for years.

那首歌多年来一直铭记在我心中。

7 VERB 动词 (名字)流传开去，被众人采用 If you give someone or something a name and the name **sticks**, it becomes the name which most people use to refer to that person or thing.

A friend dubbed it 'The Sanctuary' and the name **stuck**.

有位朋友戏谑地称它为“避难所”，然后这个名称就沿用了下来。

8 VERB 动词 (证明...)属实，成立 If someone manages to make a charge or accusation **stick**, they show that the person accused is guilty of the crime or action they are accused of.

I don't see how they'll make the charges **stick**...

我不知道他们将如何证明这些指控属实。

But legal experts are not sure if such a charge can **stick**.

但法律专家们不能肯定这一指控是否成立。

9 VERB 动词 固定不动 If something which can usually be moved **sticks**, it becomes fixed in one position.

The needle on the dial went right round to fifty feet, which was as far as it could go, and there it **stuck**...

仪表盘上的指针一下转到了50英尺处，也就是到头了，然后就停在那里不动了。

The dagger **stuck** tightly in the silver scabbard.

匕首牢牢地卡在银质刀鞘中。

10 VERB 动词 忍受；容忍 If you are in an unpleasant or difficult situation and you say that you cannot **stick** it, you mean that you cannot bear to remain there long.

Got a job bottle-washing at the brewery. I lasted a fortnight. I couldn't **stick** it...

我找了份在啤酒厂洗瓶子的工作。干了两星期，就再也受不了了。

How long did you **stick** it for?

你坚持了多久？

11 See also: [stuck](#) ;

12 PHRASE 短语 去他的(工作)；杵一边去 If you say that someone can **stick** something, especially a job, or if you tell them where to **stick** it, you are rudely refusing it or emphasizing that you do not want it or like it.

It's a rotten play, so they can **stick** it...

这部剧糟透了，他们趁早拉倒吧。

She then stormed out in a temper telling him to '**stick his job**'.

她接着怒气冲冲地走了出去，告诉他“去他妈的工作”。

13 to **stick in your throat**→see: [throat](#) ;

相关词组：

[stick around](#) [stick at](#) [stick by](#) [stick out](#) [stick out for](#) [stick to](#) [stick together](#) [stick up for](#) [stick with](#)

stock ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 股票；证券 Stocks are shares in the ownership of a company, or investments on which a fixed amount of interest will be paid.

...the buying and selling of **stocks** and shares...

证券和股票买卖

As **stock** prices have dropped, so too has bank capital.

随着股价下跌，银行资本也减少了。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (公司的)股本，股份 A company's **stock** is the amount of money which the company has through selling shares.

Two years later, when Compaq went public, their **stock** was valued at \$38 million...

康柏公司两年后上市时，他们的股本为3,800万美元。

The Fisher family holds 40% of the **stock**.

费希尔家族持有40%的股份。

3 VERB 动词 (商店)存(货)，储备 If a shop **stocks** particular goods, it keeps a supply of them to sell.

The shop **stocks** everything from cigarettes to recycled loo paper.

商店货品齐全，从香烟到再生厕纸应有尽有。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (商店的)全部存货，库存 A shop's **stock** is the total amount of goods which it has available to sell.

We took the decision to withdraw a quantity of **stock** from sale.

我们决定将一批存货下架。

5 VERB 动词 在...中储备(或贮存) If you **stock** something such as a cupboard, shelf, or room, you fill it with food or other things.

I worked **stocking** shelves in a grocery store...
我在一家杂货店工作，负责为货架上货。

Some families **stocked** their cellars with food and water...
有些家庭在地窖里储备了食品和水。

The kitchen cupboard was **stocked** with tins of soup.
厨房的橱柜里堆满了罐装汤。

Stock up means the same as **stock**. **stock up** 同 **stock**

I had to **stock** the boat up with food...
我得在船上备足干粮。

Customers travel from hundreds of miles away to **stock up** their deep freezers...
为了在冷冻箱中储备食品，顾客们从几百英里以外的地方赶来购物。

Start planning for Christmas now by **stocking up** the freezer with some festive dishes.
现在就开始为圣诞节做准备吧，首先在冰箱里备足过节的菜肴。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 贮存；储备 If you have a **stock of things**, you have a supply of them stored in a place ready to be used.

I keep a **stock of** cassette tapes describing various relaxation techniques...
我收集了一些介绍各种放松技巧的卡带。

Stocks of ammunition were running low.
弹药的库存正在减少。

7 N-SING 单数名词 供应量；储备量；现有量 The **stock of something** is the total amount of it that is available in a particular area.

...the **stock of** accommodation available to be rented.
可供租赁的住房储备量

8 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 出身；种族；家系 If you are from a particular **stock**, you are descended from a particular group of people.

We are both from working class **stock**.
我们俩都出身于工人家庭。

...blacks, Asians and people of Mediterranean **stock**.
黑人、亚洲人和地中海沿岸高加索人的后裔

9 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (尤指经过特殊饲养的)家畜，牲畜 **Stock** are cattle, sheep, pigs, or other animals which are kept by a farmer, usually ones which have been specially bred.

I am carefully selecting the breeding **stock**...
我正在精心挑选种畜。

His herd of 170 dairy cattle and 200 young **stock** are kept on the land.
他那170头奶牛和200头乳牛都在那块地上圈养。

10 ADJ 形容词 (回答、说法或做事方式)老一套的，陈腐的 A **stock** answer, expression, or way of doing something is one that is very commonly used, especially because people cannot be bothered to think of something new.

My boss had a **stock** response — 'If it ain't broke, don't fix it!'
我上司总是这一句——“别没事找事！”

National security is the **stock** excuse for keeping things confidential.
国家安全常被用作对一些事情保密的挡箭牌。

11 N-MASS 物质名词 高汤；原汤 **Stock** is a liquid, usually made by boiling meat, bones, or vegetables in water, that is used to give flavour to soups and sauces.

12 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (旧时惩罚犯人用的)手足枷 In former times, the **stocks** were an instrument of punishment. A criminal's hands and legs were locked into holes in a wooden frame while people threw things at them.

13 See also: [stocking](#); [laughing stock](#); [rolling stock](#);

14 PHRASE 短语 有货 缺货 If goods are **in stock**, a shop has them available to sell. If they are **out of stock**, it does not.

Check that your size is **in stock**...
查查你的尺码是否有货。

Lemon and lime juice were both temporarily out of **stock**.
柠檬汁和酸橙汁暂时都缺货。

15 PHRASE 短语 作出整体估量；全面分析 If you **take stock**, you pause to think about all the aspects of a situation or event before deciding what to do next.

It was time to **take stock of** the situation...
是时候统观一下形势了。

I was forty, the age when people **take stock** and change their lives.
我已年届不惑，到了该全面审视自己并改变生活的年龄了。

16 **lock, stock, and barrel** → see: [barrel](#) ;

相关词组：

[stock up](#)

stone ★★★★★

The plural is usually **stones** in meaning 10. 义项 10 的复数形式通常为 **stones**.

1 N-MASS 物质名词 石头；石料 **Stone** is a hard solid substance found in the ground and often used for building houses.

He could not tell whether the floor was wood or **stone**...
他无法确定地板是木头的还是石头的。

People often don't appreciate that marble is a natural **stone**.
人们经常不了解大理石是一种天然石料。

...**stone** walls.
石墙

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 石子；小石块 A **stone** is a small piece of rock that is found on the ground.

He removed a **stone** from his shoe...
他从鞋子里倒出一块石子。

The crowd began throwing **stones**.
人群开始扔石块。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (作为宗教标志的)石碑；纪念碑 A **stone** is a large piece of stone put somewhere in memory of a person or event, or as a religious symbol.

The monument consists of a circle of gigantic **stones**.
该遗址由一圈巨大的石碑组成。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (表示观念或规则固定而不可改变)板上钉钉，铁板钉钉 **Stone** is used in expressions such as **set in stone** and **tablets of stone** to suggest that an idea or rule is firm and fixed, and cannot be changed.

He is merely throwing the idea forward for discussion, it is not cast in **stone**...
他只是提出这个观点供讨论，它还没板上钉钉。

Scientific opinions are not carved on tablets of **stone**; they change over the years.
科学观点并非一成不变；它们随着时间而改变。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 宝石 You can refer to a jewel as a **stone**.

...a diamond ring with three **stones**.
镶有3颗钻石的戒指

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 结石 A **stone** is a small hard ball of minerals and other substances which sometimes forms in a person's kidneys or gall bladder.

He had kidney **stones**.
他有肾结石。

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 果核 The **stone** in a plum, cherry, or other fruit is the large hard seed in the middle of it.

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 **pit**

8 VERB 动词 给...去核 If you **stone** a fruit, you remove its stone.

Then **stone** the fruit and process the plums to a puree.
然后去核再将李子加工成糊状。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 **pit**

9 VERB 动词 向...扔石头；用石头砸 If people **stone** someone or something, they throw stones at them.

Youths burned cars and **stoned** police...
年轻人烧汽车，并向警察扔石头。

A post office was set on fire and vehicles were

stoned by looters.

抢劫犯放火烧了一家邮局，并用石头砸车。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **英石(重量单位，相当于14磅或6.35公斤)** A stone is a measurement of weight, especially the weight of a person, equal to 14 pounds or 6.35 kilograms. →see usage note at: [weight](#)

I weighed around 16 stone.
我体重约为16英石。

11 See also: [stoned](#) ; [foundation stone](#) ; [paving stone](#) ; [precious stone](#) ; [stepping stone](#) ;

12 PHRASE 短语 **离...不远的；在...附近的** If you say that one place is a **stone's throw** from another, you mean that the places are close to each other.

...a two-bedroom apartment just a **stone's throw** from the beach...
离海滩只有几步之遥的一套两居室公寓

Just a **stone's throw** away is the City Art Gallery.
不远处就是市美术馆。

13 PHRASE 短语 **挖空心思；千方百计；用尽一切手段** If you say that you will **leave no stone unturned**, you are emphasizing that you will try every way you can think of in order to achieve what you want.

He said he would leave no **stone unturned** in the search for peace.
他说他会尽一切努力去寻求和平。

14 **kill two birds with one stone** →see: [bird](#) ;

store ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **商店(英国英语中主要指大型百货商店，而美国英语中可指任何规模的商店)** A store is a building or part of a building where things are sold. In British English, **store** is used mainly to refer to a large shop selling a variety of goods, but in American English a **store** can be any size of shop.

Bombs were planted in **stores** in Manchester and Blackpool.
炸弹被安放在曼彻斯特和布莱克浦的几家商店里。

...grocery **stores**.
杂货店

...a record **store**.
唱片店

2 VERB 动词 **贮存；储备；存放** When you **store** things, you put them in a container or other place and leave them there until they are needed.

Store the cookies in an airtight tin...
把饼干贮存在一个密封罐里。

Some types of garden furniture must be **stored** inside in the winter.
有几类花园家具冬季必须存放在室内。

Store away means the same as **store** . [store away](#) 同 [store](#)

He simply **stored** the tapes away...
他只是将磁带存放起来。

He's **stored away** nearly one ton of potatoes.
他已经储备了近1吨马铃薯。

3 VERB 动词 **(在计算机里)存储；记忆；记录**

When you **store** information, you keep it in your memory, in a file, or in a computer.

Where in the brain do we **store** information about colours?
我们在大脑的哪个部位储存有关颜色的信息？

...chips for **storing** data in electronic equipment.
用于在电子仪器中储存数据的芯片

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(事物的)储存，储备** A **store** of things is a supply of them that you keep somewhere until you need them.

I handed over my secret **store** of chocolate biscuits...
我交出了自己偷偷藏起来的巧克力饼干。

Dolly's **store** of drinking glasses had run out.
多利存放的酒杯已经用完了。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **仓库；储存处** A **store** is a place where things are kept while they are not being used.

...a decision taken in 1982 to build a **store** for spent fuel from submarines.
1982年作出的为潜艇废燃料建立一个储存库的决定

...a grain **store**.
粮仓

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **大量；丰富** If you have a **store** of knowledge, jokes, or stories, you have a large amount of them ready to be used.

He possessed a vast **store** of knowledge...
他知识渊博。

Jessica dipped into her **store** of theatrical anecdotes.
杰西卡翻阅了自己收集的大量演艺界的趣闻轶事资料。

7 See also: [chain store](#) ; [cold store](#) ; [department store](#) ;

8 PHRASE 短语 **就要出现在...身上；即将发生在...身上** If something is **in store** for you, it is going to happen at some time in the future.

There were also surprises **in store** for me...
也有一些令人吃惊的事在等着我。

Who knows what lies **in store** for the President?
谁知道总统将要面临什么？

9 PHRASE 短语 **重视；珍惜；认为...极为必要** If you **set great store** by something, you think that it is extremely important or necessary.

...a retail group which **sets great store** by traditional values.
重视传统价值观念的零售团体

相关词组：

[store away](#) [store up](#)

straight ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **直的；笔直的** A **straight** line or edge continues in the same direction and does not bend or curve.

Keep the boat in a **straight** line...
让船保持直线航行。

Using the **straight** edge as a guide, trim the cloth to size...
用直尺比照着，将布料裁剪成合适的尺寸。

His teeth were perfectly **straight**...
他的牙齿非常整齐。

There wasn't a single **straight** wall in the building.
这幢楼里连一面平直的墙都没有。

Straight is also an adverb.

Stand **straight** and stretch the left hand to the right foot...
站直身体，伸左手够右脚。

Turn right and just basically walk **straight**, right over the river.
向右转，然后大致直着往前走，越过小河。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(头发)直的，不卷曲的** **Straight** hair has no curls or waves in it.

Grace had long **straight** dark hair which she wore in a bun.
格雷斯把一头长长的黑色直发盘成发髻。

3 ADV 副词 **笔直地；径直地** You use **straight** to indicate that the way from one place to another is very direct, with no changes of direction.

The ball fell **straight** to the feet of Klinsmann...
球直接落到了克林斯曼的脚上。

He finished his conversation and stood up, looking **straight** at me...
他说完话站起来，直视着我。

Straight ahead were the low cabins of the motel.
正前方就是汽车旅馆的低矮小木屋。

4 ADV 副词 **立刻；马上** If you go **straight** to a place, you go there immediately.

As always, we went **straight** to the experts for advice...
像往常一样，我们马上去找专家咨询。

We'll go to a meeting in Birmingham and come **straight** back.
我们将去伯明翰参加会议，然后马上回来。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **直截了当的；直率的；坦诚的** If you give someone a **straight** answer, you answer them clearly and honestly.

What a shifty arguer he is, refusing ever to give a **straight** answer.
他真是个狡诈的辩论家，总是拒绝给出直截了当的回答。

Straight is also an adverb.

I lost my temper and told him **straight** that I hadn't been looking for any job.
我生气了，直截了当地告诉他我压根儿就没在找工作。

6 ADJ 形容词 **连续的；不间断的** **Straight** means following one after the other, with no gaps or intervals.

They'd won 12 **straight** games before they lost.
他们在输掉比赛之前已连续赢了12场。

Straight is also an adverb.

He called from Weddington, having been there for 31 hours **straight**.
他从韦丁顿打电话过来时已在那儿呆了整整31个小时了。

7 ADJ 形容词 **只涉及两人(或两物)的；(选择)非此即彼的** A **straight** choice or a **straight** fight involves only two people or things.

It's a **straight** choice between low-paid jobs and no jobs...

只有两个选择：要么是报酬很低的工作，要么就是失业。

Each has several times beaten the other in a **straight** fight.

双方都曾在单打比赛中击败过对方几次。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **正经的；正统的；规矩本分的** If you describe someone as **straight**, you mean that they are normal and conventional, for example in their opinions and in the way they live.

Dorothy was described as a very **straight** woman, a very strict Christian who was married to her job.

多萝西被形容成一个非常正统的女人，一个尽职尽责、非常虔诚的基督徒。

9 ADJ 形容词 **异性恋的；非同性恋的** If you describe someone as **straight**, you mean that they are heterosexual rather than homosexual.

His sexual orientation was a lot more gay than **straight**...

从他的性取向来看，他不像异性恋，更像个同性恋。

Marty of New York describes herself as a **straight** female.

纽约的马蒂称自己不是女同性恋者。

Straight is also a noun.

...a standard of sexual conduct that applies equally to gays and **straights**.

同时适用于同性恋者和异性恋者的性行为准则

10 ADJ 形容词 (尤指酒精饮料)**纯的，不掺水的** A **straight** drink, especially an alcoholic drink, has not had another liquid such as water added to it.

...a large **straight** whiskey without ice...

不加冰的大杯纯威士忌

Children should not drink fruit juices **straight**.

儿童不应该喝纯果汁。

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [home straight](#) ; (赛道的)直道(部分) On a racetrack, a **straight** is a section of the track that is straight, rather than curved.

Our cars were clearly too slow along the **straights**...

我们的赛车在直道上跑得显然太慢了。

I went to overtake him on the back **straight** on the last lap.

最后一圈时我在非终点直道上超过了他。

12 PHRASE 短语 **把...弄清楚；明确** If you get something **straight**, you make sure that you understand it properly or that someone else does.

You need to get your facts **straight**...

你需要讲清楚你的情况。

Let's get things **straight**. I didn't lunch with her.

咱们把事情说清楚。我没有和她一起吃午饭。

13 PHRASE 短语 **改过自新；改邪归正；重新做人** If a criminal is going **straight**, they are no longer involved in crime.

14 PHRASE 短语 **走正路；过正当的生活** If something keeps people **on the straight and narrow**, it helps to keep them living an honest or healthy life.

All her efforts to keep him on the **straight and narrow** have been rewarded.

她为了让他走正道所作出的一切努力都得到了回报。

15 a **straight face**→see: [face](#) ;

to set the record **straight**→see: [record](#) ;

strange ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **奇怪的；怪异的；意料之外的** Something that is **strange** is unusual or unexpected, and makes you feel slightly nervous or afraid.

Then a **strange** thing happened...

然后一件奇怪的事发生了。

There was something **strange** about the flickering blue light...

闪烁的蓝光有点怪异。

It was so **strange** to see a policeman lying down, without his helmet...

看到一位警察没戴头盔躺着很奇怪。

It's **strange** how things turn out.

事情的结局出乎意料。

strangely

She noticed he was acting **strangely**...

她注意到他举止怪异。

America has no shortage of **strangely** named clubs...

美国有不少名字稀奇古怪的俱乐部。

The hut suddenly seemed **strangely** silent.

小屋突然似乎安静得出奇。

strangeness

...the breathy **strangeness** of the music.

音乐里怪异的喘息声

2 ADJ 形容词 **陌生的；不熟悉的** A **strange** place is one that you have never been to before. A **strange** person is someone that you have never met before.

I ended up alone in a **strange** city...

结果，我独自一人来到了一个陌生的城市。

She was faced with a new job, in unfamiliar surroundings with **strange** people.

她面对着一份全新工作，周围是陌生的环境和陌生的人。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **局促不安的；不自在的；不舒服的** If you feel **strange**, you have an unpleasant or uncomfortable feeling, either physical or emotional.

I felt all dizzy and **strange**.

我感到非常头晕、不舒服。

4 See also: [stranger](#) ;

strategy ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 (尤指长期的)战略，策略，行动计划 A **strategy** is a general plan or set of plans intended to achieve something, especially over a long period.

Next week, health ministers gather in Amsterdam to agree a **strategy** for controlling malaria...

下周，卫生部长们将在阿姆斯特丹聚首共商防治疟疾的策略。

What should our marketing **strategy** have achieved?...

我们的销售策略应该取得了哪些成果呢？

Community involvement is now integral to company **strategy**.

参与社会活动如今已是公司战略中必不可少的内容。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (尤指战争中的)战略，战略学 **Strategy** is the art of planning the best way to gain an advantage or achieve success, especially in war.

I've just been explaining the basic principles of **strategy** to my generals.

我刚刚一直在向各位将军解释战略学的基本原理。

strength ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **体力；力气；力量** Your **strength** is the physical energy that you have, which gives you the ability to perform various actions, such as lifting or moving things.

She has always been encouraged to swim to build up the **strength** of her muscles...

一直有人鼓励她去游泳以强健体魄。

He threw it forward with all his **strength**...

他使尽全力把它扔向前方。

You don't need **strength** to take part in this sport...

参加这项运动不需要太多体力。

He leant against the wall, fighting for **strength** to continue.

他靠在墙上，努力想鼓起劲继续下去。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (面对困境的)信心，勇气 Someone's **strength** in a difficult situation is their confidence or courage.

Something gave me the **strength** to overcome the difficulty...

有些事给了我克服困难的勇气。

His **strength** is an inspiration to me in my life...

他的自信是对我人生的一种鼓舞。

I think she showed great **strength** of character in turning down what must have been a very lucrative offer...

她拒绝了那个绝对诱人的提议，我认为这显示出了她性格中非凡的意志力。

You need **strength** of mind to stand up for yourself.

你需要用精神力量来支持自己。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **强度** The **strength** of an object or material is its ability to be treated roughly, or to carry heavy weights, without being damaged or destroyed.

He checked the **strength** of the cables.

他检查了一下钢索的强度。

...the properties of a material, such as **strength** or electrical conductivity.

一种材料的特性，比如强度或导电性

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **实力；影响力** The **strength** of a person, organization, or country is the power or influence that they have.

America values its economic leadership, and the political and military **strength** that goes with it...

美国重视其经济领导地位以及随之产生的政治和军事实力。

The Alliance in its first show of **strength** drew a hundred thousand-strong crowd to a rally...

该联盟的第一次实力展示便吸引了10万余众参加集会。

They have their own independence movement which is gathering **strength**.

他们自己发起了独立运动，其力量正逐渐壮大。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(情感、意见、信念的)深度，强烈程度，影响程度** If you refer to the **strength** of a feeling, opinion, or belief, you are talking about how deeply it is felt or believed by people, or how much they are influenced by it.

He was surprised at the **strength** of his own feeling...

他感情之强烈令他自己都很吃惊。

...the Civil War and the **strength** of feeling it had engendered among the Spanish people...

内战以及其在西班牙民众中所激发的强烈情感

What makes a mayor successful in Los Angeles is the **strength** of his public support.

要想在洛杉矶当好市长，公众的大力支持是关键。

6 N-VAR 可变名词 **优势；优点；长处** Someone's **strengths** are the qualities and abilities that they have which are an advantage to them, or which make them successful.

Take into account your own **strengths** and weaknesses...

考虑一下你自己的优缺点。

Vision and ambition are his great **strengths**...

目光远大、雄心勃勃是他的两大优点。

Tact was never Mr Moore's **strength**...

摩尔先生处事不够圆通。

Organisation is the **strength** of any good army...

任何优良部队都是很有组织纪律性的。

The book's **strength** lay in its depiction of present-day Tokyo.

该书的精彩之处在于其对现今东京的描写。

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(货币、经济、工业的)坚挺** If you refer to the **strength** of a currency, economy, or industry, you mean that its value or success is steady or increasing.

...the long-term competitive **strength** of the American economy...

美国经济的长期竞争力

The drop was caused partly by the pound's **strength** against the dollar.

下降的部分原因在于英镑对美元的升值。

8 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **人数；人力** The **strength** of a group of people is the total number of people in it.

...elite forces, comprising about one-tenth of the **strength** of the army.

约占军队总人数1/10的精锐部队

9 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(风等的)强度，力度，速度** The **strength** of a wind, current, or other force is its power or speed.

Its oscillation depends on the **strength** of the gravitational field...

它的振动幅度取决于引力场的强度。

A tropical storm is gaining **strength** in the eastern Atlantic.

在大西洋东部，一场热带风暴的风力正逐渐增强。

10 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(饮料、化学品、药品的)浓度，浓淡程度** The **strength** of a drink, chemical, or drug is the amount of the particular substance in it that gives it its particular effect.

It is very alcoholic, sometimes near the **strength** of port...

它的酒精浓度很高，有时接近波尔图葡萄酒的浓度。

Each capsule contains between 30 and 100 pellets of morphine sulphate according to the **strength** of dose required...

根据所需剂量的浓度不同，每颗胶囊里含有30至100个吗啡硫酸盐颗粒。

What's the scale that's used to compare the **strength** of acids and alkalis?

用何种标准来比较酸碱度？

11 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(味道、气味、颜色、声音、光照的)程度** You can talk about the **strength** of a flavour, smell, colour, sound, or light to describe how intense or easily noticed it is.

The wine has lots of **strength** of flavour.

该酒口味醇厚。

12 PHRASE 短语 **日益兴隆；不断取得成功；信心倍增** If a person or organization goes from **strength to strength**, they become more and more successful or confident.

Since her heart and lung transplant operation she has gone from **strength to strength**...

做过心肺移植手术后，她的身体不断好转。

A decade later, the company has gone from **strength to strength**.

十年后，该公司已经逐渐壮大。

13 PHRASE 短语 **(队伍或军队的)全员，满员，最佳阵容** If a team or army is at **full strength**, all the members that it needs or usually has are present.

He needed more time to bring US forces there up to **full strength**.

他需要更多时间来增派兵力，以确保驻扎在那里的美国军队兵力充足。

...a **full-strength** team.

阵容齐整的队伍

14 PHRASE 短语 **大量，大数(聚集)** If a group turns out **in strength**, they arrive in large numbers.

Mr Gore called on voters and party workers to turn out **in strength**...

戈尔先生号召选民和政党工作人员积极前来投票。

Security forces have been out **in strength**.

已经出动了大批安全部队。

15 PHRASE 短语 **在...的影响下；凭借；依赖** If one thing is done **on the strength** of another, it is done because of the influence of that other thing.

He was elected to power **on the strength** of his charisma...

他凭借其个人魅力而当选掌权。

On the strength of those grades, he won a scholarship to Syracuse University.

凭借那些成绩，他赢得了锡拉丘兹大学的奖学金。

16 PHRASE 短语 **(军队或队伍)人员不足，阵容不全** If an army or team is **under strength** or **below strength**, it does not have all the members that it needs or usually has.

His regiments were considerably **under strength**...

他的几个团兵力严重不足。

They had been beaten by a **below-strength** side.

他们被一支阵容不齐的队伍打败了。

stress ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **强调；着重指出** If you **stress** a point in a discussion, you put extra emphasis on it because you think it is important.

The spokesman **stressed** that the measures did not amount to an overall ban...

该发言人强调这些措施并不等同于全面禁止。

They also **stress** the need for improved employment opportunities, better transport and health care...

他们同时也强调需要增加就业机会，改善交通和医疗保健服务。

"We're not saying we're outside and above all

this,' he stresses.

“我们并不是说我们对此不闻不问，”他强调道。

Stress is also a noun.

Japanese car makers are laying ever more stress on European sales.

日本汽车制造商比以往任何时候都更加重视欧洲市场的销售情况。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **精神压力；心理负担；紧张** If you feel under stress, you feel worried and tense because of difficulties in your life.

Katy could think clearly when not under stress...

在没有精神压力的情况下凯蒂思路清晰。

Of course, the British will suffer such daily stresses patiently.

当然，英国人将会耐心地承受这些日常压力。

...a wide range of stress-related problems.

与精神压力有关的一系列问题

3 N-VAR 可变名词 **压力；应力** Stresses are strong physical pressures applied to an object.

Earthquakes happen when stresses in rock are suddenly released as the rocks fracture.

当岩石破裂时其承受的压力突然释放出来，地震就发生了。

4 VERB 动词 **重读；用重音读** If you stress a word or part of a word when you say it, you put emphasis on it so that it sounds slightly louder.

'Sit down,' she replied, stressing each word.

“坐下，”她一字一顿地说道。

Stress is also a noun.

...the misplaced stress on the first syllable of this last word.

最后这一个单词第一个音节不应重读

strike ★★★★★

The form struck is the past tense and past participle. The form stricken can also be used as the past participle for meanings 6 and 17. struck 为过去式和过去分词，义项 6 和 17 的过去分词亦可用 stricken.

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **罢工** When there is a strike, workers stop doing their work for a period of time, usually in order to try to get better pay or conditions for themselves.

French air traffic controllers have begun a three-day strike in a dispute over pay...

法国空中交通管制员因为薪资纠纷已开始了为期 3 天的罢工。

Staff at the hospital went on strike in protest at the incidents.

医院员工举行罢工，抗议这几起事件。

...a call for strike action.

号召进行罢工

2 VERB 动词 **罢工** When workers strike, they go on strike.

...their recognition of the workers' right to strike...

他们对工人罢工权的认同

They shouldn't be striking for more money...

他们不该为了得到更多的钱而罢工。

The government agreed not to sack any of the striking workers.

政府同意不解雇任何罢工工人。

striker

The strikers want higher wages, which state governments say they can't afford.

罢工者希望得到更高的工资，而州政府称其无力支付。

3 VERB 动词 **打；击** If you strike someone or something, you deliberately hit them.

She took two quick steps forward and struck him across the mouth...

她向前紧走两步，上去扇了他一嘴巴。

He struck the ball straight into the hospitality tents...

他将球直接打进迎宾帐篷里。

I struck it away and got a bite on my forearm...

我把它打跑了，但小臂被咬了一口。

It is impossible to say who struck the fatal blow.

很难判断是谁给了致命的一击。

4 VERB 动词 **撞；碰；撞击；碰撞** If something that is falling or moving strikes something, it hits it.

His head struck the bottom when he dived into the 6ft end of the pool...

他一头扎进 6 英尺深的游泳池时头撞到池底了。

One 16-inch shell struck the control tower...

一枚 16 英寸的炮弹击中了指挥塔台。

He was killed when he was struck by a car as he walked to his hotel.

他步行去旅馆的路上被一辆车撞死了。

...the fire which began when the installation was struck by lightning.

该装置被闪电击中而引起的大火

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)撞击；(使)碰撞** If you strike one thing against another, or if one thing strikes against another, the first thing hits the second thing.

Wilde fell and struck his head on the stone floor...

怀尔德摔倒了，头撞在石头地上。

My right toe struck against a submerged rock.

我的右脚趾踢到水下的一块石头上了。

6 VERB 动词 **(疾病、灾难等)侵袭，爆发** If something such as an illness or disaster strikes, it suddenly happens.

Bank of England officials continued to insist that the pound would soon return to stability but disaster struck...

英格兰银行官员仍然坚持说英镑不久就会恢复稳定，但结果灾难爆发了。

Both of them were afflicted with a rare genetic disease, which struck in their thirties...

他们两个都得了一种罕见的遗传病，这种病在他们 30 多岁时发作。

A powerful earthquake struck the Italian island of Sicily early this morning...

今日凌晨意大利西西里岛发生强地震。

He was suddenly struck with such a sense of grief, of loss, that his eyes filled with tears.

一种悲伤、失落感突然袭来，他不由得眼泪汪汪。

...a young woman who had been stricken with polio.

罹患脊髓灰质炎的年轻女子

7 VERB 动词 **突击；猛烈攻击** To strike means to attack someone or something quickly and violently.

The attacker struck as she was walking near a housing estate at Monacurra...

她行走到莫纳卡拉的一个居民区附近时遭人攻击。

The killer says he will strike again...

凶手称他还会再次下手。

Then the scorpion struck.

然后蝎子突然蜇了一下。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(军事)打击，攻击；(尤指)空袭** A military strike is a military attack, especially an air attack.

...a punitive air strike.

惩罚性空袭

...a nuclear strike.

核武器攻击

...strategic strikes against Italian air bases.

对意大利空军基地的战略攻击

9 VERB 动词 **直击(要害)；与...起(原则性)冲突** If something strikes at the heart or root of something, it attacks or conflicts with the basic elements or principles of that thing.

...a rejection of her core beliefs and values, which strikes at the very heart of her being...

对她的核心信念和价值观的否定，也就否定了她存在的根本

The issue strikes at the very foundation of our community.

该问题直指我们社会的根基。

10 VERB 动词 **突然想到，猛地意识到，一下子想起(想法或念头)** If an idea or thought strikes you, it suddenly comes into your mind.

A thought struck her. Was she jealous of her mother, then?...

她猛地冒出一个念头：那么难道她在嫉妒母亲吗？

At this point, it suddenly struck me that I was wasting my time.

在这一刻，我突然意识到自己是在浪费时间。

11 VERB 动词 **给...印象；让...觉得** If something strikes you as being a particular thing, it gives you the impression of being that thing.

He struck me as a very serious but friendly person...

他让我感觉他是一个十分严肃但友好的人。

What struck me as interesting is how much we judge other people by the clothes they wear...

让我觉得很有意思的是我们经常以衣取人。

You've always struck me as being an angry man.

我感觉你好像总是一副气冲冲的样子。

12 VERB 动词 **打动；把...迷住** If you are **struck** by something, you think it is very impressive, noticeable, or interesting.

She was struck by his simple, spellbinding eloquence...

他被他那率直、富有鼓动性的口才迷住了。

Theresa was struck by her own lack of forethought...

特蕾莎强烈意识到自己事先太欠考虑了。

What struck me about the firm is how genuinely friendly and informal it is.

该公司的真诚、友好和不拘小节深深打动了我。

13 V-RECIP 相互动词 **达成(交易或协议)** If you **strike a deal** or a bargain with someone, you come to an agreement with them.

They struck a deal with their paper supplier, getting two years of newsprint on credit...

他们同纸张供应商达成协议，可赊购两年的新闻用纸。

The two struck a deal in which Rendell took half of what a manager would...

两个人达成协议，伦德尔获得相当于经理所得的一半。

He insists he has struck no bargains for their release.

他坚称他没有就他们的获释达成过任何交易。

14 VERB 动词 **达到(两全其美)；找到折中的办法** If you **strike a balance**, you do something that is halfway between two extremes.

At times like that you have to **strike a balance** between sleep and homework.

在这种情形下你得在休息和做作业之间找到一种平衡。

15 VERB 动词 **摆出(姿态)；表现出(态度)** If you **strike a pose** or attitude, you put yourself in a particular position, for example when someone is taking your photograph.

She struck a pose, one hand on her hip and the other waving an imaginary cigarette.

她摆了个姿势，一只手叉腰，另一只手夹着一支假想的香烟。

16 VERB 动词 **使感到(恐惧或惊慌)** If something **strikes fear into** people, it makes them very frightened or anxious.

If there is a single subject guaranteed to **strike fear** in the hearts of parents, it is drugs.

如果只有一样东西定能让父母感到恐惧，那就是毒品。

17 VERB 动词 **使顿时(看不见或说不出)** If you are **struck dumb** or blind, you suddenly become unable to speak or to see.

I was struck dumb by this and had to think it over for a moment...

这让我吃惊得说不出话来，我不得不仔细考虑一会儿。

For this revelation he was struck blind by the goddess Hera.

由于揭露此事，他被女神赫拉弄瞎了眼。

18 VERB 动词 **(钟表)敲，鸣，报时** When a clock **strikes**, its bells make a sound to indicate what the time is.

The clock struck nine...

钟敲了9下。

Finally, the clock strikes.

最后，钟敲响了。

19 VERB 动词 **删去；划掉** If you **strike words from** a document or an official record, you remove them.

Strike that from the minutes...

从备忘录中将之删去。

Her achievements were struck from the record book.

她所取得的成就被从档案中删去了。

Strike out means the same as **strike**. **strike out** 同 **strike**
The censor struck out the next two lines.

审查员划掉了下面两行。

20 VERB 动词 **擦，划(火柴)** When you **strike a match**, you make it produce a flame by moving it quickly against something rough.

Robina struck a match and held it to the crumpled newspaper in the grate.

罗比擦划着一根火柴去点壁炉里揉皱的报纸。

21 VERB 动词 **开采出；钻探到** If someone **strikes oil** or gold, they discover it in the ground as a result of mining or drilling.

Hamilton Oil announced that it had struck oil in the Liverpool Bay area of the Irish Sea.

汉密尔顿石油公司宣布其已在爱尔兰海域的利物浦海湾地区开采出石油。

22 VERB 动词 **铸造(硬币、奖牌)** When a coin or medal is **struck**, it is made.

Another medal was specially struck for him.

专门为他铸造了另一枚奖章。

23 N-COUNT 可数名词 **不利条件；挫折** If someone has **two strikes against** them, things cause them to be in a bad situation or at a disadvantage.

The Hotel has two **strikes against** it. One, it's an immense ugly concrete building. Second, it lies in a rather awkward position...

该旅馆有两个缺点。其一，它是个非常难看的大型混凝土建筑。其二，它位于一个相当偏僻的地段。

When I got out I couldn't find any work, and for being an ex-con, that was a **strike against** me.

我出狱后找不到任何工作，曾经服过刑的身份对我很不利。

24 See also: [stricken](#) ; [striking](#) ; [hunger strike](#) ;

25 PHRASE 短语 **近在咫尺** If you are **within striking distance** of something, or if something is **within striking distance**, it is quite near, so it could be reached or achieved quite easily.

I believe we are within striking distance of an agreement...

我相信我们即将达成协议。

The airport was within striking distance: no more than sixty miles to the west.

机场近在咫尺，西行不到60英里即到。

26 PHRASE 短语 **打开成功(或财富)之门；踏上通往成功(或财富)之路** If you **strike gold**, you find, do, or produce something that brings you a lot of money or success.

The company has struck gold with its new holiday development, Center Parcs.

该公司凭借其新开发的“中央公园”度假村而赚了个盆满钵满。

27 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指)暴富；发大财** If you **strike it rich**, you make a lot of money, especially in a short time.

He hoped to **strike it rich** by investing in ginseng.

他希望通过投资人参发大财。

28
to **strike a chord**→see: [chord](#) ;
to **strike home**→see: [home](#) ;
to **strike it lucky**→see: [lucky](#) ;
to **strike a happy medium**→see: [medium](#) ;

相关词组：
[strike back](#) [strike down](#) [strike off](#) [strike out](#) [strike up](#)

structure ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **结构；构造；组织** The **structure of** something is the way in which it is made, built, or organized.

The typical family **structure** of Freud's patients involved two parents and two children...

弗洛伊德的病人的典型家庭结构是父母二人和两个孩子。

The chemical **structure** of this particular molecule is very unusual.

这个特殊分子的化学结构很不寻常。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **结构体** A **structure** is something that consists of parts connected together in an ordered way.

The feet are highly specialised **structures** made up of 26 small delicate bones.

脚的结构非常特殊，由26块细小的骨头组成。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **建筑物** A **structure** is something that has been built.

About half of those funds has gone to repair public roads, **structures** and bridges...

那些基金中大约有一半已被用来维修公路、公共建筑物和桥梁。

The house was a handsome four-story brick **structure**.

这所房子是一幢造型美观的四层砖砌建筑物。

4 VERB 动词 **系统安排；精心组织；使形成体系** If you **structure** something, you arrange it in a careful, organized pattern or system.

By structuring the course this way, we're forced to produce something the companies think is valuable.

这样制定发展规划后，我们不得不生产各公司认为有价值的东西。

structured

We have introduced a more structured training programme.

我们已经推出了一门更系统的培训课程。

🔗 See also: [report structure](#) ;

struggle ★★★☆☆

1 VERB 动词 奋力；努力；尽力 If you **struggle to** do something, you try hard to do it, even though other people or things may be making it difficult for you to succeed.

They had to **struggle** against all kinds of adversity...

他们不得不同一切困境做斗争。

Those who have lost their jobs **struggle** to pay their supermarket bills.

那些失业的人们想方设法以支付超市的账单。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 斗争；奋斗；努力 A **struggle** is a long and difficult attempt to achieve something such as freedom or political rights.

Life became a **struggle** for survival.

生活成了一场奋力求生的斗争。

...a young lad's **struggle** to support his poverty-stricken family...

年轻的小伙子为了支撑他贫困的家庭所作的努力

He is currently locked in a power **struggle** with his Prime Minister.

他目前陷入了一场同总理的权力之争当中。

3 VERB 动词 挣扎；努力挣脱 If you **struggle** when you are being held, you twist, kick, and move violently in order to get free.

I **struggled**, but he was a tall man, well-built.

我使劲挣扎，但他又高又壮。

4 V-RECIP 相互动词 搏斗；扭打 If two people **struggle with** each other, they fight.

She screamed at him to 'stop it' as they **struggled** on the ground...

他们在地上扭打成一团，她向他尖叫着“别打了”。

We were struggling for the gun when it went off!...

我们正在争夺那把枪，这时它突然走火了！

There were signs that she **struggled** with her attacker.

现场有她和攻击者扭打过的痕迹。

Struggle is also a noun.

He died in a **struggle** with prison officers less than two months after coming to Britain.

来英国不到两个月，他就在一次与狱警的打斗中丧命了。

5 VERB 动词 艰难地做；吃力地做 If you **struggle to** move yourself or to move a heavy object, you try to do it, but it is difficult.

I could see the young boy struggling to free himself...

我看到小男孩正在奋力挣脱。

I **struggled** with my bags, desperately looking for a porter.

我提着行李艰难地走着，迫切地寻找着搬运工。

6 VERB 动词 艰难地行进 If you **struggle** somewhere, you succeed in moving there, but only with great difficulty.

The pilot **struggled** out of the wreck almost uninjured...

飞行员艰难地从失事的飞机中爬出来，几乎没有受伤。

Catherine **struggled** to her feet...

凯瑟琳艰难地站起来。

I **struggled** into a bathrobe and staggered down the stairs.

我挣扎着穿上浴衣，踉跄地下了楼。

7 VERB 动词 勉力维持；挣扎 If a person or organization is **struggling**, they are likely to fail in what they are doing, even though they might be trying very hard.

The company is struggling to find buyers for its new product...

该公司正竭力为其新产品寻找买主。

One in five young adults was struggling with everyday mathematics... 1/5

的年轻人做日常的数学计算都费劲。

By the 1960s, many shipyards were struggling.

到20世纪60年代，许多造船厂都在勉强支撑。

8 N-SING 单数名词 费力的事；难事 An action or activity that is a **struggle** is very difficult to do.

Losing weight was a terrible **struggle**.

减肥是一件非常艰难的事。

相关词组：

[struggle on](#)

studio ★★★☆☆

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 画室；摄影室；工作室 A **studio** is a room where a painter, photographer, or designer works.

She was in her **studio** again, painting onto a large canvas.

她又回到了画室，在一张大帆布上作画。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (广播、电视的)录音室，录像室，演播室；(唱片、电影的)录音棚，制作室 A **studio** is a room where radio or television programmes are recorded, CDs are produced, or films are made.

She's much happier performing live than in a recording **studio**.

与在录音棚里录音相比，她更喜欢现场表演。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 电影公司；电影制片厂；唱片公司 You can also refer to film-making or recording companies as **studios**.

She wrote to Paramount Studios and asked if they would audition her.

她写信给派拉蒙电影公司，询问他们是否同意让她去试镜。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 单间公寓(一个房间兼作起居室和卧室，带厨房和卫生间) A **studio** is a small flat with one room for living and sleeping in, a kitchen, and a bathroom. You can also talk about a **studio flat** in British English or a **studio apartment** in American English.

I live on my own in a **studio flat**.

我自己住在一个单间公寓里。

stuff ★★★☆☆

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (泛指)的东西，物品，玩意儿 You can use **stuff** to refer to things such as a substance, a collection of things, events, or ideas, or the contents of something in a general way without mentioning the thing itself by name.

I'd like some coffee, and I don't object to the powdered **stuff** if it's all you've got...

我想来点咖啡，如果你只有速溶的那种也可以。

I don't know anything about this antique **stuff**...

我对于这种古玩物件一无所知。

'What do you want to know?'—'About life and **stuff**'...

“你想知道些什么？”——“关于生命之类的东西。”

Don't tell me you still believe in all that **stuff**?...

别告诉我你仍旧相信那些东西。

He pointed to a duffel bag 'That's my **stuff**'

他指着一个旅行袋说：“那是我的东西。”

2 VERB 动词 把...塞进(或填进) If you **stuff** something somewhere, you push it there quickly and roughly.

I **stuffed** my hands in my pockets...

我把手插进口袋里。

He **stuffed** the newspapers into a litter bin and headed down the street...

他把报纸塞进了垃圾箱，然后沿街往前走了。

His pants were **stuffed** inside the tops of his boots.

他的裤腿儿塞在靴子里。

3 VERB 动词 填满；装满；塞满 If you **stuff** a container or space with something, you fill it with something or with a quantity of things until it is full.

He grabbed my purse, opened it and **stuffed** it full, then gave it back to me...

他抢过我的钱包，打开并塞满钱，然后还给了我。

He still stood behind his cash register **stuffing** his mouth with popcorn.

他仍站在收银机后，嘴里塞满了爆米花。

...wallets **stuffed** with dollars.

装满美元的钱包

4 VERB 动词 (使)吃撑；(使)吃足；(使)吃得过饱 If you **stuff yourself**, you eat a lot of food.

I could **stuff** myself with ten chocolate bars and half an hour later eat a big meal.

我可以一口气吃10块巧克力，半小时后再吃一顿大餐。

stuffed

But you're just so **stuffed** you won't be able to drink anything.

但你已经撑得什么也喝不下了。

5 VERB 动词 **给...装馅儿；给(鸡、辣椒等食物里)加馅料** If you **stuff** a bird such as a chicken or a vegetable such as a pepper, you put a mixture of food inside it before cooking it.

Will you **stuff** the turkey and shove it in the oven for me?

你能帮我给火鸡填上料然后放进烤箱里吗？

...**stuffed** tomatoes.

酿西红柿

6 VERB 动词 **将(动物)制作成标本** If a dead animal is **stuffed**, it is filled with a substance so that it can be preserved and displayed.

A pike weighing 29 lb 8 oz taken in 1878 was **stuffed** and is on display at the estate office...

一条1878年捕获的重29磅8盎司的梭子鱼被制成标本陈列在庄园管理处。

He didn't much care for the **stuffed** animal heads that hung on the walls.

他不是很喜欢墙上挂的那些动物头颅标本。

7 N-SING 单数名词 **基本特征；特质；根本；基础** If you say that one thing is **the stuff of** another, you mean that the first thing is a very important feature or characteristic of the second thing, or that the second thing can be based or built on the first thing.

The idea that we can be whatever we want has become **the stuff of** television commercials.

每个人皆无所不能，这一理念已经成为电视广告的精髓。

8 EXCLAM 感叹语 **滚开；去你的；别烦我** If you are angry with someone for something that they have said or done, you might say 'Get **stuffed**!' to them.

9 VERB 动词 **(用在名词前表示强调)不稀罕，不在乎** **Stuff** is used in front of nouns to emphasize that you do not care about something, or do not want it.

Ultimately my attitude was: **stuff** them...

我最终的态度是：去他们的。

Stuff your money. We don't want a handout.

收起你的钱，我们不需要施舍。

10 PHRASE 短语 **露一手；施展自己的本事** If you **do your stuff**, you perform an activity in the way that people expect.

Once I get on the pitch I know I can **do my stuff**...

我一上场就知道是我大显身手的时候了。

All that was left was to plant the roses and wait for nature to **do her stuff**.

剩下的就只是栽上玫瑰，然后等大自然施展她的神奇魔力。

11 PHRASE 短语 **很内行；精通；懂行** If you say that someone **knows their stuff**, you mean that they are good at doing something because they know a lot about it.

These chaps **know their stuff** after seven years of war.

7年的战争过后，这些家伙都成了作战行家。

12 to **strut your stuff**→see: [strut](#) ;

style ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **行为方式；作风；风格** The **style** of something is the general way in which it is done or presented, which often shows the attitudes of the people involved.

Our children's different needs and learning **styles** created many problems...

孩子们不同的需求和学习方式给我们带来了许多问题。

Belmont Park is a broad sweeping track which will suit the European **style** of running...

贝尔蒙特跑马场有宽阔的弧形跑道，很适合举行欧式赛马。

Sam celebrated in fine **style**.

萨姆精心庆祝了一番。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **风度；气派；格调** If people or places have **style**, they are smart and elegant.

Bournemouth, you have to admit, has **style**...

你不得不承认伯恩茅斯是个很有格调的地方。

Both love doing things in **style**...

两人行事都讲究风度。

She had not lost her grace and **style**.

她依然仪态优雅，不失风度。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 **款式** The **style** of a product is its design.

His 50 years of experience have given him strong convictions about **style**...

50年的经验使得他在款式上有自己的独到见解。

Several **styles** of hat were available.

帽子有几种款式。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(某群艺术家或某文艺时期的)风格** In the arts, a particular **style** is characteristic of a particular period or group of people.

...six scenes in the **style** of a classical Greek tragedy.

6个古典希腊悲剧式的场景

...a mixture of musical **styles**.

音乐风格的混搭

...the revival of the gothic **style**.

哥特式风格的复兴

5 VERB 动词 **设计；使具有...风格** If something such as a piece of clothing, a vehicle, or someone's hair is **styled** in a particular way, it is designed or shaped in that way.

His thick blond hair had just been **styled** before his trip.

他在旅行前刚把浓密的金发修剪了一番。

...classically **styled** clothes.

式样传统的衣服

6 See also: [old-style](#) ; [self-styled](#) ; [styling](#) ;

7 PHRASE 短语 **不是...的风格；不符合...的喜好** If you say that something is **not someone's style**, you mean that it is not the way in which they usually do things, or it is different from the sort of thing they usually like. to **cramp** someone's **style**→see: [cramp](#) ;

Mr Blair was not off guard. That is not his **style**...

布莱尔先生没有放松警惕，这不是他的风格。

To be honest, the house is not quite our **style**.

说实话，这房子我们不是非常喜欢。

subject ★★★★★

The noun and adjective are pronounced /sʌbdʒɪkt/. The verb is pronounced /səb'dʒekt/. 名词和形容词读作 /sʌbdʒɪkt/，动词读作 /səb'dʒekt/。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **主题；题目；话题；题材；问题** The **subject** of something such as a conversation, letter, or book is the thing that is being discussed or written about.

It was I who first raised the **subject** of plastic surgery.

是我第一个提到整形手术这个话题的。

...the president's own views on the **subject**.

总统在此问题上的个人观点

...steering the conversation round to his favourite **subject**.

把谈话引到他最感兴趣的话题上

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(批评、学习、调查的)对象** Someone or something that is the **subject of** criticism, study, or an investigation is being criticized, studied, or investigated.

Over the past few years, some of the positions Mr. Meredith has adopted have made him the **subject of** criticism...

在过去的几年里，梅雷迪思先生所采取的某些立场使他成为了批评的对象。

He's now the **subject of** an official inquiry.

他现在是官方调查的对象。

'White noise' was played into the **subject's** ears

through headphones...

让受试者通过耳机听“白噪声”。

Subjects in the study were asked to follow a modified diet.

要求研究对象按改进的食谱进食。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (艺术的)表现对象；绘画(或拍摄)题材 An artist's **subjects** are the people, animals, or objects that he or she paints, models, or photographs.

Her favourite **subjects** are shells spotted on beach walks.

她最喜爱的题材是那些在海边散步时发现的贝壳。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (语法中的)主语 In grammar, the **subject** of a clause is the noun group that refers to the person or thing that is doing the action expressed by the verb. For example, in 'My cat keeps catching birds', 'my cat' is the subject.

7 ADJ 形容词 可能受...影响的；易遭受...的 To be **subject** to something means to be affected by it or to be likely to be affected by it.

Prices may be **subject** to alteration...

价格可能会有所变动。

In addition, interest on Treasury issues isn't **subject** to state and local income taxes.

另外，国债利息不需缴纳政府和地方所得税。

...a disorder in which the person's mood is **subject** to wild swings from mania to depression.

患者情绪在狂热和抑郁之间疯狂起伏的紊乱状态

8 ADJ 形容词 受...支配的；服从于...的 If someone is **subject** to a particular set of rules or laws, they have to obey those rules or laws.

The tribunal is unique because Mr Jones is not **subject** to the normal police discipline code.

因为琼斯先生不受一般的治安条例法规约束，所以专门设立了特别法庭。

...arguing that as a sovereign state it could not be **subject** to another country's laws.

争论说作为一个主权国家其不受其他国家法律的约束

9 VERB 动词 使经受；使遭受 If you **subject** someone to something unpleasant, you make them experience it.

...the man who had **subjected** her to four years of beatings and abuse...

使她遭受了4年毒打和辱骂的男人

Innocent civilians are being arrested and **subjected** to inhumane treatment.

无辜的平民正被逮捕并遭受非人的虐待。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 (通常指君主制国家的)国民，臣民 The people who live in or belong to a particular country, usually one ruled by a monarch, are the **subjects** of that monarch or country.

...his **subjects** regarded him as a great and wise monarch...

他的臣民把他视为伟大而英明的君主

Roughly half of them are British **subjects**.

他们中大约有一半是英国国民。

11 ADJ 形容词 臣服的；受他国统治的 **Subject** peoples and countries are ruled or controlled by the government of another country.

The **subject** peoples of her empire were anxious for their own independence.

她的帝国中被迫向她臣服的民族迫切渴望自身的独立。

...colonies and other **subject** territories.

殖民地和其他臣服的属地

12 PHRASE 短语 (通常因为谈论的话题令人尴尬而)转换话题 When someone involved in a conversation **changes the subject**, they start talking about something else, often because the previous subject was embarrassing.

He tried to change the **subject**, but she wasn't to be put off.

他努力想换个话题，但她却兴趣正浓。

13 PREP-PHRASE 短语介词 取决于；视...而定 If an event will take place **subject to** a condition, it will take place only if that thing happens.

They denied a report that Egypt had agreed to a summit, **subject to** certain conditions.

他们否认了宣称埃及已同意在特定条件下参加峰会的报道。

succeed ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 达到目的；成功做成；办到 If you **succeed in** doing something, you manage to do it.

We have already **succeeded** in working out ground rules with the Department of Defense...

我们已经成功地与国防部敲定了基本原则。

Some people will **succeed** in their efforts to stop smoking...

一些人经过努力可以成功戒烟。

If they can **succeed** in America and Europe, then they can **succeed** here too.

如果他们在美国和欧洲都能取得成功的话，那么在这儿也不例外。

2 VERB 动词 取得预期效果；表现良好 If something **succeeds**, it works in a satisfactory way or has the result that is intended.

If marriage is to **succeed** in the 1990's, then people have to recognise the new pressures it is facing.

在20世纪90年代人们要想婚姻美满，那就不得不认识到它所面临的新压力。

...a move which would make any future talks even more unlikely to **succeed**.

可能使今后的所有对话都更加难以取得什么成果的举动

3 VERB 动词 功成名就；有作为 Someone who **succeeds** gains a high position in what they do, for example in business or politics.

...the skills and qualities needed to **succeed** in small and medium-sized businesses.

经营好中小企业所需的技能和素质

4 VERB 动词 接替；继任 If you **succeed** another person, you are the next person to have their job or position.

David Rowland is almost certain to **succeed** him as chairman on January 1...

戴维·罗兰将在1月1日接替他任主席几乎已成定局。

The present ruler, Prince Rainier III, **succeeded** to the throne on 9 May 1949.

现任元首，兰尼埃三世亲王于1949年5月9日继位。

5 VERB 动词 在...之后；随...其后 If one thing is **succeeded by** another thing, the other thing happens or comes after it.

A quick divorce can be **succeeded by** a much longer — and more agonising — period of haggling over the fate of the family.

闪电式离婚后可能紧接着就是一段在家庭命运上互相纠结的更加漫长、更加痛苦的时期。

success ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 成功；胜利；成就 **Success** is the achievement of something that you have been trying to do.

It's important for the long-term **success** of any diet that you vary your meals.

如果想要成功做到长期节食，很重要的一点是要膳食多样化。

...the **success** of European business in building a stronger partnership between management and workers.

欧洲企业在劳资双方之间建立更牢固的伙伴关系上所取得的成功

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (在某一领域的)成功，成名 **Success** is the achievement of a high position in a particular field, for example in business or politics.

Nearly all of the young people interviewed believed that work was the key to **success**.

几乎所有被采访的年轻人都认为工作是成功的关键。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (某事所取得的)成功，良好表现 The **success** of something is the fact that it works in a satisfactory way or has the result that is intended.

Most of the cast was amazed by the play's **success**...

大多数演员都为该剧大获成功而感到惊奇。

Enthused by the **success** of the first exhibition, its organisers are hoping to repeat the experience.

由于首展告捷，组织者大受鼓舞，希望能再创佳绩。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 成功的人(或事物) Someone or something that is a **success** achieves a high position, makes a lot of money, or is admired a great deal.

The jewellery was a great **success**...

这些珠宝大获赞誉。

We hope it will be a commercial **success**.

我们希望它能取得商业上的成功。

successful ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **达到目的的；有成效的；成功的** Something that is **successful** achieves what it was intended to achieve. Someone who is **successful** achieves what they intended to achieve.

How **successful** will this new treatment be?...

这一新的疗法会有多大成效？

I am looking forward to a long and **successful** partnership with him...

我期盼着能与他建立长期而有成效的合作关系。

She has been comparatively **successful** in maintaining her privacy.

在保护自己的隐私方面她一直都做得比较成功。

successfully

The doctors have **successfully** concluded preliminary tests.

医生们已经成功地完成了初步的检查。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **获得成功的；受欢迎的；获利匪浅的** Something that is **successful** is popular or makes a lot of money.

...the hugely **successful** movie that brought Robert Redford an Oscar for his directing...

让罗伯特·雷德福拿到了奥斯卡最佳导演奖的大受欢迎的影片

One of the keys to **successful** business is careful planning.

打造成功企业的关键之一就是要精心策划。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(人)成功的，有成就的** Someone who is **successful** achieves a high position in what they do, for example in business or politics.

Women do not necessarily have to imitate men to be **successful** in business...

女性不见得非要模仿男性才能在商界叱咤风云。

She is a **successful** lawyer.

她是个成功的律师。

suddenly ★★★★★

1 ADV-GRADED 副词 **突然地；出乎意料地** If something happens **suddenly**, it happens quickly and unexpectedly.

Suddenly, she looked ten years older...

突然间她看起来老了10岁。

Her expression **suddenly** altered...

她的表情一下子变了。

He sat down **suddenly**.

他猛地坐了下来。

suffer ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **遭受，经受(疼痛)；感到(痛苦)** If you **suffer** pain, you feel it in your body or in your mind.

Within a few days she had become seriously ill, **suffering** great pain and discomfort...

几天的时间，她就病得很严重了，疼痛难忍，周身不舒服。

Can you assure me that my father is not **suffering**?

你能保证我父亲不会受罪吗？

2 VERB 动词 **(因疾病或处于其他不利境地而)受苦，受难，受折磨** If you **suffer from** an illness or from some other bad condition, you are badly affected by it.

He was eventually diagnosed as **suffering from** terminal cancer...

他最终被诊断出患了晚期癌症。

I realized he was **suffering from** shock.

我意识到他休克了。

3 VERB 动词 **遭遇，遭受，蒙受(不好的事)** If you **suffer** something bad, you are in a situation in which something painful, harmful, or very unpleasant happens to you.

The peace process has **suffered** a serious blow now...

现在和平进程遭到重创。

Romania **suffered** another setback in its efforts to obtain financial support for its reforms.

罗马尼亚在为其改革努力寻求经济援助时再次受挫。

4 VERB 动词 **受挫；遭受打击** If you **suffer**, you are badly affected by an event or situation.

There are few who have not **suffered**...

谁都会经受挫折。

It is obvious that Syria will **suffer** most from this change of heart.

很明显，这一态度的转变对叙利亚的影响最大。

5 VERB 动词 **(因不够关注或处于不利境况而)失利，失败，不成功** If something **suffers**, it does not succeed because it has not been given enough attention or is in a bad situation.

I'm not surprised that your studies are **suffering**...

你的功课变得越来越差，我并不感到奇怪。

Without a major boost in tourism, the economy will **suffer** even further.

旅游业如果没有大的起色，经济状况会每况愈下。

6 See also: [suffering](#) ;

7 PHRASE 短语 **迁就笨人；容忍愚蠢者** If you do not **suffer fools gladly**, you are not patient with people who you think are stupid.

She doesn't **suffer fools gladly** and, in her view, most people are fools.

她不愿与笨人为伍，而在她看来，大多数人都是笨人。

suit ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(男士的)一套外衣，套装，西装** A man's **suit** consists of a jacket, trousers, and sometimes a waistcoat, all made from the same fabric.

...a dark pinstriped business **suit**.

黑色的细条纹正装

...a smart **suit** and tie.

帅气的西装和领带

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(女士的)一套外衣，套装，套裙** A woman's **suit** consists of a jacket and skirt, or sometimes trousers, made from the same fabric.

I was wearing my tweed **suit**.

我穿着我的花呢套装。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(从事特定活动时穿的)成套服装** A particular type of **suit** is a piece of clothing that you wear for a particular activity.

...a completely revolutionary atmospheric diving **suit**.

令人耳目一新的大气压潜水服

4 VERB 动词 **对...方便；满足...需要；合...心意** If something **suits** you, it is convenient for you or is the best thing for you in the circumstances.

They will only release information if it **suits** them...

他们只会发布对他们有利的信息。

They should be able to find you the best package to **suit** your needs.

他们应该能提供满足你需要的最佳套餐。

5 VERB 动词 **讨...喜欢；中...的意** If something **suits** you, you like it.

I don't think a sedentary life would altogether **suit** me.

我认为长期伏案的生活一点也不适合我。

6 VERB 动词 **(服装、风格、颜色)使显得漂亮，与...相配；适合** If a piece of clothing or a particular style or colour **suits** you, it makes you look attractive.

Green **suits** you.

绿色很配你。

Usage Note :

You do not use the verb **suit** if clothes are simply not the right size for you. The verb you need is **fit**. *The size 12 gown was gorgeous and fitted perfectly... The gloves didn't fit.* You can say that something **suits** a person or place if it looks attractive on that person or in that place. *It is really feminine and pretty and it certainly suits you.* However, you cannot usually say that one colour, pattern, or object **suits** another. The verb you need is **match**. *She wears a straw hat with a yellow ribbon to match her yellow cheesecloth dress... His clothes don't quite match.*

表示衣服的尺码是否合适不用 **suit**，应该用 **fit**，如：*The size 12 gown was gorgeous and fitted perfectly* (那件12码的礼服看上去光彩夺目，而且大小正合适)，*The gloves didn't fit* (手套大小不合适)。可用 **suit** 来表示某物穿在某人身上或放在某处非常漂亮，如：*It is really feminine and pretty and it certainly suits you* (它真是又漂亮又有女人味，你穿上去一定好看)。然而通常不能用 **suit** 来表示颜色、图形

或物件或其他事物相匹配，此时应该用的动词为 match，如：She wears a straw hat with a yellow ribbon to match her yellow cheesecloth dress (她戴了一顶缀黄丝带的草帽来搭配黄色的薄纱连衣裙)，His clothes don't quite match (他的着装不是很搭)。

7 VERB 动词 随自己的意愿；随性子；自便 If you **suit yourself**, you do something just because you want to do it, without bothering to consider other people.

These large institutions make — and change—the rules to **suit** themselves...

这些大机构总是随意制定规定，而且说变就变。

He made a dismissive gesture. "Suit yourself."

他做了一个很不屑的手势。“随你便。”

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 诉讼；论案 In a court of law, a **suit** is a case in which someone tries to get a legal decision against a person or company, often so that the person or company will have to pay them money for having done something wrong to them.

Up to 2,000 former employees have filed personal injury **suits** against the company...

多达 2,000 名旧职员以个人伤害为由向该公司提起诉讼。

The judge dismissed the **suit**.

法官驳回了诉讼。

In American English, you can say that someone **files or brings suit against** another person. (美国英语)起诉，控告

One insurance company has already filed **suit** against the city of Chicago.

一家保险公司已经对芝加哥市提起诉讼。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 (扑克牌中的)同花色牌，花色 A **suit** is one of the four types of card in a set of playing cards. These are hearts, diamonds, clubs, and spades.

10 See also: [bathing suit](#); [birthday suit](#); [boiler suit](#); [trouser suit](#);

11 PHRASE 短语 跟着做；照着做；仿效 If people **follow suit**, they do the same thing that someone else has just done.

Efforts to persuade the remainder to follow **suit** have continued.

说服其余人跟着效仿的努力仍在继续。

12 PHRASE 短语 对...非常方便；很合...心意 If something **suits you down to the ground**, you like it a great deal or find it very convenient.

Their London house **suits** them down to the ground.

他们在伦敦的房子很合他们心意。

相关词组：

[suit up](#)

summer ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 See also: [high summer](#); [Indian summer](#); 夏天；夏季 **Summer** is the season between spring and autumn. In the summer the weather is usually warm or hot.

I escaped the heatwave in London earlier this **summer** and flew to Cork...

今年初夏我逃离了伦敦的炎热，飞往科克去避暑。

It was a perfect **summer's** day.

那是一个美好的夏日。

...in the **summer** of 1987.

在 1987 年的夏天

...the **summer** holidays...

暑假

He used to spend childhood **summers** with his grandparents.

他小时候夏天都是和爷爷奶奶一起度过的。

summit ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (政府间的)峰会，首脑会议 A **summit** is a meeting at which the leaders of two or more countries discuss important matters.

...next week's Washington **summit**.

下周的华盛顿峰会

...the NATO **summit** meeting in Rome.

在罗马举行的北约峰会

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 山顶；顶峰 The **summit** of a mountain is the top of it.

Snow gleamed on the **summit** of Mount Simon.

西蒙山山顶白雪皑皑。

supply ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 供给；供应；提供 If you **supply** someone with something that they want or need, you give them a quantity of it.

...an agreement not to produce or **supply** chemical weapons.

不生产或供应化学武器的协议

...a pipeline which will **supply** the major Greek cities with Russian natural gas.

从俄罗斯向希腊主要城市输送天然气的管道

...the blood vessels **supplying** oxygen to the brain.

向脑部供氧的血管

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (尤指大量的)补给，补给品，日用物资 You can use **supplies** to refer to food, equipment, and other essential things that people need, especially when these are provided in large quantities.

What happens when food and gasoline **supplies** run low?...

如果食物和汽油供应减少，会出现什么情况呢？

The country's only **supplies** are those it can import by lorry from Vietnam.

这个国家仅有的补给品是用卡车从越南进口来的。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 供应量；供给量；储备 A **supply** of something is an amount of it which someone has or which is available for them to use.

The brain requires a constant **supply** of oxygen...

大脑需要持续供氧。

Most urban water **supplies** in the United States now contain fluoride in varying amounts.

现在美国大部分城市供水中都存在含量不一的氟化物。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (商品、服务的)供应量，供给量 **Supply** is the quantity of goods and services that can be made available for people to buy.

Prices change according to **supply** and demand.

价格受供求关系的影响。

5 VERB 动词 补充；填充 If you **supply** a missing word or piece of information, for example in a puzzle, you say or write it because you know it.

Supply the missing word(s) and you could win a T-shirt.

填出所缺少的单词，你就会赢得一件T恤。

6 PHRASE 短语 供应不足 If something is **in short supply**, there is very little of it available and it is difficult to find or obtain.

Food is **in short supply** all over the country...

全国普遍食品供应不足。

Nowadays that sort of innocence is **in short supply**.

现在那种天真烂漫很少见。

supporter ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 支持者；拥护者 **Supporters** are people who support someone or something, for example a political leader or a sports team.

The fourth night of violence in the German city of Rostock was triggered by football **supporters**...

发生在德国城市罗斯托克的第四起夜间暴乱是由足球球迷们挑起的。

Bradley was a major **supporter** of the 1986 tax reform plan.

布拉德利是 1986 年税收改革计划的主要支持者。

suppose ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 假定；假设；设想 You can use **suppose** or **supposing** before mentioning a possible situation or action. You usually then go on to consider the effects that this situation or action might have.

Suppose someone gave you an egg and asked you to describe exactly what was inside...

假设有一个人给了你一枚鸡蛋并要你准确描述鸡蛋里面有什么。

Supposing he's right and I do die tomorrow?

Maybe I should take out an extra insurance policy.

假设他是对的，我确实明天就会死，那该怎么办？也许我应该再买一份保险。

2 VERB 动词 (根据所知)认为，推断，料想 If you **suppose that** something is true, you believe that it is probably true, because of other things that you know.

The policy is perfectly clear and I see no reason to **suppose** that it isn't working...

这项政策非常清楚明了，我没有理由认为它不会奏效。

I knew very well that the problem was more complex than he **supposed**...

我很清楚那个问题比他料想的要更复杂。

It had been **supposed** that by then Peter would be married.

人们一直认为到那时彼得应该结婚了。

Usage Note :

Note that when you are using the verb **suppose** with a 'that'-clause in order to state a negative opinion or belief, you normally make **suppose** negative, rather than the verb in the 'that'-clause. For instance, it is more usual to say 'I **don't suppose** he ever saw it' than 'I suppose he didn't ever see it'. The same pattern applies to other verbs with a similar meaning, such as **believe**, **consider**, and **think**.

注意，使用动词 **suppose** 加 **that** 从句表达否定的意见或看法时，通常否定 **suppose** 而非 **that** 从句中的动词。例如，通常说 I **don't suppose** he ever saw it (我认为他从没见过)，而不说 I suppose he didn't ever see it。同样的句型也适用于其他含义相近的动词，如 **believe**, **consider** 和 **think**。

3 PHRASE 短语 **我看；要我说；我想** You can say 'I **suppose**' when you want to express slight uncertainty.

I get a bit uptight these days. Hormones, I **suppose**...

这几天我有点焦躁。我看是荷尔蒙在作怪。

I **suppose** I'd better do some homework...

我看我最好做做功课。

Is that the right way up? — Yeah, I **suppose** so...

这是上去的路吗？——是的，我想是。

There's nothing to keep us here, is there? — I **suppose** not.

这里没有什么让我们留恋的，对吧？——我想没有。

4 PHRASE 短语 **(表示不耐烦或有些生气)我想，我看** You can say 'I **suppose**' or 'I **don't suppose**' before describing someone's probable thoughts or attitude, when you are impatient or slightly angry with them.

I **suppose** you think you're funny...

我想你认为自己很好笑。

I **don't suppose** it occurred to you to notify the police.

我看你没想过要去通知警察。

5 PHRASE 短语 **(用于婉转地提出请求)** You can say 'I **don't suppose**' as a way of introducing a polite request.

I **don't suppose** you could tell me where James Street is could you?

你能否告诉我詹姆斯街在哪儿？

6 PHRASE 短语 **(用于询问意见)你认为，你觉得** You can use '**do you suppose**' to introduce a question when you want someone to give their opinion about something, although you know that they are unlikely to have any more knowledge or information about it than you.

Do you **suppose** he was telling the truth?...

你认为他说的是实话吗？

What do you **suppose** they want with her?...

你认为他们想从她那里得到什么？

You **don't suppose** they'd start the trip without us, do you?

你认为他们是不会抛下我们就上路的，对吧？

7 PHRASE 短语 **(用于礼貌地建议或请求)** You can use '**do you suppose**' as a polite way of suggesting or requesting that someone does something.

Do you **suppose** we could get together for a little chat sometime soon?

我们最近能抽空聚在一起聊上几句吗？

supposed ★★★★★

Pronounced /sə'pəʊzd/ or /sə'pəʊst/ for meanings 1 to 4, and /sə'pəʊzd/ for meaning 5. 义项 1 到 4 读作 /sə'pəʊzd/ 或 /sə'pəʊst/。义项 5 读作 /sə'pəʊzd/。

1 PHR-MODAL 情态动词短语 **(按计划或期望)应当，应该，须** If you say that something is **supposed** to happen, you mean that it is planned or expected. Sometimes this use suggests that the thing does not really happen in this way.

He produced a handwritten list of nine men he was **supposed** to kill...

他拿出了一份手写的名单，上面列有 9 个他应该要杀死的人。

Public spending is **supposed** to fall, not rise, in the next few years.

在接下来的几年里，政府开支应该会下降，而不是上升。

2 PHR-MODAL 情态动词短语 **本应该(发生而没有发生)** If something was **supposed** to happen, it was planned or intended to happen, but did not in fact happen.

He was **supposed** to go back to Bergen on the last bus, but of course the accident prevented him...

他本来要乘最后一班汽车回卑尔根，但当然，这起事故使他没能回去。

The first debate was **supposed** to have been held on Tuesday.

第一场辩论本该在星期二就举行了。

3 PHR-MODAL 情态动词短语 **认为；觉得；相信** If you say that something is **supposed** to be true, you mean that people say it is true but you do not know for certain that it is true.

'The Whipping Block' has never been published, but it's **supposed** to be a really good poem...

《鞭笞刑具》还从未发表过，但大家认为它是一首真正的好诗。

'The President cannot be disturbed,' his son is **supposed** to have told an early morning caller.

“校长不能见客，”他的儿子应该已经这样告知了一位一大清早就来了的拜访者。

4 PHR-MODAL 情态动词短语 **(表示恼怒)还是，竟** You can use '**be supposed to**' to express annoyance at someone's ideas, or because something is not happening in the proper way.

You're **supposed** to be my friend!...

你还是我朋友呢！

Don't try to tell me what I'm **supposed** to be feeling...

别跟我说我到底该作何感想。

What am I **supposed** to have done wrong now?

我这会儿究竟做错了什么？

5 ADJ 形容词 **误以为的；误信的；所谓的** You can use **supposed** to suggest that something that people talk about or believe in may not in fact exist, happen, or be as it is described.

Not all indigenous regimes were willing to accept the **supposed** benefits of British trade.

并非所有当地的政权都愿意接受与英国贸易的所谓好处。

...when the rule of law is broken by its **supposed** guardians.

当法治被其所谓的捍卫者破坏时

supposedly

He was more of a victim than any of the women he **supposedly** offended...

相比任何一个据传他曾冒犯过的女人，他其实是更大的受害者。

Supposedly his last words to her were: 'You must not pity me.'

据说他对她说的最后一句话是：“别怜悯我。”

supreme ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **最高的；至高无上的** Supreme is used in the title of a person or an official group to indicate that they are at the highest level in a particular organization or system.

MacArthur was Supreme Commander for the allied powers in the Pacific.

麦克阿瑟将军曾是太平洋战区盟军的最高统帅。

...the Supreme Court.

最高法院

...the Supreme Being.

上帝

2 ADJ 形容词 **最大的；最多的** You use **supreme** to emphasize that a quality or thing is very great.

Her approval was of **supreme** importance...

她的认可是至关重要的。

The lady conspired to seize **supreme** power.

该女士图谋攫取最高权力。

supremely

We are **supremely** confident because we have the right mixture of skill and experience...

我们有必备的技巧和经验，因此自信满满。

She gets on with her job and does it **supremely** well.

她的工作进展得很好。

她继续她的工作，并且做得非常出色。

surface ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **表面；表层；上面** The surface of something is the flat top part of it or the outside of it.

Ozone forms a protective layer between 12 and 30 miles above the Earth's surface.
臭氧在地球表面上方 12 到 30 英里处形成一个保护层。

...tiny little waves on the surface of the water...
水面的涟漪

The road surface has started breaking up...
路面已开始开裂。

Its total surface area was seven thousand square feet.
它的总表面积为 7,000 平方英尺。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **桌面；台面；操作台** A work surface is a flat area, for example the top of a table, desk, or kitchen cupboard, on which you can work.

It can simply be left on the work surface...
把它放在操作台上就行了。

Place the fish on a flat surface and sprinkle the flesh with lemon juice and pepper.
将鱼放在案面上并在鱼肉上撒柠檬汁和胡椒粉。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **表面；外表；表象** When you refer to the surface of a situation, you are talking about what can be seen easily rather than what is hidden or not immediately obvious.

Back in Britain, things appear, on the surface, simpler...
而在英国国内，事情表面上看来要简单一些。

Social unrest, never far below the surface in Brazil, has erupted over the last few days...
巴西一直以来一触即发的社会不安定因素在过去的几天里爆发了。

It's brought to the surface a much wider controversy.
这使得更广泛的争论浮现了出来。

4 ADJ 形容词 **(军队)陆上的，水上的** Surface is used to describe the parts of the armed forces which travel by ship or by land rather than underwater or in the air.

In contrast with its surface fleet, Britain's submarine force was relatively small.
同其水面舰队相比，英国的潜艇部队规模相对较小。

...Nato surface forces.
北约地面部队

5 VERB 动词 **升到水面；浮出水面** If someone or something under water surfaces, they come up to the surface of the water.

He surfaced, gasping for air.
他浮出水面，大口吸气。

6 VERB 动词 **显露；暴露；流露；公开** When something such as a piece of news, a feeling, or a problem surfaces, it becomes known or becomes obvious.

The paper says the evidence, when it surfaces, is certain to cause uproar...
该报称该证据一经披露，一定会引起骚动。

The emotions will surface at some point in life...
各种情绪都会在生活中的某个时刻流露出来。

The same old problems would surface again.
同样的老问题会再次暴露出来。

7 VERB 动词 **(一段时间未见后)现身，露面；醒来** When someone surfaces, they appear after not being seen for some time, for example because they have been asleep.

There's no chance that he'll surface because he's bound to have heard by now...
他不会再出现了，因为他现在肯定听说了。

What time do you surface?
你几点钟会醒？

surprise ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **意想不到的事；突如其来**的事；令人惊奇的事(或消息等) A surprise is an unexpected event, fact, or piece of news.

I have a surprise for you: We are moving to Switzerland!...
我有一个惊喜的消息要告诉你：我们要搬去瑞士了！

It may come as a surprise to some that a normal, healthy child is born with many skills...
一个身体健康正常的小孩天生就会许多技能，这或许会令有些人感到惊奇。

It is perhaps no surprise to see another 60s singing star attempting a comeback.
看到又一个20世纪60年代的歌星试图重返歌坛大概并不会觉得意外。

Surprise is also an adjective.
Baxter arrived here this afternoon, on a surprise visit...
巴克瑟特今天下午突然来此拜访。

German intelligence expected Japan to launch a surprise attack on the US, and Pearl Harbor was the likely target.
德国情报机构预计日本会对美国发动突袭，袭击目标可能是珍珠港。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **惊奇；惊讶；诧异** Surprise is the feeling that you have when something unexpected happens.

The Foreign Office in London has expressed surprise at these allegations...
位于伦敦的英国外交部对这些说法表示惊讶。

"You mean he's going to vote against her?" Scobie asked in surprise...
斯科比惊讶地问道：“你是说他会投她的反对票吗？”

I started working hard for the first time in my life. To my surprise, I found I liked it.
我生平第一次开始努力工作。令我惊讶的是，我发现我竟然很开心。

3 VERB 动词 **使惊奇；使诧异；使感到意外** If something surprises you, it gives you a feeling of surprise.

We'll solve the case ourselves and surprise everyone...
我们要自己解决这件事，然后让所有人感到吃惊。

It surprised me that a driver of Alain's experience should make those mistakes...
令我惊讶的是像阿兰这样经验丰富的司机竟然会犯那样的错误。

It wouldn't surprise me if there was such chaos after this election that another had to be held...
如果你告诉我这次大选后局面会出现混乱，以致不得不重新举行选举，我一点也不会惊讶。

They were served lamb and rosemary and she surprised herself by eating greedily.
给他们上的是迷迭香焗羊肉，令她惊讶的是，自己竟然吃得那么起劲儿。

4 VERB 动词 **给...惊喜；使喜出望外** If you surprise someone, you give them, tell them, or do something pleasant that they are not expecting.

Surprise a new neighbour with one of your favourite home-made dishes.
做一道拿手的家常小菜，给你的新邻居一个惊喜。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **使人惊异(或意想不到的)事物；让人大吃一惊的人** If you describe someone or something as a surprise, you mean that they are very good or pleasant although you were not expecting this.

...Senga MacFie, one of the surprises of the World Championships three months ago...
森加·麦克菲，三个月前世界锦标赛上的一匹黑马

My father decided to slip a little extra spending money into my purse as a surprise.
为了给我一个惊喜，父亲决定往我的钱包里多塞一些零花钱。

6 VERB 动词 **突袭；使措手不及；使毫无防备** If you surprise someone, you attack, capture, or find them when they are not expecting it.

Marlborough led his armies across the Rhine and surprised the French and Bavarian armies near the village of Blenheim.
马尔伯勒带领他的部队穿过莱茵河，在离布莱尼姆村不远的地方向法国和巴伐利亚联军发动了突袭。

7 See also: [surprised](#) ; [surprising](#) ;

8 PHRASE 短语 **一点儿都不稀奇；可想而知** You can say 'surprise, surprise' if you disapprove of something because it is not surprising or original, or could easily have been predicted.

There is a shortage of carrots. So everybody starts growing carrots. Next season, surprise, surprise, there is a glut of carrots.
胡萝卜紧缺，于是大家都去种胡萝卜。等到来年这个时候，可想而知，胡萝卜就会过剩。

9 PHRASE 短语 **(用于遇见熟人或给别人一些意想不到的东西时)想不到吧** You can say 'surprise, surprise' if you meet someone you know or give them something when they are not expecting it.

He came back in as I was heading up to the shower. 'Surprise, surprise,' he said.

我正要要去淋浴时他回来了。‘想不到吧，’他说。

10 PHRASE 短语 使大吃一惊；出乎...意料 If something **takes you by surprise**, it happens when you are not expecting it or when you are not prepared for it.

His question took his two companions by **surprise**...

他提的问题让他的两个伙伴都愣住了。

Whenever it snows in Britain we are taken by **surprise**.

每次英国下雪，我们都会感到惊讶。

surround ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 围绕；环绕 If a person or thing is **surrounded** by something, that thing is situated all around them.

The small churchyard was **surrounded** by a rusted wrought-iron fence...

不大的教堂墓地周边围着一圈生锈的熟铁栅栏。

The shell **surrounding** the egg has many important functions.

蛋壳有许多重要的功能。

...the snipers and artillerymen in the **surrounding** hills.

周围山里的狙击手和炮手

2 VERB 动词 包围；围住 If you are **surrounded** by soldiers or police, they spread out so that they are in positions all the way around you.

When the car stopped in the town square it was **surrounded** by soldiers and militiamen...

当汽车停在城镇广场时立刻被士兵和民兵包围了。

He tried to run away but gave up when he found himself **surrounded**...

他试图逃跑，但发现已被包围时只好放弃了这个念头。

Shooting broke out after the guards **surrounded** a villa in the city.

卫兵包围了该市的一所别墅后便发生了枪战。

3 VERB 动词 与...密切相关；围绕 The circumstances, feelings, or ideas which **surround** something are those that are closely associated with it.

The decision had been agreed in principle before today's meeting, but some controversy **surrounded** it...

该决定在今天的会议之前就已达成原则上的共识，但围绕这一决定还存在一些争议。

Once the euphoria **surrounding** this victory subsides, reality must return.

这场胜利的喜悦退去后，人们将不得不回归现实。

4 VERB 动词 喜欢结交(某类人)；确保身边总有(某类东西) If you **surround yourself with** certain people or things, you make sure that you have a lot of them near you all the time.

He had made it his business to **surround** himself with a hand-picked group of bright young officers...

他总会亲手挑选一批聪明而年轻的军官常伴他左右。

They love being **surrounded** by familiar possessions.

他们喜欢身边都是自己熟悉的物品。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (壁炉等的)边饰，围饰 The **surround** of something such as a fireplace is the border, wall, or shelves around it.

...a small fireplace with a cast-iron **surround**.

有铸铁边饰的小壁炉

6 N-PLURAL 复数名词 周围的事物；环境 Your **surrounds** are your **surroundings**.

The entire team enjoyed hot showers in the spacious **surrounds** of a new, modern village hall.

全队都在新建的现代化村会所的宽敞洗浴间享受了热水淋浴。

survey ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /'sʌ:veɪ/. The verb is pronounced /sə'veɪ/, and can also be pronounced /'sʌ:veɪ/ in meanings 2 and 6. 名词读作 /'sʌ:veɪ/。动词读作 /sə'veɪ/。义项2和义项5亦可读作 /'sʌ:veɪ/。

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 调查；民意调查；民意测验 If you carry out a **survey**, you try to find out detailed information about a lot of different people or things, usually by asking people a series of questions.

The council conducted a **survey** of the uses to which farm buildings are put...

市政会就农场建筑的使用情况进行了调查。

According to the **survey**, overall world trade has also slackened.

根据这项调查，世界贸易整体上也有所放慢。

2 VERB 动词 调查；对...作民意调查；对...进行民意测验 If you **survey** a number of people, companies, or organizations, you try to find out information about their opinions or behaviour, usually by asking them a series of questions.

Business Development Advisers **surveyed** 211 companies for the report...

企业发展顾问公司为此报告调查了211家公司。

Only 18 percent of those **surveyed** opposed the idea.

被调查者中只有18%的人反对该主张。

3 VERB 动词 总体研究；审视；全面观察 If you **survey** something, you look at or consider the whole of it carefully.

He pushed himself to his feet and **surveyed** the room...

他站起来仔细打量整间屋子。

He **surveys** American politics with a conservative world view.

他用一种保守的世界观审视美国政治。

4 N-SING 单数名词 概览；概述 If you give something a brief **survey** or a quick **survey**, you look at or consider all of it quickly, but not in detail.

...a brief **survey** of some important books on astrology...

有关占星术的几本重要著作的简要概述

He sniffed the perfume she wore, then gave her a quick **survey**.

他闻了闻她身上的香水味，然后又飞快地打量了她一眼。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 测量；勘测；测验 If someone carries out a **survey** of an area of land, they examine it and measure it, usually in order to make a map of it.

...the organizer of the geological **survey** of India...

印度地质勘察活动的组织者

The scientists conducted two aerial **surveys** followed by two ground **surveys**.

科学家们在两次地面勘测后又进行了两次空中勘测。

6 VERB 动词 测量；勘测；测验 If someone **surveys** an area of land, they examine it and measure it, usually in order to make a map of it.

Scarborough Council commissioned geological experts earlier this year to **survey** the cliffs.

斯卡伯勒市政会在今年早些时候委托地质专家对这些悬崖进行勘测。

surveying

...data relating to astronomy, astrology, **surveying** and navigation.

有关天文学、占星术、测量学和航海术的资料信息

...**surveying** equipment.

勘测设备

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (通常指为欲购房者作的)房屋鉴定 A **survey** is a careful examination of the condition and structure of a house, usually carried out in order to give information to a person who wants to buy it.

...a structural **survey** undertaken by a qualified **surveyor**.

由一位有资质的房屋鉴定员所作的结构评估

in AM, use 美国英语用 inspection

8 VERB 动词 对(建筑物)进行评估；鉴定；检查 If someone **surveys** a house, they examine it carefully and report on its structure, usually in order to give advice to a person who is thinking of buying it.

...the people who **surveyed** the house for the mortgage.

抵押贷款房屋的评估人员

in AM, use 美国英语用 inspect

surveying

In more than 30 years of **surveying** he has never yet known a building to collapse because of subsidence.

他做房屋评估工作都30多年了，还从未听说过哪一座房子由于地基下陷而倒塌的。

survive ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 生存；存活；幸存 If a person or

...the sequence of events that left the eight pupils battling to **survive** in icy seas for over four hours...

致使这 8 个小学生在冰冷的海水里挣扎求生四个多小时的一连串事件

Those organisms that are most suited to the environment will be those that will **survive**...

最适宜该环境的微生物将会存活下来。

Drugs that dissolve blood clots can help people **survive** heart attacks.

能溶解血栓的药物会有助于治疗心脏病。

2 VERB 动词 **挺过；艰难度过** If you **survive** in difficult circumstances, you manage to live or continue in spite of them and do not let them affect you very much.

On my first day here I thought, 'Ooh, how will I **survive**?'

我第一天到这儿时就想，“天哪，我怎么能挺过去呢？”

...people who are struggling to **survive** without jobs...

艰难度日的失业者

Where once she had been totally self-sufficient, she now had to **survive** on income support.

她曾经完全能自给自足，而现在却不得不靠收入补助金维持生计。

...a man who had **survived** his share of boardroom coups.

董事会改组后仍然持有股份的人

3 VERB 动词 **幸存；幸免于难；留存** If something **survives**, it continues to exist even after being in a dangerous situation or existing for a long time.

When the market economy is introduced, many factories will not **survive**...

引入市场经济后，许多工厂将面临倒闭。

The chances of a planet surviving a supernova always looked terribly slim.

行星躲过超新星爆发的几率总是十分渺茫。

...surviving examples of 19th-century architecture in the Midwest.

美国中西部几处仍留存至今的19世纪建筑

4 VERB 动词 **比...活得久；比...长寿** If you **survive** someone, you continue to live after they have died.

Most women will **survive** their spouses...

大多数女性都比配偶长寿。

She is **survived** by two daughters from her first marriage.

她身后留下了头婚时生的两个女儿。

...William Shakespeare's last surviving descendant.

威廉·莎士比亚最后一个健在的子孙

suspect ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /sə'spekt/. The noun and adjective are pronounced /sʌ'spekt/. 动词读作 /sə'spekt/，名词和形容词读作 /sʌ'spekt/。

1 VERB 动词 **猜想；觉得** You use **suspect** when you are stating something that you believe is probably true, in order to make it sound less strong or direct.

I **suspect** they were right...

我感觉他们是对的。

The above complaints are, I **suspect**, just the tip of the iceberg...

我想，以上的抱怨只是冰山一角。

Do women really share such stupid jokes? We **suspect** not.

女人们真的会觉得如此愚蠢的笑话好笑吗？我们想不会。

2 VERB 动词 **怀疑；疑心** If you **suspect** that something dishonest or unpleasant has been done, you believe that it has probably been done. If you **suspect** someone of doing an action of this kind, you believe that they probably did it.

He **suspected** that the woman staying in the flat above was using heroin...

他怀疑楼上公寓里的那个女人正在吸食海洛因。

Police said they **suspected** that Sobhraj had accomplices who are drug smugglers...

警方说他们怀疑索布拉还有一些走私毒品的同伙。

It was perfectly all right, he said, because the police had not **suspected** him of anything...

他说，什么事都没有，因为警察一点也没有怀疑到他。

You don't really think Webb **suspects** you?...

你不是真的认为韦布怀疑你吧？

Frears was rushed to hospital with a **suspected** heart attack.

弗里尔斯疑似心脏病发作，被紧急送往医院。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **嫌疑犯；可疑分子** A **suspect** is a person who the police or authorities think may be guilty of a crime.

Police have arrested a **suspect** in a series of killings and sexual assaults in the city.

警察已经逮捕了一名涉嫌在该市犯下一系列杀人及强奸案的嫌疑犯。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **不可靠的；不可信的；可能有假的；可疑的** **Suspect** things or people are ones that you think may be dangerous or may be less good or genuine than they appear.

Delegates evacuated the building when a **suspect** package was found...

发现可疑包裹后，代表们撤离了这座楼。

The firm has taken out adverts in national newspapers to urge customers to return **suspect** products...

该公司在全国性的报纸上登出广告，催促顾客退回疑似假冒产品。

The whole affair has been highly **suspect**.

整件事情一直都非常可疑。

table ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **桌子；台子** A **table** is a piece of furniture with a flat top that you put things on or sit at.

She was sitting at the kitchen **table** eating a currant bun...

她正坐在餐桌旁，吃着葡萄干圆面包。

I placed his drink on the small **table** at his elbow.

我把他的饮料放在他肘边的小桌子上。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(饭店的)饭桌，餐桌** If you ask for a **table** in a restaurant, you want to have a meal there.

I'd like a **table** for two at about 8:30, please...

我想订一张 8:30 左右的双人桌。

I booked a **table** at the Savoy Grill...

我在萨沃伊烧烤店订了张桌子。

You will join us at our **table**, won't you?

你会过来和我们一起吃，对吗？

3 VERB 动词 **正式提出，提交(议案)** If someone **tables** a proposal, they say formally that they want it to be discussed at a meeting.

They've **tabled** a motion criticising the Government for doing nothing about the problem.

他们提交了一项动议，批评政府在该问题上无所作为。

4 VERB 动词 **搁置(提案、计划)** If someone **tables** a proposal or plan which has been put forward, they decide to discuss it or deal with it at a later date, rather than straight away.

We will **table** that for later.

那个问题我们留到以后再讨论吧。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **表；表格；目录** A **table** is a written set of facts and figures arranged in columns and rows.

Consult the **table** on page 104...

参阅 104 页的表格。

Other research supports the figures in Table 3.3.

其他研究也可证实表 3.3 中的数据。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(1 至 12 的)乘法表** A **table** is a list of the multiplications of numbers between one and twelve. Children often have to learn tables at school.

He didn't know his eleven-times **table**...

他不知道 11 的乘法口诀。

I attempted to learn my **tables**.

我努力背诵乘法表。

7 See also: [coffee table](#) ; [dressing table](#) ; [negotiating table](#) ; [round table](#) ; [tea table](#) ;

8 PHRASE 短语 **提交讨论；摆到桌面上** If you put something **on the table**, you present it at a meeting for it to be discussed.

This is one of the best packages we've put on the **table** in years...

这是我们几年来提交的最好的几套方案之一。

It means that all the options are at least on the

table

这就意味着，至少所有的选择都已经摆到了桌面上。

9 PHRASE 短语 **扭转局面；转败为胜** If you **turn the tables on someone**, you change the situation completely, so that instead of them causing problems for you, you are causing problems for them.

The only question is whether the President can use his extraordinary political skills to turn the tables on his opponents.

唯一的问题是，总统能否运用他杰出的政治手腕化被动为主动，击败对手。

10 to put your cards on the table → see: [card](#) ;

tape ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **磁带；录音带；录像带**

Tape is a narrow plastic strip covered with a magnetic substance. It is used to record sounds, pictures, and computer information.

Tape is expensive and loses sound quality every time it is copied...

磁带成本高，而且每录制一次音质就会变差一些。

Many students declined to be interviewed on tape.

许多学生谢绝录音采访。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(盒式或卷盘式)录音带，录像带** A tape is a cassette or spool with magnetic tape wound round it.

...a new cassette **tape**...

一盒新带子

She still listens to the **tapes** I made her.

她还在听我为她录制的带子。

3 VERB 动词 **(用录音机、录像机)录制(音乐、声音或电视画面)** If you **tape** music, sounds, or television pictures, you record them using a tape recorder or a video recorder.

She has just **taped** an interview...

她刚录制完一次采访。

He shouldn't be taping without the singer's permission.

他该在没有征得演唱者同意的情况下录音。

...**taped** evidence from prisoners.

犯人的证词录音

taping

...an unauthorized taping.

未经授权的录音

4 N-VAR 可变名词 **(捆扎东西或注明衣物主人的)布条，布带** A tape is a strip of cloth used to tie things together or to identify who a piece of clothing belongs to.

The books were all tied up with **tape**.

所有书籍都用布条捆扎了起来。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(赛道上的)终点线** A **tape** is a ribbon that is stretched across the finishing line of a race.

...the finishing **tape**.

终点线

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **胶带；胶条** Tape is a sticky strip of plastic used for sticking things together.

...strong adhesive **tape**.

强力胶带

7 VERB 动词 **(用胶带)粘贴** If you **tape** one thing to another, you attach it using sticky tape.

I **taped** the base of the feather onto the velvet...

我用胶带把羽毛的根部粘在了天鹅绒上。

There are notes from years ago **taped** to the walls...

墙上有多年前用胶带粘上去的字条。

The envelope has been tampered with and then **taped** shut again.

信封被人动过手脚，然后又用胶带封上了。

8 See also: [magnetic tape](#) ; [masking tape](#) ; [red tape](#) ; [sticky tape](#) ; [videntape](#) ;

相关词组：

[laps up](#)

target ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **靶子；目标；对象** A **target** is something at which someone is aiming a weapon or other object.

The village lies beside a main road, making it an easy **target** for bandits...

村子坐落在大路边上，很容易成为土匪袭击的对象。

The missiles missed their **target**...

导弹没有击中目标。

He missed the **target** only once yesterday...

昨天他只有一次脱靶。

We threw knives at **targets**.

我们往靶子上掷飞刀。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **目标；目的** A **target** is a result that you are trying to achieve.

He's won back his place too late to achieve his **target** of 20 goals this season.

他赢回自己的位置时为时已晚，无法实现本赛季进20粒球的目标。

...school leavers who failed to reach their **target** grades.

未能达到规定分数的肄业生

3 VERB 动词 **攻击；批评；以...为攻击目标** To **target** a particular person or thing means to decide to attack or criticize them.

Republicans **targeted** Unsoeld as vulnerable in her bid for reelection this year...

共和党人将安索尔德定为攻击目标，认为她在争取今年连任的竞选中不堪一击。

He **targets** the economy as the root cause of the deteriorating law and order situation.

他抨击经济是治安状况不断恶化的根源。

Target is also a noun.

In the past they have been the **target** of racist abuse...

过去，他们一直是种族虐待的对象。

The professor has been a frequent **target** for animal rights extremists.

那位教授屡屡受到极端动物保护主义者的抨击。

4 VERB 动词 **瞄准；面向；尽力吸引** If you **target** a particular group of people, you try to appeal to those people or affect them.

The campaign will **target** American insurance companies...

这场活动将以美国各保险公司为目标。

The company has **targeted** adults as its primary customers.

这家公司将成年人作为其主要顾客。

Target is also a noun.

Yuppies are a prime **target** group for marketing strategies.

雅皮士是市场营销策略面向的主要目标群体。

5 PHRASE 短语 **进展顺利；有可能实现目标** If someone or something is **on target**, they are making good progress and are likely to achieve the result that is wanted.

We were still right **on target** for our deadline.

我们仍然有可能赶在最后期限前达成目标。

task ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **任务；工作** A **task** is an activity or piece of work which you have to do, usually as part of a larger project.

Walker had the unenviable **task** of breaking the bad news to Hill...

沃克不得不把这个坏消息告诉希尔。

She used the day to catch up with administrative **tasks**.

她白天忙着处理行政工作。

2 VERB 动词 **给...分配任务；派给... (工作)** If you are **tasked with** doing a particular activity or piece of work, someone in authority asks you to do it.

The minister was **tasked with** checking that British aid money was being spent wisely.

部长被指派去督查英国的援助资金是否已用到实处。

3 PHRASE 短语 **批评；责备** If you **take** someone **to task**, you criticize them or tell them off because of something bad or wrong that they have done.

The country's intellectuals are also being taken to **task** for their failure to speak out against the regime.

该国知识分子也因未能公开反对该政权受到了指责。

taste ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **味觉** Taste is one of the five senses that people have. When you have food

drink in your mouth, your sense of taste makes it possible for you to recognize what it is.

...a keen sense of **taste**.

灵敏的味觉

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **味道；口味** The **taste** of something is the individual quality which it has when you put it in your mouth and which distinguishes it from other things. For example, something may have a sweet, bitter, sour, or salty taste.

I like the **taste** of wine and enjoy trying different kinds...

我喜欢葡萄酒的味道，喜欢品尝不同的口味。

The **taste** of blood in her throat made her want to vomit...

她嗓子里的血腥味让她直恶心。

Nettles are surprisingly good — much like spinach but with a sweetish **taste**.

没想到荨麻这么好吃——很像菠菜，但带了点甜味。

3 N-SING 单数名词 (品尝的)少量，一点，一小口 If you have a **taste** of some food or drink, you try a small amount of it in order to see what the flavour is like.

We have a **taste** of the white wine he's brought.

我们尝了尝他带来的白葡萄酒。

4 VERB 动词 **有...的味道** If food or drink **tastes** of something, it has that particular flavour, which you notice when you eat or drink it.

I drank a cup of tea that **tasted** of diesel...

我喝了杯有股柴油味的茶。

It **tastes** like chocolate...

它吃起来像巧克力。

The pizza **tastes** delicious without any cheese at all.

不加奶酪的比萨饼很好吃。

5 VERB 动词 **尝；品尝** If you **taste** some food or drink, you eat or drink a small amount of it in order to try its flavour, for example to see if you like it or not.

He finished his aperitif and **tasted** the wine the waiter had produced...

他喝完开胃酒，又尝了点侍者端来的葡萄酒。

Before proceeding any further, cut off a small bit of the meat and **taste** it.

在进行下一步之前，先切一小块肉尝尝。

6 VERB 动词 **尝出...的味道** If you can **taste** something that you are eating or drinking, you are aware of its flavour.

You can **taste** the chilli in the dish but it is a little sweet.

你可以尝出菜里面有辣椒，不过味道有点甜。

7 N-SING 单数名词 (短暂的)经历，体验，尝试 If you have a **taste** of a particular way of life or activity, you have a brief experience of it.

But having had a **taste** of the big time, he won't want to go back to playing in the reserves...

但是，有过一举成名的经历以后，他就不会再想回去当替补了。

This voyage was his first **taste** of freedom.

这次航行使他初次体验到了自由的滋味。

8 VERB 动词 (短暂地)经历，感受，尝试 If you **taste** something such as a way of life or a pleasure, you experience it for a short period of time.

Anyone who has **tasted** this life wants it to carry on for as long as possible.

任何过过这种日子的人都希望它持续得越久越好。

9 N-SING 单数名词 **喜欢；偏好** If you have a **taste** for something, you have a liking or preference for it.

She developed a **taste** for journeys to isolated hazardous regions in North America...

她喜欢上了到北美那些险象环生的偏远地区旅行。

That gave me a **taste** for reading.

那使我喜欢上了读书。

10 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **鉴赏力；品味** A person's **taste** is their choice in the things that they like or buy, for example their clothes, possessions, or music. If you say that someone has good **taste**, you mean that you approve of their choices. If you say that they have poor **taste**, you disapprove of their choices.

His **taste** in clothes is extremely good...

他在穿衣方面很有品味。

Oxford's social circle was far too liberal for her **taste**.

牛津的社交圈过于开放，不合她的胃口。

...a large family with different **tastes** and preferences...

兴趣爱好各不相同的大家庭

How could so many people have such bad **taste** in music?

音乐鉴赏力差的人怎么会有那么多？

11 PHRASE 短语 **格调庸俗的 格调高雅的；没品位的 高品位的；不合时宜的 得体的** If you say that something that is said or done is **in bad taste** or **in poor taste**, you mean that it is offensive, often because it concerns death or sex and is inappropriate for the situation. If you say that something is **in good taste**, you mean that it is not offensive and that it is appropriate for the situation.

He rejects the idea that his film is **in bad taste**...

他不接受那种认为他的电影格调不高的观点。

I do not feel your actions were either appropriate or done **in good taste**.

我认为你的行为既不妥当又不合时宜。

12 PHRASE 短语 (烹饪时)依各人口味，酌量 When a recipe tells you to add a particular spice or other flavouring **to taste**, it means that you can add as much of that ingredient as you like.

Add tomato paste, salt and pepper **to taste**.

酌量添加番茄酱、盐和胡椒粉。

tea ★★★★★

1 N-MASS 物质名词 **茶；茶水** Tea is a drink made by adding hot water to tea leaves or tea bags. Many people add milk to the drink and some add sugar.

...a cup of **tea**...

一杯茶

Would you like some **tea**?...

要喝茶吗？

Four or five men were drinking **tea** from flasks.

四五个男人在喝保温瓶里的茶水。

A cup of tea can be referred to as a **tea**. 一杯茶

Would anybody like a **tea** or coffee?

有没有人要来杯茶或者咖啡？

2 N-MASS 物质名词 (用某些植物的叶子或花泡的)茶 Drinks such as mint **tea** or chamomile **tea** are made by pouring hot water on the dried leaves of the particular plant or flower.

3 N-MASS 物质名词 **茶叶** The chopped dried leaves of the plant that tea is made from is referred to as **tea**.

...a packet of **tea**...

一包茶叶

America imports about 190 million pounds of **tea** a year...

美国每年进口大约 1.9 亿磅茶叶。

Earl Grey, Darjeeling and Jasmine are best-selling traditional **teas**.

伯爵茶、大吉岭茶和茉莉花茶是最畅销的几种传统茶叶。

4 N-VAR 可变名词 See also: [afternoon tea](#); [high tea](#); **下午茶；午后茶点** Tea is a meal some people eat in the late afternoon. It consists of food such as sandwiches and cakes, with tea to drink. →see usage note at: [meal](#)

I'm doing the sandwiches for **tea**...

我在做下午茶吃的三明治。

I took her to **tea** at the Ritz.

我带她去里茨饭店吃下午茶了。

5 N-VAR 可变名词 (傍晚时吃的)晚点，晚餐 Some people refer to the main meal that they eat in the early part of the evening as **tea**.

At five o'clock he comes back for his **tea**.

他 5 点钟回来吃晚餐。

6 PHRASE 短语 **不感兴趣的人；不合胃口的事物** If you say that someone or something is **not your cup of tea**, you mean that they are not the kind of person or thing that you like.

Politics was not his cup of **tea**...

他对政治不感兴趣。

I know I'm not everyone's cup of **tea**.

我知道自己不是人见人爱。

teach ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **教；教会** If you **teach** someone something, you give them instructions so that they know about it or how to do it.

The trainers have a programme to **teach** them

vocational skills...

培训师计划教他们一些职业技能。

George had taught him how to ride a horse...

乔治已经教会了他骑马。

She taught Julie to read...

她教朱莉识字。

The computer has simplified the difficult task of teaching reading to the deaf.

电脑简化了教聋人阅读这一艰巨的工作。

2 VERB 动词 教育；教导；使学会 To teach someone something means to make them think, feel, or act in a new or different way.

Their daughter's death had taught him humility...

他们女儿的死使他学会了谦逊。

He taught his followers that they could all be members of the kingdom of God...

他教导信徒们说，他们都可以升入天国。

Teach them to voice their feelings.

训练他们敢于表达自己的感受。

3 VERB 动词 教授；讲授；教书 If you teach or teach a subject, you help students to learn about it by explaining it or showing them how to do it, usually as a job at a school, college, or university.

Ingrid is currently teaching Mathematics at Shimla Public School...

英格丽德目前在希姆拉公立学校教数学。

The topic is not taught in degree courses...

学位课程不讲授这个课题。

She taught English to Japanese business people...

她教日本商人学英语。

She has taught for 34 years...

她已从教 34 年。

She taught children French.

她教孩子们学法语。

...this twelve month taught course.

这门为期 12 个月的课程

4 See also: [teaching](#) ; to teach someone a lesson→see: [lesson](#) ;

teacher ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [supply teacher](#) ; 教师；老师；教员 A teacher is a person who teaches, usually as a job at a school or similar institution.

I'm a teacher with 21 years' experience.

我是个有 21 年教龄的教师。

...her chemistry teacher.

她的化学老师

tear ★★★★★

[1. CRYING](#) 哭泣

[2. DAMAGING OR MOVING](#) 损坏或移动

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 眼泪；泪水；泪珠 Tears are the drops of salty liquid that come out of your eyes when you are crying.

Her eyes filled with tears...

她双眼噙满泪水。

I just broke down and wept with tears of joy...

我一下子禁不住喜极而泣。

I didn't shed a single tear.

我一滴眼泪也没掉。

2 N-PLURAL 复数名词 哭泣 You can use tears in expressions such as in tears, burst into tears, and close to tears to indicate that someone is crying or is almost crying.

He was in floods of tears on the phone...

他在电话里失声痛哭。

She burst into tears and ran from the kitchen...

她突然哭了，跑出了厨房。

She was conscious of being very near to tears.

她意识到自己快哭出来了。

3 See also: [crocodile tears](#) ; [sweat](#) ; [and tears](#) ; blood→see: [blood](#) ;

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 撕开；扯坏；扯破 If you tear paper, cloth, or another material, or if it tears, you pull it into two pieces or you pull it so that a hole appears in it.

She very nearly tore my overcoat...

她差点把我的大衣扯破了。

Mary Ann tore the edge off her napkin...

玛丽·安斯掉了餐巾的边儿。

He took a small notebook from his jacket pocket and tore out a page...

他上衣口袋里掏出小笔记本，撕下来一页。

Too fine a material may tear...

料子太薄容易撕破。

Nancy quickly tore open the envelope...

南希飞快撕开信封。

He noticed that fabric was tearing away from the plane's wing...

他注意到机翼在一块一块地断裂。

He went ashore leaving me to start repairing the torn sail.

他上岸去了，留下我修理被撕破的船帆。

Tear up means the same as **tear** . [tear up](#) 同 [tear](#)

She tore the letter up...

她撕开信。

Don't you dare tear up her ticket.

谅你也不敢撕她的票。

...a torn up photograph.

撕碎的照片

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (纸、布等的)破洞，窟窿 A tear in paper, cloth, or another material is a hole that has been made in it.

I peered through a tear in the van's curtains.

我通过篷车帘子的破洞窥视。

3 VERB 动词 撕裂，撕开，划破(皮肉) If something tears your flesh or skin, it cuts it badly.

Canine teeth are for piercing and killing prey, and tearing flesh...

犬齿用来咬穿、咬死猎物，还可以撕肉。

He had stumbled down and torn the skin from his knees.

他绊倒在地，膝盖上蹭破了皮。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)(肌肉、韧带)拉伤，撕裂 If you tear one of your muscles or ligaments, or if it tears, you injure it by accidentally moving it in the wrong way.

He tore a muscle in his right thigh...

他右大腿的一块肌肉拉伤了。

If the muscle is stretched again it could even tear.

这块肌肉要是再拉伸的话，甚至可能会撕裂。

...torn ligaments.

拉伤的韧带

5 VERB 动词 撕掉；扯去；拔掉 To tear something from somewhere means to remove it roughly and violently.

She tore the windscreen wipers from his car...

她猛地扯掉他车上的雨刷。

He tore down the girl's photograph, and crumpled it into a ball.

他一把扯下那女孩的照片，将它揉成一团。

6 VERB 动词 (人、动物)撕扯，撕咬 If a person or animal tears at something, they pull it violently and try to break it into pieces.

Female fans fought their way past bodyguards and tore at his clothes.

女粉丝冲破保安的阻拦，撕扯他的衣裳。

7 VERB 动词 (常指失控或危险地)奔，冲，闯 If you tear somewhere, you move there very quickly, often in an uncontrolled or dangerous way.

The door flew open and Miranda tore into the room...

门猛地开了，米兰达闯进房间。

Without looking to left or to right, he tore off down the road.

他也不朝两边看，就在路上开始狂奔。

8 V-PASSIVE 被动动词 使饱经创伤；使经受磨难 If you say that a place is torn by particular events, you mean that unpleasant events which cause suffering and division among people are happening there.

...a country that has been torn by civil war and foreign invasion since its independence.

自独立以来就饱受内战和外敌入侵之苦的国家

-torn

...the riot-torn areas of Los Angeles.

洛杉矶骚乱频发的地区

2 See also: [torn](#) ; [wear and tear to tear a strip off](#) ; →see: [strip](#) ;

to tear someone to pieces→see: [piece](#) ;

to tear someone to shreds→see: [shred](#) ;

相关词组：

[tear apart](#) [tear away](#) [tear down](#) [tear into](#) [tear off](#) [tear up](#)

technique ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 技巧；方法；工艺 A **technique** is a particular method of doing an activity, usually a method that involves practical skills.

...tests performed using a new **technique**.

用新技术进行的试验

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (艺术、体育等方面的) 技艺、技法、技能 **Technique** is skill and ability in an artistic, sporting, or other practical activity that you develop through training and practice.

He went off to the Amsterdam Academy to improve his **technique**.

他动身前往阿姆斯特丹学院去进修技艺。

technology ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 科技；工艺；技术 **Technology** refers to methods, systems, and devices which are the result of scientific knowledge being used for practical purposes.

Technology is changing fast...

科技日新月异。

They should be allowed to wait for cheaper technologies to be developed.

应该允许他们等到更廉价的技术被开发出来。

...nuclear weapons **technology**.

核武器技术

technologist

...the scientists and technologists that we will need for the future.

我们将来需要的科学家和技术专家

telephone ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 电话 The **telephone** is the electrical system of communication that you use to talk directly to someone else in a different place. You use the telephone by dialling a number on a piece of equipment and speaking into it.

They usually exchanged messages by **telephone**...

他们一般通过电话互通消息。

I dread to think what our **telephone** bill is going to be...

我不敢想象我们的电话费会有多少。

She was wanted on the **telephone**.

有人打电话找她。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 电话(机) A **telephone** is the piece of equipment that you use when you talk to someone by telephone.

He got up and answered the **telephone**...

他起身去接了电话。

The **telephone** in Rizzoli's room rang.

里佐利房间的电话响了。

3 VERB 动词 给...打电话；打电话给 If you **telephone** someone, you dial their telephone number and speak to them by telephone.

I felt so badly I had to **telephone** Owen to say I was sorry...

我心里实在难受，觉得必须给欧文打电话道个歉。

They usually **telephone** first to see if she is at home.

他们通常先打个电话，看看她在不在家。

4 PHRASE 短语 正在打电话 If you are **on the telephone**, you are speaking to someone by telephone.

Linda remained **on the telephone** to the police for three hours...

琳达在电话里和警察谈了3个小时。

We talked **on the telephone** for quite a while.

我们在电话里谈了好一阵子。

5 PHRASE 短语 装有电话 To be **on the telephone** means to have a telephone in your house or office which is connected to the rest of the telephone system.

She wasn't **on the telephone**...

她没装电话。

Are you **on the telephone** at home?

你家有没有电话？

television ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 电视(机) A **television** or **television set** is a piece of electrical equipment consisting of a box with a glass screen on it on which you can watch programmes with pictures and sounds.

She turned the **television** on and flicked around between news programmes.

她打开电视，来回换台看不同的新闻节目。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 电视 **Television** is the system of sending pictures and sounds by electrical signals over a distance so that people can receive them on a television in their home.

Toy manufacturers began promoting some of their products **on television**...

玩具制造商开始在电视上推销他们的一些产品。

Television is increasingly being transmitted by satellites.

越来越多的电视节目通过卫星进行转播。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 电视节目 **Television** refers to all the programmes that you can watch.

I don't have much time to watch very much **television**.

我没有太多时间可泡在电视上。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 电视广播业；电视行业 **Television** is the business or industry concerned with making programmes and broadcasting them on television.

British commercial **television** has been steadily losing its lead as the most advanced sector of the industry in Europe.

英国商业电视在逐步失去其作为欧洲电视广播业最先进部分的领先地位。

tend ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 往往会；经常就 If something **tends** to happen, it usually happens or it often happens.

A problem for manufacturers is that lighter cars **tend** to be noisy...

制造商们遇到的一个问题是，重量较轻的汽车往往噪音大。

In older age groups women predominate because men **tend** to die younger...

在老年群体里女性占大多数，因为男性通常不易高寿。

They **tend** to buy cheap processed foods like canned chicken and macaroni.

他们往往会买便宜的加工食品，像鸡肉罐头和通心粉之类的。

2 VERB 动词 倾向于，容易表现出(某种特性) If you **tend towards** a particular characteristic, you often display that characteristic.

Artistic and intellectual people **tend towards** left-wing views.

搞艺术的人和知识分子容易持“左倾”观点。

3 VERB 动词 个人认为；个人觉得 You can say that you **tend to** think something when you want to give your opinion, but do not want it to seem too forceful or definite.

I **tend to** think that members of parliament by and large do a good job.

我个人觉得，国会议员总体上工作还是不错的。

4 VERB 动词 护理；照料；照着 If you **tend** someone or something, you do what is necessary to keep them in a good condition or to improve their condition.

For years he **tended** her in her painful illness...

多年来她一直受到病魔的折磨，都是他在照料。

He **tends** the flower beds and evergreens that he has planted in the driveway.

他打理着他栽在车道两旁的花坛和常青树。

5 VERB 动词 照顾；照管；伺候 If you **tend to** someone or something, you pay attention to them and deal with their problems and needs.

In our culture, girls are brought up to **tend to** the needs of others...

在我们的文化里，女孩从小就学着照料别人。

She hurried away to pour more coffee and **tend** to the grill.

她匆忙走开，去添加咖啡和照看烤架。

tenth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第十 The **tenth** item in a series is the one that you count as number ten.

2 FRACTION 分数词 十分之一 A **tenth** is one of

in equal parts of something.

We received only two **tenths** of an inch of rain during the entire month of June.

整个6月，我们这里的降水量只有0.2英寸。

terrible ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **非常严重的；骇人的；糟糕的** A **terrible** experience or situation is very serious or very unpleasant.

Tens of thousands more suffered **terrible** injuries in the world's worst industrial disaster...
还有成千上万的人在那场全世界最严重的工业灾难中受了重伤。

I often have the most **terrible** nightmares...
我常做很吓人的噩梦。

Prison life, he told me, was **terrible**.

他告诉我，监狱生活很可怕。

terribly

My son has suffered **terribly**. He has lost his best friend.

我儿子遭受了巨大痛苦，他失去了最要好的朋友。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(感觉或看起来)病得很重的，心情很糟的** If you feel **terrible**, you feel extremely ill or unhappy. If you tell someone that they **look terrible**, you mean that they look as if they are extremely ill or unhappy.

He did feel **terrible** at the time but seems to be fine now...
他当时确实很难受，但现在似乎好了。

Are you all right? You look **terrible**. Are you sick?

你没事儿吧？你的脸色很难看，生病了吗？

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **质量极差的；很糟糕的** If something is **terrible**, it is very bad or of very poor quality.

She admits her French is **terrible**.

她承认自己的法语很蹩脚。

4 ADJ 形容词 **(用来加强语气)十足的，极度的，不折不扣的** You use **terrible** to emphasize the great extent or degree of something.

I was a **terrible** fool, you know. I remember that now...
你知道，我那时愚蠢至极。我至今还记得。

Her death is a **terrible** waste.

她死得太不值了。

terribly

I'm **terribly** sorry to bother you at this hour...
这个时候打扰您，我万分抱歉。

I suffered **terribly** when she died.

她死的时候，我伤心透了。

territory ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **领土；领地** Territory is land which is controlled by a particular country or ruler.

The government denies that any of its **territory** is under rebel control.

政府否认有领土被反叛分子所控制。

...Russian **territory**.

俄罗斯领土

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **属地，地区，托管地(指被别国控制的国家或地区)** A **territory** is a country or region that is controlled by another country.

They just want to return to their families in the occupied **territories**...

他们只是想回到在占领区的家人身边。

He toured some of the disputed **territories** now under UN control.

他去一些目前由联合国接管的争议地区巡视了一番。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(知识)领域；(经验)范围** You can use **territory** to refer to an area of knowledge or experience. **virgin territory** → see: [virgin](#) ;

Following the futuristic *The Handmaid's Tale*, Margaret Atwood's seventh novel, *Cat's Eye*, returns to more familiar **territory**...

写完了具有未来色彩的《女仆的故事》之后，玛格丽特·阿特伍德的第七部小说《猫眼》回归到了人们较熟悉的题材上。

Reading from a tedious technical brief for hours on end, he would stray into difficult **territory**.

连续看上几个小时枯燥的技术简报后，他会不自觉地沾起牛角尖来。

4 N-VAR 可变名词 **(动物的)领地，地盘** An animal's **territory** is an area which it regards as its own and which it defends when other animals try to enter it.

The **territory** of a cat only remains fixed for as long as the cat dominates the area.

猫的地盘只在它占据那个地方的时候是固定不变的。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(具有一定特点的)地带，地区** Territory is land with a particular character.

...mountainous **territory**.

多山地带

...a vast and uninhabited **territory**.

广阔的无人居住区

6 PHRASE 短语 **是难免的事；是必然的事** If you say that something **comes with the territory**, you mean that you accept it as a natural result of the situation you are in.

Doing human rights work is risky business. That **comes with the territory**...

做人权工作是要冒风险的。这是难免的。

You can't expect not to have a debate ; that's what **comes with the territory** in a democracy.

不要指望不会发生辩论，那在民主社会已成为必然。

theatre ★★★★★

in AM, use 美国英语用 theater

1 N-COUNT ; N-IN-NAMES 名称名词；名称名词 **剧场；戏院** A **theatre** is a building with a stage in it, on which plays, shows, and other performances take place.

If we went to the **theatre** it was a very big event...

我们要是去看场戏，那可是件大事。

I worked at the Grand Theatre.

我在大剧院上班。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **戏剧工作；舞台表演；戏剧创作** You can refer to work in the theatre such as acting or writing plays as **the theatre** .

You can move up to work in films and the **theatre**...

你可以转行从事影视戏剧业。

Very soon he took the first steps towards a career in the **theatre**.

不久他便开始涉足戏剧。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **演戏；戏剧表演** Theatre is entertainment that involves the performance of plays.

Companies across the country are beginning to show a healthy interest in **theatre** for children.

全国有多家公司都开始对儿童戏剧表现出极大的兴趣。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **电影院；剧院** A **theater** or a **movie theater** is a place where people go to watch films for entertainment.

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 cinema

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(医院的)手术室** In a hospital, a **theatre** is a special room where surgeons carry out medical operations.

She is back from **theatre** and her condition is comfortable.

她从手术室出来了，身体状况良好。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **战区；战场；冲突地区** A **theatre of war** or other conflict is the area or region in which the war or conflict is happening.

The Middle East has often been a **theatre of war**.

中东这一地区一直战乱频仍。

theory ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **理论；学说** A **theory** is a formal idea or set of ideas that is intended to explain something.

Marx produced a new **theory** about historical change based upon conflict between competing groups...

马克思创立了一种新理论，认为历史的演变是基于对立集团之间的冲突之上的。

Einstein formulated the Theory of Relativity in 1905.

爱因斯坦于1905年创立了相对论。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **观点；见解** If you have a **theory** about something, you have your own opinion about it which you cannot prove but which you think is true.

There was a **theory** that he wanted to marry her...

有人认为他想要她。

My **theory** about divorce is that it's not the split-up that damages children, it's how it is handled.

我对离婚的看法是，伤害孩子的不是婚姻的破裂，而是处理离婚的方式。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (实践科目、技能的)理论基础 The **theory** of a practical subject or skill is the set of rules and principles that form the basis of it.

He taught us music **theory**.

他教我们乐理。

...graduates who are well-trained in both the **theory** and practice of statistics.

在统计学理论和实践两方面都训练有素的毕业生

4 PHRASE 短语 从理论上说；照理说 You use **in theory** to say that although something is supposed to be true or to happen in the way stated, it may not in fact be true or happen in that way.

A school dental service exists in **theory**, but in practice, there are few dentists to work in them.

照理说，学校也有牙医诊所，可实际上，里面的牙医寥寥无几。

therefore ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 所以；因此；因而 You use **therefore** to introduce a logical result or conclusion.

Muscle cells need lots of fuel and **therefore** burn lots of calories...

肌肉细胞需要很多能量，所以会燃烧大量卡路里。

Nothing was to prevent him now from becoming the richest, and **therefore** the happiest, man in the world.

现在什么也阻挡不了他成为世上最富有因而也是最幸福的人。

thinking ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 思想；观点 The general ideas or opinions of a person or group can be referred to as their **thinking**.

There was undeniably a strong theoretical dimension to his **thinking**.

不可否认，他的思想很有理论深度。

...the direction of the ANC's **thinking** on the country's political future...

非国大对于本国政治前景的认识方向

The **thinking** of economic bureaucrats tends to lag behind changes in world conditions.

经济官员的思想往往跟不上世界局势的变化。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 思想；思维；思考 **Thinking** is the activity of using your brain by considering a problem or possibility or creating an idea.

This is a time of decisive action and quick **thinking**...

这个时候应该果断行动、快速反应。

After the pain of defeat passes, England have some **thinking** to do.

失败的痛苦过去以后，英国人应该认真反思一下。

3 ADJ 形容词 有头脑的；有见识的 If you describe someone as a **thinking** man or woman, you mean that they are intelligent and take an interest in important events and issues, and you approve of this.

Thinking people on both sides will applaud this book...

双方的有识之士都会称赞这本书。

A newspaper called him 'the **thinking** man's Tory'.

一家报纸称他为“有见识的保守党人”。

4 See also: [wishful thinking](#); to my way of thinking→see: [way](#);

third ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第三 The **third** item in a series is the one that you count as number three.

I sleep on the **third** floor...

我睡在三楼。

It was the **third** time one of his cars had gone up in flames...

这是他的车第三次起火。

He came **third** in the poll with 149 votes...

他在选举中获得 149 票，名列第三。

The attack was the **third** so far this year.

这是今年迄今为止的第三次袭击。

2 FRACTION 分数词 三分之一 A **third** is one of three equal parts of something.

A **third** of the cost went into technology and services...

有三分之一的支出投入了技术和服

Only one **third** get financial help from their fathers...

只有三分之一的人得到父亲的经济援助。

He divided their kingdom into **thirds**.

他把他们的王国分成了三个部分。

3 ADV 副词 第三(点) You say **third** when you want to make a third point or give a third reason for something.

First, interest rates may take longer to fall than is hoped. Second, in real terms, lending may fall.

Third, bad loans could wipe out much of any improvement.

首先，利率的下降可能没有希望的那样快；第二，实际贷款额可能会减少；第三，坏账很可能抵消大部分增长。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 三等学位(英国大学颁发的最低级荣誉学位) A **third** is the lowest honours degree that can be obtained from a British university.

thirteenth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第十三 The **thirteenth** item in a series is the one that you count as number thirteen.

thirtieth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 第三十 The **thirtieth** item in a series is the one that you count as number thirty.

threat ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 构成威胁的人(或事物)；祸根 A **threat** to a person or thing is a danger that something unpleasant might happen to them. A **threat** is also the cause of this danger.

Some couples see single women as a **threat** to their relationships...

有些夫妇把单身女人看成是对他们婚姻的威胁。

The Hurricane Center warns people not to take the **threat** of tropical storms lightly...

飓风中心警告人们，不要对热带风暴的危险掉以轻心。

All countries in the region had the right to protect themselves against external **threat**.

该地区的所有国家都有权保护本国免受外来威胁。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 威胁；恐吓 A **threat** is a statement by someone that they will do something unpleasant, especially if you do not do what they want.

He may be forced to carry out his **threat** to resign...

他也许会被迫把自己的辞职威胁付诸行动。

The priest remains in hiding after **threats** by former officials of the ousted dictatorship...

受到被驱逐下台的独裁政府官员的威胁后，那个牧师一直藏匿不出。

The last journalist to interview him received a death **threat**...

上次去采访他的记者受到了死亡恐吓。

3 PHRASE 短语 受到威胁 If a person or thing is **under threat**, there is a danger that something unpleasant might be done to them, or that they might cease to exist.

His position as leader will be **under threat** at a party congress due next month...

在定于下月举行的党代表大会上，他的领导地位将受到威胁。

She lives daily **under threat** of violence...

她每天都生活在暴力威胁之下。

Even the most security-conscious computer user is **under constant threat** from computer viruses.

即使是有强烈安全意识的计算机用户也时刻处于计算机病毒入侵的威胁下。

Britain's rarest breeding birds are **under threat** from fanatical and selfish egg collectors.

英国最珍贵的种鸟正因为那些狂热而自私的鸟蛋收集者而面临着威胁。

threaten ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 威胁；恐吓 If a person **threatens** to do something unpleasant to you, or if they **threaten** you, they say or imply that they will do something unpleasant to you, especially if you do not do what they want.

He said army officers had **threatened** to destroy the town...

他说陆军军官们曾威胁要摧毁那座小镇。

He tied her up and **threatened** her with a six-inch knife...

他把她捆起来，拿着一把6英寸长的刀子威胁她。

If you **threaten** me or use any force, I shall inform the police.

你要是威胁我或是动武，我就报警。

2 VERB 动词 **危害到；威胁到** If something or someone **threatens** a person or thing, they are likely to harm that person or thing.

The newcomers directly **threaten** the livelihood of the established workers...

新来的工人直接威胁到老工人的饭碗。

The unity of our society is **threatened** by troublesome and restless minorities...

我们社会的团结遭到了一小撮滋扰生事、不安分守己的群体的威胁。

30 percent of reptiles, birds, and fish are currently **threatened** with extinction.

目前，30%的爬行动物、鸟类和鱼类面临灭绝的危险。

3 VERB 动词 **(坏事)可能发生，将要发生** If something unpleasant **threatens to happen**, it seems likely to happen.

The fighting is **threatening** to turn into full-scale war...

这场战斗有可能会演变为全面的战争。

Plants must be covered with a leaf-mould or similarly protected if frost **threatens**.

如果霜冻来临，植物必须盖上腐叶土或用类似方法加以保护。

4 See also: [threatened](#); [threatening](#);

throughout ★★★★★

1 PREP 介词 **自始至终；从头到尾；贯穿** If you say that something happens **throughout** a particular period of time, you mean that it happens during the whole of that period.

The national tragedy of rival groups killing each other continued **throughout** 1990...

敌对派别相互残杀的国家悲剧1990年全年都在上演。

Movie music can be made memorable because its themes are repeated **throughout** the film.

电影音乐要想让人记住不难，因为它的主旋律贯穿影片始终。

...a single-minded devotion to racing which Gaye has shown **throughout** her career.

盖伊在她的职业生涯中对赛跑自始至终的全身心投入

Throughout is also an adverb.

The first song, 'Blue Moon', didn't go too badly except that everyone talked **throughout**.

第一首歌《蓝色的月亮》唱得并不太差，只是所有人从头到尾都在讲话。

2 PREP 介词 **遍及；遍布** If you say that something happens or exists **throughout** a place, you mean that it happens or exists in all parts of that place.

'Sight Savers', founded in 1950, now runs projects **throughout** Africa, the Caribbean and South East Asia...

创始于1950年的国际防盲及教育组织如今在非洲、加勒比海地区和东南亚各地都开展项目。

As we have tried to show **throughout** this book, companies that provide outstanding service don't do it by luck.

正如我们一直想在本书中努力表明的那样，提供优质服务的公司靠的不是运气。

Throughout is also an adverb.

The route is well signposted **throughout**...

这条路线全段都清楚地设有路标。

Throughout, the walls are white.

那些墙壁通体上下都是白的。

throw ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **扔；抛；投；掷** When you **throw** an object that you are holding, you move your hand or arm quickly and let go of the object, so that it moves through the air.

He spent hours **throwing** a tennis ball against a wall...

他好几个小时都对着一堵墙掷网球。

On one occasion, his father threw a radio at his mother...

他父亲曾有一次拎起收音机砸向他的母亲。

The crowd began **throwing** stones...

人群开始投掷石块。

Sophia jumps up and **throws** down her knitting...

索菲娅跳起身来，扔下正在织的毛衣。

He threw Brian a rope.

他扔给布赖恩一根绳子。

Throw is also a noun.

One of the judges thought it was a foul **throw**...

有个裁判认为投球犯规。

A **throw** of the dice allows a player to move himself forward.

掷一次骰子，玩家可相应向前移动。

throwing

He didn't really know very much about javelin **throwing**.

他其实并不太懂掷标枪。

2 VERB 动词 **急伸，猛动(身体或某部位)** If you **throw** your body or part of your body into a particular position or place, you move it there suddenly and with a lot of force.

She threw her arms around his shoulders...

她一把搂住他的肩膀。

She threatened to **throw** herself in front of a train...

她威胁要卧轨。

He set his skinny legs apart and threw back his shoulders.

他又开两条细腿，猛地挺起胸膛。

3 VERB 动词 **(随手)抛，丢，扔** If you **throw** something into a particular place or position, you put it there in a quick and careless way.

He struggled out of his bulky jacket and threw it on to the back seat...

他费劲脱下他那件笨重的夹克，随手把它扔在后座上。

Why not **throw** it all in the pot and see what happens?

为什么不把它全扔进罐子，看看会发生什么变化？

4 VERB 动词 **摔；撞；抛** To **throw** someone into a particular place or position means to force them roughly into that place or position.

He threw me to the ground and started to kick...

他把我摔倒在地，开始用脚踢。

The device exploded, **throwing** Mr Taylor from his car.

那个装置爆炸了，把泰勒先生从车里抛了出去。

5 VERB 动词 **把...投进(监狱)** If you say that someone is **thrown into** prison, you mean that they are put there by the authorities, especially if this seems unfair or cruel.

Those two should have been **thrown** in jail...

那两个人早就应该抓去坐牢。

Police should have the power to fine people who hamper rescue efforts. In fact I'd **throw** them into prison for a night.

警察应该有权对妨碍救援的人处以罚款。其实要是换了我，非关他们一宿不可。

6 VERB 动词 **(马)甩落，掀掉(骑手)** If a horse **throws** its rider, it makes him or her fall off, by suddenly jumping or moving violently.

The horse reared, **throwing** its rider and knocking down a youth standing beside it.

那匹马甩了个趔子，把骑手掀下马，还撞倒了旁边站着的一个小伙子。

7 VERB 动词 **使处境不利；使进展不顺** If a person or thing is **thrown into** an unpleasant situation or state, something causes them to be in that situation or state.

Abidjan was **thrown** into turmoil because of a protest by taxi drivers...

出租车司机的抗议使得阿比让陷入了混乱。

Economic recession had **thrown** millions out of work...

经济衰退导致数百万人失业。

The border dispute has threatened to **throw** next week's OPEC meeting in Geneva into confusion.

边境纠纷很可能会使下周将在日内瓦举行的石油输出国组织会议陷入混乱。

8 VERB 动词 **投下，洒下，抛下(光线或影子)** If something **throws** light or a shadow on a surface, it causes that surface to have light or a shadow on it.

The sunlight is white and blinding, **throwing** hard-edged shadows on the ground.

阳光明亮刺眼，在地上投下轮廓分明的影子。

9 VERB 动词 **把(怀疑)加(于)** If something **throws** doubt on a person or thing, it causes people to doubt or suspect them.

This new information does **throw** doubt on their choice...

这个新信息确实使人们对他们的选择产生了怀疑。

She did not attempt to **throw** any suspicion upon you.

她无意让大家怀疑你。

10 VERB 动词 **飞快(看)一眼；迅速(笑)一下** If you **throw** a look or smile at someone or something, you look or smile at them quickly and suddenly.

Emily turned and threw her a suggestive grin.

埃米莉转过头，冲她意味深长地一笑。

11 VERB 动词 **投入；投身(于)** If you **throw** yourself, your energy, or your money **into** a particular job or activity, you become involved in it very actively or enthusiastically.

She threw herself into a modelling career...

她投身于模特事业。

They threw all their military resources into the battle.

他们将全部军事资源都投入了那场战斗。

12 VERB 动词 **突然发怒；大发雷霆** If you **throw** a fit or a tantrum, you suddenly start to behave in an uncontrolled way.

I used to get very upset and scream and swear, **throwing** tantrums all over the place.

以前，我动不动就发脾气，大喊大叫，还骂人。

13 VERB 动词 **使吃惊；使迷惑不解** If something such as a remark or an experience **throws** you, it surprises you or confuses you because it is unexpected.

The professor rather threw me by asking if I went in for martial arts...

教授问我是否爱好武术，这个问题让我吃了一惊。

Obviously the puncture threw me a little, but I'm reasonably happy.

显然，轮胎扎破让我感到有些意外，不过我还是挺开心的。

Throw off means the same as **throw**. **throw off** 同 **throw**

I lost my first serve in the first set, it threw me off a bit.

我在第一局的第一个发球失误，使我有了一点乱了方寸。

14 VERB 动词 **打(一拳)** If you **throw** a punch, you punch someone.

Everything was fine until someone threw a punch.

开头还好好的，后来不知是谁动了拳头。

15 VERB 动词 **(通常在家里)进行，举办(聚会)** When someone **throws** a party, they organize one, usually in their own home.

Why not **throw** a party for your friends?

干吗不在家里为你的朋友们搞个聚会？

16 VERB 动词 **按，拨动(开关)** When someone **throws** a switch, they turn it on or off.

Prince Edward threw the switch to light the illuminations.

爱德华王子按动开关亮起彩灯。

17 VERB 动词 **故意输掉(比赛)** In sports, if a player **throws** a game or contest, they lose it as a result of a deliberate action or intention.

...offering him a bribe to **throw** the game.

向他行贿，叫他故意输掉比赛

18 N-COUNT 可数名词 **沙发套；床罩** A **throw** is a light rug, blanket, or cover for a sofa or bed.

19 PHRASE 短语 **单价；每个的价格** If things cost a particular amount of money **a throw**, they cost that amount each.

Most applications software for personal computers cost over \$500 **a throw**.

个人电脑使用的多数应用程序的单价为 500 多美元。

20 PHRASE 短语 **向...投怀送抱；向...献媚** If someone **throws** themselves **at** you, they make it very obvious that they want to begin a relationship with you, by behaving as though they are sexually attracted to you.

I'll say you started it, that you threw yourself at me.

我觉得是你主动向我投怀送抱。

21

to **throw the baby out with the bath water**→see: [baby](#) ;

to **throw the book at someone**→see: [book](#) ;

to **throw someone in at the deep end**→see: [end](#) ;

to **throw down the gauntlet**→see: [gauntlet](#) ;

to **throw up your hands**→see: [hand](#) ;

to **throw light on something**→see: [light](#) ;

to **throw in your lot with someone**→see: [lot](#) ;

to **throw money at something**→see: [money](#) ;

to **throw good money after bad**→see: [money](#) ;

to **throw a spanner in the works**→see: [spanner](#) ; a

stone's throw→see: [stone](#) ;

to **throw in the towel**→see: [towel](#) ;

to **throw your weight about**→see: [weight](#) ;

to **throw a wrench**→see: [wrench](#) ;

相关词组：

[throw around](#) [throw aside](#) [throw away](#) [throw back](#) [throw down](#) [throw in](#) [throw off](#) [throw out](#) [throw together](#) [throw up](#)

thus ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **所以；因此** You use **thus** to show that what you are about to mention is the result or consequence of something else that you have just mentioned.

Neither of them thought of turning on the lunch-time news. **Thus** Caroline didn't hear of John's death until Peter telephoned...

两个人谁也没有想到打开电视看午间新闻，所以直到彼得打来电话，卡罗琳才得知约翰的死讯。

Even in a highly skilled workforce some people will be more capable and **thus** better paid than others.

就算是在技术高度熟练的劳动者中，也会有人能力更强，因此，薪水也就更高。

...women's access to the basic means of production and **thus** to political power.

女性获得基本的生产资料，从而获得政治权力

2 ADV 副词 **就像这样；以这种方式** If you say that something is **thus** or happens **thus** you mean that it is, or happens, as you have just described or as you are just about to describe.

Joanna was pouring the drink. While she was **thus** engaged, Charles sat on one of the bar-stools...

乔安娜正在倒酒。就在地正忙的当儿，查尔斯坐在了一张酒吧凳子上。

Martin helped his father dig the water gardens out by hand. **Thus** he discovered his interest in gardening.

马丁亲手帮他父亲修建起了水景园，就这样对园艺产生了兴趣。

3 **thus far**→see: [far](#) ;

ticket ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(剧院、运动场、表演等的)入场券，门票，票** A **ticket** is a small, official piece of paper or card which shows that you have paid to enter a place such as a theatre or a sports ground, or shows that you have paid for a journey.

I queued for two hours to get a **ticket** to see the football game...

我排了两个小时的队，就是为了买张足球赛的票。

I love opera and last year I got **tickets** for Covent Garden...

我喜爱歌剧，去年我搞到几张科芬园皇家歌剧院的票。

Entrance is free, but by **ticket** only...

免费入场，但是要凭票进去。

He became a **ticket** collector at Waterloo Station.

他在滑铁卢车站当上了一名检票员。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(交通)罚款通知单，违章通知单** A **ticket** is an official piece of paper which orders you to pay a fine or to appear in court because you have committed a driving or parking offence.

I want to know at what point I break the speed limit and get a **ticket**.

我想知道我是在什么地方超速而受到处罚的。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **兑奖券；彩票** A **ticket** for a game of chance such as a raffle or a lottery is a piece of paper with a number on it. If the number on your ticket matches the number chosen, you win a prize.

She bought a lottery **ticket** and won more than \$33 million.

她买了张彩票，中了3,300多万美元。

4 N-SING 单数名词 **(竞选时所代表的)政党；(竞选时所支持的)纲领，政见** The particular **ticket** on which a person fights an election is the party they represent or the policies they support.

He first ran for president on a far-left ticket...

他第一次代表极左政党参加总统竞选。

She would want to fight the election on a ticket of parliamentary democracy...

她想以实施议会民主制为纲领去参加竞选。

It's a ticket that was designed to appeal to suburban and small town voters.

这一竞选政策意在吸引郊区和小城镇选民。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (政党、团体的)候选人名单 A ticket is the list of candidates who are representing a particular political party or group in an election.

He plans to remain on the Republican ticket for the November election.

他计划继续代表共和党参加 11 月份的选举。

6 PHRASE 短语 正是所需要的东西 If you say that something is just the ticket, you mean that it is exactly what is needed.

Young kids need all the energy and protein they can get and whole milk is just the ticket.

儿童需要摄入足量能量和蛋白质，而全脂牛奶正好能满足这一需求。

7 See also: [ticketing](#); [big-ticket](#); [dream ticket](#); [meal ticket](#); [parking ticket](#); [season ticket](#);

tie ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 系；扣；捆；将...打成结 If you tie two things together or tie them, you fasten them together with a knot.

He tied the ends of the plastic bag together...

他把塑料袋的两头系在了一起。

Mr Saunders tied her hands and feet.

桑德斯先生把她的手脚捆了起来。

2 VERB 动词 (用绳索)捆扎，固定，系牢 If you tie something or someone in a particular place or position, you put them there and fasten them using rope or string.

He had tied the dog to one of the trees near the canal...

他把狗拴在了沟旁的一棵树上。

He tied her hands behind her back.

他把她的双手绑在背后。

3 VERB 动词 用 (绳子或布)捆扎 If you tie a piece of string or cloth around something or tie something with a piece of string or cloth, you put the piece of string or cloth around it and fasten the ends together.

She tied her scarf over her head...

她把头巾围在头上。

Roll the meat and tie it with string...

把肉卷起来，用线捆扎牢。

Dad handed me a big box wrapped in gold foil and tied with a red ribbon.

爸爸递给我一个用金箔包装、外面扎了根红丝带的大盒子。

4 VERB 动词 打(结或蝴蝶结)；将...打成(结或蝴蝶结) If you tie a knot or bow in something or tie something in a knot or bow, you fasten the ends together.

He took a short length of rope and swiftly tied a slip knot...

他拿起一小截绳子，飞快地打了个活结。

She tied a knot in her scarf...

她把围巾打了个结。

She grabbed her hair in both hands and swept it back, tying it in a loose knot...

她用双手拢起头发，拢到脑后，挽成一个松松的结。

She wore a checked shirt tied in a knot above the navel.

她身穿一件格子衬衫，衣角在肚脐上方打了个结。

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 打结系牢；扣结实 When you tie something or when something ties, you close or fasten it using a bow or knot.

He pulled on his heavy suede shoes and tied the laces.

他穿上厚厚的软皮鞋，系上鞋带。

...a long white thing around his neck that tied in front in a floppy bow.

他的脖子上围着个长长的白色的东西，在前面松松地打了个蝴蝶结

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 领带；领结 A tie is a long narrow piece of cloth that is worn round the neck under a shirt collar and tied in a knot at the front. Ties are worn mainly by men.

Jason had taken off his jacket and loosened his tie.

贾森已经脱下夹克，松开了领带。

7 VERB 动词 (使)紧密相连；(使)关系密切 If one thing is tied to another or two things are tied, the two things have a close connection or link.

Their cancers are not so clearly tied to radiation exposure...

他们的癌症是否和接触放射线有关还不太清楚。

My social life and business life are closely tied.

我的社交生活和工作联系紧密。

8 VERB 动词 束缚；限制 If you are tied to a particular place or situation, you are forced to accept it and cannot change it.

They had children and were consequently tied to the school holidays...

他们有孩子，当然就受学校假期的束缚。

I wouldn't like to be tied to catching the last train home.

我不想非得赶最后一趟列车回家。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 联系；关系 Ties are the connections you have with people or a place.

Quebec has always had particularly close ties to France...

魁北克和法国一向关系特别紧密。

I can't find any tie between her and the town...

我一点也看不出她和那个小镇有什么联系。

Louise herself had family ties in Nimes.

路易丝本人在尼姆有亲戚。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 枕木；轨枕 Railroad ties are large heavy beams that support the rails of a railway track.

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 sleepers

11 V-RECIP 相互动词 得分相同；旗鼓相当 If two people tie in a competition or game or if they tie with each other, they have the same number of points or the same degree of success.

Both teams had tied on points and goal difference...

两支队伍得分和净胜球都相当。

Ronan Rafferty had tied with Frank Nobilo.

罗南·拉弗蒂和弗兰克·诺比洛打成了平局。

Tie is also a noun.
The first game ended in a tie.
第一局比赛双方战平。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 (体育比赛的)淘汰赛 In sport, a tie is a match that is part of a competition. The losers leave the competition and the winners go on to the next round.

They'll meet the winners of the first round tie.

他们将迎战第一轮淘汰赛中的胜者。

13 See also: [tied](#); [black tie](#); [bow tie](#); [old school tie](#); [your hands are tied](#); →see: [hand](#); to tie the knot→see: [knot](#); to tie yourself in knots→see: [knot](#);

相关词组：
[tie down](#) [tie in with](#) [tie up](#) [tie up with](#)

title ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 题目；标题；名称 The title of a book, play, film, or piece of music is its name.

'Patience and Sarah' was first published in 1969 under the title 'A Place for Us'.

《佩兴丝与萨拉》一书最初于1969年出版时以《属于我们的地方》为名。

2 VERB 动词 为...加上题目(或标题) When a writer, composer, or artist titles a work, they give it a title.

Pirandello titled his play 'Six Characters in Search of an Author'...

皮兰德娄把他的戏剧命名为《六个寻找作者的剧中人》。

The single is titled 'White Love'...

单曲名为《白色爱情》。

Their story is the subject of a new book titled 'The Golden Thirteen'.

一本题为《金色十三》的新书讲述了他们的故事。

-titled
This oddly-titled book is a beginner's guide to the bits that make up a PC.
这本名字古怪的书是学习个人计算机构造的入门指南。
...his aptly titled autobiography, Life is Meeting.
他取名贴切的自传《生活就是相遇》

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (书刊等的)一种, 一本

Publishers and booksellers often refer to books or magazines as **titles**.

It has become the biggest publisher of new poetry in Britain, with 50 new **titles** a year.

它成为英国最大的新诗出版商, 每年推出新书 50 种。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 头衔; 称谓 A person's **title** is a word such as 'Sir', 'Lord', or 'Lady' that is used in front of their name, or a phrase that is used instead of their name, and indicates that they have a high rank in society.

Her husband was also honoured with his **title** 'Sir Denis'...

她丈夫也被封为“丹尼斯爵士”。

Princess Alexandra was to inherit the **title** of Duchess of Fife...

亚历山德拉公主将会继承法夫女公爵的爵位。

He had no **title** and was not the heir to a great estate.

他没有爵位, 也不是巨额财产的继承人。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 称呼; 职称 Someone's **title** is a word such as 'Mr', 'Mrs', or 'Doctor', that is used before their own name in order to show their status or profession.

She has been awarded the **title** Professor.

她已被授予教授职称。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 职务名称 Someone's **title** is a name that describes their job or status in an organization.

He was given the **title** of deputy prime minister...

他被授予副总理之职。

'Could you tell me your official job **title**?' — 'It's Data Processing Manager.'

“能告诉我您的正式职务名称吗?”——“数据处理部经理。”

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 冠军 If a person or team wins a particular **title**, they win a sports competition that is held regularly. Usually a person keeps a title until someone else defeats them.

He became Jamaica's first Olympic gold medallist when he won the 400m **title** in 1948...

他 1948 年赢得 400 米冠军, 成为牙买加第一位奥运会金牌得主。

Gary Kasparov has retained his **title** as world chess champion.

加雷·卡斯帕罗夫卫冕了他国际象棋世界冠军的称号。

8 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (尤指土地或财产的)所有权 Title is the legal ownership of something, especially land or property.

He never had **title** to the property.

他从来就不具有这项财产的所有权。

tomorrow ★★★★★☆

1 ADV 副词 在明天; 在明日 You use **tomorrow** to refer to the day after today.

Bye, see you **tomorrow**...

再见, 明天见。

The first official results will be announced **tomorrow**.

第一批官方结果将于明天宣布。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **Tomorrow** is also a noun.

What's on your agenda for **tomorrow**?...

你明天的日程是怎么安排的?

Davies plays for the Barbarians in **tomorrow's** match against England...

戴维斯将在明天对阵英格兰队的比赛中为野人队效力。

Tomorrow is Christmas Day.

明天是圣诞节。

3 ADV 副词 在未来; (尤指)在不久的将来 You can refer to the future, especially the near future, as **tomorrow**.

What is education going to look like **tomorrow**?

未来的教育会是什么样子?

Tomorrow is also a noun.

... **tomorrow's** computer industry...

未来的计算机产业

Experiences in the past become a part of us, affecting our **tomorrows**.

过去的经历成为我们的一部分, 影响我们的未来。

tonight ★★★★★☆

1 ADV 副词 在今晚; 在今夜 **Tonight** is used to refer to the evening of today or the night that follows today.

I'm at home **tonight**...

我今晚在家。

Tonight, I think he proved to everybody what a great player he was...

我认为今晚他向所有人证明了他是个多么出色的选手。

There they will stay until 11 o'clock **tonight**.

他们今晚将一直在那里呆到 11 点钟。

Tonight is also a noun.

Tonight is the opening night of the opera.

今晚是这部歌剧的首演之夜。

... **tonight's** flight to London.

今晚去伦敦的航班

Tory ★★★★★☆

1 ADJ 形容词 (英国)托利党党员的, 保守党党员的

In Britain, a **Tory** politician or voter is a member of or votes for the Conservative Party.

...the former **Tory** Party chairman, Chris Patten.

托利党前主席彭定康

...the constituency with the largest **Tory** majority in the country.

该国托利党多数票的票数居首的选区

Tory is also a noun.

...the first female leader of the **Tories**.

托利党首任女领袖

touch ★★★★★☆

1 VERB 动词 触摸; 接触; 碰到 If you **touch** something, you put your hand onto it in order to feel it or to make contact with it.

Her tiny hands gently **touch**ed my face...

她的小手轻轻触摸我的脸庞。

Don't **touch** that dial...

不要碰那个刻度盘。

She reached down, **touching** her toes with opposite hands...

她弯腰向下, 左右手交叉触及脚趾。

The virus is not passed on through **touching** or shaking hands.

那种病毒不会通过接触或握手传染。

Touch is also a noun.

Sometimes even a light **touch** on the face is enough to trigger off this pain.

有时即便轻轻一碰脸部都足以引起这种疼痛。

2 V-RECIP-ERG (使)接触; (使)相碰 If two things are **touching**, or if one thing **touches** another, or if you **touch** two things, their surfaces come into contact with each other.

Their knees were **touching**...

他们的膝盖挨着。

A cyclist crashed when he **touch**ed wheels with another rider...

一个骑车人与另一辆自行车车轮相碰后摔倒在地。

If my arm **touch**es the wall, it has to be washed again...

如果我的胳膊碰到了墙, 就得再洗一次。

In some countries people stand close enough to **touch** elbows...

在某些国家人们站得很近, 足以挨到臂肘。

He **touch**ed the cow's side with his stick.

他用棍子碰了碰牛的肋部。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 触觉; 触感 Your sense of **touch** is your ability to tell what something is like when you feel it with your hands.

The evidence suggests that our sense of **touch** is programmed to diminish with age.

有证据表明, 我们的触觉会随着年龄的增长而减退。

...boys and girls who are blind and who want to be able to read and write by **touch**.

想通过触觉读写的失明的男孩和女孩

4 VERB 动词 轻击; 轻碰 To **touch** something means to strike it, usually quite gently.

He scored the first time he **touch**ed the ball...

他第一次触球就得分了。

As the aeroplane went down the runway the wing **touch**ed a pile of rubble.

飞机降落沿跑道滑行的时候机翼碰到了一堆碎石。

5 VERB 动词 (与否定词连用)处理, 照看, 照管 If

something **has not been touched**, nobody has dealt with it or taken care of it.

When John began to restore the house in the 1960s, nothing had been **touched** for 40 years.
约翰 20 世纪 60 年代开始整修那幢房子时，它已有 40 年都无人照管了。

6 VERB 动词 (与否定词连用, 尤用于受到指责时) 伤害, 攻击, 破坏 If you say that you did not **touch** someone or something, you are emphasizing that you did not attack, harm or destroy them, especially when you have been accused of doing so.

Pearce remained adamant, saying 'I didn't **touch** him'...

皮尔斯仍旧坚定不移地说：“我没有碰过他。”

I was in the garden. I never **touched** the sandwiches.

我那时在花园里。我根本没动三明治。

7 VERB 动词 (与否定词连用) 尝, 吃, 喝, 用 You say that you never **touch** something or that you have not **touched** something for a long time to emphasize that you never use it, or you have not used it for a long time.

He doesn't drink much and doesn't **touch** drugs...

他喝酒不多, 也不沾毒品。

His diet is vegetarian, and he hasn't **touched** meat for six years...

他吃素, 已经 6 年不知肉味了。

Jones hasn't **touched** a trumpet in 10 years.

琼斯有 10 年没吹小号了。

8 VERB 动词 谈及; 涉及 If you **touch on** a particular subject or problem, you mention it or write briefly about it.

The film **touches on** these issues, but only superficially...

这部电影涉及了这些问题, 但却流于表面。

She writes about women's idealisation of men, **touching** briefly on the topic of women's fantasy life.

她写女人心目中理想化的男人, 其中简单涉及了女人所幻想的生活的话题。

9 VERB 动词 (短时间地) 影响到 If something **touches** you, it affects you in some way for a short time.

...a guilt that in some sense **touches** everyone...

在某种意义上影响到每个人的负罪感

Nor had the benefits of the war years **touched** all sectors of the population.

战争年代的救济金也没有惠及所有的人。

10 VERB 动词 触动; 感动 If something that someone says or does **touches** you, it affects you emotionally, often because you see that they are suffering a lot or that they are being very kind.

It has **touched** me deeply to see how these people live...

看到这些人的生活境况, 我深受触动。

Her enthusiasm **touched** me.

她的热情打动了我。

touched

I was **touched** to find that he regards me as engaging...

他认为我很迷人, 这真令我感动。

He was **touched** that we came.

我们能来让他很感动。

11 VERB 动词 具有...特性 If something is **touched with** a particular quality, it has a certain amount of that quality.

His crinkly hair was **touched with** grey...

他卷曲的头发有些花白。

The boy was **touched with** genius.

那个男孩透着点天分。

12 VERB 动词 比得上; 及得过 If you say about someone that nobody can **touch** him or her for a particular thing, you mean that he or she is much better at it than anyone else.

No one can **touch** these girls for professionalism.

就职业素养来说, 没人能比得上这些姑娘。

13 VERB 动词 达到 To **touch** a particular level, amount, or score, especially a high one, means to reach it.

By the third lap Kinkead had **touched** 289 m.p.h.

到第三圈时, 金基德的车速达到了每小时 289 英里。

The winds had **touched** storm-force the day before.

风力前一天就已达到了狂风级。

14 VERB 动词 向(某人)要(钱) If you **touch** someone for money, you ask them to give it to you.

Now is the time to **touch** him for a loan.

现在是向他借笔钱的时候了。

15 N-COUNT 可数名词 润色; 装点; 修饰 A **touch** is a detail which is added to something to improve it.

They called the event 'a tribute to heroes', which was a nice **touch**...

他们把这一活动称为“向英雄致敬”, 这可是加分之举。

Small **touches** to a room such as flowers can be what gives a house its vitality.

房间里放些诸如鲜花之类的小点缀可以给家里带来生气。

16 N-SING 单数名词 风格; 手法; 特有方式 If someone has a particular kind of **touch**, they have a particular way of doing something.

The dishes he produces all have a personal **touch**...

他做的菜全都带有其个人风格。

The striker was unable to find his scoring **touch**.

那个前锋找不到进球的感觉。

17 QUANT 数量词 一点; 些许 A **touch of** something is a very small amount of it.

She thought she just had a **touch of** flu...

她认为自己仅仅有点感冒。

At university he wrote a bit, did a **touch of** acting, and indulged in internal college politics.

在大学期间他写过一点东西, 小试过表演, 并迷恋于校内政治活动。

18 PHRASE 短语 稍许; 略微 You can use a **touch** to mean slightly or to a small extent, especially in order to make something you say seem less extreme. For example, if you say that something is a **touch** expensive, you might really think that it is very expensive.

We were all a **touch** uneasy, I think...

我想我们都稍有点不自在。

I found it a **touch** distasteful.

我觉得这略有点让人反感。

19 See also: [touching](#) ;

20 PHRASE 短语 一按; 一摁 You use **at the touch of** in expressions such as **at the touch of a button** and **at the touch of a key** to indicate that something is possible by simply touching a switch or one of the keys of a keyboard.

Staff will be able to trace calls at the **touch of** a button.

工作人员一摁按钮便可以追踪电话。

...seats that flip out at the **touch of** a lever.

一按控制杆就会翻开的座位

21 PHRASE 短语 平易近人的品质 If you say that someone has **the common touch**, you mean that they have the natural ability to have a good relationship with ordinary people and be popular with them.

Unlike many senior judges, he has consistently shown that he has the **common touch**.

与很多高级法官不同, 他一贯表现得平易近人。

22 PHRASE 短语 (与...)联络; (与...)联系 If you get **in touch with** someone, you contact them by writing to them or telephoning them. If you are, keep, or stay **in touch with** them, you write, phone, or visit each other regularly.

I will get **in touch** with solicitors about this...

我会就此事与律师联系。

The organisation would be **in touch** with him tomorrow...

该组织明天就会和他联络。

My parents were constantly **in touch**.

我的父母一直都保持着联系。

23 PHRASE 短语 了解最新情况(或信息)/不了解最新情况(或信息) If you are **in touch with** a subject or situation, or if someone keeps you **in touch with** it, you know the latest news or information about it. If you are **out of touch with** it, you do not know the latest news or information about it.

You'll also be kept **in touch** with local Oxfam events.

您还将随时获得乐施会在当地的最新活动信息。

...keeping the unemployed **in touch** with the labour market...

使失业者即时了解劳动力市场的最新动态

Mr Cavazos' problem was that he was out of touch.

卡瓦佐斯先生的问题是他不了解最新形势。

24 PHR-RECIP 相互短语 (与...失去联络; (与...失去联系) If you lose touch with someone, you gradually stop writing, telephoning, or visiting them.

In my job one tends to lose touch with friends...

干我这行, 往往会与朋友失去联系。

We lost touch after that.

我们自那以后就失去了联络。

25 PHRASE 短语 不再了解最新情况(或信息) If you lose touch with something, you no longer have the latest news or information about it.

Their leaders have lost touch with what is happening in the country.

他们的领导人不再了解该国正发生的一切。

26 PHRASE 短语 不确定的事态; 无法预言的事 If you say that something is touch and go, you mean that you are uncertain whether it will happen or succeed.

It was touch and go whether we'd go bankrupt.

我们是否会破产还很难说。

27 PHRASE 短语 容易借钱给人的人; 好说话的人 If you say that someone is a soft touch or an easy touch, you mean that they can easily be persuaded to lend you money or to do things for you.

Mr Wilson is no soft touch...

威尔逊先生绝不会轻易借钱给别人。

Pamela was an easy touch when she needed some cash.

她缺钱花的时候, 帕梅拉总是有求必应。

28 would not touch someone or something with a barge pole→see: [barge pole](#); the finishing touch→see: [finish](#); touch wood→see: [wood](#);

相关词组:

[touch down](#) [touch off](#)

tough ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 坚强的; 吃苦耐劳的; 坚韧不拔的 A tough person is strong and determined, and can tolerate difficulty or suffering.

He built up a reputation as a tough businessman...

他树立了铁面生意人的名声。

She is tough and ambitious.

她坚韧顽强, 满怀抱负。

toughness

Mrs Potter has won a reputation for toughness and determination on her way to the top.

波特夫人在奋斗到上层的过程中赢得了坚韧和果敢的声誉。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 粗野的; 粗暴的 If you describe someone as tough, you mean that they are rough and violent.

He had shot three people dead earning himself a reputation as a tough guy.

他因枪杀三人得到了暴徒的恶名。

A tough is a tough person. 粗野的人; 暴徒; 恶棍

Three burly toughs elbowed their way to the front.

三个膀粗腰圆的恶汉挤到了前面。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 治安很差的; 充满犯罪与暴力的 A tough place or area is considered to have a lot of crime and violence.

She doesn't seem cut out for this tough neighbourhood...

她似乎不适合在这个治安恶劣的社区生活。

Arthur grew up in a tough city.

阿瑟在一个到处是暴力与犯罪的城市长大。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 艰难的; 困苦; 难熬的 A tough way of life or period of time is difficult or full of suffering.

She had a pretty tough childhood...

她的童年非常不幸。

It's been a tough day...

这是难熬的一天。

He was having a really tough time at work.

他当时工作上困难重重。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 棘手的; 难办的; 难解决的 A tough task or problem is difficult to do or solve.

It was a very tough decision but we feel we made the right one...

这是个困难的决定, 但是我们认为我们做出了正确的选择。

Whoever wins the election is going to have a tough job getting the economy back on its feet...

不管是谁赢得选举都将面对复苏经济的棘手任务。

It may be tough to raise cash...

筹措现金可能不好办。

Change is often tough to deal with.

变化总是很难应对。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (政策或行动) 强硬的, 严厉的 Tough policies or actions are strict and firm.

He is known for taking a tough line on security...

他因在安全问题上采取强硬路线而闻名。

He announced tough measures to limit the money supply.

他公布了限制货币供应的严厉措施。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 坚固的; 坚韧的; 牢固的 A tough substance is strong, and difficult to break, cut, or tear.

In industry, diamond can form a tough, non-corrosive coating for tools.

在工业上, 金刚石可以用作工具表面坚固、耐腐蚀的覆盖层。

...dark brown beans with a rather tough outer skin.

有着相当坚韧外壳的深棕色豆类

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (肉) 非常老的, 切不下的, 嚼不动的 Tough meat is difficult to cut and chew.

The steak was tough and the peas were like bullets.

牛排老得嚼不动, 豌豆像子弹一样硬。

9 PHRASE 短语 不泄气; 坚持不懈 If someone who is trying to achieve something hangs tough, they remain determined and do not give up, even when there are difficulties or problems.

The White House is hanging tough for a good agreement to be reached.

白宫为达成一项有利协议寸步不让。

10 a tough row to hoe→see: [hoe](#); a tough nut→see: [nut](#);

相关词组:

[tough out](#)

tour ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 巡回访问; 巡回演出; 巡回比赛 A tour is an organized trip that people such as musicians, politicians, or theatre companies go on to several different places, stopping to meet people or perform.

The band are currently on a two-month tour of Europe...

乐队目前正在欧洲进行为期两个月的巡回演出。

It will be the first official cricket tour of South Africa for 22 years.

这将是 22 年来南非首次正式的板球巡回赛。

...a presidential campaign tour in Illinois.

在伊利诺伊州的总统竞选巡回活动

When people are travelling on a tour, you can say that they are on tour. 在巡回活动(或演出、比赛)中

The band will be going on tour...

乐队将进行巡回演出。

The Royal Opera is on tour...

皇家歌剧院正在巡回演出。

There were mixed fortunes for French rugby teams on tour.

参加巡回比赛的法国橄榄球队成绩有喜有悲。

2 VERB 动词 作巡回活动(或演出、比赛) When people such as musicians, politicians, or theatre companies tour, they go on a tour, for example in order to perform or to meet people.

A few years ago they toured the country in a roadshow...

几年前他们在全国作了巡回演出。

He toured for nearly two years and played 500 sell-out shows...

他巡回演出了近两年, 500场演出场场爆满。

Dean Jones is with the Australian touring team

in Sri Lanka.

迪安·琼斯正随澳大利亚巡回赛队在斯里兰卡。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **旅行；游历；观光** A **tour** is a journey during which you visit several places that interest you.

It was week five of my **tour** of the major cities of Europe.

那是我欧洲主要城市游历的第 5 周。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (短时间的) **游览，参观，观光** A **tour** is a short trip that you make round a place, for example round a historical building, so that you can look at it.

...a guided **tour** of a ruined Scottish castle.

由导游带领游览苏格兰荒废城堡

5 VERB 动词 **在...旅行；游历；游览；参观** If you **tour** a place, you go on a journey or trip round it.

You can also **tour** the site on modern coaches equipped with videos...

您也可以乘坐配有视频设备的现代化长途汽车游览那处遗址。

We **tour**ed the streets of Milan.

我们游览了米兰的街道。

track ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **小道；小径** A **track** is a narrow road or path.

We set off once more, over a rough mountain **track**.

我们沿着一条崎岖的山间小路再度出发。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **跑道；赛道** A **track** is a piece of ground, often oval-shaped, that is used for races involving athletes, cars, bicycles, horses, or dogs called greyhounds.

The two men turned to watch the horses going round the **track**.

那两个男人转身观看赛马沿赛道而行。

...the athletics **track**.

田径跑道

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **铁轨；轨道** Railway **tracks** are the rails that a train travels along.

A woman fell on to the **tracks**.

一名女子摔倒在铁轨上。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (CD、唱片或磁带上的一首) **歌曲，乐曲** A **track** is one of the songs or pieces of music on a CD, record, or tape.

Graeme Naysmith has produced two of the ten **tracks** on this album.

格雷姆·内史密斯创作了这张专辑十首歌中的两首。

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **足迹；踪迹** **Tracks** are marks left in the ground by the feet of animals or people.

The only evidence of pandas was their **tracks** in the snow...

熊猫活动的唯一迹象是它们留在雪地上的足迹。

McKee suddenly noticed tire **tracks** on the bank ahead.

麦基突然注意到前方岸边的轮胎痕迹。

6 VERB 动词 **跟踪；追踪** If you **track** animals or people, you try to follow them by looking for the signs that they have left behind, for example the marks left by their feet.

He thought he had better **track** this wolf and kill it...

他认为最好跟踪这只狼，杀了它。

I followed him, **tracking** him in the snow until finally he got tired.

我跟着他，在雪地里追踪他，直到他最终体力不支。

7 VERB 动词 (以卫星、雷达等) **追踪...的动向** To **track** someone or something means to follow their movements by means of a special device, such as a satellite or radar.

Our radar began **tracking** the jets...

我们的雷达开始追踪喷气式飞机的动向。

Forecasters are also **tracking** hurricane Josephine.

气象预报员也在追踪飓风“约瑟芬”的动向。

8 VERB 动词 **追踪调查；探究** If you **track** someone or something, you investigate them, because you are interested in finding out more about them.

If it's possible, **track** the rumour back to its origin...

如果可能，应追查谣言的源头。

The player is being **tracked** by Juventus.

该选手正为尤文图斯队所追踪关注。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 (同等年龄、能力的孩子组成的) **班级，班组** In a school, a **track** is a group of children of the same age and ability who are taught together.

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 stream

10 VERB 动词 **把(学生)按能力分班(或组)** To **track** students means to divide them into groups according to their ability.

Students are already being **tracked**.

学生已经按能力分班了。

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 stream

tracking

Tracking assigns some students to college prep and others to vocational programs.

按照能力，一些学生被分到大学预科班，另一些则被分到职业培训班。

11 See also: [backtrack](#) ; [fast track](#) ; [racetrack](#) ; [sidetrack](#) ; [soundtrack](#) ; [title track](#) ;

12 PHRASE 短语 **掩盖行踪；隐匿身份(或活动)** If someone **covers their tracks**, they hide or destroy evidence of their identity or their actions, because they want to keep them secret.

He covered his **tracks**, burnt letters and diaries...

他掩盖形迹，烧毁了信件与日记。

The killer may have returned to the scene of the crime to cover his **tracks**.

凶手可能曾回到犯罪现场掩盖自己的罪行。

13 PHRASE 短语 **占优势；处于有利地位；了解内情** If you say that someone **has the inside track**, you mean that they have an advantage, for example special knowledge about something.

Denver has the **inside track** among 10 sites being considered...

丹佛在 10 个被考虑的地点之中具有优势。

As an agent, you may have an **inside track** when good deals become available.

作为代理人，一旦有划算的买卖你恐怕能近水楼台先得月。

14 PHRASE 短语 **跟上...的进展；掌握...的最新消息** If you **keep track of** a situation or a person, you make sure that you have the newest and most accurate information about them all the time.

With eleven thousand employees, it's very difficult to **keep track of** them all...

对于一支 1.1 万人的员工队伍，很难及时了解所有人的动态。

It's hard to **keep track of** time in here.

在这里很容易忘了时间。

15 PHRASE 短语 **跟不上...的进展；不再掌握...的最新情况** If you **lose track of** someone or something, you no longer know where they are or what is happening.

You become so deeply absorbed in an activity that you **lose track of** time...

你会因过于专注某项活动而失去时间概念。

It's so easy to **lose track of** who's playing who and when.

很容易就忘记谁要和谁比赛，什么时候比。

16 PHRASE 短语 **(匆匆)离开** If you **make tracks**, you leave the place where you are, especially when you are in a hurry.

We'd better **make tracks** soon, hadn't we?

我们最好马上就走，不是吗？

17 PHRASE 短语 **在正确的轨道上** If someone or something is **on track**, they are acting or progressing in a way that is likely to result in success.

It may take some time to get the British economy back **on track**...

要使英国经济重新回到正轨可能需要一段时间。

David put me back **on track**...

戴维让我重新回到了正轨。

He believes the talks are still **on track**.

他相信会谈仍在朝正确的方向发展。

18 PHRASE 短语 **追踪；追查；探究** If you are **on the track of** someone or something, you are trying to find them, or find information about them.

He was **on the track of** an escaped criminal...

他正在追踪一名逃犯。

The research institute is **on the track of** what causes the artery damage.

研究所正在探究动脉损伤的诱因。

19 PHRASE 短语 **循着正确/错误的路线；在正确/错**

的道路上 If you are on the **right track**, you are acting or progressing in a way that is likely to result in success. If you are **on the wrong track**, you are acting or progressing in a way that is likely to result in failure.

Guests are returning in increasing numbers — a sure sign that we are on the **right track**...

回头客越来越多了——这显然表明我们的路走对了。

We need a convincing win to put us back on the **right track**...

我们需要一场令人信服的大胜，以重回正轨。

We thought we were on the **wrong track** when we heard their description of you...

听到他们对你的描述，我们以为自己走错了道。

The country was headed on the **wrong track**, economically.

该国在经济上走错了路线。

20 PHRASE 短语 (使)突然止步，突然停下 If someone or something **stops you in your tracks**, or if you **stop dead in your tracks**, you suddenly stop moving because you are very surprised, impressed, or frightened.

This magnificent church cannot fail to **stop you in your tracks**...

这座宏伟的教堂一定会让你止步赞叹。

They **stopped in their tracks** and stared at him in amazement...

他们突然停下，惊讶地盯着他。

The thought almost **stopped me dead in my tracks**.

这个想法几乎让我一下子停步。

21 PHRASE 短语 (使)立即停止，立即中断 If someone or something **stops a process or activity in its tracks**, or if it **stops dead in its tracks**, they prevent the process or activity from continuing.

Francis felt he would like to **stop this conversation in its tracks**...

弗朗西斯觉得他应该立即打断这一谈话。

U.S. manufacturers may find the export boom **stopping dead in its tracks**.

美国制造商将会发现出口热戛然而止。

22 off the beaten track → see: [beaten](#) ;

相关词组：
[track down](#)

traditional ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 传统的；习俗的；惯例的 Traditional customs, beliefs, or methods are ones that have existed for a long time without changing.

...**traditional** teaching methods.

传统教学方法

...**traditional** Indian music.

传统印度音乐

traditionally
Married women have **traditionally** been treated as dependent on their husbands...
传统观念认为已婚妇女依附于其丈夫。
Hell is **traditionally** associated with suffering...
地狱历来与受苦联系在一起。
Traditionally, election campaigns start on Labor Day.
根据惯例，竞选活动从劳动节开始。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 因袭的；守旧的 A **traditional** organization or person prefers older methods and ideas to modern ones.

We're still a **traditional** school in a lot of ways.

我们在很多方面仍是一所旧式学校。

...**traditional** parents, who believed in laying down the law for their children.

信奉需要对子女严立规矩的老派父母

traditionally
He is loathed by some of the more **traditionally** minded officers.
他为某些思想较守旧的官员所憎恶。

train ★★★★★

1 NOUN USES 名词用法

2 VERB USES 动词用法

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 火车；列车 A **train** is a number of carriages, cars, or trucks which are all connected together and which are pulled by an engine along a railway. Trains carry people and goods from one place to another.

The **train** pulled into a station...

列车驶入了一个车站。

We can catch the early morning **train**...

我们能赶上凌晨的火车。

He arrived in Shenyang by **train** yesterday.

他昨天乘火车到达沈阳。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (缓慢行进中的)行列，队列 A **train** of vehicles, people, or animals is a long line of them travelling slowly in the same direction.

In the old days this used to be done with a **baggage train** of camels.

在过去，这往往由一队驮载行李的骆驼完成。

...a long **train** of oil tankers.

一长队油轮

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (想法、事件等的)(一)连串，(一)系列 A **train** of thought or a **train** of events is a connected sequence, in which each thought or event seems to occur naturally or logically as a result of the previous one.

He lost his **train** of thought for a moment, then recovered it...

他一时思维短路，然后又重新想了起来。

Giles set in motion a **train** of events which would culminate in tragedy.

贾尔斯触发了随后的一系列事件，这些事件最终将以悲剧收场。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 裙裾；拖裾 The **train** of a woman's formal dress or wedding dress is the long part at the back of it which flows along the floor behind her.

5 PHRASE 短语 在进行中 If a process or event is **in train** or has been set **in train**, it is happening or starting to happen.

In a moment the ceremony was **in train**...

仪式马上就要开始了。

He praised the economic reforms set **in train** by the government.

他称赞政府启动的经济改革。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 in motion

6 PHRASE 短语 (问题、困难等)随之而来 If something brings problems or difficulties **in its train**, the problems or difficulties occur as a natural or logical result of it.

The cars have brought **in their train** a host of other problems.

汽车随之带来其他一大堆问题。

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (受)训练；(被)培训 If someone **trains you to do something**, they teach you the skills that you need in order to do it. If you **train to do something**, you learn the skills that you need in order to do it.

The US was ready to **train** its troops to participate...

美国准备训练军队参加。

Stavros was **training** to be a priest...

斯塔夫罗斯正受训成为一名牧师。

Psychiatrists initially **train** as doctors...

精神病医生首先是作为医生接受培训的。

We don't **train** them only in bricklaying, but also in other building techniques...

我们不仅仅训练他们砌砖，而且教给他们其他建造技术。

Companies tend to favour the lawyer who has **trained** with a good quality City firm...

各公司往往偏爱那些在伦敦金融城的大律师事务所受过培训的律师。

I'm a **trained** nurse...

我是一名受过专业训练的护士。

Our workforce is highly **trained** and competitive.

我们的员工队伍训练有素，竞争意识强。

-trained
Mr. Koutab is an American-**trained** lawyer.
库塔布先生是在美国受过专业培训的律师。
...French-**trained** Indian troops.
法国人训练的印度军队

trainer
...a book for both teachers and teacher **trainers**.
一本同时面向教师及教师培训者的书

2 VERB 动词 **锻炼, 培养(某素质或能力)** To **train** a natural quality or talent that someone has, for example their voice or musical ability, means to help them to develop it.

I see my degree as something which will **train** my mind and improve my chances of getting a job...

我把学位视为可以锻炼心智、增加就业机会的东西。

Some children come to school with more finely **trained** perceptual skills than others.

一些孩子在入学时比其他孩子受过更好的感知技能培养。

3 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(为体育活动)(使)进行训练(或锻炼)** If you **train for** a physical activity such as a race or if someone **trains you for** it, you prepare for it by doing particular physical exercises.

Strachan is **training for** the new season...

斯特罗恩正为新的赛季进行训练。

He has spent a year **training crews** for next month's round the world race.

他已花了一年时间为下个月的环球比赛训练队伍。

trainer

She went to the gym with her **trainer**.

她和她的教练一起去了健身房。

4 VERB 动词 **训练(兽或鸟)** If an animal or bird is **trained to do** particular things, it is taught to do them, for example in order to be able to work for someone or to be a good pet.

Sniffer dogs could be **trained to track** them down.

可以训练嗅探犬追捕他们。

...a man who **trained** hundreds of dogs...

训练过数百只狗的人

She had brought her **trained sheepdog** to help in the rescue.

她带来了经过训练的牧羊犬帮助营救。

trainer

The horse made a winning start for his new **trainer**.

这匹马为它的新驯马师开了个好头。

5 VERB 动词 **把...对准(或瞄准)** If you **train** something such as a gun, a camera, or a light **on** a person or thing, you aim it at them and keep it towards them.

She **trained** her binoculars on the horizon...

她将双筒望远镜对准地平线。

Police cameras had been specifically **trained on** that area.

警方摄像头已特别对准那一区域。

6 VERB 动词 **(经整枝)使(植物)朝特定方向生长** If you **train** a tree, bush, or plant in a particular direction, you tie it and cut it so that it grows in that direction.

Instead of **training** the shoots up the fence, lay them flat in both directions alongside it...

不要让嫩枝爬上篱笆, 要令其沿着篱笆伏地向两边长。

You could even put a trellis on your walls and **train** plants to grow up it.

你甚至可以在墙上搭置棚架, 让植物攀缘其上。

7 See also: [training](#) ;

相关词组 :

[train up](#)

transfer ★★★★★

The verb is pronounced /træns'fɜ:/ . The noun is pronounced /trænsfɜ:/ . 动词读作 /træns'fɜ:/ . 名词读作 /trænsfɜ:/ .

1 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)转移 ; (使)迁移** If you **transfer** something or someone **from** one place to another, or they **transfer from** one place to another, they go from the first place to the second.

Remove the wafers with a spoon and **transfer** them to a plate...

用勺子抄起薄饼, 把它们转盛到盘子里。

He was **transferred** from Weston Hospital to Frenchay...

他从韦斯顿医院转院到了法兰查。

He wants to **transfer** some money to the account of his daughter...

他想把一些钱转到女儿的账户上。

The person can **transfer** from wheelchair to seat with relative ease.

那个人可以比较轻松地从轮椅上移到座位上。

Transfer is also a noun.

Arrange for the **transfer** of medical records to your new doctor...

安排一下把病历转给你的新医生的事宜。

The bank reserves the right to reverse any **transfers** or payments.

银行保留撤销任何转账或支付操作的权利。

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)转移, 传播, 移交** If something is **transferred**, or **transfers** ,**from** one person or group of people to another, the second person or group gets it instead of the first.

I realized she'd **transferred** all her love from me to you...

我意识到她已把所有的爱从我身上转移到了你身上。

The chances of the disease being **transferred** to humans is extremely remote...

该疾病传播到人类身上的几率微乎其微。

On 1 December the presidency of the Security Council automatically **transfers** from the US to Yemen.

12月1日, 联合国安全理事会的轮值主席国职位自动地由美国移交给也门。

Transfer is also a noun.

...the **transfer** of power from the old to the new regimes.

新旧政权的权力移交

3 N-VAR 可变名词 **(技术)转让** Technology **transfer** is the process or act by which a country or organization which has developed new technology enables another country or organization to use the technology.

The Philippines needs capital and technology **transfer**...

菲律宾需要资本与技术转让。

There will be a **transfer** of technology from this country to Mongolia.

这个国家将会向蒙古国进行技术转让。

4 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)(运动员)转会** In professional sports, if a player **transfers** or is **transferred** from one club to another, they leave one club and begin playing for another.

...Nick Barnby who **transferred** from Spurs to Middlesbrough...

从热刺队转会到米德尔斯伯勒队的尼克·巴尔姆比

He was **transferred** from Crystal Palace to Arsenal for £2.5 million.

他以250万英镑的身价从水晶宫队转入阿森纳队。

Transfer is also a noun.

...Gascoigne's **transfer** to the Italian club, Lazio.

加斯科因转会到意大利俱乐部拉齐奥

in AM, use 美国英语用 trade

5 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)调动 ; (使)换岗** If you are **transferred**, or if you **transfer** ,**to** a different job or place, you move to a different job or start working in a different place.

I was **transferred** to the book department...

我被调到图书部。

I suspect that she is going to be **transferred**...

我猜想她要被调走了。

Anton was able to **transfer** from Lavine's to an American company.

安东成功地从拉文调到了一家美国公司。

Transfer is also a noun.

They will be offered **transfers** to other locations.

他们将会被安排调任到其他地方。

6 VERB 动词 **转存 ; 转录** When information is **transferred onto** a different medium, it is copied from one medium to another.

Such information is easily **transferred onto** microfilm.

这种信息很容易转存到缩微胶卷上。

...systems to create film-quality computer effects and then **transfer** them to film.

创造胶片级电脑画质并将之转录到胶片的系统

Transfer is also a noun.

It can be connected to a PC for the **transfer** of information.

它可以与个人电脑连接进行信息转存。

...data **transfer**.

数据转存

7 VERB 动词 **转让, 让与(财产、土地)** When property or land is **transferred**, it stops being owned by one person or institution and becomes

owned by another.

He has already transferred ownership of most of the works to a British foundation...

他已把大部分作品的所有权转让给一家英国基金会。

Certain kinds of property are transferred automatically at death.

死亡时某些财产会自动转让。

Transfer is also a noun.

...an outright **transfer** of property.

财产的全部让与

8 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 (使)转乘；(使)换乘 If you transfer or are transferred when you are on a journey, you change from one vehicle to another.

He likes to transfer from the bus to the Blue Line at 103rd Street in Watts...

他喜欢在华兹区第 103 大街下公交车转乘地铁蓝线。

1,654 passengers were transferred at sea to a Norwegian cruise ship.

1,654 名乘客在海上转搭了一艘挪威游轮。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 转印纸(纸上面印有图案，可通过加热或压力转印至其他材料上) Transfers are pieces of paper with a design on one side. The design can be transferred by heat or pressure onto material, paper, or china for decoration.

...gold letter transfers.

金字转印纸

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 换乘票；转车票；通票 A transfer is a ticket that you get when you leave a bus or train that allows you to go on a different bus or train without paying again.

transport ★★★★★

The noun is pronounced /ˈtrɑːnsˌpɔːt/. The verb is pronounced /trənzˈpɔːt/. 名词读作/ˈtrɑːnsˌpɔːt/。动词读作/trənzˈpɔːt/。

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 交通工具；运输工具

Transport refers to any vehicle that you can travel in or carry goods in.

Have you got your own transport?...

你有自己的交通工具吗？

Which type of transport do you prefer?

你更喜欢哪种类型的代步工具？

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 transportation

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 交通运输系统；公共交通(网) Transport is a system for taking people or goods from one place to another, for example using buses or trains.

The extra money could be spent on improving public transport...

多余的资金可以用于改善公共交通系统。

The sudden onset of winter caused havoc with rail and air transport...

冬天的突然降临让铁路和航空运输系统陷入混乱。

An efficient transport system is critical to the long-term future of London.

高效的公共交通系统对伦敦长远的未来至关重要。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 transportation

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 运输；运送 Transport is the activity of taking goods or people from one place to another in a vehicle.

Local production virtually eliminates transport costs.

本地生产实际上消除了运输成本。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 transportation

4 VERB 动词 运输；运送 To transport people or goods somewhere is to take them from one place to another in a vehicle.

There's no petrol, so it's very difficult to transport goods...

没有汽油，因此很难运输货物。

They use tankers to transport the oil to Los Angeles...

他们用油轮把石油输送到洛杉矶。

The troops were transported to Moscow.

部队被运往莫斯科。

5 VERB 动词 使身处他境 If you say that you are transported to another place or time, you mean that something causes you to feel that you are living in the other place or at the other time.

Dr Drummond felt that he had been transported into a world that rivalled the Arabian Nights...

德拉蒙德博士觉得自己仿佛被带入了一个可与《天方夜谭》相媲美的世界。

In a dream you can be transported back in time...

在梦里你可以回到过去。

This delightful musical comedy transports the audience to the innocent days of 1950s America.

这部令人开怀的音乐喜剧把观众带到了 20 世纪 50 年代美国的纯真时期。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (军用)运输工具；(尤指)运输机 A military or troop transport is a military vehicle, especially a plane, that is used to carry soldiers or equipment.

travel ★★★★★

in AM, use 美国英语用 traveling, traveled

1 VERB 动词 (常指长途)旅行，行进 If you travel, you go from one place to another, often to a place that is far away.

You had better travel to Helsinki tomorrow...

你最好明天赶赴赫尔辛基。

Granny travelled down by train...

奶奶是乘火车过来的。

I've been traveling all day...

我整整一天都在赶路。

Students often travel hundreds of miles to get here...

学生常常赶数百英里的路来到这里。

I had been travelling at 150 kilometres an hour...

我一直以每小时 150 公里的速度行进。

He was a charming travelling companion.

他是个讨人喜欢的旅伴。

travelling

I love travelling...

我热爱旅行。

Getting to and from school involves two hours' travelling a day.

往返学校每天要两个小时的行程。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (长途)旅行 Travel is the activity of travelling.

Information on travel in New Zealand is available at the hotel...

新西兰的旅行信息可以在宾馆获取。

He detested air travel.

他厌恶乘飞机旅行。

...a writer of travel books.

旅游类书籍作家

3 VERB 动词 周游；走遍；在...游历 If you travel the world, the country, or the area, you go to many different places in the world or in a particular country or area.

Dr Ryan travelled the world gathering material for his book...

瑞安博士周游世界为他的书搜集资料。

He has had to travel the country in search of work.

他不得不走遍全国寻找工作。

4 VERB 动词 (光、声音)传送，传播 When light or sound from one place reaches another, you say that it travels to the other place.

When sound travels through water, strange things can happen...

当声音在水中传播时，可能会发生奇怪的现象。

Light travels at around 300,000,000 metres per second.

光以每秒约 30 万公里的速度传播。

5 VERB 动词 (消息)传播，流传 When news becomes known by people in different places, you can say that it travels to them.

News of his work traveled all the way to Asia...

有关他研究成果的消息一路传到了亚洲。

Seems like news travels pretty fast around here.

这里似乎消息传播得很快。

6 N-PLURAL 复数名词 漫游；游历 Someone's travels are the journeys that they make to places a long way from their home.

He also collects things for the house on his travels abroad.

他在国外旅游时也为家宅搜集物品作为摆设。

7 See also: [travelling](#) ; [much-travelled](#) ; [well-travelled](#) ;

8 PHRASE 短语 轻装旅行 If you travel light, you travel without taking much luggage.

9 PHRASE 短语 (食品等货物)宜于长途运输，经得起长途运输 If goods such as food products travel well, they can be transported a long way without being damaged or their quality being spoiled.

Ripe fruit does not **travel** well, but unripe fruit can be transported worldwide.

熟透的水果不宜长途运输，但未成熟的水果却可以运往全世界。

10 PHRASE 短语 (思想、方法或样式)广为流传，盛行各地 If you say that an idea, a method, or a style **travels well**, you mean that it can be appreciated or used by people in several different countries, and not just in the country where it began.

That brand of humour generally **travels well**.
那种风格的幽默通常在各地都喜闻乐见。

Usage Note :
The noun **travel** is used to talk about the general activity of travelling. It is either uncount or plural. You cannot say 'a travel', you would use the word **trip** or **journey** instead. *First-class rail travel to Paris or Brussels is included... I picked them up recently on a trip to Manhattan.*

名词 **travel** 用于谈论一般性的旅行活动，既可用作不可数名词，也可用复数形式。不能说 a travel，而应该以 **trip** 或 **journey** 代替：First-class rail travel to Paris or Brussels is included (其中包括坐火车头等车厢去巴黎或布鲁塞尔的行程)，I picked them up recently on a trip to Manhattan. (这些东西是我最近一次去曼哈顿时买的)。

treat ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 对待；看待；处理 If you **treat** someone or something in a particular way, you behave towards them or deal with them in that way.

Artie **treated** most women with indifference...
阿蒂对大多数女人都漠不关心。

Police say they're **treating** it as a case of attempted murder...
警方称他们正把它当作一起谋杀未遂案件来处理。

She adored Paddy but he didn't **treat** her well...
她深爱帕迪，但他对她却并不好。

The issues should be **treated** separately.
这些问题应该分别对待。

2 VERB 动词 治疗；医治 When a doctor or nurse **treats** a patient or an illness, he or she tries to make the patient well again.

Doctors **treated** her with aspirin...
医生用阿司匹林为她治疗。

The boy was **treated** for a minor head wound...
那个男孩因头部轻伤接受了治疗。

An experienced nurse **treats** all minor injuries.
一位有经验的护士处理所有的轻伤。

3 VERB 动词 处理；给...上保护层 If something is **treated with** a particular substance, the substance is put onto or into it in order to clean it, to protect it, or to give it special properties.

About 70% of the cocoa acreage is **treated with** insecticide...
大约 70% 的可可树林地喷过杀虫剂。

It was many years before the city began to **treat** its sewage.
很多年以后这个城市才开始处理污水。

4 VERB 动词 请(客)；招待；款待 If you **treat** someone to something special which they will enjoy, you buy it or arrange it for them.

She was always **treating** him to ice cream...
她总是请他吃冰淇淋。

Tomorrow I'll **treat** myself to a day's gardening...
明天我将犒劳一下自己——享受一天的园艺乐趣。

If you want to **treat** yourself, the Malta Hilton offers high international standards.
如果您想犒劳一下自己，马耳他希尔顿酒店将为您提供高水准的国际化服务。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 请客；款待 If you give someone a **treat**, you buy or arrange something special for them which they will enjoy.

Lettie had never yet failed to return from town without some special **treat** for him.
莱蒂每次从城里回来都必定会给他带点特别的礼物。

6 N-SING 单数名词 请客；做东 If you say that something is your **treat**, you mean that you are paying for it as a treat for someone else.

7 PHRASE 短语 很出色的东西 If you say, for example, that something looks or works a **treat**, you mean that it looks very good or works very well.

The first part of the plan works a **treat**...
计划的第一部分天衣无缝。

The apricots would go down a **treat**.
杏会非常好吃。

8 to **treat** someone like dirt → see: 脏；

treatment ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 治疗；疗法；疗程 **Treatment** is medical attention given to a sick or injured person or animal.

Many patients are not getting the medical **treatment** they need.
很多病人没有得到他们需要的医治。

...a veterinary surgeon who specialises in the **treatment** of cage birds.
专门诊治笼养鸟类的兽医

...an effective **treatment** for eczema.
湿疹的有效治疗方法

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 对待；待遇 Your **treatment** of someone is the way you behave towards them or deal with them.

We don't want any special **treatment**...
我们不要任何特殊待遇。

Ginny's initial rage at his **treatment** of Chris had simmered down to resentment.
金尼起初因他对待克里斯的态度而怒火中烧，后来这种愤怒慢慢沉淀为了憎恶。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 处理；治理；护理 **Treatment** of something involves putting a particular substance onto or into it, in order to clean it, to protect it, or to give it special properties.

There should be greater **treatment** of sewage before it is discharged...
污水排放之前应该进行更充分的处理。

As with all oily hair **treatments**, shampoo needs to be applied first.
跟所有油性头发的护理一样，必须要先用洗发露。

4 PHRASE 短语 盛情款待；特别严厉的对待 If you say that someone is given **the full treatment**, you mean either that they are treated extremely well or that they are treated extremely severely.

If you've got friends or family coming to stay, make it really special by giving them the **full treatment**...
如果你有朋友或家人要过来住，那就搞得特别一些，给予他们以热情款待。

She'll be interrogated, jailed, interrogated again, get what's usually known as the **full treatment**.
她将被审问，监禁，然后再被提审，接受通常所说的“全套款待”。

treaty ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (国家间的)条约，协定 A **treaty** is a written agreement between countries in which they agree to do a particular thing or to help each other.

...the Treaty of Rome, which established the European Community.
建立了欧洲共同体的《罗马条约》

...negotiations over a 1992 **treaty** on global warming.
围绕 1992 年制定的遏制全球变暖问题的公约而进行的谈判

tree ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [Christmas tree](#); [family tree](#); 树；树木；乔木 A **tree** is a tall plant that has a hard trunk, branches, and leaves.

I planted those apple **trees**.
我栽了那些苹果树。

...a variety of shrubs and **trees**.
各种灌木和乔木

2 PHRASE 短语 走错路线；搞错方向；想法不对路 If you say that someone is **barking up the wrong tree**, you mean that they are following the wrong course of action because their beliefs or ideas about something are incorrect.

Scientists in Switzerland realised that most other researchers had been **barking up the wrong tree**.
瑞士科学家意识到其他研究者大多研究方向不对头。

3 PHRASE 短语 只见树木，不见森林；只重细节，不顾整体 If someone **can't see the wood for the trees** in British English, or **can't see the forest for the trees** in American English, they are very

involved in the details of something and so they do not notice what is important about the thing as a whole.

4 **the top of the tree**→see: [top](#);

trial ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **审讯；审理；审判** A **trial** is a formal meeting in a law court, at which a judge and jury listen to evidence and decide whether a person is guilty of a crime.

New evidence showed the police lied at the **trial**...

新的证据表明警方在审讯时撒了谎。

He's awaiting **trial** in a military court on charges of plotting against the state...

他因被控密谋颠覆国家正等待军事法庭的审判。

They believed that his case would never come to **trial**.

他们认为他的讼案根本不会开庭审理。

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **试验；试用** A **trial** is an experiment in which you test something by using it or doing it for a period of time to see how well it works. If something is **on trial**, it is being tested in this way.

They have been treated with this drug in clinical **trials**...

他们已在临床试验中接受过这种药物的治疗。

I took the car out for a **trial** on the roads...

我开车上路试驾了一下。

The robots have been **on trial** for the past year...

这些机器人过去一年都在试用当中。

We plan to release a prototype this autumn for **trial** in hospitals.

我们计划今年秋天在各医院推出一个模型进行试验。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(人员的)试用，试用期** If someone gives you a **trial** for a job, or if you are **on trial**, you do the job for a short period of time to see if you are suitable for it.

He had just given a **trial** to a young woman who said she had previous experience...

他刚给了一位声称自己有从业经验的年轻女子一次试用机会。

The 26-year old fullback has been **on trial** at the club for ten days.

那位 26 岁的后卫已经在该俱乐部试用 10 天了。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **磨难；痛苦；麻烦** If you refer to the **trials** of a situation, you mean the unpleasant things that you experience in it.

...the **trials** of adolescence.

青春期的苦恼

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **预赛；选拔赛；测试赛** In some sports or outdoor activities, **trials** are a series of contests that test a competitor's skill and ability.

He has been riding in horse **trials** for less than a year.

他参加赛马选拔赛还不到一年。

...Dovedale Sheepdog **Trials**.

达夫谷牧羊犬测试赛

6 PHRASE 短语 **通过反复试验；经过不断摸索** If you do something **by trial and error**, you try several different methods of doing it until you find the method that works properly.

Many drugs were found by **trial and error**...

很多药物都是通过反复试验才发现的。

She feels that raising her children has been a matter of **trial and error**.

她感到抚养孩子就像是摸着石头过河。

7 PHRASE 短语 **在受审中** If someone is **on trial**, they are being tried in a court of law.

He is currently **on trial** accused of serious drugs charges...

他目前正因严重的毒品控罪而受审。

He will go **on trial** later this month charged with murder...

他将因谋杀罪名在本月晚些时候出庭受审。

Two skinheads were put **on trial** for those murders last week.

上周两个光头党成员因为那几宗谋杀案而被带上法庭受审。

8 PHRASE 短语 **在测试中；在考察中；在考验中** If you say that someone or something is **on trial**, you mean that they are in a situation where people are observing them to see whether they succeed or fail.

The President will be drawn into a damaging battle in which his credentials will be **on trial**.

总统将被卷入一场造成负面影响的争斗中，他的资格会因此受到考验。

9 PHRASE 短语 **受审判** If someone **stands trial**, they are tried in court for a crime they are accused of.

He was found to be mentally unfit to stand **trial**...

他被判定精神状况不直接受审判。

Five people are to stand **trial** for murder.

将有 5 个人因涉嫌谋杀受到审判。

trip ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [round trip](#)；**旅行；出行；旅游** A **trip** is a journey that you make to a particular place. →see usage note at: [journey](#)

On the Thursday we went out on a day **trip**...

星期四我们出去玩了一天。

Mark was sent to the Far East on a business **trip**.

马克被派往远东出差。

2 VERB 动词 **绊倒；绊** If you **trip** when you are walking, you knock your foot against something and fall or nearly fall.

She **tripped** and fell last night and broke her hip...

她昨晚绊倒了，摔坏了髌骨。

He tried to follow Jack's footsteps in the snow and **tripped** on a rock...

他想要跟着杰克在雪中留下的脚印走，却让一块石头绊倒了。

The cables are all bright yellow to prevent you **tripping** over them.

电缆都是亮黄色，以防绊倒人。

Trip up means the same as **trip**. [trip up](#) 同 [trip](#)

I **tripped up** and hurt my foot...

我绊了一下，伤到了脚。

Make sure trailing flexes are kept out of the way so you don't **trip up** over them.

别让拖地的皮线挡了道，这样你就不会被绊倒。

3 VERB 动词 **使绊；将...绊倒；使跌倒** If you **trip** someone who is walking or running, you put your foot or something else in front of them, so that they knock their own foot against it and fall or nearly fall.

One guy stuck his foot out and tried to **trip me**.

一个家伙把脚伸出来想要绊倒我。

Trip up means the same as **trip**. [trip up](#) 同 [trip](#)

He made a sudden dive for Uncle Jim's legs to try to **trip him up**...

他突然扑向吉姆叔叔的双腿，想要把他绊倒。

He was **tripped up** by a passer-by.

他被一个路人绊倒了。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(对权力等的)迷恋；(内疚、怀旧感等的)困扰** If you say that someone is, for example, on a **power trip**, a **guilt trip**, or a **nostalgia trip**, you mean that their behaviour is motivated by power, guilt, or nostalgia.

There's such pressure to be happy in Hawaii, if you're unhappy you're on a **guilt trip**...

就好像去夏威夷就一定要开心似的，如果你不开心，你会一个劲儿地感到愧疚。

The biggest star perk, and the biggest **power trip**, must be the private plane.

顶级的明星待遇和无上的权力体验肯定要数私人飞机了。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(吸毒所致的)幻觉，迷幻感受** A **trip** is an experience that someone has when their mind is affected by a drug such as LSD.

An anxious or depressed person can experience a really bad **trip**.

焦虑或抑郁的人吸毒后可能会有非常糟糕的幻觉。

6 VERB 动词 **(服用毒品后)产生幻觉** If someone is **tripping**, they are having an experience in which their mind is affected by a drug such as LSD.

One night I was **tripping** on acid.

有一天晚上我服用了迷幻药后正在幻游。

7 VERB 动词 **轻快地走** If someone **trips** somewhere, they walk there with light, quick steps.

A girl in a red smock **tripped** down the hill...

一个身穿红色罩衫的女孩迈着轻快的步子下山。

They **tripped** along with scarcely a care in the world.

他们轻快地走着，几乎没有世间的烦恼。

相关词组：

troop ★★★★★

1 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **部队；军队；士兵** Troops are soldiers, especially when they are in a large organized group doing a particular task.

The next phase of the operation will involve the deployment of more than 35,000 troops from a dozen countries...
下一阶段的军事行动将要来自 12 个国家的 35,000 多名士兵进行部署。
There were reports of troop movements.
有报道称将要调动军队。

2 N-COUNT-COLL 可数集合名词 **骑兵队；装甲团** A troop is a group of soldiers within a cavalry or armoured regiment.

...a troop of enemy cavalry trotting towards the Dutch right flank.
敌方一支骑兵队正冲向荷兰军右翼

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **童子军中队** A troop of boy scouts is a local group of them that meets regularly.

...a Scout troop.
一队童子军

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一群；一队** A troop of people or animals is a group of them.

Amy was aware of the little troop of travellers watching the two of them...
艾米知道那一小队旅行者正在看着她们俩。
Out of beams and cracks came troops of beetles, ants and spiders.
从横梁上和裂缝里爬出来了一群群甲虫、蚂蚁和蜘蛛。

5 VERB 动词 (常指疲惫或忧伤地) **成群移动，结伴前行** If people troop somewhere, they walk there in a group, often in a sad or tired way.

They all trooped back to the house for a rest...
他们都成群结队地回到房子里休息。
The men trooped into work with resignation.
男人们被迫只好一伙伙地开始工作。

trouble ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **麻烦；困难；问题** You can refer to problems or difficulties as trouble.

I had trouble parking...
我停车有困难。
You've caused us a lot of trouble...
你给我们造成了很多麻烦。
The plane developed engine trouble soon after taking off...
飞机在起飞后不久发动机就出了问题。
The crew are in serious trouble in 50-knot winds and huge seas...
船员们在 50 节的大风与滔天巨浪中深陷困境。
The Sullivans continued to have financial troubles.
沙利文一家依然手头拮据。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **麻烦；问题；引起麻烦的事** If you say that one aspect of a situation is the trouble, you mean that it is the aspect which is causing problems or making the situation unsatisfactory.

The trouble is that these restrictions have remained while other things have changed...
问题是其他事情都变了，而这些条条框框还在。
Your trouble is that you can't take rejection.
你的问题是不能接受拒绝。

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **苦恼；烦恼；忧虑** Your troubles are the things that you are worried about.

She tells me her troubles. I tell her mine...
我和她互相倾诉烦恼。
She kept her troubles to herself.
她把烦心事都放在心里。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **疾病；不适；疼痛** If you have kidney trouble or back trouble, for example, there is something wrong with your kidneys or your back.

An unsuitable bed is the most likely cause of back trouble...
不合适的床最有可能引起背部疼痛。
Her husband had never before had any heart trouble...
她丈夫以前从来没得过任何心脏疾病。
He began to have trouble with his right knee.
他的右膝盖开始出现不适。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **骚乱；动乱** If there is trouble somewhere, especially in a public place, there is fighting or rioting there.

Riot police are being deployed throughout the city to prevent any trouble...
正在全城部署防暴警察以防止发生骚乱。
Fans who make trouble during the World Cup will be severely dealt with.
在世界杯期间闹事的球迷将受到严惩。
...the first victim of the troubles in Northern Ireland.
北爱尔兰动乱的第一个遇难者

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **费事；不便** If you tell someone that it is no trouble to do something for them, you are saying politely that you can or will do it, because it is easy or convenient for you.

It's no trouble at all; on the contrary, it will be a great pleasure to help you...
根本不费事，恰恰相反，非常荣幸能帮到你。
Will it be any trouble to get over here that quickly?
那么快来这里会不会有什么不便？

7 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **需劳神费力的人(或动物)** If you say that a person or animal is no trouble, you mean that they are very easy to look after.

My little grandson is no trouble at all, but his 6-year-old elder sister is rude and selfish.
我的小孙子一点都不让人操心，但是他6岁大的姐姐却野蛮而又自私。

8 VERB 动词 **使苦恼；使烦恼；使忧虑** If something troubles you, it makes you feel rather worried.

Is anything troubling you?...
有什么事情让你烦恼吗？
He was troubled by the lifestyle of his son.
他对儿子的生活方式感到很担心。

troubling
But most troubling of all was the simple fact that nobody knew what was going on.
但最令人头疼的是根本没人知道正在发生什么事。

9 VERB 动词 **使感到疼痛(或不适)** If a part of your body troubles you, it causes you physical pain or discomfort.

The ulcer had been troubling her for several years.
溃疡已经折磨她好几年了。

10 VERB 动词 **费心；劳神** If you say that someone does not trouble to do something, you are critical of them because they do not behave in the way that they should do, and you think that this would require very little effort.

He yawns, not troubling to cover his mouth...
他打了个哈欠，都懒得抬抬手遮一下嘴巴。
He hadn't troubled himself to check his mirrors...
他都没想要看看后视镜。

He seemed to be a naturally solitary person, troubling himself about only a few friends.
他似乎天生就是独行侠，不愿费神多交几个朋友。

11 VERB 动词 **麻烦；打扰** You use trouble in expressions such as I'm sorry to trouble you when you are apologizing to someone for disturbing them in order to ask them something.

I'm sorry to trouble you, but I wondered if by any chance you know where he is...
对不起打扰了，但我想打听一下您是否知道他在哪里。
I hate to trouble you, but Aunt Lina's birthday is coming up and I would like to buy something nice for her.
我真不愿打扰您，但莉娜阿姨的生日就要到了，我想给她买点好东西。

12 PHRASE 短语 **处于困境；惹麻烦；将受惩罚** If someone is in trouble, they are in a situation in which a person in authority is angry with them or is likely to punish them because they have done something wrong.

He was in trouble with his teachers...
老师们都想好好教训他。
The person who loaned them to me got into terrible trouble for it.
把那笔钱借给我的那个人因此倒霉了。

...a charity that helps women in trouble with the law.
帮助违法犯罪的妇女的慈善团体

13 PHRASE 短语 **费力；费神** If you take the **trouble to do something**, you do something which requires a small amount of additional effort.

It is worth taking the **trouble** to sieve the fruit by hand...

值得费点劲用手挑挑果子。

He did not take the **trouble** to see the film before he attacked it.

他在批评那部电影之前都懒得费神欣赏。

14 PHRASE 短语 **得不偿失；费时又费力** If you say that someone or something is **more trouble than they are worth**, you mean that they cause you a lot of problems or take a lot of time and effort and you do not achieve or gain very much in return.

Some grumbled that Johnson was **more trouble than he was worth**...

有人抱怨说根本不值得为约翰逊浪费精力。

Learning more about it always seemed **more trouble than it was worth**.

似乎总是觉得没必要为进一步了解它而大费工夫。

trust ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **信任；信赖** If you **trust** someone, you believe that they are honest and sincere and will not deliberately do anything to harm you.

'I **trust** you completely,' he said...

“我完全信任你，”他说。

He did argue in a general way that the president can't be **trusted**.

他确实泛泛提过总统不可信赖。

trusted

After speaking to a group of her most **trusted** advisers, she turned her anger into action.

在与最亲信的顾问团谈过以后，她将愤怒付诸行动。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **信任；信赖** Your **trust in** someone is your belief that they are honest and sincere and will not deliberately do anything to harm you.

He destroyed me and my **trust in** men...

他毁了我，也摧毁了我对男人的信任。

You've betrayed their **trust**...

你已经背叛了他们的信任。

There's a feeling of warmth and **trust** here.

这里有一种温暖和信任的感觉。

3 VERB 动词 **相信(某人会做某事)** If you **trust** someone to do something, you believe that they will do it.

That's why I must **trust** you to keep this secret...

那就是为什么我必须得相信你保守这个秘密的原因。

They argued that the ruling party could not be **trusted** to oversee its own removal from power.

他们争辩说不能相信执政党会监督解除自身的权力。

4 VERB 动词 **托付；托交** If you **trust** someone with something important or valuable, you allow them to look after it or deal with it.

This could make your superiors hesitate to **trust** you with major responsibilities...

这样会使上级不敢对你委以重任。

I'd **trust** him with my life.

我愿把终身托付给他。

Trust is also a noun.

She was organizing and running a large household, a position of **trust** which was generously paid...

她正操持管理着一个大家庭，这是一个需要充分信任的高薪职位。

Although I didn't betray a **trust**, I feel I behaved shabbily.

尽管我没有辜负别人的托付，却感到自己行为龌龊。

5 VERB 动词 **确信；觉得...可靠；对...放心** If you do not **trust** something, you feel that it is not safe or reliable.

She nodded, not **trusting** her own voice...

她只点点头，没有说话。

For one thing, he didn't **trust** his legs to hold him up...

首先，他不相信自己能站起来。

I still can't **trust** myself to remain composed in their presence.

我仍然不放心自己能否在他们面前保持镇静。

6 VERB 动词 **相信；认为...是正确的** If you **trust** someone's judgment or advice, you believe that it is good or right.

Jake has raised two smashing kids and I **trust** his judgement...

杰克养大了两个了不起的孩子，我相信他的判断。

I blame myself and will never be able to **trust** my instinct again.

我自责，而且今后再也不能相信自己的直觉了。

7 VERB 动词 **希望...是对的；估计...是对的** If you say you **trust that** something is true, you mean you hope and expect that it is true.

I **trust** you will take the earliest opportunity to make a full apology...

我想你会一抓住机会就诚恳道歉的。

We **trust** that he and his department are considering our suggestion.

我们估计他和他的部门正在考虑我们的建议。

8 VERB 动词 **坚信；深信；信仰** If you **trust in** someone or something, you believe strongly in them, and do not doubt their powers or their good intentions.

He was a pastor who **trusted in** the Lord who lived to preach.

作为一名牧师，他相信上帝是用一生去传教的。

Don't blindly **trust in** the good faith of any government official.

不要盲目信任任何政府官员的诚意。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(财产)信托，托管** A **trust** is a financial arrangement in which a group of people or an organization keeps and invests money for someone.

You could also set up a **trust** so the children can't spend any inheritance until they are a certain age...

你也可以设立财产信托，这样孩子们只有达到一定年龄才能动用遗产。

The money will be put in **trust** until she is 18.

钱会交付他人托管，直到她年满 18 岁。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **信托基金机构；财产托管机构** A **trust** is a group of people or an organization that has control of an amount of money or property and invests it on behalf of other people or as a charity.

He had set up two charitable **trusts**...

他已设立了两个慈善信托机构。

The National Childbirth Trust has recently conducted a survey of 1,271 new mothers.

国家生育信托基金会最近对 1,271 位新妈妈做了一个调查。

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 **公立医院(由政府资助、独立经营)** In Britain, a **trust** or a **trust hospital** is a public hospital that receives its funding directly from the national government. It has its own board of governors and is not controlled by the local health authority.

St Mary's Hospital in Paddington became a self-governing **trust** this week.

帕丁顿的圣玛丽医院这周成为政府资助的独立经营医院。

12 See also: [trusting](#) ; [unit trust](#) ;

13 PHRASE 短语 **受托管；被托管** If something valuable is kept **in trust**, it is held and protected by a group of people or an organization on behalf of other people.

The British Library holds its collection **in trust** for the nation...

大不列颠图书馆为国家保存被托管藏书。

Works of art are **in trust** to us during our lifetime.

艺术品交由我们托管一生。

14 PHRASE 短语 **完全相信；对...毫不置疑** If you **take something on trust** after having heard or read it, you believe it completely without checking it.

He was adamant that the allegations were untrue, so I took him **on trust**.

他坚持认为那些指控不属实，因此我也完全相信他。

15 **tried and trusted** → see: [tried](#) ;

相关词组：

[trust to](#)

truth ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **实情；真相；事实** The **truth** about something is all the facts about it, rather than things that are imagined or invented.

Is it possible to separate **truth** from fiction?...

有可能把事实与虚构分开吗？

I must tell you the **truth** about this business...
我必须告诉你这件事的真相。

The **truth** of the matter is that we had no other choice...
实情就是我们别无选择。

In the town very few know the whole **truth**.
镇子里只有很少人知道全部实情。

...judgements of **truth** or falsity.
对虚与实的判断

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **真实性；真实** If you say that there is some **truth** in a statement or story, you mean that it is true, or at least partly true.

There is no **truth** in this story...
这个故事纯属虚构。

Is there any **truth** to the rumors?...
那些谣言有什么事实依据吗？

The criticisms have at least an element of **truth** and validity.
那些批评至少有一丝真实性和合理性。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **真理** A **truth** is something that is believed to be true.

It is an almost universal **truth** that the more we are promoted in a job, the less we actually exercise the skills we initially used to perform it.
这几乎是一条普遍的真理：我们在某一工作中越往上晋升，实际运用那些当初在工作中经常实践的技能的机会就越少。

3 See also: [home truth](#) ; [moment of truth](#) ;

4 PHRASE 短语 **实际上；事实上** You say **in truth** in order to indicate that you are giving your honest opinion about something.

In truth, we were both unhappy.
事实上，我们俩都不快乐。

5 PHRASE 短语 **说实在的；坦白说** You say **to tell you the truth** or **truth to tell** in order to indicate that you are telling someone something in an open and honest way, without trying to hide anything.

To tell you the **truth**, I was afraid to see him...
坦白说，我害怕见他。

Truth to tell, John did not want Veronica at his wedding.
说实在的，约翰不想韦罗妮卡参加他的婚礼。

TV ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **同 television** TV means the same as television .

The TV was on...
电视开着。

I prefer going to the cinema to watching TV.
我更喜欢看电影而不是看电视。

...a TV commercial.
电视广告

twelfth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第十二** The **twelfth** item in a series is the one that you count as number twelve.

...the **twelfth** anniversary of the April revolution.
四月革命 12 周年纪念

...a **twelfth-century** church.
12 世纪的教堂

2 FRACTION 分数词 **十二分之一** A **twelfth** is one of twelve equal parts of something.

She is entitled to a **twelfth** of the cash.
她有权获得这笔钱的 1/12。

twentieth ★★★★★

1 ORD 序数词 **第二十** The **twentieth** item in a series is the one that you count as number twenty.

...the **twentieth** century.
20 世纪

2 FRACTION 分数词 **二十分之一** A **twentieth** is one of twenty equal parts of something.

A few **twentieths** of a gram can be critical.
即使重量仅有1克的二十分之几都可能是关键性的。

type ★★★★★

1. SORT OR KIND 类别；种类

2. WRITING AND PRINTING 书写；印刷

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **类型；种类；品种** A **type** of something is a group of those things that have particular features in common. →see usage note at: [brand](#)

...several **types** of lettuce...
几个不同品种的莴苣

There are various **types** of the disease...
该疾病有各种类型。

In 1990, 25% of households were of this **type**.
1990年，25%的家庭属于这种类型。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **一种，一类（人或事物）** If you refer to a particular thing or person as a **type** of something more general, you are considering that thing or person as an example of that more general group.

Have you done this **type** of work before?...
你以前做过这种活儿吗？

Rates of interest for this **type** of borrowing can be high...
这种类型的借款利率可能会很高。

I am a very determined **type** of person.
我是那种非常坚决的人。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **具有...特点的人；...类型的人** If you refer to a person as a particular **type**, you mean that they have that particular appearance, character, or way of behaving.

It's the first time I, a fair-skinned, freckly **type**, have sailed in the sun without burning...
身为那种皮肤白皙而又长雀斑的人，这是我第一次在阳光下航行而没有被晒伤。

I was rather an outdoor **type**...
我是那种特别喜欢户外运动的人。

She was certainly not the **type** to murder her husband.
她绝不是那种会谋杀亲夫的人。

4 PHRASE 短语 **...不感兴趣的类型；并非...喜欢的类型** If you say that someone is **not your type**, you mean that they are not the sort of person who you usually find attractive.

At first I thought he was rather ordinary looking, a little chubby, not my **type**...
刚开始我认为他相貌很普通，有点胖乎乎的，并非我喜欢的类型。

I'm not his **type**. I am probably too strong a character.
我不是他喜欢的类型。大概我性格太要强了。

5 See also: [blood type](#) ;

1 VERB 动词 **用打字机(或文字处理器)打(字)** If you **type** something, you use a typewriter or word processor to write it.

I can **type** your essays for you...
我可以帮你把文章打出来。

I had never really learnt to **type** properly...
我从来没真正学会怎样正确打字。

The letter consists of six closely **typed** pages.
那封信有密密麻麻打印出来的 6 页。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **印刷文字；铅字；活字** **Type** is printed text as it appears in a book or newspaper, or the small pieces of metal that are used to create this.

The correction had already been set in **type**.
那处修正已经出现在铅字纸上。

3 See also: [typing](#) ;

相关词组：

[type in](#) [type out](#) [type up](#)

UN ★★★★★

1 N-PROPER 专有名词 **同 United Nations** The UN is the same as the **United Nations** .

...a UN peace-keeping mission.
联合国维和行动

uncle ★★★★★

1 N-FAMILY ; N-TITLE 家庭成员名词；头衔名词 **伯父；叔叔；舅舅；姑父；姨父** Someone's **uncle** is the brother of their mother or father, or the husband of their aunt.

My **uncle** was the mayor of Memphis...
我伯父是孟菲斯市市长。

A telegram from Uncle Fred arrived...
弗雷德叔叔的电报到了。

弗雷德舅舅发的一封电报来了。

Uncle, pa wants to see you.

舅舅，我爸爸想见你。

unit ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **单位；整体** If you consider something as a **unit**, you consider it as a single, complete thing.

Agriculture was based in the past on the family as a **unit**.

过去的农业是以家庭为单位的。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(工作) 班组，部门** A **unit** is a group of people who work together at a specific job, often in a particular place.

...the health services research **unit**...

医疗卫生服务研究部门

The results from this **unit** are staggering.

这个团队得出的结果令人吃惊。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(武装部队或警察机关的) 小队，分队** A **unit** is a group within an armed force or police force, whose members fight or work together or carry out a particular task.

One secret military **unit** tried to contaminate the drinking water of the refugees...

一个秘密军事分队企图污染难民的饮用水。

Two small Marine **units** have been trapped

inside the city for the last 36 hours.

两支海军小分队在过去的36个小时被困在城内。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(常为更大机器一部分的) 装置，设备，部件** A **unit** is a small machine which has a particular function, often part of a larger machine.

The **unit** plugs into any TV set.

这个部件能插进任何电视机。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(计量) 单位** A **unit** of measurement is a fixed standard quantity, length, or weight that is used for measuring things. The litre, the centimetre, and the ounce are all units.

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(课本) 单元** A **unit** is one of the parts that a textbook is divided into.

unless ★★★★★

1 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 **除非；若不；除非在...的时候** You use **unless** to introduce the only circumstances in which an event you are mentioning will not take place or in which a statement you are making is not true.

Unless you are trying to lose weight to please yourself, it's going to be tough to keep your motivation level high...

除非减肥是为了悦己，否则很难保持积极性。

We cannot understand disease **unless** we

understand the person who has the disease...

若不了解患者我们就不能了解疾病。

I'm not happy **unless** I ride or drive every day.

只有每天骑车或开车我才会开心。

Usage Note :

Do not confuse **unless**, **except**, **except for**, and **besides**. **Unless** is used to introduce the only situation in which something will take place or be true. *In the 1940s, unless she wore gloves a woman was not properly dressed...* You must not give compliments **unless** you mean them. You cannot use **unless** to talk about a situation that results from something not happening. Instead you use **if...not**. *I'll be glad if she doesn't come.* You use **except** to introduce the only things, situations, people, or ideas that a statement does not apply to. *All of his body relaxed except his right hand...* *Travelling was impossible, except in the cool of the morning.* You use **except for** before something that prevents a statement from completely true. *The classrooms were silent, except for the scratching of pens on paper...* *I had absolutely no friends except for Tom.* You use **besides** to introduce extra things in addition to the ones you are mentioning already. *Fruit will give you, besides enjoyment, a source of vitamins.* However, note that if you talk about 'the only thing' or 'the only person besides' a particular person or thing, **besides** means the same as 'apart from'. *He was the only person besides Gertrude who talked to Guy.*

不要混淆 **unless**, **except**, **except for** 和 **besides**。**unless**用于引出某事发生或成立所必需的条件，如：*In the 1940s, unless she wore gloves a woman was not properly dressed*（在20世纪40年代，女性若不戴手套就算衣着不得体），*You must not give compliments unless you mean them*（除非出自真心，否则不要随便恭维）。谈论由于某事未发生而导致的情形不能用**unless**，要用**if...not**，如：*I'll be glad if she doesn't come*（如果她不来我会很高兴的）。**except**用于引出陈述中唯一不适用的事物、情形、人或想法，如：*All of his body relaxed except his right hand*（除了右手以外，他全身都放松了），*Travelling was impossible, except in the cool of the morning*（除了在凉爽的早晨，其他时候出行都是不可能的）。**except for**用于引出使其陈述不能完全成立的事物，如：*The classrooms were silent, except for the scratching of pens on paper*（除了笔在纸上发出的沙沙声，教室一片寂静），*I had absolutely no friends except for Tom*（除了汤姆，我一个朋友也没有）。**besides**用于引出已提到事物之外的其他事物，如：*Fruit will give you, besides enjoyment, a source of vitamins*（水果不但好吃，而且富含维生素）。但应注意，用于谈论除某人或某物之外唯一的人或物时，**besides**的意思与**apart from**相同，如：*He was the only person besides Gertrude who talked to Guy*（除格特鲁德之外，他是唯一跟盖伊说话的人）。

unlikely ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **不太可能的；未必会发生的** If you say that something is **unlikely** to happen or **unlikely** to be true, you believe that it will not happen or that it is not true, although you are not completely sure.

A military coup seems **unlikely**...

看起来不太可能会发生军事政变。

As with many technological revolutions, you are **unlikely** to be aware of it...

就像诸多的技术革命一样，你可能不太会注意到它。

It's now **unlikely** that future parliaments will

bring back the death penalty...

现在看来，将来议会不太可能恢复死刑。

In the **unlikely** event of anybody phoning, could

you just scribble a message down?

虽然可能性极小，但如果有人打来电话，你能不能随手把留言记下来？

upon ★★★★★

In addition to the uses shown below, **upon** is used in phrasal verbs such as 'come upon' and 'look upon', and after some other verbs such as 'decide' and 'depend'.

除下列用法外，**upon**还可用于come upon，look upon等短活动词中，并可接在decide，depend等动词之后。

1 PREP 介词 **在...上** If one thing is **upon** another, it is on it.

He set the tray **upon** the table...

他把盘子放在桌子上。

He bent forward and laid a kiss softly **upon** her

forehead...

他弯身向前，在她额头上轻轻一吻。

I imagined the eyes of the others in the room

upon me.

我觉得屋里其他人似乎都在盯着我。

2 PREP 介词 **一...即...；一...就...** You use **upon** when mentioning an event that is followed immediately by another event.

The door on the left, **upon** entering the church,

leads to the Crypt of St Issac...

一进教堂左边的那扇门通往圣以撒墓。

Upon conclusion of these studies, the patient

was told that she had a severe problem.

这些研究的结果出来后，病人被告知她的病情严重。

3 PREP 介词 **(用于名词叠用，表示数量多)** You use **upon** between two occurrences of the same noun in order to say that there are large numbers of the thing mentioned.

Row **upon** row of women surged forwards...

一排排的女人涌上前去。

I looked across the mountains, ridge **upon** ridge.

我放眼绵延起伏的群山。

4 PREP 介词 **将要发生；马上来临** If an event is **upon** you, it is just about to happen.

The long-threatened storm was **upon** us...

酝酿多时的暴风雨就要向我们袭来。

The wedding season is **upon** us...

结婚旺季就要来了。

They had to conserve the candles now with winter upon them.

冬天眼看就要到了，他们不得不把蜡烛省着用。

urge ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **敦促；力劝** If you **urge** someone to do something, you try hard to persuade them to do it.

They **urged** parliament to approve plans for their reform programme...

他们敦促议会批准他们的改革方案。

He **urged** employers and trade unions to adapt their pay settlements to the economic circumstances.

他敦促雇主和工会根据经济条件调整工资方案。

2 VERB 动词 **推；拉；催促** If you **urge** someone somewhere, you make them go there by touching them or talking to them.

He slipped his arm around her waist and **urged** her away from the window...

他揽住她的腰，拉着她离开了窗边。

'Come on, Grace,' he was urging her, 'don't wait, hurry up.'

“快点啦，格雷丝，”他催促道，“别等了，快点。”

3 VERB 动词 **竭力主张；强烈要求** If you **urge** a course of action, you strongly advise that it should be taken.

He **urged** restraint on the security forces...

他力主对安全部队设限。

We **urge** vigorous action to be taken immediately.

我们强烈要求立即采取有力措施。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **强烈的欲望；冲动；迫切的要求** If you have an **urge** to do or have something, you have a strong wish to do or have it.

He had an **urge** to open a shop of his own...

他很想自己开一家店。

I have often talked about why we want to be mothers, but none of us can describe the **urge** exactly.

我经常谈到我们为什么想做母亲，但没有一个人能准确地描述这种冲动。

相关词组：

[urge on](#)

use ★★★★★

[1. VERB USES 动词用法](#)

[2. NOUN USES 名词用法](#)

1 VERB 动词 **用；使用；应用；运用** If you **use** something, you do something with it in order to do a job or to achieve a particular result or effect.

Trim off the excess pastry using a sharp knife...

用一把快刀切去多余的饼皮。

He had simply **used** a little imagination...

他只不过是用了一点点想象力。

Officials **used** loud hailers to call for calm...

官员们用扩音器呼吁大家保持冷静。

The show **uses** Zondo's trial and execution as its framework.

这部戏以桑多的受审和被处决作为基本框架。

2 VERB 动词 **耗尽；耗掉** If you **use** a supply of something, you finish it so that none of it is left.

You **used** all the ice cubes and didn't put the ice trays back...

你把所有的冰块都用完了，又不把冰格放回去。

They've never had anything spare — they've always **used** it all.

他们从没有任何备用的东西——他们总是把什么都用得一千二净。

Use up means the same as **use** . [use up 同 use](#)

It isn't them who **use up** the world's resources...

并不是他们把全球的资源耗费殆尽的。

We were breathing really fast, and using the air up quickly.

当时我们呼吸非常急促，很快就要把空气用完了。

3 VERB 动词 **服（药，尤指毒品）** If someone **uses** drugs, they take drugs regularly, especially illegal ones.

He denied he had **used** drugs...

他否认自己吸过毒。

You'll find that most people that don't **use** heroin don't like people that do.

你会发现绝大多数不吸海洛因的人都不喜欢吸食者。

4 VERB 动词 **用（洗手间或卫生间）（礼貌说法）** You can say that someone **uses** the toilet or bathroom as a polite way of saying that they go to the toilet.

Wash your hands after using the toilet...

便后要洗手。

He asked whether he could **use** my bathroom.

他问是否可以用我的卫生间。

5 VERB 动词 **使用（单词或表达方式）** If you **use** a particular word or expression, you say or write it, because it has the meaning that you want to express.

The judge liked using the word 'wicked' of people he had sent to jail...

这个法官喜欢使用“邪恶”一词来形容被他判罪入狱的人。

When Johnson talks about cuts, he **uses** words like 'target price' and 'efficiency payments'.

约翰逊谈起降价时，会使用“目标价位”和“效率支付”之类的字眼。

6 VERB 动词 **用（名字）；自称** If you **use** a particular name, you call yourself by that name, especially when it is not the name that you usually call yourself.

Now I **use** a false name if I'm meeting people for the first time...

现在和初次见面的人交往时我会用假名。

I didn't want to **use** my married name because we've split.

我不想用我的夫姓，因为我们已经离婚了。

7 VERB 动词 **（为自身利益利用）（别人）** If you say that someone **uses** people, you disapprove of them because they make others do things for them in order to benefit or gain some advantage from it, and not because they care about the other people.

Be careful she's not just using you...

当心她不只是在利用你。

Why do I have the feeling I'm being used again?

为什么我感觉又被利用了？

8 See also: [used](#) ;

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **用；使用；应用；运用** Your **use** of something is the action or fact of your using it.

The treatment does not involve the **use** of any artificial drugs.

这种治疗不会使用任何人工合成药物。

...research related to microcomputers and their **use** in classrooms...

关于微型电脑及其课堂使用的研究

We are denied **use** of the land by the ruling classes...

统治阶层剥夺了我们使用土地的权利。

He would support a **use** of force if the UN deemed it necessary.

如果联合国认为有必要使用武力的话，他会支持的。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **需要；功能；使用价值** If you have a **use** for something, you need it or can find something to do with it.

You will no longer have a **use** for the magazines...

你再也用不着这些杂志了。

They both loved the fabric, but couldn't find a **use** for it.

他们都很喜爱这块布，可是不知道拿来做什么好。

3 N-VAR 可变名词 **用途；用处** If something has a particular **use**, it is intended for a particular purpose.

Infrared detectors have many **uses**...

红外探测器有多种用途。

It's an interesting scientific phenomenon, but of no practical **use** whatever...

这是一种有趣的科学现象，但没什么实用价值。

French furniture was designed for every **use**...

法式家具的用途极其广泛。

The report outlined possible **uses** for the new weapon.

该报告概述了这种新式武器的可能用途。

...Elderflower Water for **use** as an eye and skin

lotion...

可用于眼霜及润肤乳中的接骨木花水

We need to recognize that certain **uses** of the land upon which we live are simply wrong.

我们需要认识到，我们对自己生活的这片土地的某些使用方式是完全错误的。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **使用权；运用能力** If you have the **use** of something, you have the permission or ability to use it.

She will have the **use** of the car one night a week.

她每周有一个晚上会用车。

...young people who at some point in the past have lost the **use** of their limbs...

曾经一度手脚失去功能的年轻人

You will have full **use** of all the new leisure club facilities.

你可以充分享受俱乐部的所有新增休闲设施。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(单词的)意义,用法** A **use** of a word is a particular meaning that it has or a particular way in which it can be used.

There are new **uses** of words coming in and old **uses** dying out.

单词总有新用法出现，也有旧用法慢慢被淘汰。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(名字的)使用** Your **use** of a particular name is the fact of your calling yourself by it.

Police have been hampered by Mr Urquhart's **use** of bogus names.

厄克特先生使用了假名，警方的调查因此受阻。

7 PHRASE 短语 **供...使用** If something is for the **use** of a particular person or group of people, it is for that person or group to use.

The leisure facilities are there for the **use** of guests...

这些休闲设施是供客人使用的。

He raises crops mainly for the **use** of his family.

他种农作物主要是为了家庭自用。

8 PHRASE 短语 **有好处** If you say that being something or knowing someone **has its uses**, you mean that it makes it possible for you to do what you otherwise would not be able to do.

Being a hospital Sister had its **uses**.

在医院当护士有它的好处。

9 PHRASE 短语 **在使用/不再使用** If something such as a technique, building, or machine is **in use**, it is used regularly by people. If it has gone **out of use**, it is no longer used regularly by people.

...the methods of making Champagne which are still **in use** today...

至今仍在用的香槟酿制法

The site has been **out of use** for many years.

这个地方已经闲置多年。

10 PHRASE 短语 **使用；利用** If you **make use** of something, you do something with it in order to do a job or achieve a particular result or effect.

Not all nursery schools **make use** of the opportunities open to them.

并不是所有的托儿所都能抓住他们面临的机会。

...making **use** of the same bottle time after time.

多次重复使用同一个瓶子

11 PHRASE 短语 **没有用处；无益** You use expressions such as **it's no use**, **there's no use**, and **what's the use** to indicate that a particular action will not achieve anything.

It's **no use** arguing with a drunk...

跟一个醉汉争论是没有用处的。

There's **no use** you asking me any more questions...

你问我再多的问题也没有用。

What's the **use** of complaining?

抱怨有什么用呢？

12 PHRASE 短语 **没用；行不通** If you say **it's no use**, you mean that you have failed to do something and realize that it is useless to continue trying because it is impossible.

It's **no use**. Let's hang up and try for a better line.

打不通。挂掉吧，找一条更好的线打吧。

13 PHRASE 短语 **有用/没用** If something or someone is **of use**, they are useful. If they are **no use**, they are not at all useful.

The contents of this booklet should be **of use** to all students...

这本小册子的内容应该会对所有的学生都有用处。

I'm sorry, I've been **no use** to you.

对不起，我一点儿忙也没帮上。

useful ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **有用的；可用的；有助益的** If something is **useful**, you can use it to do something or to help you in some way.

The slow cooker is very **useful** for people who go out all day...

慢炖锅对于整天都不在家的人来说很有用。

Hypnotherapy can be **useful** in helping you give up smoking...

催眠疗法可能有助于你戒烟。

The police gained a great deal of **useful** information about the organization.

警方收集到了大量关于该组织的有用信息。

usefully

...the problems to which computers could be **usefully** applied...

可以利用计算机解决的问题

We need to find ways of dealing creatively and **usefully** with our feelings.

我们需要找到一些既有创意又实用的方法来调整我们的情绪。

usefulness

His interest lay in the **usefulness** of his work, rather than in any personal credit.

他的兴趣在于所从事的工作是有用的，而不在于什么个人荣誉。

2 PHRASE 短语 **有用；派得上用场** If an object or skill **comes in useful**, it can help you achieve something in a particular situation.

The accommodation is some distance from the clubhouse, so a hire car **comes in useful**.

住处离会所有一段距离，所以租一辆车会很有用。

usual ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **通常的；寻常的；惯常的** Usual is used to describe what happens or what is done most often in a particular situation.

It is a neighborhood beset by all the **usual** inner-city problems...

这是个为各种内城常见问题所困扰的社区。

She's smiling her **usual** friendly smile...

她脸上挂着她一贯的微笑。

After lunch there was a little more clearing up to do than **usual**...

午餐之后要做的清扫工作比平时略多。

We've had more press coverage in the last three weeks than in the **usual** three years...

过去的三个星期里，媒体对我们的报道比往常的三年还多。

It is **usual** to tip waiters, porters, guides and drivers.

给服务员、行李搬运工、导游和司机小费是惯例。

Usual is also a noun.

The stout barman in a bow tie presented himself to take their order. 'Good morning, sir. The **usual**?'

那名打着领结的矮胖酒吧招待走上前来请他们点餐。“早上好，先生们。还是平常那些吗？”

2 PHRASE 短语 **像平常一样；照例** You use **as usual** to indicate that you are describing something that normally happens or that is normally the case.

As **usual** there will be the local and regional elections on June the twelfth...

照例，6月12日将会进行地方及区域选举。

The front pages are, as **usual**, a mixture of domestic and foreign news.

像平常一样，头版上刊登着国内外新闻。

3 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指其他事情有变化时)照常** If something happens **as usual**, it happens in the way that it normally does, especially when other things have changed.

When somebody died everything went on **as usual**, as if it had never happened...

就算有人死了一切也都照常进行，好像什么事都没发生过。

With medication, life at home goes on **as usual**.

接受药物治疗后，家里的生活还能一切如常。

4 **business as usual** → see: [business](#) ;

usually ★★★★★

1 ADV 副词 **通常；惯常** If something **usually** happens, it is the thing that most often happens in a particular situation.

The best information about hotels **usually** comes

from friends and acquaintances who have been here...

关于酒店的最可靠信息通常来自曾经去过那里的朋友和熟人。

They ate, as they **usually** did, in the kitchen...

像平常一样，他们是在厨房吃的饭。

Usually, the work is boring...

这项工作通常枯燥乏味。

Offering only one loan, **usually** an installment loan, is part of the plan.

计划的一部分是只提供一笔贷款，通常是分期付款贷款。

2 PHRASE 短语 **比平时更...** You use **more than usually** to show that something shows even more of a particular quality than it normally does.

She felt **more than usually** hungry after her excursion...

远足后，她比平时感觉更饿。

He was **more than usually** depressed by problems at work.

工作上的问题使他异常沮丧。

variety ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **变化；多样化** If something has **variety**, it consists of things which are different from each other.

Susan's idea of freedom was to have **variety** in her life style...

苏珊心目中的自由就是拥有丰富多彩的生活。

I know no store anywhere in the world that has such **variety** and display...

我不知道世界上还有哪个商店的经营品种如此繁多，陈列如此美观。

The music itself has so much **variety**.

音乐本身就种类繁多。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **各式各样；多种多样** A **variety** of things is a number of different kinds or examples of the same thing.

West Hampstead has a **variety** of good shops and supermarkets...

西汉普斯特德有各种各样不错的店铺和超级市场。

The island offers such a wide **variety** of scenery and wildlife...

这个岛屿拥有丰富多样的景致及种类繁多的野生动物。

People change their mind for a **variety** of reasons.

人们会由于种种原因改变主意。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **品种；种类** A **variety** of something is a type of it.

I'm always pleased to try out a new **variety**...

我一直乐于尝试新产品。

She has 12 **varieties** of old-fashioned roses.

她有12种双花玫瑰。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **综艺表演；综艺节目** **Variety** is a type of entertainment which includes many different kinds of acts in the same show.

...a **variety** show of music, comedy, and magic.

汇集了音乐、喜剧及魔术表演的一档综艺节目

various ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 **各种各样的；不同种类的** If you say that there are **various** things, you mean there are several different things of the type mentioned.

His plan is to spread the capital between **various** building society accounts...

他打算把资金分散存到不同的购房互助会的账户上。

The school has received **various** grants from the education department.

学校得到了教育部门的多项资助。

2 ADJ 形容词 **迥异的；千差万别的** If a number of things are described as **various**, they are very different from one another.

The methods are many and **various**.

方法很多且各不相同。

...the country's rich and **various** heritage.

该国丰富多样的传统

vehicle ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **车辆；交通工具；运输工具** A **vehicle** is a machine such as a car, bus, or truck which has an engine and is used to carry people from place to place.

The **vehicle** would not have the capacity to make the journey on one tank of fuel.

这辆车单靠一箱燃料无法跑完整趟旅程。

...a **vehicle** which was somewhere between a tractor and a truck.

一种介于拖拉机和卡车之间的机动车

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(实现目的的)工具，手段，媒介** You can use **vehicle** to refer to something that you use in order to achieve a particular purpose.

Her art became a **vehicle** for her political beliefs...

艺术成了她表达政治信仰的工具。

The **vehicle** that permitted both communication and acceptability was social revolution.

既能实现交流又能被广为接受的手段就是社会革命。

version ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **变化形式；变体；版本** A **version** of something is a particular form of it in which some details are different from earlier or later forms.

...an updated **version** of his book...

他的书的最新版本

Ludo is a **version** of an ancient Indian racing game...

鲁多是由一种古印度竞赛游戏演变而来。

The second-hand **version** is a poor copy of the original.

盗版版本是对原版的低劣复制。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(某人对某事件区别于他人的)描述，说法** Someone's **version** of an event is their own description of it, especially when it is different to other people's.

Yesterday afternoon the White House put out a new **version** of events...

昨天下午，白宫对事件给出了另一种说法。

She and her friends wanted to go public with their **version** of the incident...

她和朋友们想把他们看到的事情经过公之于众。

There have been widely differing **versions** in the newspapers about the prison siege.

关于围攻监狱一事，各家报纸众说纷纭，莫衷一是。

victim ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **受害者；遇害者；遇难者** A **victim** is someone who has been hurt or killed.

Not all the **victims** survived...

并非所有受害者都得以幸存。

Statistically our chances of being the **victims** of violent crime are remote.

从统计数据来看，我们成为暴力犯罪受害者的可能性微乎其微。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(他人行为、信仰或恶劣环境的)牺牲品，受害者** A **victim** is someone who has suffered as a result of someone else's actions or beliefs, or as a result of unpleasant circumstances.

He was a **victim** of racial prejudice...

他是种族歧视的受害者。

He described himself and Altman as **victims** rather than participants in the scandal...

他把他自己和奥尔特曼描绘成这一丑闻的受害者而不是参与者。

Infectious diseases are spreading among many of the flood **victims**.

传染病正在遭受洪灾的很多灾民中蔓延。

3 PHRASE 短语 **成为...的牺牲品(或受害者)** If you **fall victim** to something or someone, you suffer as a result of them, or you are killed by them.

In the early 1960s, Blyton fell **victim** to Alzheimer's disease...

在19世纪60年代早期，布莱顿患上了老年痴呆症。

At Brussels airport he fell **victim** to pickpockets who pinched his wallet.

在布鲁塞尔机场，他被扒手盯上，钱包被偷走了。

victory ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **获胜；战胜；胜利** A **victory** is a success in a struggle, war, or competition.

Union leaders are heading for **victory** in their battle over workplace rights.

工会领袖们即将赢得争取工作场所权利斗争的胜利。

...the former Welsh rugby union skipper who led Great Britain to **victory** over France.

率领英国队战胜法国队的前威尔士橄榄球联队队长

2 PHRASE 短语 **精神胜利** If you say that someone has won a **moral victory**, you mean that although they have officially lost a contest or dispute, they have succeeded in showing they are right about something.

She said her party had won a **moral victory**...
她说她的党派虽败犹荣。

We stood up to the West, and that's a **moral victory**.

我们勇敢反抗了西方强权，这是一种精神上的胜利。

video ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **录像节目** A **video** is a film or television programme recorded on tape for people to watch on a television set.

We were watching **videos** with her.

我们当时在和她一起看录像。

...the makers of films and **videos**.

电影和录像的制作者

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **录像；录影** **Video** is the system of recording films and events on tape so that people can watch them on a television set.

She has watched the race on **video**.

她看了比赛的录像。

...manufacturers of audio and **video** equipment.

录音和录像设备的制造商

...lessons which use **video** and film.

使用录像和电影的课程

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **录像机** A **video** is a machine that you can use to record television programmes and play videotapes on a television set.

He'd set the **video** for 8.00.

他把录像机的时间设在8点钟。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 VCR

4 VERB 动词 **录制；制作...的录像** If you **video** a television programme or event, you record it on tape using a video recorder or video camera, so that you can watch it later.

She had been **videoing** the highlights of the tournament...

她一直在制作锦标赛集锦的录像。

The club specialises in **videoing** its student golfers to correct their faults.

俱乐部专门为高尔夫学员制作录像，以纠正他们的错误。

in AM, usually use 美国英语通常用 tape, videotape

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **视频播放软件** **Video** is a system by which you can see television images or films on your computer, rather than on a television set.

village ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **乡村；村庄；村落** A **village** consists of a group of houses, together with other buildings such as a church and a school, in a country area.

He lives quietly in the country in a **village** near Lahti.

他在拉赫蒂附近的一个乡村里过着平静的日子。

...the **village** school.

乡村学校

violence ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **暴力；暴行** **Violence** is behaviour which is intended to hurt, injure, or kill people.

Twenty people were killed in the **violence**...

有20人在这一暴力事件中丧生。

They threaten them with **violence**.

他们对其进行暴力威胁。

...domestic **violence** between husband and wife.

夫妻间的家庭暴力

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(言行的)狂暴，激烈，愤怒** If you do or say something with **violence**, you use a lot of force and energy in doing or saying it, often because you are angry.

'There's no need,' Amy said, with sudden **violence**...

“没有必要，”艾米突然激愤地说。

The **violence** in her tone gave Alistair a shock.

她语气之强烈令阿利斯泰尔深感震惊。

voice ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **嗓音；歌声；说话声** When someone speaks or sings, you hear their **voice**.

Miriam's **voice** was strangely calm...

米里亚姆的声音异乎寻常地平静。

'The police are here,' she said in a low **voice**...

“警察在这里，”她低声说。

There was a sound of loud **voices** from the kitchen...

厨房传来一阵喧闹声。

I ended up with bronchitis and no **voice**.

结果我得了支气管炎，不能说话了。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **观点；意见** Someone's **voice** is their opinion on a particular topic and what they say about it.

What does one do when a government simply refuses to listen to the **voice** of the opposition?...

当政府就是不肯听取反对意见时，你该怎么做呢？

There was no disagreement, there were no dissenting **voices**.

既没有争执，也没有异议。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **表达意见的权利；发言权** If you have a **voice** in something, you have the right to express an opinion on it.

Egypt is once again accepted as an important **voice** in Arab politics...

埃及再一次被认为是阿拉伯政治中的一个重要声音。

But your partners will have no **voice** in how you operate your company.

但是你的合伙人对你如何经营公司不会有发言权。

4 VERB 动词 **表达，吐露(观点或感情)** If you **voice** something such as an opinion or an emotion, you say what you think or feel.

Some scientists have **voiced** concern that the disease could be passed on to humans...

有些科学家表示了担忧，认为这种病可能传染给人类。

The predominant opinion **voiced** by Detroit's Arab population seems to be one of frustration.

底特律的阿拉伯人所表达的似乎主要是一种挫折感。

5 N-SING 单数名词 **主动语态/被动语态** In grammar, if a verb is in the **active voice**, the person who performs the action is the subject of the verb. If a verb is in the **passive voice**, the thing or person affected by the action is the subject of the verb.

6 PHRASE 短语 **(克服恐惧、惊讶或困难)开口说话** If someone **finds** their **voice**, they start to speak in spite of fear or surprise or difficult circumstances.

'Kurt Kohn was my paternal grandfather's name,' Laura said when she found her **voice**.

“库尔特·科恩是我祖父的名字，”克服了恐惧的劳拉开口说道。

7 PHRASE 短语 **(作家)形成个人风格，找到属于自己的写作主题** If you say that a writer **finds** his or her **voice**, you mean that he or she finds a style and subject matter that are personal and original.

The poems which he wrote in the trenches are generally agreed to be those in which he found his true **voice**.

他在战壕里创作的那些诗歌被公认为是他找到了自己声音的作品。

8 PHRASE 短语 **表达(观点)；表露(需求)；表白(心迹)** If you **give voice** to an opinion, a need, or a desire, you express it aloud.

...a community radio run by the Catholic Church which gave **voice** to the protests of the slum-dwellers.

一家由天主教会开办的、贫民区居民可以在其节目中表达抗议的社区电台

9 PHRASE 短语 **放低声音；轻声讲话** If someone tells you to **keep your voice down**, they are asking you to speak more quietly.

Keep your **voice** down, for goodness sake.

看在上天的份儿上，小点儿声。

10 PHRASE 短语 **(因病)失声，不能讲话** If you **lose your voice**, you cannot speak for a while because of an illness.

I had to be careful not to get a sore throat and lose my **voice**.

我必须得小心，免得嗓子痛，话都说不出来。

11 PHRASE 短语 **提高嗓门/任任嗓门** If you **raise your voice**, you speak more loudly. If you **lower your voice**, you speak more quietly.

He raised his **voice** for the benefit of the other two women...

为了让其他两个女人听清，他提高了嗓门。

She'd lowered her **voice** until it was barely audible.

她把嗓音压低到几乎听不见。

12 PHRASE 短语 **以最大的声音；声嘶力竭地** If you say something **at the top of your voice**, you say it as loudly as possible.

'Damn!' he yelled at the top of his **voice**.

“该死！”他声嘶力竭地喊道。

13 PHRASE 短语 **异口同声地；众口一词地** If a number of people say something **with one voice**, they all express the same opinion about something.

This would enable the community to speak with **one voice** in world affairs.

这将使该共同体在国际事务上能以一个声音讲话。

volume ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **量；数额** The **volume** of something is the amount of it that there is.

Senior officials will be discussing how the **volume** of sales might be reduced.

高层领导将要讨论销售量如何削减。

...the sheer **volume** of traffic and accidents.

交通流量之大、事故之多

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **体积；容积；容量** The **volume** of an object is the amount of space that it contains or occupies.

It is 2,300 metres above sea level, so a given **volume** of air contains only about one-third as much oxygen as it would at sea level...

这是在海拔2,300米的高空，因此一定体积空气的含氧量只有海平面处的约1/3。

When egg whites are beaten they can rise to seven or eight times their original **volume**.

蛋清打散后，体积可增至原来的七八倍。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 **书；书籍** A **volume** is a book.

...a 125-page **volume**.

一本125页的书

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(书籍的)卷，册** A **volume** is one book in a series of books.

...the first **volume** of his autobiography.

他自传的第一卷

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(杂志的)合集，合订本** A **volume** is a collection of several issues of a magazine, for example all the issues for one year.

...bound **volumes** of the magazine.

杂志的合订本

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(广播、电视或音响系统的)音量，声量，响度** The **volume** of a radio, television, or sound system is the loudness of the sound it produces.

He turned down the **volume**...

他调低了音量。

He came to complain about the **volume** of the music.

他过来抱怨音乐的音量太高了。

7 PHRASE 短语 **清楚表明；详尽说明；充分说明** If something such as an action **speaks volumes** about a person or thing, it gives you a lot of information about them.

What you wear **speaks volumes** about you...

你的衣着能传递很多关于你的信息。

Their absence **spoke volumes**.

他们的缺席已经充分说明了问题。

voter ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **选民；投票人；选举人** Voters are people who have the legal right to vote in elections, or people who are voting in a particular election.

The turnout was at least 62 percent of registered **voters**...

至少有62%的登记选民参加了投票。

Austrian **voters** went to the polls this weekend to elect a successor to the President.

奥地利选民这周末去投票中心选举下届总统。

warm ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **温暖的；暖和的** Something that is **warm** has some heat but not enough to be hot. →see usage note at: [hot](#)

Wheat is grown in places which have cold winters and **warm**, dry summers...

小麦适宜在冬季寒冷而夏季温暖干燥的地方生长。

Because it was **warm**, David wore only a white cotton shirt...

因为天气暖和，戴维只穿了一件白色的棉衬衣。

Dissolve the salt in the **warm** water.

把盐放在温水里溶解。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(衣物或毯子)保暖的，保温的** Warm clothes and blankets are made of a material such as wool which protects you from the cold.

They have been forced to sleep in the open without food or **warm** clothing...

他们被迫风餐露宿，吃不饱也穿不暖。

The bed had clean sheets and **warm** blankets.

床上是干净的被单和暖和的毯子。

warmly

Remember to wrap up **warmly** on cold days.

记得天冷时穿暖和些。

...**warmly** dressed.

穿得暖和

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **暖色调的；有暖感的** Warm colours have red or yellow in them rather than blue or green, and make you feel comfortable and relaxed.

We hope the colour gives the house a **warm** and inviting feel...

我们希望这种颜色能让房子给人一种暖意融融、宾至如归的感觉。

The basement hallway is painted a **warm** yellow.

地下室的走廊漆成了暖黄色。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **热心的；热情的；热烈的** A warm person is friendly and shows a lot of affection or enthusiasm in their behaviour.

She was a **warm** and loving mother...

她是一位热情慈爱的母亲。

'Wonderful!' he exclaimed, in the familiar **warm** voice that made everybody who knew him feel welcome...

“太棒了！”他欢呼道，他熟悉而热情的声音让所有认识他的人都感到如沐春风。

I would like to express my **warmest** thanks to the doctors.

我想向医生们表达我最由衷的感谢。

warmly

New members are **warmly** welcomed...

新成员受到了热烈的欢迎。

He greeted me **warmly**.

他热情地向我打招呼。

5 VERB 动词 **使暖和；让...取暖** If you **warm** a part of your body or if something hot warms it, it stops feeling cold and starts to feel hotter.

The sun had come out to **warm** his back...

太阳出来了，把他后背晒得暖洋洋的。

She went to **warm** her hands by the log fire.

她把手伸向木火堆取暖。

6 VERB 动词 **(对某人产生好感；对想法)开始感兴趣** If you **warm** to a person or an idea, you become fonder of the person or more interested in the idea.

Those who got to know him better **warmed** to his openness and honesty...

那些对他日渐了解的人被他的坦率和真诚所打动。

Elizabeth **warmed** to her theme as the letter continued with her favourite lament.

随着这封信接下来进入到伊丽莎白最喜欢抱怨的内容，她开始奔向主题。

相关词组：

[warm down](#) [warm up](#)

warn ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **提醒；警告** If you **warn** someone about something such as a possible danger or problem, you tell them about it so that they are aware of it.

When I had my first baby friends **warned** me that children were expensive...

当我有了第一个孩子时，朋友们提醒我说养孩子是很花钱的。

They **warned** him of the dangers of sailing alone...

他们警告他说独自航行危险重重。

Analysts **warned** that Europe's most powerful

economy may be facing trouble...

分析家警告说，欧洲最强大的经济体可能将面临困境。

He also warned of a possible anti-Western backlash.

他还警告有可能会对西方的强烈抵制。

2 VERB 动词 警告，告诫(不要做...) If you warn someone not to do something, you advise them not to do it so that they can avoid possible danger or punishment. →see usage note at: [avoid](#)

Mrs. Blount warned me not to interfere...

布朗特夫人警告我不要插手。

Children must be warned to stay away from main roads...

必须警告孩子们远离交通要道。

'Don't do anything yet,' he warned. 'Too risky.'...

“暂时不要采取行动，”他警告说，“太危险。”

'Keep quiet, or they'll all come out,' they warned him...

“别作声，否则他们全都出来了，”他们警告他。

I wish I'd listened to the people who warned me against having the operation...

我真希望自己当时听从了别人的劝告，没去做手术。

Mr Lowe warned against complacency.

洛先生告诫说不能自满。

3 CONVENTION 惯用语 小心；提防 If someone says to you 'be warned', they are advising you to be cautious, because there are risks that you may not have thought about.

But be warned: this is not a cheap option.

但要慎重：这个选择代价不菲。

相关词组：
[warn away](#) [warn off](#)

waste ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 浪费；白费 If you waste something such as time, money, or energy, you use too much of it doing something that is not important or necessary, or is unlikely to succeed.

There could be many reasons and he was not going to waste time speculating on them...

原因可能有很多，他不打算浪费时间对此妄加猜测。

I resolved not to waste money on a hotel...

我决心不住酒店，以免浪费钱。

The system wastes a large amount of water.

这套系统浪费了大量的水。

Waste is also a noun.

It is a waste of time going to the doctor with most mild complaints...

一点小毛病就去看医生是浪费时间。

I think that is a total waste of money.

我认为那完全是浪费金钱。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 浪费；滥用；糟蹋

Waste is the use of money or other resources on things that do not need it.

The packets are measured to reduce waste...

包裹的大小经过测量以减少浪费。

I hate waste.

我讨厌浪费。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 废物；废料 Waste is material which has been used and is no longer wanted, for example because the valuable or useful part of it has been taken out.

Congress passed a law that regulates the disposal of waste...

国会通过了一项规范废弃物处理的法律。

Up to 10 million tonnes of toxic wastes are produced every year in the UK.

英国每年会产生多达1,000万吨的有毒废弃物。

...the process of eliminating body waste.

身体排泄物的排出过程

4 VERB 动词 错过(机会) If you waste an opportunity for something, you do not take advantage of it when it is available.

Let's not waste an opportunity to see the children...

咱们别错过了看孩子们的机会。

It was a wasted opportunity.

这是一个错过了的良机。

5 VERB 动词 (因不被接受、理解等而) 浪费(建议等)；使徒劳无益 If you say that something is wasted on someone, you mean that there is no point giving it or telling it to them as they will not appreciate, understand, or pay any attention to it.

All the well-meant, sincere advice is largely wasted on him.

他对所有善意、真挚的建议基本都无动于衷。

6 ADJ 形容词 (尤指市内或市郊的土地) 荒芜的，荒废的 Waste land is land, especially in or near a city, which is not used or looked after by anyone, and so is covered by wild plants and rubbish.

There was a patch of waste land behind the church...

教堂的后面有一块荒地。

Yarrow can be found growing wild in fields and on waste ground.

田野里和荒地上会疯长薔草。

7 N-PLURAL 复数名词 荒漠；沙漠 Wastes are a large area of land, for example a desert, in which there are very few people, plants, or animals.

...the barren wastes of the Sahara.

贫瘠的撒哈拉沙漠

8 See also: [wasted](#) ;

9 PHRASE 短语 被浪费；被糟蹋掉 If something goes to waste, it remains unused or has to be thrown away.

So much of his enormous effort and talent will go to waste if we are forced to drop one hour of the film...

如果我们被迫把电影缩短1小时，那么他付出的许多努力就会白费，他的才华也将大半被淹没。

Mexican cookery is economical, she says.

Nothing goes to waste.

“墨西哥的烹调注重俭省，”她说，“任何东西都不会浪费。”

10 PHRASE 短语 摧毁；把...变为荒地 If something or someone lays waste an area or town or lays waste to it, they completely destroy it.

The war has laid waste large regions of the countryside.

这场战争摧毁了大片村庄。

...cities laid waste by the decline of traditional industries...

因传统工业衰落而没落的城市

The aphid is now laying waste to the wheat and barley fields.

蚜虫正在毁掉一片片的小麦和大麦田地。

11 PHRASE 短语 勤俭节约，吃穿不缺 The expression waste not, want not means that if you do not use too much of something now you will have some left later when you need it.

...a nation that prides itself on its 'waste not, want not' thrift and its environmental conscience.

为其“俭以防匮”的节俭作风和环保意识而自豪的国家

12 to waste your breath →see: [breath](#) ;

to waste no time →see: [time](#) ;

相关词组：
[waste away](#)

wave ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 挥(手)示意(或致意) If you wave or wave your hand, you move your hand from side to side in the air, usually in order to say hello or goodbye to someone.

Jessica caught sight of Lois and waved to her...

杰茜卡看到了洛伊丝，就冲她挥手致意。

He waved at the waiter, who rushed to the table...

他冲服务员招了招手，服务员就急忙跑到桌边。

He grinned, waved, and said, 'Hi!'...

他咧嘴笑了笑，挥挥手说：“嗨！”

Elaine turned and waved her hand lazily and left.

伊莱恩转过身，懒懒地挥了一下手就走了。

Wave is also a noun.

Steve stopped him with a wave of the hand...

史蒂夫摆摆手让他停下来了。

Paddy spotted Mary Ann and gave her a cheery wave.

帕迪看到玛丽·安后高兴地冲她挥挥手。

2 VERB 动词 挥手示意(方向)；挥手指引 If you wave someone away or wave them on, you make a movement with your hand to indicate that they

should move in a particular direction.

Leshka waved him away with a show of irritation...

廖什克恼火地挥手让他离开。

He waited for a policeman to stop the traffic and wave the people on...

他等着警察来让车辆停下，指挥人们前行。

He waved the servants out of the tent.

他挥手让仆人们退到帐篷外。

3 VERB 动词 **挥舞** If you wave something, you hold it up and move it rapidly from side to side.

Hospital staff were outside to welcome him, waving flags and applauding...

医院的工作人员都在外面一边挥动旗子一边鼓掌欢迎他。

She was apt to raise her voice and wave her hands about.

她经常会提高嗓门，双手胡乱挥舞。

-waving

Hundreds of banner-waving demonstrators took to the streets.

几百名挥舞着标语的游行示威者涌上街头。

...a flag-waving crowd.

挥舞着旗帜的人群

-waving

There will be marching bands and plenty of flag-waving.

届时将会彩旗飘扬并伴有军乐游行。

4 VERB 动词 **飘动；摆动；起伏** If something waves, it moves gently from side to side or up and down.

...grass and flowers waving in the wind.

随风摇曳的花草

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **波浪；(尤指)海浪** A wave is a raised mass of water on the surface of water, especially the sea, which is caused by the wind or by tides making the surface of the water rise and fall.

...the sound of the waves breaking on the shore.

海浪拍岸的声音

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(头发的)波浪卷，鬈曲** If someone's hair has waves, it curves slightly instead of being straight.

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 **冲击波** A wave is a sudden increase in heat or energy that spreads out from an earthquake or explosion.

The shock waves of the earthquake were felt in Teheran...

地震带来的冲击波在德黑兰也能感觉到。

The blast wave crushed the breath from Neil, but he survived.

爆炸冲击波震得尼尔喘不过气来，不过他还是得以幸存。

8 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(声、光、无线电等的)波** Waves are the form in which things such as sound, light, and radio signals travel.

Sound waves, light waves, and radio waves have a certain frequency, or number of waves per second.

声波、光波或无线电波等都有特定的频率，或者说每秒的波数。

9 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(情绪的)突发，高涨** If you refer to a wave of a particular feeling, you mean that it increases quickly and becomes very intense, and then often decreases again.

She felt a wave of panic, but forced herself to leave the room calmly...

她感到一阵恐慌，但还是强作镇定地离开了房间。

A wave of sympathy for her swept Ireland...

爱尔兰举国上下都同情她。

The loneliness and grief comes in waves.

孤独和悲伤不断涌上心头。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(活动、行为的)爆发，浪潮** A wave is a sudden increase in a particular activity or type of behaviour, especially an undesirable or unpleasant one.

...the current wave of violence.

目前的暴力浪潮

...an even newer crime wave.

更新一波的犯罪风潮

...the shortages of bread, meat and gasoline that have hit Moscow in waves over the summer.

这个夏天里莫斯科接连遭受了缺粮、少肉和汽油短缺的打击

11 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(突然涌向某处的)人流** A wave is a sudden increase in the number of people moving somewhere.

A wave of immigrants is washing over Western Europe.

移民潮正席卷西欧。

12 N-COUNT 可数名词 **人群形成的波浪；人浪** If a crowd of people do the wave, each person in the crowd stands up and puts their arms in the air after the person to one side of them, then sits down again, creating a continuous wave-like motion through the crowd.

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 Mexican wave

13 See also: [long wave](#) ; [medium wave](#) ; [Mexican wave](#) ; [new wave](#) ; [short-wave](#) ; [tidal wave](#) ;

相关词组：

[wave aside](#) [wave down](#)

weak ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(身体)虚弱的，无力的** If someone is weak, they are not healthy or do not have good muscles, so that they cannot move quickly or carry heavy things.

I was too weak to move or think or speak...

我太虚弱了，无法动弹，无法思考，也无法说话。

His arms and legs were weak.

他的四肢虚弱无力。

weakly

'I'm all right,' Max said weakly, but his breathing came in jagged gasps...

“我没事，”马克斯软弱无力地说，但他的呼吸却上气不接下气。

He weakly pressed his arms against her sides.

他无力地搂着她的腰。

weakness

Symptoms of anaemia include weakness, fatigue and iron deficiency.

贫血的症状包括虚弱、疲劳和缺铁。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(器官或感官)功能差的，受损伤的** If someone has an organ or sense that is weak, it is not very effective or powerful, or is likely to fail.

Until the beating, Cantanco's eyesight had been weak, but adequate...

挨打前坎坦科的视力就一直很弱，不过也还勉强看得见。

She tired easily and had a weak heart.

她很容易疲劳，心脏也不好。

3 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **意志薄弱的；懦弱的** If you describe someone as weak, you mean that they are not very confident or determined, so that they are often frightened or worried, or easily influenced by other people.

He was a nice doctor, but a weak man who wasn't going to stick his neck out...

他是位为人和薄的医生，但胆小怕事，不敢冒什么风险。

You have been conditioned to believe that it is weak to be scared.

你已经习惯性地认为害怕就是软弱。

weakness

Many people felt that admitting to stress was a sign of weakness.

许多人认为承认有压力是意志薄弱的表现。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(声音或笑容)微弱的，不热情的，无力的** If you describe someone's voice or smile as weak, you mean that it is not very loud or big, suggesting that the person lacks confidence, enthusiasm, or physical strength.

His weak voice was almost inaudible...

他的声音微弱，几乎听不见。

He managed a weak smile.

他勉强挤出一丝笑容。

weakly

He smiled weakly at reporters.

他对着记者们勉强笑了笑。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **不牢固的；易破的；易坏的** If an object or surface is weak, it breaks easily and cannot support a lot of weight or resist a lot of strain.

The owner said the bird may have escaped through a **weak spot** in the aviary...

鸟的主人说这只鸟可能是从鸟舍一处不结实的地方逃走的。

Swimming is helpful for bones that are porous and **weak**.

游泳有助于改善骨质疏松和骨骼脆弱。

6 ADV-GRADED 副词 **无力度的；无强度的** A **weak physical force** does not have much power or intensity.

The molecules in regular liquids are held together by relatively **weak bonds**...

常规液体里分子之间的键合力相对较弱。

Strong winds can turn boats when the tide is **weak**.

潮水小的时候强风可以让船只改变航向。

...the **weak winter sun**.

冬日清冷的太阳

weakly

The mineral is **weakly magnetic**...

这种矿物带有轻微的磁性。

Down through the trees the wind whooshed **weakly**, like a sick child.

风慵懒地吹过树木，像个病殃殃的孩子。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **无权力的；无权威的；无影响力的** If individuals or groups are **weak**, they do not have any power or influence.

The council was too **weak** to do anything about it.

市政会手中无权，对此无能为力。

The weak are people who are weak. **弱势群体**

He voiced his solidarity with the **weak** and defenceless.

他表示自己同弱势和无助群体站在一起。

weakness

It made me feel patronised, in a position of **weakness**.

这让我觉得自己软弱无能，蒙人恩惠。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(政府或领导人) 软弱无力的** A **weak government or leader** does not have much control, and is not prepared or able to act firmly or severely.

The changes come after mounting criticism that the government is **weak** and indecisive...

随着对政府软弱和优柔寡断的批评愈演愈烈，情况终于有了变化。

The chief editorial writer also blames **weak leadership** for the current crisis.

首席社论员也把当前的危机归咎于领导层软弱无力。

weakly

...the **weakly-led** movement for reform.

领导不力的改革运动

weakness

Officials fear that he might interpret the emphasis on diplomacy as a sign of **weakness**.

官员们担心他会把对外交的重视理解为软弱的表现。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(货币、经济、产业、政府等) 疲软的，有崩溃危险的** If you describe something such as a country's currency, economy, industry, or government as **weak**, you mean that it is not successful, and may be likely to fail or collapse.

The **weak dollar** means American goods are relative bargains for foreigners...

美元疲软意味着美国的产品对外国人来说相对便宜。

When the economy is **weak**, it's very hard for suppliers to raise their prices.

经济疲软时供货商很难提价。

weakness

The **weakness** of his regime is showing more and more...

其政权不稳逐渐显现出来。

The pound's **weakness** compounded the widespread gloom in the City.

英镑的疲软加重了笼罩在伦敦金融区上空的惨淡密云。

10 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(论据等) 不充分的，没有说服力的；(逻辑) 不周密的** If something such as an argument or case is **weak**, it is not convincing or there is little evidence to support it.

Do you think the prosecution made any particular errors, or did they just have a **weak case**?...

你认为公诉人犯了什么错误呢，还是根本就是证据不足？

The claim exposed a **weak point** in the structure of facts upon which his argument rested...

这一主张暴露了支撑他论点的论据结构的一个弱点。

The evidence against him was **weak and insufficient**.

指控他的证据不足且无说服力。

weakly

The doctor **weakly** puts the case that the mother-to-be has many relatives, so needs less support from the hospital.

那个大夫还草率认为这位准妈妈有不少亲戚，因此不需要医院过多的帮助。

weakness

...the strengths and **weaknesses** of the government's case...

政府一方的优势和弱点

The Law recognises the **weakness** of claims based on retrospective knowledge.

法律基于追溯效力的相关规定认定索赔证据不足。

11 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **稀薄的；稀释的** A **weak drink**, chemical, or drug contains very little of a particular substance, for example because a lot of water has been added to it.

...a cup of **weak tea**...

一杯淡茶

...a very **weak bleach solution**.

高度稀释的漂白剂

12 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(能力等) 弱的，差的** Your **weak points** are the qualities or talents you do not possess, or the things you are not very good at.

You may very well be asked what your **weak points** are. Don't try to claim you don't have any...

你很可能被问到有什么缺点。不要试图声称自己没有任何缺点。

Geography was my **weak subject**...

地理是我的弱项。

His short stories tend to be **weak on plot**.

他的短篇小说往往情节牵强。

weakness

His only **weakness** is his temperament...

他唯一的缺点就是他那脾气。

There's some **weakness** in their teaching ability.

他们的授课能力有些欠缺。

13 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(下巴) 瘦小的；(尤指) 性格懦弱的** You can say that someone has a **weak chin** to indicate that their chin is not large, especially when you want to suggest that they do not have a strong character.

She was a plain-looking woman with a **weak chin**.

她相貌平平，性格懦弱。

14 See also: [weakness](#) ;

weapon ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **武器；兵器** A **weapon** is an object such as a gun, a knife, or a missile, which is used to kill or hurt people in a fight or a war.

...nuclear **weapons**.

核武器

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(用于应付困境的) 工具，手段** A **weapon** is something such as knowledge about a particular subject, which you can use to protect yourself or to get what you want in a difficult situation.

I attack politicians with the one **weapon** they don't have, a sense of humor.

我运用一种政客不具备的武器攻击他们，那就是幽默感。

wear ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **穿；戴；佩戴** When you **wear** something such as clothes, shoes, or jewellery, you have them on your body or on part of your body.

He was **wearing** a brown uniform...

他当时穿着褐色的制服。

I sometimes **wear** contact lenses...

我有时戴隐形眼镜。

She can't make her mind up what to **wear**.

她拿不定主意穿什么。

2 VERB 动词 **留着，蓄着发、须等** If you wear your hair or beard in a particular way, you have it cut or styled in that way.

She wore her hair in a long braid...

她梳着一根长辫子。

He wore a full moustache.

他留着浓密的八字须。

3 VERB 动词 **呈现，流露出 (...表情)** If you wear a particular expression, that expression is on your face and shows the emotions that you are feeling.

When we drove through the gates, she wore a look of amazement...

我们驶过大门时，她流露出惊讶的神情。

Milson's face wore a satisfied expression.

米尔森一脸的心满意足。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(特定时候或场合穿的)服装** You use wear to refer to clothes that are suitable for a certain time or place. For example, evening wear is clothes suitable for the evening.

The shop stocks an extensive range of beach wear...

这家商店备有各式各样的沙滩服装。

Bring informal casual wear.

带上休闲的衣服。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **耐用性；使用率；使用形式** Wear is the amount or type of use that something has over a period of time.

You'll get more wear out of a hat if you choose one in a neutral colour...

如果你选个中性颜色的帽子，戴的时间会更多一些。

Rugs in the bedrooms got much less wear.

卧室里的小毯子用得少多了。

Usage Note :

After you get up in the morning, you **get dressed**, or you **dress**, by **putting on** your clothes. *He put on his shoes and socks.* Small children and sick people may be unable to **dress themselves**, so someone else has to **dress** them. When you are **dressed**, you are **wearing** your clothes, or you **have** them on. *Edith had her hat on...* They ought to stop walking round the house with nothing on. During the day you might want to **get changed**, or to **change**, or to **change** your clothes. *She returned having changed from trousers into a skirt...* Adams changed his shirt a couple of times a day. Before you go to bed, you **get undressed**, or you **undress**, by **taking off** your clothes. *He won't take his clothes off in front of me.* See also note at **clothes**.

早上起来后，要穿好衣服(get dressed 或 dress)，而put on 表示穿衣服这个动作：He put on his shoes and socks (他穿上鞋袜)。小孩和病人可能无法自己穿衣服(dress themselves)，所以得有人给他们穿衣服(dress them)。穿好衣服(be dressed)后，就是穿着衣服(be wearing sth 或 have sth on)：Edith had her hat on (伊迪丝戴着帽子)，They ought to stop walking round the house with nothing on (他们不应当什么也不穿就在屋子里四处走动)。白天可能会想要换衣服(get changed, change 或change sth)：She returned having changed from trousers into a skirt (她回来时长裤已换成了短裙)，Adams changed his shirt a couple of times a day (亚当斯一天换几次衬衫)。上床睡觉前，要脱掉衣服(get undressed 或 undress)，take off 表示脱衣服这个动作：He won't take his clothes off in front of me (他不肯当着我的面脱衣服)。亦参见 clothes 词条下的说明。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **磨损；损坏** Wear is the damage or change that is caused by something being used a lot or for a long time.

...a large, well-upholstered armchair which showed signs of wear.

有磨损痕迹、配垫考究的大扶手椅

7 VERB 动词 **磨损；用旧** If something wears, it becomes thinner or weaker because it is constantly being used over a long period of time.

The stone steps, dating back to 1855, are beginning to wear...

那些可以追溯到1855年的石阶开始出现磨损。

Your horse needs new shoes if the shoe has worn thin or smooth.

如果马掌磨损或磨平，就需要换新马掌了。

8 VERB 动词 **耐用；耐久** You can use wear to talk about how well something lasts over a period of time. For example, if something wears well, it still seems quite new or useful after a long time or a lot of use.

Casual shoes need to wear well...

休闲鞋得耐穿。

Ten years on, the original concept was wearing well.

10年过去了，原先的概念仍不过时。

9 PHRASE 短语 **(尤指女性)当家，掌权(英国英语中用wear the trousers)** If one person in a couple, especially the woman, wears the pants, or in British English wears the trousers, they are the one who makes all the decisions.

She may give the impression that she wears the trousers but it's Tim who makes the final decisions.

她让人觉得是她当家，但实际上是蒂姆说了算。

10 PHRASE 短语 **(耐心等)逐渐消失** If your patience or temper is wearing thin, you are becoming annoyed and are likely to get angry soon.

Her husband was sympathetic at first but his patience soon wore thin.

一开始她丈夫还抱以同情，可不久就失去耐心了。

11 PHRASE 短语 **(因听说的次数太多而)失去趣味，令人厌烦** If you say that something is wearing thin, you mean that people do not find it funny or interesting any more and are becoming annoyed with it, because they have seen or heard it so many times.

Some of Wilson's eccentricities are beginning to wear thin.

人们逐渐对威尔逊的古怪行为失去了兴趣。

12 PHRASE 短语 **劳累的；虚弱的；喝醉的** If you say that someone is the worse for wear, you mean that they are tired, ill, or in a bad state because they have been very active, been through a difficult experience, or been drinking alcohol.

He arrived on January 9, disheveled and much the worse for wear.

他是1月9号到的，蓬头垢面，疲惫不堪。

相关词组：

[wear away](#) [wear down](#) [wear off](#) [wear on](#) [wear out](#)

weather ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **天气** The weather is the condition of the atmosphere in one area at a particular time, for example if it is raining, hot, or windy.

The weather was bad...

天气很糟。

I like cold weather...

我喜欢冷天。

Fishing is possible in virtually any weather.

几乎任何天气里都可以钓鱼。

...the weather conditions.

天气情况

If you say that someone does something **in all weathers**, you mean that they do it regularly whether the weather is good or bad. **无论天气好坏；风雨无阻**

They go out in all weathers.

无论天气好坏他们都会外出。

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)风化；(使)褪色；(使)受到侵蚀** If something such as wood or rock weathers or is weathered, it changes colour or shape as a result of the wind, sun, rain, or cold.

Unpainted wooden furniture weathers to a grey colour...

没有上漆的木制家具会褪成灰色。

This rock has been weathered and eroded.

这块岩石经风吹日晒已被侵蚀。

weathered

The facade of the building was a little weathered...

楼正面有点儿斑驳。

The man had a worn, weathered face.

这个男人有张饱经沧桑的脸。

3 VERB 动词 **经受住，渡过(难关等)** If you weather a difficult time or a difficult situation, you survive it and are able to continue normally after it has passed or ended. **to weather the storm**→see: [storm](#) ;

The company has weathered the recession...

这家公司从经济萧条中挺了过来。

The government has **weathered** its worst political crisis.

政府平安度过了其最严重的政治危机。

4 PHRASE 短语 **警惕；密切注意；留心观察** If you **keep a weather eye on** someone or something, you stay alert so that you will notice if anything unpleasant happens.

Street committees **keep a weather eye on** the families in their district.

街道委员会留意所辖区域内的家家户户。

5 PHRASE 短语 **夸大...的困难；对...小题大做** If you say that someone is **making heavy weather of** a task, you are critical of them because they are doing it in an inefficient way and are making it seem more difficult than it really is.

Some of the riders in this section made **heavy weather of** the cross-country race.

这个环节的部分骑手夸大了这场越野比赛的困难。

6 PHRASE 短语 **身体不适；微恙** If you say that you are **under the weather**, you mean that you feel slightly ill.

I was still feeling a bit **under the weather**.

我仍觉得身体有些不舒服。

weekend ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 **周末** A **weekend** is Saturday and Sunday.

She had agreed to have dinner with him in town the following **weekend**...

她答应下一个周末和他在城里共进晚餐。

He told me to give you a call over the **weekend**.

他让我周末给你打个电话。

weight ★★★★★

1 N-VAR 可变名词 **重量；分量；体重** The **weight** of a person or thing is how heavy they are, measured in units such as kilograms, pounds, or tons.

What is your height and **weight**?...

你的身高和体重是多少？

This reduced the **weight** of the load...

这减轻了负荷的重量。

Turkeys can reach enormous **weights** of up to 50 pounds.

火鸡能重达50磅。

If someone **loses weight**, they become lighter. If they **gain weight** or **put on weight**, they become heavier. **体重减轻/增加；变瘦/变胖**

I'm lucky really as I never **put on weight**...

我很幸运，因为我的体重从来没有增加过。

He lost two stone in **weight** during his time there.

他在那儿的时候体重下降了2英石。

Usage Note :

In British English, a person's weight is normally measured in **stones** and **pounds**. A **stone** is equivalent to 14 pounds, or 6.35 kilograms. When you are mentioning someone's weight, you often omit the word **pounds**, and **stone** usually has a singular form although its meaning is plural. *Jodie confessed she now weighed 9 stone 12.* In American English, **pounds** and **kilos** are used. *I weigh 110 pounds.*

在英国英语中，体重的衡量单位通常是英石或磅。1英石相当于14磅或6.35千克。提到某人的体重时，常常省略“磅”，而英石通常用单数形式表示复数概念：Jodie confessed she now weighed 9 stone 12 (乔迪承认她现在体重有9英石12磅)。美国英语中用磅和千克：I weigh 110 pounds (我重110磅)。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **过重；分量重** A person's or thing's **weight** is the fact that they are very heavy.

His **weight** was harming his health...

他体重过重，这有损他的健康。

Despite the vehicle's size and **weight** it is not difficult to drive.

尽管车子很大很重，但它一点都不难开。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **重心** If you move your **weight**, you change position so that most of the pressure of your body is on a particular part of your body.

He shifted his **weight** from one foot to the other...

他把重心从一只脚转到另一只脚上。

He kept the **weight** from his left leg.

他一直不让左腿受力。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **哑铃；杠铃片** **Weights** are objects which weigh a known amount and which people lift as a form of exercise.

I was in the gym lifting **weights**.

我在健身房举哑铃。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **砝码；秤砣；秤锤** **Weights** are metal objects which weigh a known amount and which are used on a set of scales to weigh other things.

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 **(尤指需举起的)重物** You can refer to a heavy object as a **weight**, especially when you have to lift it.

Straining to lift heavy **weights** can lead to a rise in blood pressure.

用力提重物会导致血压升高。

7 VERB 动词 **加重量子；使负重** If you **weight** something, you make it heavier by adding something to it, for example in order to stop it from moving easily.

It can be sewn into curtain hems to **weight** the curtain and so allow it to hang better.

可以把它缝到窗帘的褶边里增加重量，使窗帘更有垂感。

8 VERB 动词 **权衡...的价值；加权重于** If you **weight** things, you give them different values according to how important or significant they are.

...a computer program which **weights** the different transitions according to their likelihood...

根据可能性的大小对不同转换进行加权处理的电脑程序

This takes account of the number of countries in which a company wins approval for a new drug, **weighted** by the size of each country's market.

这考虑到了允许一家公司的新药在本国上市的国家数量，并依照每个国家的市场规模权衡其重要性。

9 N-VAR 可变名词 **权重；重要性** If something is given a particular **weight**, it is given a particular value according to how important or significant it is.

The scientists involved put different **weight** on the conclusions of different models...

相关科学家对不同模型的结论给予不同的权重。

We had this understanding that courses were roughly the same **weight**.

我们已经了解到各门功课差不多一样重要。

10 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **(事物的)分量，重量，重压** If you talk about **the weight of** something, you mean that it is large in amount or has great power, which means that it is difficult to oppose or fight against.

The **weight of** expectation was getting to them...

他们逐渐感觉到了期望带来的压力。

Companies found themselves collapsing under the **weight of** debts.

许多公司发现自己因债台高筑而濒临倒闭。

11 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **重要性；分量** If someone or something gives **weight** to what a person says, thinks, or does, they emphasize its significance.

The fact that he is gone has given more **weight** to fears that he may try to launch a civil war...

他已经离开这一事实让人更担心他会发动一场内战。

Do you think, perhaps, that what happened today might lend **weight** to that criticism?

你觉得今天发生的事情可能会使那种批评加剧吗？

12 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **重要性；影响力** If you give something or someone **weight**, you consider them to be very important or influential in a particular situation.

Consumers generally place more **weight** on negative information than on the positive when deciding what to buy.

消费者在决定要买什么东西的时候往往更重视负面消息，而不是正面消息。

...the overwhelming **weight** Freud assigned parents in our development.

弗洛伊德认为父母在我们的成长过程中所起到的举足轻重的作用。

13 N-SING 单数名词 **负担；重担** If you feel a **weight** on you, you have a problem or a responsibility that is difficult for you to manage and that you are very worried about.

The relief was indescribable. It was freedom after years of slavery. A great **weight** lifted from me.

如释重负的感觉是难以言喻的。这是受多年奴役之后的自由。我卸下了一个重担。

14 See also: [dead weight](#) ;

15 PHRASE 短语 **有分量；有影响力** If a person or their opinion carries **weight**, they are respected and are able to influence people.

That argument no longer carries as much **weight**...

那个论点不再具有那么大的影响力了。

Senator Kerry carries considerable **weight** in Washington.

参议员克里在华盛顿举足轻重。

16 PHRASE 短语 **非常有价值；十分重要** If you say that someone or something is **worth their weight in gold**, you are emphasizing that they are so useful, helpful, or valuable that you feel you could not manage without them.

Any successful manager is worth his **weight in gold**.

任何一个成功的管理者都是千金难求的。

17 PHRASE 短语 **尽本分；做好分内事** If you **pull your weight**, you work as hard as everyone else who is involved in the same task or activity.

He accused the team of not **pulling their weight**.

他指责这个团队没有尽到本分。

18 PHRASE 短语 **仗势欺人；盛气凌人** If someone **throws their weight around** or **throws their weight about**, they act aggressively and use their authority over other people more than they need to.

19 PHRASE 短语 **(利用自己的影响等)全力相助，鼎力支持** If you **throw your weight behind** a person, plan, or campaign, you use all your influence and do everything you can to support them.

The administration is **throwing its full weight** behind the UN plan.

该政府正鼎力支持这项联合国计划。

20 a **weight off your mind**→see: [mind](#) ;

相关词组：

[weight down](#)

welcome ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **欢迎；迎接** If you **welcome** someone, you greet them in a friendly way when they arrive somewhere.

Several people came by to **welcome** me...

有几个人过来迎接我。

She was there to **welcome** him home from war...

她在那儿迎接他从战场归来。

The delegates received a welcoming speech by the President.

总统致词欢迎代表们。

Welcome is also a noun.

There would be a fantastic **welcome** awaiting him back here.

为了迎接他回来，这里将举行一个热烈的欢迎仪式。

2 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(用于表示问候)欢迎来到...** You use **welcome** in expressions such as **welcome home**, **welcome to London**, and **welcome back** when you are greeting someone who has just arrived somewhere.

Welcome to Washington...

欢迎来到华盛顿。

Welcome back, Deborah—It's good to have you here.

欢迎回来，德博拉，有你在哪儿真好。

3 VERB 动词 **欣然接受** If you **welcome** an action, decision, or situation, you approve of it and are pleased that it has occurred.

She **welcomed** this move but said that overall the changes didn't go far enough...

她欣然接受了这一举措，但是说总体上改变还不彻底。

In Germany, the move was **welcomed** by the Bundesbank president.

在德国，联邦银行行长欣然接受了这项措施。

Welcome is also a noun.

Environmental groups have given a guarded **welcome** to the Prime Minister's proposal.

环保组织对首相的提议表示谨慎的欢迎。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **受欢迎的；令人愉快的** If you describe something as **welcome**, you mean that people wanted it and are happy that it has occurred.

This was certainly a **welcome** change of fortune...

这确实是命运中一个令人欣喜的转变。

The new 25 metre pool for more serious swimmers is a **welcome** addition...

为更高水平的游泳爱好者新建的25米长的游泳池受到了大家的欢迎。

Any progress in reducing chemical weapons is **welcome**.

削减化学武器的任何进展都是受人欢迎的。

5 VERB 动词 **欢迎；乐于接受** If you say that you **welcome** certain people or actions, you are inviting and encouraging people to do something, for example to come to a particular place.

We **welcome** you to join us on a special tour which explores this unique Australian attraction...

我们欢迎你加入探索这处独特的澳大利亚景观的特别之旅。

We would **welcome** your views about the survey.

我们欢迎你就这项调查发表意见。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(人)受欢迎的** If you say that someone is **welcome** in a particular place, you are encouraging them to go there by telling them that they will be liked and accepted.

New members are always **welcome**...

随时欢迎新成员加入。

I told him he wasn't **welcome** in my home.

我告诉他我家不欢迎他。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **可随意的；可以做...的** If you tell someone that they are **welcome** to do something, you are encouraging them to do it by telling them that they are allowed to do it.

You are **welcome** to visit the hospital at any time.

你可以随时来医院。

...a conservatory which guests are **welcome** to use.

客人们可随意使用的温室

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **(表示十分乐意让别人拥有自己不想要的东西)尽管...好了** If you say that someone is **welcome** to something, you mean that you do not want it yourself because you do not like it and you are very willing for them to have it.

If women want to take on the business world they are **welcome** to it as far as I'm concerned.

就我而言，如果女人们想进军商界的话，就让她们去好了。

9 See also: [welcoming](#) ;

10 PHRASE 短语 **使受欢迎；使感觉受欢迎** If you **make someone welcome** or **make them feel welcome**, you make them feel happy and accepted in a new place.

11 PHRASE 短语 **(做客太久而)不再受欢迎** If you say that someone **outstays their welcome** or **overstays their welcome**, you mean that they stay somewhere longer than they are wanted or expected to.

After the kindness that had been shown to him, he didn't want to **outstay his welcome**.

在受到热情款待后，他决定离开以免过多打扰主人。

12 CONVENTION 惯用语 **没关系；不客气** You say 'You're **welcome**' to someone who has thanked you for something in order to acknowledge their thanks in a polite way.

'Thank you for the information.' — 'You're **welcome**.'

“谢谢你提供的信息。”——“不客气。”

whatever ★★★★★

1 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 **任何...的事物；凡是...的东西** You use **whatever** to refer to anything or everything of a particular type.

Franklin was free to do pretty much **whatever** he pleased...

富兰克林几乎可以做自己喜欢做的任何事情。

When you're older I think you're better equipped mentally to cope with **whatever** happens...

你年龄再大一些后，我想你就会有更强的心理承受能力来面对所发生的任何事。

He's good at **whatever** he does.

他做事样样出色。

Whatever is also a determiner.

Whatever doubts he might have had about Ingrid were all over now.

他对英格丽德可能存有的疑虑现在全都烟消云散了。

2 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 **不管什么；无论什么** You use **whatever** to say that something is the case in all circumstances.

We shall love you **whatever** happens, Diana...

戴安娜，不管发生什么，我们都爱你。

People will judge you **whatever** you do...

不论你做什么，人们都会品头论足。

She runs about 15 miles a day every day, **whatever** the weather.

她每天都会跑大约15英里，不管什么天气。

3 ADV 副词 (用于名词词组后，**强调否定陈述**) **任何，丝毫** You use **whatever** after a noun group in order to emphasize a negative statement.

There is no evidence **whatever** that competition in broadcasting has ever reduced costs...

没有任何证据表明，广播业的竞争使成本有所降低。

I have nothing **whatever** to say.

我无话可说。

4 QUEST 疑问词 (**强调询问语气**) **究竟，到底** You use **whatever** to ask in an emphatic way about something which you are very surprised about.

Whatever can you mean?...

你到底是什么意思？

Whatever is the matter with you both?

你们俩究竟怎么回事？

5 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 (用于表示不清楚刚才所提到事物的准确特征、含义、价值等) **不管什么，随便怎样**

You use **whatever** when you are indicating that you do not know the precise identity, meaning, or value of the thing just mentioned.

I thought that my upbringing was 'normal', **whatever** that is...

我认为我的成长过程甭管怎么说还算“正常”。

'I love you,' he said. — 'Whatever that means,' she said.

他说：“我爱你。”——她说：“你懂什么是爱吗？”

6 PHRASE 短语 **诸如此类** You say **or whatever** to refer generally to something else of the same kind as the thing or things that you have just mentioned.

You may like a Malt whisky that is peatier, or smokier, or sweeter, or **whatever**.

你可能想来一杯麦芽威士忌，炭香味重些的、烟熏味重些的或者更甘甜些的，或者什么别的口味的。

7 CONVENTION 惯用语 (**表示勉强接受**) **随便你怎么说** You say '**whatever you say**' to indicate that you accept what someone has said, even though you do not really believe them or do not think it is a good idea.

'We'll go in your car, Billy.' — 'Whatever you say.'

“比利，我们要坐你的车。”——“随便。”

8 PHRASE 短语 (用于提出建议或警告) **不管做什么，无论怎样** You say **whatever you do** when giving advice or warning someone about something.

Whatever you do, don't look for a pay increase when you know the company is going through some difficulty...

不管怎样，在知道公司遭遇困境时不要指望加薪。

Whatever you do, don't upset the women.

不管你做什么，不要让女士们感到不安。

while ★★★★★

[1. CONJUNCTION USES 连词用法](#)

[2. NOUN AND VERB USES 名词和动词用法](#)

Usually pronounced /waɪl/ for meaning 4. The form whilst is also used in formal or literary English, especially British English. 义项4在句中通常为重读。正式及文学语言中亦使用词形whilst (尤见于英国英语)。

1 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 (**表示两件事同时发生**) **当...的时候，在...时** If something happens **while** something else is happening, the two things are happening at the same time.

They were grinning and watching **while** one man laughed and poured beer over the head of another...

当一个男人大笑着把啤酒倒在另一个人头上时，他们都在乐呵呵地看着。

I sat on the settee to unwrap the package **while** he stood by...

我坐在长椅上打开包裹时他就站在旁边。

Racing was halted for an hour **while** the track was repaired...

修理赛道时车赛中止了1个小时。

Her parents could help with child care **while** she works.

她工作时父母可以帮忙照顾孩子。

2 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 (**表示某一件事是在另一件事发生过程中的某一时间点发生的**) **当...的时候，在...时** If something happens **while** something else happens, the first thing happens at some point during the time that the second thing is happening.

The two ministers have yet to meet, but may do so **while** in New York...

两位部长尚未会面，但可能会在纽约碰头。

Never apply water to a burn from an electric shock **while** the casualty is still in contact with the electric current.

当被电击者还连着电时，千万不要把水弄到电击伤口上。

3 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 **却；但是；然而** You use **while** at the beginning of a clause to introduce information which contrasts with information in the main clause.

Marianne was tempted to turn the large rooms into traditional French-style salons, **while** Howard was in favour of a typically English look...

玛丽安娜想把这些大房间弄成传统法式客厅的样子，但是霍华德喜欢典型的英式风格。

The first two services are free, **while** the third costs £35.00.

前两项服务免费，但是第三项服务要花35英镑。

4 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 **虽然；尽管** You use **while**, before making a statement, in order to introduce information that partly conflicts with your statement.

While the numbers of such developments are relatively small, the potential market is large...

尽管这种增长的数量相对较小，但是潜在的市场是巨大的。

While the modelling business is by no means easy to get into, the good model, male or female, will always be in demand...

尽管模特行业绝不是那么容易进入的，但是好的模特，不论男女，总是需要的。

While the news, so far, has been good, there may be days ahead when it is bad.

尽管到现在为止还都是好消息，但是可能过不了几天就会有坏消息传来。

5 N-SING 单数名词 **一段时间；一会儿** A **while** is a period of time.

They walked on in silence for a **while**...

他们默默地走了一会儿。

He was married a little **while** ago...

他不久前刚刚结婚。

Working at low intensity means that you can continue to perform the activity for a long **while**.

低强度意味着你可以持续长时间从事这一活动。

6 PHRASE 短语 **不断；一直；始终** You use **all the while** in order to say that something happens continually or that it happens throughout the time when something else is happening.

All the **while** the people at the next table watched me eat.

我吃东西的时候邻桌的人一直在看我。

7 once in a **while** → see: [once](#); worth your **while** → see: [worth](#);

相关词组：

[while away](#)

whom ★★★★★

Whom is used in formal or written English instead of 'who' when it is the object of a verb or preposition. 用作动词或介词的宾语时，whom比who更加正式，且多用于书面语。

1 QUEST 疑问词 (**用于疑问句，询问人的姓名或身份**) You use **whom** in questions when you ask about the name or identity of a person or group of people.

'I want to send a telegram.' — 'Fine, to **whom**?...'

“我想发份电报。”——“好的，发给谁？”

Whom did he expect to answer his phone?...

他希望由谁来接电话？

'You're too sensitive.' — 'Too sensitive for **whom**?'

“你太敏感了。”——“对谁太敏感了？”

2 CONJ-SUBORD 连词 (尤用于某些动词和形容词后，引导谈论某人或某一群人的姓名或身份的从句) 谁

You use **whom** after certain words, especially verbs and adjectives, to introduce a clause where you talk about the name or identity of a person or a group of people.

He asked **whom** I'd told about his having been away...

他问我把他曾离开消息告诉过谁。

He likes to know **whom** you've met...

他想知道你见了谁。

I have resigned, and they have a free hand to appoint **whom** they like in my place.

我已经辞职了，他们可以放开手脚任命他们喜欢的人来顶替我的位置。

3 PRON-REL 关系代词 (用于进行限定说明或提供更多信息的从句的句首) You use **whom** at the beginning of a relative clause when specifying the person or group of people you are talking about or when giving more information about them. →see usage note at: [who](#)

One writer in **whom** I had taken an interest was Immanuel Velikovsky...

我感兴趣的其中一位作家是伊曼纽尔·韦利科夫斯基。

The Homewood residents **whom** I knew had little money and little free time.

我所认识的霍姆伍德的居民没多少钱也没多少闲暇时间。

...generations of women for **whom** work provided an escape from family life.

通过工作来逃离家庭生活的一代又一代的女性

wild ★★★★★

1 ADJ 形容词 (动植物) 自然生长的，野生的，野的 Wild animals or plants live or grow in natural surroundings and are not looked after by people.

We saw two more **wild** cats creeping towards us in the darkness...

我们看见又有两只野猫在黑暗中悄悄向我们靠近。

The lane was lined with **wild** flowers.

小路两边都是野花。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (土地) 天然的，荒美的，荒凉的 Wild land is natural and is not used by people.

Elmley is one of the few **wild** areas remaining in the South East.

埃尔姆利是东南部仅存的几块荒地之一。

wildness

...the **wildness** of the mountains.

群山的荒凉

3 N-PLURAL 复数名词 荒野；远离城镇的地区 The **wilds** of a place are the natural areas that are far away from towns.

They went canoeing in the **wilds** of Canada.

他们到加拿大的荒野之地去划独木舟。

4 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 有暴风雨的；多风暴的；狂风暴雨的 Wild is used to describe the weather or the sea when it is stormy.

The **wild** weather did not deter some people from swimming in the sea.

尽管风雨交加，一些人还是会下海游泳。

5 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 疯狂的；狂热的 Wild behaviour is uncontrolled, excited, or energetic.

The children are **wild** with joy...

孩子们欣喜若狂。

As George himself came on stage they went **wild**...

乔治本人走上台时，他们都变得十分狂热。

They marched into town to the **wild** cheers of the inhabitants.

他们在居民们狂热的欢呼声中迈步走进镇里。

wildly

As she finished each song, the crowd clapped **wildly**.

她每唱完一首歌，人群就拼命鼓掌。

6 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 难以约束的；不受控制的；放荡的；无节制的 If you describe someone or their behaviour as **wild**, you mean that they behave in a very uncontrolled way.

When angry or excited, however, he could be **wild**, profane, and terrifying...

但愤怒或激动的时候，他也会发狂、会骂人、令人敬畏。

She lived a **wild** and incredible life...

她过去的生活极其放纵。

The house is in a mess after a **wild** party.

狂欢聚会后，屋里一片狼藉。

wildly

Five people were injured as Reynolds slashed out **wildly** with a kitchen knife.

雷诺兹手拿菜刀乱砍一气，有5人因此而受伤。

wildness

He had come to love the danger and the **wildness** of his life.

他已经慢慢爱上了自己危险、狂野的生活。

7 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 愤怒的；狂怒的 If someone is **wild**, they are very angry.

For a long time I daren't tell him I knew, and when I did he went **wild**.

很长时间我都不敢告诉他我知道了，但当我告诉他时，他简直气疯了。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (因恐惧、愤怒或精神失常而) 双目圆睁的，眼睛瞪大的 If you say that someone has **wild** eyes or a **wild** look, you mean that their eyes are wide open and staring because they are frightened, angry, or insane.

She could see his face now, his eyes **wild** and his skin glistening with perspiration...

她现在可以看见他的脸了，他的眼睛瞪得溜圆，皮肤上闪着汗水。

I could not forget the **wild** look in his eyes.

我忘不了他圆睁的双眼。

wildness

She stared at him with **wildness** in her eyes.

她双目圆睁，注视着他。

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (想法) 非同寻常的，极端的；(猜测) 未经思索的，胡乱的 A **wild** idea is unusual or extreme. A **wild** guess is one that you make without much thought.

I was just a kid and full of all sorts of **wild** ideas...

我不过是个孩子，充满各种奇异的想法。

Browning's prediction is no better than a **wild** guess.

勃朗宁的预测不过是妄加猜测而已。

wildly

'Thirteen?' he guessed **wildly**.

“13?”他胡乱猜测。

10 See also: [wildchild](#) ;

11 PHRASE 短语 狂热地迷恋；极为喜欢 If you are **wild about** someone or something, you like them very much.

I'm just **wild about** Peter, and he's just **wild about** me...

我为彼得疯狂，他对我也一样。

Irene was **wild about** the play.

艾琳非常喜欢这出戏。

12 PHRASE 短语 在自然环境中；处于野生状态

Animals that live **in the wild** live in a free and natural state and are not looked after by people.

Fewer than a thousand giant pandas still live in the **wild**.

只有不到1,000只大熊猫仍然在野外生活。

13 PHRASE 短语 (事物) 疯狂发展；(尤指小孩) 恣意变为，失去控制 If something or someone, especially a child, **runs wild**, they behave in a natural, free, or uncontrolled way.

Everything that could grow was running **wild** for lack of attention...

凡是能长的都因为缺乏照管而疯长一气。

Molly has let that girl run **wild**.

莫莉放任那个女孩恣意变为。

14 **beyond your wildest dreams** →see: [dream](#) ;

in your wildest dreams →see: [dream](#) ;

to sow your wild oats →see: [oats](#) ;

will ★★★★★

1. MODAL VERB USES 情态动词用法

2. WANTING SOMETHING TO HAPPEN 希望某事发生

Will is a modal verb. It is used with the base form of a verb.

In spoken English and informal written English, the form **won't** is often used in negative statements.

will是情态动词，与动词原形连用。在口语与非正式书面语中，否定形式常用 **won't**。

1 MODAL 情态动词 **将；将会；将要** You use **will** to indicate that you hope, think, or have evidence that something is going to happen or be the case in the future.

The Prime Minister is now 64 years old and in all probability this **will** be the last election that he is likely to contest...

首相现年64岁，这多半将会是他可能参加的最后一次选举了。

You **will** find a wide variety of choices available in school cafeterias...

在学校的自助餐厅里你会发现有很多饮食可供选择。

Representatives from across the horse industry **will** attend the meeting...

整个赛马业的代表都将参加这次会议。

70 per cent of airports in the Far East **will** have to be upgraded...

远东70%的机场都将不得不升级改造。

Will you ever feel at home here?...

在这里你会有无拘无束的感觉吗？

The ship **will** not be ready for a month.

船1个月内还不能交付使用。

2 MODAL 情态动词 **(表示将来的正式安排)** You use **will** in order to make statements about official arrangements in the future.

The show **will** be open to the public at 2pm ; admission **will** be 50p...

演出下午两点开始，入场费50便士。

When **will** I be released, sir?

什么时候放我出去，先生？

3 MODAL 情态动词 **(表示承诺或威胁)会，要** You use **will** in order to make promises and threats about what is going to happen or be the case in the future.

I'll call you tonight...

我晚上会给你打电话。

Price quotes on selected product categories **will** be sent on request...

所选产品类别的报价承索即寄。

If she refuses to follow rules about car safety, she **won't** be allowed to use the car.

如果她拒绝遵守汽车安全的有关规定，就不会让她使用汽车。

4 MODAL 情态动词 **(指某人的打算)想要，将** You use **will** to indicate someone's intention to do something.

I **will** say no more on these matters, important though they are...

虽然这些事很重要，我也不想再说什么了。

In this section we **will** describe common myths about cigarettes, alcohol, and marijuana...

在这一节，我们将说明有关烟、酒和大麻的常见谬论。

'Dinner's ready.' — 'Thanks, Carrie, but we'll have a drink first.'...

“饭好啦。”——“谢谢，卡丽，不过我们先喝一杯。”

He **will** be devoting more time to writing, broadcasting and lecturing...

他将把更多时间用于写作、广播和作讲座。

What **will** you do next?...

下面你想做什么？

Where **will** you stay when you get to San Francisco?...

到了圣弗朗西斯科你住哪儿？

Will you be remaining in the city?

你到时会呆在城里吗？

5 MODAL 情态动词 **(用于问句，表示礼貌地邀请或提议)愿否，...好吗** You use **will** in questions in order to make polite invitations or offers.

Will you stay for supper?...

你愿意留下吃晚饭吗？

Will you join me for a drink?...

你愿意跟我一起喝一杯吗？

Won't you sit down?

你坐下来好吗？

6 MODAL 情态动词 **(用于问句中，表示请求或让某人做某事)...好吗，...行吗** You use **will** in questions in order to ask or tell someone to do something.

Will you drive me home?...

你开车送我回家好吗？

Will you listen again, Andrew?...

安德鲁，再听一遍好吗？

Wipe the jam off my mouth, **will** you?

你帮忙把我嘴上的果酱擦掉，好吗？

7 MODAL 情态动词 **(用于命令)** You can use **will** in statements to give an order to someone.

You **will** do as I request, if you please...

请按我的要求做。

You **will** now maintain radio silence...

现在请保持无线电静默。

You **will** not make jokes about him. He has been very good to me...

别开他的玩笑，他一直对我很好。

You **will** not discuss this matter with anyone.

不要跟别人谈这事。

8 MODAL 情态动词 See also: **willing** ; **愿意/不愿** You use **will** to say that someone is willing to do something. You use **will not** or **won't** to indicate that someone refuses to do something.

All right, I'll forgive you...

好吧，我愿意原谅你。

I'll answer the phone...

我来接电话。

If you won't let me pay for a taxi, then at least allow me to lend you something...

如果你不愿让我付出租车费，至少让我借点什么给你吧。

He has insisted that his organization **will** not negotiate with the government.

他坚称他的组织将不会与政府谈判。

9 MODAL 情态动词 **(表示将来能做某事)将，能** You use **will** to say that a person or thing is able to do something in the future.

How the country **will** defend itself in the future has become increasingly important...

国家将来如何能自卫已经变得越来越重要了。

How **will** I recognize you?

我怎样才能认出你呢？

10 MODAL 情态动词 **(表示行为发生的经常性、习惯性)经常，惯于，总是** You use **will** to indicate that an action usually happens in the particular way mentioned.

The thicker the material, the less susceptible the garment **will** be to wet conditions...

布料越厚实，衣服就越不容易浸湿。

There's no snake known that **will** habitually attack human beings unless threatened with its life...

除非自己的生命受到了威胁，已知的蛇中还没有习惯性地攻击人类的。

Art thieves **will** often hide an important work for years after it has been stolen.

艺术品盗贼偷走重要艺术品后常常会把它藏匿好几年。

11 MODAL 情态动词 **(用于含有 if 和 unless 的句子的主句中，表示非常可能发生)会，就** You use **will** in the main clause of some 'if' and 'unless' sentences to indicate something that you consider to be fairly likely to happen.

If you overcook the pancakes they **will** be difficult to roll...

如果薄饼烙久了，就很难卷起来。

If a nuclear war breaks out, every living thing **will** be wiped off the face of the Earth...

如果核战争爆发，地球上的所有生物都会被毁灭。

He won't stop drinking unless he's told by a doctor that it's killing him.

除非医生告诉他喝酒会要他的命，否则他是不会戒酒的。

12 MODAL 情态动词 **一定要；非...不可** You use **will** to say that someone insists on behaving or doing something in a particular way and you cannot change them. You emphasize **will** when you use it in this way.

He **will** leave his socks lying all over the place and it drives me mad.

他非要把种子扔得到处都是，这简直要让我疯掉了。

13 MODAL 情态动词 (与过去分词连用, 表示非常肯定将来会发生某事) **定会** You use **will have** with a past participle when you are saying that you are fairly certain that something will be true by a particular time in the future.

As many as ten-million children **will have** been infected with the virus by the end of the decade...

到这个十年结束时, 多达千万的儿童将会感染上这种病毒。

He **will have** left by January the fifteenth.

到1月15日他肯定已经离开了。

14 MODAL 情态动词 (与过去分词连用, 表示相当肯定) **会, 将** You use **will have** with a past participle to indicate that you are fairly sure that something is the case.

If someone has been in captivity for a long time, he **will have** changed as a result of his experience...

如果某人遭到长时间囚禁, 他会因为他的经历而有所改变。

The holiday **will have** done him the world of good.

假期定会对他大有好处。

1 N-VAR 可变名词 See also: [free will](#); **意志; 决心** **Will** is the determination to do something.

He was said to have lost his **will** to live.

据说他已经失去了生存的意志。

...the inevitable battle of **wills** as your child realizes that he can't do or have everything he wants...

当孩子意识到他不能随心所欲地想干什么就干什么、想要什么就有什么的时候, 他和父母之间意志的较量就不可避免。

He who was usually so full of questions lacked the **will** to confront her with them.

通常有很多疑问的他却缺乏向她质询的决心。

2 N-SING 单数名词 **意愿; 意志** If something is the **will** of a person or group of people with authority, they want it to happen.

He has submitted himself to the **will** of God...

他让自己听从上帝的意志。

Democracy responds and adjusts to the **will** of the people...

民主响应并顺应人民的意志。

The parliament didn't deserve to represent the nation's **will**.

国会不配代表全国人民的意志。

3 VERB 动词 **想要(某事发生)** If you **will** something to happen, you try to make it happen by using mental effort rather than physical effort.

I looked at the telephone, **willing** it to ring...

我望着电话, 希望它响起来。

He was watching her fixedly, **willing** her to look at him.

他凝视着她, 希望她也看他。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 **遗嘱** A **will** is a document in which you declare what you want to happen to your money and property when you die.

Attached to his **will** was a letter he had written to his wife just days before his death.

和遗嘱附在一起的是一封他去世前几天写给妻子的信。

5 VERB 动词 **将...遗赠** If you **will** something to someone, you say in your will that they should have it when you die.

The large sum of money that came to him when she died was a shock, and he had not spent a penny of it on himself. He had, however, **willed** it to Frank.

她去世时他继承的那一大笔钱数额惊人, 但他在自己身上未花分文, 而是将其遗赠给了弗兰克。

6 PHRASE 短语 **违背...的意志; 违背...的愿望** If something is done **against** your **will**, it is done even though you do not want it to be done.

No doubt he was forced to leave his family **against** his **will**.

无疑, 他是不情愿地被迫离家的。

7 PHRASE 短语 **任意; 随意** If you can do something **at will**, you can do it when you want and as much as you want.

...scientists who can adjust their experiments **at will**.

可以任意对实验进行调整的科学家。

8 PHRASE 短语 **热情地; 劲头十足地** If you do something **with a will**, you do it with a lot of enthusiasm and energy.

Set to work **with a will** and be pleased with the amount you get done...

干活时卖力干, 干了多少都满意。

It was an easy opening circuit, but the riders attacked it **with a will**.

这一段起始赛道十分平缓, 但车手们都铆足了劲往前冲。

willing ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **乐意的; 愿意的** If someone is **willing** to do something, they are fairly happy about doing it and will do it if they are asked or required to do it.

The military now say they're **willing** to hold talks with the political parties...

军方现在说, 他们愿意与政党进行谈判。

There are, of course, questions which she will not be **willing** to answer.

当然, 有些问题是她不愿回答的。

willingness

I had to prove my **willingness** to work hard and accept the university's authority.

我得证明自己愿意努力工作, 接受大学校方的管辖。

2 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **自愿的; 愿意的; 积极肯干的** **Willing** is used to describe someone who does something fairly enthusiastically and because they want to do it rather than because they are forced to do it.

Have the party on a Saturday, when you can get your partner and other **willing** adults to help...

把聚会安排在周六, 这样你就可以找自己的搭档和其他愿意帮把手的成年人来帮忙了。

Although he had had no formal engineering training he was a natural and **willing** pupil.

虽然他没有接受过正规工科训练, 但却是个天生好学的学生。

willingly

Most companies **willingly** correct what went wrong or, if that is impossible, explain why the situation occurred.

大多数公司愿意主动改正错误, 如果无法改正, 也会解释为什么会出现这种情况。

willingness

Self-discipline, **willingness**, enthusiasm, that's what you must depend on.

自律、自愿与热情, 这是你所必须依仗的。

3 **God willing** → see: [god](#);

wind ★★★★★

1. AIR 气流

2. TURNING OR WRAPPING 卷绕; 包裹

2 N-VAR 可变名词 **风** A **wind** is a current of air that is moving across the earth's surface.

There was a strong **wind** blowing...

狂风肆虐。

Then the **wind** dropped and the surface of the sea was still...

后来风势渐弱, 海面重归平静。

The leaves rustled in the **wind**...

叶子在风中沙沙作响。

During the night a gust of **wind** had blown the pot over.

夜里一阵劲风将锅吹翻了。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (影响事件的) **趋势 (或因素)** (常作新闻用语) Journalists often refer to a trend or factor that influences events as a **wind** of a particular kind.

The **winds** of change are blowing across the country...

改革之风吹遍全国。

The world's entire aerospace industry is feeling the chill **winds** of recession.

全世界的航空航天工业都感受到了经济衰退的寒意。

4 VERB 动词 **使气急; 使呼吸困难** If you are **winded** by something such as a blow, the air is suddenly knocked out of your lungs so that you

...have difficulty breathing for a short time.

He was **winded** and shaken...

他呼吸困难，身体发抖。

The cow stamped on his side, **winding** him.

牛重重地踩在他的肋部，使他喘不上气来。

5 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (胃肠中的)气 **Wind** is the air that you sometimes swallow with food or drink, or gas that is produced in your intestines, which causes an uncomfortable feeling.

6 VERB 动词 给(婴儿)拍嗝儿 If you **wind** a baby, you hit its back gently in order to help it to release air from its stomach.

If he cries when you put him down after a feed, try **winding** him.
如果你喂完后把他放下时他哭，给他拍拍嗝儿。

in AM, use 美国英语用 burp

7 ADJ 形容词 管乐的 The **wind** section of an orchestra or band is the group of people who produce musical sounds by blowing into their instruments.

8 PHRASE 短语 放屁 If someone **breaks wind**, they release gas from their intestines through their anus.

9 PHRASE 短语 听到...的风声 If you **get wind of** something, you hear about it, especially when someone else did not want you to know about it.

I don't want the public, and especially not the press, to get **wind** of it at this stage.
我不想让公众，尤其是新闻界，在这个阶段听到什么风声。

10 PHRASE 短语 可能发生 If something is **in the wind**, it is likely to happen.

By the mid-1980s, change was **in the wind** again.
20世纪80年代中期，变革又呈山雨欲来之势。

11 PHRASE 短语 吓唬；使焦虑 If someone **puts the wind up** you, they frighten or worry you.

'I heard you had some funny phone calls.' — 'Yeah, that's why yours rather put the **wind up** me.'
“我听说你接到了一些骚扰电话。”——“没错儿，所以你的电话把我吓坏了。”

12 PHRASE 短语 冒险做事(或说话) If you **sail close to the wind**, you take a risk by doing or saying something that may get you into trouble.

Max warned her she was sailing dangerously close to the **wind** and risked prosecution.
马克斯警告她说她这是在玩火，有被起诉的危险。

13 PHRASE 短语 给...泼冷水(或当头一棒) If something **takes the wind out of your sails**, it suddenly makes you much less confident in what you are doing or saying.

14 PHRASE 短语 可能发生何事；事态的发展 If you realize or find out **which way the wind is blowing** or **how the wind is blowing**, you realize or find out what is likely to happen, for example whether something is likely to succeed.

He didn't like to make pronouncements before he was sure **which way the wind was blowing**.
在没有弄清事态的走向前，他不想发表声明。

15 to **throw caution to the wind** → see: [caution](#) ;

1 VERB 动词 (道路、河流或一队人)蜿蜒向前，曲折而行，迂回 If a road, river, or line of people **winds** in a particular direction, it goes in that direction with a lot of bends or twists in it.

The Moselle **winds** through some 160 miles of tranquil countryside...
摩泽尔河在宁静的乡间蜿蜒穿行约160英里。

The road **winds** uphill...
道路沿山坡蜿蜒而上。

The convoy wound its way through the West Bank.
车队曲曲折折地穿过约旦河西岸。

...a narrow **winding** road.
迂回狭窄的公路

2 VERB 动词 卷绕；缠绕 When you **wind** something flexible around something else, you wrap it around it several times.

The horse jumped forwards and round her, **winding** the rope round her waist.
那匹马围着她向前跳，把绳子绕在了她腰上。

3 VERB 动词 给(钟表等)上发条；给...上弦 When you **wind** a mechanical device, for example a watch or a clock, you turn a knob, key, or handle on it several times in order to make it operate.

I still hadn't wound my watch so I didn't know the time.
我还没有给表上发条，所以不知道时间。

Wind up means the same as **wind** . [wind up](#)同wind

I wound up the watch and listened to it tick...
我给表上紧发条，听着它嘀嗒作响。

Frances took the tiny music box from her trunk and wound it up.
弗朗西丝从她的大箱子里取出小八音盒，给它上了发条。

4 VERB 动词 倒进(磁带或胶卷) To **wind** a tape or film **back** or **forward** means to make it move towards its starting or ending position.

The camcorder **winds** the tape back or forward at high speed.
这款便携式摄像机可以使录像带快速倒回或前进。

相关词组：
[wind down](#) [wind up](#)

window ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 窗；窗户 A **window** is a space in the wall of a building or in the side of a vehicle, which has glass in it so that light can come in and you can see out.

He stood at the **window**, moodily staring out...
他站在窗前，忧郁地凝视着外面。

The room felt very hot and she wondered why someone did not open a **window**...
房间里感觉很热，她纳闷怎么没人开窗子。

...my car **window**.
我的车窗

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (商店的)玻璃橱窗，陈列窗 A **window** is a large piece of glass along the front of a shop, behind which some of the goods that the shop sells are displayed.

I stood for a few moments in front of the nearest shop **window**.
我在最近的一家商店的橱窗前站了一会儿。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (银行、邮局、火车站、博物馆等处柜台的)窗口 A **window** is a glass-covered opening above a counter, for example in a bank, post office, railway station, or museum, which the person serving you sits behind.

The woman at the ticket **window** told me that the admission fee was \$17.50.
售票窗口那个女的告诉我入场费是17.50美元。

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 窗口；视窗 On a computer screen, a **window** is one of the work areas that the screen can be divided into.

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 (日程安排等中的)空当，空隙 If you have a **window** in your diary for something, or if you can make a **window** for it, you are free at a particular time and can do it then.

Tell her I've got a **window** in my diary later on this week.
告诉她我这周晚些时候有空儿。

6 See also: [French window](#) ; [picture window](#) ; [rose window](#) ;

7 PHRASE 短语 消失殆尽；烟消云散；化为乌有 If you say that something such as a plan or a particular way of thinking or behaving **has gone out of the window** or **has flown out of the window**, you mean that it has disappeared completely.

By now all logic had **gone out of the window**...
到这时根本就不讲什么逻辑了。

When he went, our happiness and our security **flew out of the window**.
他走后，我们幸福安稳的好日子便到头了。

8 PHRASE 短语 转瞬即逝的机会；稍纵即逝的机会 If you say that there is a **window of opportunity** for something, you mean that there is an opportunity to do something but that this opportunity will only last for a short time and so it needs to be taken advantage of quickly.

The king said there was now a **window of opportunity** for peace.
国王说现在有寻求和平的短暂机会。

wine ★★★★★

1 N-MASS 物质名词 葡萄酒；果蔬菜酒 Wine is an

alcoholic drink which is made from grapes. You can also refer to alcoholic drinks made from other fruits or vegetables as **wine**.

...a bottle of white **wine**...

一瓶白葡萄酒

This is a nice **wine**.

这种葡萄酒味道不错。

...homemade parsnip **wine**.

家酿欧洲萝卜酒

2 COLOUR 颜色词 深红色；紫红色；酒红色 Wine is used to describe things that are very dark red in colour.

She wore her **wine**-coloured gaberdine raincoat.

她穿着深红色华达呢雨衣。

...an olive and **wine** wool sweater.

橄榄绿与深红色相间的羊毛衫

3 PHR-ERG 大吃大喝；盛宴款待 If you **wine and dine**, or if someone **wines and dines** you, you go out, for example to expensive restaurants, and spend a lot of money.

Colleagues were furious at doing her work while she **wined and dined**...

同事们干着她的活儿，而她却在外面大吃大喝，这让大家都气坏了。

A lot of money went on **wining and dining** prospective clients.

很多钱都花在宴请潜在客户上了。

wing ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 翼；翅膀 The **wings** of a bird or insect are the two parts of its body that it uses for flying.

The bird flapped its **wings** furiously...

鸟儿使劲地拍打翅膀。

She saw the occasional glimmer of a moth's **wings**.

她看见蛾子的翅膀偶尔会泛光。

-winged

...black-**winged** birds.

黑翼鸟

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 机翼 The **wings** of an aeroplane are the long flat parts sticking out of its side which support it while it is flying.

-winged

...a wide-**winged** plane.

宽翼飞机

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (建筑的)侧翼，耳房 A **wing** of a building is a part of it which sticks out from the main part.

We were given an office in the empty west **wing**.

给我们在空置的大楼西翼分了一间办公室。

...in the Child Psychiatry **wing** of London's Royal Free Hospital.

在伦敦皇家自由医院配楼的儿童精神病部

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [left-wing](#) ; [right-wing](#) ; (尤指政治组织的)派，翼 A **wing** of an organization, especially a political organization, is a group within it which has a particular function or particular beliefs.

...the military **wing** of the African National Congress.

非洲国民大会的武装派

...the liberal **wing** of the Democratic Party.

民主党自由派

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (舞台两侧用帘幕或布景遮住的)边厢，翼部，侧面 In a theatre, the **wings** are the sides of the stage which are hidden from the audience by curtains or scenery.

Most nights I watched the start of the play from the **wings**.

大多数晚上我都是在边厢观看戏剧的开场。

6 N-COUNT 可数名词 (足球、曲棍球等的)边锋位置；边锋 In a game such as football or hockey, the **left wing** and the **right wing** are the areas on the far left and the far right of the pitch. You can also refer to the players who play in these positions as the **left wing** and the **right wing**.

7 N-COUNT 可数名词 (汽车的)挡泥板，翼子板 A **wing** of a car is a part of it on the outside which is over one of the wheels.

in AM, use 美国英语用 fender

8 N-PLURAL 复数名词 飞机驾驶资格；飞行资格 When pilots get their **wings**, they become qualified to fly aeroplanes.

He had no sooner got his **wings** than the Korean conflict broke out.

他刚获得飞行资格，朝鲜战争就爆发了。

9 VERB 动词 (尤指乘飞机)飞速去，赶往 If you say that something or someone **wings** their way somewhere or **wings** somewhere, you mean that they go there quickly, especially by plane.

A few moments later they were airborne and **winging** their way south...

过了一會兒，他们已然搭上飞机赶往南方了。

A cash bonanza will be **winging** its way to the 600,000 members of the scheme...

该方案的60万成员很快将获得一次发财的机会。

The first of the airliners **winged** westwards and home.

第一架班机向西飞回了家。

10 PHRASE 短语 限制；束缚 If you say that something or someone **clips your wings**, you mean that they restrict your freedom to do what you want.

...legislation aimed at clipping the president's political **wings**.

旨在从政治上限制总统的立法

11 PHRASE 短语 准备就绪；万事俱备 If you say that someone is waiting **in the wings**, you mean that they are ready and waiting for an opportunity to take action.

There are now more than 20 big companies waiting **in the wings** to take over some of its business.

现有20多家大公司随时准备接手其部分业务。

12 PHRASE 短语 大展宏图；一试羽翼 If you **spread your wings**, you do something new and rather difficult or move to a new place, because you feel more confident in your abilities than you used to and you want to gain wider experience.

I led a very confined life in my village so I suppose that I wanted to **spread my wings**.

我在村里生活很封闭，所以我想出去闯荡一番。

13 PHRASE 短语 将...置于羽翼之下；对...呵护有加 If you **take someone under your wing**, you look after them, help them, and protect them.

Her boss took her **under his wing** after fully realizing her potential.

老板充分意识到她的潜力后，对她关怀备至。

winner ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 获胜者；优胜者 The **winner** of a prize, race, or competition is the person, animal, or thing that wins it.

She will present the trophies to the award **winner**s...

她将给获奖者颁奖。

The **winner** was a horse called Last Town.

获胜的是一匹叫做“最后的城镇”的马。

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 成功者；可能成功的人(或事物) If you say that something or someone is a **winner**, you mean that they are popular and successful, or that they are likely to be popular and successful.

They think the appeal is a **winner**...

他们认为上诉能够成功。

Selling was my game and I intended to be a **winner**.

销售是我的老本行，我想做一个成功的销售者。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 获益者；得利者；赢家 The **winner**s in a particular situation are the people who have benefited from it and are in a better position than they previously were because of it.

There are clear **winner**s when a dam is built.

Farmers get irrigation water, businesses get electricity...

大坝若是建成，会有一些明显的受益者：农民将得到灌溉用水，企业将得到电力。

The real **winner**s of the election, he said, were the Hungarian people.

他说，选举的真正赢家是匈牙利人民。

4 N-SING 单数名词 (足球、网球等比赛中的)制胜球 In games such as football or tennis, the **winner** is the goal or shot that wins a particular match or point.

Gough scored the **winner** in extra time.

高夫在加时赛中攻入制胜球。

wish ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 See also: [death wish](#) ; 愿望；希望 A **wish** is a desire or strong feeling that you

want to have something or do something.

She was sincere and genuine in her wish to make amends for the past...

她真诚地希望弥补从前的过失。

Clearly she had no wish for conversation...

她显然无意谈话。

She wanted to go everywhere in the world. She soon got her wish...

她想走遍世界，很快便如愿以偿。

The decision was made against the wishes of the party leader.

这个决定违背了该党领导人的意愿。

2 VERB 动词 **想要，希望(做...)** If you wish to do something or to have it done for you, you want to do it or have it done.

If you wish to go away for the weekend, our office will be delighted to make hotel reservations...

如果您想外出度周末，我们办事处将很乐意为您预订旅馆。

We can dress as we wish now...

我们现在着装可以随心所欲。

There were the collaborators, who wished for a German victory.

有通敌者希望德国获胜。

3 VERB 动词 **(用于要说的话可能使人不快或担心等时)不想，无意** Wish is used in expressions such as I don't wish to be rude or without wishing to be rude as a way of apologizing or warning someone when you are going to say something which might upset, annoy, or worry them.

I don't wish to sound callous, but I am glad I wasn't here...

我不想让自己的话听上去麻木不仁，但我真的很庆幸我当时没在这儿。

Without wishing to be unkind, she's not the most interesting company.

我不想那么刻薄，不过她并不是非常有情趣的伴侣。

4 VERB 动词 **希望(不可能或可能性很小的事发生)**

If you wish something were true, you would like it to be true, even though you know that it is impossible or unlikely.

I wish I could do that...

我希望我能做那件事。

I wish it weren't true...

但愿这不是真的。

Pa, I wish you wouldn't shout...

爸，我希望你不要嚷嚷了。

The world is not always what we wish it to be.

世界并不总是如我们所愿。

Usage Note :

Note that wish and want have similar meanings, but are used differently. If you want something, you feel a need for it or a desire to have it. You can say that you want to do something, that you want someone to do something, or that you want something to happen. If you use wish with a 'to' infinitive, this has the same meaning as want but is more formal. *I want to get out of here...* *She wished to consult him about her future.* Wish is normally followed by a 'that'-clause, although the word 'that' is often omitted from the clause. If you wish that something was the case, you would like it to be the case, even though this is unlikely or impossible. *I wish I lived near London...* *He wished he had phoned for a cab.* Note the use of the tenses in the examples; when wish is in the present tense, the past tense is used in the clause, and when wish is in the past tense, the past perfect tense is used in the clause.

注意wish与want虽意思相近，但用法不同。want表示感觉需要或希望拥有某物，可以说want to do something, want someone to do something或want something to happen。如果wish与带to的不定式连用，则与want意思相同，但语气要更正式：*I want to get out of here* (我想离开这里), *She wished to consult him about her future* (她想就自己未来的发展向他咨询意见)。wish一般后接that从句，但从句中的that经常省略，表示虽然明知不太可能或完全没有可能，依然希望某事是真的：*I wish I lived near London* (我真希望自己住在伦敦附近), *He wished he had phoned for a cab* (他真希望自己已经打电话叫出租车了)。注意上述例子中时态的用法：wish用现在时，则从句用过去时；wish用过去时，则从句用过去完成时。

5 VERB 动词 **祈求；企求；默默期盼** If you wish for something, you express the desire for that thing silently to yourself. In fairy stories, when a person wishes for something, the thing they wish for often happens by magic.

We have all wished for men who are more considerate...

我们都曾祈求能找到更加体贴的男人。

A philosopher once said, 'Be careful what you wish for; you might get it.'

一位哲学家曾说过：“别轻易许愿——你可能会如愿以偿。”

Wish is also a noun.

Blow out the candles and make a wish.

吹蜡烛许愿吧。

6 VERB 动词 **这是再好不过的；没有比这更好的了** Wish is used in sentences such as I could not wish for anything better to indicate that you are very pleased with what you have and could not imagine anything better.

I really could not have wished for a better teacher...

这个老师对我来说是再好不过的了。

Who could wish for a better opportunity?

谁还会企求能得到比这更好的机会呢？

7 VERB 动词 **希望...发生在...身上** If you say that you would not wish a particular thing on someone, you mean that the thing is so unpleasant that you would not want them to be forced to experience it.

It's a horrid experience and I wouldn't wish it on my worst enemy.

这种经历太痛苦了，我甚至都不希望它发生在死对头身上。

8 VERB 动词 **祝；祝愿** If you wish someone something such as luck or happiness, you express the hope that they will be lucky or happy.

I wish you both a very good journey...

我祝愿你们两人旅途愉快。

Goodbye, Hanu. I wish you well.

再见，哈努，祝你顺心如意。

9 N-PLURAL 复数名词 **祝愿；祝福** If you express your good wishes towards someone, you are politely expressing your friendly feelings towards them and your hope that they will be successful or happy.

I found George's story very sad. Please give him my best wishes...

我觉得乔治的经历很悲惨，请向他转达我最诚挚的祝福。

Western leaders sent good wishes to the new American president.

西方领导人向新任美国总统致以良好的祝愿。

withdraw ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **撤走；拿走** If you withdraw something from a place, you remove it or take it away.

He reached into his pocket and withdrew a sheet of notepaper...

他把手伸进口袋，掏出一张便签。

Cassandra withdrew her hand from Roger's.

卡桑德拉将手从罗杰手里抽了回来。

2 V-ERG 及物/不及物动词 **(使)撤退；(使)撤回；(使)撤离** When groups of people such as troops withdraw or when someone withdraws them, they leave the place where they are fighting or where they are based and return nearer home.

He stated that all foreign forces would withdraw as soon as the crisis ended...

他声明危机一结束，所有外国军队都将撤离。

Unless Hitler withdrew his troops from Poland by 11 o'clock that morning, a state of war would exist between Great Britain and Germany...

如果希特勒那天上午11点前不从波兰撤兵，英德两国便将处于战争状态。

Troops withdrew from the north east of the country last March.

军队去年3月从该国东北部撤出。

3 VERB 动词 **提，取(款)** If you withdraw money from a bank account, you take it out of that account.

Open a savings account that does not charge ridiculous fees to withdraw money...

开一个取款时不会乱收费的储蓄账户。

They withdrew 100 dollars from a bank account after checking out of their hotel.

他们在旅馆结账后，从银行账户中取了100美元。

4 VERB 动词 **退出，返回(至另一个房间)** If you **withdraw** to another room, you go there.

He and the others withdrew to their rented rooms...

他和其他人回到了他们租住的房间。

He poured the wine and then withdrew again...

他斟完酒，然后就又退下了。

Kenworthy withdrew into his bedroom, washed and shaved.

肯沃西回到自己卧室，洗脸，刮胡子。

5 VERB 动词 **退出(活动或组织)** If you **withdraw** from an activity or organization, you stop taking part in it.

The African National Congress threatened to **withdraw** from the talks.

非洲国民大会威胁要退出会谈。

6 VERB 动词 **收回，撤回(所说的话或声明)** If you **withdraw** a remark or statement that you have made, you say that you want people to ignore it.

He withdrew his remarks and explained what he had meant to say.

他收回所说的话，然后又解释他本来想说什么。

wonder ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **感到疑惑；纳闷儿；想弄明白** If you **wonder** about something, you think about it, either because it interests you and you want to know more about it, or because you are worried or suspicious about it.

I **wondered** what that noise was...

我纳闷儿那是什么声音。

'He claims to be her father,' said Max. 'We've been **wondering** about him.'...

“他自称是她父亲，”马克斯说，“我们一直都在怀疑他。”

It makes you **wonder** about the effect on men's behaviour...

这让人怀疑其对男性行为的影响。

'Why does she want to get in there?' Pete **wondered**...

“她为什么想进那里面？”皮特心想。

But there was something else, too. Not hard evidence, but it made me **wonder**.

但还有些别的东西，虽没有确凿的证据，却让我心生疑惑。

2 VERB 动词 **(对...)大为吃惊，惊叹** If you **wonder** at something, you are very surprised about it or think about it in a very surprised way.

He liked to sit and **wonder** at all that had happened...

他喜欢坐着对发生的一切惊叹不已。

Walk down Castle Street, admire our little jewel of a cathedral, then **wonder** at the castle...

沿着城堡街走下去，欣赏我们视若珍宝的教堂，继而叹服于城堡的壮观。

We all **wonder** you're still alive.

我们都很惊讶你居然还活着。

3 N-SING 单数名词 **奇事；怪事** If you say that it is a **wonder** that something happened, you mean that it is very surprising and unexpected.

It's a **wonder** that it took almost ten years...

这差不多用了10年的时间，真是桩奇事。

The **wonder** is that Olivier was not seriously hurt.

奥利维尔伤得不重，真是奇迹。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **惊叹；惊奇；惊异** **Wonder** is a feeling of great surprise and pleasure that you have, for example when you see something that is very beautiful, or when something happens that you thought was impossible.

'That's right!' Bobby exclaimed in **wonder**. 'How did you remember that?'...

“对呀！”博比惊奇地叫道。“你是怎么想起那件事的？”

I was expressing some amazement and **wonder** at her good fortune...

我对她的好运既惊奇又感叹。

Cross shook his head in **wonder**.

克罗斯惊奇地摇摇头。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **奇迹；奇观；奇事** A **wonder** is something that causes people to feel great surprise or admiration.

...a lecture on the **wonders** of space and space exploration.

关于宇宙奇观和太空探险的讲座

...the **wonder** of seeing his name in print...

看见他的名字出现在出版物上的诧异

The East Window is a **wonder** of medieval glazing.

东窗是中世纪玻璃安装工艺的奇迹。

6 ADJ 形容词 **神奇的；奇妙的；有奇效的** If you refer, for example, to a young man as a **wonder** boy, or to a new product as a **wonder** drug, you mean that they are believed by many people to be very good or very effective.

Mickelson was hailed as the **wonder** boy of American golf...

米克尔森被誉为美国高尔夫球界的神奇小子。

Dr Williams describes it as a potential **wonder** drug.

威廉斯医生称其可能会成为特效药。

7 PHRASE 短语 **昙花一现的人(或事物)；惊艳一时的人(或事物)** If you say that someone or something is a **nine-day wonder** or a **one-day wonder**, you disapprove of the fact that they are attracting so much interest and attention, because you think that their popularity will only last for a very short time.

Harry dismissed his old friend's speech as 'a **nine-day wonder**'...

哈里对老朋友的讲话不屑一顾，称之“火不了多久”。

Some supernova researchers **wondered** if it might be just a **nine-day wonder**.

有些超新星研究者怀疑，这可能只是昙花一现。

8 PHRASE 短语 **(用于礼貌地请人做事、征求意见或打听消息时)不知...，请问...** You can say 'I **wonder**' if you want to be very polite when you are asking someone to do something, or when you are asking them for their opinion or for information.

I was just **wondering** if you could help me...

不知您是否能帮我个忙。

I just **wonder** what you make of all that...

我只是纳闷儿你是怎么看待这一切的。

I'm **wondering** if that was the spirit in the courtroom, too.

不知这是否也是法庭的精神。

9 PHRASE 短语 **难怪；怪不得；不足为怪** If you say 'no **wonder**', 'little **wonder**', or 'small **wonder**', you mean that something is not surprising.

No **wonder** my brother wasn't feeling well...

难怪我兄弟感觉不舒服了。

Under such circumstances, it is little **wonder** that they experience difficulties...

在这种情形下，他们遇到困难就不足为怪了。

Small **wonder** that he decided to take no part in the debate.

难怪他决定不参加辩论呢。

10 PHRASE 短语 **(表示找出某事的原因)难怪，怪不得** You can say 'No **wonder**' when you find out the reason for something that has been puzzling you for some time.

Brad was Jane's brother! No **wonder** he reminded me so much of her!

布拉德是简的兄弟！怪不得他老是让我想起她呢！

11 PHRASE 短语 **创造奇迹；产生奇迹** If you say that a person or thing **works wonders** or **does wonders**, you mean that they have a very good effect on something.

A few moments of relaxation can **work wonders**...

放松一会儿就可以收到奇效。

Rushton has done **wonders** for the industry.

拉什顿创造了行业奇迹。

wonderful ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 **精彩的；绝妙的；极好的** If you describe something or someone as **wonderful**, you think they are extremely good.

The cold, misty air felt **wonderful** on his face...

雾蒙蒙的寒冷空气使他脸上感觉很凉爽。

It's **wonderful** to see you...

见到你真好。

I've always thought he was a **wonderful** actor.

我一直认为他是个出色的演员。

wonderfully

It's a system that **works wonderfully** well...

该系统运转得十分顺畅。

The weather was **wonderfully** warm.

天气暖洋洋的。

wood ★★★★★

1 N-MASS 物质名词 **木材；木料；木头** Wood is the material which forms the trunks and branches of trees.

Their dishes were made of **wood**...

他们的盘子是木制的。

There was a smell of damp **wood** and machine oil.

有潮湿的木料和机油的气味。

...a short piece of **wood**.

一块短木料

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 **树林，林子** (美国英语通常用 woods) A **wood** is a fairly large area of trees growing near each other. You can refer to one or several of these areas as **woods**, and this is the usual form in American English.

After dinner Alice slipped away for a walk in the **woods** with Artie...

晚餐后艾利斯溜出去跟阿蒂到林子里散步。

About a mile to the west of town he came upon a large **wood**.

他在镇子以西约一英里处偶遇一大片林地。

3 See also: [dead wood](#) ;

4 PHRASE 短语 **仍未摆脱困境(或问题)** If something or someone is **not out of the woods** yet, they are still having difficulties or problems.

The nation's economy is not out of the **woods** yet.

该国经济尚未摆脱困境。

5 CONVENTION 惯用语 **上天保佑(表示希望继续走好运)** You can say '**touch wood**' in British English, or '**knock on wood**' in American English, to indicate that you hope to have good luck in something you are doing, usually after saying that you have been lucky with it so far.

She's never even been to the doctor's, **touch wood**...

她从未看过病，希望她一直好运。

Touch wood, I've been lucky enough to avoid any other serious injuries.

老天保佑，我一直很幸运，别的重伤都躲过了。

6 your **neck of the woods**→see: [neck](#) ; can't the wood for the trees→see: [tree](#) ;

worry ★★★★★

1 VERB 动词 **担心；忧虑；发愁** If you **worry**, you keep thinking about problems that you have or about unpleasant things that might happen.

Don't **worry**, your luggage will come on afterwards by taxi...

别担心，你的行李随后会由出租车送过来。

I **worry** about her constantly...

我无时无刻不为她担心。

I work in a school so I don't have to **worry** about finding someone to look after my little boy...

我在学校工作，所以不用为找人照顾我年幼的儿子而操心。

They **worry** that extremists might gain control.

他们担心极端分子可能会取得控制权。

2 VERB 动词 **使担心；使忧虑；使发愁** If someone or something **worries** you, they make you anxious because you keep thinking about problems or unpleasant things that might be connected with them.

I'm still in the early days of my recovery and that **worries** me...

我还处于恢复的早期阶段，这让我很担心。

'Why didn't you tell us?' — 'I didn't want to **worry** you.'...

“你为什么告诉我们？”“我不想让你们担心。”

The English, **worried** by the growing power of Prince Henry, sent a raiding party to Scotland to kill him...

英格兰人对亨利亲王权势日增感到不安，便派突袭队到苏格兰除掉他。

Does it **worry** you that the Americans are discussing this?

美国人在讨论这事，你不担心吗？

3 VERB 动词 **让...厌烦；使不安宁；困扰** If someone or something does not **worry** you, you do not dislike them or you are not annoyed by them.

The cold doesn't **worry** me...

冷我不怕。

It wouldn't **worry** me if he came to my house, but I don't know if I would go out of my way to ask him.

我倒不介意他来我家，但我不知道自己是否会特意邀请他。

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 **担心；忧虑；发愁**

Worry is the state or feeling of anxiety and unhappiness caused by the problems that you have or by thinking about unpleasant things that might happen.

The admission shows the depth of **worry** among the Tories over the state of the economy...

这一认可表明了保守党党内对经济状况的忧虑之深。

His last years were overshadowed by financial **worry**.

他生命的最后几年穷困潦倒，十分惨淡。

5 N-COUNT 可数名词 **使人担心(或发愁)的问题；烦心事** A **worry** is a problem that you keep thinking about and that makes you unhappy.

My main **worry** was that Madeleine Johnson would still be there...

我最担心的是马德琳·约翰逊仍会在那儿。

The **worry** is that the use of force could make life impossible for the UN peacekeepers...

让人担心的是，使用武力可能会使联合国维和人员性命难保。

His wife Cheryl said she had no worries about his health.

他的妻子谢里尔说她并不担心他的健康。

6 CONVENTION 惯用语 **(表示自己并不烦恼或生气)别担心；没关系** You say **not to worry** to someone to indicate that you are not upset or angry when something has gone wrong.

'Not to **worry**, Baby,' he said, and kissed her tenderly.

“没关系，宝贝儿。”他说道，然后温柔地吻了她一下。

worth ★★★★★

1 v-link worth amount **价值；值...钱** If something is **worth** a particular amount of money, it can be sold for that amount or is considered to have that value.

These books might be **worth** £80 or £

90 or more to a collector... 这些书对收藏家而言可能值八九十英镑或更多。

His mother inherited a farm **worth** 15,000 dollars a year...

他母亲继承了一处年产值为1.5万美元的农场。

The contract was **worth** £25 million a year.

这份合同一年价值2,500万英镑。

2 COMB in QUANT 与数量词构成的词 (与金额连用) **价值... Worth** combines with amounts of money, so that when you talk about a particular amount of money's **worth of** something, you mean the quantity of it that you can buy for that amount of money.

I went and bought about six dollars' **worth of** potato chips...

我去买了大约6美元的薯条。

Large numbers of deer now roam the forests and are causing thousands of millions of roubles-**worth of** damage.

现在大批鹿群在森林里游荡，造成价值几十亿卢布的损失。

Worth is also a pronoun.

'How many do you want?' — 'I'll have a pound's **worth**.'

“你要多少？”“我要1英镑的。”

3 COMB in QUANT 与数量词构成的词 (与时间连用) **可维持... (时间)** **Worth** combines with time expressions, so you can use **worth** when you are saying how long an amount of something will last. For example, a week's **worth of** food is the amount of food that will last you for a week.

You've got three years' **worth of** research money to do what you want with...

你有可维持3年的研究经费去做自己想做的事。

After an hour and a quarter's-**worth of** cleansing, toning and pampering, the difference to the way my skin felt was remarkable.

经过1小时15分钟的清洁、柔肤和精心护理后，我的皮肤摸上去感觉大不一样。

Worth is also a pronoun.

There's really not very much food down there. About

two weeks' worth.

那儿真的没多少吃的了，大概能维持两个星期。

4 v-link worth -ing 值得(拥有) If you say that something is worth having, you mean that it is pleasant or useful, and therefore a good thing to have.

He's decided to get a look at the house and see if it might be worth buying...

他决定去看看那座房子，看是否值得买下。

If this was what his job required, then the job wasn't really worth having...

如果这是他的工作所需，那么这份工作真的不值得去做。

Most things worth having never come easy.

大部分值得拥有的东西都来之不易。

5 v-link worth n/-ing 具有(某一行动)的价值；值得(做) If something is worth a particular action, or if an action is worth doing, it is considered to be important enough for that action.

No one is worth a great deal of sacrifice...

没有谁值得付出重大的牺牲。

I am spending a lot of money and time on this boat, but it is worth it...

我在这艘船上花了很多金钱和时间，但都很值得。

This restaurant is well worth a visit...

这家饭店非常值得光顾一番。

It is worth pausing to consider these statements from Mr Davies.

戴维斯先生的这番话值得大家停下来思考一下。

6 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (某人的)价值，用处，重要性 Someone's worth is the value, usefulness, or importance that they are considered to have.

He had never had a woman of her worth as a friend...

他从来没有过像她这样值得交往的女性朋友。

The team would have need of a driver of his worth.

这支队伍需要一位他这样技术水平的司机。

7 PHRASE 短语 拼命地；全力以赴地；热情高涨地

If you do something for all you are worth, you do it with a lot of energy and enthusiasm.

We both began waving to the crowd for all we were worth...

我们俩开始使劲地朝人群挥手。

Push for all you're worth!

使足劲推！

8 PHRASE 短语 尽可能地利用；充分利用

If someone does something for all it is worth, they do it as much as possible and for as long as they can get benefit from it.

You get anywhere with legal aid only by playing the system for all it is worth.

你若想让法律援助多少发挥点作用，只有充分利用这一制度。

...taking an idea and exploiting it for all it's worth.

选取一种观点并对其充分加以挖掘

9 PHRASE 短语 (尤为避免显得傲慢)不管好坏，不管有没有用

If you add for what it's worth to something that you say, you are suggesting that what you are saying or referring to may not be very valuable or helpful, especially because you do not want to appear arrogant.

For what it's worth, my feeling is that ice in whisky is fine...

不管怎么样，我觉得威士忌放冰很好。

I've brought my notes, for what it's worth.

不管有没有用，我反正把我的笔记带来了。

10 PHRASE 短语 (行为或活动)值得...去做，对...有好处

If an action or activity is worth someone's while, it will be helpful, useful, or enjoyable for them if they do it, even though it requires some effort.

It might be worth your while to go to court and ask for the agreement to be changed...

上法庭要求对协议进行改动也许对你有益。

You'll find it well worth your while to learn something of each island's special features before visiting them.

你会发现游览之前先了解一下各岛的特色非常有帮助。

11 worth your weight in gold → see: [waight](#) ;

wound ★★★★★

[1. VERB FORM OF 'WIND' wind的动词形式](#)

[2. INJURY 伤](#)

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (刀、枪或其他武器所致的)创伤，伤口 A wound is damage to part of your body, especially a cut or a hole in your flesh, which is caused by a gun, knife, or other weapon.

The wound is healing nicely...

伤口愈合得很好。

Six soldiers are reported to have died from their wounds.

据报道，有6名士兵因伤而亡。

2 VERB 动词 (武器或其他利器)伤害，使受伤 If a weapon or something sharp wounds you, it damages your body.

A bomb exploded in a hotel, killing six people and wounding another five...

一枚炸弹在一家旅馆爆炸，造成6人死亡，5人受伤。

The driver of an evacuation bus was wounded by shrapnel...

一辆疏散大巴的司机被弹片炸伤。

The two wounded men were taken to a nearby hospital.

两名受伤男子被送到附近医院。

The wounded are people who are wounded. 伤者；伤员

Hospitals said they could not cope with the wounded...

医院表示无力收治这么多伤者。

They were told to carry their wounded and leave their dead.

他们被命令抬走伤员，丢下死者。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (思想或感情上的)伤害，创伤 A wound is a lasting bad effect on someone's mind or feelings caused by a very upsetting experience.

She has been so deeply hurt it may take forever for the wounds to heal.

她内心受伤太深，也许再也无法愈合。

4 VERB 动词 (在感情上)伤害，使受创伤 If you are wounded by what someone says or does, your feelings are deeply hurt.

He was deeply wounded by the treachery of close aides...

他被亲密助手的背叛深深地伤害了。

My children have wounded me in the past.

我的孩子们过去曾伤害过我。

wounded

I think she feels desperately wounded and unloved.

我想她觉得受到了莫大的伤害，无人爱她。

Usage Note :

Note that when someone is hurt accidentally, for example, in a car crash or when they are playing sport, you do not use the word wound. You use injure and injury instead. *A man and his baby were injured in the explosion... Many of the deaths that occur in cycling are due to head injuries.* In more formal English, injury can also be an uncount noun. *Two teenagers escaped serious injury when their car rolled down an embankment.* Wound is normally restricted to soldiers who are injured in battle, or to deliberate acts of violence against a particular person. ...stab wounds.

注意，表示某人受到意外伤害，如路遇车祸或进行体育运动时受伤，不能用 wound，而要用 injure 或 injury：A man and his baby were injured in the explosion (一名男子和他的小孩在爆炸中受伤)，Many of the deaths that occur in cycling are due to head injuries (骑自行车时发生的死亡事故很多都是由于头部受伤所致)。在较为正式的英语中，injury 也可作不可数名词：Two teenagers escaped serious injury when their car rolled down an embankment (两个少年在汽车滚下堤岸后侥幸没有受重伤)。wound 通常仅限于指士兵在战场上受伤，或指因蓄意实施的暴力行为而受伤：stab wounds (刺伤)。

5 PHRASE 短语 (失败或被羞辱后)舔伤，重整旗鼓

If you say that someone is licking their wounds, you mean that they are recovering after being defeated or made to feel ashamed or unhappy.

The British team was returning home yesterday to lick its wounds after defeat by India.

英国队负于印度队后，昨日回国休整。

6 PHRASE 短语 揭旧伤疤(指重提他人不愿提起的痛苦往事) Something that **opens old wounds** or **reopens old wounds** reminds someone about an upsetting experience in the past which they would prefer to forget.

Courts have been reluctant to reopen old **wounds** by trying crimes that are decades old.
法院不愿重揭旧伤疤，去审理几十年前的罪案。

7 to rub salt into the wound → see: [salt](#) ;

writer ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 (专业)作家 A **writer** is a person who writes books, stories, or articles as a job.

Turner is a **writer** and critic.

特纳是作家兼批评家。

...detective stories by American **writers**.

美国作家创作的侦探小说

...novelist and travel **writer** Paul Theroux.

小说家兼游记作家保罗·泰鲁

...Frank Keating, this paper's respected sports **writer**.

弗兰克·基廷——本报备受尊敬的体育专栏作家

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 (特定文章、报告、信件或故事的)作者, 撰写者 The **writer** of a particular article, report, letter, or story is the person who wrote it.

No-one is to see the document without the permission of the **writer** of the report...

此报告未经作者允许, 任何人不得翻阅。

I can't agree with the letter **writer** who claims bringing back the death penalty would be an abuse of human rights.

我不能赞同写信人所称恢复死刑就是侵犯人权的说法。

writing ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (写下或印出的)文字 Writing is something that has been written or printed.

'It's from a notebook,' the sheriff said, 'And there's **writing** on it.'...

“这是在一个笔记本里找到的,”法官道,“上面还有文字。”

If you have a complaint about your holiday, please inform us in **writing**.

如果您对您的假日有什么意见, 请书面告知我们。

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (尤指评论语言风格时的)文字作品, 文章 You can refer to any piece of written work as **writing**, especially when you are considering the style of language used in it.

The **writing** is brutally tough and savagely humorous...

该作品带有残酷的强悍和野性的幽默感。

It was such a brilliant piece of **writing**.

这真是一篇才华横溢的文章。

3 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 (尤指为赚取稿费而进行的)写作 Writing is the activity of writing, especially of writing books for money.

She had begun to be a little bored with novel **writing**.

她开始对写小说有些厌倦了。

...activities to help prepare children for **writing**.

帮助孩子准备写作的活动

4 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 笔迹; 字迹; 书写 Your **writing** is the way that you write with a pen or pencil, which can usually be recognized as belonging to you.

It was a little difficult to read your **writing**...

你写的字有点不好认。

I think it's due to being left handed that he's got terrible **writing**.

我想他的书写这么糟糕是因为他是左撇子。

5 N-PLURAL 复数名词 (尤指某一作者有关某一专题的全部)著作, 作品 An author's **writings** are all the things that he or she has written, especially on a particular subject.

Althusser's **writings** are focused mainly on France...

阿尔都塞的著作主要是论述法国的。

The pieces he is reading are adapted from the **writings** of Michael Frayn.

他目前阅读的作品改编自迈克尔·弗雷恩的著作。

6 PHRASE 短语 凶兆毕现; 有大难临头的预兆 If you say that **the writing is on the wall**, you mean that there are clear signs that a situation is going to become very difficult or unpleasant.

The **writing** is clearly on the wall. If we do nothing about it, we shall only have ourselves to blame.

凶兆显而易见。如果我们对此毫无行动, 就只能怨自己了。

wrong ★★★★★

1 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 有麻烦的; 有问题的 If you say there is something **wrong**, you mean there is something unsatisfactory about the situation, person, or thing you are talking about.

Pain is the body's way of telling us that something is **wrong**...

疼痛是身体在告诉我们有地方出问题了。

Nobody seemed to notice anything **wrong**...

似乎没有人注意到出了问题。

...a relationship that felt **wrong** from the start...

一开始就觉得不对头的关系

He sensed that something was very **wrong**...

他感觉到有些地方很不对劲。

What's **wrong** with him?

他怎么了?

2 ADJ 形容词 (选择)错误的, 不适宜的 If you choose the **wrong** thing, person, or method, you make a mistake and do not choose the one that you really want.

He went to the **wrong** house...

他去错了房子。

The **wrong** man had been punished...

罚错了人。

Could you have given them the **wrong** drug by mistake?...

你有没有可能一时疏忽给错他们药了呢?

There is no right or **wrong** way to do these exercises.

做这些练习的方法无所谓对错。

Wrong is also an adverb.

You've done it **wrong**...

你做错了。

I must have dialed **wrong**.

我一定是拨错号了。

3 ADJ 形容词 (决定、选择、行动等)错误的, 不适当的 If something such as a decision, choice, or action is **the wrong one**, it is not the best or most suitable one.

I really made the **wrong** decision there...

在那点上我的决定确实错了。

The **wrong** choice of club might limit your chances of success...

选错俱乐部也许会限制你成功的机会。

We got married when I was 30 for all the **wrong** reasons.

由于种种阴差阳错, 我30岁时我们结了婚。

4 ADJ 形容词 不正确的; 与事实不符的 If something is **wrong**, it is incorrect and not in accordance with the facts.

How do you know that this explanation is **wrong**?...

你怎么知道这个解释是错误的呢?

20 per cent of the calculations are **wrong**.

这些计算有20%是错误的。

...a clock which showed the **wrong** time...

显示的时间有误的钟

Lots of people got the questions **wrong**.

很多人把问题理解错了。

Wrong is also an adverb.

I must have added it up **wrong**, then...

那我一定是加错了。

It looks like it's spelled **wrong**...

看起来像是拼错了。

I can see exactly where he went **wrong**.

我知道他究竟错在哪儿了。

wrongly

A child was **wrongly** diagnosed as having a bone tumour...

一个孩子被误诊为患了骨瘤。

Civilians assume, **wrongly**, that everything in the military runs smoothly.

老百姓以为军队中一切都运转正常, 其实不然。

5 ADJ 形容词 (机器设备)出毛病的, 出故障的 If something is **wrong** or goes **wrong with** a machine

piece of equipment, it stops working properly.

We think there's something **wrong** with the computer...

我们认为计算机出了故障。

Something must have gone **wrong** with the satellite link.

卫星连接一定出了毛病。

6 ADJ 形容词 (言论或想法)错的, 错误的 If you are **wrong** about something, what you say or think about it is not correct.

I was **wrong** about it being a casual meeting...

我深以为这是个非正式会议。

Am I **wrong** in thinking that?...

我这么想错了吗?

It would be **wrong** to assume that rich countries will always be able to insulate themselves with drugs against the ravages of new diseases...

要是以为富国总能为自己备好药物以抵御新发疾病的侵害, 那就错了。

He was **wrong** to call it science...

他将此称之为科学是错误的。

I'm sure you've got it **wrong**. Kate isn't like that...

我敢保证你弄错了, 凯特不是那个样子的。

It's been very nice to prove them **wrong**.

非常高兴能证明他们错了。

7 ADV 副词 (通常用于生气时)你想错了 / 你听错了

You can use **wrong** in expressions such as **you thought wrong** and **you heard wrong** to tell someone that what they thought or were told is incorrect, usually when you are annoyed.

'I thought you and I were going to spend the night together,' he whispered. 'You thought **wrong**,' Nancy whispered back.

“我以为我和你要一起过夜呢。”他小声说。“你想错了。”南茜小声回应道。

8 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (做某事是)不对的, 不道德的 If you think that someone was **wrong** to do something, you think that they should not have done it because it was bad or immoral.

She was **wrong** to leave her child alone...

她不该把孩子单独留在那儿。

We don't consider we did anything **wrong**.

我们认为我们没有做错什么。

Wrong is also a noun.

...a man who believes that he has done no **wrong**.

认为自己毫无过失的男子

9 ADJ-GRADED 能被表示程度的副词或介词词组修饰的形容词 (活动或行动)不道德的, 不可取的 **Wrong** is used to refer to activities or actions that are considered to be morally bad and unacceptable.

Is it **wrong** to try to save the life of someone you love?...

尽力挽救所爱之人的生命难道错了吗?

It is **wrong** that we have to tell ill people to go somewhere else to look for treatment...

我们不得不让病人到别处求医的做法是不可取的。

They thought slavery was morally **wrong**...

他们认为奴隶制在道义上是错误的。

You mustn't do that. It's **wrong**...

你不能这么做。这是不对的。

The only thing I consider **wrong** is when you hurt someone...

我认为唯一的过错就是伤害别人。

There is nothing **wrong** with journalists commenting on the attractiveness of artists.

记者评论艺术家的个人魅力无可厚非。

Wrong is also a noun.

Johnson didn't seem to be able to tell the difference between right and **wrong**.

约翰逊似乎不能分辨是非曲直。

10 N-COUNT 可数名词 不公平行为; 不道德行为 A **wrong** is an unfair or immoral action.

I intend to right that **wrong**...

我打算纠正那个错误。

The insurance company should not be held liable for the **wrongs** of one of its agents.

保险公司不应该为其中一名保险代理所犯的的错误负责。

11 VERB 动词 不公正地对待; 冤枉 If someone **wrongs** you, they treat you in an unfair way.

You have **wronged** my mother...

你冤枉了我妈妈。

She felt she'd been **wronged**...

她觉得受委屈了。

Those who have **wronged** must be ready to say: 'We have hurt you by this injustice.'

冤枉了别人的人一定要勇于说: “我们待你不公, 伤害了你。”

12 ADJ 形容词 不能被社会所接受的; 不可取的

You use **wrong** to describe something which is not thought to be socially acceptable or desirable.

If you went to the **wrong** school, you won't get the job...

如果你进错了学校, 就得不到这份工作。

The prospect of easy profits has attracted the **wrong** kind of businessman.

轻松赚取利润的可能性吸引了一拨不良商人。

13 PHRASE 短语 别误会我的意思 You say 'Don't get me **wrong**' when you want to make sure that someone does not get an incorrect idea about what you are doing or saying, or about why you are doing or saying it.

Don't get me **wrong**, it's interesting work. But it's not permanent...

别误会我的意思, 这个工作很有意思, 可惜不是长期性的。

I mean, don't get me **wrong**. Joanie's my best friend, but she can be kind of a pain sometimes.

别误会, 我的意思是乔安妮是我最好的朋友, 但她有时候可能有点儿招人烦。

14 PHRASE 短语 (情况)出岔子, 出差错 If a situation goes **wrong**, it stops progressing in the way that you expected or intended, and becomes much worse.

It all went horribly **wrong**...

情况完全变得一团糟。

Nearly everything that could go **wrong** has gone **wrong**.

差不多可能出乱子的地方都出了乱子。

15 PHRASE 短语 (道义或法律上)错的, 不对的 If someone who is involved in an argument or dispute has behaved in a way which is morally or legally **wrong**, you can say that they are **in the wrong**.

He didn't press charges because he was **in the wrong**...

他没有起诉, 因为过错在他。

She was the one **in the wrong**.

她是有过错的一方。

16 CONVENTION 惯用语 冤冤相报何时了 If someone says 'Two **wrongs don't make a right**', they mean that you should not do harm to a person who has done harm to you, even if you think that person deserves it.

17 not far **wrong**→see: [far](#) ;

to get off on the **wrong** foot→see: [foot](#) ;

to get hold of the **wrong** end of the stick→see: [stick](#) ;

to be barking up the **wrong** tree→see: [tree](#) ;

yard ★★★★★

1 N-COUNT 可数名词 码 (长度单位, 等于36英寸或约91.4厘米) A **yard** is a unit of length equal to thirty-six inches or approximately 91.4 centimetres.

The incident took place about 500 **yards** from where he was standing...

事件发生在距他所站位置大约500码远的地方。

A few **yards** away, Jos Vargas stands beside his small home.

几码之外, 乔斯·瓦尔加斯站在他的小房子旁边。

...a long narrow strip of linen two or three **yards** long

两三码长的细长亚麻布条

...a **yard** of silk.

一码丝绸

2 N-COUNT 可数名词 院子; 庭院 A **yard** is a flat area of concrete or stone that is next to a building and often has a wall around it.

I saw him standing in the **yard**.

我看到他站在院子里。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词 (进行某项作业的)区域, 场地, 工场 You can refer to a large open area where a particular type of work is done as a **yard**.

...a railway **yard**.

铁路调车场

...a ship repair **yard**.

船舶修理场

4 N-COUNT 可数名词 (住宅旁的)园圃, 花园 A

yard is a piece of land next to someone's house, with grass and plants growing in it.

He dug a hole in our **yard** on Edgerton Avenue to plant a maple tree when I was born.

我出生的时候，他在埃杰顿大街我们家的园圃里挖了个坑，种了棵枫树。

in BRIT, use 英国英语用 garden

yourself ★★★★★

Yourself is the second person reflexive pronoun. yourself 是第二人称反身代词。

1 PRON-REFL 反身代词 你自己；您自己；你们自己 A speaker or writer uses **yourself** to refer to the person that they are talking or writing to. **Yourself** is used when the object of a verb or preposition refers to the same person as the subject of the verb.

Have the courage to be honest with **yourself** and about **yourself**...

要有勇气对自己坦诚，同时对别人也要开诚布公。

Your baby depends on you to look after **yourself** properly while you are pregnant...

你怀孕的时候，你的孩子指望着你好好照顾自己。

Treat yourselves to a glass of wine to help you relax at the end of the day.

一天下来，喝上杯葡萄酒，有助于放松自己。

2 PRON-REFL-EMPH 强调反身代词（用于强调所指对象）你自己，你本人，你们自己，你们本人 You use **yourself** to emphasize the person that you are referring to.

They mean to share the business between them, after you **yourself** are gone, Sir...

先生，他们两个打算等您本人离开后瓜分这个企业。

I've been wondering if you yourselves have any idea why she came.

我一直在想，你们自己是否知道她为什么来。

3 PRON-REFL-EMPH 强调反身代词（代替作宾语的你，用于强调或表示礼貌）你（自己），你们（自己） You use **yourself** instead of 'you' for emphasis or in order to be more polite when 'you' is the object of a verb or preposition. **by yourself**→see: **by**;

A wealthy man like **yourself** is bound to make an enemy or two along the way...

像你这样的有钱人，一路走来注定会结下一两个仇人的。

I wouldn't want to cause such important people as yourselves any bother.

我不想给你们这样的大人物添任何麻烦。

youth ★★★★★

1 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 青年时期；青少年时代 Someone's **youth** is the period of their life during which they are a child, before they are a fully mature adult.

In my **youth** my ambition had been to be an inventor.

我年轻时的抱负是成为一个发明家。

...the comic books of my **youth**.

我少年时代看的漫画书

2 N-UNCOUNT 不可数名词 青春；朝气；年轻 **Youth** is the quality or state of being young.

Gregory was still enchanted with Shannon's **youth** and joy and beauty...

格雷戈里仍为香农的朝气、快乐和美丽着迷。

The team is now a good mixture of experience and **youth**.

这个队如今既经验丰富又充满朝气。

3 N-COUNT 可数名词（新闻用语，尤指惹麻烦的）青年，小伙子 Journalists often refer to young men as **youths**, especially when they are reporting that the young men have caused trouble.

...gangs of **youths** who broke windows and looted shops...

打碎玻璃橱窗抢劫商店的成群的年轻人

A 17-year-old **youth** was remanded in custody yesterday.

一名17岁的年轻人昨天被还押候审。

4 N-PLURAL 复数名词（统称）青年，年轻人 **The youth** are young people considered as a group.

He represents the opinions of the **youth** of today...

他代表着当今年轻人的看法。

She's not a very good influence on the **youth** of this country.

她对这个国家的青年一代没什么好影响。